

DICTIONARY

IN

HINDI AND ENGLISH

COMPILED FROM

APPROVED AUTHORITIES

в¥

J. T. THOMPSON.

DELHI.



CALCUTTA:

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MDCCCLXXXIV.

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PREFACE

So far back as the year 1785, Proposals had been set forth in England, by Capt. William Kirkpatrick, of the Hon, Company's Military Service, and Persian Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief in India, to publish a Hindi Vocabulary, of which the materials were all ready, but a delay in preparing the Nagari types. prevented its publication at the time when a Vocabulary of Persian, Arabic, and English, by that eniment Linguist, was offered to the public, in the course of the same year. Since that period, however, the proposed work appears never to have been published, either in England, where the Proposals had been issued, or in India, where numerous other works, to aid the Oriental student, have successively appeared in print. A Hindi Dictionary, therefore, remained a Desideratum still. as the other works adverted to, only afford assistance to the Oriental Student, in the Arabic, Persian, Urdu, Sanskrit, Bengali, and Marhatta languages respectively, and not in Hindi; with the exception of a slender Glossary affixed to an edition of the Prem Sagar. To enable the student, then, to acquire this language, spoken by the generality of Hindus, and over a vast extent of country, he was left, for a series of years, with the above scanty exception, to Urdu Dictionaries, embodying a necessarily limited portion of Hindi vocables, and to the Selections from Hindi works, prepared for the use of the junior branches of the Military Service, by the Hindi Professor of the College of Fort William. The portion of Hindi words found in Urdu Dictionaries, could alone have been directly useful to the student in his researches into the language, as the English meanings were all provided therein. But the vocables in the Selections, though numerous, and embracing six Hindi works, yet possessed not the facility of acquisition, which the former collection afforded. from not one of the selected works being accompanied by a Glossary, or even a free translation. So that, when the student has, with creditable labour, read though 268 quarto pages of Hindi composition, selected from native authors, he has only, unless he possess some other mode of acquiring the meaning of the words, had the benefit of so many natives speaking in his hearing, or making him repeat their language without any explanatory medium. The disadvantages of such a plan of instruction, are, however, sufficiently counterbalanced by the labours of the Professor of Hindi, in his editon of the Prem

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Sagar, above solverted to, to which is affixed a Vocabulary of the principal terms occurring in that work. This vocabulary, though a very limited one, is justly appreciated by every student of Hindi; and not a few of those who have had the privilege of consulting it, have whished to see, based on it, a larger work of the kind, aiding not only in the perusal and due understanding of the Prem Sagar, but of such other Hindi works also, which are studied in order to pass an examination, or with a view to a more extensive acquaintance with the language.

A few years after the publication of Cap. Price's Vocabulary of the principal terms occurring in the Prem Sagar, just alluded to, the Rev. M. T. Adam of Benares, published his most acceptable Vocabulary of the Hindi language, containing upwards of 20,000 words; but with the meanings in Hindi, instead of English. This was certainly a great benefit conferred on the students of Hindi, both native and European; yet it must be allowed, that the meanings not having been given in English, is a considerable drawback on the advantages which the European student may hope to derive from consulting the work.

Seventeen years have now elapsed since the publication of the last mentioned Hindi Vocabulary, and no attempt, it would appear, has been made to offer to the students of Hindi, and the Patrons of Hindi literature, a work formed on the plan of Adam's Hindi Vocabulary, but with the significations in English. A work of the kind has often been mentioned as desireable, and the Compiler of the following sheets, in common with others, has frequently left the want of such a publication, or a Hindi and English Dictionary on an enlarged scale; and he moreover ventured to solicit two eminent Oriental scholars, of considerable attainments, the one in Sanskrit, and the other in Hindi, to undertake such a work, for the benefit of European Students of Hindi in general, and of the innior branches of the Military Service in particular; but he regrets to say, his application was not successful; the Sanskrit scholar not deeming the language sufficiently defined, and the Hindi scholar possessing no leisure from professional duties. The compiler indeed possessed the nucleus of such a work, commenced some thirty years ago, but on his becoming acquainted with the above eminent' scholars, he for a time before to resume his contemplated work; however, on being disappointed in his application to them, of whom one has quitted India, and the other, will not, it is likely, stay long in it, the Compiler once more proposed the subject to a third gentleman, who was likely, with benefit to Indian Literature, to have undertaken the work : but he too has left India.

In the meantime, a communication was made to the Compiler on the part of a gentleman who is a great proficient in Hindi, and a liberal patron of useful undertakings; requesting he would undertake a work based on Price's and Adam's: Vocabularies, and amplified by all the additional terms to be found in the works of Wilson, Hunter and Shakesfear, and in the Hindi portion of the Compiler's own Urdu and English Dictionary. After due consideration, the compiler entered on the preparation of the work required, and availing himhelf of the materials in his possession, prosecuted, and through the help of a gracious Providence, finished the Compilation now offered to the reading portion of the Community in general, and to Students of Hindi, and the patrons of its Literature in particular; and which, as it is the largest collection of Hindi words yet published, with the meanings in English, he has thought proper to designate; A Hindi and English Dictionary. The collection consists of about 30,000 words, which, with their signification, have been derived from, or collated with the heat authorities.

There is no department of study, the compiler conceives, which the present work will not be found to be helpful in advancing; and terms are to be met with in it, both simple and abstract. The Hindi, as generally spoken, does certainly not offer the requisite terms; but Hindi [works do, and the parent language of nearly Twenty cognate languages, does possess the required facility of expression. It will surely, therefore, not be considered a fault in the present compilation, that it embraces, and even abounds with terms purely Sanskrit; since in our ordinary conversation with natives, we never hesitate to make use of words, both of Sanskrit, Persian and Arabic origin; and such derivations must necessarily serve to enrich the language, whether spoken or written. Besides have colleges and other Seminaries of learning in India, all the standard works they require, to advance the studies of their students and pupils? and ase it must be confessed they have not, it may be further asked, whence are the technical and abstract terms required for Hindi composition or translation, to be obtained? Not surely from the Urdu, to any considerable extent, as admissions from it, would be thought to mar the purity of the language. Nor yet from the spoken Hindi of the generality of Hindus, who it is known mainly use the language, as its colloquial standard can hardly be said to be yet fixed. But to the Parent Sanskrit we may very properly look for such terms, suited as it is for composition in every department of science, and affording, as it does, the greatest facilities for the readiest expression of ideas. This leaning towards, and dependance on the Sanskrit, are the more justifiable, as such peculiarity is not claimed for the Hindi alone; for about Twenty other languages possess it, and languages too, which are spoken within or on the borders of the British territories, such as the Bengali, the Assam, the Uriya, Nepalese, Magadh, Bhagelkhand, Marhatta, Bandelkhand, Cashmere, Panjabi, Sindh, Bilochi, Kutch, Gajrati, Kankan, Bikanere, Udypore, Marwar, and Braj languages; all of which may be said, to abound more or less with Sanskrit terms. Dr. Carey indeed thought, that there were scarcely any words to be found in the

languages of the north, which were not of Sanskrit origin; and what that eminent scholar and late distinguished Professor of Sanskrit, Bangali, and Marhatta, in the College of Fort William, asserted of the Bengali language. is equally applicable to the Hindi, that it is almost entirely derived from the Sanskrit: that considerably more than three-fourths of the words are pure Sanskrit; and that those composing the greatest part of the remainder are so little corrupted, that their origin may be traced without difficulty. It was also Dr. Carey's opinion, that "most of the above cognate languages, are copious, and were they duly cultivated, would be found capable of being employed in every kind of composition with advantage. Most of the elegancies of style, and delicate shades of meaning, may in their present state, be expressed by them with great facility; and should literature become an object of more general persuit in India, and the colloquial languages be more employed in different species of style and composition, the capacities of these languages would be developed, and the languages themselves carried to a degree of refinement, of which we have now but a faint idea."

If then as Dr. Carey states, the greater part of the words in the above languages be derived from the Sanskrit, the Hindi, as being one of them, would certainly be enriched, and its capacities improved by drawing from that original source. The compiler therefore hopes that he will be pardoned for having added to his compilation so largely from the parent language, terms, familiar, it may be, only to the learned part of the population, but hardly in use among the other classes of the natives. But who is there, that does not desire to speak, and write, and discourse, in a style above that of rustics or unlettered men, if he wishes to express himself with accuracy, aptitude, and an elegance that should charm, or command admiration? Since the model of the dialect, observes Dr. Carey, which is spoken by ploughmen, menial servants, or labouring mechanics, is not that, on which the learned in any country form their language. Let then the European scholar not hesitate, in his conversation and composition, to adopt a style that shall shew his attainments to be on a par with those of the learned men of the country, at the same time that his judicious selection of universally-understood terms, shall render his communication level with the capacities of all classes of people.

In the work now offered to the Public, the Compiler has endeavoured to give the commonest words in use in Hindi, selected from various publications, or known to be in general use; but fearing he may have overlooked some of the easiest terms, he begs the indugent consideration of such as may be disposed to censure him for his seeming neglect, which, however, he assures them, was not intentional. While on the other hand, the Compiler takes this opportunity of stating, that certain terms, not at all calculated to promote the study of any science, and admitted into their works, without a due degree of discrimination, by others in the same field of labour, though never to be met with in the usual Engligh Dictionaries, have by him been studiously omitted.

Having now noticed what appears to be an early attempt, if it be not indeed the earliest, to publish a Hindi Dictionary; and shown what helps have since been provided to promote the study of Hindi, directly and indirectly; together with the want that still exists for such a work: it only remains for the compiler to acknowledge with deep gratitude to his Maker, that his life has been mercifully spared, and his health continued, to enable him to finish THE HINDI AND ENGLISH DICTIONARY, which he has now much pleasure in offering to a Liberal Public; from whom, for a period of Fourteen years he has experienced the most unexampled support in his Urdu publications: and the compiler therefore trusts, that should the present work be found likely to be useful to the Student, or of assistance in composition, or translation, the wonted Patronage of that Public will not be withheld, but kindly extended to it.

J. T. THOMPSON.

Delhi, the 6th Oct. 1846.

PREFACE TO THIRD EDITION.

The second edition of Thompson's Hindi Dictionary having been exhausted, the opportunity has been taken in preparing a third, to revise the text with a view to the elimination of such words as have in the process of time and changes in modes of speech become obsolete, and to add such others as are more frequently used in conversation by high and low among the Hindi speaking population. Endeavour has also been made to include in the present edition all unusual verbal forms and expressions used by writers such as Tulsidas, Lallu Lall, Bihari and others and which are met with in the Ramayan, Prem Sagar, Sabha Bilas, Sateai, and the books used or likely to be read by students and such others whose duty or pleasure interests them in the study of Hindi. Urdu words which are not ordinarily employed in the colloquial tongue, have been intentionally omitted as misplaced in a purely Hindi Dictionary.

About five thousand new words in all have been added, and in order to compensate for the increase by a reduction in needless matter, so as not to enhance the price of the book, the equivalents of the Hindi forms in Roman Character have been omitted, as being of little or no use to a student who has once mastered the value of the Hindi letters, which unlike those in English are constant in pronunciation and spoken as they are written.

W. N. L.

THE DEVA-NAGARI ALPHABET.

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THE SYMBOLS OF THE VOWELS.

NUMERICAL FIGURES.

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DICTIONARY

HINDI AND ENGLISH.

म्र

- च The first letter of the Nágri alphabet, and inherent short vowel; an inseparable particle signifying negation or privation, as च्यम ; as a negative prefix to words beginning with a vowel. च is changed to चन्, as च and चन्, form चन्ने, an interjection of pity.
- पस्पो adj. Free from debt, or obliga-
- 8. m. A mark or spot, a cypher, a numerical figure, number, letter of the alphabet, mark on cloth to shew the price; the flank or part above the hip; embrace. [metician.
- चंत्रक s. m. An accountant, an arith-चंत्रको s. f. The barb of an arrow, a hook, tenter, catch, a circle,
- স্থানণা v. a. To mark, page a book, distinguish a thing by some mark. v. n.
 To be valued, prized, examined, approved of.
- चंदमर चंदमर चंदमर केंद्रगर } s.f. An embrace, the bosom. ank-war bhorno, v. s. To embrace.
- ৰ'ৰাৰ) s. m. The iron hook with which elephants are guided or

driven, a goad. ankus márna, To reduce to submission, to reduce to obedience.

क्साना v. a. To cause to value, prize, examine (as cloth), to approve of.

ऋंकार s. m. Shape.

आंकान s. m. Valuation, appraisement.

अंतिन adj. Marked, spotted, stained paged.

बकर, s. m. Sprout or shoot.

अंद्रशना v. Having a little harsh taste.

श्चंतुषी s. f. A hook, a tenter. संतर s. m. Sprout : fortune.

कं इत adj. Skilled in figure works.

कं भीर s. f. A bribe, a coaxing (as a cow that has lost her calf to make her tractable.

खंबी s. f. A kind of vetch (Vicia sativa); wet grain : a young sprout.

ফাৰতী s.f. An eye or glance of the eye, কাৰণ s.m. The space between two pillars

or beams. अंग्रेसिनीकी । s. m. Blind man's buff.

चंबसुदीनी । चंबरी s, ſ. An eye or glance of the sys. अंधायारी s. f. A. nap ; a mistress.

कांसाना v. n. To be angry or displeased, to be prevish or fretful.

काखिया s. f. pl. The eyes.

wig w: s. m. A sprout, shoot, plantlet.

क्षाड़ाना v. To yawn, to stretch the limb. क्षाड़ाने s. f. Yawning, stretching the

limb. [ners. আন্তর s. m. Gestures, behaviour, man-জনত s. m. A bracelet worn on the up-

खनइ s. m. A bracelet worn on the upper arm; (in myth) the son of Bali, king of the monkeys.

संगन } s. m. Enclosed space adjoining संगना } .a house, a yard, area, court compound.

व्यंगनाई s. f. (See कांगन).

आंगभंग adj. Deprived of a limb.

संगरका s.m. A coat, gown, jacket, doublet. संगरकी s.f. Upper garment, a coat.

खनराना v. To yawn, to stretch the limb. खनराइ s.f. Yawning, stretching the limb,

चंगाना v. a. To endure patiently.

र्जनर s. m. Charcoal, firebrand. [brand. संगरा s. m. Charcoal. adj. Red as fire-संगरी s. f. Spark of fire.

चंगिया श. f. Bodice.

संगीतार s. m. An agreement, a promise, acquiescence. anytkár karna, v. a. To accept, receive, agree to.

चंगीजतः dj. Agreed, promised, acceded to. चंगीड s.f. A chafingdish, brasier,

चंगरी s.f. A finger, a finger's breadth.

चंगुडा s. m. The thumb, angútha dikhána, An attitude adopted by women in blandishment as a token of prohibition; to brave, defy.

बंगुडी s. f. A ring worn on the finger. बंगीका s. m. A cloth which Hindoos fas-

ten round the waist when bathing, and afterwards wipe themselves with; a towel, a handkerchief. ऋंघ s. m. Sin.

ज्ञारा } s. m. The part of the garment कांचल } which covers the breast of a woman.

ष्ठांबरन s. m. The rinsing the month before religious ceremonies and meals by sipping water from the right hand, cleansing the month after cating.

कांचवना v. s. To cleanse the mouth after जांचवनी s. f. A small spoon for pouring water into mouth.

अंचित्त adj. Inattentive.

अंबीसी a.f. Abrupt, unexpected.

अवंजना है s. f. Mother of Hanumán the अंजनी monkey god.

अंजन्दा s. m. a small case to contain the ointment applied to the eyelashes.

खंजली s. f. The cavity formed by putting the hands together.

अंतान } adj. Not known, ignorant.

कंत्रीर s. m. A kind of fruit.

ৰাসুথী s.f. The cavity formed by putting the hands together; the alms given to a beggar.

कंपता s. m. Absence.

স্থাহনা adj. Being prevented or obs-স্থাহনগা v. To cease, to stop.

f tructed.

अटकाना ». To prevent, obstruct.

अंद्रकात s. m. Prevention, challenge.

चंटा s.m. The highest room in a building. चंटाचित adi. Prostrate.

संहारी s. f. A thatched upperroom; a roof. संहिया s. f. A small bundle.

संदिलाना v. To grin, to jest,

बंदी s. f. The act of removing something suddealy by the hand out of the sight of the persons present.

कंडी s.f. A silk sheet.

कंड ady. Not castrated.

कंत s. m. End, completion, perdition,

અરંધે

with adv. Within, between, amongst; without, except. s. m. Interval, intermediate space, intermission; period, term, difference; opportune time; midst, the midst; the heart, the sumedre soul. adj. Other, similar.

द्धांतरवति s. f. The emotions of the heart, inward sensations.

इतरजामी adj. Pervading the interior, acquainted with the heart; an epithet of the deity.

ৰান্যয়াৰ adj. Out of sight, vanished, disappeared, concealed, s. m. Disappearance. anterdhyán hona, v. n. To vanish, disappear, be concealed.

स्त्रपट s. m. A curtain, a screen.

संतरिया s. m. Intermittent, an intermitting fever.

संवरीच s. m. The sky or atmosphere. adv. In the air, out of sight. संबद्ध adj. Thick, bulky. s. m. The

shoulder of a blind man. संपर्भ व adv. Extravagantly, profligately.

win adj. Blind, durk. andkadhund, Blind, blindly. andka dhund rona, To weep excessively. andka dhund lutána, To squander, spend extravagantly.

s m. A well filled up with ব্যাস্থা ৈ rubbish, a dry well, a well overgrown with bushes or weeds: one of which the mouth is hidden.

संपृष्ठ u Excessive, profuse, overmuch. संपर. m. Darkness, misfortune, calamity, injustice, violence, tumult, tyranny, oppression, outrage. andher karna, v. a. To actunjustly, tyrannize, oppress. आंधेरा adj. Dark, s. m. Darkness.

अपेरी adj. f. Dark. andheri rát, A dark night. andheri kothri, s. f. A dark room; the belly, the womb.

T.

जोब s. m. A mangoe, a mangoe tree.

कार s. m. The sky or atmosphere; clothes, apparel. [shipped Krishna, संबदीय s.m.The name of a king who wor-

कंबा s. f. Mother ; mangoe tree.

इंगरी s. f. A canopy, a litter used on an elephant or camel.

कंषिण s. f. A small unripe mangoe. . कंस s. m. Water.

अंसा s. f. Mother.

संसं द adv. Wholesale buying without examining the things bought.

अंग्रधारी s. m. A sharer; an incarnation .

अक्रम s. m. Cloth.

अंग्रमाण s. m. A king of Oude.

संघ s. m. Part, division, portion, share; right, possession; essence; a degree of a circle, of latitude of nongitude, &c. (in arithmetic) a fraction; the numerator of a fraction.

अंभिक s. m. A partner, a proprietor.

अंची adj. A partner, sharer, colicir.

ৰেল s. m. One who has no offspring; (met.) an unmarried man; a stupid person, blockhead, dunce.

ৰক্ষ s. m. Pain on the foot caused by being struck against some thing. মন্ত্ৰ adj. Completely vanquished.

त्रवसना v. To vomit as a beast.

সাজ s. f. Crookedness; strut, airs. akarbáz, An affected person, a fop, a swaggerer. akarbázss, s. f. Swaggering, strutting, airs.

ped, become stiff or rigid, to stiffen; to struck affectedly, to give one's self airs, चन्द्रवादे 8. f. The cramp.

wart part, pass. Stiff, affected.

चन्द्रेत adj. An affected person, a swagfor metaphorically. gerer, a fop.

watca adj. Free from thorns literally अक्ष adj. Unspeakable.

warm adj. Not to be told or related, beyond description, unspeakable, unutterable : unfit to be spoken, obscene.

चक्ना v. a. To listen, to give ear.

चक्रित adj. Firm, unshaken. [vetch.

THE adj. Rentfree.

अकरा adj. Dear, costly. s. f. A kind of चक्द स adj. Soft, not hard.

चक्यों adj. Inconsistent, indecent, unsuitable, not to be done.

wast s. m. Bad action, sin, vice, wickedness.

चन्नि adj. Intransitive (a verb).

चन्नमेख adj. Useless, unprofitable, good for nothing. [work,

चक्ती adj. Idle, unoccupied, without भक्तभी adj. Wretch, sinner.

wक्तित adj. Not artificial, not made. चनव्याच adj. Ominous, portentous, of bad omen, unlucky, inauspicious.

way s. m. Misunderstanding.

NAUT adj. Alone.

चक्कान adv. Immediately, accidentally, without a cause unexpectedly, suddenly, instantly, presently, unawares, by one horse. abruptly. আছা s. m. Loneliness; a carriage drawn

चकाज s. m. Hurt, Injury, loss, detri-

ment, prejudice; uselessness, चकाकी adj. Useless (animal, thing, or verson); a retarder.

चवाष adj. Useless.

चकाम ' के कार्यु. Unprofitable, fruitless, चकारण ∫ yielding no return, vain. westews. m. Absence or non existence

f a cause. adv. Causelessly.

चकाच s. m. Unsensonableness, famine, scarcity, extremity, pinch. adi. Unseasonable, premature, untimely. akál-phal, s. m. A fruit produced Season. out of season.

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अज्ञासका s. m. Fruit produced out of warms. m. Sky.

कानियन adj. Poor, wretched, miserable, destitute, needy, indigent.

चनीचि s. f. Infamy, disgrace.

was adv. Undanntedly. adj. Sharp.

बक्त adv. Shoreless.

चक्लाना v. n. To be agitated, distracted, confused, confounded, out of order; to tire, weary; to be astonished.

अक्लीमा ady. Not noble, plebeian, low, mean, ignoble, of mean extraction, of low origin or race.

षकुलीनी adj. f. Not of good family, ignoble, base (woman).

সন্মল adj. Unlucky, inauspicious. প্রকৃত adj. Simple.

प्रकाशिम adj. Inartificial, not made.

चामेल a lj. Lonely.

अप्रजेलदर्कल adv. In complete loneliness. पकोर s. f. A bribe.

पक्षीरी adj. ()ne who receives a bribe.

wastes, m. A plant, the oil of which is used in enchantments (Alangium hexa petalum).

चक्द s. m. Swallow-wort.

TE 8. m. Loneliness.

चन्द adj. Not cruel, mild, humane, gen-The spots on dice. tle. चन्छ s. m. A die (in play, cubic or oblong)

মুখন s.m. Whole grain, whole grains of rice used in religious ceremonies, fried grains.

बाबा adj. Undecaying, permanent.

चचगढ s. m. A certain tree. TT s. m. A letter, an alphabet. ... चन्तिहो s. f. Orthography.

चि s. m. The eye.

[barbarous. चढ adi. Undisciplined (soldier). www adi. Unbroken, whole, entire, all.

चविष्य adj. Unbroken ; continuous ; unrefuted.

चयत s. m. Fried grain, whole grain used in religious ceremonies.

way adj. Everlasting, not liable to decay, durable, permanent, akhay bar, Name of a tree; an undecayable tree.

चबरोट s. m. A walnut : the fruit of the Aleurites triloba, also, is so called. अवल adj. All, the whole, every, entire.

चयाहा s. m. A palæstra or place for wrestling, a scene, any place of assembly, a court or circus.

बचाय adi. Forbidden food.

wfw adj. All, the whole, every, entire. भाषिनेवर s. m: An epithet of God ; also of Ram, Shiva, the lord of all.

चलेकर s. m. A certain tree.

चचीर adj. Pure.

famous. चन्द्रात adj. Unknown, obscure, not भग s. m. An epithet of any tree or mountain : not going or moving.

भगडनगड s. m. Trifling employment or talk, trifles, trash, trumpery. adj. Promiscuous, composed of odds and [not reckoned. चनचित्र adj. Innumerable, not counted,

चनित adj. Without character, dishonoured, disgraced; one whose funeral ceremonies have not been performed. s. f. Disgrace, distress, inconvenience; damnation, condemnation.

चगनित adj. Uncounted, untold.

1 adj. Impassable, inaccessive, भगवा impervious, deep, unfathomable, unfordable, bottomless; unaccomplishable, incomprehensible; difficult of ac uirement, unattainable. चनगु odv. In advance, before,

भगर s. m. Wood of aloes.

चनरवाला s. m. A race of merchants of the Vys tribe from agroha, west of Delhi.

भवरासन s. m. First morsel.

चनरी adj. Of the colour of agar, i. e. wood of aloes.

अगला adj. Prior, preceding, first, foremost, former, chief, principal ; ancestor; ancient, other, next.

भगसी adj. First. [forerunner, harbinger. भगवा adj. Foremost. s. m. A guide, a चनवाई s. f. Guidance.

भगगाडा s. m. The front, the forepart : the space in the front of a house.

भगवानी s. m. A guide, harbinger, [house. भगनारा s. f. Place just in front of a चनवाडी s. f. Conflagration.

चनचि s. m. A sage celebrated in Hindoo mythology: he is represented of short stature, and to have been born in a water jar : he is famed for having swallowed the ocean when it had given him offence : at his command also the Vindhya range of mountains prostrated itself, and so remains.

चनकृत s. m. The eighth Hindoo month (during which the sun is in Scorpio, and the moon is full near Orion's head); Nov.-Dec.

चमान adv. Before, in front, agáu jana, v. n. To advance, to meet a person. चनाडी adv. Before, in front, forward, further on, onward. s. f. The ropes with which a horse's forefeet are tied : the front, forepart. agári pichhári lagána, To confine (especially a horse). agáree márna, v. a. To attack in front, to defeat a hostile army in a pitched battle. [bottomless. भनाप adj. Unfathomable, very deep,

चनाधता s. f. Depth.

चनासी adj. Coming, future, approaching. चनासी s. m.A turban; a terrace in front of an upper room.

মাল s. m. A bird, a sort of lark. মালবাৰ s. m. The farcy in horses, an eruptive disease in men.

खनिया s. m. A bird (Alaudo aggiya). धनियाना s. f. Burning in pain.

पांचार Ghi, sugar, &c., thrown into the fire, as a propitiatory offering to the gods, either at worship or at meals.

স্থানিলা s. m. First, another man.

আৰু s. m. A guide, a harbinger.
অনুত adj. Unskilful, without merit, in

effectual, void of good qualities, bad. s. m. A defect, a fault.

आगृत adj. Unhidden, unconcealed.

uye.s.m. A fragrant wood, aloe wood or agallochum (Aquillaria agallocha); another tree which produces Bellium (Amyris agallocha); the Sisoo tree (Dalbergia Sisoo). adj. Light, not | heavy.

चनुवाना r. To be in advance, to precede. चनुवाद s. - Encountering, meeting a visitor.

ৰযুৱ adj. Easy, manifest, evident. agurhbhoe, adj. Open, honest, candid. ঘটাছ adj. Homeless.

স্বাণিৰ adj. Unperceived, imperceptible, invisible, covert, unseen, unwitnessed. s. m. The invisible, Supreme.

মনীত্রা v. n. To take to one's self.
মনীত্রী adv. In advance, beforehand.

चनीरना v. a. To watch.

षगीरिया s. m. A watchman.

खगीलना v. a. To watch,

ৰানী sif. The going or sending forward to meet and receive a visitant with honor. agouni karna, v. s. To advance and meet the bridegroom, to go to meet a visitant on the road.

With s. m. Fire; the god of fire and the regent of the south-east quarter; one of the purins; the fire of the stomach, the digestive faculty, appetite.

(the lady-bird.

AR.

चिष्य s. m. An insect of a scarlet colour, चिष्यक s. m. The sun-stone or a fabulous gem, supposed to contain and impart solar heat.

wire the fiery ordeal, by a heated iron or boiling oil, or passing through fire.

where s. m. Fire-stone, flint, or any stone producing fire.

खात्रनान s. m. Arrow of fire, a rocket.

স্মিন্দ্রার s. m. Funeral ceremonies, as burning a dead body, or any ceremony performed with consecrated fire.

श्राप्रीय s. Maintenance of a perpetual or sacred fire. [tual or sacred fire. च्याप्रीयी s. One who maintains a perpe-च्याप्रीयी s. One who maintains a perpe-च्या s. m. The forepart of a thing. adj. Prior, first. [s. m. Forerunner. प्रयोग में adj. Preceding, going before.

प्रथम s. m. A guide. adj. Preceding, going before, a leader. [precaution. च्यमी s. m. Foresight, providence, ratuit adj. Provident, endued with foresight.

चयास । s. m. Victuals offered in चयासन oblations, sacrifices, &c. to the gods.

षच s. m. Sin, guilt, wickedness.

चयवारी s. m. Committing sin.

चवरित adj. Impossible to happen.

ব্যান s. m. Hurt. [unrefined.
স্থিদ adj. Coarse in taste, not fastidious.
মনী ads. Vicious.

चयनाम्य adj. Purifying, freeing from sin..

च्यमय कतीत. Sinful.

चवाई s. f. Satisty, surfeiting.

wayn v. a. To surfeit, satiate, v. n. To surfeit, to be satisted, adj. Satiated, rich, affluent.

चचीर s. m. A name of Siv. adj. Formidable, terrible. [order among Hindoos. चद्योरपंच s. m. A. particular religious

अधीरपंथी) adı. (used substantively) An order of religious men-चाची री dicants professing the aghorpanth; they cat every thing, however filthy. even human carcasses; hence, a gross or filthy feeder.

ws. m. Mark, spot, figure, number, letter of the alphabet; flank or part above the hip; the body; embrace: mark on cloth to shew the price.

₹₹ 8.m. An accountant, arithmetician.

चरना v. n. To be valued, prized, examined, approved of.

चचते s. f. A. kind of vetch (Vicio sativa) : wet grain ; a young sprout. अकृतिका s. f. Arithmetic.

बद्दनी s.f. A hook, a tenter.

Triniv. a. To cause to value, to examine (as cloth), to approve of,

पदाव s. m. Valuation.

Ivalued. Tra adj. Marked, paged, examined, s. m. A plantlet, a seed-bud. चरा } a shoot, or sprout, a gorm,

WENT , s. m. The iron hook with We which elephants are guided or driven.

WEC s. m. Began, commenced.

Tr. s. m. A limb or member, the body. चक्रदाइ s. f. Stretching the limbs, a yawning.

Twenty v.n. To yawn, stretch the limbs.) s. m. A yard, area, court. water inclosed space adjoining to a house.

প্রমন্ত s. m. Broken limb.

चहरदा s. m. A coat, a doublet.

चक्रराह s. f. Stretching of the limbs, ब yawing.

चङ्कली s. f. A finger, Pair ki ungli, A toe. Kalam ki ungli. Fore-finger. Bich ki ungli, Middle finger, Kan ungli, Little finger, Ungli ka nok. Tip of the finger.

WIT s. f. A maid whose business it is to hold, watch, and amuse a child : a kind of nurse. s. m. A coat.

■ TTT s. m. A. firebrand, embers, sparks remaining in ashes, angáron par lotna. To be agitated or tormented (particularly from jealousy).

चङ्कार s. f. A small portable firepan. षद्भिषा s. f. m. Bodice, stays.

चड़ी ad, Corporeal, bodily,

चड़ीकार s. m. An agreement, a promise. avowal, conceding to, acceptance of a proposal, angikár karna, v. a. To accept, receive, agree to.

चड़ द s. m. The thumb.

चन s. m. The thumb, a finger.

चानः सी s. f. A finger, a finger's breadth. चङ्ग री

WW 31 s. m. The thumb. भक्त है s. f. A ring worn on the finger.

पड़े ट s. f. Appearance, person.

मझीट चक्री s. f. A chafing-dish.

चड़ीकृता s. f. Napkin.

चन्नीका s. m. A cloth which Hindus fasten round the waist when bathing, and afterwards wipe themselves with: a towel, a handkerchief.

चक्कीरा s. m. A midge, a gnat. चर्च adj.. Fixed, unmoved, firm, inac-चंच adj. Gentle, not passionate.

www s. m. wonder, a wonderful thing. astonishment; cause of astonishment. প্ৰকাৰী s. f. Lasciviousness, wantonness, । অপুন adj. Unerring, sure; (hence) a good marksman.

wickedness.

चनगरी v.n. To joke.

चाप adj. Blind, s. f. Spectacles.

अवतामाव्यतामा v. n. To repent, lamen t some neglect, grieve, he sorry.

चवतर adj. Stupid, inactive.

adi. Restless, inconstant. playful, wanton ; brisk.

अवपनाष्ट है s. f. Restlessness, incon stancy, wantonness; playfulness, vivacity.

अपर adj, Immovable ; inanimate,

चनरच) s. m. Wonder, admiration, as-भवरज 🗇 tonishment, adj. Astonishing.

প্ৰায় adj. Immovable, fixed, incapuble of motion, s. m, A mountain, an aged person, Nil achal. The blue mountain near Balasore.

भवता s. f. The earth.

चवनी s, f. A small spoon.

adv. Suddenly.

অবাদক) adv. Suddenly, unawares, un-भवानवा expectedly.

TITE v. a. To wash or rinse the · mouth after eating; to drink,

TIT s. m. Conduct, common practice, usage, a rule of conduct.

पदारी adj. One who vigorously follows religious precepts. [a learned pundit.

भवार्थ s.m. A spiritual guide or teacher, चनायी s. f. Priesthood

कविकन adj. Rough, unpolished.

वाचित्र adj. Thoughtless.

without s. f. Disregard, absence of thought or consideration.

wifut adv. Soon.

अभीता adj. Unwished for ; not painted (paper &c.).

चनित adj. Out of mind or senses, senseless, thoughtless, stupid. achet hona, v. n. To be inscusible, to be thoughtless.

चर्चेन adi. Uneasy, uncomfortable.

was adj. Fixed, permanent, imperishable, eternal. s. m. A name of Fishau or God.

was ady. Spotless. s.m. A certain tree.

was adj. Infallible, indelible, s, m. pre, part. Remaining, existing, continuing ; whole grain, whole rice used in religious ceremouies, fried grain. achchhat tilak, s, f. The ceremony of putting a few grains of rice on the forehead of an image when addressed, or of a brahman when invited to an entertainment.

चन्द्र adj. Durable, permanent.

च च्छायवरी s. m. An undecayable tree.

s.m. A letter of the alphabet.

well adj. Scientific, lettered, writing an elegant hand.

was adj. Good, excellent, pleasant. righteous, healthy, well, sound; achchha hona, v. n. To recover. achchha karna, v. a. To cure, recover. achchha laona, v. n. To become, beseem, be pleasing, be agreeable. v. agreeing.

पञ्चापन s. f. Goodness. प्रकृत ada. Indivisible.

चकीन ad). Undiminishing, unfailing.

wwz adi. Indissoluble.

चकीदम s. m. The chase, hunting.

चरीडियो s. f. A complete army consisting of 109,350 foot, 65,610 horse, 21,870 chariots, and 21,870 elephants.

₩52 adi. Imperishable.

অকটোঃ. f. Orthography; a mode of playing on a stringed instrument so as to express the words of a song.

মানা adj. Intangible (victuals dressed for religious persons &c.), inviolable. মূল ade. To-day, now. s. m. A he-gont. মূলন cs. m. A large serpent, the Boa constrictor.

चन्न adj. Wonderful, astonishing.

খনন adj. Birthless.

चननी alj. Strange, unknown-an alien, a foreigner.

अजमीड़ s. m. A king of Oude.

कास्ट् s. m. Parsley (Apium invo-कामीटा lucratum), common carraway (Carum Carui), a kind of lovage (Ligusticum Ajovan).

चन्य adj. Not victorious, unsuccessful, subdued. s. m. Defeat.

चनदा s. f. A she-goat.

খান adj. Free from decay ever young, not subject to decreptude, or the infirmities of age, undecayable, imperishing,

चनवायन s.f. The seed of a plant of the dill kind (Ligusticum ajo wan).

भजम } adj. Infamous.

খলম] adv. To-day also, even now, yet, immediately.

पना s. f. A she-goat, illusion, the unreality of the universe.

ৰুৱাৰ s.m. Ruse or stratagem in speech.

पताची adj. Contented.

ৰসাস্ত s. m. Canvas (cloth made of hemp).
ৰসাম adj. Expelled from his caste (a
man).

ward s.m. A man who has lost his caste.

षत्रान adj. Ignorant, simple, innocent, indifferent, careless. [knccs.

भजानवाडु s. m. Whose hands fall on the भजानी s. f. Ignorance, simplicity.

चनानिलंड. m. Proper name.

আলাং s. m. elliness. [unsurpassed. থলিল adj. Unconquered; unexcelled, থলিল s. m. A hid, used as a seat, bed, &c., by the religious student; generally the hide of an antelope,

মজিত e.m. An area, court, yard.

মজী An interjection to call or bespeak
attention: in Bengal, it is used to
an inferior, or in cases of great intimacy only; but in the western provinces, it is often addressed to a

superior as a term of respect. মলীন adj. Invincible, unsubdued, impregnable.

षजीतवर्षे s. m. Leprosy (of a bad kind). षजीर्षे s. m. Indigestion; surfeit, flatulence. adj. Undecayed, unimpaired.

खजीव adj. Lifeless, dead.

षत्रीष adj. Tongueless.

ষ্ঠান adj. Unfit. s. f. Violence, op-

चन्र adj. Not obtainable.

ৰসুৱা adj. Untouched, untasted (victuals). ঘল adj. Not victorious.

ঘলী adv. Hitherto, to this day. scarce. ঘলীড় adj. Without joining; peerless,

भजीत भजीतिज } adj. Without splendour, dull.

षक्षील odj. Of steady pace (on elephant). षत्र adj. Idiot, stupid, ignorant.

ৰমা s. f. Command, order, permission.
ৰমাৰাই adj. Acting according to orders,
obedient.

[unknown.

wann adj. Ignorant, simple, innocent;
wann adj. Ignorant, witless, unknowing,
a simpleton, stupid, unwise, s. m.
ignorance.

মন্ত্ৰাৰ s.f. Ignorance, stupidity, simplicity. [stupidity, simplicity. মন্ত্ৰাৰ s. m. Ignorance, foolishness, মুমাৰী adj. Ignorant, unwise.

आधानंग s. m. Breach of order.

ৰণৰ ; s. m. The end or border of a wife i cloth, veil, shawl, &c.; the breast (of a woman or lactescent animal).

মহল s.m. The end or border of a cloth, veil, shawl, &c.; a sheet used among Jöyees.

THE s.m. A collyrium or application to the oye-lashes to darken and improve them, a universal article of the eastern toilet; particular applications, as lamp black, antimony, and another kind called rasanjan.

चन्ननसार् s. m. Collyrium.

মল্লাহার s.f. A stye or stithe on the eyelids. [with anjona. মূল্যান o. n. To have the eyes tinged প্ৰসাত s.f. The mother of Hanumán; a lizard.

আইনিজা s.f. A kind of newt or lizard. আন্তুমনী s.f. A woman, perfumed with sandal, &c.; a medicinal plant used as a sedative and laxative.

মন্ত্ৰাল s.m. The cavity formed by putting the hands together and holding the palms as if to receive water; a measure, as much as can be held in both hands so disposed.

bar, obstacle; name of a river, the Atock.

শহদনা ». n. To be stopped, to be prevented, to adhere, cease, rest, stick, stop.

opinion, quantity, size. atkalbáz. adj.

Adroit at guessing; an appraiser.

atkalaa, v. a. To guess, conjecture, judge, estimate, think. atkal-pachchhu, s. m. One who guesses at a venture, or without grounds on which to judge. adv. At random.

चटनावा v. a. To guess, to conjecture, to judge, to think.

पटकलपक s. m. Guess.

ৰহল s. m. The pot in which victuals are dressed for the public at the door of the temple at Jagarnáth, past, part. Aground, stopped, hindered.

चटकाना v. a. T'stop, to hinder, to pre vent, restrain, detain, coerce.

ৰহন্য s.m. Stop, prevention, hinderance, restraint, detention.

षटखेल adj. Wanton.

মতবিলা s. f. Wantonness, an affected (also a graceful) pace or mode of walking.

₩ZZ adj. Coarse, strong (cloth).

মান s. m. A balcony, an upper room. মানা v. n. To be contained; to be filled; to wander, perambulate, walk about.

kuá-atgyá, The well is filled up. षटमी s. f. The notched extremity or horn of a how.

चटपट ady. Unfair, Inaccessible.

ৰহবহী adj. Inconsiderate, irregular, বহুবহাৰী anstudied, thoughtless, atpoti bát, s. f. Confused or inconsistent speech, prevarication.

ЧZH s. m. A heap.

adj. Immovable, permanent, fixed, of determined resolution, incontrovertible, unchangeable, irrevocable, irrefragable. atallá, s.f. Incontrovertibility immovableness.

चटचपद adj. Infallible.

who in great affliction, remains bedrid. abudnee khatwanee leng. To be confined to bed in great trouble or affliction.

षटिव षटिव । s.f. Forest, grove, wilderness. WZI s. f. An upper room or story, a balcony.

चटारी s. f. A thatched upper room.

पटाच s. f. A stack, rick (of grass, corn, &c.), a heap of baggage, &c.

चटाला s. m. A heap ; furniture.

Ψεε αdy. Not liable to be broken ; inexhaustible.

पटेक adi. Without support.

भटेर s. f. Name of a town.

चटेरन s.m. A skein or bundle of thread, a reel; the lounge (in the manege).

भटेरना v. a. To make up thread into skeins, to reel; to lounge a horse, चटोक adj. Unquestioned, uninterrupted,

unrestrained, without hinderance.

पटाल ad . Unpolished (stones or jewels ; and hence, of persons), rude, unmannerly.

षद्वास s. m. Laugh.

মহাল s. m. An upper room or paviltion. चंद्राविका s. f. A thatched upper room.

भही s. f. A hank or bundle of thread ; a cant word for a turban.

भरखेली s. f. Playfulness, wantonness. भाउतालीस adj. Forty-eight.

भाउतीस adj. Thirty-eight.

was s. m. Bathing of the bride and bridegroom together, the third day after marriage.

चडवांगा v. To provoke, vex, ennoy. षाउवादी खडवादी s. f. The state of being

confined to bed through sickness, &c. चाउपारा s. m. The eighth day after any other : a week.

षदसर adj. Sixty-eight. चढपत adj. Seventy-eight.

पढाईच adi. Twenty-eight.

चढानवे adi. Ninety-eight.

चडारह adj. Eighteen. athárah bhár, Various, of different kinds.

चडावन adi. Fifty-eight.

चढासी adi. Eighty-eight.

चंद्र सी s. f. Stone of fruit.

चडेल adj. Not capable of being pushed out of its place, unanswerable, irrefragable. nacy.

पड s. f. Contention contrariety obsti-षड्ग s.f. A manufacturing town.

भड़ गा s. f. A mode of wrestling with the feet : an obstacle. I tion. अप्रथम s. m. Slight ill-health, indisposi-भडचल s.m. Petulance, refractoriness. खाडत्या s. m. Defence, protection.

चाडना v. n. To stop, hesitate, ar karna. To stop, be obstinate (as a horse).

अन्द्रवंगा ada. Crooked, uneven.

का दबद ग s. m. Foolish actions. अडबड मी adi. Inconsiderate.

habble.

च्य ब्य ड s. m. Words without meaning. adj. Uneven, rugged. arbar karná. v. a. To speak inconsiderately or without meaning, to rave. talk absurdly,

अद्रवड़ी adj. Rugged, rough, uneven. अब्बद्ध . m. A cloth worn by Hindus,

passing from the waist between the thighs and fastening behind.

खुड्यस adj. Obstinate, perverse, mulish. प्रकृत s. f. Agency, commission, sale by commission.

word s. m. A kind of grain.

wet adj. Refractory, jibbing (a horse).

चड़ाइन s. m. High steep banks of a river or tank.

चड़ाना v. a. To make to stop ; to fasten one thing to another, s. m. Name of a tune.

चड़ानी s. f. A large fan or parasol. प्रियस adj. Obstinate.

আৰু আ adj. Obstinate, perverse, mulish; restive, [adhentoba and ganderussa), অস্ত্ৰা s. m. A medicinal plant (Justicia অই পাৰা v. n. To protect, to become a protection.

खड़ च s. f. Enmity.

মহাল adj Not capable of being shaken or moved; immovable, fixed, unshaken. লাভাবতীয় s. m. Neighbourhood.

अद्धा s. m. Commission agent.

सहाइ adj. Two and a half; or when used with a noun of number, twice and a half the aggregate number. s.f. A full gallop.

आहिया s. f. A wood vessel. अह स s. f. Check, stumbling block. अहसमा v. n. to triv. To Stumble.

खादेवा s. m. 21, two and half seers.

खाँच s. m. The edge or point of a sharp weapon.

श्राह्मन । s. m. A superhuman faculty; श्राह्मना । the subtle and invisible state assumable by austere devotion and the performance of magical rites, or as possessed by a deity.

ষ্মা s. f. The point or edge of any sharp instrument (as, of an arrow, spear, oc.). [minute, sur s. m. An atom. adj. Atomic, small, up. n. Te be contained, to be tightened, to be filled up, (a well, tank, oc.). [into.

स्याना v. a. To make contain, to cram सर्हा s. m. A ball, a marble. antaghar,

s. m. A billiard-room. কাহানীকৈ s. f. A cord with which cattle

are tied neck and heels. कार्याचन केंद्रो. Unlucky.

wasger, strut, give one's self air, walk affectedly. [garis); an egg.

आका । s. m. A testicle, or the scrotum;

कास्त्रकीष s.m. The scrotum, the testicles; rupture, hernia.

ৰ্ভাগ adj. Oviparous, as, a serpent, a fiesh, a bird, a lizard.• [an egg: ৰভা s. m. An egg. anda dena, To lay

अखाकार } s.f. Having testicles.

कारोज adj. Oviparous, as, a serpent, (a bird).

ञ्चतया adj. Powerless, without authority. ञ्चतन n. prop. Kamdeo, the god of love among the Hindus.

अप्रतन्

कातर } s.m. Attar.

अतिर्पेत ady. Unsatisfied.

ब्रतल s. m. A particular hell, or division of the infernal regions, the portion immediately below the earth.

अतलसार्भ aij. Very deep, bottomless. अतसी s.f. Flax (*Linum usitatissimum*). अता s.m. Father. [gratis.

स्वादं s. m. f. One who sings and dances स्वत prep. Over, boyond (in point of time, place or degree), gone by,passed over, exceeding, surprising, very, over, much, very much, &c.; it implies general excess or pre-eminence, adv.

आतिका adv. Much, excessively.

आजिकाय s. m. Name of a vulture in the Ramayan, brother of Jataiyu.

स्वतिकास s. m. Delay.

Exceedingly.

wiferes s. m. The sixth of the twentyseven astrological yogs or periods.

জানিবনি adv. Very much, very great. জানিব s. m. A. fragrant grass, lemongrass (Andropogan schenanthus). জানিবন্দিন adj. Arrogant, proud. आतिगृत adj. Very secret, closely hidden or concealed. (sion. पतिचित्र adj. Disgusting, causing aver-पतिचार s. m. The passage of a planet from one zodical sign to another, in a shorter than common period. विज्ञागर adj. Very wakeful, restless. s.

. m. The black curlew. आदिजी पंadj. Very old. or acrid. कासितीच्या adi. Very pungent, sharp, hot, आतिथ s. m. A. guest, pilgrim, stranger, person entitled to the rights of hospitality, atithi-krid, s, f. Service of a guest, hospitality.

अप्रतिशिष्याल s. m. He who serves guests. चितिचितार s. m. Faith.

चानिधियाचा s. f. Guest chamber or hall. कातिथिसेना s. f. Service, attendance on a guest.

श्वातिदान s. m. Munificence. [mation. आदिहार s.m. Great heat; violent inflam-अप्रतिदीन adj. Very poor, in great want. कातिद्रगैस s. f. Great difficulty or distress. कानिद्रकार adj. Very arduous, very difficult.

चातिहर s. m. A great distance, a far off. कातिदीष s. m. A great fault.

कातिपराक्षम s. m. Great power.

च्च तिपातक s. m. A heinous sin.

चातिपातकी adj. A great sinner, flagrantly criminal. . | briety. अतिपान s. m. Excessive drinking in कातिपावन adj. Excessively pure stainless. चातिवज्ञा adj. A great talker, a babbler. चतिवस adj. Strong, powerful.

चित्रकार adv. Frequently.

चित्रेग adv. or adj. Much, excessive, unlimited, frequently.

चित्रगर s.m. A great or excessive burden. . चतियीग्य adj. Very worthy.

wifafin adj. Excessive, exceeding.

चितरीय s. m. Consumption (phthisis

pulmonalis).

च्छतिबक्ता adj. A great talker, a babbler, चनिविकट s. m. A fierce elephant. adj. very fierce, very formidable : hard. difficult Iduing poison. चतिविव adj. Antidote, exceeding or sub-

चितिवा s. f. A tree used in medicine, the bark is also used in dyeing; it is of three kinds, white, red, and black (Atis or Betula).

ম্বিম্ন adj. Very powerful.

चितिश्राति s.f. Great power.

खनिश्रतिना s. f. Heroic, valour, prowess. শ্বনিশ্বব adj. Much, excessive.

षतिश्रीत adj. Excessively cold. [lation. चतिसम्बद्ध s. m. A hoare, a great accumu-षतिसार s. m. Diarrhoea or dysentery.

atisárki, adj. Dysenteric. atisári. adj. Afflicted with dysentery ; cathartic.

चित्रास s. m. A horse-laugh, violent laughter.

चतीत s. m. A wonderer, pilgrim, a mendicant among Hindus, adi. Past. elapsed. tense.

चतीसकाल s. m. (In gram.) The preterite चतीस s. m. A. medicinal root.

चतीसार s. m. Dysentery.

चतीच adj. Blunt, not sharp, dull, obtuse. atíkshntá, s.f. Bluntness.

adj. Not weighed, incapable of_ being weighed; unequalled. unparalleled.

অহম adj. Unsatisfied, restless.

মত্রার s. f. Insatiableness, voraciousness. भतेजा adj. Dark, dim, dull, s. m. Insignificance, feebleness, imbecility.

पत्यम adj. or adv. Much, very much, excessive, great.

ware adj. Very small, very little.

चलाचार s. m. Deviation from prescribed observances, contemning religious and moral laws.

पताचारी adj. Transgressing.

· अवावस्त्रक adj. Indispensably necessary, very requisite, of great importance.

wa adv. In this place, here, herein.

ME cons. (inceptive or premising particle used to introduce a remark, question, affirmation, &c.,) Thus, so, then, hence, further, now, moreover, henceforth. चयक adj. Unwearied, untired, insensible

of fatigue.

पण्डेन s. m. The fourth Ved.

चयल adj. Unsteady, unstable, wavering. षधवा conj. Or.

चया adj. Deep, unfordable, unfathomable, out of man's depth.

wit s.f. A place where people meet for counsel, or to converse and amuse themselves. fathomable.

चया adj. Bottomless, very deep, un-1 adj. Unstable, unsteady, wavering.

षद adj. Half, ad-pakká, Half-ripe,

षद्कवा s.m. A cloth for carrying things in, a covering.

चद्तिया adj. m. Half-blown (a flower, gc.). चदखोला adj. m. Half-open.

चदगढ्या adj. m. Half-driven (as a stake). चर्च adj. Unpunished. s. m. impunity. बदत ad). Not given. [(a female). बहुता adj. f. Not given in marriage भदभव s. m. Act of being born or of springing up (as plants from seed), birth, production.

चदमुचा adj. m. Half-dead.

चदया कर्त्या. Unfeeling, unmerciful, destitude of pity.

चढशं adj. Unseen, unforeseen, s. m. TEE Causal and unforeseen danger, fortune, luck.

चद्रभन s.m. Disappearance. adj. Invisible. चडरवा s.m. A kind of very fine muslin ; a kind of sweetmeat.

) s. m. Exchange, alter-भदलाबदला 🕽 ation.

पदलावदला करना v. a. m. To exchange. or barter; confuse, displace.

चदली बदली बदणी v. a. f. To exchange, or barter; confuse, displace.

) s. f. Braces for tightening the tape of a bedstead.

भद्दान s. m. Water set to boil for dressing victuals.

बराता adj. Illiberal, avaricious, stingy.

षदिति s. f. The proper name of the mother of the gods.

चदिति नन्दन s. m. A. deitv.

पदिन s. m. An unlucky day.

षदिष्ट s. m. Misfortune, fate.

चह्न adj. Invisible, unscen.

wer adj. Unseen, unforcseen. पदी s. f. Half a damree (a small coin). half a piece of cloth.

adj. Without splendour. पद्योत र्

बदौरी s. f. A kind of food eaten by Hindus.

was adj. Surprising, wonderful, admirable. s. m. Surprise, astonishment. चडन s.f. Ginger, in an undried state

(Amonum zinziber). चडकी s. f. A kind of sweetmeat.

चही इ. m. Mildness, moderation, the absence of tyranny and oppression.

पद्रीष्टी adj. Innocuous, mild.

षदन adj. Quiet, tranquil, free from strife परायम s. f. Braces for tightening the tape of a bedstead.

पहितीय) adj. Peerless, matchless, uncqualled; only, sole without a second.

बहेब adj. Harmless, not malicious.

पदेशी adj. Harmless, inoffensive. wu: prep. Down, downwards, below (in

सधि

place, rank or degree); the reverse of उत्त ut.

अप्र (in comp.) Half.

জ্বান s.m. Palsy affecting one side or half the body; hemiplegia. adhang marna, to strike with palsy. [sied; paralytic. জ্বানী adj. Affected with hemiplegia, pal-স্থান্ধ বাdj. m. Half-dressed victuals.

জ্ঞানস্থা adj. m. Half-ripe.
জ্ঞানস্থানী s. f. A pain affecting half the
head; a nut of areca shaped like a
homisphere (so named, probably, from
two kernels being contained in one

shell: and to such a nut the virtue crais sibed of curing the disease of the same name).

ब्याकर } s. m. Half the tax or duty of ब्याकरी } any kind (the other half being remitted).

अधकड़ा ddj. m. Half-spoken, half-uttered.

अधन } adj. Poor, destitude, indigent. अधन adj. Half-ripe [master.

अध्यत s.m. A prince, a commander, a अध्यन odj. Half-made, half-prepared. अध्यन odv. Half-way, in the middle.

काश adj. Inferior, low, mean, vile, despicable, wretched, contemptible.

काधस्या } adj. Half-dead.

अधनोच adv. In the middle.

जार adj. Low, inferior, below; low, vile. s. m. The tip, the lower lip; pudendum muliebre.

ज्ञपर s. m. Empty space, the space between heaven and earth. adj. Suspended, separate, at a distance. adv. In the middle. [of cloth.

क्षप्रसा s.m. A half piece of cloth; a sort क्षप्रस्त s.m. The moisture, honey or nectar of the lips.

अपने s. m. Injustice, irreligion, un-

righteousness, impiety, immorality, sin, crime. adj. Unjust, impious.

अधर्मवारी adj. Unrighteous, wicked. अधर्मवा s. f. Unrighteousness.

अधर्मपना s. m. Injustice, crime.

अप्रमिष्ठ adj. Very wicked.

कामी adj. Unjust, wicked, unrighteous, sinful, criminal, immoral, impious,

अप्रथम adj. Half of any thing.

स्थात s.f. A half (generally applied to pieces of cloth).

काधान s. m. Oils, unguents.

अधार } s. m. Food, aliment, victuals, nourishment, support.

अधार्मिक adj. Unjust, unrighteous, wicked, षधासीकी s. f. Pain affecting the half of the head, hemicrania.

ৰ্ঘি prep. Over, above, upon; it implies superiority (in place, quality or quantity), and is the reverse of ৰব ap.

er, more than, most, additional, extra, augmented.

षश्चिता s.f. Excess, addition.

ম্বিকার্য s. f. Increase, augmentation, abundance, excess; oppression,

पधिकाना v. a. To augment, increase.

www. A kingdom, a government, an estate; the bearing of royal insignia, dominion, possession, authority, rule, title, a right, a privilege, an inheritance.

www.d. Possessing a right, title, or privilege. s. m. A. proprietor, a master, an owner, one invested with power and authority, a ruler, a director.

ৰ্ণিকল s. m. A superintendant in general; an inspector of receipts and disbursements, an auditor of public accounts. ৰ্ষিষ } s. m. An owner, a lord, or ৰ্ষিষ্ট্ৰ master ; a king.

with s. m. Fleshy excrescences on the eye, cancer of the eye.

পথিনাল s. m. An intercalary month, formed of the aggregate days omitted in reckoning the luner year.

पधियाना v. a. To halve, to divide.

স্থিয়ের s. m. A great or appreme king, superior prince, a sovereign, an emperor.

चाधिराज्य s.m. Empire, supreme'sway.

ৰ্থীৰ daj. Obedient, submissive, ৰাথীৰ humble, docile, subject to the control of another, subservient; dependant.

चर्यानता s. f. Submission, obedience, obsequiousness, servility, humility, servitude, subjection, dependance, slavery.

খানী s. f. Submission, humbleness, obsequiousness; petition.

wift adj. Confused, perplexed; unsteady (lit. or met.); impatient, hasty, precipitate, irresolute.

पधीरज s. m. Confusedness, perplexity, unsteadiness. adj. Perplexed, confused, unsteady, impatient.

चर्षीर्जा } adj. Confused, perplexed.

पधीरता s. f. Haste, precipitation, irresolution, fickleness, unsteadiness, want of firmness; confusion, perplexity, impatience,

चधीवर s. m. An emperor, a king paramount over all the neighbouring princes.

भूषा बर्जु: Half-ready, half-dressed; immasure (a fætus); unfinished, adhura jana, v. n. To miscarry (a female). भूषेष्ठ adj. Middle-aged, just past the prime of life (applied most frequently to women). [small coin). खर्षेला s. m. Half a piece or poisa (a अधेली s. f. Half a rupee.

षधेयां adj. Unsteady, feeble, irresolute. षधेयां s.m. Instability, want of firmness. स्थोतर s.f. A fine kind of cloth.

पपोस्त adj, With the head downwards (asthe Hindus practice in the tupunya), looking downwards, drooping the head (from grief or shame); headlong; inverted, turned upside down. [kind).

ম্বাইন s.f. Half a hide (of a thick strong
মহান s.m. Study, reading, especially
of the sacred books; one of the six
duties of a brahman.

ৰথৰ s. m. A master, a lord, a chief, a governor, a superintendant.

पञाना v. a. To halve, to divide. पञापक s. m. A teacher, one who instructs in the sacred books.

च्छापन s. m. Instructing, teaching the

चाराय s. m. A section, or division of a book; a chapter, or lecture of the Ved; a chapter, a lesson.

चन A prefix of negation, privation or diminution, used properly before words beginning with a rowel only, च being adopted before constraints: in Hindee, however चन frequently occurs with consonants; so, चनम anant, चनरेचा andekhá.

चनसाना v.n. To be angry, or displeased, to be pecvish; or fretful.

वन्द्र adj. Unwrought unformed; भनवद्रा uneducated; unlicked, un-भनवद्रा polished, unfinished, unset (as o ring on jewet). angarhi bat, Inconsistent or ill-arranged speech.

चननचित) adj. Uncounted, innumer-चनगिचत | able, numberless, count-चनगिचतो | less.

ৰণ भनिष्ण adj. Uncounted, numberless. angina makiná. The eighth month of a woman's pregancy, चनगिमगी adj. Countless, unnumbered. প্ৰয় adj. Sinless, innocent, भनवाष्ट्रत adj. Not desired. funawares. चनित adv. Suddenly, unexpectedly, चनको हा adj. Unknown, strange. चनचेत s. m. A valuation of standing भनकीला adj. Unpared (as fruit, &c.), unlicked, rude, awkward, boorish, भागजाना adj. Unborn. चनज्ञ है. m. Victuals and food, भनजला adi. Unburnt. चनज्ञ s. m. Infamy. चनजान adj. Unwitting, unintentional, not knowing, ignorant. s. m. A stranger. चनजाना adj. Unknown, ignorant. भनजानी s. f. Ignorance, negligence, चनजाने adv. Ignorantly, not knowing, unwittingly. [thing will grow. भनजाना adj. Barren (land) in which no-चनट s. m. Injustice. चनत adv. Elsewhere ; another, other. चनदेखा adj. Unscen, invisible. चनदाई s. m. Miserly, avaricious. चनदाता s. m. Benefactor, food-giver. चनधीन adj. Independent. चनभोवा adj. Unwashed ; unclean. चान adj. Boundless, illimitable ; endleas, eternal : infinite, innumerable. s.m. A name of the serpent said to support the earth; a name of Vishnu; name of several plants; a cord with fourteen knots, which the Hindus tie on their arm on the 14th day of Bhadon sukl-puksh, which is sacred to Vishnu, and called anant-choudus, भननता s. f. Eternity. fquantity.

चननदप adj. Multiform. चननवात s. m. Rigidity or paralysis of the muscles of the face and neck. चनना adj. Unbounded, infinite, eternal. s. m. Immortality; eternity; infinity. चनपदा adj. Illiterate, uninformed. चनपत्य adj. Childless, having no progeny. चारपातीत s. f. Absence of knowledge. certainly or conviction. भनपरतीती a. Unfriendly; unbelieving, faithless. wayery s. m. Innocence, adi. Innocent. खनपराधी adj. Innocent, sinless. चनपावन adj. Unclean, unpurc. चनपेच adj. Disregarding, unhecding. अनपेचा 8. f, Carelessness, indifference. disregard. [understanding. चनवनात्र s. m. Discord, dissension, mis-भनिवयाचा adi. Unmarried. भनवेधा adj. Unbored, unperforated. खनपोल adj. Silent, speechless, mute. चनभन s. m. Ill fortune, bad luck. पनभला s. m. Not good, bad. चनमाइ s.f. A maiden, virgin, spinster. खनमाया Unmarried, hence, m. A batchelor. चनिश्च s. m. Not aware, ignorant, चनशिलाष s. m. Indifference, absence of desire. अनिभिनाषी adj. Indifferent. चनमना m.] adj. Thoughtful, agitated, भनमनी f. regretting, out of humour. sad, troubled in mind, dissatisfied, displeasing, vexed, sickly. चनिम s. m. Heterogeneous, discordant; not agreeing to indisposed towards. भन्मेख adj. Dissimilar, m. Estrangement. चनकील s. m. Priceless, invaluable, beyond price. খাৰ্থম s. m. Infamy.

WATER 8, m. Want of flavour or enjoyment; disgust, nauseousness, coolness or misunderstanding between friends. four,

भवशेत s.f. Unmannerliness, illbehavi-चनरोति s. f. Non-compliance with the rules of good manner or behaviour, unceremoniousness, irregularity.

क्तर्य adj. Unmeaning, fruitless, abortive; absurd, improper nonsensical. चनल s. f. Fire : a plant (plumbago zey-

lanica and rosea). পুৰুষ্ট s. m. A ring furnished with little balls and worn on the great toe.

चनवर्षान adj. Careless, inattentive. s. m. Inadvertence, inattention, carelessness.

अनवधानता s.f. Inadvertence, inattention. भनवस adj. Occupied, busy, having no leisure; unseasonable; inopportune. s, m. want of leisure or opportunity; unseasonableness, inopportuneness,

चन । स्था adj. Unstable, unsteady; incontinent, s. f. Instability, absence of fixed state or condition; uncertainty, doubt : incontinence, dissoluteness, चनविका adi. Uneducated, illiterate.

कानगर Not perishing, imperishable, immortal.

लानश्चन s. m. A fast, fasting. भनसम्भा adj. Not understood, not knowing.

अनमसमा s. m. Not understanding or knowing; not understood. जानसाना adj. Unmixed, separate.

भ्यमान्य adj. Unlearned. f taught. अनसीखा s. m. Illiterate, unlearned, un-चानस्या adj. Unheard, not noticed, disregarded, ansuni, karná, v. n. To pretend not to hear (what is spoken); to disregard. [regarded. बानमुन्ते s.f. Unheard, not noticed, dis-

चनस्या s. f. Name of the wife of Atri, one of the 7 Rishi's father of Chandra. [lity.

भगस्यार s. m. Absence of pride, humi-चनइदारी adj. Humble, not proud.

चनिह्न adj. Without affection, an enemy. s. m. Unfriendliness, disaffection, hostility.

अनिहित् adj. Inimical, unfriendly, unfamiliar, hence in an enemy.

खनहोना, ady. Not to be, impossible. खनहोनी adj. Impossible.

चनाकार adj. Shapeless, without form. चनाकाना s. f. A sort of prickly hightshade (Solanum jacquini). [future. भनागत adj. Not come, not yet arrived, भनामस adj. Unapproachable ; inacces-

चनाचार s. m. Improper conduct, irreligion, neglect of moral or religious observance. adj. Immoral, ill-behaved. indecent. decent,

sible; unobtainable.

चनाचारी adí. Immoral, indecorous, in-पनाज s. m. Grain.

चनाडा adj. Unskilful, clumsy, artless, awkward. inexpert. s. m. f. A novice, bungler, simpleton.

भनातुर adj. Well, vigorous, free from sickness or pain.

चनाय adj. Husbandless, without a protector, lord or master, without chief or sovereign : helpless.

भगदर s. m. Disrespect : affront!

चनाहि adj. Without beginning, eternal as it respects beginning, unborn. uncreate.

चनादिल s. m. Eternity.

चनायास s. m. Ease, facility, adj. Easy, Чनार m. A pomegranate.

चनारपन s. m. Silliness, clumsiness, inexpertness, ignorance, awkwardness; WHIT m. A simpleton, stupid, novice.

4

warm adj. Indestructible.

ৰাষ্ট্ৰ s. m. Abstinence, starvation.
খনাম্ব adj. Fasting. [wish or desire.
খনিজ্ঞ s. f. Indifference, absence of
খনিজ্ঞ adj. Not for ever; frail, porishable, transient, not overlasting, transitory, temporary, fugitive.

पनियाता s. f. Transient or limited existence.

ৰাণৰ adj. Awake, sleepless.

षनिन्दित adj. Irreproachable.

স্থানপুথ adj. Unskilled, unskillful. স্থানহয় adj. Unobstructed, unrestrained.

चनिर्णय s. m. Uncertainty.

चनिमेल adj. Dirty, foul.

स्रांतमा } The superhuman faculty of becoming a point or particle (as possessed by a deity) too small for human perception.

খনিবৰদীয় adj. Not fit to be spoken; খনিবিভা indescribable, indefinable.
খনিল s.m. Wind, broath, air, considered as a deity.

पनिवारित adj. Unchecked, unimpeded, unopposed, unforbidden.

মনিধির adj. Unprohibited, unforbidden. মনিত adj. Undesired, ominous, evil, bad, unlucky. [ness.

প্ৰবৃদ্ধ s. m. Unsteadfastness, unsteadi-প্ৰদী s. f. The point or edge of any sharp instrument (os, of an arrow, spear,&c.)

খনীবিদী s.f. An army, a host, forces,; a certain force. 1-10th of an akshowhini, consisting of 2187 dephant, and as many cars, 5661 horse, and 10,935 foot.

चनीति s.f. Rudeness, unpropriety, injustice, unmorality.

আনী s. m. Unmannerly, rude, boorish. আৰু prep. After (in time, place, rank and degree), according to, in imitation of; it is the reverse of আনি abhi. पनुकाषन, m. Speaking concurrent . पनुकाषा s. f. Tenderness, compassion, pity.

মনুম্ব adj. Co-inciding, friendly to, assisting, acting in concert with, favourable or conformable to.

चनुक्षता s. f. A co-incidence, a being in concert, a concert, concord, good will, consent.

ষবুল adj. Not spoken, not told, not mentioned. s. m. A trope. [a series. ষবুনীৰ s.m. Order, method, a succession

খনুধাৰ s. m. A creek. খনুন adj. Following, succeeding. s. m. f. A follower, a servant, a dependant.

স্থান adj. Gone after, dependant on, attached to.

षन्त्रमन pres. part. Following, pursuing: ष्रद्रमानी adj. Following, consequent upon, devoted to, imitating. s. m. A companion, a follower; one who goesbehind or after.

indulgence; conferring benefits, promoting good, and preventing ill.

বৰুপ s.m. A companion, a follower, a servant, an attendant.

पनुषरी s. f, A female companion.

মনুগিন adj. Unfit, improper, unbecoming. মনুগ adj. Younger, junior. s. m. A younger brother. [tion.

पन्ता s. f. Permission, command, order, dismission, younger sister.

अनुवायी adj. Following after, succeeding according to.

ৰুৱা s. f. An order, command, injunc-মুন্তুয় s. m. Repentance, regret, remorse.

चनुतारा g. m. A satellite.

without reply.

चनुद्दिन adj. and sdv. Every day. चनुनादिन adj. Nasal, uttered through the nose.

चनुष्य s.m. A second (of time).

चतुपस्थित adj. Not ready, not present.

ৰস্থায় adj. Known, recognized, hence.
m. An acquaintance a person known.
বিবাৰ s. m. A fluid vehicle (in medicine);
or that which is swallowed after the
medicine. [observant, following.
ক্ষমান adj. Connected with, attached to,
ব্যামান adj. Connected with, attached.
বিধান s. m. Apprehension, the exercise
of the understanding independent of
memory; comprehension, guess. in-

ference, supposition, hypothesis, experience; result, consequence.

মন্দ্ৰ a-ij. Experienced, felt, guessed, perceived, indicated.

चनुमति s. f. An order, a command, permission, advice.

चतुमस्य s.m. A widow's burning on a separate pile from her deceased hosband. [sis, logical conclusion, चतुमान s.m. Inference, guess, hypothe-चतुमान s.m. Affection, love, passion, attachment,

चतुरागना v. n. To be in love with.

अनुराजी part. act. Making friendship, loving, caressing. adj. Impassioned, in love.

মনুবাধা s. f. The 17th Nakshatrah or lunar mansion, designated by a row of oblations (stars in Libra).

with s.m. Conformity.

watta s. m. The accomplishing of a desired object for another person, obligingness, service.

खनुबाई s.m. A reply; repetition, tautology, interpretation, translation. सन्तासन m. Advice, direction, precept, instruction; the giving rules for the acquisition of a science, [searching. समुख्यास s. m. Inquiry, investigation, समुख्यास s. m. To follow, to be consequent upon, to follow a person, to follow upon some previous circumstances. समुद्धार adj. Following, answering to,

according with. s. m. Conformity to
usage, &c. [or to.

usage, &c. [or to.
স্কুল্পে adj. Following; according with
স্কুল্পে s. m. In grammar the nasal character or bindi.

ष्णुस्यार. The wife of Atri muni, one of the seven Rishis' father of Chandra. षणु ६९ चनु ६१% s.m. Imitation, resemblance.

सन्हरना t. To imitate, resemble, धनुद्रा adj. Rare, wonderful, uncommon (generally applied to things or animals). धनव adj. Incomparable, best,

षन्यम m. Incomparable, unprecedented. खन्यान, s. m. A fluid vehicle in medicine. खन्या adj. Undebted, free from debt, सन्त m. Untrue, false.

पर्नेक adj. Many, much, abundant.

चनेकलाच adv. A long time.

বৰ্ণনাম adj. Multiform; of various kinds or sorts; fickle of variable mind.

पनेक्विष adj. Various, of many kinds, in different ways.

पनेकाकार adj. Multiform.

पनेति s.f. Unmannerliness, rudeness. पनेश Useless, worthless, bad.

खनेसे adv. Improperly, rudely.

पनीया adj. Rare, uncommon, wonderful (generally applied to man).

प्रमामा adj. Saltless.

चन:करण s. m. The understanding, the heart, the will, the conscience, the soul, चन:पाती adj. Included.

ৰৰ: যুৰ s.m. The queen's apartments, the inner or female apartments.

(.21)

else.

we s. m. Intelligence, news, account of.

we see m. Dying moment, hour of
death. [mately.

অ্থননা adv. At last in the end, ulti-খননা s.m. A shudra or man of low east

ৰূপত্তী ১. f. Entrails, intestines, bow-ভানী ১ cls, gut.

without; except. s. m. Interval, intermidiate space; period term; difference; hole or rent; midst, the midst; the heart, the supreme soul. adj...
Other, similar.

খনবোর s. f. The emotions of the heart, inward sensation. actj. Forgotten.

चनरजात adj. Inborn, inbred. innate. चनरदृष्ट adj. Internally bad, wicked, vile.

चनरहुष्ट adj. Internally bad, wicked, vite, धनरपट s. m. A curtain, a screen. धनरवेट n. prop. Name of the country

between the Ganga and Jumna rivers;

चनरा adj. In the middle, among; near at hand; without, except. s. m. A verse, any verse of a song excepting the first.

बन्धाय e.f. A tertian ague.
बन्धाय adj. f. Pregnant.
बन्धाय e.m. Included space.
बन्धाय e.f. A fortian ague.
बन्धाय e.f. Inward, internal.
बन्धाय e.m. The sky or atmosphere.
बन्धाय e.f. Entrails, intestines, bowels,
gut. antriyan jalna, To be very hungry. antriyan hul-husoellsh parhna,

To be very hungry: (lit. The belly repeating, There is but one God). ontri ka bul khoona, To eat a belly-ful after starving. antriyon men og lagna, To be very hungry.

चनारीप s. m. A promontory, a headland, a cape, as, Kumari antarip, Caps Comorin.

बनरीच s. m. The sky or atmosphere. adv. In the air, out of sight.

ষদাসাদী adj. Pervading the inward parts, acquainted with the heart (an epithet of the Deity). [house. মদাহাঁহ s. m. A private door within a

সক্ষাব s. m. A disappearing a vanishing a way; profound inward meditation. adj. Out of sight, vanished, disappeared, concealed.

चनापेंट s. m. A curtain, a screen.

মনাৰ s. m. Internal or inherent nature or disposition.

चलभूत adj. or adv. In the midst. चलभेनस adj. Sad, perplexed.

चनावी adj. Pervading the inward parts, heart-searching or pervading, acquainted with the heart (an epithet of the Deity).

चनवेंबी s.f. A pregnant woman.

चनावेदी s. f. The name of a country, the Doab, or country between the Ganga and Jumna rivers.

चनित्र adj. Final, ultimate.

খনাৰ s. m. A. shudra or man of the fourth tribe. [fourth tribe. খনাৰন্ম s. m. A. man of the shudra or খনাৰন্মণী s. f. A. woman of the shudra

or fourth tribe. चनावर्षे s. m. f. A man or woman of

the shudra or fourth tribe. অব্যক্তির ৯. m. Profound meditation.

gut. antriyan jalna, To be very hangry. antriyan hul-kuwoslish parkna, । जन s.f. The entrails, the bowels, the

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बन्देश s. m. Thought, meditation, care, concern.

WW s. m. Darkness, J.di. Blind.

पश्चार s. m. Darkness.

चन्यज्ञप s. ns. A blind well, one of which the mouth is hidden or overgrown by weeds.

चन्त्रतमस s. m. Great darkness.

प्रमुखा s. f. Blindness.

wwei ady. Blind, dark, dim. andhlawar f pan, s. m. Blindness, intel-· lectual blindness, acting as if one were blind.

पनियारा adj. Dark.

चनेर s.m. Misfortune, calamity, injustice, violence, tumult outrage, tyranny, oppression; darkness. andher karna, v. a. To act unjustly, tyrannize, to oppress.

पशेरा adj. Dark, blind. s. m. Darkness. पनेरी adj. f. Dark. s. f. Darkness.

चनेरी की उरी s. f. A dark room; the belly, womb.

. पत्र s. m. Food, victuals, grain, corn, भवता है. m. A. festival celebrated by Hindoos, (in commencement of Krishna's sacrifices, on the day follow-

? s. m. Victuals and drink : support, maintenance, sub-च्यद्मपानी ∫ sistance. .

" अवदाता s. m. Benefactor, supporter. खन्नपूर्ण s. m. Satisty of food. n. prop. The name of a goddess, the Ceres of the Hindus.

चन्नमामन s. m. The ceremony of giving a child khir or milk and rice for the first time when six months old.

eracu s. m. Chyle.

अवद्यान adj. Destitude of food, needy. war a. m. The husband of a nurse. बादी s. f. A nurse or female attendant on a child.

अप्रयोज ? adj. Discordant, heteroge-अधिव 🕽 neous.

का की ख adj. Invaluable, beyond price.

क्रव adj. Another, other, different.

अवन्य s.m. Another birth, regeneration. कायव adv. Elsewhere, in another place. काच्या adv. Otherwise, in a different manner, inaccurately, untruly, adv. Contrary.

अध्यमनस् adj. Fickle, versatile, absent. क्रवाय s. m. Injustice, outrage, impropriety.

खमायी adj. Unjust, oppressive, lawless. अन्योग adj. Reciprocal, mutual.

आवय s.m. Race, lineage ; interpretation, making out the natural order or comnexion of poetical style.

कान्तित adj. Connected with, joined possessed of, fraught with, inherent in. अन्वेषण s. m. Inquiry, search, research. अपने भी adj. Searching, inquisitive.

अन्द्राना v. a. To wash, bathe, cause to bathe.

कान्यान s. m. Bathing.

अन्दाना s. m. To bathe, to wash.

अन्होन्हार adj. Hopeless, unpromising ; improbable.

अनुद्रीना adi Imposible.

खप prep. Under, below (denoting inferiority, secrecy, disappearance, slyness, dc.); ill, amiss, bad; the reverse of wfu athi.

चपंत s. m. Infirm.

खपंद s. w. A. wrong or bad road, a devious track : heresy.

आपंची odj. One who has lost his way ; devious ; heretical.

खपेपा s. m. One's self (used in the doon: sative case only , as, apampa bachána, To guard or protect one's self ..

arua adi. Unripe. | tion, wickedness. आपमान s. m. A mean or unworthy ac-

अप्रवाद 8. m. Complaint, accusation cen-

खप चावजद s. m. An indelible disgrace. TTTTE s. m. A hindrance, a detriment, an injury. aver adj. Bad, inferior, deteriorated. sque adj. Raw, unripe, imperfect, immature. ख्रपदता s.f. Immaturity. अपगति s. f. Misdemeanour ; ill repute, evil.plight, for orn condition. चप्रचिष्ठ, m. Loss, detriment, waste. अप्रव⊊रा र्ड.f. A female dancer, or cour-अपनरा (tezan in Swarga or Paradise. खपत्रस s. m. Infanty, ignominy, dishonour. . ऋष नसी adj. Infamous, unfortunate. ख्यादक adj. One whose hands and feet are become useless, paralytic. अपट ady. Unskilled, awkward, incapable, uncouth ; incloquent. ¥93€ s. m. Falsehood, fear, fear of one's self भारत m. ady. Illiterate, ignorant. अपृति s. f. Discredit, disgrace. चपानथा | adj. Faithless, treacherous. ख्रपतिवना adj. s.f. Unchaste (a woman) ; a courtezan. खु दल 3. m. Offspring, male or female. अप्रथ s. m. The want of a road; a bad road. अपन्य adj. Indigestible, unwholesome. अपन्यो s. m. Family, relations, kin. अपना m.) pron. poss. Of or belonging द्यपनी 🗲 🕽 to self, own. apni gaona, To sing one's own praises, to egotize. खपनाना v. a. To make a thing one's own, to convert or appropriate to one's own use. खुपनायस s. f. Family, relations, kindred, अपर्चे s. m. The state of a Hindu after

adj. Absolute, independent.

sure. खप्रवित adj. Unclean, defiled, impure. अपभाषा s. f. Low, vulgar or obscene language. अप्रभंग) s. m. Common or vulgar talk, a vulgar term, ungrammatical language. अप्रमान s.m. Disgrace, dishonour, affront. . disrespect, contempt. अपमानित adj. Disrespected, disgraced. अपनानी adj. Disgraced, abased, dishonourable, disreputable. fable. अप्रमान्य adj. Disreputable, dishonour-कापने खु s. f. An inauspicious death, an untimely death, sudden death, dying of some casualty, not of sickness or decay. dishon our. कापयश्च s. m. Infamy, ignominy, disgrace, अपयशी adi. Infamous, unfortunate. अपर adj. Another, other. क्षप्रपार adj. Boundless, infinite. क्यपराजय s.m. Not a defeat ; victory. invincibleness. अप्राजित adj. Unconquered, invincible. unerring, not vanquished not defeated. व्यवस्थित s.f. A twining shrub (Clitoria ternates); also a name applied to several plants. [gression, guilt, sin. अपराध s. m. Offence, crime, fault, trans-अपराधी s. m. A criminal, sinner, offender, transgressor, one culpable. WITH s. m. Afternoon, the last watch of the day. custom. अपरिपाटी a.f. Deviation from established व्यवित्तित adj. Not measured; immoderate, unlimited. जनतेश s. f. Want of trial or proof ; an improper or insufficient trial of any

bathing, previous to worship or to.

thing

चलेशा s. m. Thought, meditation, care,

was s. m. Darkness, Sadj. Blind.

पश्चार s. m. Darkness.

पश्चित s. vs. A blind well, one of which the mouth is hidden or overgrown by weeds.

पन्तमस s. m. Great darkness.

चनता s. f. Blindness.

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WAY s.m. Misfortune, calamity, injustice, violence, tumult outrage, tyranny, oppression; darkness. andher karna, v. a. To act unjustly, tyrannize, to oppress,

प्रभेरा adj. Dark, blind. s. m. Darkness. प्रभेरी adj. f. Dark. s. f. Darkness.

चन्धेरी कीउरी s. f. A dark room; the belly, womb.

মন s.m. Food, victuals, grain, corn. মন্ত্ৰ s.m. A festival celebrated by Hindoos (in commencement of Krishna's sacrifices, on the day following.

आह्रजल है s. m. Victuals and drink; आह्रमानी support, maintenance, subsistance.

'আহবো s. m. Benefactor, supporter.
আসম্বা s. m. Satisty of food. n. prop.
The name of a goddess, the Ceres
of the Hindus.

चन्नमायन s. m. The ceremony of giving a child khir or milk and rice for the first time when six months old.

water s. m. Chyle.

अबहीन adj. Destitude of food, needy. अबहार. m. The husband of a nurse. अबहार. f. A nurse or famale attendant खबोल } adj. Discordant, heteroge-श्राचिम } neous.

सन्तीत adj. Invaluable, beyond price.

ক্ষৰ adj. Another, other, different. অপন্য s.m. Another birth, regeneration.

অধ্য adv. Elsewhere, in another place. অধ্যা adv. Otherwise, in a different manner, inaccurately, untruly. adv. Contrary.

जन्मनस् adj. Fickle, versatile, absent. जन्मव s. m. Injustice, outrage, impropriety.

अन्यायी adj. Unjust, oppressive, lawless. अन्योग adj. Reciprocal, mutual.

सन्य s.m. Race, lineage; interpretation, making out the natural order or comnexion of poetical style.

आन्ति adj. Connected with, joined possessed of, fraught with, inherent in.

स्वयेष s. m. Inquiry, search, research. स्वयेष s dj. Searching, inquisitive. स्वयुष्टामा v. s. To wash, bathe, cause

to bathe. अवस्थान s. m. Bathing.

अनुहाना s.m. To bathe, to wash.

चन्द्रान्द्रार adj. Hopeless, unpromising ; improbable.

खनहीना adj Imposible.

चप prep. Under, below (denoting inferiority, secrecy, disappearance, slyness, gc.); ill, amiss, bad; the reverse of पवि athi.

चपंग s. m. Infirm.

आपंच s. m. A wrong or bad road, a devious track ; heresy.

चपंथी adj. One who has lost his way ; devicus , heretical, 🚁

हापेपा s. m. One's self (used in the accu. sative case only), as, apampa bachdas, To guard or protect one's self.. ज्ञापक ada. Unripe. [tion, wickedness.

आपमा 8, m. A mean or unworthy sc-

आपकार s. m. An indelible disgrace, अपकार s. m. A hindrance, a detriment, an injury.

स्पत्तर adj. Bad, inferior, deteriorated. स्पत्त adj. Raw, unripe, imperfect, immature.

ख्रपद्यता s.f. Immaturity.

खपगित s. f. Misdemeanour; ill repute, evil.plight, for orn condition.

खपचं s. m. Loss, detriment, waste. अपक्षा { s.f. A female dancer, or cour-खपद्धा { tozan in Swarga or Paradise. अपनस s. m. Infamy, ignominy, dishonour.

অবস্থী alj. Infamous, unfortunate. অবস্থা কৰ্ম্য, One whose hands and feet are become useless, paralytic. অবস্থা adv. Unskilled, awkward, incap-

able, uncouth; incloquent.

4987 s. m. Falsehood, fear, fear of one's

self. অবত্ত ৈ m. adj. Illiterate, ignorant.

भवडा है m. adj. Illiterate, ignorant. अवित s. f. Discredit, disgrace.

स्पतियारा } adj. Faithless, treacherous. स्पतिसता adj. s.f. Unchaste (a woman); a courtezan.

च्याप्य s. m. Offspring, male or female. च्याप s. m. The want of a road; a bad road.

road. জন্ম adj. Indigestible, unwholesome. অনুনাম s. m. Family, relations, kin.

ख्यना m.) pron. poss. Of or belonging खपनी f.) to self, own. apni gaena, To sing one's own praises, to egotize.

चपाना e. a. To make a thing one's own, to convert or appropriate fo one's own use. [kin. चपनायत s. f. Family, relations, kindred, चपनायत के dd. Absolute, independent, अपनाद s. m. Complaint, accusation consure.

ऋपनित adj. Uncleat, defiled, impure.

आपभाषा s. f. Low, vulgar or obscene language.

अपनंत्र है s. m. Common or vulgar अपनंत्र है talk, a vulgar term, ungrammatical language.

अपनान s.m. Disgrace, dishonour, affront, disrespect, contempt.

खपनानित alj. Disrespected, disgraced. अपमानी adj. Disgraced, abased, dishonourable, disreputable. [able.

अपमान adj. Disreputable, dishonour-ज्यानेल s. f. An inauspicious death, an untimely death, sudden death, dying of some casualty, not of sickness or decay. [.dishonour.

ज्ञपयम s. m. Infamy, ignominy, disgrace, ज्ञपयमी adj. Infamous, unfortunate.

जापर adj. Another, other.

कपरंपार adj. Boundless, infinite, खपराजव s.m. Not a defeat; victory, invincibleness.

सपराजित adj. Unconquered, invincible, unerring, not vanquished, not defeated. सपराजिता of. A twining shrub (Clitoria ternates); also a name applied to several plants. [grossion, guilt, sin. सपराच s. m. Offence, crime, fault, trans-सपराच s. m. A criminal, sinner, offender, transgressor, one culpable.

of the day. [custom. चपरिपाटी e.f. Deviation from established चपरिपत a.f. Not measured; immoderate, unlimited.

my dur s.f. Want of trial or proof; an improper or insufficient trial of any thing.

अपर्धे s. m. The state of a Hindu after bathing, previous to worship or to eating, during which it is unlawful for him to touch any one; leprosy. অধ্যায়ৰ s.m. A badfomen, bad sign. অধ্যায়ৰ atj.m. Of a bad sign or suspicious appearance, unlucky, ominous.

अपलब्ब } adj. Impudent, immodest, अपलब्ब } shameless.

अपनामा s. f. Impudence, shamelessness. भागतीन s. m. Disrepute, disgrace, dishonor, ignoming, infamy.

भापवर्ग s. f. Salvation.

बद्दाइ s. m. Complaint, reproach, accusation, censure, blame.

अपवादी m. ह e. A complainer, an ac-अपवादिनी f. cuser.

चप्रित adj. Unclean, defiled, impure, profane.

स्पनिता s.f. Uncleanness, filth, impurity पश्चात s. m. A portent, a bad omen, any unlucky or inauspicious object.

any unlucky or inauspicious object.

Aung s. m. A disagreeable sound,
with broken backwards, ungrammatical language [intelligible, not clear.

August s. f. A female dancer or courtezan in Swargs or the hindu paradise.

August s. m. Right (not left), the right
side of the body. adj. Opposite,

contrary.

The epilepsy, falling sickpess. [ing.

स्पद्भ s.m. A plundering, a purloin-स्पद्भ s.m. A robber, a plunderer, a thief.

agras s. Denial, concealment.

agras s. m. A plunderer, destroyer.

agra adj. Without wings, without assistance or protection.

agras adj. Wingless, unaided, without agras adj. Unripe, immature, raw. s. m.

Immaturity; indigestion.

wars s. m. The outer corner of the eye;

a sactorial mark or circlet on the forehead, atj. Maimed, crippled. [wink, अपाहरधन s.m. A side glance, a leer, a अपात atj. Incapable, unfit, unworthy, s.m. An inferior or worthless person. अपात क.m. The taking from a thing:

(in ram.) the ablative case. [wards. স্থান s. m. The anus; wind broken back-

अवार adj. Boundless, unbounded, interminable, excessive, impassable.

अपास adj. Defiling, polluting, impure. अपासन adj. Helpless, destitute.

कपाइन odj. Lazy, cripple; a person who never visits any one.

भपीड़ adj. Without pain. अपीन adj. Light, lean.

अपीनस s. m. Dryness of the nose, want of the pituitary secretion and loss of small, cold. [(Liquor).

खपीय adj. Unfit to be drunk, forbidden खपुड़ा adj. Tailless.

आपुष्का इ.f. A tree (Dalbergia Sisn).

ed, bad. [[reputable son.

कपुत्र alj. Without offspring. s.m. A dis-अपन्य adj. Impotent, effeminate, unmanly. अपन्य adj. Lean.

चतुर्वित alj. Without flowers (a tree or plant), not bearing flowers, not in flowers. [verent.

सप्तस adj. Ungodly, irreligious, irre-सप्ता adj. That which is not wor-hipped, or is not a proper object of worship-सप्त adj. Childless; undutifal (child).

aug adj. Not full, facomplete. s. m.

चपुर्वेदास adj. Premature.

चप्चना s. f. Incompleteness.

wyw adj. Unprecedented, unparalleled, eminent, excellent, uncommon, unheard of, new, admirable, remarkable, wonderful, extraordinary. भवेकत s. m. An expectant, adj. Expecting, waiting for.

भपेसा s. f. Expectation, hope.

अविधित adj. Expected, waited for, wished, hoped. [pectant; looking to. अवेशी adj. Expecting, hoping, an ex-अवेश adj. Invisible, unseen. [(liquor). अवेश adj. Unfit to be drunk, forbidden अवेश adj. Final, decisive, irrevocable, not to be put aside.

खागैरव adj. Impotent, effeminate, unmanly.

जनक adj. Unmanifested, unapparent. जनकात adj. Secret, private, hidden, not public or displayed, not manifest or evident.

आप्रयोग adj. Not violent, not strong or forcible, without dignity.

ख्यताप s. m. Want of dignity or acuteness, of power or fortune; dullnoss, want of brilliancy. [nate. समापी adj. Blunt, powerless, unforturapafers s.f. Want of respectability.

अपनिश्चित adj. Dishonored, disgraced, discsteemed.

अपनीत adj. Without credit.

अप्रतीती s. f. Want of confidence or of credit, mistrust.

ষ্মন্তব adj. Imperceptible, invisible, not evident, secret, absent, not present.
ষ্মন্তব্য s. m. Doubt, distrust, disbelief,

incredulity, mistrust, unbelief. प्रावची adj. Doubtful, mistrusting, sceptical. { crecy.

भाषा s.f. Deviation from custom, se-भाषान adj. Subordinate, secondary, mean, powerless. [dullness. भाषा s.f. Want of splendour; darkness,

प्रमाच बर्तुः. Without proof, untrue, of doubtful authority.

षपरीष adj. Unskilful.

पत्रमा adj. Ungracious, unfavourable,

displeased, dissatisfied, averse, unpropitious.

प्रसाद s. m. Disfavour, disapprobation, प्रसादो adj. That which is not presented to the deity. [uncelebrated. प्रताद adj. Not famous, not well known;

भगाचीन adj. Modern, recent.

चपाप्त adj. Unobtained. ; [sition-चपाप्ति s.f. Non-attainment, non-acqui-चपानाचिक adj. Unauthentic, unauthori-

tative. [proof or authority. ष्यानाषा s. m. Absence or insufficiency of ष्राय adj. Unamiable, not beloved, disagreeable, unkind, unfriendly.

चमीति s.f. Indifference, want of love, dislike, aversion, disgust, enmity, hatred, unfriendliness.

अप्रेस s. m. Want of love, aversion, hatred, enmity, dislike.

भक्राई s. f. Gluttony, a surfeit.

षकराना v. a. To feed a person so that his belly swells; (met.) to give a person (money &c.) to the utmost extent of his desire.

अकर्त o. n. To swell out (the belly), to gormandize, to cat to satisty; to become very rich.

মন্ত adj. Fraitless, barren, unfruitiul; vaiu, unproductive, unprofitable. মন্তব্য e.f. Barrenness, unprofitableness.

चप्तिन adj. Not in fruit (a fruit tree).
चप्तिम adj. Opium.

भक्ते adj. Self-conceited, obstinate.

चकेन adj. Without foam. चन adv. Now, presently, just now.

चनका adj. m.) Of the present time, चनको adj. f.) now. चनके adv. Now.

ष्यकेमी adj. Without fruit, barren (a tree). ष्यय adj. That which has not escaped. ष्ययमें adv. Till now.

अवृह adv. Till now, hitherto. yet, as yet, still. भवतव adv. Presently. abtab hona. To be at the point of death. wan and From this time, henceforth. The segment of the base of or nein One devoted to God but વાં તુતર્વાલ છે. ≸ not attending on ceremonies; a kind of hindu devotee who worships Siv. rease adj. Not deserving death, not to be slain; sacred, inviolable. खबनी s. f. The earth, the world. ब्यवर्भा Yet, still, now, at once. अवर s. m. A. cloud, now, at present. অব্যক্ষ s. ze. Tale, mica. अवल ady. Weak, feeble, infirm. अनलक, Picbald, party colored black and white. A woman. अञ्चला adj. f. Weak, powerless. s. f. क्षापन s. m. Womanliness, feminity. ष्यवसाधै क.f. } Weakness. र्वनापा ≉.m. 🕻 चनली adj. Weak. s. f. A row, range, continuous line. अवसीकन s. m. Sight, seeing. चनम adj. Powerless, without choice, आवम (adj. Beyond one's control, pow-अवन ∫ erless, impotent. अवस् adj. Unreal, ideal, imaginary. चनन adj. Without clothes, naked. भवमें } Form this time, henceforth. अवसे दूर (An expression of those who after reciting past misfortune, pray to be preserved from a return of it,) Far b: if from us !

अवहीं है Even now, just now.

चवान adj. Dumb, speechless.

चनाक adj. Speechless, silent, dumb.

अवाधा True, unobstructed, unopposed, खनार s. m. The near bank of a river, its hither side. चित्र adj. Hidden, unintelligible; any invisible principle. अविक्र गणित s. f. Arithmetic of unknown quantities, algebra. पविकार adj. Changeless, enduring. परिकल adj. Immovable, constant. का विचल adj . Motionless, immovable, unmoved, unshaken, resolute, firm. अविवार s.m. Want of consideration ; injustice. स्रविचारी m. adj. Destitute of con-स्रविचारियों f. sideration or reflection; unjust (woman or man). खाबिद्या s.f. Ignorance. चित्रय s.m. Pertness, wantonness, want of submission. श्चित्रम् s.m.Exemption from loss, safety. श्रीवृत्ताकी adj. Safe, entire, free from loss; everlasting, eternal, undecayable, imperishable. अविनीस adj. Wanton, pert, petulant. पशिन्द adj. Without dot or nasal character. चित्रेक s. m. Want of discrimination, indiscretion. भविनेकता s.f. Indiscreetness, indiscre अबिवेकी adj. Indiscreet, inconsiderate, void of discretion. विदोध s. m. Without contention ; tranquillity, quietness. चविरीधी रे adj. Quiet, tranquil. व्यविरीधिनी (खनिसम् s. m. Quickness, diligence. चवित्रास s. n. Want of confidence, distrust, incredulity. adj. Without confi-चित्रयामी m. dence distrustful. चविश्वासीन f. षविषासिनी *f*. आ विषेश s. m. Caste mark, bathing. चित्रम adj. Without desire,t. indifferen

અમિ

अबी adv. Now, exactly now.

প্ৰায় s. f. Ignorance. adj. Ignorant, stupid.

अवीज Grain that does not germinate.

Holi festival.

अनुहिसान् adj. Unwise, ignorant, foolish.
अनुह | adj. Stupid, foolish, ignorant,
अनुम | void of understadning.

भव्य र s. m. Void of or deficient in un-

भने interj. (used by way of contempt) Holla! you fellow ryou rascal! sirrab.

खनोध s. m. Ignorance, stupidity. adj. Ignorant, stupid; puzzled, perplexed.

चवीयगम्य adj. Incomprehensible.

भनीधनीय adj. Unintelligible.

भवील adj. Silent.

মন্ত s. m. The nymphen or lotus; the moon; a coach; a tree (Eugenia-acutangula); the physician of the gods; a large number, million of millions.

wall s. m. The ocean.

खिलाफ s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.

wanfu s. m. Submarine fire.

ঘণনা s. f. Want of desire or faith, disregard, indifference, not believing, not attached to.

ৰাণলি s.f. Incredulity, unbelief, want of devotion to. [to.

অমালিদাৰ adj. Unbelieving, undevoted অসম adj. Fearless, undaunted e.m. The root of a fragrant grass (Andropogon muricatum).

सभवदान । s. m. Assurance of safety सभवदास or protection, encouragement. [[lis citrina].

भाषा s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Termina-भाषा s. m. Jowels, ornaments, decoration.

भारम adj. Without credit or respect or character, disgraced, dishonoured. abharam karna, v. a. To disgrace.

प्रभाग s. m. Misfortune, adversity.

भागा m. भगागिनी f. भगागिनी f. चमागी f. adj. Unfortunate, destitute, wretched, forlorm.

चमांच s. m. Misfortune. adj. Unfortunate, wretched.

THE adj. Light (not heavy).

चमान s. m. Non-existence, nonentity. a deficiency; annihilation, death.

স্থানি prep. Before (in time and place), against, with respect to; (it is the reverse of মন).

प्रभित्त s.m. An incantation to destroy. प्रभित्तित s.m. A division of time, the eighth सूर्य or hour; the 21st constellation or lunar asterism.

क्रियान s. m. A name, an appellation ; a vocabulary, a dictionary.

षभिनव adj. Recent, new.

ৰ্ণিয় adj. Undivided. s. m. An integer, a whole number.

শ্লিঘ্য s. m. Meaning, intention, design, wish, purpose, desire, scope, sontiment, opinion, sense; the main purport of a book.

আগবাৰ s. m. Obeisance, a how or prostration to a person addressed by name; also, an opprobrious or unfriendly speech.

ভাগন্য adj. Subdued, defeated, humbled, আগনের adj. Approved, chosen'; wished,

desired; agreed, accepted; assented to. [ness, desirableness.

যদিনবা s. f. Desire, love; agreeableযদিন্দ s. m. Pride, haughtiness, selfconceit, arrogance.

अभिमानता e.f. Pride, arrogance.

सभिमानी } adj. Proud, haughty, at 🔸

approaching. adv. Towards; in front of or presence of.

श्रामसुखना s. f. Presence, proximity. श्राधरना v. n. To quarrel, taangle, brawl. श्रामिन s. m. Intended, designed.

प्रतिज्ञाच m. } s. Wish, desire, inclina-चित्रज्ञाना f. } tion.

षभिखाषी adj. Wishing, desiring.

স্থানবাহ s. m. Opprobrious or unfriendly speech.

सनिवादन s. m. Obeisance, a bow or prostration to a person addressed by name.

चिमिन्द s. m. Son of Arjun,

चामरम s. m. Beautiful, handsome, charming.

আমিবিল adj. Anointed to office, installed, imbued with, inaugurated.

wfr? s. m. Bathing, sprinkling; the word is often used for initiation, royal unction, fe., sprinkling with the water of the Ganges, or water in which various articles have been immersed, being an essential part of the rites; also, for a religious ceremony, including the presentation of a variety of articles, fruits, gens, &c., along with water or fluid sybstances for the bathing of the idol to which worship is offered.

श्रीमार s. m. A. lover's appointment, assignation.

wभिशारिका s.f. A woman who makes or who goes to an assignation, a lewd woman,

षमियारिका adj. f. A woman who makes or keeps an assignation, a lewd woman.

चिमचरियों f. } adj. Going to an ap-चिमचरी m. ∮ pointment or assignation. will adv. Just now, exactly now, immediately, instantly, presently, already.

चनीत adj. Fearless, undaunted.

चभीति s. f. Fearlessness.

ence or distinction.

भनीर s. m. A man of the low herd

षमोध्यत } adj. Beloved, desired, wished भगेष्ट for.

ৰম্' adv. Hitherto, yet. [not past.
মানুর adj. Non-existent, not existing,
মানুর adj. Alike, indiscriminate, inমানুর divisible inseparable, impenotrable; known, public s. m. A
similarity; identity, absence of differ-

चमेरा s. m. Collision, impact, bump. अभीग Unfit for use, unenjoyed, unpossessed.

प्रमोनो adj. Fasting. [able.

अभीज्य adj. Unfit to be eaten, not eat. अध्यासत s. m. A guest, a visitor. adj. Arrived.

अध्यास s. m. Study, meditation, practice.

प्रभागी adj. Studious, practising, exercising, repeating. [tale.

মৰ s. m. The sky or atmosphere, a cloud, মূলৰ s. m. The mineral substance called tale.

খনদাৱনকা । .m. Trilles, trifling; a ঘনদাখননা | porson of little estimation. খনদাল s. m. A disaster, a calamity, an evil omen, inauspiciousness, ill luck. adi, Inauspicious, unlucky, ovil.

अभवूर s.m. Parings of the mangoodried in the sun.

यमन्य adj. Unmanly.

चमन्यता s. f. Unmanliness.

आमनीनीत adj. Disapproved; reprobate. आमनीयोग s. m. Inattention.

चमनीयीयी adi. Inattentive.

चननोष्टर adj. Disagrecable, displeasing, unattractive, खम्

चन्ना s.f. Disinterestedness, indifference, stoicism.

चन् adj. Immortal, exempt from death, long-lived, everlasting; the Deity; the name of a Sanskrit lexicographer.

चमरता s. f. Immortality.

waying s. m. The state of an immortal, immortality.

खमरलीका s.m. Heaven, the region of immortality. magnifera). पमरा s. m. The hog-plum (spendies

अमराई s. f. A garden of mangoe trees. चमरावती s. f. The capital or celestial

city of sa. rum). चमदत s. f. A guava (Psydium pyrife-

श्वमर्थाद) s. f. Disrespect, indignity, dishonour, slight, affront.

भमान s. m. Intoxication. adj. Pure, clean, bright.

अप्रमलदार s. m. One who has command. अप्रमलदारी s. f. Government.

चमलतास s. m. Cassia fistula.

चामलपही s. f. A kind of stitching.

अमिन adj. Clean, pure.

चनाव्य s. m. A minister, counsellor, a senator, a statesman, an adviser.

चनाना v. n. To be contained, to go into. पनानी adj. Incredulous, inattentive; without pride, humble, modest.

adj. Incredible.

अमाननीय (

खमातुष s. m. Not human.

चानावट s. m. The inspissated juice of the mangoe.

चमावस ? s.f. The conjunction of the अभावस sun and moon, the change of the moon or day of new moon.

षश्चिट adj. Indelible, not defaced. चामित adj. Unmeasured.

चनी s. f. The water of life, nectar.

WHE adj. Such a one, a certain person. पत्रका adj. Inferior, ordinary. [bodied.

चम् वत्, Formless, shapeless, unem-

पम्ल adj. Destitute of a root or origin. पमस s m. The food of the gods, ambrosia, nectar ; immortality, any thing sweet, water, wine, a guava; final emancipation.

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च्यस्तवा s. f. Immortality. F cloth. चसती adj. Nectarious. s. f. A kind of अमेधा s. m. Fæces, excrement.

चनीच adj. Productive, fruitful; infallible, effectual.

प्रमील adj. Inalnable.

अव्य s. m. A mangoe, a mangoe trec. अनत adj. Sour.

Idulated. भव्यताना v. n. To grow sour, to be aci-

का व्याचार s.m. The sky or atmosphere; clothes, apparel; a perfumo (Ambergris).

आवराई s. f. A mangoe orchard or grove. चव्या 8. f. Mother.

खन्यारी s. f. A canopy, a litter used on an elephant or camel. Siv.

चिका s.f. A name of Bhawani wife of षब्बिया s. f. A small unripe mangoe. पद s. m. Water.

अवन) s.m. The lotus (Nymphees चर्मांज (nelumbo).

चनील adj. Silent, speechless.

खाया s. f. Mother.

wat s. m. The hog-plum (Spondias magnifera).

खबत s. m. A guava (Psydiumpyrife-अस adj. Acid. sour. s. m. Sourness. acidity.

खबता s. f. Sourness, acidity.

अञ्चान s. m. Globe amaranth (Gomphrena globosa). adj. Clean, clear.

व्ययसन adj. Without endeavour, easy, without pains. Inot true.

ज्ञवार्थ adj. Improper; unrighteous, चायन s. m. A road, a path, the half year, i. e. the sun's course north or south of the equator.

www s. m. Dishonour, infamy.

क्रयाना adj. Ignorant, unknowing, witless, simple.

चपुत्र adj. Unfit, incompatible. s. m. Violence, oppression, compulsion.

खदुन adj. Ten thousand.

पयोग adj. Separate, disunited.

अयोग्य adj. Unfit, incompatible, incompetent, unable, unsuitable.

आयोग्यता s. f. Unfitness, unsuitableness, incongruity, improviety.

অমীআ adj. Not to be warred against. s.f. The capital of Ram, the modern Onde.

स्वरंद्ध s. f. The root of Arum colocasia. स्वरंद्ध s. f. Vigilance, activity, cloverness, ingenuity. § 5965 [Arcot. स्वरंदाट s. m. A city in the Deccan, स्वरंदाट s. m. A pilot. adj. Belonging

to arkst, or arcot. অংথিন adj. Unprotected, undefended. অংবলাঃ m. A perfume of a yellowish colour and compounded of several

scented ingredients. सराजी adj. Dyed with arguja,(as garments, &c.)

करण adj. Separate, apart, distinct. करणाई s.f. Being silent.

ৰাবাৰ v. a. To separate, put on one side. v. n. To be separated, set apart.
ৰয়ে s. m. A ceremonial oblation of

चरचा s. m. ∆ vessel shaped like a boat for libation in Hindu devotions.

water.

आरच } s.m. An oblation of eight in-अर्च } gredients offered to a god or a brahman.

सुरक्षमा v. n. To be ravelled or intangled, involved (as thread or the hair, or, met the heart); to be bound (as in fetters, gc.); to quarrel without cause or unreasonably.

were s.m. (or arno-bhynsa), A wildbuffalo; cow dung found dried in tho forest, (used as fuel by the native apothecaries in the preparation of medicines.

अप्रयो s. f. A female wild buffalo.

ates s. m. The tree from which castor-oil is made (Ricinus oulgaris or palma Christi). [Christi.

s. f. The truit of the Palma

भरता v. n. To stop, hesitate.

wayer v. n. To present an offering.

भरवराना v. n. To hurry, be confused, confounded, perplexed. agitated, embarrassed. [nelumbo).

মংকিল্ s. m. The lotus (Nymphwa মংকী s.f. A species of Arum, the root of which is used for food (Arum colocasis); called also, ghóyan, ghóoyan, and in Bengal, kachchá.

TH adj. Without juice, sapless, insipid, tasteless; dull, flat (as a composition).

बरसा s. m. Guess, conjecture, valuation, appraisement; a mediator, a broker. [eyes as if just awake. परशेकिया adj. Having weak eyes, with बरहर s. m. An engine for raising water. वर्षा s. f. A kind of pulse (Cytisus ca-jon). [country).

पराजन acy. Destitute of a king पराधना v. n. To worship, adore.

WITH s. m. Marks of nails left after scratching.

परि s. m. An enemy.

**Rice s. m. Garlick, the neemb troe (Melia szad-dirachts), a crow, good fortune, happiness, misfortune, sign or symptom of death.

All faintery, (used in calling to or ad-

dressing, commonly in a disrespectfulway). Ho! O! hear, you!

भरीत s.f. Unpoliteness, incivility, bad manners.

ষাৰ conj. And. [from pregnancy.
ছাৰ্ছ s.f. Sickness at stomach arising
ঘৰ্ষি s.f. Sickness at stomach, nausca;
aversion, dislike; want of appetite,
disrelish, dirgust.

जन्म s. m. The sun; the dawn; the colour of the dawn, dark red.

মন্ত্ৰাহ s.f. The dawn; the colour of the dawn, dark red.

भर्बोद्य s. m. The first appearance of the dawn, break of day.

अप्रकृतिपाल s. m. A ruby.

স্থান্য s.m. A medicinal plant or tree, (Justicia adhatoda and gandarussa). মা interj. (used in calling to or addressing, commonly in a disrespectful way), Holla ho! O! hear you!

आदेव s.m. Guilt.

प्रशेष adj. Free from disease, healthy, well. s. m. Health.

अरोगी adj. Well, in health.

আৰ s. m. The sun; a plant (Calatropis gigantea), swallow-wort (Asclepias gigantea).

चकेदिन s. m. A solar day.

अभ्रम्बङ्ग s. m. The disc of the sun.

अक्षेत्र 8. m. A solar year.

भकींग s. m. A digit or twelfth of the sun's disc.

अविभिन्न s. m. A crystal lens; a ruby. अविभिन्न s. m. The sun-stone; a ruby; a crystal lens.

वर्गना s.m. A perfume of a yellowish colour and compounded of several scented ingredien s.

भव की adj. Dyed with arguja (as garmente, &c.).

र्चनी s. m. A rope stretched, or a

wooden rol or bamboo placed horizontally for drying clothes on or for similar purpose.

श्रुषे s. m. Mode of worship; an oblation of eight ingredients to a god or a brahman; act of pouring out water in honour of a deity (the sun moon &c.) while performing worship; price, value.

अवर्ष s. m. A vessel shaped like a boat, used by the Hindus for performing libation in their worship of idols.

अर्थेक adj. Worshipping, a worshipper, an adorer.

स्वर्षेता v. s. To worship, honour, treat with ceremony.s. f. Worship, the homage paid. to distics and to superiors. ज्यार्च s. f. Worship, adoration, an image, वर्षच s. m. Flame; light, splendour, radianec.

अधित adj. Worshipped, reverenced, respected, saluted. [quisition.

खर्जन s. m. Act of acquiring ; gain. ac-अर्जना v. a. To gain, acquire.

अर्जुन s. m. A celebrated hero, the third son of Pandu; a tree (Terminalia alsta glabra).

अप्रपंत s. m. The ocean.

खत्वा s. m. A patron, a protector.

स्र दं s. m. Intention, object, design, motive; sake, cause; meaning, signification, acceptatio; property, wealth, goods, riches, substance; request, begging. Tapasyarth, For devotion's sake, for devotional purposes.

चरेषास्त्र s. m. The science which teaches how to obtain things, as friends, money, or any other object.

चर्यसिश्चि s. f. Success.

चर्चान् adv. That is to say, viz.

adj. Supplicating, craving, desir-

ons, the having an object to accomplish; self-interested, designing. s.m. A petitioner, s. f. A bier.

अवींया s. m. A follower, a client, a protégé, a person recommended.

चर्चा s. m. Coarsely- ground meal.

बदांच s. f. Representation, offering to a deity.

पर्व ady. Half.

Circle. ज्यहेनच् A crescent, a half-moon, a semi-

अकेमान s.m. A half.

चारेराव s. f. Midnight.

चढांड s. m. Half the body ; palsy affecting one side or the upper or lower part of the body, hemiplegia,

अशोकी adi. One afflicted with the hemiplegia. s. f. A wife.

प्रेंच s. m, The making an offering ; delivering, entrusting; an offering, Arpan karna, v. a. To present an offering, deliver, entrust.

चर्पना v. a. To present an offering. चर्व adi. One hundred millions. Arb

kharb, Innumerable. wein adj. Low, inferior, vile. adv. Former, prior in time.

चनेद वर्ता. One hundred millions.

पभक s. m. A child, a pupil.

पराँटा s. m. A long and prolonged sound (as from the discharge of artillery or the fall of a building).

ম্বানা v. n. To produce a continued sound as a mill: the word being an imitation of the sound).

खर्मपर्भे s. m. Partial bathing (throwing a very little water on the head with one's hand instead of bathing), sprinkling or aspersion ; act of touching.

S. m. A soogut or follower of the doctrines of Boodah.

THE S.M. Orament (of dress), trinket, jewel: rhetorick."

चनुत्र ady. Adorned, ornamented, embellished.

wer adj. Naked. s. f. Side, way, corner, entrenchments. Is along, On this side

অবন s.f. A ringlet, curl or lock of hair. चलकानदा s. f. A stream that runs from the Himalaya mountains, and falls into the Ganges near Srinagar,

चलवावित s. f. A row of side curls.

প্ৰবৃত্ব s. m. A bad sign or ill omen. चलवणी adj. Unfortunate, ill-fated.

মলস্ত ৷ atj. Invisible, unseen ; a form সত্ত J of salutation among a class of mendicants.

पलम । adj. Separate, apart, distinct, अलगा (loose, aloof, aside, asunder ; unconfined. Alay alag, adv. Separately. चलगढलम adv. Apart.

चलगनी s.f. A. line for hanging clothes पदारा adj. Separate, apart, distinct, free, loose, unconfined. s. m. A. sandal '

चलगाई s. f. Separation. fone side. भन्ताना v.a. To separate, disjoin, put on মন্ত্রে s. m. Ornament (of dress), trinket, jewel ; rhetoric.

चल्डन adj. Adorned, ornamented, embellished. ments.

चलक s.f. Side, way, corner, entrench-चल्डमन् s. f. Trifling talk or employment.

चलतनी s. f. The rope round the neck of an elephant in which the driver puts his feet as in stirrups.

भवता । s. m. Cotton strongly impreg-भावता । nated with the dye of lac ready to be used for dyeing, &c. (principally used by the Hindu women for staining their feet red).

अक्षवेत्रपना s. m. Foppishness, spruceness, airs and blandishments.

ৰাষণ s. m. Blandishments, coquetry.
ঘণ্টাৰ adj. Artless, simple, innocent.
s. m. A fop, a beau. [adequate to.
ঘণাৰ adj. Enough, abundance; able,
ঘণাৰ Not to be attained, unattainable,
ঘণাৰ s. m. Leziness, sloth, idleness,
drowsiness, inactivity. adj. Lazy,
idle, indolent.

चलचाना v. n. To doze, be drowsy; to slacken. [simum).

चलंसी s. f. Linseed (Linum usitatis-

মন্ত্ৰ A chain, a chain for building an elephant to a post.

মন্তাম s. m. Discourse, conversation. s.f. Prelude to singing.

चनायना v. n. To tune the voice, to run over the different notes previous to singing, to catch the proper key, to sing, to tune.

आवाद s. m. A bonfire.

. चलावा adv. Besides.

wie s. m. A large black bee, a scorpion, an Indian cuckoo (*Cuculus indicus*), a crow, spirituous liquor.

মণিনি A female bee.

पद्धी s. m. A large black bee, fabled to be enamoured of the lotus. s.f. A female friend.

ৰবীৰ s. m. Falsehood, untruth, any thing displeasing or disagreeable. odj. False, unpleasing.

चनित s.m. Not melted, not dissolved. चनेच That can not be written, that can not be taken account of.

चलेयावलेया s.f. Sacrifice, victim; lighted wisps with which the Hindus divert themselves at the season of the dewáli.

चवीकन s. m. Disappearance, invisibility.
चवीचा } adj. Not salt, fresh, saltless,
चवीचा } insipid.

स्वीप adj. Concealed, defaced, retired, run out, destroyed; apparent.

श्रक्षीपना v. a. Toe conceal, hide one's self, lie hid.

ম্বনীৰ s. f. Gambol (generally applied to a horse). adj. Steady.

ষ্ঠালক্ষীল s.f. Gambols, playsomeness, wantonness. [supernatural, খলীদ্ধিক adj. Uupopular, not current, খাদীদিক s.m. Not of this world, supernatural.

चन्य adj. Little, small, few, short,

ज्ञला s. m. A person of defective, meagre or limited knowledge.

भवता s. f. Smallness, minuteness; inferiority, insignificance.

ष्यवासभाव adj. Insignificant, of little weight or consequence.

भ्रत्यमाच adj. Of litte authority.

भक्षप्रभाषक adj. Credulons, resting on little evidence; of little weight or authority.

क्षण्यम adj. Feeble of little strength.
चलाइडि adj. Ignorant, silly, unwise.
चलाच s. m. A little, a little only;
a short time, a few moments.

মুখ্যাল adj. Weak, feeble. [years.
মুখ্যাল adj. Short-lived; young, of a few মুখ্যাম্য adj. Moderate, abstemious. s.m. Moderation, abstinence.

মনাভাগ adj. Moderate, abstemious. মন্ত্ৰালা v. n. To bawl, scream, squeak. অবহুত্ব adj. Young, untaught (animal), unskilful.

पनहाना v. n. To rejoice, to be cheerful. पन्हेया s. f. Name of a raginee or musical mode. . [Oujein.

खारीतचा s.f. Name of a city, the modern चन prep. From, down from, off, away: it is the reverse of चा and is sometimes used to devote deprivation, disgrace, disjunction, &c. स्वकास s. m. Leisure, opportunity; In- | प्रतिषे passed down, deceased, incarnatterval, space.

खबनेत्री adj. Barren.

खानात adj. Known, understood.

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wanfa s. f. Knowledge in general.

भनगा ह s. m. Bathing, ablution.

भवनीम adj. Detested, reproached, wicked, vile. s. m. Reproach, blame.

s. m. Defect, blemish, vice. षवग्न (

खावचट Uneven, rugged, inaccessible, steen.

खनगढ Awkward, indiscreet, impleasant. अप्रवचट) adv. Backwards, against the भौषट 🕻 bend or joint.

भक्ता s. f. Contempt, despite, disregard, disrespect.

व्यवज्ञानारी s.m. A contemptuous person. चवरेर s. m. Deceit, deception.

ब्रावडी } adj. Cavernous, deep.

. भावटर compassion towards the lowly. चनतंत्र s. m. A crest, an earing, an or-

nament. भवतरना v. a. To descend, especially as

an incarnation of the Deity. MANIX s. m. Birth, descent, incarnation, especially of a deity from heaven; the appearance of any deity upon earth, but more particularly the mythological incarnations of Vishau in ten principal forms, viz. Matsys. a fish ; Kachchapa, a tortoise ; Varaha, a boar; Nrisingha, a man-lion; Vamana, a dwarf ; Parushram, Ram ; Krishna : Budha and Kalkee : a pious or distinguished person in the language of respect or flattery, is also called an Avatar, a descent or incarnation of the deity; a teerth or sacred place; translation, translating; crossing.

ed. mans.

खादीच s. m. A tribe of Guiratee brahway s. f. Agreement, promise, engagement; the province of Aioddhua or Oude.

चनवान adj. Cautious, attentive. s. m. Caution, attention. भविष s. m. Limit, adv. As far as, as wafu s. m. The ocean.

चापत s. m. Large gigantic.

अप्रधेश 8. m. The Lord of Onde i.e. Ram.

was adj. Not fit to be slaughtered.

चर्रान } s.f. The earth, the world.

चर्नानका s. f. The city of Ujjain. चन adj. Low, vile, inferior.

भवश्व s. m. A limb, a member.

चनर } Low, inferior, hinder, hence. भीर s. m. A soodra.

भवराधक More prop.

खनराधना More prop.

चर्च Badly turned, deformed ugly.

चनरोध s. m. The seraglio of a place, the queen's apartment, a place, a covering ; hindrance, obstruction.

चवर्षेण s. m. Drought.

भवतम्ब s. m. Asylum, protection. adj. Depending, hanging down.

चवस्थित adj. Quick, expeditious; alighting, descending; protected, charished.

भवलञ्च । s. m. Impropriety, act or mark पलचण ∫ of ill omen.

चन्ता s. f. A woman, a female.

Will s. f. A. line, a string (of animals) file, row.

कारजीकन s.m. View, sight, the looking at any object, the surveying of any object.

वादलीकाना v.a. To see.

कावणीचित s. m. A Jain saint. adj. Seen.

स्वस् adj. Subject to another; helpless स्वशिष्ट adj. Left, remaining. [plus. प्रशिष s. m. A residue, a remnent, sur-प्रश्च adv. Certainly, necessarily, positively, actually, really.

বাষাৰ adj. Necessary, inevitable, indispensable. [certainty.

चनम्मकता s.f. Necessity, obligation; स्थाप र s.m. Occasion, time, opportu-गोपर sity, leisure, a moment.

चनान s. m. Conclusion, termination, cessation; death, boundary, limit. चनमि adv. Surely, undoubtedly.

खासेर s. m. Anxiety solicitude, care. भवसेरी s. f. Lateness, delay, slowness, Uncasiness.

चवस्ता s.f. Insubstantiality, unreality. चवस्या s.f. State, condition, any particular state varying with the progress

of time, as youth, age, &c. चवा s. f. Brick, kiln. [migration. चवायमन s. m. Coming and going, trans-चवाई s. f. Approach, advance; a sad-

dle cloth adorned with fringes, &c. चनाच adj. Dumb, speechless.

खनार s.f. Delay; injustice, tyranny. परिवत Diffusive, pervading, spreading or extending widely.

भवगनि adj. Inscrutable.

अधिक adj. Motionless, unmoved, unshaken, resolute, firm.

कविषार s.m. Want of judgment or discrimination, want of consideration, injustice.

ब्राविचारित adj. Ill judged or investigated, unconsidered.

चित्रारी m. } adj. Destitute of consi-द्यादचारियों f. deration, or reflection; unjust (woman or man).

चिविद्ध s. m. Not known, not understood.

खबिया s. f. Ignorance.

ঘৰিদ্য s. m. Pertness, wantonness, want of submission. [safety, ক্ষবিদায় s. m. Exemption from loss, ক্ষবিদায়ী adj. Safe, entire, free from loss, evertasting, eternal.

स्विमीत adj. Misbehaving, acting ill or improperly. [woman. स्विमीत s.f. An unchaste or disloyal स्विमीत adj. Without point or det.

अविरोध s. m. Without contention, tranquility, quietness.

खाँवरीधिनी f. } adj. Quiet, tranquil.

अभिज्ञ s. m. Quickness, diligence. अभिज्ञादी ady. Not disputations.

अविवेक s. m. Want of discrimination or judgment, indiscretion.

अधिकेता s. f. Indiscreteness, indiscretion, inconsiderateness, imprudence, want of judgment.

षविवेशी adj. Indiscreet, inconsiderate, void of discretion, undiscriminating. অবিথি s. m. A want of distinction. adj. Indiscriminate.

अविश्वास s. m. Want of confidence, distrust, incredulity, unbelief, suspicion, mistrust.

अविश्वासि क. अविश्वासिन् f. अविश्वासिन् f. आविश्वासिनी f.

वाविष alj. Anti-venemous, antidote, not poisonous.

स्तिषय adj. Unperceived by the senses, भतेर s. m. Helpless, weak, impotent. सनेर s. f. Delay, lateness.

wun s.m. The Supreme Being, or Universal spirit; the sonl; nature, temperament. adj. Indistinct, unapparent, invisible, imperceptible.

बाज्य s. m. An indiclinable word, s. particle; a name of Vishnu. alj. Economical, parsimonious. ù fu

भवेया s. m. Future. yet to como. बद्धवस्था adj. Irregular, without rule. भव्यवस्थित adj. Not regulated, undisciplined, not put in order. funited. श्चायवहित odj. Not interposed, joined, ख्रवाजुक adj. Calm, firm, composed. अव्यापि s. f. The not diffusing itself. alj. Not pervading. पञ्चाहत adv. Without obstruction. , अभूत adj. Impotent, feeble. সমসুৰ s. m. A bad omen, a portent. चश्क्रनी adj. Portentous, ill-omened. অসম adj. Unable, incompetent, power-[ness, impotence. ৰহানি s.f. Inability, incapability, weak-क्रम्म adj. Impossible, impracticable. चागुन s. m. A bad omen, a portent. खामगुनी adj. Portentous, ill-omened. चार adj. Fearless, undaunted ; secure, certain. पश्च s. m. Eating, food; also the Asan tree on which the tasar silk-worm feeds (Terminalia alata tomentosa). अज्ञानवसन s. m. Food and clothing. अञ्चलि s, f. The thunderbolt of Indra. चार s. m. Impression, effect. अप्राच्य adj. Without shelter, helpless. चन्नरफी s.f. A. certain gold coin, (in value £1 11s, 8d, English money, खारीरी atj. Incorporeal. बाह्य adj. Restless anxious unresign-अभानि s. f. Anxiety, restlessness. आशायल adj. Fearful, unquiet, pitiful. आशरो s. f. A rágines or musical mode : a kind of pigeon, a sort of cotton choth. [inconsistent. क्यास adj. Unlawful, illegal, irregular, काक्रास्तीय adj. Contrary to law, inconsistent with the rules of science. क्षकिचित adj. Untaught, ignorant. व्यक्ति 8. m. Inauspicious, not prosperous.

wfue adj. Unpolite, undisciplined, un-

polished, ungoverned, neglected. under the dominion of evil habits arising from a neglected (education. rude, barbarous, savage, profligate. чицч s. m. A bad omen, a portent. षग्र s. m. Impure, ceremonially unclean. कारि adj. Impure, foul, unclean (ceremonially). s.f. Impurity, www adj. Incorrect, impure, inaccurate, mistaken. Ashuddhya, odj. One who speaks or reads wrong. अपन्ता s. f. Inaccuracy, uncleanness, impurity. चग्रम adj. Unfavourable, inauspicious. unbecoming, unpropitious, bad, evil. s. m. Misfortune, calamity, inauspiciousness, unhappiness, distress, पशेष adj. Boundless endless, infinite, entire, all. अप्रभोक adj. At ease, unmolested, s, m. ease, tranquility; cheerfulness, a plant, (Jonesia asoca). बन्नीच s. m. Content, tranquility, the absence of care. पशीमा s.f. Ugliness, want of elegance. adj. Shapeless, ill-made, ugly. क्योंच s. m. Impurity ; mourning. क्रमान s. m. Bathing. खामरी s. f. The stone or gravel (the disease); strangury. वा s. m. A tear. WHIT s. f. Aversion, disgust, loathing, contempt : distrust, disbelief, बद्धे वा s. f. The ninth nakshatra or lunar mansion containing 5 stars. काञ्चीक s. m. Verse, distich. अव s. m. A. horse. ख्यमञ्चा s. f. A plant (Physalis flexuosa). आवास s. m. The holy fig-tree (Ficus

religiosa).

বৰ্ষাণা s. m. Krishna's charioteer son of Dronachajya. [vin, বনীয়াণাৰ s. m. An epithet of the Ashoজ্বৰ্ষাৰ s. m. Lord or master of horse, a person of rank attended by horsemen, a horseman,

Taffus. m. The actual or emblematic sacrifice of a horse: this sacrifice is one of the highest order, and when performed a hundred times entitles the sacrificer to the dominion of swarga or paradise: it appears to have been originally typical; the horse and other animals being simply bound during the performance of certain coromonics; the actual sacrifice is an introduction of a later period.

ষময়ল s.f. The first lunar mansion. ষমবাৰ s.m. A horseman.

ষমালা s. f. A stable. [A horseman, মন্বাহ s. m. Taste flavour. [flavour, মন্বাহিন s. m. Without taste, without মন্বাহাঁ adj. Disinterested.

ষয়ার্থী s. m. Disinterested person.

ৰাষ্টে adj. Mounted on a horse, s. m. বাৰ্ণী s. f. The first of the 24 constellations in the moon's path; hence, considered its mansions: it consists of 3 stars in the head of Aries; and is so named from ashwah, a horse, because represented by a symbol of a horse's head.

भवाद s. m. The hindu third solar month (June, July, during which the sun is in Gemini, and the full moon is near asharha. खवादा more properly called purva-asharha प्रवादादा or uttara-asharha अवर्षाद्वाद a constellation in Sagittarius). [asharha. भवादी s. f. Day of the full moon in was adj. Eight.

সংঘাৰ s. m. The eight metals, reckoned as follows by the Hindus. viz.
gold, silver, copper, brass, tin, bellmetal, lead and iron.

सम्भाती s.f. A fixed metal of iron and others, a compound of eight metals. सम्भार adj. Incessant, unremitting,

the whole day and night.

wen adj. The eighth.

स्वयमस्य s. m. A horse with white face, tail, breast and hors; collection of eight lucky things to be assembled on certain occasions, as at a coronation, &c. as a lion, bull, an elephant, a water jar, a fan, a flag, a trumpet, and a lamp; or a brahman, a cow, fire, gold, ghee, the sun, water, and a king.

a king.

we'ke'k f. The eighth day of the moon.

we'ke'k s. m. The eight siddhis, a

superior order of beings; a personification of the powers and laws of

nature; when they are subjected

to the will by holiness and auste

rities, whatever the fancy desires,

may, it is said, be obtained; universal sovereignty may be acquired,

and implicit obedience to any com
mand enforced; the magnitude,

weight, or levity of the body may be

rendered invisible, and transported

in an instant to any part of the universe.

wg(w s. m. Eight parts of man, viz. the hands, feet, thighs, breast, eyes, head, words and mind.

verwants e.m. Prostration in salutation or adoration, so as to touch the ground with the eight principal parts of man, viz. the hands, feet, thighs, breast, eyes, head, words and mind.

चसंक adj. Fearless, andismayed, used also adverbially.

with adj. Countless, innumerable. परंगत adi. Improper, absurd, bad.

чичи s. m. Absence of self restraint. incontinene.

चसंयमौ s. m. Au incontinent person.

चारंथीम s. m. Want of opportunity. प्रसंगोपी s. m. Unsatisfied, dissatisfied. पसंभय adj. Undoubted.

were s. f. Drowsiness, slothfulness, पस्कती adj. Drowsy, lazy.

चराय s, m. A. plant used medicinally (Physalis flexuosa).

चरान्त adj. Unfit, untrue, improper, not good or fit, not respectable or of good family. [tent, untrue, false. was adi. Unholy, ungodly, non-exis-

चसती adj. Disloyal or unchaste (a wife). चमल adı, Untruc, false. s.m. Untruth. चसयी adj. Liar, untrue. [mentosa].

चरन s. m. A tree (Terminalia alata to-चन्तर adj. Discontented, dissatisfied, displeased.

चसनी स s. m. Discontent, displeasure.

असमान s. m. Disrespect. [polite. were adj. Rude, unfit for society, un-

चरनका s. m. Doubt, suspense, uncertainty; unconformity, disparity, difference.

भसमय adv. Out of season, premature. s.m. A time of misfortune; an improper time, a time of distress.

असमर्थ adj. Powerless, feeble, weak ; unable, incompetent.

जनगन adj. Different ; unlike : unequal. चरनात्र adj. Unfinished, incomplete.

चरनामि s. f. Incompleteness.

चयुष्य adj. Incomplete, not entire.

www adj. Not joined or united.

चासमा adi. Uncommon, inconsistent.

incompatible, improbable, unlikely. nnreasonable.

वास्त्रात adj. Dissentient, differing from > averse, contrary.

अस्यात s. f. Dissent, difference, of opinion, dislike aversion.

अप्रयाग s. m. Disrespect, disgrace.

wave adj. Unprotected, helpless.

THE s. f. Lineage, foundation, origin.

चरवार s. m. A. horsoman.

कासका adi. Intolerable, insufferable. असहन adj. Impatient, not bearing with,

unable to endure. भरहनीय adi. Unbearable, unsufferable.

व्यस्ताई (adj. Unbefriended, helpless. असहाय s.m. One who has no assistant, helper.

चसका adj. Intolerable, unbearable.

असाचात adv. Not in the presence of. in the absence of. [evidence.

चवाची s.m. False testimony, without weren s. m. A want of testimony, adj. Without credit or reputation.

असास adi. Without credit or reputation. असाखी s. m. False testimony without evidence.

असोच s. m. Untrue, unreal.

were adj. Addicted to bad company.

खाराची adj. Upstart, stranger, unknown

असाह adj. Without desire or energy ; were adj. Evil-minded ; without desire or energy; lazy.

wery adj. Unrighteous, bad, immoral, wicked.

चसाधता s. f. Wickedness.

प्रशास adj. Unable, weak, incapable; impossible, incurable.

जसामधे adj. Powerless, weak. .

कासानी s. m. Defendant in a law-suit, a debtor, office, place,

were adj. Sapless, pithless; vain, un-

profitable; hollow (like a reed); foolish, weak of understanding.

चसावधान adj. Careless, inadvertent. चसावन adj. Fearful, unquiet, pitiful.

परावरी s.f. A musical mode; a kind of pigeon; a sort of cotton cloth.

आसाइस s. m. Want of bravery, cowardice, fear.

चमाइसी 8. m. Coward.

षांच s. m. A sword, a scimitar.

अभित s. m. The colour black.

মনির adj. Not effected; invalid, false; unripe; imperfect, incomplete; unaccomplished.

ऋसिपच s. m. Blade of a sword or scimi-चर्मों वा adj. Not watered, not irrigated (a field, \$c.)

बसीमा adj. Unbounded, unlimited.

चरीन s.m. Blessing, benediction, return of compliment from a Hindu superior (a brahman). [salutation. चतीनोह s.m. A benediction, blessing;

wey s. m. Life, breath; the five vital breaths or airs of the body; reflection, thought, or the heart as the seat of it; affection.

चसीस s. f. Blessing, benediction.

भास s. m. Sorrow, uneasiness, restlessness, affiction, pain. .

बाह्य adj. Uneasy, unhappy, sorrowful; restless, afficted,

अस्यन s. m. Bad omen, a portent. अस्य s. m. Impure, foul,

अस्य चेत्रं. Incorrect, impure, inaccurate; mistaken.

and in constant hostility with the yods).

चासरी s.f. Black mustard seed.

भूम adj. Invisible, incorporeal.

भारता s. f. Detraction, malice, slander.

असेवा s.f. Disobedience.

असें adv. This year.

ञ्चचीग s. m. Ease, tranquility; a tree (Uvaria longifolio).

चरोगी adj. At ease, unmolested.

चरीच s. m Impossible to be effected by reflection or by study.

ৰধীৰ *adj*. Not contrivable, impossible to be effected by reflection or study, not to be regretted. [cerned.

भसीची adj. Careless, indifferent, uncon-भसीची s. m. Careless person.

चरोत्र s. m. The sixth solar month.

चलीमा adj. Shapeless, ill-made, ugly.

মন্দ s. m. The trunk of a tree, fast
pillar, stoppage. [To set (the sun).

चल s.m. Setting of the sun. ast hone, चलर s.m. Lining.

ষক্ষাৰ adj. Dispersed, scattered, confused, agitated, perplexed, helter skelter, in confusion.

यसायस n. prop. A mountain in the west, behind which the sun is supposed to set.

चस्त s. f. Praise, eulogy, glorification, an anthem, a hymn. [in general.

चस्त्र s. m. A missile weapon, a weapon चस्त्रभारी s. m. Armed person.

पद्धनिया s. f. The military science. [war. पद्धनेद s. m. The science of arms and स्वस्तास s. m. Weapons, arms.

चस्त्रहीन adj. Unarmed, defenceless.

মহাল } s.m. Place, site, soil, dry or হল } firm ground; place or stand of a Hindu mendicant.

चलान s. m. Place, adode, residence.

चस्त्रावर odj. Movable, moving, not fixed. चरित्र s. m. A bone.

चिख्यकार s.m. A. skeleton.

बिस्सम s. m. A fracture; a plant of supposed efficacy in fractures (Cissus quadrangularis). wounding a bone.

बह

चित्रमय रे Mere bories, nothing but कांच्यामा bones.

पश्चिर s. m. Moveable, unsteady.

चित्र adj. Restless, unsteady; unstable, uncertain.

श्रास्त्रा s.f. Unsteadiness, instability, fickleness, mutability.

चहित्रव adj. Bony, osseous. [bones, चहित्रभी व s.m. Dryness and decay of the ख्रास्थित क f. Uniting of a broken bone. चालेचे s.m. Instability unsteadiness. स्वयं क adj. Harsh, unkind. s.m. Un-

kindness, want of affection.

आस्त्रश्रीय adj. Impure, not to be touched. आस्त्रश्री adj. Intangible.

www adj. Indistinct.

क्रसम्बद्धा adj. Not to be touched.

सुस्राप s. m. Forgetfulness, forgetting. प्रकृति s.f. Want of memory, forgetfulness.

आव s. m. A corner; hair; blood; a tear.

चको adj. Eighty.

चार pron. I.

erviαdv. Do not, not, no, nay.

आइदार s. m. Pride, egotism, arrogance, haughtiness, conceit.

ब्रह्मरो) adj. Haughty, arrogant, वसंक्रत) proud, self-important.

पहरी A kind of military corps.

भइमक A block-head, dunce, fool.

आइमाति s.f. Spiritual ignorance ; conceit; self-love.

wat s. m. A reservoir for collecting rain-water to water the fields; fuel made of cow-dung.

Two f. A small canal or aqueduct to convey water.

क्रकवित adj. Unhappy. sorrowful, वक्ष्या Wife of Gautama, बादा interj. Do not, no, nay. बादाचा interj. Expressive of surprise, pain, pleasure, &c. ah! aha!

आइनिशि adv. Day and night.

west s. m. Starch, glue, paste; aliment, food, victuals.

कादारना v. a. To paste, to starch.

चाहिंसन adj. Uninjurious, harmless, inoffensive, innocuous.

पहिसा s. f, Harmlessness, doing injury to nothing.

जाहि s. m. A. serpent.

अहिन s. m. Enmity, want of affection.

adj. Hostile, inimical; hurtful, prejudicial. [unkindly.

षहितवारी alj. Adverse, inimical, acting अहितना adj. Hating, adverse, inimical.

यहिमदन s. m. An abode of snakes, a snake's hole. [snake.

ऋदिकीन s. A. The saliva or venom of a अधिकास Good fortune, auspiciousness.

सहोर s. m. A cowherd, a cast or tribe whose business it is to attend on cows.

अहीरपी } s.f. A female of the aheer

बड़ी interj. O! sign of the vocative,

चाहित्स s. m. Causeless, groundless, without motive or purpose.

आहेतक adj. Canseless, groundless.

अहर s. f. Prey, game, hunting.

अहेरिया है s.m. A sportsman, a hun-

wits s. f. A plant (Asparagus racemosus).

चड़ी interj. O ! holls ! wonderful ! चड़ीराज adv. Day and night.

ws s. m. A die, cubic or oblong, for playing with, the spots on dice.

चनत adj. Infallible, indelible. s. m. pres. part. Remaining, existing, conting ing, whole grain, whole grains of rice used in religious ceremonies. fried grain.

The ceremony of putting a few grains of rice on the forehead of an idol when addressed, or of a brahman when invited to an entertainment.

चामाग s. m. A degree of latitude.

चया odj. Imperishable, undecayable, durable, permanent. [ness. चयवत s. f. Durability, imperishable-चयवहच s. m. An undecayable tree.

चचयत्रोक s.m. Heaven, the imperishable world or region.

ষধ্য s. m. A letter of the alphabet.
ব্যাহা adv. Scientific, lettered, writing
an elegant hand. [gitude.
ব্যাহার s. m. A degree of latitude or lonবাধ্য s. m. An eye.

चितारा s. f. The pupil of the eye,

ৰবীছিৰী s. f. A complete army consisting of 109,850 foot, 65,610 horse, 21,870 ceariots, and 21,870 elephants.

দ্বা

The second vowel in the Nagree alphabet, nearly corresponding to a in all. A particle of reminiscence, Ah! Oh! a particle of compassion, Ah! Alas!

पाचर s. m. Letter (of the alphabet), । भाषभाव s. m. A welcome.

Tr: interj. Aye aye ! oh aye !

with s.m. A numerical figure, a number; a mark, a spot, a letter of the alphabet; the flank or part above the hip; the body; embrace; mark on cloth to shew its price.

william v. a. To mark a thing, to page

a book, to write down numbers; to value, appraise, examine, approve of. মাৰ্কা s. f. A tendril, cirrhus.

wiकरी s. f. The barb of an arrow, a book, a tenter; circle.

चांद्रग s. m. The hook or iron with which elephants are driven, a goad.

चांक्रम नारना v. a. To reduce to submission, to bring to obedience.

चांख s. f. The eye.

মান্ত হাজনী s. f. A stye on the eye-lids. মান্ত মানী v. n. To have an inflammation in the eyes, to be blear-eyed.

चाय निसीकी देखनी To receive education in any one's company.

भास किसीसे रोजन करना To meet (visit) a friend or person of rank.

আ'অ অতক্ষী v. n. To have pain in the eyes.
[auger.
আ'আ ঘৰ্ষ্ণা v. n. To look on with

মাৰ মুক্না v. n. To have eyes marked by debauch. [toxicated. মাৰ মুক্তা v. s. To be angry, to be in-মাৰ মুক্তানা v. s. To make the eyes

चांख चनकानी v. a. To make the eyes dance, to roll one's eyes in anger or as a blandishment.

भाक चौर चौर देखना है v. n. To look with भाक चौरसे देखना है great attention and deep meditation, or with anger. भाक चुरानो v. a. (To steal eyes). Not to the thend to, to avert the eyes through shame, to avoid the sight of any one. भाक दियानों v. a. (To hide one's eyes),

To be ashamed of an improper act. भाव भाषाना v. n. (To move the eye-lide

quickly). To fear. आंस उंदी करनी v.a. To be consoled by

meeting friends, to be glad.
ভাজ ভৰতবালী v. n. The eyes to fill with

चांच दावनी v. s. (To shut one's eyes). To forbid by signs.

चौच हिसानी है n. a. (.To shew one's भाष दिक्सानी . ∫ eyes). To frighten, to deter, to browbcat!

wires किया के ताल करना To do any thing after consulting the inclination of another.

कांच नरसनी To have no hope or expectation; to be mentally blind.

कांख प्यदानी v. n. To become dim (the eyes) from long expectation.

कांच प्राप्ता v. c. To open one's eyes, to stare, to be wise and prudent, to discriminate, discern, to be judicious.

बंद पहरनी v. a. To feel a pulsation in the eye. (Considered if in the right eye of a man, or the left of a woman, as an omen of some desirable event, whilst the contrary affection is regarded unlucky).

कांच फटनी v. n. To be blind.

कांच फटो पीड़बई The eye is lost and the pain is gone. (Spoken of a contention which has ceased, from the object of it being lost to both parties). [friendship. wire पेरनी v. a. To show aversion after wing फेर लीवा v. a. To turn away the eyes (as, from grief, displeasure, &c. . कांच फीड्नी v. a. To make blind; to expect or watch in vain.

wite फीडा s. m. A midge that flies into the eyes at night.

क्यांक बंद कर केनी v.a. To turn from another, to treat one with neglect; (ly and unseen. to die.

कांच क्याणा v. s. To steal away privatewire बदलमा v. a. To withdraw one's favour or affection from any one.

बाब बखाइर व कर सक्ता v. n. (Not to be able to look steadfastly in another's Ace.) To be ashamed.

काब भरके देवना v. o. To look till one's curiosity is fully satisfied.

कीय भरवाना v. n. To have eyes,full of tears, to be ready to cry.

आस नार्गी v. a.. To wink, to stop any one by a sign, to make amorous signs with the eyes.

क्षांच विषयामा v. n. To die, to perish.

कांचा मित्रावल m. रे s. Blind man's buff. च्याय मिपीली*र्ड.* 🥻

कांच भिल्ली v. n. To look steadfastly. कांक निकानी o. a. To contract friendship.

क्या वानंदके एक पीलका इ.चितियार करना v. a. To choose or accept precipitately or inconsiderately.

चांच नंदीरा s.m. Blind man's buff. कांचा रचनी v. a. To love, to entertain

friendship; to have hopes; to discern. कांच जगानी v. s. To contract friendship or affection for any one, to fall in Tunexpectedly.

खांख लड़नी To meet with one's lover खांख अकानी v. a. To wink as a hint, to communicate a secret by signs.

खांख सर्व करनी ए. a. To be angry. कांच सेकनी To contemplate the beauty of any one. ſible.

कांखने जिल्ला v. n. To become contempt-कां खरे देखने कुछ करना To do any thing knowingly and with reflection.

कांके देखना v. a. To study one's temper or inclination : to behave respectfully towards another.

कांचे नोला पोली करना v. a. To change the colour of the face from excess of

कांचाना नजानी करना Is applied to a look of intoxication or wantonness.

कांकापर बैडमा v. n. To be beloved, to sit or cause to in a very elevated place, to become dignified.

काची में पाना o. n. To intoxicate (specially applied to wine).

खांचें।में बाद बावना u. a. To commend or

puff wares of an inferior quality; to | wis adj. Having large testicles. Andapilfer or snatch away any thing quickly and privately.

खोबोंने कडबना v. n. To be seen with envy and dislike.

कांचें।में घर करना v. c. To be beloved or esteemed ; to persist in one's erroneous opinions.

काकान परवी काना v.an. To be wilfully blind, to pretend from pride not to know one's old acquaintance.

कांचामें पिरना v. n. To be always present in one's eyes, to be ever in one's mind.

कांकों में रात काटना v. a. ? To pass the चांखों में राम सेजामा v. n. I night awake. कांग s. m. The body ; a limb or member.

खांतन 🕻 s. m. A yard, area, court, in-कागना 🕻 closed space adjoining to a house.

कांच s. f. Heat, flame of a fire (not of a candle), blaze, glare,

चांच€ s. m. The end or border of cloth, veil, shawl, &c.

कांचल s. m. The end or border of a cloth, veil, shawl, &c. ; the breast (of a woman or lactescent animal).

कांजन s. m. A collyriun or application to the eye-lashes to darken and improve them, antimeny. कांजना v. a. To tinge the eyes with चांभ s. m. A tear.

चोट s.f. A knot ; envy,

कांटना v. a. To fill (a well, tank, fc.). v. n. To come or go into, to reach. बाटसंग्ट s.f. Partnership ; intrigue.

चाटी s. f. A handful, a skein of thread, a bundful, of grass, &c., a wisp, a small fagot.

चांडी s.f. Stone of fruit ; coagulation,

S.f. A testicle.

bail. s. m. A bull.

win s. f. Entrails, gut, intestine, tripe. Anta-hone r. n. To be afflicted with the coming down of the rectum. Ant girna, v. n. To void white glutinous stools.

खांची s.f. Storm, tempest, gale. Andhi hona, v. n. To engage keenly in a bad action. [command. कान adj. Other, different. s. f. Order, wife s. m. The glutinous whitish matter or mucus voided by those afflicted with a tenesmus; affection of the bowels. Anv bythna, To be afflicted. with a tenesmus, or to be in the act

कांबलनाल s.f. The navelstring, &c. of an infant. (Phyllanthus emblica). क्यांबला s.m. A kind of myrobalans खांस s. f. The fibrous part of any thing. कांस s. m. A tear.

of discharging the anv.

चाक s. m. Curled-flowered gigantic swallow-wort (Asclepias gigantea); a sprout of sugar-cane.

चाक्यन s. m. Shaking, trembling.

भाक्तित adj. Shaken, trembling.

wing s. f. Mine, quarry, spring, source; multitude; the den of a lion or tiger. चाक्ष s. m. Attraction, fascination ; magnetic attraction : a magnet, a loadstone, spasm.

भावाचेक s. m. A loadstone, a magnet, any thing which draws or attracts. adj. Attractive. [tracting. भावांच s. m. Attraction, drawing, at-भाषांचित्र adj. Magnetic, attractive.

चावाधित adj. Attracted, drawn.

चामर्थी adj. Attractive.

पायका adj. m. Fleet, swift ; peevish. Wind s. f. Motion, agitation (especially: of a carriage). .

বাৰ্থায় s. f. Wish, desire, expectation; purpose, intention. [expected. पार्शाचित adj. Desirous; desired, wished, पाর্থায় adj. Desirous, full of hope, waiting, expecting, wishing; asking, inquiring, expectant.

with t. m. Form, appearance, aspect, shape, statue, likeness; hint, sign, token; the letter w also the symbol of the vowel which represents the letter w when joined to a consonant.

The six s. m. The fifth element, where, the sky; atmosphere, the heavens, the firmament, space; the subtle and etherial fluid, supposed to fill and pervade the universe, and to be the peculiar vehicle of the life and sound.

ৰাকাস্থীয়া s. m. A lamp which the Hindus hang aloft on a bamboo in the month of Kartik, an elevated lantern, a beacon.

चाकाञ्चीम s. m. A plant growing on the neem trees (akind of Epidendrom.)

चानायवन s. m. } A plant growing on चानायवेल s. f. } other trees, air-plant or dodder (Cuscuta reflexa).

ৰাষায়বি s. f. Subsistence not derived from any certain funds, or depending on any particular person; casual subsistence; living from hand to mouth. আবাষ্ট্ৰনা এণ্ট্ৰ. (Used substantively), One whose subsistence is fortuitous.

चाकावनवाद s. m. The atmosphere, the celestial sphere.

जाकावराणी s.f. A voice from heaven ; revelation, an oracle.

चादाबी adj. Aerial, airy, unsubstantial, celestial; atmospherical.

याकाशीयर्थं adj. Cerulean, azure. पाविषय s. m. Poverty. বাৰত odj. Confounded, perplexed; agitated, confused, troubled, distressed. বার্তনা s. f. Agitation, distress:

पात्राचित adj. Agitated, disturbed, distracted.

ৰাজনি s. f. Shape, form, figure, likeness, an image; the body; species.
ৰাজত adj. Attracted drawn.

বাজন s. m. Ascending, superiority, surpassing, surmounting; invasion, a seizing. [in oblations.

पासत s. m. Whole or unbroken rice used पासा s. m. A riddle, a sieve; a bag filled with grain (two such bags being carried by a bullock or camel).

মান্তবাদাৰ s. m. A kind of mineral, a loadstone. [suing; terror, fright, মান্তব s. m. The chase, hunting; a pur-মান্তবিক s. m. A hound

चाखोट s. m. The walnut tree,

ৰাজা s.f. A name, appellation, term. ৰাজান adj. Said, spoken; denominated, named.

বাৰ s.f. Fire. [engage, provoke. বাৰ ব্যাৰা v. a. To raise disturbance, বাৰ বাৰে v. a. To make any thing exceedingly warm; to excite envy or anger. [A guest. বাৰ ad]. Arrived, come; hence. s. m.

चान देना v. a. To burn a Hindu corpse. चान एकता v. n. To be engaged; as, mere

báton-se uspar ag purti hai, he is enraged at my words. [angry. মান মৰো v. a. To be enraged, to be very

भाग बरना v. a. 10 be enraged, to be very भाग बहुसना v. n. To rain fire (applied to

the extreme heat of the sun, or to a hot fire of common or musketry in battle.

चान बुकाना v. s. To extinguish fire; to appease a tumult, to pacify a quarrel, to still resentment.

चान भवना र v. o. To speak idle words, चान जांचना to boast. taining spells and invantations; a shastra or work on sacred science.

আনলগাদী s.m. Knowing the future; আনলগাদী a prognosticator, diviner, a foreteller.

भागमण s. m. Coming, arriving, arrival. भागमण s. m. The advanced guard. adj. Adventurous, venturesome, forward, early (as fruit).

ষাবনস্কাs. m. A foreteller, a predictor; Siva one who tells the doctrines of dyam. [ture, to foretell. মানন্যাখন v. a. To determine the fu-মানন্যায় s.f. The art or science of foretelling or divining.

षातमें विश्लोबी जलना पातमें विश्लोबी बीटना पातमें निरक्षी जलना ther.

भावमें पानी डालना v. a. To extinguish fire; to appease a tumult, to pacify a quarrel, to still resentment.

भागमें चोटना v. n. To be afflicted with grief or melancholy.

चार जनना v. n. To be set on fire, to be enraged, to be very hungry.

चान बनाचे पानी से दौडना To pretend to appease a quarrel which one has purposely excited, to play tricks, to deceive.

ৰাৰ ক্যাৰা v. s. To set on fire, to inflame; to enrage, to cause disturbance.

चाग स्रोपर होजीका सूत ट्रूना वा भागना To put off, to delay or excuse one's self on vain pretences.

बातनान adv. Up to the neck. बात वेदेवी बाना To come to get fire (is spoken of a friend who goes to visit apother and leaves him quickly).

चनदा s. m. A pommei.

ৰান নুজনানা ৩. a. To inflame, to excite sedition, to foment a quarrel clandestinely.

भाग श्रोना v. n. To be enraged.

of a house, forepart of a turban.

पागाथ adj. Very deep.

भाग पीड़ा बरना ७. त. To hesitate, waver, boggle, demur, stand shill-I-shall-I. भागानी adj. Coming, about to come; future,

MITIE 8. m. A house, a dwelling.

पानि s. f. Fire.

पानिवानी s. f. Conflagration.

चाग् adj. Forward. adv. Before, heretofore.

with adv. Before, in front, fore, beyond, more, ago, already, formerly, forwards, further, onwards; hencefurward, along; then, hence, rather, sooner.

चाने चानाका. n: To come forward, ad- o vance; to return, revert.

चाने चलना v. n. To advance, proceed. चाने घरलेना To ge® before, outstrip, surpass, pass (os o horse in o race).

चाने चाना v. n. To advance (actively), to bring forward.

talking; surpassing, surmounting; power, ability.

ৰাব্যাৰ s. m. A month so called, the first of the Hindu year according to some systems, (November-December).

भावशायणी s.f. The name of a constellation consisting of 3 stars, 1 of which is k Orionis; figured by an antelope's head, hence also स्वश्रास् the day of full moon in the mouth of Agrahayana.

ৰাষ্য s. m. A heating, stroke, blow. বাষ্য s. m. Ghee or clarified butter. *IW s. m. A soft delicate form, or body.
*IN THE STATE OF TH

behaviour, custom, practice, institute, religious observance, usage.

with s. m. A established rule of conduct, an ordinance, institute, a precept; custom, practice, usage, a religious observance; pickles. Achar varjitta. adj. Irregular, out of rule; out of cast.

चापारी adj. Practising (what is good), strict in the observance of religious ceremonies.

चा भाष s.m. A spiritual guide or teacher; he who invests the students with the sacrificial thread, and instructs him in the Veds, the law of sacrifice, and religious mysteries; a, name of Drona the teacher of the Pandus.

ৰাখাৰা s.f. A spiritual preceptress.
খাখাৰানী s.f. The wife of an Acharjya
or holy teacher. [tected.
বাজ্ঞা s. m. Covered, concealed, proখাজ্ঞা v. n. To be, to remain.

बाकादन s. m. Cloth, clothes; covering, a sheath, mantle, cloak, &c.

ৰাজী adj. Good. Used only in poetry.
ৰাজ adj. plur. Good, excellent,

भाग adv. To-day, Aj-kal, Now a-day, to-day or to-morrow, of late, in a few days. Aj-kal karna, or aj-kal batana, to procrastinate; aj-ke dal, to-day; aj-ke rat, to night; aj-ke roz, to-day. भाजनामा To examine, prove, test, try, tempt.

पात्रा s. m, A paternal grand-father. पाञाना s. n. To come suddenly, befail, happen, to come. चानार s. m.. Sickness, disorder, disease;. trouble, affliction, injury, outrage.

बाजीब s. m. Livelihood, profession, subsistence.

ৰাজীবিদাf. s. Means of supporting life, livelihood, subsistence, profession,

ৰাজ ৈ To-day, now.

an injunction, a precept.

ৰামানাৰ } adj. Acting according to বামানাৰ } order, obedient, ministrant, obsequious.

আঘাৰে s. m. An edict, a written order. আমানত s. m. Disobedience, insubordination. [Hunooman.

भाष्यांचेय s. m. A name of the monkey; भाष्यांचेनेय m. s. An insect, a kind of newt.

wizer s. m. A tree (Justicia adhenatoda, &c.).

चाटा s. m. Flour, meal, farina.

unts. m. The Sarali, a bird so called (Turdus ginginianus).

wis adj. Eight, dth dth dneu rona, to shed floods of tears, to weep exceedingly, ath pahar, all the twenty four hours; constantly, day and night; ath khamba, a canopy supported by eight posts.

पाउवt adj. Eighth.

भाडीप्रस् Through all the watches, day and night, constantly.

TW s. f. A screen, shelter, concealment, protection; an horizontal line drawn across the forehead; prevention, stop, hiaderance.

defend, stop.

instruments; commencement; pride, arrogance; anger, passion; happiness, pleasure. witt adj. Oblique, crooked, across, athwart, cross, transverse.

wife s. f. A bird, the Sarali (Turdus gingintanus).

ৰাকী s. f. A tone or tune in music.
part. A protector, defender, supporter,
বাৰ s. m. A peach. [protection.
বাৰ মাৰ v. n. To protect, become a
মার s. f. A kind of fish.

আবে s.f. Agency ; commission, brokerage, sale by commission.

age, sale by commission.

Wifu s. m.f. The edge af a sword, the pin of the axle of a cart; a limit, a boundary.

पातन s.m. Fear, apprehension; disease, sickness; affliction, pain, parade, ostentation, show, pomp.

ৰান s. m. Custard apple (annona squamoso or reticulata).

चातवायित् s. m. f. A felon, a thief, a चातवायी s. m. murderer, incendiary.

খান্দ s. m. Sun-beams, sunshine. খানা s. m. As custard apple.

चातिये । adj. Proper for a guest; चातिय । hospitable, attentive to guest.

चातीपाती s.f. The name of a game. चातुर adj. Diseased, distressed, anxious

ৰান্তৰ adj. Diseased, distressed, anxious, distracted, restles, afflicted.

বার s. f. A female teacher or governess.
বার s. m. Soul, self, dm-pddak, selfish,
dtm-ghat, self-murder; dtm-ndmi,
Selfevident.
আলবার s. f. A plant, Cowach Carpopoমারবার s.f. Self-murder, suicide.

चात्र्वचाती adj. Committing suicide; a suicide.
[s. m. A son.

भागव adj. Springing from one's self.

पालाना s. f. A. daughter. पालाना s. m. The knowledge of spirit, self-knowledge.

आवागामी adj. Self-evident. भावापालक adj. Selfish.

पात्मवृद्धि s. f. Self-knowledge.

पासावीध s. m. Spirtual instruction. भासाविधा s. f. Spiritual knowledge.

भाषामान s.f. Inherent on own power.

षासञ्चाषा s.f. Self-applause, vanity, selfflattery, egotism, boasting.

भाक्सस्यम s. m. Self-restraint, stoicism. भाकसन्देष s. m. Internal doubt.

भाकास्या s.f. Suicide, self-destruction. भाकास्ति adj. Beneficial to one's self.

আবা s. m. The soul, the hody, the self, the mind, the understanding. [self. আবিল কঠা. Relating to mind, to one's wিলাৰ কঠা. Cognate, related to, of kin; belonging to one's self, related to one's self, own.

আয়ৰ্কা s.m. A brahman versed in the Atharvan Ved; a collection of prayers, &c., delivered by Atharvan a sage.

rom the beginning to the end. s. m.
The beginning and the end.

हादर s. m. Respect, reverence, act of treating with attention and deference, politeness.

सार्पान s.m. Respect and honour. पानमें s.m. A mirror; a commentary, original manuscript from which a copy is taken; a specimen, a sign.

चादा s. m. Ginger in the undried state. चादान s. m. Taking, receipt, acceptance. खादानप्रदान s. m. Giving and taking.

wife adj. First, prior; pre-eminent. adj. (in comp.) Other, &c.

साहित adj. Relating to the beginning; and the rest, et ceters. Trimary cause.

wifen adv. From the beginning; etceters, and the like.

wifem s. m. A deity in general ; a deitw of a particular class; the adityus are 12 in number, and are forms of Sooryuh or the sun, and appear to represent him as distinct in each month of the year ; the sun.

क्षादिल्यार s. m. Sunday.

चाहित s. m. Priority, precedence.

wifeyes s. m. One of the names of Vishnoo.

च्याचेस s. m. An order, a command, a salutation of Joyces; in grammer, a substitute.

चादी adv. In the beginning.

www adj. First, initial.

भायन s. m. First and last, beinning and end. adi. From the first till the last, from the beginning to the end.

WIET s. f. The sixth lunar mansion (probably Orionis); the beginning of the rainy season.

will adj. Half. In comp. it becomes adh, adh, or ad; as adh-múa, or admúa, Half-dead.

ৰাধাৰ s. m. Conception, pregnancy; a ceremony performed previous to conception as conducive to it : a pledge, a deposit ; a surety.

पाधानिक s. m. A ceremony perfored after cohabitation to procure or favour conception.

WITE s. m. A patron, supporter, one on whom dependance is placed for againtance; food, aliment, victuals, nourishment, comprehension, location; a dike, a canal; a basin round the fout of a tree.

(in comp.) An eater ; as, Doodhadheres, One who lives on milk,

पापा मिन ali, Uniust, unrighteous,

च्याधासीसी s. f. A pain affecting the half of the head. Hemicrania.

wife s. m. Mental agony, anxiety; expectation, calamity; a pledge, a pawn ; location, fixing, scite, &c. engagement.

चाधिका s.m. Excess, an overplus, abun-चारियव s.m. Sovereignty, government ; lordship.

आधीन adj. Submissive, obedient, dependant, humble, docile.

आद्याधीनता रे s. f. Submission, obedi-काचीननाई ∫ ence, obsequiousness, servility, humility.

आधुनिक dj. Recent, modern, belonging to the present time,

आधिनकता s.f. Recentness, the being modern, novelty. preceptor.

च्याच्यापक s. m. A teacher, a scriptural कान s. f. Order, command, bashfulness. modesty, shame ; an oath ; a graceful attitude; affectation, pride. adj. Other, different.

आवंद s. m. Pleasure, delight, felicity, happiness, joy, ease; God, Supreme Spirt. Anand-kand., Root (or source) of happiness.

चानक s. m. A large military drum beaten at one end : small drum or tabor : a kettle drum.

खानन s. m. Mouth, face, visage, s. f. पानद s. m.) Pleasure, delight, feli-

भागन्दता *s. f.* ∫ city, happiness, joy, ease. Anund-kand, Root (or source) of happiness.

चानव्यवय adj. Blissfult made up, consisting of happiness. s. m. The Supreme Spirit.

चानन्दिम) adj. Joyfula happy, glad, जजानकी rejoiced, delighted.

MIMI v. n. To come, to be ; da-parna,

To happen. s. m. The sixteenth part of a rupee,

चानाकाचा s. f. Turning a deaf ear overlooking, winking at, purposely neglecting.

चानि s. f. An oath, bashfulness, fage. पात्रक्य s. m. Help, assistance, patron-भागपूर्व s. f. Order, meathod, a rank, a row.

चातुनानिक adj. Capable of being inferred, probable, specious.

चानरोच adj. Heavenly, celestial, produced in the sky s. m. The firmament. fbowels.

चान्तिक adj. Visceral, relating to the चान्द s. m. The chain or rope with which the feet of elephants are tied up.

Titl v. o. To bring.

will pron. Self, selves, yourselves, you Sir (used instead of the personal pronoun of the second person by an inferior when addressing his superior), áp-swarthi, adj. Selfish, seeking the interest of self.

चापंग s. m. A scripple,

MIT s. m. Water.

आपनाज } adj. Attending to (one's) (one's) own affairs.

भावत } s. f. Misfortune, calamity. wirfin adversity, an evil.

चापत्काल s. m. Season of distress.

चापद & s. f. Misfortune, calamity, an wifet ∫ accident, danger, adversity, an evil. Imisfortune. पापदयक adj. Unfortunate, unhappy, in

चापन pron. Self.

चापन s. n. or s.f. Own; appertain-चापनी *8. f*. ing to. चापुण s. m. (plul.)

चापनिक s. m. An emerald.

ed, obtained, acquired; a retuge, with an introduction.

one who comes for shelter or protection. Tthe Deity.

आपदप s.m. and adj. Self, self-formed, भाषम pron. recips Themselves, one another; hence, s. f. Kindred, brotherhood, fellowship, apas-men rahna, is applied to signify adultery, &c. (in the distect of women).

भापुहि s. m. or s. f. To yon.

WITH S. f. An elder sister, pron. Self. पापाप s. m. Selfishness, agotism.

खापी s. f. The twentieth lunar man-

चाह adj. Trusted, confidential ; gained, obtained : true. degree.

ब्यासा s, f. Quotient: equation of a

s. m. Bathing. काम्राव (

चाह्राव adj. Bathing. s. m. Flood.

wing s. m. An initiated householder. adi. Bathed.

पापन s.f. Misfortune, calamity. भाषीम s. f. Opiom.

अप्राक्तिमी s. m. An opiom eather.

आहापक ह.f. Opium. Ttiller. पानकार s. m. A wine merchant, a dis-च्यावकारी s. f. The business of a distiller. अप्रावस्त्रीसु ८. m. A narrow-mouthed drink-

भावदार m. a. } Shining, bright, daz-भावदारी f. a. } zling.

But s. f. Honor; character.

क्यास्त्र ह s. m. Ebony.

ing vessel.

ऋबाटी s. f. Habitation ; village.

आर्थाधा s. f. Segment, of the base of a triangle.

ऋादिका s. m. Soiled water.

आभर्ष s. m. Ornament, decoration, as jewels, &c.

equal s. f. Beauty; splendour; light.

चापन adj. Unfortunate, afflicted ; gain- | चामाच । s. m. A preface, a preamble,

पालिस्स s. m. Presence, being in front of or face to face.

with s. m. A cow-keeper, sprung from a brahmana and female of the medical tribe or the ambastha.

चास्यव s. m. Jewels, ornaments.

TH sdj. Raw, undressed, unripe. s. m. Provision, victuals (undressed); the unango tree or fruit; sickness, disease.

च्चामय s. m. Sickness, disease.

काश काश s. f. A root.

खामद } s.f. Arrival.

खामचं s. m. Wrath or rage, anger; envy.impatience of another's success. खासला s. m. Emblic myrobalan (Phyl-

anism s. m. Emblic myrobalan (Phylianthas emlica).

चा भवात s. m. Constipation or torpor of the bowels, with flatulence and intumescence, the wind being supposed to be chiefly affected.

चामगुज s. m. The cholic, pain arising from indigestion.

चामातिसार s. m. Dysentery.

चानात s. m. Raw rice or grain ; provisions (undressed).

चानिम s. m. Flesh; enjoyment; an object of enjoyment, a pleasing or beautiful object, &c.

चानीद s. m. Fragrance, odour, diffusive perfume ; pleasure.

खाबासवा s. m. Confronting.

भाकेताब adv. Opposite, face to face, over against.

काष्ट्र s. f. Amber

জালাব s. m. A swelling which comes p, without pain and goes off as easily without medicine; a windy tumour. আন s. m. The mango-tree (Mangifera

Indica),

चाविका s, f. The tamariad tree.

■14 s. m. Receipt, gain, profit.

चायत adj. Long, wide. s. m. Sun-beam, sunshine.

चावत adj. Docile, tractable, dependent. चावत s. m. A place, a site.

चावचता s. f. Docility, tractableness, humility.

आयस् s. m. Order, command.

पादा s.f. An ayah or female attendant on children.

चाया 8. m. Fatigue, weariness.

कायुदी कायुदी कायुदी कायुदी वायुद्ध

आपुष s. m. A weapon in general. आर s. f. A goad.

आर s. m. A thorny substance.

ment; an introduction, a prologue.

आरज adj. Respectable, venerable. आरज adj. Distressed, grieved, afflicted.

with it. M. A ceremony attending marriage. When the bridegroom first comes to the house of the bride, he is received by her relations, who present to him, and more particularly round his head, a platter painted and divided into several compartments, in the middle of which is a lamp made of flour, filled with glee, and having several wicks lighted.

चारति s. f. Pain, distress, affliction.

anter s. f. A ceremony performed in adoration of the gods by moving circularly, round the head of the idel; a platter containing a burning lamp with several wicks.

चारना v. n. To stop.

चारव s. m. Sound.

ment; an introduction, a prologue.

भारत s.m. Idleness, laziness, inactivity. आरती s.f. Looking glass, indolence. भारती adj. Idle, lazy, indolent, inac-

tive.

आरमी s.f. A mirror (particularly a mirror on the thumb used by the Hindu females). [spirit.

आरस s. m. Insipidity, want of flaver or भाषा s. m. A saw; a shoemaker's knife or awl; the name of a district, Arrah in Shahabad.

चाराति s.m. An enemy.

आहराधक s. m. A worshipper.

বাব্যব e.m. Accomplishment, gratifying, worship, devotion, supplication.
বাব্যবার s.m. To worship, adore, practise, devotion, serve, to accomplish.
s. f. Service, worship, adoration.

সাবাদ s. m. A pleasure garden, a grove. আৰী s. f. A small saw, a hand saw, an awl.

खारीया s. m. A plant of the gourd kind. भारक s. m. A drug brought from the hills of cooling properties.

भाइ धना v. a. To strangle. Kanth-arúndhan, strangulation.

with adj. Mounted on a horse or any thing else, ascended, risen. Megharúrha, seated on a cloud.

षारीय s. m. Health. adj. Healthy. षारीप s. m. A transmutation, a change. षारीपण s. m. Planting.

चारोपित adj. Deposited, intrusted; transformed, changed into, feigned. चारोच्य s.m. Rising, ascending; the rising or growing of a new shoots; a ladder, a stair case.

भारतं adj. Pained, afflicted; disturbed, confounded.

ৰাষ্ট্ৰ adj. Wet, moist, damp. আইৰ s. m. Ginger, in the undried state. বাহা s. f. The 6th lunar mansion.

चार्नज s. f. Age, duration of life. चार्थ ad). Of a good family, respec

षाचे adj. Of a good family, respectable, venerable.

মার্বী s. f. A mirror (particularly a nurror on the thumb used by Hindu females).

wise s. f. The name of a tree, from the root of which a red colour is extracted for staining leather, dyeing silk, &c. (Morinda citrifolia). s. m. Yellow orpiment. [protector.

আৰেল s. m. Dependance; a support, a

ৰাজবাৰ s.f. A basin for water round the root of a tree.

भास s. m. Idleness, slothfulness, laziness. adj. Idle, slothful, lazy.

चालसी adj. Idle, slothful, lazy. चालस s. m. Idleness. slothfulness, lazi-

ness. adj. Idle, slothful, apathetic. আন্তর্মী adj. Drowsy, slothful. খালা s. m. A small recess in a pillar

or wall for holding a lamp, &c. adj.
Wet; running (as a sore).
The post to which an ele-

phant is tied, or the rope that ties him.

Speaking to a addressing, conversation; enumeration of the questions in an arithmetical or algebraic sum. সাৰাধ্যাৰ s.f. The act of tuning the

woice previous to singing.

ৰাজ্যখন v. s. To tune the voice, to run over the different notes previous to singing, to catch the proper key, to sing, to tune.

न्यानि है s.f. A woman's female friend, चानी a damsel.

মাজিকৰ s.m. Embracing, the clasping any one in the arms, an embrace. বালিকী sdi. Embracing. चाली s. f. A woman's female friend, a damsel. s. m. A scorpion.

आकोरंग s. m. A tolour extracted from the al tree (Marinda citrifolia).

eque s. m. An esculent root (arum eque s. m. An esculent root (arum eque s. m., a yam; shakarkand, a sweet notatos.

भागप s. m. Liniment.

মানীৰ s. m. Sight, seeing. looking; light; flattery, complimentary language, panegyric.

पालोकन s. m. Sight, seeing, looking.

wiew n. prop. Name of a Hindu soldier and poet, from whom a species of poetry takes its name.

चानक s. m. Insurance.

মাৰলী s. f. Approach, advance; the coming of an army; the approach of a friend; the season in which merchandize is expected.

बादन s. m. Coming, approach; áwanáwan, tidings of approach.

चावभेदार adj. That which is to come; he that shall come.

चारण s. m. A shield ; a covering.

পাৰহা s. f. The allotted period of any one's life, an age.

चावनी v. n. To come.

बावभाव है s.f. A civil reception or salutation, welcome, courte-बावभगित ousness.

wife s. f. A row, a range, a continuous line; a series, a dynasty, a lineage.

বাৰজন adj. Necessary, indispensable, expedient. s. m. Necessity, expedient.

भावस्त्रकता s. f. Necessity, indispensableness, inevitability.

পাৰা s. m. A potter's-kiln.

भावाई s.f. Report, mention.

भागामन } s. m. Transmigration, com-भागामन } ing, and going. भाषाजा है s. f. Coming and going, intercourse, dancing after.

बागती s.f. Approach, advance; the coming of an army; the approach of a friend; the season in which merchandize is expected.

षावास s. f. A house.

चानाचन s. m. Calling, summons.

ज्ञाविभाव s. m. An unfolding, a developing, a manifesting, manifestation, presence becoming visible.

चार्यभूत adj. Unfolded, developed, manifested, appeared.

wifee adj. Possessed (by a demon, &c. passed, engrossed (by any sentiment or feeling).

भाइत adj. Enclosed, surrounded (by a ditch, wall, &c.).

चाइति s.f. Order, method; a repetition of the same thing, a revolution.

NIME adj. Fond; attached, enamoured, addicted, devoted to, strongly inclined to; able, powerful.

पावित s.m. Attachment, fondnesa; power ability, might.

THEY s. f. Fear, apprehension, awe, terror, danger, peril; doubt, uncertainty.

আগেন s.m. A tree (Terminolia alata tomentosa); on which the tasar silk-worm feeds.

पास्य s. m. Meaning, intention, aim, scope, an object of desire.

wint s. f. Hope, desire, dependance, reliance, trust.

WINIT s. m. A Hindu month containing part of June and July; and commencing when the sun enters Gemini; the name of the 20th and 21st mansions in the Hindu Zodiac.

THININ adj. Successful, possessing the object hoped for.

জান্ত্ৰৰ s.m. Confidence, trust, expectation. (September-October), commencing

TITIES s. m. Disappointment.

चामावन adj. Expectant, dependant ; hoping, having hope.

দামাধীন ady. Desponding, despairing.
নামৰ s. f. Blessing, benediction,
bestowing or wishing a blessing upon others.

चार्को देखन s. m. A blessing, a benediction.

ৰাজীবাঁহ s. m. Benediction, blessing, ৰাজীৱ s. f. return of a compliment from a brahmana.

बार्य s. m. Surprise, astonishment, amazement. adj. Astonishment.

भाष्यंता s. m. Wonderfulness ; wonder, astonishment.

religious order, of which there are four kinds referrible to the different periods of life; as 1st. That of the brahmacharee or student; 2d, That of the grihastd or householder; 3d. That of the vanaprasths or anchorite; and 4th; That of the bhikshiks or beggar; a college, a school; a hermitage the abode of retired devotees sages.

बायमी adj. Living in any of the four states of the life.

যাবহু । m. Cheating, fraud, circum-থাবা) vention; proximity. vicinity; a retreat, an abode, an asylum; a house; a means of defonce, having recourse to protection or sanctionary; trust, reliance, hope; patron, a protector.

ৰাসিল adj. One who relies on another; a refugee, a protegé; a dependant. জুনীন adj. Hopeful, trusting, confident. জ্বাৰাৰ s. m. Completion, cessation, (September-October), commencing when the sun effers Virgo, and in which the moon is full near the stars in the headof Aries.

সাধার s. m. The 3d solar month (June-July, during which the is in Gemini, and the full moon is near asharha, more commonly ealled purvasharha or uttara-sharha constellations in Sagitlarius). [trust.

ভাষ s.f. Hope dependance, reliance, sugar s.f. Laziness, tardiness, aska-tána, v. n. To be lazy. áskati, adj. lazy, remiss.

चासकताना v. n. To be lazy. चासकती adj. Lazy, remiss.

green adj. Diligent, zealously active, fond, enamoured, addicted, devoted to, intent or attached strongly to, trusting to, confiding in; eternal.

चार्चित s. f. Attachment to one object or pursuit, diligence, application.

चारन s. m. A tree on which the tasar silk-worm feeds (Terminalia alata tomentosa), a stool, a seat, a small carpet on which the Hindus sit at their worship : a carpet to sit on : stay, abiding, posture, attitude, sitting (especially the attitudes adopted by jogees in their devotional exercise, of which they reckon eighty-four); the inside or upper part of the thigh : the withers of an elephant, the part where the driver sits, asan tale ana, to come under subjection. asanjorna, to sit on the hams; asan dolna, spoken of a holy man, who perceiving by supernatural intelligence that some one in distress has called on him, interposes in his behalf, asan se asan jorna, to sit close in contact with another person. asan lagns to sit obstinately in a given posture till one's request be obtained, asanmarna, (to sit particularly in an attitude practised by jogees or devotees), to retain one's sent firmly on horse back,

ষাহ্বলী s.f. A small carpet, &c., on which hindoos sit and perform poojas.

adv. Around, about on all sides.

बाबनतात odv. All around, on every side; wholly, altogether.

with s. m. Meaning, intention, aim, scope, and object of desire; an asylum, abode or retreat.

wife s. m. Rum, spirit distilled from sugar or molasses. [trust. wiff s. f. Hope, dependance, reliance,

ৰাধ্যৰ adj. Expectant, dependent.
বাধাৰী s. f. A musical mode or ragin;
a kind of pigeon a sort of cotton

cloth. [instruction.
ব্যাহিত্ব s. m. Benediction, blessing ;

भासिमंद } s. m. Bendiction, blessing. भासिमं s. m. The 6th Hindoo month in

which the moon is full gear the stars in the head of Aries (September-October).

पासीम adj. Sitting, seated.

भावीस s. f. Blessing, benediction; return of compliment from a *Hindu* superior (s bra hman).

of marriage; in which the bridegroom gives to the bride, her father and paternal kinsmen, as much as he can afford.

sers, devilish, demoniacal; a divi-

sion of medicine; surgery, curing by cutting with instrument applying the actual cautery, &c., asuri maya. s.f. Deception of demons.

na. v. n. To be lazy, askati adj. Lazy, remiss.

चासती adj. Lazy, remiss.

चासिक s. m. A believer, pious. faithful.

of abiding; effort, pains, care.

चासद s.m. A place, a situation ; dignity, rank.

बाबम s. m. Abode, residence; a religious order (of which there are four kinds referrible to the different periods of life; us 1st, That of the brahmscharee or student; 2d, That of the grilusth or householder; 3rd. That of the vanaprasth or anchorite and 4th that of the bhikshuk or beggar).

wiw s. m. Means of defence or protections, trust, reliance, hope; defence, asylum retreat, refuge, shelter, abode, house.

wifer adj. One who relies on another, a refugee, a protegee.

चाचेत adj. Hopeful, trusting, confident. चाचाद s. m. Savour, relish.

पासास s. m. Comepletion, cessation, comfort.

WIVE ah! An interjection, aha! ah!

ৰাহবাহ s.f. Coming and going. বাহবা s. m. Inundation, flood, overflow.

Will interj. Ah | sha | slas | Oh | Will s. m. Food.

Wife s. m. or s. f. Is or exists. s.f. Alas.

काकत है s. m. Offering oblations with wrafa fire to the deities, a burnt offering.

आफ्रिक s. m. The constant or daily

ceremonies of religion; constant occupation daily, work. adj. Daily, diurnal.

মাছিলী adj. Of or belonging to a day.

TIME s. m. Inundation, deluge, flood overfloow.

ৰায়াহ s. m. Joy, gladness, delight, mirth, exultation, festivity.

बाह्यदिव adj. Joyful, glad, delighted, pleased, merry, clated in mind, rejoiced. [mons.

মায়াৰ s. m. A call, 'invitation, sum-দ্বিষ s. m. Reproof, reproach, an irony a sarcasm; abuse, reviling; censure, blame.

₹

The third vowel of the Nagree alphabe, corresponding to I short, and pronounced like that letter in tin, hill &c. When compounded with a preceding consent, its symbolical mark is f, and it is placed on the lefthand of the letter, through sounded after it.

in carrying a burthen on the head.

ist s. f. A round ornament for the top of the head.

इ. हारा s. m. A large well of masonry. इ. टर s. m. A rat, a mouse.

was s. m. The regent of the visible heavens and of the inferior devinities; the Indian Jove.

ৰ মানী s.f. The wife of Indra; a medicine or plant (vitex negundo).

There s. f. Colocynth, wild ground (Unumis colocynthis, a fruit of beauti-appearance but bitter taste); hence a beautiful but worthless person is called Indrayan ka phal, The fruit of indrayun.

NIGH s.m. The seat or throne of Indra

Tills.f. An organ of sense, the organs
of action and perseption the Hindus
reckoning those of action to be the hand,
the foot, the voice, the organ of geneation, and the organ of excretion; and
those of perception to be the mind, the
eye, the ear, the nose, the tongue, and
the skin); Indrijulidb, a diuretic
medicine.

হ'বৰ s. m. Fuel; wood, grass, &c., used for the purpose.

इक adj. One. Iksar, adj. Alike similar. इक्षिण adj. One of the mind.

মন্দ্ৰ হাৰ s. m. Universal dominion.

Ikchhat-ráj karna, v. n. To hold universal dominion.

इकटक s. m. A fixed looking at any thing without closing the eye.

ধৰটা adj. Collected together, in one place.

प्तडोरा m. } adj. Collected together, इनडोरो f. } in one place.

इक्ला adj. m. Alone, only.

इक्लाई s. f. Singleness, loneliness. इक्लीना adj. Only, single, alone.

THUR adi. Alike, similar.

var ady. Single incomparable, unique, super-excellent, s. m. An earring of a single pearl; an ornament worn on the wrist, often hollow, containing perfume; a champion who serves alone, without being attached to any corps; a single-horse gig or buggy or native carriage, commonly used at Patra.

That s. m. Hint, sign, gesture; going, motion; inquiry, research.

An ; seeing, sight.

Wish desire. Ichchha bhoisn, Desirable food, or food agreeable and abundant to the utmost desire. Two a odj. Wishing, desirous.

17

Towalk affectedly or coquetishly, to express tenderness or kindness by gesture.

Ta adv. Here, hither.

इमना adj. m. As much as this, thus much, so much, so many, Itne-men, in the mean time, mean-while, mean-

इतर adj. Affected, giving one's self airs, playful, wanton, coquettish; other different : low, vile ; Itar lok, adi. The low people, people of low caste ; other people.

प्रदेशना v. a. To give one's self airs, to act with affection, to act in an unnatural or unusual manner.

इतरावा है adj. Affected, playful, wan-इतराई (ton.

द्रतकार s. m. Sunday.

wfa ody. This much, so much. conj. A word usually written at the end of a book, letter, &c., signifying that it is finished; conclusion, enough (finis).

Town s. m. History, traditional accounts of former events, heroic history, story, fable.

Raff adj. So much, thus much.

val adj. This much, so much.

इत्यादि conj. Et cetera, and so forth. TUT adv. Here, hither, on the side. Idhar udhar, About, around, up and down, here and there.

इन्हारा s. m. A large well of masonry. बन्दिया ह. f. A digit of the moon.

TT s. m. The regent of the visible heavens and of the inferior divinities.

इन्द्रजान s. m. Deception, cheating, juggling ; trick or stratagem in war.

इन्द्रजाको apj. A juggler, a conjurer ; deceptive, unreal.

इन्द्रजो s. m. Medicinal seed (Sparrow's tongue, Nerium antidysentericum). इन्द्रनील s. m. A sapphire.

इन्द्रगीखक s. m. An emerald.

इट्राइट s, m, A name of the ancient city of Delhi.

इन्द्रमीडिवा s. f. The asterism Pooshya. इन्द्रवधु s. f. An insect (a species of acarus of a scarlet colour and like velvet) the wife of Indra.

इन्द्रवर s. m. A [medicinal seed (Sparrow's tongue, nerium antidysentericum).

इन्हाची s. f. The wife of Indra; a medicine or plant (Viter negundo).

स्ट्रावण s. f. Colocynth, wild gourd (Cucumis colocynthis), the fruit of the Coloquintida plant (a fruit of beautiful appearance but bitter taste, hence, a beautiful but worthless person is called Indrayun ka phal, The fruit of indrayun). ſdra.

सन्द्रासन s. m. The seat or throne of In-इन्दिय है s.f. An organ of sense, the (organs of action and perception (the Hindus reckoning those of action to be the hand, the foot, the voice, the organ of generation and the organ of excretion; and those of perception to be the mind, the eye, the ear, the nose, the tongue, and the skin); the privities.

इन्द्रियञ्चान s. f. The faculty of perception, sense, consciousness.

TMT s. m. Fuel; wood, grass, &c., used for the pupose.

🕶 adv. Thus, as, in like manner.

KH s. m. An clephant.

इसपासक s. m. The driver or keeper of an elephant.

प्रस्ती adj. Nectarious. s. f. A kind of sweet meat; a small vessel for drinking out of : a kind of cloth.

s. f. A tamarind tree and its fruit.

TUES s. m. Desire, inclination.

KAT s.f. prop name. Wife of Budha · and daughter of Ikhswáku.

स्वाका s. m. Relation, interest.

इलाचीदाना s. m. A kind of sweet meat. प्रतायचा s. m. A kind of silk cloth.

s. f. Large cardamums. इलाची (

इलाहाबाद s. m. A. place of pilgrimage of the Hindus.

दलीम s.f. A fish, the Hilsa or Sable (Clupea alosa).

बज़ा s. m. A wart. Thus, like.

दशारा s. m. A sign ; wink.

दशील s. f. Stanza.

इषदेव s. m. One's own chosen deity,

KW part. Desired, wished, approved ; worshipped. adored. reverenced. respected; cherished, beloved. s. m. A god, a deity, an object, a beloved person, any thing wished for.

TERM adj. Beloved, best beloved, dearest, most desired.

इस्बर adj. Dearer, more dear, more desired.

इस्ता s. f. Desirableness, reverence, respect,

Tfe s. f. Sacrifice.

इसपात s. m. Steel.

दसरार s. m. A kind of musical instrument : keeping secret.

TUILI 8. m. A sign, wink.

TH ach, This,

द्वकार्य On account of this.

इसवडी This time.

इस्ट्रम) s. m. The trunk of a tree, a सामा 🕽 column, pile, post, pillar,

इस्तो s.f. A. woman ; a wife, s.m. A. smoothing iron. Istri karna v. a. To iron or smooth with an iron.

इस्लेका s.m. Resigning.

There adj. Settled, steady, firm, fixed.

पिस्टरता है s. f. Rest. tranquillity. िश्रारता 🕻 steadiness.

TWEIS, f. Inclination, desire, wish.

s. f. A religious treatise.

Two pron. This. Ihs-lok, s. m. The present world, Iha-i, This very. Ihaithin, Here, in this very place.

पुरुवाल s. m. This life.

इइलीक s. m. This life, this world.

TE s. f. Sugar-cane,

इच्चाख s. m. A species of sugar-cane. (Saccharum munia).

ry s. m. Sugar-cane.

इसनती s. f. The name of a river in Bengal, the Issamatti.

द्व रही बतां. Diabetic.

इचरस s. m. The juice of the sugar-cane. ম্বাধ্য s. m. Molasses, raw or unrefined sugar.

ee, the fourth vowel of the Nagree alphabet, pronounced like as in feel, keel, &c., and when compounded with a consonant it is expressed by the flodmys.

₹ n Red lead.

रेजा s. f. Pain, trouble,

tes. f. A brick.

दे टनारी s. f. Brick-work.

teru s. m. A kind of dove.

which a burthen is carried on the head.

र्द्र s. m. A rat, a mouse.

र्भन s.m. Fuel; wood, grass, &c., used for the purpose.

देश s. f. Sugar-cane.

to park. Desired, wished, approved; worshipped, adored, reverenced, respected; cherished, beloved. s. m. A god, a deity, an object, a beloved person, any thing wished for.

Annoying the enemy,
If s. f. One of the six causes by which the crops are destroyed.

प्रकर s. m. A mouse.

tot part. act. Acting affectedly.

tut allo. Here, hither.

रेन्द्र s. m. A rat, a mouse.

two s. m. Fuel.

देशित adj. Longed for, wished for.

र्भाग s. m. Faith, conscience, देश s.f. Envy, spite.

ters adj. Envious.

tu s. m. Lord, a name of Siv; also of the same as regent of the north-east quarter; a ruler, a master.

tur s. f. The shaft of a plough.

turn s. m. A named of Siv, light, splendour. Eshan-kon, m. s. Northeast.

देशिया s. f. | Superiority, supremacy, देशिय s. m. | one of the eight arributes of divinity.

ARK s. m. Ruler, master, lord; the Supreme Ruler of the universe, God, the supreme; a name of Siv, Kamdeb, of Durga, of Lukchmi, of Suruswati, or of any other of the Suktis or female energies of the delities.

रेशरता s. f. Godhead, divinity. रेशरमाय s. m. The divine nature. रेशराचीन adj. Subject to or dependent on God.

ইৰ্মাণীনৱা s.f. Dependance upon or subjection to God.

देवरारायना s.f. Worship of Godg

Tatin s. m. Part of God.

भूषणा s.f. Desire.

देवत् adj. A little, somewhat.

te s. m. Lord, a name of Siv, also of the same as regent of the north-east quarter; a ruler, a master.

tut adv. Hither.

T T s. f. Attempt.

र्भाष्म s. m. A person governed and led by women.

tous. m. Sight, seeing; the eye.

ਚ

oo, The fifth vowel of the Nagree alphabet, corresponding to oo in good. When it follows a consonant in the same syllable it is placed under the letter, and is expressed by its symbol, as winterj. Oh! denoting pain:

ভ'বাৰ্ছ s. f. ভ'বাজ s. m. ভ'বাৰ s. f. ভ'বাৰ s. f.

च पाना v. c. To raise, to take up. च उलना v. c. To pour.

चयरना e.m. A tree dried by itself, चयरना १ e.a. To dig up slowly any चयरना १ thing buried in the ground, to extract a secret gradually and artfull?, to pump.

enti adj. Dried up. चक्ड s. m. The posture of sitting on the hams with the soles of the feet on the ground.

ভাৰা } s. f. Speech, voice, language; ভাৰা } contrivances, invention, ukat bunána, v. a. To make up a story, to invent, to contrive. Ukat lena. v. a. To discover, to find out.

उद्यक्तना v. s. To fret, to be melancholy or dejected; to be out of humour with, to be tried of, to tire.

खनताना v. a. To be fatigued. जनताइ part. Instigator, promoter. उद्यत्तार्ग v. a. To promote, to forward, उन्हाना v. n. To boil.

To move from one place to another.

चनालमा v. a. To be excited, to be moved, to try to move.

च्यासना v. a. To excite, to move. चनाचना v. a. To boil water. water v. o. to turn up.

em adi. Spoken. ofm s. f. Speech, voice, language; contrivances, invention.

चकरणा v. n. To trip.

च्छापन। v. n. To be rooted up, plucked up or raised up, to slip out (as a bone, dc.). Ukharna pukharna To be plucked or rooted up.

चखडाना ? v. a. To root up, break or चवाइना f pluck up, eradicate, extirpate : dislocate.

खब्रान n. Wickedness.

fing rice. खब्बमजी adi. Wicked. ewe s. m. A wooden mortar for bound-चयली s. f. A wooden mortar. www.s. f. Rooting up, extirpation:

water garas s. m. Cholers morbus.

क्यक्षाना v. d. To cause to pluck up.

wan part. Growing, springing up ; production.

चन्ना v. n. To grow, to be produced, to spring (as plants), to rise (as the moon). Ugtehi jul-jana, To be withered immediately on springing up. (is applied to a hope or expectation which is blasted in the bud).

water v. o. To spit out, to vemit: (met.) to refund property surreptitiously obtained.

जनहना v. To collect; accumulate.

चनानता v. a. To cause to grow, &c. चगुष s. m. That which is spit out after chewing any thing (specially betsl leaf.) Ap ka ugal mera udhar, Your worship's leavings are my nourishment ; s. c. You. Sir. are my sup-

port and benefactor, Ugaldán, s. m. mulate. A spitting-pot. चनाइना v. o. To gather collect, som-

चनाडी s.f. Asury : the trade of lending . money on interest of one-fourth part. the payment of which is received by instalments.

विशिश्ता रे v, To vomit forth. कंगलना 🕻

The thing vomited. eq s. m. Wrath, anger.

sur adj. Angry, cruel, wrathful.

To be uncovered, discovered ed, opened, pulled off. .

खब्सी adj. Prompt : ready. warren v. a. To uncover, discover, unveil, open, pull off, unclose, bare.

esps s. m. One who uncovers or unveils.

उपस्था v. s. To rise, to be raised or lifted : to lap, bound, spring up. चचकाना v. s. To lift or raise up.

THE s. m. A thief, a pick-pocket. will s.f. A female thief or pickpocket,

স্তৰ্ম । s.n. To separate; to be separated (as plaster from a wall); to slip, slide, re-bound (as a snord striking a hard body obliquely); to be broken or interrupted (sleep).

उपान s. m. A moth. उपान v. n. To speak, pronounce, utter.

ङ्ख्लार v. n. To separate, to be sepa-

चवताना v. a. To order a person to separate (one thing from another).

च्चाटना v. a. To divide, separate.

Uchat hóna, To be tired, to be disgusted.

च्याना o- a. To lift up a burden.

डवारना v. a. To pronounce, to speak out, to utter.

चित्र adj. Proper, becoming, fit, suitable, convenient.

चर्चेतन। v. a. To separate one thing from another.

en adj. High, tall, lofty.

enni s. f. Height.

even v. n. To separate (as the skin from the flesh, &c.); to be uttered, spoken or pronounced. v. a. To speak, utter, tell.

ভাষাত্র s. m. } The act of vexing, or rendering sorrowful, vexation.

च्यान s.f. Height.

ভরবে } s. f. Pronunciation, utterance, ভরবে saticulation, expression, enunciation.

ভষাবন v. a. To pronounce, speak out, utter, articulate, express. founted. ভষাবিৰ adj. Pronounced, uttered, arti-ভষ্টায়ন s. m. The horse of Indra.

ভন্তার s. m., The horse of Indra. ভন্তার s. m., Joy, gladness. [ed.

Fess ad. Ruined, lain, waste, destroyfere s. m. Food left or rejected, srumbs, fragments, leavings, orts. च आहा ड. m. Breath, breathing; hope, expectation; division of a book.

ভক্ষো ু v. n. To leap or bound, to ভক্ষনা ৈ spring or spout up (as water in a fountain), to spring or fly up.

चक्रुलाना v. a. To order another to throw up any thing.

SET & s. m. Vomiting.

ভক্ষেনা v. a. To throw up, to toss up a thing (as a ball gc.) and catch it in the hand.

ভক্তাছ s. f. Excitement. [clownish. ভাৰ্য adj. Inconsiderate, rash, ignorant, ভাৰ্যা v. n. To become desolate.

বস্থ্যালা v. a. To lay waste by the hands of a third person. ভ্ৰত্যালা part. In ruins, desolate.

डजरा } adj. Desolate.

चनवाना v. n. To become clean, to shine, to be bright.

বৰ্জা adj. Clear, shining, luminous, bright, splendid. [brighten ব স্থাবাল v. a. To cause to cleanse, to ব্যাহাল v. a. To cause a persona to pour from one vessel to another.

কলাৰ s. m. Splendor, brightness. adj. famous, celebrated; light, bright, splendid.

বন্ধাৰ adj. Desert, désolate, ruined, ruinous, demolished, deserted, abandoned.

डजाड़ना v. a. To lay waste, desolate, demolish, injure, expose to loss.

ত্তাৰ s. m. The direction or part of a river which is opposite to the course of the stream, up the stream.

বৰাবো v. To become waste.

चञालना v. a. To cleanse, polish, (metals or jewels).

उद्यास s. m. Splendor, brightness, light. adj. Clear, shining, luminous, bright. च नाली s. f. Splendor, glare. adj. Bright, | उद्यान s. f. Act of appearing. s. m. An clear, light. उ कियार s. m. Brightness. **ए जियाना एजियारा** डकेरिया s. f. Mooa-light. चत्रेते adj. Lighted by moon. The name of city which was carital of the country where Vikramaditya reigned. चन्नव } adj. Clean, bright, luminous, splendid, clear, pure, shining; blown, expanded. च ज्ञाबता s. f. Splendor, radiance. चळवित adj. Pure, clean, clear. चळा न s. m. The city of Uicin, formerly the capital of Vikrumaditya: it is one of the seven sacred cities of the Hindus, and the first meridian of their geographers. चक्तना v. a. To peep, to spy. adi. Ignorant, illiterate, clown-বঙ্গৰ 🕽 चभावना v. n. To flow or be poured from one vessel into another, v. a. To throw or pour quickly from one vessel finto another. into another. चमाचना v. α. To pour from one vessel डिक्सिना v. Flow or poured from one vessel to another. चटकर चेंच sdi. Precipitate, rash, acting plant, without consideration. चटकन s.f. A river near Gwalior; a चढक्रन s. m. A prop or support, च हज s. m. A hat made of leaves. To rise up, be raised, to spring : to be abolished. exercise. चरदेत s.f. Restlessness; a kind of चत्रामा v. g. To cause to lift or raise up, or remove, &c. चत्रवेश s. m. One who tises. चढाईबारा s. m. 'A pilferer, a purloiner, a

petty thief.

area or court : rising, ascension, appearing. चडाना v. a. To lift, take or raise up, elevate, hoist, take or bear away, produce, invent, cause, gain, get, enjoy.

abolish, excite, rouse, support, bear, carry, remove, receive suffer, exhibit contract debts or purchase on credit, Jany place. expend.

ভাষাৰ s. m. Expenditure; act of leaving चढावेंडी s. m. Act of frequently rising up and sitting down : inconstancy.

TERM s. plur. The stars, the starry firmament.

चडचल्या v. n. To walk with a stately or affected gait.

उड़न adj. Flying.

उड़ना v. n. To fly.

चड्नागन s. f. A flying serpent.

उपड़ s. m. A raft, a float.

उद्भार s. m. A bug.

उड़ाज s. m. A spendthrift, an extravagant person, prodigal.

चड़ाब adj. Capable of flying, fledged. उद्धान s. f. Act of flying.

चडाना v. a. To cause to fly ; to squandor or spend extravagantly, dissipate, blow up or away, filch; to entice. Urána purána, To squander.

चच प s. m. A raft, a float.

इदंग s. m. Any thing placed under a vessel to prevent its oversetting : a prop, a support.

चढन बरना v. n. To seek or cry for an absent person (applied to a child only).

चढ्बना v. n. To overset. चढनपरमा adj. Abroach, atilt.

चढ़ना v. a. To put on clothes.

चढाना v. a.. To cause to clothe.

चढाया part. A wearer or putter on of · a dress.

चडीना s. m. Clothing. च खेलना v. a. To pour, Erin adi. Tall, hight

wa odv. There, thither.

TARGE S. f. Excitement, unessiness, care.

Bank adj. Difficult.

ways s. prop. The province of Orissa, चत्य s. m. Name of a saint son of Brihaspati.

चत्रा adj. m. As much as that, so much, so many.

Save adv. Out of the way.

wayra s. m. Phenomenon; violence.

चत्र s. f. A fragment, any thing taken off from the body; cast of clothes. Rin se utran hóna. To be freed from debt.

कत्ना v. s. To descend, alight, halt. bait, disembark, land, dismount, subside, decrease, pass over, cross, go off, fall off, decay, fade, flag, be freed from debt, become insipid, flatten, fall in value or in dignity.

चत्रवामा v. o. To cause to descend or alight.

चन्द्रामा o. a. To take down or pull down (by the hands of a third person, as to do it one's self is, utárno); to boil OVEZ.

water adi. Shallow.

चनाण { adj. Supine, lying on the चलाज back ; shallow.

THIT s. m. Descent, declination. Utar dens, to bring down; (mst) to disgrace, to dishonor,

water s.f. A fragment,

चतारता v. o. To cause to alight or descend, to bring down; to degrade; to cause to pass over, to convey over to take off, to tear off, strip off, to cut off, or break off (a portion | watthant s. m. An inheritance.

of any thing unload, disembark, dismount, discharge; to make a return or recompense. Utare hue, engaged with a desperate resolution in any enterprise: metaphor taken from cavalry, who dismount to fight on foot with a determination to conquer or die.

Saytagia s. m. A lowering and raising. चतारा s. m. A. descent ; crossing or passing, (over a river, &c.) an answer; cast off clothes; disgrace; degradation: ransom; self-devotion.

कतावल s. f. Quickness, speed, despatch. egyaer adj. m. Swift, quick, speedy, precipitate, rash.

चतावली adj. f. Swift, quick, speedy. s. f. Haste, speed, rashness, impatience. जतीर्थं adj. Worn, cast off clothes, jewels,

&c.). way s. m. Free from debt or obligation.

waster s. f. Regretting, missing any thing.

जनकड भूस s. m. A good soil.

THE adj. Anxious, excited.

चत्र adi. Excellent, best, principal, first, chief.

चन्नवृद्ध s. m. An excellent man.

TT €. m. An answer, the north. adj. Posterior, latter, behind, northern, superior, high. Utterordk, the latter half.

जनरप्रवाणी e.f. The twelfth lunar mansion containing two stars; figured by a bed.

THEOTETE s. m. The 27th lunar mansion, figured by a conch, and comprehending two sters of which one is Andromeda.

water adj. Northern, northerly, a.f. North wind, boress.

where s. f. 'An heir, a successor. Tripes. m. The half of the year during which the sun is to the north of the equator, the summer solstice.

Street adj. The last half.

सत्तराबाडा s.f. The 21st lunar mansion, figured by an elephant's tooth, or a bed, and containing two stars, one of which is in Sagittarius.

खनराष्ट्रा adj. Of or belonging to the north, northern. and further. उनरीत्र adv. More and more, further डनोचे adj. Arrived, got over a difficulty, delivered, rescued.

enw adj. High, lofty, tall.

St s. m. Plaits of cloth. Markar uttu bundya uske-tusen, here beat him to mummy (lit, till his body become marked like the plaits in cloth), uttu kurna, v. a. To plait. Uttu-gur, A. planter.

स्त्राम s. m. Effort, rising up, manly exertion, battle, joy. Utthan-ekadushi, or devathen, The eleventh of the shukl-puksh of Kartik, when Vishnu is said to awake from sleep; during the four months that he is supposed to sleep it is unlawful to marry).

उलापन s. m. The act of raising a thing up, in arithmetic the producing of answer or result.

wan & s. f. Birth, origin, creation, खब्रि ∫ production.

way adj. Born, produced; gained; occurred. s. m. Proceeds, profits, produce.

ung s. m. A blue lotus (Nymphea ceru-· lea); a plant (a Costus).

जलाटन s. m. The rooting up of a thing, eradication.

says s. m. A portent, a phenomenon; violence, injustice, injury.

उत्रहन s. m. The producing or creating of a thing.

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उत्मेचा s. m. Indifference, carelessness; comparison, illustration (in poetry or rhetoric).

डक्षर्व s.m. Abandoning, quitting, resigning, retiring from ; giving donation; any. precept or rule.

Gara s. m. A festival, a jubilee, public rejoicing ; impatience ; wrath.

says s. m. Effort, perseverance, energy, fortitude ; happiness ; joy.

डबारी adj. Active, persevering. दयनग v. a. To overturn, to overset.

उद्यक्ष्यक adj. Topsy turvy, higgledy piggledy. s.f. Confusion, interchange. Guer.adj. Shallow. Toverset.

खबाना .a. To cause to turn over or उदक s. m. Water.

ভदचि s. m. The ocean.

उद्य s. m. The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise : rising, ascending ; light, splendour; prosperity, good fortune. uduy hona, v. n. To rise (as the sun

उदयागित् हे s. m. The mountain from षद्याचल (behind which the sun is supposed to rise.

उद्यास s. m. From sun-rise to sun-set : from udayachul, where the sun is supposed to rise, to astachal, where it is supposed to set.

उदयी adj. Prosperous. flourishing.

Tet s. m. The belly.

उद्रोच s. f. The line on the abdomen.

खदरहाँ s.f. Dropsy.

उदर्गिमाच adj. A glutton voracious, one who devours every thing, flesh, fish, &c. one who is a devil for his belly.

ष्ट्रानव s. m. Diarrhes, dysentery.

डदरावेर s. m. The tape worm. डदरियो s. f. A pregnant woman.

डदरिन् } odj. Fat, corpulent.

बदरिन adj. Fat, corpulent.

चदरी s.f. Enlargement of the abdomen from dropsy or aflatulency adj. Abdominal.

SEIF 8. m. Marriage.

ड दाज s. m. The acute accent, a high or sharp tone; the gift donation; a musical instrument, a large drum.

डदाचा adj. Liberal, giving, a donor, great, illustrious ; dear, beloved.

उदान s. m. One of the five vital airs, that which rises up the throat and passes into the head.

Test adj. Generous, liberal, munificent; great; unperplexed; gentle.

उदारता s.f. Generosity, liberality ;

ভর্ম s. m. Unsettledness, retiredness. adj. Unsettled, retired, lonely, forlorn, dejected, sorrowful, sad; apathetic.

डरासी s.f. Solitude, loneliness, sadness, dejection. adj. Unsettled, solitary, lonely, retired, dejected.

डहासीन s. m. A class of mendicants of the Panjab, an hermit or anchorite, a cynic, a misanthrope, a stoic.

टदाइट s. f. Brownness.

डदाइरच e.m. An example or illustration, a simile, a comparison, an apposite argument, one of the five modes of logical reasoning.

ভবিষ, adj. Risen (as the sun); distinguished, conspicuous (as valour ýc.). ভাষা adg. Known, celebrated.

डदीच र. m. The country and its inhabitants north of the river Sorabati.

उद्ग्रह e. m. The glomerous fig tree

(Ficus glomerata); a set of brahe; mans.

जद्भाव s. m. A gum resin, Bdellium. उदेश s. m. Object; intention.

उद्गत adj. Vomited, cast up.

उद्गार s. m. Vomiting ; sound.

ভদ্বাহন s. m. The rope and bucket of a well, a leathern bucket used for drawing water; an instrument or means of opening, a key, &c.

ভাষিত্র adj. Done with effort, exerted; opened.

रहिन s. m. Strenuous and continued efforts, exertion, endeavour, labour; calling, employment, trade.

उद्दीपन adj. Exciting, inflaming as passion; blazing, glowing of a luminous body.

जहीत adj. Illuminated.

ভাষ্য s. m. A scope, a vestige, a trace. ভাষ্য s. m. Asthma, act of gasping or

panting, plethora in the vessels of the head, hoad-ache, indigestion.

s. m. A king's wrestler.

GET 8. m. Debt (especially not bearing interest), deduction, discharge, deliverance, salvation, raising up from any place or state.

ভদ্ধানা v. a. To liberate, discharge. ভদ্ধা s. m. Birth, production.

ভারতা s. m. Vegetables.

eus s.m. A section, a chapter, the division of a book adj. Raised, held up, active, persevering, labouring deligently and incessantly.

eque s. m. Strennous and continued effort, exertion perseverance, endeavor, labour; calling, employment, trade. [motive.]

ख्यान s. m. A royal garden ; purpose, ख्योन s. m. Exertion, perseverance, strenuous and continued endeavour. ज्योगी adj. Active, laborious, persevering, one who makes effort.

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उद्योस s. m. Light, lustre.

ভাষ্ম adj. Perplexed, dejected, an xious, troubled, filled with thought.

Tin s. m. Regret, agitation, consternation, fear; perplexity, dejection, anxiety, uneasiness, exertion; care; the fruit of the Areca catechu, betelnut. [οδ, agitated.

उदेगी adj. Perplexed, anxious, perturb-उदीप s. m. Recollection, the recognizing of a thing.

SS s. m. An offer.

उद्भव adj. Free from debt.

বৰ do. There, thither, on that sut side, on the other side. U-dhar se, from that of the other side. তাৰা adj. m. Opened, undone, unrolled as the seem in a garment, or thread win a club.

SAR S.m. Dobt (especially not besrsar sing interest), deduction, discharge, deliverance, salvation, raising up from any place or state.

डपारना v. s. To liberate, to discharge. डपेड s. m. Unravelling, unwearing.

डन pron. plur. Those, them. डनवास adj. Forty-nine.

खनताकीस adj. Thirty-nine.

खनतीस adj. Twenty-nine.

enus adj. Fifty-nine.

ETEI Like them.

खनासी adj. Seventy-nine.

जनिष् } adj. Sleepless.

चनीदा विका अधिकारिक

छनीस adj. Nineteen.

wan ady. High, tall.

wafa s. f. Increase, advancement, prosperity; rising, ascending. डक्स } adj. Insanc, frantic, mad ; डक्द } drunk, intoxicated, lustful, furious extravagant.

डवाता s.f. Insanity, intoxication. डवाह s.m. Madness, extravagance.

ड बादा adj. Mad, insane, extravagant.

च्यान s. f. A measure of size or quantity. च्यास adj. Looking upwards.

जना प s. m. Winking, twinkling of the

ভাষার s.f. Manner, appearance. adj.
Like, resembling.

Eq A. preposition which usually conveys the idea of vicinity or resemblance in an inferior degree.

उपकरण s. f. The insignia of royalty; implements, materials, means; helping, assisting.

डपकार s. m. Favour, protection, help, sssistance, benefit, kindness.

डपकारक adj. A friend, a protector, one who befriends.

चपकारी adj. Assisting, helping, beneficient, benefactor; subsidiary, subservient.

उपलब s. m. Deliberate commencement or undertaking; beginning in general; a stratagem.

चपात adj. Promised, agreed.

उपगम s. m. Agreement, promise ; approach, approximation.

equy s. m. A prisoner, a man or animal in confinement; favour, encouragement; assistance. [ment.

डपड़ s. m. A kind of musical instru-डपचार s. m. Service; physicking, the practice, of medicine; practice, pro-

fession usage; a present, a bribe.

Eugs s.f. Anything spoken or sung
extempore, the burthen of a seng;

the chorus, variations in music. उपनयन s. m. Preparation, exertion.

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ष्ठवजना ०. त. To spring up, grow, be produced, shoot forth.

उपनाक adj. Fertile.

ष्यजाना v. a. To create, produce, make grow, cultivate.

डवजीत adj. Produced, propagated.

ভদ্মীৰদ s. m. Subsistence, means of living. [port, subsistence. ভদ্মীৰিকা s.f. Livelihood, means of sup-ভদ্মীৰী adj. Dependant, living by or on.

ভব্দ } e.m. A composition of per-ভব্দ স fumes, flour, &c. used to rub the body with. [a business. ভব্দ ম. To be tired or to be sick of ভব্দ ম. To be rooted out, to be pulled out, to be skinned; to be im-

printed with the mark of any thing.

heat, pain, misfortune.

Guin s. m. A relish or something to
promote drinking; the venereal

उपदा s.f. A present, an offering to a king or great man, &c.; a bribe.

disease.

उपरेश s. m. Advice, counsel, exhortation, admonition, information, instruction.

चरित्रक) s. m. f. An adviser, instruc-चरित्रों) tor, admonisher, a guide, especially a spiritual guide.

चप्राम् adj. Advising, an adviser. उपरेश s. m. A adviser; teacher.

Eqq z. m. A portent, any natural phenomenon so considered; violence, injury, injustice, tyranny, excess, insult.

surit s. An overbearing person.

Transfer mineral, a
semimetal, of which, seven are specified, viz. pyrites, sulphate of copper,
tale, antimony, red orpiment, yellow
orpiment, and calx of brass; second-

ary secretion, as the milk, menses, adeps, sweat, teeth, hair, and lymph. उपधान s. m. A pillow.

उपनय } s. m. The initiation of the support of the first classes; investiture with a peculiar thread or cord worn over the left shoulder, and under the right; the cord of the Brahmans is of cotton, mánjo or kusa grass; of the Kshairee of san or flax; and of the Vys, of wool: the youths are invested, respectively, from 8 to 16, from 11 to 22, and from 12 to 24 years of age.

चपनिषद s.f. A portion of the religious writings of the Hindus: the theological part, and the Vedanta, or argumentive part of the Veds, either detached from, or comprised in the principal work.

उपनेत s. m. Spectacles, glasses for the उपपत्ति s. m. A paramour, a gallant.

डपपानक : m. A heinous crime, as killing a cow, selling a daughter, atheism, &c.

उपमा] s.f. A resemblance, compa-उपमान] s.f. A resemblance, comparison, simile, that thing to which another is likened.

उपमाम s. m. Comparison.

चपनिति s. f. Resemblance, comparison, a likeness, a picture, image, &c.

उपमेश adj. Comparable.

उपप्रक्त adj. Fit, proper, right, becoming, worthy, qualified; adapted to, suitable, appropriate.

ड पयीन s.m. Suitableness; use. ड पयीनी adj. Suitable.

eq prep. Above, on, over.

GUENT 8. m. A scarf.

a garment (opposed to the lining).

डप्रवादेशरवार्द s. f. Surfeit, mort de chien, cholera morbus, FITH s. m. A secondary mineral, as red chalk, bitumen, &c.; a subordinate flavour.

उपरामा adv. After, afterwards.

FULLET s. m. Aid, assistance. Uparala karna, v. a. To take one's part, protect, stickle for.

चपर adv. Above, up.

चपरीष s. m. Partiality, protection, support, defence, favour, kindness.

उपरोधी adj. Impending. [temple.

चपरीक्ति s. m. A chief priest of a Hindu जपरीचा s. m. A towel or cloth for wiping the body. adj. Superficial.

अपनी s. m. A scarf, a covering (sheet). उपनी adj. Supernatural; the outside

of a garment (opposed to the lining).

cholera morbus.

stone or jewel.

ত্যন্ত্ৰৰ s. m. A synecdoche of a part for a whole, or of a quality for that in which it resides.

चपना s. m.: Cakes of dried cow-drug. चपना adj. Smeared, plastered.

डपड़ी s. f. Cakes of dried cow-dung of a small size. [ing.

खपतेप s.m. Plastering, smearing, anoint-खपतेपन s.m. Smearing, plastering with cowdung, &c.

उपवन s. m. A garden, a grove, an artificially planted wood.

खपवर्णन s. m. Minute, description.

चपवर्षण s. m. A certain celestial minstrel; furniture.

ভাষার s. m. A fast, fasting. ভাষার adj. Fasting, one who observes a fast.

उपविधा s. f. Profane science, inferior sort of knowledge.

चपनिष s. m. Factitious poison; a nar-

cotic, any deleterious drug, as opium, Datura, &c.

लंप

ष्यकेत s. m. The thread or cord worn by by the three first classes of *Hindus* over the left shoulder and under the right.

चपवेद s. m. A division of Hindu science deduced immediately from the Veds : four works are included under this denomination, and severally entitled Ayush, Gandharvah, Dhorush, and Sthapatyah; the first, it is said, was delivered to mankind by Brahma, Indra, Dhanwantari, and five other deities, and comprises the theory of disorders and medicines, with the practical methods of curing diseases; the second, or music, was invented and explained by Bharata; the third upaved was composed by Vishamitrah on the fabrication and use of arms and implements handled in war by the tribe of Kshattris: and Vishwakarma is said to have revealed the fourth in various treatises on sixty-four mechanical arts, for the improvement of such as exercise them.

उपमा s. m. Tranquility, calmness, patience. [pacified.

ভাষাৰ adj. Calm, tranquil; appeased, ভাষাৰি s. f. Tranquility, calm; appeasing, allaying.

चपमानी adj. Tranquil, calm, appeased. चपमान s. m. Science connected with, or derived from the skastrak,

उपस s. f. Stink, stateness, patrefaction, rottenness.

उपस्ता v.n. To become nusty, to rot. उपस्त s.m. A portent, a natural phenomenon supposed to announce future evil; a disease, possession by an evil spirit; a particle prefixed to roots, &c., a preposition.

स्वस्ती s. f. A concubine.

eपस s. m. The male or female organs of generation. [ed, approximate. उपस्थित adj. Present, ready; approacheuses s. m. Derision, scorn, laughter; fun, sport, ridicule, laughing at any one.

ভ্যান্থান s. m. A tale, a story, a narra-ভ্যান্থ s. m. The sectarial mark made with sandal, &c. on the forehead. ভ্যান্থা v. a. To root up, extirpate, eradicate.

বাহাৰ s. m. Abstraction, restraining the organs of sense and perception; cause, motive; immediate or proximate cause. (tyrang.

equivis. m. Virtueus reflection; a discriminative or distinguishing property; deception, disguise; a title, a discriminative appellation, a nick name.

च्याची adj. Violent, unjust. चयाचादी s. m. A spiritual preceptor. खयाचादा s.f. A female preceptor.

ভবামানী s.f. The wife of a teacher. ভবামানী s.f. To create, produce, earn, get; to adopt as an expedient or remedy, to contrive to prepare.

डपाय s. m. A means, expedient, plan, way, contrivance, scheme, preparation, redress, remedy.

स्थानी adj. Resorting to expedients, contriving, remedying; contriver, expest in the use of means. [ty. स्थानन २. m. Earning, sequiring proper-व्यानित adj. Acquired, gained, earned. स्थानस २. m. Abuse, reviling; deferring, delaying.

चपाव s. m. Remedy, redress. चपास s. m. A fast, fasting.

ভ্যাবদ s. m. A worshipper ; a servant.
ভ্যাবদা s. f. Worship, adoration, service, attendance on a superior, sedulity, supplication, prayer, interces—
sion. o. a. To reverence, to worship.
ভ্যাবদ adj. Hungry, one who fasts.
ভ্যাবদ adj. Serving, worshipping.

जपास adj. Worthy of being worshipped, deserving of service, of honour, &c. जपार वर्षा जपार वर्षा अर्थाक वर्षा

जपेचा s. f. Trick, deceit, one of the minor expedients in war; abandoning, abandonment.

उपका v. n. To boil over. उक्का v. n. To vomit.

चपाच s. m. Means, remedy.

चनकार्रे s. f. Act of vomiting. चनकाना v. a. To vomit.

বৰৰে s. m. A paste for scouring the skin previous to bathing.

उद्दश o. a. To rub on the body a detergent application called ubatno.

उबरना v. To remain over.

खबार s. m. Release, deliverance, खबसना v. n. To boil.

व्यवाना v. a. To cause to boil (by the hand of another); to boil any thing with such violence that it is spilled.

चवसना v. n. To rot, to putrefy.

स्वसामा v. a. To cause to rot. स्वाकना v. a. To vomit.

चवाना . . a. To sow, to plant.

चनारना v. a. To set at liberty, liberate, release.

चवालगा v. n. To boil, to make boil.

चमक s.m. A bear. समय pron. Both.

overflow, to unlade (a cart or boat).

লম্ম part, Unladen (as a cart or bost).

Ubhara karna, v. a. To unlade (a cart or bost).

ভাষ্যাল v. a. To fill a vesset till it run ভাষ্যাল v. a. To take away, to steal.
ভাষ্যাল v. a. To take away, to steal.

THIT s. m. Swelling, plumpness, tumefaction, prominence.

उभारना v. s. To plump up, to raise up, to excite, to pursuade.

चमंत्र s. f. Excessive joy, transport, exultation, ambition.

दमंगना v. n. To advance with joy. उनंगी adj. Aspiring, ambitious.

संदेशा v. n. To overflow, to fall (as tears), to swell, to increase or be poured out (as a river, clouds, an army, the heart, &c.).

चमर 8. f. Age, lifetime.

चमस s. f. Heat.

चनसना v. To feel heat.

er s. m. The bosom, the breast. Urd lens, v. s. To embrace, to caress, to fondle.

खरन s. m. A snake.

डरासान s. m. The infernal regions below the earth.

चरनाइ s. m. Goroor the king of birds ; a serpent eater.

धरतारी s. m. Enemy of serpeuts.

चर्ज है s. m. Female breast.

चरकारा v. To make entangled. [es). चरस् s. m. Crimpling, plaits (as of cloth-चरत्वर s. m. A crimpler or plaiter of ∴ clothes.

सर्ध s. m. In the upper part or region. सर्वा adj. Hithermost, of this side. सर्वा s.f. Grand.

चराइना s.m. Reproach, reprof, complaint. चरित्र adj. Freed from a debt.

Tique s. f. Sita the wife of Ram.

चरित्रना s. m. Reproach, reproot.

adj. Large, great, ample.

ady. Large, great, ample.

उद्दे s.f. A kind of vetch (Dolichos डर्फ) pilosus).

छदिषे गनी ३ f. A female armed attendant in the haram.

खद s. m. An otter.

उभैग s. m. A disease occasioned by the mounting of wind upwards.

उबैशी s.f. The name of a courtesan, or female dancer in the heaven of Indra; an ornament worn on the breast.

sit s.f. Fertile soil, yielding every kind of crop; land in general.

उद्यास adj. Naked. उद्यासना v. To transgress; to leap over.

তৰ্বনা v. a. To throw out the water from any thing, to drain.

टलकान s.f. Involution, entanglement, complication.

emmen v. n. To be entangled, to ravel, to be involved (in difficulties). v. a. To quarrel, to debate.

ভলন্যত্তমালাল v. n. To be entangled, to ravel, &c.

ভৰ্মাণা v. a. To entangle, to ravel or entwist (as thread), to involve, busy or engage (in difficulties, business, fo.) to embroil.

डचमाद s. m. Entanglement, perplexity, intricacy, complication, involution.

चलकीका s.m. Entanglement, चलदर्भवन s.m. Name of a flower.

डलटना ब. o. To pervert, subvert, thwart,

reversed, turned over or turned back, to return.

turvy. s. f. Confusion, interchage.

enz: part. or adj. Roversed, turned back. s. m. Reverse, opposite, contrary, reverted, turned back; pease pudding, a kind of pudding made of the meal of any pulse.

overset, upset, pervert, hwart, reverse, invert, return.

বল্ডানা মুন্তানা v. a. To reverse, modify; to interchange. [piggledy. ভ্ৰুষ্য মুন্তা কঠা. Topsy turvy, higgledy

चन्द्रा प्रतरा क्या. To pay turvy, miggieny जनवना v. n. To undulate, to be agitat-

ed (as the ocean by storms).

जना v. n. To lie down, to rest.

on one side.

ভব্দা s. m. A complaint, an accusation. v. n. To grow, to vegetate. Ulahana dena, v. a. To reproach, complain (to) accuse.

चलारना v. a. To cause to sleep.

च्यादना v. n. To overset, to lay over to one side.

उताहना s. m. Reproach, complaint.

उसीपना v. a. To throw up water, to bale.

डब् } s. f. A kind of grass (Succha-

Ter s. m. An owl.

स्वयं s.m. Bdellium, a gummy substance; a wooden mortar used for cleaning vice.

डलेखना v. a. To pour water.

Sen s. f. A firebrand; fire falling from heaven, a meteor, &o.; flame; fire.

em.s. m. An owl; (met.) a stupid fellow, a blockhead, a fool. चक्राच s. m. A simpleton, a fool.

उज्ञयन s. m. Stupidity, foolishness. उज्ञीर s. f. The root of a fragrant grass

on to s. f. The root of a fragrant grad (Andropogon muricatum).

चषचा v. n. To boil.

ৰ্ষা ৈ s. m. Early morning, dawn, ব্যাকাৰ day-break. বহু s. m. A camel.

Swadj. Hot, warm; pungent, acride s. m. Hent, warmth.

उपाता s. f. Heat, warmth.

ভৰ্মিষ s. m. A turban, a diadem.

उपता s. f. Heat, warmth. उपा s. f. Wrath: warmth.

उसता s. m. A barber.

जनन s. m. An animal born of heat;

उसकता v. To move.

उसकाना v. To light a fire.

डसना part. Boiled. Usnána, v. a. To cause to boil.

उसना v. n. To boil. [recede. उसरना v. n. To retreat, shrink from, उसलप्रस्ताना v. n. To be agitated, to

be tossed, to get into confusion. उसाना v. a. To winnow.

उसाबा v. a. To boil.

उसारना v. a. To remove, to put out of उसारा s. m. A porch, portico, peristyle, vestibule, [tion.

Iplace.

कसास s. m. Breath, breathing, respira-

ভৰিজনা v. n. To boil.

चसीजना { υ. α. Το boil

चरीर s.f. A fragrant root of grass used in making tatties (Andropogon muricatum).

च सीसा s. m. A pillow, cushion, head of a bed or resting place.

डसेश्ना v. a. To throw out the water from boiled rice.

ज्ञाहना v. To root up, to eradicate.

জ ঠ

? adj. Depopulated.

जटपटक s. m. Absurdity, nonsense what is without meaning or foundation, adi. Poor, helpless, destitute, in disorder.

जटपटकी adj. One who speaks inconsiderately or without preparation.

जब s. f. Wool. जपी adj. Woollen.

जन s. m. One who dies without leaving issue, an unmarried man; a stupid person, blockhead, dunce.

s. m. An otter. **कट** विसाव

जहा adj. Of a brown colour.

s.f. Brownness.

क्रथम s. m. Noise, impudence, rebellion, rebellions. disturbance. जन्मी adj. Making noise, impudent,

ज्ञथर } adv. There, thither, on that ₹Ч₹ ∫ side, on the other side.

जन s. f. Wool. adj. Less, defective, minus.

जनी adj. Woollen.

जन्त adj. Said, described.

अपर adv. Above, on, up, upon, upwards, over, outside, past. s. m. Top, outside exterior. Upar se, Form above, over, as, Tufan upar se chala que. The storm passed over.

जपरी adj. Foreign.

жы s. m. Oppressive heat, languor occasioned by heat.

जभना v. n. To be agitated or oppressed with heat; to be angry or dissatisfied.

जन्द adj. Impassable, steep; inaccessible.

w sdi. High, on high, above. Urddhbolu, odj. With arms aloft or rais-

ज्ञाना v. a. To light a fire or candle ; to excite, to instignte,

ETTI v. a. To subside (a swelling or inundation).

TER s. m. Cover, covering of a litter.

জ

₹ The sixth vowel of the Nágri alphabet; it has the sound of oo in fool.

ज: An interjection used to express sudden pain or distress, Oh !

ज घ s. f. Nodding, sleepiness.

क घना n. n. To nod from sleepiness, to doze, to slumber, to droop,

कं घाइ । s. f. Drowsiness, nodding, कंचास doze, sleepiness, drooping. ज व adj. High, elevated.

ज पा adı. High, tall, above, steep, loud. Uncha bol bolna, To speak with pride. Unche sunne, To hard of hearing. Unchkani, s. f. Deafness, Unche bol ka munh nicha, The proud ones are degraded.

क वाइ । s. f. Height, elevation, steep-জ বাৰ S ness, eminence, tallness.

கர் z s. m. A. camel.

क दक्दारा s. m. Name of a thistle of which camels are fond (Eschinops echinatus).

कट नौ s.f. A female camel.

ज ही adv. Exactly in that manner, so. Tr interi. Oh 1

जब s. f. Error, slip.

काकारा v. n. To vomit.

[cinarum). ज्ञ इ. f. A sugar-cane (Saccharum offi-फखाड़ी s. f. A sugar-cane field.

कदर s. m. Barren land : a pot for husking rice.

जखार s. m. Sugar-cane.

फाखल *s. m.* } A pot for husking rice. **তদ্ব**ণী ৪. ƒ. ∫

ed up (s posture of Jogis) Urddhpundr, s. m. A peculiar line, delineated on the forelroad by the worshippers of Vishnu. Urddh-edns, s. m. Deep inspiration, gasp.

ALC:

कारीबा s. m. An order of religious mendicants, the sunyasi the Rishi; one who live in perpetual chastity.

सहैसस s.m. Deep inspiration, gasp. जरा adj. Understood; requiring to be supplied.

জন্ম s. f. A kind of grass (Sac-

जन्म s.m. Black pepper.

जबर adj. Barren (land), a spot with saline soil.

₩ s. m. Reasoning.

Ø

च The seventh vowel of the Nágri alphabet; it has the sound of ri in rich, and its symbolical character is, which is thus combined नच.

s.f. Stanzas; one of 4 Veds.

The stanzas; one of 4 Veds.

Rig-ved; a magical invocation, a mystical prayer of the veds.

चाची s. m. A certain saint.

www s. m. A bear.

ষ্টাই s.m. The first of the four veds.

यह adj. Straight metaphorically, as in morals. (quantity, minus.

यह s.m. Debt, (in Algebra) negative

यहपस adj. Indebted, involved in debt.

यहपस s.m. One who does not pay his debt.

स्यमार है adj. One who does not pay समगर his debts.

चयस्ति s.f. Discharge of a debt. स्वतीय s.m. Paying a debt. चापारीध s. m. Clearing of a debt.

ऋषामोधन s. m. Payment or discharge of a debt.

चहिष्या s. m. f. A. debtor.

भाषी adj. m. Indebted. e. m. A debtor. भाषा s. m. Season, weather: the Hindus divide the year into six seasons, each consisting of two months, viz. vasont, grishm, varsha, sarad, him, and shishir; the menstrual evacuation.

चतुप्राप्त वर्षा. Fruitful, fertile, &c., productive in due season. [ation.

सतुमती s. f. A woman during menstru-सतुमान s. m. Bathing after menstruation. [&c.

सह adj. Prosperous, thriving, rising, सहि s. f. A medicinal plant; wealth, possession, property; increase, prosperity; a name of goddess Parvati.

ऋन s. m. A debt.

स्पि s. m. A debtor.

**Eff s. m. A vid, or sacred composition;
a sanctified personage so called a sage
or saint; there are several orders
of these rishis, as the Maharshi
Dovarshi, Rajarshi, fc. the uncompounded name is especially applied to
seven ancient sages, beginning with
washishth, who hold in mythology
an exalted and mysterious rank, and
who form in astronomy the asterism
of the Greater Bear; the Rishi of a
mantrah or mystic prayer in the vels,
is the sage by whom it is supposed to
have bean remembered or recited.

ऋषिश्वय An obligation owing to the Rishi's ; the study of Veds.

कविराज } adj. Superior to all saints.

ऋषिपत्नी s.f. The wife of a saint. ऋषि s.f. A spear, sword, स्वी s. f. The wife of a Rishi, स्वीज s m. Chief of the Rishis. स्वीसा adj. Superior to all saints. स्वत्य s m. A certain mountain. स्व ज m. A bear; a star, a constellation.

य क

42

The eighth vowel in the Nágri alphabet; it has the sound of ree in reet, and when combined its symbol is thus placed beneath the letter w. w. s. f. The nother of the gods also of the demons; a name of Sie; an Asir or demon.

ल्

or li, The ninth vowel of the Nágri alphabet, having the power of lri, but more usually considered to be expressed by li in leek.

ल्

or lee, The tenth vowel in the Nagri alphabet: it has the sound of Lee in leek.

Œ

or ch, The eleventh vowel in the Nagri alphbet, corresponding very nearly to e in esquire, hempen: its symbol is placed above the letter it may de combined with, as.

ve interj. O i a respectful particle, of address. ♥

un adj. One Eka-eki, All at once. Ekad, some some few. Ek-bárgi, All at once. Ek-dast All together, entire. Ek san, adj. Alike, similar. Ek-se din nsh raine, Is used to denote a change of condition, smost commonly from good to evil but sometimes the reverse. Ek ki das sunani To reply ten (words) for one: spoken of a person who replies will many words especially in giving abuse). Ek-takht. Altogether, entirely. Ek-nuh-ek, One or other.

'TH

एक्क adr. Alone, solitary.

vaste s. m. One or the same time.

एक का लिंग adj. Coeval, belonging to the same period, simultaneous, contemporary.

एकगुर s. m. A spiritual brother, pupil of the same preceptor. [lage.

एकपानीन adj. Of the same town or vil-एक्षित adj. Thinking of one thing only, intent upon, absorbed in; of one mind agreeing, concurring.

एक का । s. m. Supreme monarch.

एकटझ s. m. A fixed look, stare.

UNE | adj. Togother, collected. El-UNES | tha, or Ekattha kurna, To gather, to collect.

एकतराज्य र s. m. A tertian ague.

एकता s. f. Unity, oneness; union; equality.

पत्तवान adj. Closely attentive, having the mind fixed on one only object. s. m. musical unison.

एकताच s. m. Harmony, unison, the accurate adjustment of song, dance and instrumental music.

एक्सीर्थिन् s. m. A spiritual brother, an associate in religious offices or objects. एकत adv. In one place. collectedly.

together. [time.

एकदा adm. Once, at once, at the same-एकद: यहाय adj. Sympathising, having the same joys and sorrows. एकदश् adj. One-eyed single-eyed. एकपच adj. An associate, firm ally or partizan.

एकपत्री s.f. A faithful wife, one devoted to her husband.

एकवार } Once; one time.

एकमज adj. Worshipping one Deity.
एकमजि adj. Of one faith; believing in

एक्द(जिंग s.f. A heap, a crowd. [bling. एक्दप adj. Like, similar, same, resem-एक्स adj. Alone, solitary.

पन्नजीता adj. ()nly-begotten (son).

एक्व्यें adj. Of one caste or tribe; of one colour. s. m. An unknown quantity (in alyebra).

unveil s. f. Beating time, marking musical measure by clapping the hands, or the instrument which does so, a castanet.

पनापर ब s. m. One only hope and refuge; especially applied to a Deity. पनापर adj. Of one body or blood.

एकसर Alone.

एकसा है adj. Alike, similar, resemएकसार है bling, of the same quality.

एकार s. f. Unanimity.

एकाएको adv. All at once, suddenly.

एकास adj. Aside, apart, alone. एकाकार adj. Alike, uniform, of the

same from. एकाको adj. Solitary, alene.

unia adj. Intent, closely attentive, fixed on one object; undisturbed, unper plexed. [attention.

एकावता s. f. Close and undisturbed एकादमी s.f. The eleventh day of the lunar for night.

एकाध्यित s. m. A sovereign, a monarch. एकान adj. Aside, apart, alone; solitary, uninhabited, lonely retired. ऐकाच s. m. A crow. adj. One-eyed. एकोक adj. Singly, one by one.

vy s. f. Striking with the heel, spurring. Er márno, To spur.

एडनन s. m. A medicinal plant, use for the cure of ring-worm.

usi s. f. The heel. Eri dekho, Look at your heel (look at home): a phrase used to obviate the effect of an veil

एतर्थं adv. Therefore, for this reason. एतमा adj. m. As much as this, so much.

एतना adj. m. As much as this, so much, एतनार s. m. Sunday.

vat adj. m. So much, thus much.

एतानता adv. On this account, for this reason.

एतावन्यान adj. Thus much, only this. एसन s. m. A musical mode.

Christi or Ricinus communis).

एरफिर s. m. Exchange, interchauge; एरफिर s. m. barter; dancing at-पराफिरो s.f. tendance.

परावत s. 🦫 Elephant of Indra.

uti interj. O l a vocative particle for females.

एलची s.m. An ambassador, agent, envoy. एलची s. f. Substitute, place, also adj. Equivalent in compensation.

एस्या s. m. Aloes (Aloe perfoliata).

un s.f. Small cardamums, the seed of the Electeria cardamonum, or Alpinia Cardamonum.

us adv. As, like.

एवम adv. So, like, thus ; and.

स्वतस् (The Sanskrit imperat of the verb to be) So let it be, amen. Put at the of invocation to the Deity.

nat A dialectic form, this year.

ufv } pr. This

ऐ

The twelfth vowel of the Négri alphabet: it has the sound of y in Jypn, and its symbol in combinations is thus placed over the letter.

एंच } s. m. Reserve, drawing.

रेषना है v. s. To draw, attract, pull.

ऐंटा s. m. A snail.

vistoning, tightening; strut.

ऐ उना v. a. To tighten. n. n. To writhe, cramp, twist; to strut, stalk, walk, affectedly.

चेल्डना v. n. To strut, to stalk.

एँख s.f. A coil, twist, convolution, lightening a street. [thing. তহল s.m. A lightening, twisting, wri-তহল v. To be pulled, be dragged, উদ্ধাধিবলা.s. m. Sole monarch.

Danis que s. m. Sole monare

ऐकाविक adj. Quotidian.

unity, equality; an aggregate, a total.

रेनुब s. m. 'Unskilfulness, stupidity.

চ্লক s.f. Glasses used to assist the wight, spectacle.

ভারুম, spectacle.

কুলাদিক কঠা. Belonging to legerdomain, magical; deceptive, illusory.
s.m. A juggler. [mountain.
কুমান Name of the elephant of Indra,
ম্মানন s. f. The Roviriver in the Ponjab.
ইমুল s. m. Grandeur, glory, pomp,
wealth, greatness, majesty, state;
superhuman power, the divine faculties of omnipresence, omnipotence.
invisibility, &c.; supremacy, dominion, sway, power, might.

रेपीय s.f. A kind of reed Saccharum spontanium.

चेवन Thus, like this, after this manner.

esi ad. Snch, like this, so, resembling, like (particularly when joined to other words as, mard-aysa, Like a man). Aysa tysa, or wysa wysa, So so, indifferent, indifferently.

ऐसेई In this every manner,

ऐसे } adv. Thus.

vat adv. This year.

विमेची Thus.

पेइलीकिक Relating to this present world.

ऐड़िक odj. Pertaining to the present state; worldly, local, of this world, of this place.

श्रो

n The thirteenth vowel in the Nagri alphabet, it has the sound of σ in go, and its symbol when combined is made thus.

The vocative interjection O! an interjection of calling, ho, hola; of reminiscence, ho, ah; of compassion, ah, oh, cony. And.

क्या conj. The mystical monosyllable Om. क्यांत s. m. The lip.

क्यांडा adi. Deep.

Site s. m. The cord with which rafters of frames for thatching on are pulled into their places and fastened till the roof is finished.

क्योधना v: n. To lower (as the sky) To be upside down, inverted.

कांधा adj. Upside down, overturned.

খীৰ s. m. A house, a dwelling; an asylum, a place of refuge; sickness at the stomach, inclination to vomit; a draught of water from the hollow of the hand,

कीक ना ». n. To vomit,

भोषणी s.f. A wooden mortar.

चीबा } adv. Of little consequence,

भोगार s. m. The juice of the betel leaf chewed and spit out, [it.

chewed and spit out, [it.
বানাৰণ v. To clear out a well, to dredge
খাৰ s. m. Multitude, aggregate (in
general), a collection. [the Deity.
খাছাৰ s. m. The mysterious name of
ভাষা atij. Light, of little consequence,
absurd, trifling, fickle, fruitless, silly,
capticious, Ochka hons, To want,

बोहाई | Insignificance, absurdity,

पोज s. m. Light, Splendour, metallic पोजस् s. m. Light, splendour; manifestation, appearance; strength; vitality, vital warmth and action as appearing especially in the foctus.

মান্ধ s. m. Entrails, stomach, guts. মান্ধ s. f. A thrust, a push.

খানত s.f. Privacy, retirement.

মানন adj. Private, hid. Ojhal karna, To conceal, screen, &c. Ojhal hona, To be concealed &c.

ম্বীদ্ধা s. m. A wizard, sorcerer, magician. শীদ্ধাহন A witch, sorceress.

· भोभापन s. m. Sorcery, witcheraft. भीट s. f. Protection, shade, shelter,

sereen, covering, concealment, partition. Ot karna, To conceal, screen, &c. Ot hona, To be concealed, &c.

wilzer o. o. To defend, screen, shelter; to thrumb, separate the seed from cotton; to catch (a ball &c.).

भोटा s. m. A partition wall or screen. भोद s. m. The lip.

भोडन s. m. A shield, a target.

बोहना v. a. To put on (dress). s. m. A sheet, cloak, or mantle.

चोदनी s. m. A smaller sheet, a veil or woman's mantle. षोखः adj. Deep. [convalescence. ছীন s.f. Overplus, surplus; abatement, ছৌনা adj. So much, so many.

चीदन s.m. Boiled rice,

षोदनी s.f. A plant (Sida cordifolia, &c.) षोदा adj. Wet, moist, damp.

মী adj. Possessing a right or title to. s. m. A proprietor, one invested with power and authority.

s.f. Beauty, lustre, elegance, brilliancy, brilgtness, polish.

ছাব্দা s. m. A man armed with weapons or clothed in mail. Opchi khanah, s. m. A guard-house or post of armed men.

षीपनी An instrument for polishing.

भोम् ado. The mystic name of the Deity prefacing all the prayers and most of the writings of the Handus; a name of Vishnu. of Shiva, and of Brahms, it therefore implies the Indian Triad, and expresses the Three in One.

wits.f. Origin, boundary, limit; way side, (ward). Usor, That way, on that side, thitherward. Or nibahna, To be constant to, protect (for ever).

शोरमा s. m. A particular kind of sewing, stitching together two breadths, भोरी adj. Partial, sidesman, protector, patron. s.f. The caves of a house.

মীল s. m. A vegetable, the root of which is eaten (Arum companulatum); a hostage.

भी जनी s.f. The eaves of a roof.

with s. m. Hail; a kind of sweet-meat.
Ols ho-jana, To become cold. Jon sir
mundaya ton ole pare, I had no
sooner shaved my head than a shower of hail came on: (spoken of one
who has just engaged in an enterprize
which turns out unfortunate).

(77)

ৰাধ s.f. Dew. Os par-jani, 'To fall in value, to be deprived of importance, splendour, &c., to become less in demand than formerly.

ৰীষ্টি \ s.f. An annual plant or deci-খীষ্টী \ duous herb; one that dies after becoming ripe; an ingredient of a medicine.

জীয় s. m. The lip, especially the upper. জীয়ান s.,m. Any morbid affection of the lips.

ভাষী s.f. A creeper, bearing a red flower, to which the lip is commonly compared) Bryonis grandis or Momodics monodelpha, &c.).

খীয় s. f. Dew, Os par-jani, to fall in value, to be deprived of importance, splendour, &c., to become less in demand than formerly.

स्रोसवर्ग s. m. Name of a medicine.

WHE s. f. A heifer.

श्रीसरा s. m. Turn, vicissitude. Osraosri, by turns, alternafely.

भोसार Width, girth, too wide.

चीसारा s.m. A porch, portico.

ची सीसा s. m. The head of a bed or resting-place; a pillow, a cushion.

भोड़ी interj. Heigh! ho!

मौ

The fourteenth vowel of the Nagri alphabet, having the sound of ou in our; its symbol is and it is combined thus an.

wi conj. And also.

स्रोगी s.f. Silence, dumbness.

ateradi. Deep.

क्षींधना v. n. To lower (as the sky).

Oundha bakht, s. m. Misfortune, ad-

verse, fortunez Oundhi peshani, adj. Short-sighted; unfortunate.

कोषाना v. a. To turn upside down, to reverse, to overturn, to spill.

ৰীবা s. m. A fruit, a kind of Myrobalans (Phylanthus emblica).

कालासार s. m. A sort of brimstone. भीकात Times, seasons.

चौगाइ adí. Deep.

बोधी s.f. A whip like a waggoner's about seven cubits long used in training horses; an ornamental edging of superior country shoes (peculiar to Delhi).

चौन्य s. m. Defect, blemish, vice.

भौगुको adj. Without virtue or science, ignorant. [quented.

দীষ্ট adj. Inaccessible, steep; unfre-দীষ্ট্য | adv. Suddenly, unawares, un-দীষ্ট্ট | expectedly.

দীক s. m. A root from which an orange colour is extracted (Morinda citrifolia).

দীবাৰ s. m. Arms, tools, apparatusplur of; sin, offence, but not used in Hindi in this sense.

चौभाड s. f. A thrust, a push.

with verbal noun. Boiling, evaporation by boiling. s. m. A knife used for cutting tobacco.

থীলো v. a. To boil (as milk), to evaporate over a fire, v. n. To consume with rage or vexation.

श्रीसना v. n. To descend (as in incarnation of the Deity, &c.) on earth.

That a mation, especially of a delty from heaven; the appearance of any deity upon earth, but more particularly the mythological incarnations of Vishau in ten principal forms which are well known, vis. Matsyo, a fish; Kachchapa, a tortoise; Varaha, a boar; Nirsingha, a man-lion; Varaboar; Trisingha, a man-lion; Varaboar

no, a dwarf; Parussrama; Ram; Krishn; Budho; and Kuki; a pious or distinguished person, in the language of respect or flattery, is also called an Avator, a descent or incarnation of the deity; a tirth or sacred place; translation, translating; crossing.

भीत का s. m. Anxiety, perturbation, re-

भोदान s. m. Gratis, what is given over and above or without purchase.

चौदार्थ s. m. Munificence, liberality.

चौरास s. m. Solitude, loneliness. चौत्रसह To fall facewards, fall headlong. चौत्रोने adv. More or less.

মীৰট] adj. Impassable, steep, inac-মীমট cessible, devious.

wit conj. And, also. adj. More, other.

Ourek, Another, separate, distinct,
elso. Our-nahin to, and if not then,
and otherwise. Ourhi, Quite different, extraordinary.

चौरस adj. A legitimate, child, i. e. by a wife of the same tribe.

चौरचौर Others, other besides, other kinds of.

base of the oblique cases of the plural.

শীইইছিল adj, Obsequies of a deceased person; whatever is given or performed in remembrance of a wealthy person deceased.

चौर्वानस s.m. Submarine fire.

भीषध Medicine.

খাৰত c. f. A medicament, a drug, any herb, mineral, &c. used in medicine. । খীৰ্ঘি s. m. A deciduous plant, an annual production, as grass, &c. খীৰ্ঘাট বন্ধু, Medicinal, to putrify.

Ten v. n. To become musty, to rot,

चीसर s. m. Occasion, time, opportunity, leisure.

খীৱাৰ s. m. Sensation, sense; courage;
presence of mind. [less.
খীৱৰ adj. Without consideration, heedখীৱা s. m. Anxieitude, solicitude.

35

The first consonant of the Nágrialphabet, and having the sound of K, as in Kirk. [wrist.

कंकन s. m. A bracelet ornament of the कंकर s. m. A nodule of limestone, limestone, stone, gravel.

कंकरा s. m. A stone ball with which boys play, a marble, pebble.

नंतरी s.f. A small round stone or pebble. [sorceress.

बंबालिन s.f. A kind of witch hag or बंबेला adj. Gravelly.

कं कील s. m. A kind of gourd (monor-

संख्या s. m. A centipede (Scelopendra). संबो s. f. A side glance, a squint, a sly look. Kankhyia, s.f. A side glance, ogle. Kankhiya dekhna, To ogle, leer. संबन s. m. An ornament worn on the

wrists by Hindu women, bracelet.

groom's wrist. कांगनी s.f. A cornice; a small grain, millet (Panicun Italicum).

संगरीख s. m. The ridge of the back, the spine ; name of a bird (water-fowl).

कंगलना s.f. Penury, poverty.

कंगाच adj. Poor, friendless, miserly.

Kangál-banka, Poor and proud. Kangáltar, Vain-glorious. Kangolta, s. f.

Penury, poverty.

कंचन s. m. Gold, a caste of people whose females are dancers; kanchan-ban, a.

real kanchan or one by birth. Kanchan or one by birth; kanchankhachit, adi. Inlaid with gold.

• आंपनी s. f. A female kanchan, a dancing girl, a strumpet, courtezan.

कंप } s. f. A bodice or jacket.

wier s. m. A lotus.

कानर s. m. A casto of people generally employed in selling ropes, &c. They also catch and eat snakes.

कंत्रा adj. Blue-eyed.

कांजिया s. f. A small stythe or sty.

कंज् स s. m. A miser, a niggard. कंज् स s. f. Stinginess, meanness, penu-

riousness, niggardliness.

कंटन s. m. A thorn; a bad man; a mean enemy.

कंटकारी s. f. A sort of prickly nightshade (Solonum jacquini).

#27 adj. Miserly. [keeping oil. #1281 s.f. A fishing-hook; a vessel for #13 s. m. Windpipe, or the lump on the windpipe, throat, the larynx, Adam's apple; the bosom; voice. adj. Byheart, committed to memory. Kantharundhan, Strangulation. Kanth phutna, v. n. To be broken, the voice of a boy, becomig haarse as he approaches to puberty). Kanth-mola, s. f. A kind of necklese of gold and

fula. Kanth-korna, To get by heart. बंडवा s. m. A necklace composed of pieces of gold, silver, &c. put on children to avert evil.

jewels ; bronchocele or goitre : scro-

ats s. m. A necklace or rosary of large beads made of silver, crystal, or the earth of karbala.

कंडाय adj. By rote, by memory. [neck. कंडायरण s. m. pl. The ornaments of the कंडो s. f. A short necklace. कंडराना v. n. To bristle ; to dislike or abhor. [of mustard.

कंडरी s.m. Name of a vegetable, a kind कंडा s.m. Dry cow-dung picked up in fields, &c. used for fuel; a reed; a

कंडारी s. m. A helmsman, g steersman,

क डाज s. m. A kind of hautboy.

क जी s. f. Scraps of dried cow-dung.

क डेरा s. m. A cleaner of cotton.

कंस s. m. A husband, a sweetheart. कंशा s. m. An apparatus.

ৰ হ s. m. A bulbous or tuberous root; one of an esculent sort (Arum compsnulatum); garlie; an affection of the feminine organ.

कंट्र s. m. f. } An artifical or natural कंट्रा s.f. } cavern, a chasm in a mountain.

कंदन s.m. A. gun (Sagapenum). कंदना s.m. A. precipice ; a cave ; a

kind of silver thread. कंद्रशह s.m. A stag, buck, deer.

कदा है s. m. A squill (Erythronium

क दा करना v. a. To engrave (ss seals, gc.). Kandakár, s. m. An engraver. क दाखा s. m. A priapus, obelisk, the ling or lingum.

कंप } s. m. The shoulder. Kandah कुंद: } jhárna, To prepare to fly (a bird).

a ay s. m. The shoulder, Kandha dena, To carry a dead body.

क पियाना v. a. To shoulder, to place on the shoulder. [[saddle.

चंदेली s.f. A kind of pannel or pack-जंदण s.m. The lotus (Nymphæs nelunbo). Kanwalbad, The jàmndice, Kanwal nain, adj. Having eyes like the flower of the lotus. Kanwaldah, s. m. Very deep water abounding with lotuses. कंस s.m. A proper name; the uncle | कच s.m. Rawness; simplicity; hair. and enemy of Krishna, by whom he was slain; as othe fee of the deity, heas considered an Asur or demon.

* ** * s. f. A kind of cucumber (cucumis utilissimus).

कदना s. m. (A ring worn on the काका भी s.f. 🤇 wrist, a bracelet.

ककरीन्दा s. m. A. fruit (Celsia).

क क च च रा s. m. The alphabet.

क्का s. m. A paternal uncle.

काकीरना v. a. To scrape (the earth as forols do), to excavate. farmpit. कदरी s. f. The armpit ; soreness of the कहोरी s. f. A painful suppurating

tamour in the armoit. MAT 8. m. Edge, corner, border; archi-

कड्रण s. m. A bracelet or ornament of the wrist.

कहर s. m. A nodule of limestone.

कदरा s. f. A stone ball with which boys play, a marble.

कड़ री s. f. A small round stone or pebble कड़न s. m. An ornament worn on the wrists by Hindu women.

कड़ना s. m. A thread tied round a bridegroom's wrist,

काइनी s. f. A cornice ; a small grain (Panicum Italicum).

कारीड s. m. The ridge of the back, the spine, name of a bird (water-fowl). कक्ष्यता s.f. Penury, poverty.

कक्काल adj. Poor, friendless, miserly. Kungál-banka, Poor and proud.

Kungaltur, Vain-glorious. कक्षावित् s.f. A kind of witch, hag or sorceress.

चाडी s. f. The lobe of the ear.

कहा s. n. े A comb. Kanghi sanwarns, To adjust the hair which has been disordered in sleep. Kanghi kurna, To comb (the hair).

कचक s.f. Pain (of a wound), limp. Kachakna, v. n. To strain, sprain. twist : to limp : to pain.

कचकच s. m. Debate, altercation. Kachkuchahat, s. f. The act of debating.

कचकचाना v. n. To swarm, to be very abundant, to be gritty.

क्चकना To strain, sprain, twist: to pain. कचकडा s. m. Tortoise-shell.

कदकाना v. a. To strain, sprain, twist. काचकेला s. m. A kind of plantain which is eaten boiled or cooked as a vegetable.

काचडा s. m. An unripe melon of a very diminutive kind.

कचनार s. f. A tree, the flowers of which are a delicate vegetable (Baulinia variegats).

कचपच s. f. Crowd, adj, Close, thick, stuffed together.

कचपचिया s. The Pleiades. कचपन s. m. Rawness, simplicity.

कचयच s. m. pl. Infants, brats, children: family.

क्षमन s. f. Unintelligible or incorrect language, babble, nonsense.

कचरा s. m. The raw khurbuza or melon : patensis).

कचरी s. m. A fruit (Cucumis Madras-कचला s.m. Clay.

कवलीन s. m. A kind of salt said to promote digestion.

कच्छोडिया s.f. Untempered steel.

क्षपत्रीड s. m. Bloody ichor discharged with purulent matter.

कपहरी s.f. A hall or court of justice. townhall, court, office. surfeit. क्षणो s. f. Rawness; indigestion?

कवाकव Altercation, debate. कचारमा Washing clothes.

क्षेत्र 8. m. An esculent root (Arum | colocasia.

कविशा s. m. A reaping hook or sickle. कविद्याना v. n. To be frightened, to draw back, to shrink.

कियाहर s. f. Abhorrence.

वाषुषार 8. m. Baultini a variegata.

कपुनर s. m. A kind of pickle Kachumar kar dala, To cut to pieces.

कपूर s. m. A plant or drug (Circums recunating or zerumbet \.

कचेरा s. m. The name of a tribe.

बचौरी s.f. A kind of pastry made of wheaten flour and pulse.

कश adj. Unripe, crude, immature ; raw, built of unbasket earth; silly; inexperienced; false.

का s. m. A plant (Arum colocasia). कार्य s. m. A tortoise, a turtle.

and s. m. A horse (with a hollow back) , from the province of Kachchh on the banks of the Sind.

www s. m. A tortoise turtle ; privities. कहना s. m. A kind of breeches which cover very little of the thigh. v. n. To be washed.

कहनी s. f. A smaller kind of breeches. कहवंपट adj. Incontinent, lewd, dissolute, libertine, lecher.

बह्दाहा s. m. A tribe of Raipoots claiming descent from Koos, the son of Ram Chandar. The Rayas of Jynagar are of this family.

कहाइ & Moist and low land by a river. कहार bank of a river.

बहार्न v. a. To wash, to rinse.

कह neut. pron. (in Braj) Any, some, something, little, whatever.

AUNI s. m. A tortoise, कहणा s.m. A torboise, a turtle. Kuch-

hòoa dábar. adj. Uneven-bottomed (a river), deep and shallow alternately.

कक्क ale. A very little.

कहीरी s.f. A cloth worn between the legs to conceal the privities.

कार Crooked, wry.

कारा s. m. Lamp-black, used for painting the eyes. [painting.

कत्ररारा adj. Black (eyes) without

नजानी s. f. A pot for keeping kanal: an iron instrument like snuffers, used to receivesmoke to propare and keep lamp-black.

कजा f. Death, fate, destiny (Arabic).

कलाक s. m. Robber, high wayman.

कनाकी s. f. Highway robbery.

भाजाचित adv. Perhaps,

कत्रिया A declaration, a proposition, a determination.

कजल s. m. Lamp-black, soot, collyriung prepared from soot.

क्षण s.m. Gold : a caste of people whose females are dancers. Kanchariban, A real Kanchan, or one by birth. Kanchan-khachit, adj. Inlaid. with gold.

संबंगी s.f. A female Kanchan, a dancing girl, a strumpet.

क्ष s. f. A bodice or jacket. बाच s. m. A lotus.

क्षाइ s. m. A caste of people generally employed in selling ropes, &c, They also catch and eat snakes.

बचा adj. Blue-eyed.

कांच्या s. f. A small stythe or stye.

कश्च s. m. A miser, a niggard. Kanjusi, s. f. Stinginess, meanness, penuriousness.

कट s. m. Black colour to mark chintz with. s.f. The reins, the loins, the waist. Kotkehree, adj. Having a waist elegant as the lion's (spithet of a woman).

कटक s. m. An army.

wood); plan, scheme, sketch, reguation. adj. Shrewd, cunning.

कटकटाना To gnash or grind the teeth.

बटकरंज } s. f. The febrifage nut बटकविजी } (Gailandina Bondacella: or Cesalpinia bonducella).

बाटकोना A sub base, under-form.

wzit s.f. A harvest, crop.

ष्टलना adj. Inclined to bite.

षाटवाना ०. a. To bite.

कटचरा s. m. A wooden cage ; a railing, a palisade.

कटना ए. n. To be cut; to be clipped or cut off; to be spent or passed (time, life, fc.); to be abashed to be

interrupted of; to die wounds.

क्रटनी s. f. The season for cutting grain, harvest.

**TENS s. m. A small tree found in the north-west of Hindustan, the bark and seeds of Which are used in medicine, and as aromatics: the fruit also is eaten: the common name is Kayaphala.

आटबंधन s. m. A clog or ring of wood with which the feet of elephants are fastened.

Wat adj. Crusl, relentless, subs. Caitiff, watsan v. n. To be cut, to be cut off, intercepted, divided, separated, or soft up (as, a road by being infested with thieves, &c.).

শ্বাস s. m. A market, suburbs, the market town belonging to a fort.

चटनाना v. a. To cause to cut, to cause to be butten.

wild beasts are kept.

ezwer s. m. A wooden cage; a railing, lisade,

कटडल इ. m. A fruit or tree, the jack or its fruit (Artocarpus integrifolia).

azer adj. Inclined to bite, snapping, snappish.

ক্ষা s. f. Killing, slaughter. Katákarna. To slaughter, murder. ক্যান্য v. a. To cause to cut or bite.

wert s. m. A dagger ; a polecat.

WZINI s. m. A medicinal plant (Globe thistle; Echinops echinatus).

कटारिया s. m. A kind of silk cloth with stripes in the form of daggers.

कटारी s. f. A dagger. [li. कटाल s. m. Flood, spring tide (Benga-कटाव s. m. A kind of flowering on clothes, adj. Cutting.

कटामा adı. Inclined to bite.

ৰহাৰ s. m. A shallow boiler for oil or butter, &c. [look, ogling. কহাৰ s. m. A leer, a glance of side

ষতি ১ s.f. The lip, the buttocks, the waist, reins, the loins, the waist, Katkehree adj. Having a waist elegant as the lion's (epithet of a woman).

कटिया s. f. Fishing hook.

কাৰেন্ব s. m. A waist band, girdle, zone. কঠোৰা adj. Thorny; name of a plant; active, brave (a soldier).

a flower (Michelia Champaca) adj.
Pungent; fierce, impetuous, hot.

कटक adj. Bitter.

कट्टना s. f. Pungency, sharpness; testiness, irritability.

बट्सी s. f. Smut, obscenity. कटेव s. f. Bad habit.

कटोरा s. m. A brass bowl, a cup, goblet, &c. of metal, a shallow cup.

कटोरी s.f. A small bowl or cup of metal.

बटोड s.m. A. men of an inferior and

degraded tribe, a chandál ; a plant ! (perhaps Cowitch, Dolichos pruriens). कहर adj. Inclined or addicted to bite (a . horse).

कहा adj. Robust; able-bodied, athletic, strong. s. m. A large louse.

कटवा s.m. A land measure (the twentieth part of a bigha); a corn measure containing five seers.

करंडर s. m. The wind dropsv. tympanv. बढ s. m. Contraction of Katha.

कडगुकाच s.m. A kind of rose (Rosa chinensis). f a palisade.

कडचरा s. m. A. wooden cage ; a railing, कडपुतरी | s. f. A. wooden doll or

कडपुनली ∫ image.

कठफीडा s. m. A wood-pecker (Picus). कठबंदन s. m. A wooden ring with which the feet of elephants are fastened.

कठविद्यो s.f. A toad.

कदवेला s. m. A flower (Jasminum multiflorum).

कटमसा adj. Very stout and lusty. कट€ adj. Hard.

watt ? s. m. A tub, tray, plate, कडड़ा 5 platter, trough, young male buffalo.

करी s. f. A small tub, trough.

azen s. m. A. wooden ornament or charm hung on the neck of a child. बाउइंसी s. f. Affected or forced smiles

(with internal displeasure).

कडाइ। s. m. A cauldron, boiler. wixue s. m. A. plant worshipped by

the Hindus, commonly called Tulasi (Ocumum sanctum, or sacred basil). सहित adj. Difficult, obscure ; painful, troublesome, acute, hard, solid : un-

kind, severe. कदिनसा s. f. Firmness, hardness ; seve-

rity : difficulty, obscurity.

कठिनष्टस्य | adj. Hard-hearted, कठिनाचःकस्य | harsh, cruel, severe, कठिनष्ठदय कडिनाई adj. Hardness, solidity.

कडुना } Bitter, acrid.

कड़ें s.m. Bracelet.

कड़ीड s. m. A crore, ten millions, & hundred laks.

कड़ी उपती The owner of a crore of rupees. कडनाई s.f. Bitterness.

कडाई s. f. Hardness, stiffiness, obduracy कड़ाक s. m. Crash, crack, caused by arythy breaking.

कठिनी s. f. Chalk (for writing with).

कडिया s. m. A trencher, a platter ; snare, trap, trepan.

कडिज s. m. (Momordica Charantia).

कडीर 🔰 adj. Hard, solid ; severe, relen-कठोल (tles, cruel, callons.

कठीरता s. f. Hardness, firmness : relentlessness, cruelty, severity, rigor. कडीवी s. m. A tub, plate, trencher

platter. we s. m. The seed of safflower (Carthamus tinctorius).

कड़क s. m. A crash, a crack ; thunder : कड़कड़ा adj. Hard, stiff, strong.

कडकडाना v. n. To give such a sound as oil or butter when boiling.

क दक्ता v. n. To crack, crackle : to thunder.

कड़का } s.m. Poean, song of triumph.

क्षा s. m. Commemoration, mention ; encouraging soldiers in time of battle pointing out the good effects of steadiness and valour, extolling the actions of former heroes, &c. : warsong to encourage combatants.

कड़बेन s. m. A kind of bard and officer in Indian armies whose business it is to encourage the soldiers by the exhortations called Karkha.

west v. a. To perforate.

काइरबन s. m. Name of a plant.

agai agi. Bitter, acrid; strong, virulent; hard-hearted; brave. Karusa karus, To give or expend unwillingly. Karusa hons, To be enraged, Karusa kasele din, Hard and cruel times.

बङ्गतेच s. m. Mustard oil, bitter-oil.

कड़गड़ट s. f. Bitterness.

कड़ों s.f. Stubble of a sort of grain. जड़ों s.f. A dish consisting of the

meal or pulse (Chuna or Cicer arietinum) dressed with sour milk.

জন্ম adj. Hard, stiff; harsh, obdurate. s.m. A ring worn on the wrists, ankles, &c., a ringlet, bracelet; the handle of a door, or any thing in from of a ring adj. Arch, sly, knowing, penetrating, sharp, harsh, cruel.

कड़ाकां s. m. The crash made by breaking may thing; a rigid fast (in which nothing of food or drink bas entered the mouth).

a river, &c., side, brink, bank.

ক্রাছ s.m. A shallow iron boiler (in which sugar, ge., i.e. boiled). caldron. ব্যাহী s.f. A frying pan.

Tyl s. f. A rafter, a beam; a ring used to manacle or to fetter with.

ৰঙ্গাৰ adj. Ten millions; kurorpati, সভাব Possessor of a crore of rupees. Karor-khukh, s. m. A liar.

কৰন । . n. . To be extracted, drawn, pulled out; to escape, rise, slip, issue, spring; to be delineated, drawn or painted (as a picture).

of pulse (Chuna or Cicer arictinum) dressed with sour milk,

बदुवा s. m. A loan, a debt ; a premium

on a loan; a deduction from the sum lent.

mu s.m. Grain, coin, a grain, a minute particle, an eye of corn, a spark or facet of any gem.

ৰাথৰি s. f. Ground rice, or the scraps that fly off in pounding rice to separate it from the husk.

क्षपरम s. m. Taking a pleasure in hearing (music &c.). Kanrasiya, s. m. A lover of music, an amateur. कपरसिया s. m. A lover in music.

wur A kind of rice

কণিজা s. f. Fine sand (particularly grittiness or sand in bread), an atom; a small particle, a grain, a kind of rice.

क्योर s. m. A tree (Cascaria ovata). कष्टक s. m. A thorn : a bad man ; a

mean enemy.

shade (Solanum jaquini). कण्की adj. Thorny, prickly ; vexatious, annoying.

कारार adj. Prickly, thorny.

काव्या s.f. A fishing-hook; a vessel for keeping oil.

the windpipe, or the lump of the windpipe, the throat, the larynx, Adam's apple; the bosom; voice. adj. by heart, committed to memory, kanth-arundhan, Strangulation. Kanth-phutna, v. n. To be broken, the voice (of a boy, becoming haarse as he approaches to puberty). Kanth-mala, s. f. A kind of nocklace of gold and jewels; the bronchocela, or goitre; scrofula, kanth kanna, To get by heart.

कष्टम्बा s. f. A collar or short neck-lace. कष्टमबि s. m. A jewel worn on the throat. ৰাজনা s. m. A necklade composed of pieces of gold, silver, &c., put on children to avert evil.

करूब adj. By heart.

কভা s. m. A necklace or rosary of large beads made of silver, crystal, or the earth of karbala.

कारहाय aaj. By rote, by memory.

कद्धानरण s. m. pl. The ornaments of the neck.

कछी s. f. A short necklace.

कत ind. Where? whither? why? how? कतन्तर s.f. Spinning.

कतना v. n. To be spun.

कतरम s. f. Parings, clippings.

कतरना v. s. To clip, to cut (as with scissors); to cut out, to pare.

कतरनी s. f. Scissors.

कतरवेक्सत s. m. Cutting out; (met.) meditation, consultation, anxiety.

Tract s. m. Parings, elippings.

बसराई s. f. Price paid for cutting out (clothes, &c.). adj. Sideways.

antifiv. a. To cause to clip, to ent ont; to leave the nigh road, stealing away by by-paths, to go round about, to shrink to slink away (from), to edge or go sideways. Katriker chalna, to desert one's companion, to cut the society of any one.

कतवार s. m. Rubbish, dirt.

wall's. f. Spinning, the price paid for spinning. Katai karna, To spin.

कताना v. s. To get spun, to cause to spin. [a string rope. कतार s. f. A tying or binding together.

कतारा s. m. A kind of sugar-cane.

कतीरा s. m. A gum resembling tragacanth obtained from the Sterculia nrens. [earth.

कत्तव s. f. A lump of stone, brick or

कत्तान s. f. A knife, a dagger, (Bengali). कट्टक s. m. A story-teller; a kind of singer.

ৰত s.m. The astringent vegetable extract which the natives eat with betel·leaf; it is the produce of a species of mimosa (Chadira) catechu, terra japonica.

कथक s. m. A narrator, a relator, one who recites a story, or who publicly reads and expounds the *Purans*.

कथन s. m. Saying,, narrating, relating, au न v. a. To tell, to say, to relate. कथा s. f. A story, tale, fable, relation, narrative.

क्याप्रसङ्घ s. m. Conversation.

कवादवी In the form of words, by means of speech.

काधिक s. m. A story teller by profession, a narrator, or relator.

कचित adj. Spoken, said, told, related. कथीपकथन s.m. Conversation, free intercourse; a dialogue, a conference; narration.

बाद adv. When ?

कदन s. m. A killer, a destroyer; killing, destroying.

कदम } s.m. A tree (Naucleo orien-कदम्ब } talis).

कदम्बपुषी s.f. A plant the flowers of which resemble those of the kadamba, commonly called Mundiri.

करूर s. m. A white sort of Mimosa. कर्ष ad. Avaritious, miserly.

करन s. m. f. करनन s. m. नरसी s. f. The plantain or banana tree (Musa sapientum).

करा adv. When ? at what time. कराकार adj. Ill-formed, ugly.

बदाचार adj. Wicked, profligate, abandoned, following cyll practices. कदापित } adv. Sometimes, at some time or other; perhaps, by chance. [(Cucurbita pepo).

कहीना s. m. An iron crow; a pumpkin कथी adj. Ever, some time or other.

कप् । m. Appreciating, valuing (a field);

an a. m. Appreciating, valuing (a field); a weevil; grain, corn; a grain, a minute particle. Kankorna, to value. Kankut, s. f. Appraisement of a crop on the field, valuation.

कनवागुली s. f. The little finger. कनक s. m. Gold; the plant Dhatura or thorn apple (Dhatura metel).

कनकटा adj. Ear-cropt, careless.

कनकटी s.f. A disorder in the ears.

सन्धन्त s.m. A centipede (Scolopendra). सन्दो s. f. A musical mode or rágini. सन्दो s. f. The temple (the unper part

of the side of the face).

चनफरा s. m. A jogi or Hindu mendicant with slit ears.

सन्दर्भ s. m. Taking a pleasure in hearing (music go.). [amateur.

कन्यतिया s.m. A lover in music, an कन्यार्थ s.f. Boring the ears.

समस्यारं s.f. A kind of Scolopendra or Julus which is said to get into the brain through the ears, and by its bite to foccasion excessive pain and even death.

क्षणहर s. m. A rudder,

ৰণ্ডবা s. m. Attention, listening.

कनदरीला s. m. A steersman.

কাৰা s. m. An officer employed by government to value the crops on the field.

লগভাই s. f. Valuation of crops grain.
n, prop. m. The name of Krishna.
ব্যাহাৰ s. m. A listening, attention,
ব্যাহাৰ s. m. The name of a vegetable,
a species of Arum.

walls s.f. A shraddha or religious ceremony performed daily by Hindus, during the dark half of the month Asin, in honor of deceased ancestors, or piece: hence that fortnight is called Kan-a.

wifa s. m. Wheaten flour.

कानिका s.f. An atorn, drop, grain.

कानिया s.f. The lap, the hip.

कानियाना v. a. To go to one side, to avoid one, to dodge, to shun. कानियादट s. f. Shyness.

ন্দিত adj. Small, little. s. m. A. younger brother.

क निष्ठा s. f. The little finger.

कानिका adj. Revengeful.

करीरा s. m. A caste of people, generally arrow-makers.

कने prep. Near, to, with, &c.

बनेटी s.f. Pulling the ears.

कनेर } s. f. A flower (Nerium odorum) कनेल single).

कनेया s. m. The ceremony of boring the ears.

कनीज a adj. Inhabitant of Kanouj. कनीठा s. m. Any situation in an appart

बनाइ s. m. Diffidence, bashfulness.

ed; standing in awe of, afraid to meet another.

बगीड़। adj. Standing in awe of another. Kanaura karna, To gain ascendency over another, or make him stand in awe.

करीड़ी s. f. Awe of another, under his influence.

₹ 8. m. A husband, sweetheart.

the neck of a joyi to carry things on.

The s. m. A bulbous or tuberous root;

one of an esculent sort (Arim com-

panulatum) ; garlic ; an affection of | जन्दनेशो adj. Disguised, in masquerade. the feminine organ.

अस्टरा s. f. Cool in a mountain.

बरक s. m. A gum (Sagapenum).

बान्द्रका s. . A precipice : a cave : a kind of silver thread.

करवार s. m. A stag, buck, deer.

बदा) s. m. A squill (Erythronium बन्दा | Indicum.

) s. m. The shoulder. Kanda jharna, To prepare, to fly (a क्या 🕽 bird).

कियाना v. a. To shoulder, to place on the shoulder. saddle.

अन्येजीक s. f A kind of pannel or pack-The notches on the two sides of the upper leather of a shoe; the part of a paper kite to which the string is tied.

कवादार s. m. A kind of shoe or slipper. कही s. m. A spark of a diamond or other gem ; bran. Kanni katna, To undermine a person, or effect his ruin by clandestine means.

कचका s. f. A girl, a maiden ; the Socotrine aloe (Aloe perfoliata).

क्रमा s. f. A little girl, a girl nine years old; a virgin; the sign Virgo. Konya-dana, Dowry, virgin-giving, giving a girl in marriage.

क हरीचा s. m. A steersman.

क हाई s. f. Valuation of crops of grain. कारेवा a. prop. A name of Krishna.

अपन्यो s.f. Shivering, trembling, quaking, perturbation.

TTZ s. m. Fraud, deceit, cheating, circumvent on, trick, spite, rancour, adulteration, subterfuge. adj. Designing, insincere.

कपटना s. f. Deceitfulness. भपटलेखा s. m. A forged document. अपटवेश s. m. Disguise.

s. m. A hypocrite.

बप्टी adj. Insincere, fraudulent, dishonest, a rogue, a cheat, false, deceitful, hypocritical : adulterated.

कपड़ s. m. Cloth. Kaparchhán karns. To strain. Kaparchhan, adj. Impalpuble (powder) ; deep (consultation) ; thoroughly sifted (intelligence, &c.).

कपडकीठा s. m. A tent.

भाषा s. m. Cloth ; clothes, dress, habit. Kapra pahanna, To put on clothes. Kapron se hona, To have the menses.

कपड़े s. m. pl. Dress, apparel, Kapre ranona. To become a mendicant. Kapre kojhol dena, To give an alarm, Kapre-wapre, Clothes.

कपना v. n. To shiver, tremble, quake. quiver. adj. Trembling.

क्षप्रकृट adj. Pounded up with rags (clay for making crucibles, &c.).

कापरभाष s. m. A kind of gauze. क्षपाट s. m. A door, a shutter, the leaf or pannel of a door.

क्यार s. m. The skull, the cranium: fate, destiny.

चवारी adj. Shrewd, sly. s.m. A caste in Bengal that sells greens &c.: a title of Siva, who carries a skull in his hand and a chain of skulls round his neck': a cavesson. Ardh-kapari, Pain of half the head, hemicrania : an areca nut having two kernels, or rather one of those kernels which are convex on one side and flat on the other, where it was in contact with its fellow (These nuts, from the doctrine of signatures, are said to be a remedy for the Hemicrania).

fully s. m. The head, forehead; the skull, the cranium; fate, destiny. Kapal putna, To be unfortunate.

Kapal khuina, To have a favourable turn of fortune.

agrel s.m. A titlerof Shies. Kapdliasan, An attitude of mendicants in worship, standing on their heads. Kapdli-kriyd. A ceremony among Hindus; when a dead body is burning and nearly reduced to ashes, the nearest relation breaks the skull with the stroke of a bamboo and pours melted ghee into the cavity; hence, Kapdl kriya karna, To think intensely, to beat or cudgel ones brains.

कपास s. f. Cotton (undressed); the cotton plant (Gossypium herbaceum).

चपासी s.f. Paleness, from fear or illness.

किंपि s. m. An ape or monkey.

कपिल s. m. The elephant or wood apple (Feronia Elephantium, or Cratæva Valanga).

कपिला s. f. Brown-coloured cow.

कपूत } s. m. A bad or degenerate कपूत } son.

बपूती s.f. Degeneracy.

πΥς s. m. Camphor; also, name of a flower.

अपूरकपरी s. f. A sort of medicine.

कपूरी s. f. A kind of betel-leaf.

क्योत s. m. A pigeon or dove, especially the spotted-necked pigeon.

कपोस s. m. The cheek. Kapolgendus, A small pillow of a circular shape to rest the cheek upon.

www s. m. Phlegm, one of the three humors of the body; watery froth or foam in general.

क्यामान adj. Antiphlegmatic.

wait adj. Phlegmatic.

when. Kubkub, adv. When? Kubka, or Kabke, or Kabki, Since when? Of what time? Kablo, Till when? How long.

कवरही s.f. A game among boys, who divide themselves into two parties; one of which takes its station on one side of a line or ridge, called pala, made on the ground, and the other on the other. One boy, shouting kibbaddi kabaddee, passes this line and endeavours to touch one of those on the opposite side, if he is able to do this, and to return to his own party, the boy that was so touched is supposed to be slain, that is, retires from the game; but if the boy who made the assault be seized and unable to return, he dies, or retires in the same manner. The assault is thus made from the two sides alternately, and that party is victorious of which some remain after all their opponents are slain. [Prison bars ?] कदम s. m. A headless trunk, especially retaining the powers of action.

कवरा adj. Grey, dirty white, variegated.

काबाड़ s.m. A door, काबि s m. A poet.

कवित s. m. A sort of verse used by the Hindus, poetry.

कविता s.f. Poetry, a poem.

ৰাৰীয়া s. m. An eminent poet, a prince of poets.

ৰশী adv. Ever, some time or other.
ৰশ্ধ Kabhi Kabhi, Sometimes,
now and then, at times. Kabhi, ke,
of sometimes, sometime ago, Kabhi
nah kabhi, Sometime or other.

अस्ति 8. m. A tortoise, turtle.

क्सडा s. m. A bow (made of bamboo).

कमडा s. m. A gourd (Cucurfita pepo).

कमखन s. m. An earthen or wooden water-pot used by the ascetic and religious student. 'भाग वर्ता. Libidinous, desirous ; beautiful, desirable. [loss.

कसना s. f. Deficiency, back, abatement, कसनीय adj. Pleasing, beautiful desirable.

काननेत s. m. An archer, bowman.

कमनेती s.f. Archery.

कसर s.f. The loins; a girdle, belt. कसरक s.m. A fruit (Averrhoa carim-

bols).

जनपटा A kind of ring or zone encircling the waists of women.

कमरवंद s. m. Girdle, zone.

क्षमर्वदी s. f. Preparation for action.

A chamber, room.

कमरी s. f. } A chamber, roor

was s.m. The lotus (Nclumbium speciosum or Nymphwa nelubo).

कमलचरन s. m. An epithet of the feet of any deity.

कमलनयन adj. Having eyes like the lotus flower. [lily.

कमलगाल s. m. The stalk of the water-समलगेन s. m. The stalk of the waterlily.

कमखपच s. m. The lotus leaf.

भागलगढ्न adj. Lotus-faced.

कमस्याय s. m. A disorder, the jaundice. कमस्याय s. m. Jaundice.

www.s.m. The caterpillar or larva of a brown moth, covered with fine bristles, which, on handing it, adhere to the skin and excite itching: it is destructive to trees; the palmer worm.s.f. A name of the goddess Lakshwi; an excellent woman.

कमलाज s. f. An epithet of a person with beautiful eyes.

क्षमञ्जूषांत The Lord of Laksbmi Vishau. क्षमञ्जूषा s.m. An epithet of Brahma. सनविभी s.f. A number of lotus flowers, or a place abounding with them.

भागली s.f. A small blanket,

कमनाना v. s. To cause to work, to enun, to use (as razors &c.).

west s.f. Earning, gain; Work, performance. [(a livelihood)]

क्रमास adj. Laborious, one who carns क्रमान s. f. A bow, a spring.

कामानगर One who makes holes.

form; to perform; to work, to perform; to perpetrate, to commit (crime); to do (good); to clean (leather or a privy); to lessen, to abate. [workman, ønner-

कभासूत s. m. A journeyman, servant, कभीला s. f. A plant or drug.

कमेरा s. m. A. workman, journoyman,

कमिष्ठ s. m. A workman, assistant.

बस्द s. m. A dyeing drug, being the dust from the outside of the capsules of Rottlera tinctoriu; said to be, also, a purgative medicine and aphrodisiac.

জনীবিনী s.f. A sort of water-lily doscribed as expanding its petals during night, and closing them in the day time (Menyanthes Indica, of Cristato)

कामोरी s. f. A small earthen vessel.

कम s. m. Shivering, tremour, trembling, quaking, perturbation, shaking.

कर्णन s. m. Trembling, quivering.

कस्पनान adi. Trembling.

क्षन्तामा v. a. To cause to tremble. to shake, to agitate.

कर्षाचा } adj. Tremulous, fearful, किंग्ल } shaking, trembling.

कलल है s.m. A blanket.

कस्पीत s. m. A country in the north of India, Camooj or Cambay.

art s. m. The hand. s. m. f. Tribute, duty, custom, fee, tax, toll, impost, royal revenue. ₩₹ s. m. A granary, storehouse.

करक s. m. The drinking pot of a student or of an ascetic.

ৰংকৰ s. m. A kind of salt, sea salt made by evaporation.

करकट s. m. A erab, the sign Cancer.

কংকৰণৰ s.f. A species of fowl whose bones even are black. dian crans). কৰেবা s. m. Bad coin; a bird (Numi-কৰেবাs. s.f. Cracking, erackling noise. কৰেব adj. Piercing, harsh; obdurate,

violent, sharp, contumelious. करकरा s. f. A termagant, scold.

करकाना v. a. To strain, sprain, break. करकत Austere, rigid, insentible.

करणा } s. m. A war song to encour-कडणा } age combatants.

करवंत } s.m. A kind of bard whose कड़बंत } business it is to encourage the soldiers by the exhortations called Karkha. (waist.

बरमहा s. m. A string worn round the बरमहण s. m. Protection.

ৰংকী { s. f. A spoon, a skein, a ring-ৰংক্ত } let.

करंज } s.m. Name of a tree. Kale-करंजा } dupa indica.

करज 8. m. A finger nail.

करजदारी s.f. The being in debt.

करजीर | s. f. Having the hands plac-करजीक | ed flat together.

ৰংখ s. m. A plant (Galedupa arborea). ৰংখ s. m. Cause, instrument; making, acting, doing; to make, to do; the car, the helm of a boat.

wees. m. An astrological division of time, of which there are eleven, 7 moveable and 4 fixed, and 2 are equal to a lunar day.

(in arithmetic), a surd or irrational quantity.

(see Action basis art.

करतन s. m. Action, business, deed ;

करवार s. m. An auther, creator.

करतारी The beating time with the hands.

ৰাবেৰ s. m. The palm of the hand.

ৰংবাৰ s. m. } A musical instrument, কবোলী s. f. } a kind of mall cymbal; the word may also imply beating time with the hands.

करती s.f. The skin of a calf stuffed and placed near the mother to make her give milk.

बारतति s. f. Action, business.

करत्त & f. Action, business.

बरहा s. m. Exchange, balance made to make up a deficiency in coin, or the difference between the price of new things and old given in exchange.

भारदिखलाना v. a. To realize.

करधनरी s. f. A girdle, zone, oordon.

करन s. m. Lace cut into small pieces and put on a cap.

करनफूल s. m. A kind of ear-ring. करनहार s. m. Doer, maker.

करना v. s. To do, make, form, perform, execute, effect, act, administer, avail, set, thrust, use, core. s. m. A kind of citron (Citrus medicus); making, doing, &c.

करनाटक The Carnatic country.

करनी s.f. An action, deed.

करनेवाला s.m. Maker, doer.

(Holcus sorgum and spicatus).

सरम ? s. m. Business, act, action; for-सर्थ े tune, fate, destiny, office; accus, case; hindu worskin, devotion; name of a bird. Karambhog, s. m. Fulfilling of destiny.

सरमपारी 's. m. An inferior officer to collect the revenue from a certain devision of a village, the village accountant, करमभीग s. m. The fulfilling of destiny. करमेश s. m. A kind of vegetable.

बारलगुषा adj. Uxorious.

करवाना v. a. To effect, to settle. v. n. To shriek,

THE S. f. Sideways, sleeping on the side, turning from side to side. Kurwut lena, To turn (in bed). Karwat karna, To turn. over.

करवाना v. s. To cause to make or do. करवान रे s. m. A rudder, a paddle.

(Oleander or Nerium odorum).

बारबोच s. m. Ædematous swelling of the hands. [for fuel.

with s.f. Small lumps of cowdung dried

artar s. m. A saw.

कारांती s. m. A. sawyer.

斯代 adj. Adulterated, false or bad (as coin). [curlew.

জাবাস্থাৰ s. m. A bird, a kind of heron or জাবাদা c. c. To cause to be done or mad; to actuate, to effect.

करायल s. m. Rosin.

करारा adj. Hard, stiff.

main s. m. Rosin, pitch. adj. Grent, large; high, lofty; formidable, terrible.

कराइना v.n. To sigh and utter ah ! from pain, to groan, to moan.

with s.f. A flat vessel of iron, brass, or earth, in which food is boiled or fried. 'Karahi chátna, To lick the pots (from indigence or extreme avarice); hence, applied as a represelt to a bridegroem if it rain on his wedding procession. Karahi lena, A species of ordeal, in which off is made boiling hot in the vessel above described, a small piece of gold, as a ring, is put.

in it, and the suspected person is to take it out. If he do this without injury to his hand, he is pronounced innocent.

ৰণি An elephant.

बारको A female elephant.

करिन s. m. A sprout, a shoot. करिनांव s. f. The loins, waist.

बरीर s. m. The shoot of a bamboo; se thorny plant growing in deserts and

thorny plant growing in deserts and fed upon by camels (Capparis aphylla).

बरील s. m. A plant (Capparus spinasu). करणा s. f. Tonderness, pity, compassion, mercy. Karuná-nidhána, Abode of tenderness and mercy (an epithet of the Deity).

करणासक adj. Compassionate, tender. क्र करणांगिध s. m. An epithet of God.। करणांग्य adj. Gentle, compassionate.

TOWN 8. m. An earthen pipkin, a pot with a sport. Karua-chouth, A Hindu holy-day celebrated in the months Kurtik.

करेकार adj. A breast.

करेरा adj. Hard, stiff, vehement.

भरेखा s. m. A vegetable of a bitter taste (Momordica charantia). [kind).

सरेत s. m. A snake (of a very venomous adj. Ten millions. Karorapati, सरोर Possessor of a crore of rupess. Karor.khukh, s. m. A liar. सरोहा s. m. A tax-gather, an inspector,

an overseer. करीत s. m. A saw.

सरीनी s.f. Milk that sticks to the bottom of the pot after boiling.

बराहा s. m. A fruit, the corinda (Carisea carandas).

s. m. A crab ; the sign Cancer.

Concer; a kind of bird, the Numidian crane.

क्षा adj. Violent ; hard ; intangible ; । cruel ; unfeeling, unmerciful ; harsh, unkind : miserly.

क्षम शा s. f. Termaghat, scold,

कको } s.m. Pæan, song of triumph. कके तर s. m. A kind of gem or precious

TT s. m. A plant (Curcuma recli-के र व 8. m. Zodoary (Cureuma zerumhet).

कर्छनी s. f. An iron skimmer.

mef s. m. A large spoon, a ladle. बाहोल s. f. A bound, spring, jump.

कड़ी s.f. A spoon ; a skein (a ringlet). आकर्ष s. f. An iron spoon; a sword made of soft iron.

कड़ी adj. Stiff, hard ; harsh, obdurate. www s. m. The ear; the helm of a boat, &c. Karna-phúl, s. m. A kind of earring.

कर्यकीटी व s.f. An insect or worm भाषाज्ञ with many feet, and of a reddish colour (Julus cornifex); a small centipede.

क्षपाय s. m. The wax of the ear.

कर्पदर्भेष s. m. An ear-ring, an ornament of the ear.

THE S. m. A. supercargo, pilot or helmsman. Fear.

क्षप्राक s. m. Inflammation of the outer क्षपाली s. f. An ornament of the ear, s garland or string of jewels pendent from it.

क्षेत्र s. m. The capital of Roja Karna, the ancient name of Bhagalpore.

आपि विवाद s.m. A. disease of the ear. suppression of the excretion or wax, which is supposed to have dissolved and to pass by the nose and mouth. क्रमान e.m. A sort of fish (Ophiocepha-

lus kurrawey)

कार्यप्ता s. m. A kind of ear-ring.

कर्षमद्भार 8. m. A. sort of sheat-fish (Silurus unitus).

क्षमस s. m. The excretion or wax of क्षणभक्ट s. m. An ornament of the ear ; an ear-ring. Tthe car.

कर्णमुख s. m. A parotis, or swelling near क्षणेखिका s. f. The lobe of the car.

कार्णवेधन s.m. Perforating the cars.

कार्णवेधनी s. f. An instrument for perforating the ear.

क्षेत्रच s. m. Ear-ache.

क्ष्यसाद s. m. Discharge of ichorous matter from the ear.

waiz s, m. A country, the modern Carnatic; the name however was anciently applied to the central districts of the peninsula, including Mysore.

कपांदी s. f. One of the raginis, or female personifications of the musical modes. Iment of the car.

कवांलकार s. m. An ear-ring, or orns-कर्षिनी s.f. A disease of the uterus, prolapsus or polypus uteri.

काफी s.f. Action, business; a trowel.

भणी s. m. The name of a mountain. one of seven principal ranges of the mountains dividing the universe.

कर्ग री s. f. A pair of scissors, or shears, कार्य adi. Proper to be done, what ought to be done, necessary, incumbent, practicable, proper, fit.

करांच्या s. f. Practicability, propriety, fitness, necessity, obligation,

कती s. m. Maker, Creator (the Divine Being), author, doer, agent ; nomimative (in gram.); a proprietor, master : a husband.

wift s. m. The creator, maker; an author, doer.

at ady. An agent, a doer, a maker.

Ties. m. Agency, management, rule, | government.

s. m. Mud, mire, clay.

कर्दन s. m. Grumbling of the bowels, borborygmi. fcordon.

कर्षणी s. f. A waist-band, girdle, zone, कपांच s. m. Cotton.

कार्यामी s. f. The cotton tree.

₹ s. m. Camphor.

s. m. Zedoary (Curcuma zerunibet).

कपूरतेल s. m. Camphor liniment.

कपूरमणि s.m. A. white mineral used medicinally. Ceria.

कव दार s. m. Mountain ebony ; blue bar कार पा s.f. Trampet flower (Bignonia. suaveolens); a sort of Basil (Ocymum gratissimum).

क्षचं रे s. m. Action, act, office, fortune, fate, destiny; accusative case; Hindu worship devotion; name of a bird. Karm-blog, s. m. Fulfilling of destiny.

क्यंकाख s. m. The body of religious ceremonies, commanded in the hindu laws, or established by custom.

कर्णकार sdj. A worker. s. m. A. blackfaccusative case. कर्षकारक s. m. One who does any work;

क्षंच्य adj. Dismissed from office.

कर्षहर adj. Immoral, disputable. कर्मभीग s. m. Fulfilling of destiny ; the

suffering of the consequences of actions, whether good or bad.

maign s. m. The fourth and present age of the world, the iron age.

क्षांविषाक s. m. The consequences of actions.

क्कंगोक adj. Assiduous, laborious : one who persevenes in his duties without looking forward to their reward,

क्षेत्रह s. m. Approved occupation. कर्मभूर adj. Assidnous, laborious.

कर्यासिक s. f. Success, secomplishment.

नवांधभी adj. Derout virtuous; fortunate, accidental.

क चित्र adj. Active, assiduous, diligent क्यों adj. Relating to any work, doing work, fortunate.

कर्ष न्त्रिय s. m. An organ of action : five are reckoned, the hand, the foot, the larnyx, or organ of the voice, the organ of generation and that of feenlent exerction.

कर्ग बत्युं. Hard, adulterated, false or bad (as coin).

करीना v. n. To be hard or stiff.

चवक adj. A cultivator, of the spil, one who lives by tilt ...

काषण s. m. Ploughing, cultivating the ground; drawing or attracting.

क्षपंत्र s. m. Beleric myrobalan (Terminalia belerica).

कवियो s.f. A medicinal sort of moon plant; the bit of a bridle.

कत s. m. To-morrow, yesterday; the fourth period of the Hindus. s.f. Ease, tranquillity, peace, relief, quiet, rest; a trap, a machine, a lock. Kal ki bát, News of yesterday, something that happened very lately. Kal-makal, s. f. Uneasiness, disquiet, trouble. Kal ka admi, An automaton, a puppet ; ('met.) a very weak person. Kal ka ghora, A very well trained and obedient horse.

कलई s. f. Tin, lacker, gilt.

would s. m. Wrangling; a confused noise, the murmuring or buz of a erowd.

क्रमा s. m. The tenth Hindu incarnation, yet to happen. The deity is expected to assume the appearance of a brahman, who is to be born in the town of Sambhal, and in the family of Vishnu Sama; he will ride on horseback and put to death all the wicked.

ৰাণা s. m. A flower, the cockscomb (Amaranthus), prince's feather.

क्षा An ornament on the turban.

ৰাজ্য s. m. A spot or mark, abuse, calumny, accusation, reflection, sapersion, suspicion, scandal, obloquy, defamation, blemish, brand, stigma, অগ্যিক odj. Calumniated, defamed.

ৰণাৰণী f. dadj. Stained, blemished, engl with any thing disgraceful; liable to reproach; disgraced, reviled. [low.

ক্ষসহাৰ adj. Dark-complexioned, sal-ক্ষমিলা adj. Malignant, ill-omened, whose curses prevail.

কাল adj. An animal struck with a poisoned weapon.

wife, A wife,

way s. m. Dye for the hair; starch.

क्षात्र्या v. a. To be grieved, to grieve.

क्रालम s.m. A pen, a reed for writing with.

चनमञ्ज s.f. Distraction, trouble. चनमञ्जान v. n. To fidget, to writhe, to fintter.

क्षणमी s. f. Convolvulus repens, used as an esculent regetable.

ক্ষাৰ s. f. Misfortune, calamity. ক্ষাৰ s. m. A distiller, a vender of spirituous liquors.

ware s. m. A dome, cupola, spire, or the ornament on the top of a dome, a pinnacle; a water-pot. Kathisisthapos karea, s. s. To make an effering of a jar of water to any delty; five twigs of the following treew desired sacred being previously placed in it, viz. Aswattha (Ficus Religiosa) Vata (Ficus Indica), Uddumbara (Ficus Glomerata), Shami (Minosa Albida), and Amra (Hog plum) or mango.

कलम } For words beginning thus...

कत्रमा s. m. A pinnacle.

কাজায় adj. Black-headed. s. m. Man. কাজায় s. f. A water-pot, a little spire on the top of a dome or pinnacle.

ৰুজত্ব s. m. Quarrel, strife, contention. ৰূজভ্বাং s. m. Quarrelsome, turbulent, বুলভ্ৰতা(ব্ৰী s. m. A quarrelsome woman. ৰূজভ্বাংবি adj. Quarrelsome, factious, turbulent.

নৰ্দাৰ্থ ady. Quarrelsome, contentious, জন্ম s. f. A scold, a termagant, vixen. আৰা s. f. The sixteenth part of the moon's diameter, a digit of the moon; a division of time, about eight seconds, the sixtieth part of a degree; part, portion; art, trick. Kala-bazi, s. f. Turning over head and heels, tumbling, juggling. Kala na badna, To disobey, decline, not to succeed. Kala na lagna, Not to have an advantage, not to avail.

went s. f. Wrist; a kind of pulse leguminous seeds in general.

कलाना v. o. To parch grain,

ৰাষ্য s. m. Assemblage, multitude; s grammar of the Sonskrit language. ৰাষ্য্ৰ s. m. Gold thread, a silver thread.

THE S. M. A distiller, a seller of spirituous liquors, a tavern-keeper, innkeeper.

चवारिन s.f. Female of Kalar.

क्रवायम s. m. A kind of singer or musician

twigs of the following trees desired | WATER s. m. A munical instrument,

काल s. m. The fourth age of the world, | करीजा s. m. The liver ; (met.) courage, according to the Hindus, the iron age or that of vice : the commencement of the Kali-yug or age is placed about \$101 years anterior to the Christian era, the number of its years are 432,000, at the expiration of which the world is to be destroyed.

काणि) s. f. A bud, an unblown flower वाली } blossom ; quicklime ; fourth age of the world.

काश्चिक s. m. A curlew.

कालिका s. f. The sixteenth part of the moon's disc. [Mythology.

करिकाल.The fourth age in the Hindu चालड 8. m. The febrifuge nut plant (Casalpinia or Guilandina Bonducells); the name of a country: the name Kaling is applied in the Purans to several places, but it especially signifies a district on the Coromandel coast, extending from below Cuttack to the vicinity of Madras.

कालका s. f. A plant, commonly called Teori, the bark of which is used as [bud. a purgative.

क नवाना v. s. To blossom, to bloom to The fourth or present age of the world, which Mr. Bently supposes to have commenced 3102 years before the Christian era.

wform s. m. A christian church, a congregation of believers.

waits.f. A. bud, an unblown flower blossom; quicklime; the Kali-yug or 4th age of the Hindus.

wat adj. Black (complexioned). TAN 8. Dirt, impurity.

THE S. m. Any thing tanvay or black complexioned.

स्त्रिज s. m. Cold meat, stale victuals. s lancheon, a breakfast.

spirit, magnanimity, heart. Kaleja ulatna, To be fatigued with excessive vomiting. Kaleje phatna, To be disturbed with grief or jealouy. Kaleja thanda karna, To obtain one's wish, to get ease. Kaleja jalna kisi ka. To suffer sorrow, to mourn. Kaleja kampna, To be afraid, to suffer cold. Kaleja par sámp phirna. To suffer jealousy or envy. Kaleja se laga rakhna, To caress, embrace, love exceedingly. Koleje men dál rokhna. To love or esteem exceedingly.

क निवर s. m. The body.

শৰীৰা s. m. Cold meat, stale victuals, a luncheon, a breakfast.

s. m. The liver courage.

कावप्त s. m. Sickness, pain, trouble, distress, vexation, affliction, tormen, quarrel, contention.

क नीर s. m. A heifer.

क दील s. m. Wantonness, friskiness, play, sport, frolic, gambol.

करों जी s. f. A small, blackish, triangular, pyramidical shaped seed of a very pungent smell used medicinally (Nigella Indica).

see s. m. Sediment, the deposit of oil, ghee, &c., dirt, filth; ordure, fæces; sin, fraud ; the Beleric myrobalan ; the wax of the ear. adj. Sinful, wicked.

we s. m. A shastr or sacred work, one the six Vedange, comprehending the description of religious rites; a day and night of Brama, a period of 4.320.000.000 of solar sidereal years or years of mortals, measuring the duration of the world, and as many, the interval of & Panihilation; a

destruction of the world; a sacred precept, practice described by the Veds for effecting certain consequences : optionality, alternative. doubt; resolve, purpose, any act of determination; prodriety, fitness.

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क स्पत्र ? s. m. One of the fabulous trees of Indra's heaven; a tree which yields whatever may be desired.

क्षाच्य s. m. The destruction of all things, the end of the world,

कलाना s. m. A scheme, a contrivance, a plan, a forgery, an imitation.

क्रमान s. m. The destruction of the world, the end of the Kalp, the four ages of its existence.

wfwa adi. Made, arranged, artificially produced or constructed.

कलावा s. m. The Final destruction. कक्ष s. m. Dirt, sediment.

बाला s. m. The dawn or break of day. odv. Yesterday, to-morrow. adj. Healthy, recovered from sickness; deaf and dumb.

कस्याप s. m. Welfare, happiness, prosperity, good fortune; name of a musical mode sung at night; a leguminous shrub (Glycine debilis). adj. Happy, well, right, prosperous, luky.

क ज्याच व च अ s. m. Good wishes.

कल्डाची adi. Happy, lucky, prosperous ; auspicious, propitious.

war adj. Barren, sterile (land); salt (as food).

ৰন্ধাৰা v. n. To burn, to be inflamed (as the skin by rubbing pepper, &c. on it). बहापरवर s. m. A kind of sweetmest-कञ्चाच s. m. Jey, happiness, pleasure. কাৰ s. m. Yesterday, to-morrow.

करन s. m. Armour, mail ; a drum used

(Hibiscus populneoides) : an amulet. a writing carried about the person as a charm.

वार्यपन s. m. A tree, commonly called Bhojpatr : pieces of the brak of this tree inscribed with mystical verses serve as amulets, &c.

कारवी s. m. A kind of flat fish, remarkable for going by land from one spot to another (Coius cobeius).

कदल) s.m. A mouthful; a kind of fish an astringent wash for. eleaning the mouth, a gargle.

कावि s. m. A poet.

कावताः } ह.f. Poetry, a poem.

क्षेद्ध s. m. A kind of grass (Scirpus kysur); a root (Cyperus tuberosus); one of the nine divisions of Jambu Cashmir. dwip.

चकीर s. m. The name of a country, कश्चप s. m. The name of a Muni or deified sage, the son of Marichi and father of the immortals, gods and devils : a kind of deer.

खप s. m. The touchstone ; assay : the decoction of a colouring substance.

कदण s. m. Touch or test of gold by the touchstone.

aula s. m. Astringency.

क्षापट s. f. An astringent.

कपौरी s.f. A touchstone.

कष्ट s. m. Want, penury, affliction, pain, distress, hardship, vehemence, violence, acuteness, (of pain), agony, difficulty; bodily pain or uneasiness.

कष्टकर adi. Giving pain or truble.

wie s. f. Test, trial ; pain, trouble.

well adi. Suffering a painful and tedious labour (a woman) : afflicted, suffering, in want.

in battle, a kettle drum; a tree | 48 s.m. Strength, power; assay, a

ouchstone the; decoction of a colour- | करेरा s. m. A brazier or pewterer. ing aubstance.

करक . f. Pan, stitch, affliction. [fu]. कस्त्रका v. n. To saffer pain, to be pain-क्षमक्षा adj. Gritty, sandy, (as bread).

कप्रकृत s. m. Bell-metal.

कश्व s. m. Rack, torment, torture. कसना v. a. To tighten, tie, brace; to assay, try, prove, examine; to fry in melted butter. s. m. A bundle, wallet, कमस्याना v. n. To move, to shake,

कसनामा v. a. To cause to tighten, tie. bind, &c.

कमितिनी s. f. A mistress, strumpet कमशीयाज s. m. A whoremonger.

कास्त्रीवाजी s.f. Whoremongery.

कमस s. f. An oath.

कसमस्रो s. f. Crow press : excitement, anxiety before a battle.

अप्तर s. m. Violence, compulsion. भावात s. f. (from Persian) Abundance, plenty, (in Hind.) Exercise, practice,

vigour, gymnastics, exertion. कन्दती Usual, practiced, familiar,

कसा adj. Tight, tense, strait.

werk s. m. A. butcher. adj. Cruel, hard-hearted.

कसाना v. a. To cause to try, to prove or assay; to cause to tighten. n. n. To be spoiled (curds &c.) by standing in a metal vessel.

कसाया क 🗱 Ready, tied up. कसार s. m. A sweetmeat.

maja s. m. Astringency.

कसावट s. f. An astringent.

Way s. m. A cushion, clothing.

कसोदा s. m. A. poem. बनीका adj. Strong, vigorous, ferri). सरींच s. m. Martial vitriol (Sulphas

असर् s. m. An error, fault.

वासेवाय part. Tied up, prepared, ready. | कहार s. m. A palkee-bearer.

अवंद s. m. A root (Cyperus tuberosus). बामेला adj. Astringent.

જારો કાર્યક. f A kind of pickle; a plant (Cassea sophera).

नसीटी s. f. A touchstone. कसारा s.f. An oyster.

कसरी s. f. Mask, the animal perfame so called, as brought from Cashmir, Nepal, and western Assam and Bhutan, the latter is said to be the best.

कहन s. m. A saying, by word.

कडना v. s. To tell, say, recount, relate, bid, order, call, affirm, assert, averavow, declare, acquaint, advise, speak, s. m. Saying, advice, order. Kaka dena, To tell, bid, order, &c. कल्यावन s. f. A proverb, saying, an

adage; style.

कडन्त s. f. A. proverb, adage saying, कहरना v. n. To groun.

कहराना v. n. To groan (as a sick person). कडलाग v. a. To cause to say, to call, to be called; to parch, v. n. To wither; to become weak, to be lazv. कश्चा भजना v. a. To send a message, to

send and tell, to inform. कहरा s. m. A cough.

कडवाना v. a. To cause to speak.

asi adv. Where ? Kohan-tak, How far? how long; to what degree? Kahan se, Whence ? Kahan ka kahan. To what degree; extremely, immensely.

कहा s. m. Order, leave, saying, word, call, confession, affirmation, advice, pron. What? which? how? why?

कडाकडी s. f. Altercation, expostulation. कहाना v. a. To cause to speak, to cause to tell, to be called.

कड़ानी s. f. A tale, story, fable.

कहारत s. f. A proverb, saying an adage. कहारती s. f. Conversation, discussion, altercation.

we adv. Somewhere, anywhere, wherever. Kahin nah kahin, Somewhere or other.

कड़ी s. f. A foraging party.

www. Somewhere, anywhere.

■ s. m. The arm-pit, the side or flank.

ment, which after the cloth is carried round the body is brought up behind and tucked into the waistband; a woman's girdle or zone.

my pron. Whom ? what ? which ? postpos. Of, belonging to,

कांबर s. m. A nodule of lime-stone.

wiw s. f. The armpit.

कांखना v. n. To grunt.

ৰাম্বা s. m, Straining (when at stool, &c.)

कांगन } s. m. A plant or its seed कांगनी } (Panicum italicum).

कावी s. f. A chafing-dish.

at s. m. Glass; a disorder in which the intestinum rectum is prolapsed; a prolapsus ani. Kanch nikalna, Ani procidentia.

कांचा adj. Raw.

কাক্। s. f. Wish, desire, inclination.

maid: s.f. A, kind of pickle or vinegar made by steeping rice in water and letting the liquor ferment, which is kept for use sometimes twenty years. witz: s.m. A thorn, spine; a fork; small (goldsmith's or apothecary's scales; a spur; a type; the tongue of a balance; fishing-hook; a fishbone. Ksnus sa nikal jans, To be breed from distress or injury. Kanton par ghasitns, (lit. to drag upon thorns), To extol or exalt one above

his merits; (used by a person who

from humility disclaims the praises bestowed on him.) Kante bone, (lit. to plant thorns), To prepare distress, or misfortune for one's self.

कांडा adj. Near, proximate.

कारिनीमा t. To prepare for one-self distress or misfortune.

कांड s. m. A section, part, division ; sport, exhibition.

कांडना v. a. To beat, press, grind.

कांडलो s.f. Purslain (Portulaca).

कांडी s.f. A rafter; a sentence of the Vedas.

काड़ी s. f. A single straw, blade of grass. कांदा s. m. An onion.

बांदू s. m. A sugar-boiler, a tribe whose business it is to fry corn, prepare sweetmeats, &c.

कांदी s. m. Mud, clime.

कांधना v. a. To assist, to protect.

with s.m. The shoulder. Kandha hilana, To shrug up the shoulders. Kondha dena, to assist; to carry away the dead. [shake.

सांपना v. n. To shiver, tremble, quake, सांच s, f. A species of grass (Saccharun) spontaneum).

कांचा } s. m. Bell-metal, white copmied per or brass, queen's metal, any amalgam of zinc and copper.

कांस्यकार s. m. A brazier, a pewterer, a worker in white or bell-me

कांसनील s. m. Blue vitriol considered as a collirium.

काचा s.f. Wish, desire, inclination.

wit s. f. The green scum on the surface of stagnant pools, or the green mould that sticks to walls and pavements. scum, fur, paste.

hark (Fragaria seca). [Tresses. .

with s. m. A kind of leather. सामदास्त्री s. f. A medicine. काक्ष s. m. A leprosy with black and red spots, considered incurable.

minute s. m. A crow's feather.

द्धाकपील s. m. A kind of ebony. . आकारणा s. f. A woman that bears only

one child.

काकमस हो । s. m. A kind of mountain काकशुग्रद्धी ∫

काक्सफ s. m. A water-hen, a gallinule. काकामहें s. m. The colocynth or bitter apple.

काका s. m. A paternal uncle.

काकी s.f. Aunt.

काकृंजकी s. f. Ranunculus.

काकील s. m. A poisonous substance of a black colour, possibly the berry of the Coculus Indicus: a division of the infernal regions or hell.

काकीली s. f. A vegetable substance used in medicine, described as sweet and cooling, allaying fever, removing phlegm. &c., it is said to be a root brought from Nepal or Morang.

we s.f. The armpit.

are weig s. f. A painful suppurating tumour in the armpit.

कासासीती s. f. The space from the shoulders to the armpit.

witts, m. A crow; a raven.

खानद s. m. A paper.

कागदी है. m. Vendor of paper.

कागदवडी s. m. Office allowance for stationary.

way s. f. A parrots beats. Two side, margin.

काच s. m. Glass; alkaline ashes, any salt of potash or soda in a glassy or erystalline state; crystal, quartz or glass; a disease of the eyes.

कापनचि s, m. Crystal, quartz.

का पनज s. m. Black salt or sods.

काचनवण s.m. Black salt, a medicinal salt, prepared by calcining fossil salt and the fruit of the emblic myrobalan together : it consists chiefly of muriate of soda, with a small quantity of iron, line and sulpher, and is a tonic aperient. knowing.

काचा adj. Unripe, raw, simple, un-काची s. f. Milk pollaged.

wive s. m. A cloth worn round the hips passing between the legs and tucked in behind; the upper part of the thigh.

बाइन s.f. A female gardener.

TIET v. s. To bind on or tie up the Kachha or upper part of the thigh ; to skin, to gather.

काइमी s. f. A. cloth worn over the Kachh, or upper part of the thigh.

काहा s. m. The upper part of the thigh. बाकी s. m. A gardener who cultivates and sells pot-herbs.

काज s. m. Business, occupation, a work, an action, affair.

काल s. m. Lampblack (with which the eyelids are pointed). Kayal ki kothri, A place from going into which, or an affair, the being engaged in which, brings disgrace or suspicion on one's character.

काजी adj. Busy, employed.

काजे prep. By reason of, for the sake of. कासन s. m. Gold. adj. Golden, of gold. का खनमय adj. Golden.

WIZ s. f. A cut, incision, execution : scum; virulence. Kat karna, v. a. To wound, to cut. Kat khang, To bite.

काटकूट s. f. Clippings, chips, scraps. Kathut korna, To clip, cut out ; to deduct.

নাসো v.a. To cut, clip; to bite, corrode, crode; to reap; to stop, stay;
to waste, pass away (time), to pass
(a road); to interrupt, intercept;
to shame, make ashamed. Kat dalna,
To cut off, amputate.

常さらか。Cutter. odj. Corrosive.

बाटकवाड } Wooden articles.

काठकी छा s. m. A bug.

411041191 0. M. 22 Dug

काउड़ा s.m. A. wooden pot.

a saddle.

कार्डयुनकी s.f. A wooden doll. [ty.

ৰাতিৰ s. f. Difficulty; hardness; cruel-ৰাতা s. f. Body; scabbard; shape; wood, timber; appearance, person;

कारा s.m. A young buffalo.

draw, draw off, skin, take out, to extricate; to draw lines or figures work flowers on cloth, draw figures in needle-work, to draw, paint, delineate.

कांडा s.m. A decoction.

will adj. Blad of one eye, one-eyed. (Fruit, nuis, &c.) whose kernel is is rotten, or which has no kernel; foolish, stupid. Kana-bati karna,

To talk or whisper in the ear; to consult, advise. Kana-phusi, s. f. Whispering. Kana-tiri. s. f. The name of a grass. Kana-kani karna, To whisper. Kani-kouri, A-cowrie with a hole in it.

काची adj. f. A woman blind of one eye. बाष्ड s. m. A chapter, a section, part, division: sport, exhibition.

कातना v. a. To spin.

নাবৰ adj. Distressed, agitated with distress, confused, perplexed, disordered; timid, timorous, gentle. s. m. A large kind of fish (Cyprinus catla).

कातरना s.f. Timidity, agitation.

काविक s. m. The second or seventh Hindu month (October-November) when the moon is full near Krittika or the pleindes.

कात्ययन s.m. Name of a saint.

बादर adj. Timid, timorous, confused, distressed.

कादराइ कादरी

काटा है s. m. Slime, mud, mire.

कान s.m. The ear. adj. Blind of one eye. Kan metna, To pull the ears, chastise. Kan bharna, To excite dissention by tale-bearing. Kan par iun na-chalna, to be very negligent or careless. Kan par rakhna, To remember; to abstain. Kan par háth dharna, To refuse, deny. Kan' pakarna, To confess inferiority. Kan phutna, v. n. To be deaf. Kan phorns, To make a noise. Kan phunkan, To tell tales, to excite quarrels; to tutor. Kan jhukana, To desire to hear. Kan dharna, To hear, listen, attend, beattentive. Kan dabákur chale jana, To run away. Kan dabána, To tura

back the ears, a sa horse does when I preparing to bite. Kan de sunna, To hear, attentively, Kan dena, To hear, to be attentive. Kan salai, s. f. Name of an insect. Kan ka parda, The tympanum. Kan káina. To get the better of, surpass, overcome, outwit, Kan khari hona. To be alarmed, Kan khol dena, (lit.) To open one's ears; to inform; to make acquainted with, warn, caution. Kan lagna, To get into one's confidence. Kan malna, To admonish, punish, chastise, Kan mul. s.m. Ear-wax. Kan mul-wala. A person whose employment it is to pick or clean the ears. Kan men ungli de rahna, To stop one's ears, to turn a deaf ear to what is 'said. Kan men hat, marna, To pretend not to hear, Kan men parna, To be heard (a speech). Kan men tel dálna, (lit, to pour oil in the ear.) To pretend not to hear. Kan men tel dálkar so rahna. To be inattentive or negligent. Kan men kahna, To whisper, to tell. Kan nah hilána, To be silent. Kánonkán kahna, To whisper. Kan hilana, To acquiesce in. Kan hone, To understand, comprehend, be warned or take example.

THE S. f. Modesty, shame, respect. s. m. A husband. Kan karna, To be ashamed. Kan chhorna, To be impudent. Kan nah karna, To treat with disrespect.

हानचन्द्र s. m. Scorpion. जानन s. m. A forest, desert, wood. जानमुख्यो Whispering in the ear. जानमञ्ज s. m. A fruit, जानमेख s. m. Earwax, जानस्वाह s. f. Earwig, earpick, काना adj. Blind.

कानाकानी A whispering in the ear.

कानि s. f. Shame.

कानी s.f. Blind.

woman.

कान s. m. Husband. adj. Pleasing, agreeable, beautiful.

啊州

कारना s. f. Wife, beloved ; heauty, splendor ; light, a lovely or desirable

कान्ति s. f. Splendour, lustre.

कायजुज s. m. The ancient name of the country of Kanauj.

काय s. m. A husband; one of the names of Krishna.

का इंडा s. m. A musical mode; a kind of nightingale.

कापना v. n. To tremble, quake.

कापुरुष adj. A contemptible man.

कापन s. m. A bitter seed.

काफिका ९ m. A body of travellers. काबिव **है s. f.** An earth with which काबिस **है** earthonware is varnished

कावेरी n. prop. Name of a river, the

कान s. m. Desire, wish, inclination ; the god of love. Cupid ; business, action, act, deed, affair, matter, work, use, occupation, employment; packet, mail, post-bag. Kam ana, To come into use, be of use, avail, stand in stend, to be wanted ; to be smitten, to be slain in the field, Kam tamám karna, To accomplish, to finish; to kill, to make away with. Kam tamám hone. To be finished killed, or made away with. Kam chalana, To carry on business. Kam rakhna, To maké use of, Kamkaj, Business, occupation. Kamkaji, adj. Laborious, active, alert. Kamkel, s. f. Amorous dallimice, coition. Kam men lana, To employ, to use. Kam nikálna, To

carry into effect, to accomplish one's affire s. m. An amorous man, an uxoridesire.

आ। मजाज s. m. Work.

कामकाजी s. m. Supefintendent, worker. कामकाजि s. m. Sport, amorous dalliance. कामकोजी s. f. Amorous dalliance, coition.

बानस्थारं } s. f. A certain cow belong-कानभेतु } ing to Indra.

चामदेव s. m. The cupid of the Hindu mythology.

चानदेव n. prop. Cupid, the son of Vishnu, and Rakmini, and husband of Rati (Venus).

सामध्य n. prop. A cow belonging to Indra, said to grant every thing requested of her; a cow that gives much milk.

बानना s. f. Desire, wish, inclination. बामविद adj. Libidinous, lustful. desirous.

कामराज s.m. Sonchus.

कामरी s.f. A blanket.

Bengal, formerly independent, now part of Assam. adj. Pleasing, beautiful; taking any or every shape at will.

कासकिय् adj. Pleasing, beautiful.

कामदपी adj. Pleasing, beautiful; a native of Camrup.

TIME: s. m. A complaint, jaundice, excessive secretion or obstruction of bile.

भागार | adj. Distracted or agitated with love or lust, lascivious, libidinous, lustful.

कामान adj. Blinded by lust, lustful. कामारि s. m. A mineral substance used

in medicine, a sort of pyrites.

ARTHUT \$\frac{1}{2}\$ s. m. A person who carries

water to distant places.

ous husband; the ruddy goose, a pigeon, a sparrow; a boy dressed in female attire who dances in the season of the holi.

सामिनो s.f. A loving or affectionate woman. adj. Libidinous, cupidinous. सामी adj. Libidinous, lustful, impassioned, fond, wanton; cupidinous; loving; busy. s.f. A lump of gold. साहस adj. Cupidinous, desirous, or lustful, libidinous. lustful. साहसी s.f. A woman libidinous or

lustful, libidinous, lustful, মানুলী s. f. A woman libidinous or মানিব্ৰ s. m. Oblation of water to deceased friends, &c., exclusive of those for whom it is directed by law.

কাৰ্যাহ s.f. A ragini, One of the female personifications of the musical modes, sung in the night. [shake. কাম্বন v. n. To shiver, tremble, quake,

ৰাশৌস s.m. A horse of the bread of Camboge, n. prop. A country in the north of India, Camboge, Camboy, or Khambach,

काण adj. Agreeable, desirable, amiable. काण्यक्षे s. m. Supererogatory work performed at pleasure or through the desire of some advantage.

काम्यहान s. m. An acceptable or desirable gift.

काय s. m. The body, appearance, काया s.f. person.
कायक adj. Bodily, personal.

बावप s. m. A certain mixed tribe or caste of Hindus.

कारक s. m. A medicine, an aromatic bark (Fragaria vesca).

wrat adj. Cowardly, timid, timorous.

cast or tribe, the Kayethe or writer caste, proceeding from a Kahattri father, and Sudra mother. son.

कारक adj. An agent, acting, doing. s. m. Action, especially in grammar; case (in gram.).

कारज s. m. Business, an action, affair, work, profession, &c.

wire s. m. Cause, motive, principle; account, reason, occasion, action, agency; an instrument or means.

WITT s. m. A black snake. adj. Black. कारागार s. m. A gaol, a place of confinement.

कारिक s. m. Soot, lampblack with which the eyes are painted.

कारी (in comp.) Making, maker, doer. कारीय s. m. A heap of dung, a large quantity of cow-dung.

adj. An artist, an artificer. witant ∫ an agent, a maker, a doer. wisfus adj. Compassionate, tender, kind.

कारीवीचे s. m. A king, also called Arjun, a celebrated hero, distinct from the Pandu prince; one of the Jyn Chakravartis or emperors of the world.

कातिक s. m. The eighth month (Octoher-November) when the moon is full near the Pleiades.

काति की अप s. m. The day of full moon in the month Kartik, a festival.

कार्पेया s. m. Poverty, indigence.

कार्पास s. m. The cotton plant (Gossypeum); cotton cloth, &c.

esuful adj. Made of cotton, cottony, काचिक adj. Worked, embroidered, intermixed with coloured thread (cloth, ĝe.)

कामा कु s. m. A bow.

बार्थ s. m. Cause, origin ; motive, object; affair, business, an action, a work, profession, &c.

काया s.f. The body, appearance, per- कार्यावना s.f. Prudence, caution, consideration.

> बार्थसिंदि s. f. Accomplishment, success, fulfilment of any object or purpose. काषक s. m. A husbandman.

> कार्यापण s. m. A weight or measure of silver, equal to 16 pane of courses ; a weight of copper, equal to 80 Ratis; a weight of shells equal to the same number of couries ; a huse, bandman.

कार्षिक s. m. A weight; a husbandman. Time; a name of Yamah or Jam, the supposed regent of the dead; death, season, age; dearth, famine; angel of death; calamity; (met.) a snake ; (in Braj) To-morrow. Kál-bitana, or-katna, organwána, To waste one's time, to spend time. Kal-bas hona, To be in the hands of death, to be seized by fate. Kal-parna, The coming or happening of a famine.

कालक s. m. Blackness; one of the expressions of quantity (corresponding to our a, b, x, y, &c.) in Bijaganit, or Algebra; freckle, mark, stain, sound, a tumult. spot. कालकील s.m. A confused or mingled

कालकृट s. m. A kind of poison, destroying even the regent of death; the poison of a snake.

काज्य s. m. Freckle, mark, stain, sort. कालागम s. m, A kind of Cobra di capella.

कालपक्त s.m. A cycle, a given revolu-. tion of time : period.

वाजवर s. m. A name of Shiv; a rock in Bundelkhand, the modern Callinjer; the adjacent country; an assembly of religious mendicants; Callinger is one of the places at

which such assemblies meet, being enumerated in the Veds amongst the Tapasya-sthans or spots adapted to practices of austere devotion.

चालभने s. m. Death, dying.

कासा

कालनिकास s. m. A fragrant and resinous substance, Bdellium.

काजप्रभात s. m. The sultry scason, autumn, the two months following the rainy season,

कालमा s. m. Suspicion, calumny.

कालमेविका s. f. Bengal madder ; black Teori.

आ अमेषी s. f. A plant (Serratula or Conyze anthelmintica); Bengal madder (Rubia Manjith).

काखराति s. m. A particular night, one of which occurs on the 7th day of the 7th month of every 77th year ; after such a period of life, a man is considered exempt from attention to the usual ordinances.

काल्याचा s. m. A factitious and purgative salt.

कालसर्प s. m. The black and most deadly variety of the cobra (Coluber naga 1.

BIGHT 8. m. The black antelope.

काखन्द s. m. One of the twenty-one hells.

कालचेष s.m. The passing or spending of time; the enduring of suffering.

. काला adj. Black, dark. s. m. A. snake ; time ; a name of Krishna Kalu-dana, A purgative seed (Convolvulus nil) Kala-jira. s. m. Seeds of the Nigella indica. Kalamah kurna, To break off all commexion with another; to disgrace; to copulate: to expel. Kala-namak. s. m. A kind of rock salt impregnated with sulphur and bitumen which leaves a hepatic

flavour in the month (it is much used medicinally ;. Kale-baran, Of the colour of a snake, Kale kos, A great distance. Kale- bal, s. m. The lower part of the belly, the pubes,

कासागृह s. m. A black kind of Aloe wood or Agallochun.

कालाञ्चनी s. m. A small shrub used as a purgative.

कालान्द s. m. Interval, intermediate time; process of time.

कालापत्ती s. f. The act of calking a ship or boat. Kala-patti-karna, To calk (a ship, &c.)

कालापन s. m. Blackness.

साचिदी s. f. A name of the river Jamna. कारित s, m. The curlew ; blackness, a black colour; a fault or flaw in gold, &c. : a line of hair extending to the navel; ink or blacking, soot; a small bird, commonly called Syam.

कालिदास n. prop. A celebrated poet, author of Sakuntala, the Raghu Vans, the Naloday, and other poems : he was one of the nine poets or gems of Vikramadityah's court, and is sunposed to have flourished in the century preceding the Christian era; the name is however applied to more persons than one, and seems in some measure to have been used as an honourable title: the works attributed to this author are amongst the most elegant compositions in the Sanskrit language.

कालिन्दी s.f. The river Jamna.

कालिया s. m. A screent said to have been vanquished by Krishna, adj. Black (complexion).

काची adj. f. The Hecate of the Hindus and wife of Shie, to whom human sacrifices are offered ; the Nile ; ink.

. m. A fabalous serpent with a hundred and ten heads said to have been vanquished by Krishna. Kalimirch, s. f. Black pepper. Kali-bun, s. m. Name of a plant, Kali-tulsi, s, f. Basil (Ocymam basilicam). Kali-dah, name of a whirlpool in the river Jamna, where the serpent Kali is said to have lived. Kali-miti, s. f. Black lead. ing to time. आफीन adj. Timely, seasonable, relat-बाजीइर s. m. A buck, deer. कास्त्रज्ञ त. m. Foulness, unfairness. कालेको स s. m. A great distance. बालेवरण adj. Of the color of a snake. · आवालेबाख s.m. The pubes. कार्लयर s. m. A. drug. कात्रानिक adj. Feigned, forged, contrived, factitious. s. m. A hypocrite. कारणनिकता s. f. Hypocrisy. ৰাভিছ { Tomorrow and yesterday, with s. f. The baskets in which the Hindus carry about the Ganges water. कावादैना v. a. To ring or lounge (a horse, &c.) ; to trick, to sham. बानेरी s. f. Turmeric, a harlot. आब s. m. A. poem, a poetical composition, बाव्यकीर s. m. A plagiarist of poetry. काव्यभीर s. m. A plagiarist. काव्यास s. m. Taste for poetical compowing s. f. Cough, catarrh; a species of grass (Saccharum spontaneum). Kashwas, s. m. Asthma, umare s. f. Asthma. कानी s. f. A clebrated city and place of pilgrimage, the modern Benares. winige s.f. The capital of the Kasi's

i. e. Benares.

कास्त्रीर s. m. Canhmir, safiron. THE S. m. Wood. কাৰল s. m. Aloe wood or Agallochum. काहकीट s. m. A small insect or worm found in decayed wood. ৰাষ্ট্ৰছ s. m. The wood-pecker. काष्टी adj. Of wood, wooden. कास s. m. Cough, catarrh. s. f. A species of reed or long grass of which rope is made (Saotharum spontaneum) Kas-swas, Asthma. कासक adj. Removing or alleviating cough, pectoral. कामन्नी s. f. A sort of prickly nightshade (Solanum jacquini). वासनाधिनी s.f. A thorny plant, used as a remedy for the cough. बासवी s. m. A weaver. कासमङ्घेत. m. A plant (Cassia or Sonna esculenta). fof vama काराजु s. m. An esculent root, a sort कासीस s.m. Green vitriol, green sulphate of iron. कास s. m. Name of a plant (Chara). कास Equiv. To kisse, to whom (sing.) TITE 8. m. An aggeregate number consisting of sixteen pans, or 1280 couries. बाइन adi. Mischievous. metel). WING S. m. Thornapple Datura बाह (in Braj.) pron. adj. Some any, any one, any thing, काहि काई pros. Why? wherefore ? for what?' fa conj. That, or. किंकिनी A kind of girdle with miall bells or any tinkling ornament. fafa s. m. The blue jay. विषयाना v. n. To shrick, to scream. fart s. m. A slave, a servant. बिक्कि 8. f. A girdle of bells or tink-

ling ornaments worn by women.

far s. f. A sort of fiddle.

क्षिपक्षिपामा v. a. To grind or gnash. the teeth.

কিবৰানা v. n. To have a gummy running at the eyes, to be blear-eyed.

निचरिष s.f. Mud, mire, &c.

विवर्णिवर डोना To be very wet.

विषया s. m. The gummy substance that oozes out of the eves.

নিষ্ণী s. f. The slough (of a snake, go.) দ্বিভিন্ন adj. A little, a part. adv. Something, somewhat.

far s. m. A kind of sour dish; excrement, excretion, dirt.

ৰিছ s. m. A worm. Kir-kháya, adj.
Worm-eaten; marked with smallpox, pitted, spotted. [with rage.
কিছুবিজুবো v. a. To gnash the teeth
বিজ্ঞান adj. Worm-eaten; weevil-eaten.

far adv. Where? whither? adj. How many? how much?

वितर postpos. To, up to, for.

कितना s. m. किता s. m. किता s. m.

किते Contradiction.

শিবীশ A dialectic form.

किद्रा s. m. An example, model, leader. किदारवस्त s. m. A musical mode.

क्टिएरा s.m. A musical mode sung in the midnight of summer.

कियर adv. Where ? whither ?

জিল pron. interrog. pl. Who? which ? জিলজিলালা v. n. To tingle (the hands as from cold).

विनिविती s.f. A tingling.

किनवेवा s.m. A purchaser.

विकार s. m. The bosom, a side, edge. विकार s. m. Side, margin.

चिनारी s. f. (Gold or silver) Lace ; edge, border.

funt adv. Aside, ashore.

किस conj. But.

কিন্ম s. m. One of the eleven periods called Karons.

fast s. m. A kind of singer or chorister at the court of the gods; a demigod attached to the service of Kuvér, the god of riches.

किशास 8. m. विवासी 8. f. } Door.

fnn relat. pron. What? who? which? how?

कष्यस्य s. m. A division of the universe, one of the nine khands or portions into which the world is divided, and described as the country between the Himachal and Himachat mountains; a despicable or low man. [frame. Fault s.f. A bod (of a garden); a

क्यारो s.f. A bed (of a garden); a क्रिक्टो s.f. A mote, or particle of dust fallen into the eye.

किरकिरा adj. Gritty, sandy.

बिरक्शिया v.n. To be gritty, to grate. बिरक्शिया s.m. A dancer, or singing boy. बिरच s.f. A ray of light, a sun or moon beam.

किरणन्य adj. Radiant, bright, refulgent. किरनान s. f. A sword.

किरात s. m. A savage, a tribe of mountaineers who live by the chase, the
Κirhadæ of Arrian.

(at in the second of the

बिराव s. m. A small pea (Pisum arvense). बिरवा s, f. An oath.

क्रिरीट s. m. A crest, a diadem,

First s. m. A hollow tooth endive. adj.
Broken, rugged, tattertd.

জিৰ s.f. A splinter; a sword (cspeciolly, a straight one to thrust with). কিলা s.f. The Palas tree. fan adv. Certainly, indeed, verily ; probably, possibly.

किलक s.f. Splendour, lustre (of a gem). किलकिश्वत s. m. Wanton or amorous pastime, or gestures.

farmizi s. m. A game among boys; one boy, having drawn several line, upon a stone, hides it, and others, repeating the word kil-hanta, run about searching for it; whoever finds the stone, has a right to strike the boy who hid it, three times with his fingers on the back of the hand.

किर्दाकता s. m. Peevishness, fretfulness, anger. 8. f. Sound expressing joy, or the expression of pleasure by any sound or cry.

किल्किलाना v. n. To be fretful, to snap, to snarl, to be prevish, to squabble.

किलनी s. f. A tick (insect that infests dogs, &c.). a doglouse.

किलाना v. a. To winnow ; to strike with the fist.

farant s.f. The chattering (of a monkey), snarling; sound expressing joy. Kil-kdri marna, v. n. To express pleasure by any sound or cry, to shout.

fund s.f. A key, bolt. [pruriens). বিশাৰ s. m. A plant, cowitch (Dolichos विकार s. m. A youth, a son, a lad, one from his brith to the end of his fifteenth year; subject to suits at law. fanity adj. Young, infantine.

বিষ্মীরী s. f. Daughter.

fang s. f. Check (at chess).

fat pron. interog. Whom? which? what? Kistorak, In what manner? how? Kis-kadr, How much? Kiskis, which ? (used interrogatively, and expressive of much, many various) Kis-liye, Why ? wherefore.

विस्न ई s. f. Husband, agriculture.

किसान s. m. A. husbandman, ploughman, peasant, farmer.

किसारी s.f. A kind of pulse (Lathyrus satious).

किसी pron. inter. sing. To whom ? to what ? to which ?

की (fem. of ka) Of, belonging to.

को बाह्र s. m. The Acacia tree.

s. f. Dirt, mud, slime, mire.

कीट s. m. An insect, a worm, a reptile ; the dregs of oil in a lamp, or that collected in a hukka snake.

की इंडा 🤾 adi. Wormy, worm-eaten.

कोडा s.m. A. worm, an insect, a maggot, a reptile, a snake, a leech.

कोधर adv. Whither, &c.

कीना 3rd. pers. sing. ma:. perf. tense (of karna, to do), Done, made.

की बा v. a. To purchase, to buy. Kinwyya, ady. A purchaser.

कीप s. ʃ. A. funnel.

कीया part. past. or s. m. Done, made ; deed, doings.

कार { s. m. A parrot; parroquet.

कोरन { s. f. Praise, fame, renown. Ki-rat-wan, adj. Renowned.

बोरण adj. Wormy. क्लोरित s. f. Virtue.

की प न s. m. Speech, words; shouting for joy, singing aloud, singing in concert; celebrating, praising.

स्रोत्त ना s.f. Fame, glory.

कोति s.f. Fame, renown, glory. कोत्ति साम adj. Praised, famous, celebrated.

कील s. f. A small nail, peg, tack, stake, pain, bolt, wedge; the core of a boil. Kil-kanta, Tools, appa- | इतंबी s. m. Ill-breeding, rudeness. ratus, accoutrements,

की लगा v. o. To charm a snake so as to. prevent his biting.

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की शाह. f. A small nail, tack, peg.

M A particle of depreciation prefixed to nouns, and implying, sin, guilt; reproach, contempt; diminution, littleness.

क्र निष्य adj. Able-bodied, robust, athletic, stout. Kungras, s. f. Strength, stoutness.

ल चनी s. f. A. bodice.

秀可 s. m. An arbour.

संगद्ध s.m. An elephant.

m wer s. m. A caste whose business it is to sell vegetables. Kungran, s. f. Female of Kunjra.

ल जमदम 8. m. Grove.

ज्ञ जन s. m. An arbor, grove. ক ৰঙ s. m. An elephant, a large ele-कुंकी *इ. f.* A. key.

s. m. An abyss, a pool, spring; a pit for sacrifice : a hole in the ground for receiving and preserving consecrated fire; a well, a basin of water, especially consecrated to some holy purpose or person.

was, m. A large ring worn in the ears; a circle; a halo round the sun or moon. Kundal marne, To coil, to form a coil.

क उद्यापा s. m. A species of Hindi stanza, which invariably ends with the word with which it began; it is hence compared to a circle or the coil of a snake, the opposite ends of which unite.

wat s. m. A coll, ring, earl, hoop; a snake. Kundii banana, To curl. 5 d s. f. A chain or iron catch to:

fasten a door,

₹ 8. m. A. flower (Jasminum grandiflorum).

有數

a cas m. Pure gold.

ज दनकुट s. m. A medicine (Olibanum). gietiε, m. A stack, a rick,

s. m. A kind of tent.

जांदी s. f. The act of calendering (cloth)

Kundi karna. To calender (cloth), to beat, to cudgel. Kundigar, s. m. A. calenderer.

क ज s. m. Tribe, cast, family, brotherg H s. m. A water-pot; the sign Aquarius. Kumbh ka mela, The twelfth year fair of Hardwar, a celebrated Hindu pilgrimage, Kumbhai, the sixth vear fair.

कुंबर } s. m. An unmarried boy, a son, कुंबरा े A child ; the son of a Raja, a prince, heir-apparent.

कुंबारी s. f. A maiden, a virgin, a princess, a daughter, a young lady fit formarriage. [villainy.

कुक्स s. m. Wickedness, sin, depravity,

क्रमचानारी adj. Wicked, depraved.

swei adj. Wicked, bad. जनमी adj. Wicked, vicious,

कुकरों दा s. m. A plant (Colsia).

35 e. m. A dog : a Kshattri.

要領で召刊 s. m. A. mushroom, a toadstool. Manual s. m. Weakness of the eyes in infants.

BE Z s. m. A gallinaceous fowl, a cock, a wild cock (Phasianus Gallus).

कुक्क टहार ८. m. A. religious observance, (morship of Ship) held by women onthe seventh of the light fortnight of Bhadon, especially for the sake of obtaining offspring.

தை சி. சி. A. hen. BEC. m. A.dog. कुछ रो ड. ∫. A bitch.

ক্সিন্ন s. f. A crime, a sin, a wicked action. [abdomen. ক্সিক s. m. The belly, the cavity of the

swife s. f. Evil report, infamy.

कुक्ष s. m. Saffron (Crocus sativus).

इपुना s. m. A vessel in which the guldt or red mixture is contained with which they play at the heli.

इष s. m. f. A breast, a pap, the bosom इष्यत s. m. Red sanders (Pterocarpus santalinus) sappan or log wood. जगर adi. Censorious, detracting.

কুবৰণ v. a. To bruise, to crush, Kuchal-dalna, v. a. To bruise, &c.; to overlay. [vomica.

কুবলা s. m. A vomic nut (Strychnos nux কুবলী s. f. The canine teeth.

ज्ञाप s. m. A nipple.

স্থাত s. f. Misbehaviour, misconduct.

Ku-chali, adj. Of bad conduct or
behaviour, ill-behaved.

बुपाकी s. m. An ill behaved person. कृषिका s. m. The lobe of the ear.

39er adj. Ill-clothed, dressed in dirty or tattered garments.

we neut, pron. Any, anything, aught, some, something, somewhat, a little, whatever. Kuchh our gana, To give a false explanation, to tell a different story, Kuchh-ek, Some little, some few. Kuchh tum ne para paya, Have you found a treasure ? (an expression addressed to one who seems inordinateby pleased without apparent cause) Kuchh tum ne kharab dekha, What ! have you dreamt this, or seem a vision? (an expression used to a perwho relates improbabilities; or to depict the astonishment of the speaker at any unexpected act of another). Kuckh se kuch hona, To be entirely changed,

Kuchh nah kuch, Some at least, something or other. Kuchh nahin, Nothing. Kuchh he, Wdatever may happen, come what may.

कृषेक Some few, some little.

बुज s. m. The planet Mars ; Tnesday. बुजजीबन s. m. A forest frequented by clephants.

क् जाबि adj. Base, of mean extraction or bad cast; one who has lost his cast, an outcast.

सुद्ध s. m. A place overgrown with ereeping plants, a bower, an arbour.

बुधर s. m. An elephant.

क्की *s. f*. A key.

बुट s. m. A medicine (Cotus arabicus).

कुटको s. f. A medicine; a grant; estrangement from or desertion of friends. [ing.

कृदस्*द s. m.* Nibbling, itching, scratch-स्टा s. m. A medicinal plant (*Echites* antidysenterica), the seeds are used as a vermifuge. [rest.

क उन्हर s. m. A place of safety, haven of कुटना s. ne. A pimp.

बाटनाई s.f. The wages of a pimp.

बुटनाना v. a. To entice, seduce, inveigle, wheedle, coax.

बाटनापा s.m. Pimping.

क्टनो s. f. A bawd, a procuress.

कुटबट s. m. A plant (Bignonia indica). कटावा s. m. Solanum jacquini.

WZIE S. m. A impatient little horse.

afer s. m. A cottage, a hut.

सुटिल adj. Crooked, bent; perverse, untoward, cruel; dishonest, fraudulent.

कृदिवना a f. Crookedness; guile, dis-कटी a f. A cottage, a hut.

बुटीर s. m. A small house, a hot, a hovel. बुटम े & m. Kin, family, tribe, cast, बुटम े relative, a kinsman, a con-

nexion ; offspring, pregeny, race.

बुट्बिन । s. m. A householder, a pater-बुट्मी familias.

कुट् जिलो s. f. The wife of a householder and mother of a family a matron.

बुटेर s. f. A had habit, बहुनी s. f. A bawd, a procuress.

कड़ार s. m. Copulation.

338 s.m. The post round which the string of the churning stick winds.
3313 s.m. A bird, the wood-pecker.

Total s. m. An axe.

prepared for melting gold, silver, &c., a crucible.

बुक्तना । v. n. To cluck, to cackle

angrily, murmur, grumble. जुड़ना s. m. Tribe, cast, family, race.

TE s. m. Sweeping, dirt.

ing (of a hen).

बुदंग adj. Unmannerly, ill-bred, rude. Kudhangi, s. f. Unmannerliness, rudeness.

बुदन s. f. Grief, sorrow, lamentation, बुद्दना v. n. To grieve, mourn, lament, pine, repine, vex, be afflicted, be angry, or disgusted,

हाइव adj. Ill-shaped, ill-mannered, ugly, rude.

कुदाबा v. α. To vex, afflict, grieve, trouble, anger, disguet, displease.

कुषन s. m. Tribe, cast, family, brotherhood.

क्षित adj. Ashamed.

pit for sacrifice; a hole in the ground for receiving and preserving consecrated fire; a well, a basin of water, especially consecrated to some holy purpose or person. कुण्डल s.m. A large ring worn in the ears; circle; a halo round the sun or moon.

बुद्धिया s. m. A species of Hindi stanza, which invariably ends with the word with which it began; it is hence compared to a circle or the coil of a snake, the opposite ends of which unite.

चुक्की s.m. A coil, ring, curl, a snake.

Kundli banana, To curl.

कड़ों s.f. A chain or iron catch to fasten a door.

क्तक s.m. Wrong reasoning, false doc-

स्तप है s. m. The eighth hour or portion of the day; about noon.
समरन s. m. That which is gnawed or

bitten off with the teeth. कुत्रना v. a. To cut with the teeth.

कत्व s. m. A puppy; a cutter.
कतिया } s. f. A young bitch, small कं ती } bitch.

ब्रुइसी s. m. An inquisitive person.

सृत्यक s. m. Weakness of the eyes in infants,

ৰুব্দ s. m. Eagerness, desire; show, exhibition, sport, pleasure, diversion. pastime, festivity is spectacle. Kul-uhali, adj. Sportive, of sport or festivity.

बाता s.m. A dog.

जुनापि adv. Wherever, any where, somewhere. [calumny

कुत्वा s. f. Reproach, contempt, censure, कृत्वित adj. Low, vile, contemptible; contemned, reviled.

बुद्धना र v. n. To leap, bound, jump, बुद्धना र्हांडk, caper, skip.

बुद्दाना v. a. To cause to dandle, बुद्दाना v. a. To dandle; to cause to leap; (mut.) to provoke. हदाबा s, m, A kind of dove.

TET 3. m. A pick-axe,

ह्यारी s.f. A dibble.

age s. m. A hoe or kind of spade, a pick-axe, or mattock.

इंदाकी s.f. A small mattock, a spade, hoe, dibble.

mefe s. f. Weak sight, evil eye.

बहल s. m. Mountain ebony.

পদ্ধাৰ s. m. Mountain ebony (Baulinia variegata 1; a kind of spade or hoe.

कन्छ s. m. A disease of the nails.

क नजी adj, Having bad or diseased nails. कन्य s. m. Tribe, cast, family, brotherhood.

क नीति s. f. Bad behaviour, ill-manners; impolicy, misgovernment.

कमल s. m. Hair.

事元 s. m. A kind of jasmin (Jasminum grandiflorum).

क दग s. m. Pure gold.

बुद्द्र s. m. A medicine.

बृद्धा s. m. A stack, a rick.

बन्दला s. m. A. kind of tent.

बदो s. f. The act of calendering (cloth) Kundi karna, To calender (cloth); to beat, to cudgel. Kundigar, s. m. A calenderer.

बद्ध s.f. The resin of the Boswelia thurifera, gum Olibanum, or frankincense.

क्षपथ s. m. Deviation, aberration, immorality, profligacy, a bad road; heterodox doctrine, heresy.

कपण्यामी adj. Wicked, going in a bad or wrong road.

कपनी s. m. A. wanderer, an immoral person.

कपरानमं s.m. Bad advice.

wara adj. Unworthy, unfit.

कृपित ady. Incensed, angry, offended. age s. m. A disobedient or wicked son. 4 464 s. m. A low or vile man; a pel-

क स

क पुत s. m. A bad or degenerate son.

₩ Ul s. m. A large leathern vessel for holding oil, ghee, &c. Kuppa lurhna The decease of a king, &c. Kuppa hona, To become very fat.

काफी s. f. A small leathern vessel for

holding oil, ghee, &c.; a vial, a skin, a leathern bottle.

कद s. m. A hump.

adj. Hump-backed, crooked.

क वह s. m. A hump.

कार Daughter. कदिर s. m. The Indian Plutus, the god of wealth.

कवल Difficult, Severe.

कर्बा बि. Hump-backed.

कुमार्की s. f. A bad wife.

कभाव s. m. Ill-temper, bad disposition, ill-treatment.

ънтн s. m. Saffron.

कुमत । s. f. Foolishness, stupidity, THE indiscretion, adj. Stupid. foolish; wicked, vicious, injudicious.

SERE } s. m. A white esculent lotus. THE that expands its petals during the night, and closes them in the day-time (Nymphæa esculenta).

कुसलना s. m. Bad counsel, ill advice, intrigue.

जनाच s. m. A kind of unleavened bread. Kumach-so munh, A broad face.

क्रमार s. m. A boy ; the son of a raja, a prince.

कुनारिका (s.f. A maiden, a virgin, a त्रमारी princes, a daughter, a young lady fit for marriage.

कुमार्ग s. m. A bad road ; a bad course. जसद s. m. A white esculent lotus that expands its petals during the night,

and closes them in the day-time (Nymphæa esculenta).

ब्रहिनी s. f. A place abounding in lotuses, &c.

चुनेइया है s. m. A small elephant.

जुनेद s. m. The southern hemisphere or pole.

www.m. A water-pot; the sign Aquarius. Kumbh ka mela, The twelfth-year fair of Hardiwar, a celebrated Hindu pilgrimage. Kumbhni, The sixth-year fair.

क्षकार s. m. A potter.

बुक्कानचा s.f. A bilious affection, a sort of jaundice.

ৰূপৰা s. f. A plant, the flowers of which are compared to those of the Nauclea cadamba.

बुचिका s. f. A disease of the eyes, hor declum or stye.

बुबीपाब s. m. A hell in which the wicked are supposed to be baked like a potter's vessels.

क कोर s. m. The crocodile of the Ganges, the long-nosed alligator.

क सहजाना । v. n. To wither, fade, blast, क तजाना ∫ droop, be blighted, dry up. जनकार s. m. A potter.

क न्हारनी s. f. A potter's wife or a female potter.

बुन्हारी s. f. An animal resembling a wasp, which builds its house of clay. ब न्होर s. m. An alligator, a crocodile.

ब्रक्री s. f. Belly-fretting.

TW s. m. A deer.

इ.स. s. m. Corundum stone (Adamantinus corundum). [biflows, इ.स. s. f. A kind of vetch (Dolichos सुरस s. m. Bad taste, badness of juide or flavour. adj. Bad in taste or flavour. क्रांचित s. m. A kind of coarse sugar, क्रोंचि s. f. Misconduct, bad manners.

a n. pron. An ancient sovereign of Delhi and the country around. Kuru-kahetar, s. prop. The country near Delhi where the great battle was fought between the Kouruva, and the Pandav. Kuru-bansi, adj. Of the race of Kuru.

ms s. f. Kuru, or Uttara Kuru, the most northerly of the four Maha Dwipis, or principal division of the known world; by other systems it is considered as one of the nine divisions or Varshas of the same; in both cases, however it is the country beyond the northernmost range of mountains, extending to the frozen ocean.

ৰ্ত্ত s. m. A curl or lock of hair, especially on the forehead.

क्ष्य s. m. The crimson amaranth; a purple species of Barleria; also a yellow kind.

कादिन्द्रं) सद्दिक्तः } s.m. Aruby. कादिन्दिः

क्ष adj. Deformed, ugly. s. m. Ugliness.

च द्वता s.f. Ugliness.

कुदमी adj. Ugly, ill-made, frightful, . deformed,

क्रियना v. a. To poke.

क्षा ट s. f. Sweepings, rubbish.

या भी s. f. Belly-fretting ..

क क्षींच s.f. A bound, spring, jump.

ৰূপ s.m. A tortoise, a turtle; the second *Hindu* mythological incarnation.

कुमीं s. m. A. tribe of husbandmen.

सुर्वाच 8. f. The state of a bird sitting at ease and in security, trimming its wings with its beak; (hence) ease, security, hope, confidence of success, Kuryal men ghuleta lagns, To be disappointed or fail into misfortune in the moment of security, or when sure of success.

जारी s.f. Gristle, cartilage.

क संव s. m. A kind of coarse sugar.

ज s. m. Family, pedigree, race, tribe or caste, relations, household.

क लक्ता s. m. Gargling.

क्षत्री इ.f. The itch.

क ल कब s. m. Miscouduct, bad temper; ugliness.

क्षां adj. Of bad signs or featuress, ugly, ill-tempered, ill-omened.

क्षाचा s. m. Capital, principle, stock in trade. [(a horse).

কুজন adj. Cutting behind in walking কুজন s.m. A plant (Alpinia galanya or Galanga major); a seed (Nigella sativa).

THEI s. f. An unchaste woman, one by whom the family honour is injured, a prostitute.

कुलटी s. f. Red arsenic.

চুলবাৰে s.m. A youth who is a credit to his family, the saviour of his family.

কুৰ্বা s.f. A blue stone used in medicine, and applied as a collyrium to the eyes, also as an astringent to sores. [biftorus.

ছুৰজী s.f. A kind of vetch (Dolichos ফুলইনা s.f. The goddess of a family, any female deity worshipped in particular by a family through successive generations.

. কুল হ্লীছী s. m. One who brings disgrace, or reproach on his family.

कुलपची s. m. Practice or observance peculiar to a tribe or cast, peculiar duty of caste or race.

কুপৰাস s. m. A reprobate, an out-caste. কুপুৰি s. m. Head or chief of a family, কুপুৰুষ্ক adj. Nourshing or providing for a family.

कुलपालि s. f. A chaste woman.

ক্তৰ্ম s. m. The object of worship or of reverence of a family; a family priest. [noble family.

ब्रुविष् s. f. A virtuous woman of a

कुलबुका ady. Vermicular.

ক্তৰ্পানা v. a. To itch; to fidget; to writhe (as a worm or snake); to grumble or rumble (the bowels).

कुलबुलाइट s. m. Vermicular motion.

ক্তৰ্নাত্ adj. One who disgraces his family.

कुत्तवीष्ट्रना v. a. To disgrace one's family. कुत्तना s. m. A sausage.

कुलवन } adj. Of a good or noble family, of noble descent.
इन्द्रवना adj. f. Chaste, of pure or noble descent; a gentle woman.

कुलवान adj. Well-born, of good or noble family, or noble descent.

সুৰাই s.f. A falcon's hood, a boy's cap. কুলাইছ s.m. A kind of firework.

স্তৰহয় s. m. A cup larger than kulhiya, an earthen vessel to drink out of.

কুক্তব্য s. m. Misconduct, bad temper, ugliness. কুক্তব্য adj. Of bad signs or features,

ugly, ill-tempered, ill-omened.

3817 s. f. A bound, spring, leap, jump,
bounce. Kulanch morna, To bound

or skip.

জলাবাৰ ৪. m. Practice or observance
peculiar to a tribe or caste, peculiar,
duty of caste or race.

57 8. m. A potter.

कुषाइन s. m. A loud and confused sound, a great and indistinct noise tumult, uproar. ছজাছবা s.f. A cup, a small round vessel. Kulhiya men gur phorna (lit. to dreak a lamp of coarse sugar in a small cup). To endeavour to do with few hands a work which requires many. Kulhiya lagána, Cupping.

ব্ৰতীকৰ s. m. A drug (the root of Piper betel).

ছ্ৰান adj, Noble, of respectable descent, well-born, of a good family, genteel. ছ্ৰানৱা ৈ s.f. Nobility, respectibility ছ্ৰানৱা ৈ of descent, gentility.

will s. m. A kind of pickle.

कका s. m. } Gargling or rinsing the mouth,

कुरहाड़ी s. f. An axe, a hatchet.

ৰূপ adj. Abusive, censorious, detracting.

[low language.
নুবৰণ s. m. Abuse, depreciative talk,

कुत्लव s. m. A water-lily.

कुराका s. m. Abuse, evil-speaking.

कुविचार s. m. A wrong decision.

कृति s. f. A bad character.

बदेश क. m. The Indian Plutus, the god of wealth. [reigns.

জুইবোজ s. m. The place where Kuver জুইবা s. f. An unsuitable time, unreasonable time.

system and religious observances, hence called sacrificial grass (Pos cynoturoides), the sacred grass of the Hindus.

Welfare, happiness, success, s. f. Welfare, happiness, well-being, health, prosperity, safety.

कुशलना s.f. Well-being, health, happiness, welfare. [fare.

कुष्यमञ्च s. m. Enquiry after one's wej-कृष्यसम्बद्धाः .m. Happiness and welfare. कृष्यसा adj. Happy, well, right.

क्ष्मकात } s.f. Happiness, ease, pros. क्षमकात } perity. ন্ত্ৰমণী adj. Auspicious, favourable ; happy, prosperous.

कुशासन s. m. A seat or mat made of the Kusha grass.

कृषिक Name of Bissamitra.

कुशीब क्रोह. Ill-behaved, rude, wicked ; evil-disposed, ill-tempered.

इधीजना s. f. Misbehaviour, misconduct; bad disposition, ill temper.

कु श्रीखब s. m. An actor, nimine, dancer.

5 vs. m. Leprosy, of which eighteen varieties are enumerated, seven great or severe, and eleven of minor importance.

ক্তম m. A plant (Costus speciosus). কুত্ৰনাম্প s.m. White mustard; a sort

of yam. इष्टनायनी s. f. A. plant (Psoralia corylifolia).

nei adj. Leprous : a leper.

a religious ceremony, a certain rite performed as a penance or expiation.

57 s. m. Bad company.

স্তুম্বান s. f. Health, happiness, welfare. ক্ৰম adv. Well, happy.

इसीद s. m. Usury, the profession of usury; any loan or thing lent to be repaid with interest.

कुदोद्दा adj. A money-lender.

क्रसीहरू adj. One who follows the profession of usurv.

कुसंगत } s. m. Evil intersourse, bad कुसकृति } company.

Sus s. m. A flower with which clothes are dyed red, bastard, saffrop, safflower (Carthamus tinctorius); the menstrual discharge; ophthalmia, disease of the eves.

कुतुमाञ्चन s. m. The calk of brass used as a collyrium. [ripe.

क्सुनित ह. m. Blossoming, full blossom,

THU s. m. Safflower (Corthamus tinctorius).

স্থানা s. m. The dye of safflower; (met.) an infusion of bhang (Cannabis sativa) used for intoxication.

न सन्ती adj. Cloths dyed with safflower. कुलप s. m. A bad dream, night-mare.

कड़नी s. f. The elbow.

कुइरा s. m. Fog. mist.

dietie we Log mise.

क्रइराम s. m. Lamentation, weeping.

क्रमासा s. m. A fog. a mist.

करी s. f. A species of hawk.

क्रम s.f. The notes of the kokilæ or koyel.

बुह्कना v. n. To sound (as koyels do).

कररी adj. Yellow eyed.

जूषां s. m. 1 well.

क्ष ज s. m. The little red and black seed which goldsmiths use for weights (Abrus precatorius).

কুৰ s. m. A breast, the female breast. কুৰনা v. To chew, to masticate, to pound. কুৰহ adj. Jibbing, refractory, stubborn.

क् जी s. f. A brush. क्रंज s. m. The name of a bird, perhaps the crane.

कृत s. m. Conjecture, guess.

(of the eye); slice, division (of the jack fruit) Cocoon (of the silk worm).

कृषार s. m. The sixth Hindu month (Sept.-Oct.)

कुषारपना s. m. The state of a bachelor or virgin, celibacy.

married person, a bachelor.

कुषारी s. f. A maid. a virgin.

ya s. f. Sobbing, crying. Kuk marka, To cry, to sob.

क्षता v. a. To sob, cry. scream; to vociferate or call (ds the kokil). v. o. To wind up (a watch, clack, fr.)

क्कर s. m. A dog.

विकरचाल s.f. A trot.

क्रमस्ता s m. A mushroom (growing on

क्रकरी s.f. A bundle of thread; maize, Indian corn (Zea mais); the gripes. कृत् s.m. Cooing; à dove; an omelet.

कृषिका s. f. A small brush or hair pencil.

कृष्यिया s.f. A small tamarind ; part of the ear, the lobe.

कुछा s. m. A tuft, cluster.

कता s. m. An earthen water pot.

n. Paper used to make pasterboard. s. f. Mimickry; illusion; fraud, deceit, trick; falsehood.

कटना s. f. Falsehood, fraud.

क्टना v. a. To pound, beat, bray. macerate; to endgel. ffiction.

कुटस्य s. m. Situated at the summit. कुटार्थभविता s. f. A. tale, a story, क्र.

नुषा s. m. Sweepings, dirt, rubbish.

बूद बर्गु. Foolish, stupid, simpleton.

yes s. m. A vessel (earthen) for kneading bread in, a platter. Kunde karna. To prosper.

कुछी s. f. A vessel (of stone) in which snuff, bhang, &c. are ground.

कृत s. m. Survey, a task, gness, appraisement : estimate; the base of a right angled triangle.

कृतक s. m. One of the rules in nrithmetic or algebra.

कृतना'ण. c. To value, to appraise. कृद s.f. A spring, jump, leap, hound.

কুহৰা v. n. To leap, bound, jump, (met.)
rejoice; to boast. Kúdna-phandana,
To jump about, to leap, (about, as
for jou)

कुनाइं ह. f. A scrap.

कृदला s. m. A kind of tent,

क्ष s. m. A well ; a hole, a hollome

कृषी s. f. A small well.

कुपैरा adj. Unlucky.

s. m. A hump.

क बड़ा adj. Humpbacked, crooked.

क्रमांक s. m. A kind of bread.

कुन्यक्तिरेनी v. n. To break into a house by penetrating through the wall,

at adj. Cruel, savage, pitiless ; violator.

कुरमी *s. f.* A. scoop.

बर्म s. f. A tortoise, a turtle ; the second Hindu mythological incarnation.

we s. m. A bank, a shore ; a heap, a mound : a pond or pool.

The hip. Cooley.

कती s, m. A labourer, porter, carrier, a TITE s. m. A hump-backed man.

कहरा ड. गा. Fog. mist.

बहा *8. f*. an odj. Done, made, performed; fit, proper. s. f. Fruit, consequence;

the first of the four ages of the world, the golden age or Sata jug. adv. Completely finished.

क्रमचन s. m. An ungrateful person.

क्रमची adj. Ungrateful, not acknowledging former good offices, neglectful of favours, an ingrate,

क्रमधनाई s. f. Ingratitude.

man adi. Grateful, remembering forther aid or favors.

क्रतचना s.f. Gratitude.

कतवन s. m. The first of the four ages of the world, the Sata-yug.

कतार्थ adj. The granting of supplication, the fulfilment of a request, successful, having obtained one's purpose or accomplished one's design.

क्रताचेता s. f. Success, accomplishment of an object.

क्रिका s. f. The third of the lunar mansions, or constellations in the moon's I affect a. f. Lac. a red dve so called.

path, consisting of six stars, and corresponding to the pleiades.

क्रविम adj. Made, factitions, artificial, the reverse of what is naturally or spontaneously produced.

क्रविसपन s. m. An adopted son : one of the twelve kinds recognized in law.

क्रविसमित s. m. An acquired friend, one on whom benefits have been conferred or from whom they have been received.

कृत्या s. f. An action, a charm, witchery. ब्रह्म s. m. Derivative from a verb ; name of a treatise on syntax.

क्रपुष adi: Miserly, avaricious.

क्षपण है s.m. Miser. कपिन है

कपणता s. f. Stinginess.

क्रपा s. f. Tenderness, compassion, favor, kindness, pity, mercy, affection. bounty.

auru s. m. A sword, a seimitar or sacrificial knife.

mulfield s. m. The abode of mercy. the mansion of kindness.

क पापाब s. m. An object of compassion. त्रपास adi, Compassionate, merciful, liberal, kind, benevolent; obliging, propitious,

क्रपास्य adi. Compassionate.

क्रपासिंध s. m. Ocean of grace, mercy or Thearted. kindness.

muncher adi. Unfeeling, unkind, hard-ज्ञाम 8. m. A worm, satingect in general; las, the red dye, which is in fact an insect.

क्रमिश्च adj. Vermifuge, anthelmintic. s. m. A shrub used in medicine, as an anthelmintic, commonly called Birang (Erycibe panigulots).

क्रमिश s.m. Agallochum.

क्रांबद्दमक s. m. Tooth-ache with decay of the teeth.

क्रमिल odj. Having worms, wormy.

हामिला s. f. A fruitful woman, one bearing many children.

क्रिनेश्वर adj. Anthelmintic, vermifuge. कमी adj. Affected with worms.

क्रम adj. Small, thin, little, minute; spare, emaciated.

guat s. f. Smallness, slenderness, spareness, leanness, thinness, emaciatedness. [shape.

हमाड़ी s. f. A woman with a slender. क बाह s.m. Fire.

हण्ड ह. m. A husbandman, a peasant. हाषाच s. m. A husbandman, ploughman, peasant, farmer.

हाथि s. f. Husbandry, agriculture; plonghing, cultivating the soil, &c.

aw ady. Black, dark blue. n. prop. One of the Hindu mythological incarnations: he is distinct from the ten Avatars or incarnations, being identified with the detty.

क्रणाचरन s. m. A plant (Poinciana pulcherrima).

and set s.f. The Indian spikenard.

क्रमणीरस s.m. Culonji. a plant having a small black seed which is used for medical and culinary purposes (Nigella Indica).

क्रणता s. f. Blackness.

क्षणनासर s. m. A kind of Sandal wood, of a dusky copper hue.

লখাৰ s. m. The dark half of a month, the fifteen days during which the moon is in the wane.

क्रमायन s. m. A fruit, the Corindo.

that prepared by evaporation from saline soil, or the medicinal kind, a muriate of soda. कृषकी इ.m. 'The loadstone.

क्षार } s. m. The black antelope.

कृषानदी s. f. A river, possibly the river Krishne in the Decan.

ৰুষাৰাধ s. m. The holy fig-tree (Ficus religiona).

ৰুখাখিন adj. Devoted to or the yotary of Krishna. [ness.

क्षता s. f. Slenderness, spareness lean-के postpos. Of, Uske pas, near him.

केणीड़ा s. m. A flower (Pandanus pdoratissimus).

के पवा s. m. An earthworm.

केका s. m. A. crab.

केकर adj. Squint-eyed.

केका s. f. The cry of a peacock.

देशो s. m. A peacock. [colocasia).

क चला } s.f. The skin of a snake.

केयुका s. m. An esculent root (Arums

केड़ा s. m. A sapling. केसकी s.f. A flower (Pandanus odoratissimus).

क्रेंस pron. How much ? how many ? केतिक adi. Some, a few, a little.

बेतु s. m. The dragon's tail or descending node; in astronomy the ninth of the planets; in mythology, a demon; a comet, a falling star, &c.

केतुतारा s. f. A comet.

केतुमाल s. m. One of the nine great division of the known world, the western portion or Varsh of Jambu Dwip.

क्षेत्रच s f. Lapis lazuli.

बेहार s. m. A field; a mountain the modern Kedar, part of the Himalaya mountain. (tomentosa).

बेल् s. m. A sort of ebony (Diospyros बेल्फ s. m. A sort of ebony, that yields a species of tar (Diospyros glutinoso). केस s. m. The poles; the centre of a किंचली s. f. The slough or skin of a circle. per arm.

THE S. m. A bracelet worn on the upan s. f. Amorous dalliance, coition.

केलन s. f. A daughter-in law.

केशा s. m. A plantain (tree or fruit) ; banana.

केंदि है s. f. Play, sport, pastime, am-केली (usement, amorous dalliance, coition, atissimus).

केवड़ा s. f. A flower. (Pandanus odor-

s. m. A fisherman.

केंबल adj. One, alone, only, solely, completely, peculiary; all, entire, whole. s. m. A species of knowledge, probably that of the unity of God. adv. Completely, peculiarly, only, solely.

= at v s. f. Cowitch (Dolichos pruriens). केशह s. m. The shutter or fold of a door, a door.

केवजी s. f. Horoscope, nativity.

केश s. m. The hair of the head, a cock's comb

चेत्रर s. m. A plant, called also (Nagesar (Mesua ferrea); a shrub used in dving Rottleria tinct oris).

केशरिन ? s. m. A lion. क्षेत्ररी (

केंबदेश s. m. A tress or fillet of hair. क्रेबाकेमी conj. Pulling the hair mutually, hair to hair.

बेंबी s. f. A lock of hair on the crown of the head.

केसर s. m., Baffron (Crocus sativus), बेसरिवा adj. Yellow or saffron-coloured. के करी s. m. A'lion.

F pron. How many ? adj. Several, conj. . Or, either. Ky-ek, or Ky-i-ek, Some, few.

snake.

केराटक s.m. A species of poison one of the fixed kinds.

केत s. m. A tree (Teronia elephantum). कैया s. m. An intoxicating drink made from the fruit of the Kuta.

के थिन s. f. The wife of a Kavesth.

केथी s. f. The Kythi-Nagari characters used chiefly by Kayasth about Paina. and the adjacent country.

कैन s. f. A bamboo twig.

केरी s. f. A small unripe mango. Kyri-ankh, s. f. A wall-eye, an eye the pupil of which is grev.

कील s.f. A sprout, a shoot.

केनास s. m. The mountain Kylas, the fabrilous residence of Kuner, and favourite haunt of Shiv: it is placed by the Hindus amongst the Himaloya mountains, and the name is given to one of the loftiest peaks lying on the north of the Manus lake.

के रचे s. m. A fisherman, a waterman. केंद्र s. m. Eternal emancipation, fortune happiness.

चना) pron. How in what manner? what sort of? what like? कैसी Kysahi, Howsoever.

will pron. Who? which? what? postpos. To, for.

बीई s. f. The water-lily (Numphosa lotus) the pulp of the jack fruit (Artocorpus integrifolia).

pron. Any, any one, any body, some one, a. Some body. Koi-sa, certain, somebody, something. Koi nah koi, Somebody or other, some er other. Koi nahin, Nobody, none. Koi dam men, Soon, shortly, immediately.

ৰাজ্য s. m. A planter, a husbandman, a gardener, a Hindu cast whose profession is husbandry.

कोएला s. m. Charcoal.

কাৰন v. c. To prick, pierce, stab, gore. কাৰ s. m. A gourd, a sweet pumpkin (Cucurbita pepo).

ন্ধাৰত s.f. A young shoot, a bud, an unblown flower. [sarka.

জীজ s. m. The ruddy goose (Anas ca-জাজা s. m. A foster brother, nurse's child; a small nail, a tack; a kind of lotus.

कोविनी adj. Short.

ৰাহিৰ

s. m. The black or Indian cuckoo (Cuculus): the kokil makes a prominent figure in Hindu poetry, and is supposed by his musical cry to inspire pleasing and tender emotions.

कोक्तिलवेंनी adj. Speaking like a kokil, eloquent as the kokil.

ৰীৰ } s.f. The womb, the abdomen, hypochondrium.

कांचनस् adj. Barren.

Konkun, in the peninsula.

को जाबर s. m. The day of full moon in the month Assem (Sept. Oct.): who is awake? the call of Lukshmi, who descending on this night promised wealth to all that were awake, hence the night is spent in festivity and games of chance in honor of the goddess.

To s. m. A fort, redoubt, stronghold, caste.

Tize s. m. A. kind of greens; holes made by bird in trees.

कोटि adj. A crore or ten millions.

बोह s. m. A fort, a caste, a stronghold.

large round spots; ring-worm, impetigo. [closet.

कोडरी s. f. A room, chamber, apartment, कोडा s. m. A house built of burnt bricks or stone; a story, a floor.

warehouse, a granary, dwelling, mausion, barrack, chamber, bank, chest, bin, storehouse, factory; a bankinghouse; the chamber of a gun, the inside or shaft of a well; the womb; the ferrule or mounting at the end of a seabbard. Kothiwal, A wholes ale merchant, a warehouse-keeper.

बीडीर adv. Out of place.

कोइ s. m. The leprosy.

कीडमा v. a. To dig out, to scoop, bore, hollow, excavate.

कोइनाजा s. m. The name of a bird, of a snake, and of a flower.

কীজা s. n. A whip, a lash. Kora karna, To whip; to reduce to obedience; to put a horse to his speed by whipping. ¡Kora márna, To lash.

कोड़ी s. f. A score, twenty.

wits s.m. The leprosy. Korh-men khaj nikalna, In leprosy to catch the itch; (met.) to have one misfortune added to another.

कीदना v. a. To vex, to afflict, to grieve. कोडी adj. A leper.

कीप s. m, A corner, an angle. Konah dar, ady. Cornered, angled.

s. m. Corner, side. Konakuthra, s. m. A corner of a room, house, &c., hole and corner, every corner.

बीचि adj. Having a crooked arm.

ৰাবৰ s. m. A led-horse. Kotalkash, s. m. A surcingle, particularly for fastening body-clothes.

चोषनीर s.f. A kind of greens, coriander. चीष s. m. Inflammation and ulceration कोदी } s. m. A small grain (Paspa-कोदर } lum frusientaceum).

कीषा s.m. A corner, an angle, a side. Konadar, adj. Cornered, angular. कीच s.f. A spear.

कीष s. m. Wrath, rage, passion, anger. काषच्चांचर adj. Enraged, inflamed with wrath. [anger.

बीपदीप्र adj. Incensed, inflamed with

জীবন adj. Passionate, wrathful. জাবন c. n. To be angry, to be wrathful, to rage. s. f. A passionate woman. জীবনান adj. Passionate, angry.

कीपवेस s.m. Violence, impetuosity of passion.

कीपाकु व adj. Furious, enraged.

चोपान्ति odj: Passionate, angry, rageiul, wrathful.

कोपिनो { adj. Angry, passionate, wrath-कां भी ful.

कोपोन s.f. A cloth worn (round the waist) between the legs.

ৰাণা s.f. A cabbage. [placid. ৰাণৰ adj. Soft, bland, tender, mild, ৰাণৰবা s.f. Softness, placidity, tenderness, mildness, agreenbleness.

की मलताई s. f. Softness.

कांयण s. m. A corner, an angle.

শাঘল s. f. A bird (Cuculus); a flower Chitoria ternatea).

कोवला s. m. Charcoal,

ৰীং s.f. Edge, border, margin, side, point, s.m. A crore or ten millions. কীংৰা s.m. A bud, an unblown flower.

बारा adj. New, unused, unhandled, unbleached, freeh (applied chiefly to earthen vessels, cloth or paper). Kora rahna, To be disappointed.

कोर्डो s. f. Small cardamums. बोरी s. f. A virgin. कीरी s. m. A rafter.

narrow passage, a lane; embracing, an embrace; a tribe of mountaineers, the Coles; a country, Calinga, the modern sea cost from Cuttack to Madras.

वीव

की खा s. m. A jackal,

কীভাছৰ s. m. Uproar, clutter, tumult, mirth, a confused or mingled sound, a noise made by many or a great and indistinct noise.

कोलिया s. m. A lane. [the lap. कोलियाना v. a. To embrace, to take in कांदो s. m. A weaver.

की भू s. m. An oilman, a cast whose business it is to sell oil,

कोश adv. Lap, bosom, embrace.

कोल्इ s. m. An oilman's press. Kolhumen parwa dena, To macerate (any thing in a press, &c.

कोविदार s. m. A species of ebony (Bauhinia variegats).

कींस s. m. A measure of about two miles; a piece added to the end of a sleeve, a cuff.

की भना v. a. To curse.

को अलं s. m. f. A name of the city of rjodhya (Oude) or neighbouring district.

कोशका s. f. The country south of Ajodhya (Oude) or Ajodhya itself. कोशहक्ति s. f. Swelled testicle, enlarge-

ningias. f. Swelled testicle, enlargement of the scrotum, from Hernia humoralis, or hydrocele, &c.

witw s.m. A sheath, a scabbard; a judicial trial by oath or ordeal, attesting a deity and touching or drinking water three times in which some idol has been washed; a testicle or the scrotum; a nuture; a dictionary or vocabulary.

which grain is kept; an apartment; any viscus, as the heart, lungs, stomach, bowels, &c.

कोशाधि s. m. The digestive faculty, the gastric juice.

की सना v. s. To curse.

कीमजी s. m. New leaves just sprouting.

कीसा s. m. Curse, malediction.

को इनी s.f. The elbow.

कोइर s. m. Fog, mist; name of a fruit. कोडो s. f. A species of hawk (Falco cristatellus).

all postpos. Of, belonging to.

nostpos. Denoting the objective case. To for.

कें। Splendour, brightness, flash (as of lighting).

कें।धना v. n. To lighten, to flash.

कैं। भा s. m. Lightning.

कें रखा s. m. A kind of orange.

कौड़ा s. m. A shell of a large kind. कीडियाचा s. m. A kind of snake; B

क्तींडिशासा s. m. A kind of snake; wealthy person.

解解 s. m. A small shell used as coin (Cypraa monila); money, fare, hire, a gland; the point of the sternum, or ensiform cartilage. Kouri-bhik, adj. Venal. Phuti kouri, or Kani kouri, A bit of money of the lowest value, (元の) a farthing.

কীলুক s. m. Joy, pleasure, happiness; sport, pastime, diversion, play, trick, show, a scene or spectacle,

कीतुका s.m. A tumbler, a dancer, one who contributes to divert by exhibitions, &c. odj. Sportive, of pastime or diversion.

what pron. Who? which? what? Kounso, which? what? what sort of?

जीपीन s. m. A privy part, a small piece of cloth worn over the privities. भीनार s. m. Youth, childhood, Koumári, adj. maiden, virgin.

कोसुद s. m. The month Kartik (October-November).

कौसुदी s.f. Moonlight.

कौर s. m. A mouthful,

Pandavas, the patronymics of two families descended from Kuru by their respective fathers Duritardshtra and Pandav.

कौरव s. m. A descendant of Kuru.

adj. Of a good family, well-horn.

बीखन s. m. One of the astrological periods called Koranas.

को ला s. m. Corner, side (of a room gc.) embrace, bosom, armful; a kind of orange.

की बिन odj. Ancestral,

कौलिया s. f. A small mouthful,

की जियाना v. a. To take in the arms, or the lap, to embrace.

की हो s. f. Embrace, grasp of the arms. की ग s. m. A crow. [tea].

कौशाँउँडी s. f. A flower (Clitoris terna-कीश s. m. Canyakubja, or Canouge, the ancient city, so called.

कोश्य s. m. Happiness, welfare, &c.

कोशको इ. f. Greeting, salutation, friendly inquiry; a respectful present. कोशका १.ण. Good fortune, well-being, &c.

कौषिको अर्. Name of a river.

की बेस की वय } odj. Silken, of silk.

कीसुक adj. Dyed with safflower.

ৰীজন s. m. The jewel of Krishna suspended on his breast. [or. আ pron. What? how? why? whether,

सारों s.f. A bed (of a garden); a frame. सा ado. Why? wherefore how? well? what then, because. काकर adv. Why? how?

कदन s. m. Weeping, lamenting.

क्रम s. m. Order, method : uninterrupt-

ян s. m. Order, method; uninterrupt ed progress.

क्रिन s. m. An insect, a worm.

क्षव s. m. Buying, purchase.

अविकास ८. m. Trade, traffic, buying and selling.

miffers. f. Ascending surmounting either in a literal or figurative sence; the sun's course on the globe, the ecliptic; declination of a planet; splandour, lustre.

क्रान्तिमच्छच s. m. The ecliptic.

जिस्ती s. m. A worm, an insect; lac, which is the accumulation of an insect.

finates.f. Deed, an act, action; a religious act; obsequies; a verb; an oath. Kriyá-karm, s. m. The performance of obsequies.

जियेन्दिय s. m. An organ of action, as the hand, foot, voice, organ of generation and that of excretion.

कोड़ा s.f. Sport, play. pastime, pleasure, amusement, game.

क्रीड़ारब s. m. Copulation

की डावन adj. Sporting, sportive.

कीत adj. Bought, purchased.

क्रोनव s. 'm. A son bought from his natural parents, and adopted as male issue.

নীবা s. m. A son one of the twelve kinds acknowledged by the ancient Hindu law; he who is purchased from his natural parents.

क्रोमिज s. m. The Aguru or aloe wood. कइ adj. Angry, wrathful

ज्ञ्च s.f. Anger, passion.

mt adj. Cruel, pitiless, hard-hearted, harsh, savage; formidable, terrible. क्र्यक्षमं adj. Fierce, cruel, unrelenting. क्र्योच s.m. Torpid or costive bowels unaffected by strong pargatives.

ब्रुद्दा s. f. Cruelty, fierceness.

क्रस्य adj. Mischievous, villanous ; evileyed.

क्रोच s. m. Anger, wrath, passion, rage.

ब्रोधन ब्रोधिन ब्रोधी

कोधना s. m. A passionate woman, a vixen.

क्रोधमय adj. Angry, passionate.

क्रीधविज्ञंस adj. Free from wrath, mild, calm.

क्रोधवम् adj. Passionate, violent. क्रोधी adj. Angry, passionate.

mit aa). Angry, passionate

新电 s. m. A measure of distance, a league, a Kos, containing 4,000 cubits; some make the Kos 8,000 cubits.

कीच s. m. One of the Dwipas, or principal divisions of the world.

क्षाने adj. Wearied ; depressed in spirits or exhausted. [lancholy. कालमना adj Low-spirited, languid, me-

লালি s. f. Fatigue, weariness লিমিন ৈ adj. Distressed, afflicted,

福電 / wearied 織司 s.m. The neuter gender; an eunuch. adj. Weak, impotent; idle, slothful. 織支 s.m. Wetness, dampness, moisture. 織取 s.m. Pain, affliction or distress;

pain from disease, anguish; worldly occupation, care, trouble.

क्षेत्रस्य adj. Pained, distressed, afflicted. क्षेत्र s. m. Absence of virility, impotence; the neuter gender; unmanliness, cowardice, &c.

a

The second consonant of the Nágri alphabet: is is a guttural and has the sound of the English kh.

ख s. m. Heaven; sky or æther; vacuity. खकाली s. f. A plant (Polypody), a kind of moss,

चंदड adj. Dry and crackling.

संसारना n.a. To hem, hawk, expectorate. संगर s. m. Semi-vitrified bricks.

संगालकालमा v. a. To murder privately. संगालमा To wash, rinse.

खंगेन adj. Tusked.

क्षत्रन s. m. A. small bird, a wagtail.

संजरी s. f. A small tambonrin a timbrel. संड s. m. Side, quarter, division of the earth. region, division of a house, apartment; part, piece. fragment, portion; a chapter. section; sugar (coarse); the songs of Pudnaupal.

संडम s. m. The act of reducing any thing to pieces, the rescinding of an order, the refuting of an argument, the removing of any calamity, the thwarting of any scheme; breaking, dividing.

संडनकरना v. a. To cut up, to quarter, to cut 40 pieces, to divide; to refute. संडना v. a. To refute.

ভাতৰ s. m. A rujnous and broken-down building, ruins of a town or house. &c. ভাতৰীয় s. m. A small bird, a wagtail. ভাতৰা s. m. A flake, a alice (especially

of fish) a division or piece (of land). खंडितवरना v. a. To refute, interrupt, prevent.

That s.f. A woman, who, provoked at the infidelities of her husband or lover, is rather abusive, speaks her mind freely, but is supposed to retain no malice in her breast. es s. m. District, province, division, section.

चंडीर aaj. Turbid.

wall s. f. A paddle for digging the ground, a dibble.

श्रंदाना s. m. A pit from which earthhas been dug out to make bricks or pottery; a notch in a log of wood.

संभ s. m. A pillar, a post. Kham thakna, v. a. To strike the hands against the arms preparatory no wrestling, &..., to challenge (as wrestlers do).

खाचीरना v. c. To scoop, scrape.

खन s. m. A bird; air, wind. Khagés, s. m. The adjutant bird.

জনীল s.m. The vault or circle of the heavens, the planisphere; the same represented artificially, the armillary sphere.

खगीखदिया इ. f. Astronomy.

खबना v. n. To be set (as a jewel). खबर s. m. A cloud.

खचा | adj. Set (as a jewel), set with जिला | jewels, inlaid.

wars. m. A date, or date tree (Phenix datelylifera); wild date (Elate sylosetris or Phenix sylvestris); a kind of sweetment. Khajur chhari, A kind of silk cloth stained with waving marks like the traces of the old leaves on the trunk of the date tree.

खजूरा s. m. The ridge of a thatched roof.

खन्दिया s. m. A. date.

ৰম্ব adj. Lame, crippled, limping.

समान s. m. A small bird, the wagtail (Motacilla alba).

बद्धरी s.m. A small tambourin, a timbrel. बद्धरीट s.m. A wagtail.

of two lines, one of 32, the other of 30 feet.

WZ adj. Six. Khat-ras, Six, tastes. Khat-shastra, The six philosophical sciences of the Hindus (called otherwise (Khat-darshana), viz. Niyaya, Logic, taught by Gotoma ; Vysheshika, taught, by Kanada: it agrees with Niyaya in some points and differs in others : Mimansa, taught by Jymani; it consists of rules for the construction and right interpretation of the Vedas: Vedanta, taught by Vyasadeva : the science of theology ; Sankhya, taught by Kapila: the followers of this sect disbelieve in a Creator. saying that the universe is from all eternity; Patan-jala, introduced by Shesanaga: it agrees in every point with Sankhua, excepting that it makes God to be the Creator.

चट 8. f. A. bedstead.

चटकरा v. s. To wrangle, to offend, to wrankle, to pierce (as a thorn); to doubt, to be apprehensive. s. m. Doubt, hesitation, disgust.

₹Z # 7 8. m. Apprehension, suspicion, बटक doubt, suspense, abodement ; sound of footsteps.

चटकाना s. m. Rapping, thumping, rattling (of a door, &c.).

बटबटाना v. a. To knock, tap, pat, rap. खटगीर्थ s. m. A bug.

चंडक्ष्मर s. m. A bedstead with curtains. चटना v. n. To last.

Ways s. f. Wrangling, contention, quarrel; clashing of weapons.

चटपल 8. 30. A bug.

बटमोडा s. m. A mixed taste of sour and sweet; agreeable. Cordantly. बटरान s. m. A wrangling ; singing dis-

चटरिया s. m. An insect.

श्वटवा s. f. A bedstead.

खडरारा s. m. A dunghill.

कटाई s.f. Acidity, sourness ; an acid. चटाका s. m. A crash.

चटापटी s.f. Wrangling.

खटाल s. m. Spring-tide.

खटाव s. m. A pin with which a boat is fastened.

खटास s. m. A polecat.

बटिया s. f. A bedistead, a bier. Khuda kare uski khatya nikle, God grant his bier may be carried out, or he may die (a common form of cursing).

खटीब s. m. A hunter, one who lives by killing and selling game.

बरोडा s. m. A small bedstead.

चडा adi. Acid, sour. Khatta-ság, s.m. The herb sorrel. Khatta-sa, adj. Sourish, acetons.

खद्दास s. m. The civet or zibet cat (Viverra zibetha), a polecat.

चहिन f. m. A hunter one who lives by killing and selling game.

षष्ट्र s. m. A labourer.

खट्टा s. f. A bedstead.

बडब adj. Dry, dried up.

खडक s. f. A cow-house or cow-shed : an imitative sound. Kharak jana. To take warning, to be apprized.

खड़बना v. n. To rustle, to rattle, clang. बड़बा s. m. Doubt, apprehension : a toothpick.

चड्चड़ाना v. n. To creak, clatter, rattle, jar ; to grind the teeth ; to snore. बङ्बहाइट s. f. Creaking, clatter, rat-

tling, jarring (se a door), snoring. चष्टन s. m. A sword or scimitar.

बङ्ग्डाइट है s.f. Hurry, bustle, com-खड़वड़ी (motion, tumult : uproar : noise of horse's feet 'in galloping; gripping on going to stool.

खड़मंडन s.f. Wrangling.

uver s. m. A. whetstone, a grindstone. wer adj. Erect, upright, standing up, standing, steep, high, aground, ready, ripe perpendicular. Khara karna, To raise, station, place, stay or stop, stick up, place erect, procure a fictitious person for some purpose. Khara hona. To stand up, be erect, rise, stand. Khara rahana, v.n. To stand, stay, romain standing.

বস্থান s.m. Pattens (wooden) Kharaundar, A kind of shoes fastened to pattens.

खाइया s. m. Chalk.

खाँदल s. f. A morter.

ৰস্ত্ৰী s. f. Chalk. Kat-khari, s. f. A species of steatites with which children learn to write and which is used in giving a polish to stucco.

चड्डा s.m. An ornament worn on the wrist, a bracelet.

चड़े खड़े adv. Soon, immediately, instantly, presently, quickly.

खड्ग s. m. f. A sword.

खड़ 8. f. Straw.

www.m. Side, quarter, region, division of a house, apartment; part, piece, fragment, portion; a chapter. section; sugar (coarse): the songs of Padmawat; a flaw in a jewel.

सञ्जन s. m. Breaking, dividing, cutting, reducing to pieces, rescinding an order, refuting an argument, removing of any, calamity, thwarting of any scheme.

चडनवरना v. a. To cut up, to quarter, to cut to pieces, to divide; to refute. चडना v. a. To refute.

वाजन adj. Out, torn, broken in pieces; destroyed; refuted, controverted; scattered, dispersed. [terrupt. वाजनस्था v. a. To refute, prevent, in-वाजनस्था s.f. A woman, who prevoked at the infidelities of her husband or lover, is rather abusive, speaks her mind freely, but is supposed to retain no malice in her breast.

बतरानी s. f. The female of Khatri.

खसवारा s.m. A dunghill.

खना s. m. A grain-pit, a cavity in which grain is kept.

खनी s. m. One of the four Hindu castes, a man of the military tribe. Khatrani, s. f. The female of Khatri.

खटबटाना v. n. To simmer, to make a boiling noise.

खदिर s. m. A tree, the resin which is used in medicine, Kattha or catechu (Mimoza catechu). [bica).

खदिरोपस s. m. The Babul Mesicia Ara-खटी s. m. A grass that grows in ponds. खटेख s. f. Pursuit.

खदेखना v. a. To pursue, to hunt,

जन e.m. A division of a house, a story (of a building), a flight of rooms: a mine; a certain day of the fortnight, as the full, change, &c., of the moon. जनका y. n. To lingle, to ring.

सहाना s. m. A pit from which earth has been dug to make bricks or pottery; a notch in a log of wood. [mango. चपरा s. m. A broken tile; a slice of सपत adj. Expanded s. f. Vent, sale. सपती s. f. Vent, sale, expense; request, a lunstic.

worn v n. To be dried up or absorbed; to sell, go off, be expended or made away with; to remain, join, mix with, enter, penetrate. s. m. A company (of travellers, &c.

चपरा s. m. A tile; an arrow with a broad point.

बपरी s.f. A small tile; the skull. बपरेंच s.f A tiled house, tilling. buildy ing of tlies, আমাল s. f. A piece torn off from a hamboo. a splinter; a very lean person. আন্বা v. a. To dry up, destroy, make away with, despatch, rayage.

egs s. m. The betal tree (Areco fanfel, or catechu).

wunt s. m. The skull, the granium; a chafing dish; an earthen cup used by jogis; the ressel in which the blood of a victim is offered.

खनमा s. m. Slime.

चना adj. Left-handed.

षण s. m. A pillar, a post. Khom thonkna, v. s. To strike the hands against the arms preparatory to wrestling, &c., to challenge (as wrestlers do).

www adj, Sultry.

अभवादे s. f. Sultriness.

चमाच s. f. A musical mode.

चनीजन s. m. Lassitude, weariness, sleepiness.

क्षा } s. m. A pillar, a post.

et s. f. Grass, straw. s. m. An ass.

बर्रजा s. m. Pavement, causeway.

च्या ३. m. Pavement, causeway.

ৰাৰ s.f. A cow-house, or cowshed. ব্ৰোলা v.a. To thump, to shake; to frighten away, to put to flight; to sell.

बरवरा १. m. A currycomb.

चरवरिया s.f. A chair, a litter.

बरहरा adj. Rough.

garment which extends from the armpit down the side.

loping; tumult, uprear.

with s. m. A stone or grinding medicine on, a mortar.

wer e.f. Straw.

STETI s. m. A currycomb.

खरहा s. m. A hare, a rabbit,

सरहारना v. a. To sweep. [grass. सरही s. f. A stack, a rick; a kind of सरा adj. Pure, prime, best sort, genuine, honest, candid, sincere, strict.

with s.f. Parity, excellence, probity, rectitude, trustiness, honesty, candour.

खराका s. m. A crashing noise.

कराइट .f. The stalk of burnt grass.

खरी s. f. Oil-cake; chalk.

खरींट s. f. A scratch with the nail,

खरीटना v. a. To scratch.

सरीयना, है v. a. To scrape, to सरीटना, scratch

खर्ज s, f. The bass (in music).

हुन्न र s. m. The date tree and its fruit. हुन्न रिसा s. m. The juice or extract of the wild date, Tári, used to leaven bread, and as an intoxicating liquor, when in a state of spontaneous formentation.

wit s. m. The rough draught of a letter or any writing; an iron instrument to rub horses with, a currycomb; an ulcer with hardness of the skin on the back of the foot.

奪vizi s. m. Snoring. Kharráta marna, To snore.

was s. m. A large number, ten million millions, a billion. edj. A dwarf, short, low, of little size or stature.

ৰঙ্গ s. m. A worthless person, 2 malicious person; sediment, deposit of oil. .&c., an oil-cake; a pit. adj. Loń, vile, base; mischievous, bad, wicked."

আবাৰ s. w. A park. [(the bowels). ক্ষুত্ৰকান s. n. To rumble, to grumble ক্ষুত্ৰ s. m. Skin, hide.

propuce, foreskin.

चंचना s. f. Worthlessness, wickedness, villay s. m. A day-book, field-book; villay filthiness. waste-book, rough drawings, draught

क्षत्रक s. f. Hurry bustle, agitation, commotion, alarm, tumult, hurly-burly.

बहरक ना v. a. To boil, bubble; to be agitated or tossed up and down.

खलाड़ी s.f. The place in which salt is boiled (in Bengal).

water s. f. A. hollow, bottom.

ৰাণি s. m. Sediment of oil or oilcake.

स्त्रियान s.m. A granary.

खाँख्याना v. a. Toʻskin, to flay. জ্বাল্য s. m. A kind of fish (Tricho-ফুলিয় podus colisa).

खलहान s. m. A threshing-floor.

ৰা } s.f. The dregs of mustardseed, &c., after the oil is pressed out, oil-cakes.

स्त्रेन s. m. Scented oils; a hole made by children for playing at trap-ball or marbles. [language.

or marbles.

ভাগিল s. f. Abuse, low or wicked

ভাল s. m. A mill, a stone or vessel for
grinding drugs, &c.

wan a A. shoc.

साझट कार्यु. Bald, morbidity, troubled with falling of the hair.

with failing of the nam.

Wils. m. The shoulder. [body.

खसरीर s.m. A celestial or immortal खस्त्रमण s.f. Separation, running away. खस्त्रमण v.a. To remove, shove out of the way, to slide away, draw back

scented roots of a species of grass (Andropogon muricate) used for door screens in the hot weather, which being sprinkled with water, serve to cool the rooms.

खनस्य रच s. m. Poppy-juice, opium. खनस्या s. m. Grinding the teeth.

अवस्थाना v. n. To grind the teeth.

waste-book, rough drawings, draught (for an account); a scab; a kind of cruptive disease. [open, loosen.

खराना v. n. To ruin, fall in, sink; to खरीटना v. o. To pull, pluck, pull the hair, scratch, tear.

weaker s. m. Crystal, the sun gem;

खांग s. m. A. tusk.

खांच s. m. Slime mud.

खांचा s. m. A stay, a basket, a pannier ; a cage, a hen-coop.

खांड s. m. Sugar (coarse).

खांड्ना v. a. To excavate, to pound.

স্থান্থা s. m. A straight double-edged sword, cutlass, cleaver (butcher's); a flake or slice (of fish). Khánde ke phor-par cholna, To attribute, to decide.

खांचना v. n. To cough.

खांसी s. f. A cough.

खाई s.f. A ditch, a moat, a trench. खांज s.m. A glutton.

স্থান s. m. The horn of a rhinoceros. স্থান s. f. The itch.

ভাগ s. m. A sweetmeat like piecrust. ভাব s.f. A bedstead; a bier, a cot or bedstead on which dead bodies are conveyed to the pile.

eras. f. Manure. s. m. A pit, a subterraneous granary.

account, waste-book. Khata-bari, s.f. A storehouse.

खाती s. f. A cast generally employed as cart-wrights. s. m. A carpenter.

खाइ s. f. Dung, manure.

Food, victuals.

alle s.f. A mine; (met.) a nest; a heap, abundance, receptacle.

कामपार s. m. A pit, a shaft (of a mine) ; । चित्रवाना v. a. To cause to draw, pull, any thing very dry.

mon e. a. To eat ; to embezzle ; (met.) to get, suffer, take, receive, hold, contain, s. m. Food, dinner, esting, Kho iana, To est up, devour. Khana Pino, Meat and drink, food, board, fare. चानि s. f. A mine : (met.) a nest, a heap, abundance, receptacle.

चान्दारा s. m. Eater, devourer,

चावड adj. Uneven.

खार s. m. Alkali, potash.

WILL odj. Salt, brackish. s. m. A net (in which straw is tied).

खारी adj. Salt, brackish.

खाइचा s. m. A coarse kind of red cloth of cottom.

were s. f. Skin. hide : bellows : a rivulet, river, canal, creek, inlet. Khal khynchna. To take the skin off, to flay.

चार s. f. Manure.

खिना v.n. Wo be drawn, pulled or tightened, to be drawn or delineated (a picture, &c.); to be borne or suffered. Khinchana, v. a. To cause to draw or endu re-

श्विषावट s.f. prawing, tightening. चित्रग v. n. To be scattered.

चिंडाना v. a. To scatter.

चित्रका s. f. A pallet, a beggar's bedding. furture s.f. A dish made of pulse and rice boiled together, the flower of the ber tree (Zizyphus jujuba); earnest to dancing women when they are engaged for an entertainment; a mixed heap of gold and silver coin; a barbarous mixture of two languages, a langua franca or jargon.

चित्रता v. n. To be pulled, to be drawn, to be extracted, to be endured, to stretch.

extract, stretch.

िचन part. past. or adj. Tense, tight : fine, slender. [ness, tightness.

िक्रवाद s. m. Drag, pull, draught ; tense-विज्ञाना v. a. To vex, tease, irritate. trouble, disturb, molest. v. n. To get angry.

विज्ञाना v. a. To vex, tease, irritate, trouble, disturb, molest,

िक्स s. f. Fretfulness, vexation, teasing. व्याभाषामा । v. n. To be angry, to fret, to be vexed.

स्माना e. n. To fret, to be vexed.

श्चित्रकी s.f. A window, casement, gate, back-door, wicket, sallyport, shutter, fun adi. Distrest, suffering pain or uneasiness; wearied, exhausted.

च्चिरिकान s. f. A window.

िक्रान s. f. A black ring painted on a tambourin.

किरनी s. f. A tree and its fruit (Mimusops hauki).

furth s. m. A dish made with biestings. or the milk of a cow just calved, चित्रविद्यामा v. n. To laugh heartily, to

giggle, titter.

श्चित्रजाना v. n. To blossom, bloom; to laugh, to be delighted.

खिल्ला v. n. To blow (as a flower), to flower ; to be delighted, to laugh.

िक्षणवाक adj. Humorous, playful, funny pleasant. entertaining.

ferentes, f. A dry nurse, Khiloipilai, Charge of maintenance.

चित्रक s. m. Given to eat, feeder, adj. Causing to bloom.

জিবার ট adj. Playsome. iwaisi J

fereint v. a. To cause or give to eat, to feed; to cause to take (an oath, \$c.); to cause to suffer (as, mar khilana, To cause to be beaten); to cause to play, to allow to play, to amuse, play with, dandle; make, to blossom (a flower).

कीस

चित्रार adj. Playsome.

चिकी adj. Playful, addicted to gaming. বিদ্বাৰ s. f. A plaything, a toy, a bawble, gewgaw.

funi s. f. Joke, jest, humour. Khillibáz, adj. Humorous, playsome, funny, Khilli-bázi, s. f. Humour, fun, play, jocularity, [larity. विक्रोबाओं s. f. Humour, fun, play, joculus adj. Humorous, playsome, funny. fue s.f. Grinning, shewing the teeth,

a tooth. चित्रकामा To stir: to slip away, slip away stealthily, to hide.

¿ adj. Grinning, showing चित्रं विपोर \ the teeth when smiling. क्रियाचा v. n. To stir, slip, slip away, to sheer off, Khisak janu, v. n. To slip away, slide.

क्रियदाना v. a. To remove, shove out of the way, slide away, draw back.

चित्रमा v. n. To fall, to sink (as a terrace); to drop off; to become old, decline in years.

चित्रसम्बद्धाः n. To slip. adj. Slippery. ferenti adi. Slippery.

चित्रवाद s. m. Slipperiness, slipping. क्षित्रजाहर s. f. Slipperiness.

₹ v. n. To flinch, draw back, to be abashed. imigary v. n. To grin. adj. Fretful, pecvish, bashful, abashed.

चित्रचाष्ट s. f. Vexation, fretfulness.

fuel s. f. Fretfulness, temper.

wiw s. m. Reluctance, repugnance. षाचना v. To puli, to draw.

ate, s.f. Anger, vexation.

को जना v. n. To be angry, to be vexed.

ची दर ? Gleanings or leavings on the कोडर & threshing floor after the grain. has been removed.

कीए s. f. A wedge.

TRICE milk.

चीरविवादे s.f. The first time of giving rice, milk to an infant.

स्रोश s. m. A cucumber (Cucumis utillissimus \.

खोरी s. f. An udder.

क्योज s. f. Parched grain inflated or puffed out by heat so as to appear like froth.

स्रोजी s. f. Betel-leaf made up with the different ingredients. wit s.f. Loss; a grin; shrug; biest-सीस s, f. Shewing the teeth, a grinning, v. s. To grin आरोधनिकालना 🕻

खादा s. m. A rubber (used in baths):

wiv s. f. An alkaline earth, fossil alkali.

witter s. m. A hollow of a tree. खटलना v. a. To trample, tread, beat or work with the feet.

www s. m. Animosity, spite, rancour.

खंदाना v. n. To be angry.

www adi. Poor.

खनजाना v. a. To itch, scratch, tickle. सत्रवाष्ट्र s. f. Itching, scratching,

titillation.

खननी s. f. The itch.

क्षणात्रा v. a. To scratch, to sub gently with the nails.

musical adj. Stingy.

बुटकना c. a. To hibble ; to doubt.

बुटका s. m. Apprehension, suspicion, doubt, suspense; sound of footsteps. wzit s. f. Perfidy.

चुरी s. f. A treasure, hoard; a guat. www adj. Rough, s. m. A henhouse. सुखला s. m. A hollow of a tree.

सती s. f. A purse.

went v. n. To be dug, to be engraved. way s. m. Small pieces change (money) over and above the count, spare (money).

v. s. To cause to delve, खुद्दाना ३ चदाना } dig, engrave, carve.

The spaces in a necessary between the little brick partitions; the space from which a tooth has fallen out or been extracted.

प्रधा s.f. Hunger.

Thungry. स्था बं adj. Distressed with hunger, खुनसाना v. n. To be angry.

खुनको adj. Angry.

चना v. a. To affect, penetrate, stick into ; to adorn.

we s. m. I A (cloven) hoof, a horse's खुरी *s.f.* ∫

आरकटा s. m. An earcleaner.

खुर्चन s.f. Pot-scrapings.

खुर्चना v. o. To scrape.

खरवरी s. f. A scraper, a scoop or shovel. खर्चाल s. m. A large sieve for sifting earth; Khurchál karna, To tease.

west s. m. A scab.

Will s. m. An instrument for scraping grass for horses; the knee-pan, patella.

with s. f. A scraper, a weeding knife. the tool with which grass is scraped up for horses; a shovel for cleaning out a bird-cage.

करना s. m. A kind of sweetmeat.

सुरोट adj. Very old.

The knee-pan; an instrument like a cup formed of a cocoanut shell or other material, with which clothes are marked with stripes.

Wit s.f. A (cloven) hoof.

खुरेरना v. α. To run after, to persecute, to catch, to enclose.

wa Clody. Rough.

खुल्कियमा v. a. To indulge openly in vices which were formerly practised in secret.

खलाना v. n. To be opened.

went v. n. To be opened, revealed, expanded, untied or unfolded, disclosed or uncovered, let loose or be loose, laid aside (restraint), dispersed (clouds), clear up (the sky), be broken (neditation, &c.)

खन्नामा v. a. To cause to open.

खला s.m. (f. i.) Open, naked, loose. खलाना v. a. To open or cause to open.

बनावा s. m. Essence, the prime part of a thing.

खुतंबंदीं s. f. } The acting unceremoni-₩eta ouv. onsly.

प्रसद्ध s. m. Whispering.

चं द s. f. The tendo Achillis, hamstring. Khunch marns, To hamstring.

e z s. m. A corner, an angle; earwax; station, portion.

ख टला s. m. A. drug.

w zrs. m. A wooden stake.

बांदना v. a. To dig up (as the earth with the feet).

चाची s.f. A little girl.

खान्या ady. A searcher, inquirer, investigator, inquisitive.

क्षा s. m. Sediment, dregs, mouldiness of vinegar, &c.

■Zaī v. a. To pluck, to pick the leaves, &c. of vegetables.

w s. m. A furrow.

we s. f. Refuse.

us adi. Small, mean.

आकृत्मा v. n. To trot.

चाना v. n. To wax old.

चेत्रसा s. m. A mark, a sign

are s. m. A Vidyadhara; or kind of demigod.

चेटच s. m. Spoil, chase, hunting s. f. A weapon, the club of Balarána.

चेटची & .m. A sportsman, a hunter.

जेड़ा s. f. A village,

बेड्डो s. f. A kind of iron or steel, a sort of steel made in India.

बेड़ो s. f. Membranes in which the fœtus is developed, secudines.

Re s. m. A field, a field of battle, ground; a holy place. Khet-rhhorna. v. s. To flee from the field of battle. Khet-rahna, To remain on the field (of battle), to be killed.

खेतो s. f. Husbandry; crop. adj. Arable. खेतीबाडी s. f. Husbandry, agriculture.

क्रीवारी s. f. Husbandry, farming.

स्तरहर s. m. A peasant, a nusbandulan. स्तर s. m. Sorrow, grief, affliction distress : pain.

देदना v. a. To run after, to persecute, to pursue.

होदा s. m. The trap or enclosure in which elephants are caught.

बेदित adj. Sorrowful repentant; afflict ed. distressed, pained.

જiq s. f. A trip. voyage; a piece of base metal inserted in coin, or cracked coin; a term in algebra; something added to a sum; an apartment. Khep karna. To sustain a loss.

Ann w. a. To page the time.

adj. An idiot, a madman, a fool.

किपिया s.m. A voyager. जैसकाल s.f. Health.

war A kind of dancing.

करों s. f. After-birth. Kherhi, s. f. Membranes in which the festus is enveloped, secundines, placenta. (time, www.m. Play, game, sport, fun, pas-विकासको adi, f. Playsome, wantin;

ar unchaste (woman), an adulteress, strumpet.

हैनना v. a. To play, to sport. Khelat (Braja) part. pres. Playing, play.

बिक्त है s m. A waterman, a rower, ब बेक्ट | boatman.

स्वाना ». a. To row, punt paddle; suffer, endure (pain, calamity, &c.)

Ray s. m. Farc, ferry-money, price of passage in a boat, passage-money; crossing over a river.

বিষ্ণ s. m. A kind of cloth, diaper, damask, a sheet or wrapper of such cloth-বিষয়ে s. m. A kind of cloth.

लेंच s.f. Pulling, drawing ; scarcity: क्षेत्रमा v. a. To pull, draw, tighten ; delineate, paint.

संपाल s. m. Pulling and hawling. संपाल s. m. Play, sport, fun, pastime. संद s. m. A tree (Mimosa catechu). स्पार adj. Brown. s. m. A sprat (or fiale very like one); a tree (Mimosacatechu).

खेलर s. f. Churning, vessel.

ক্ষা s. m. A young bullock, a steer. জীলা s. m. Plaster; coarse brick-dust; milk, inspissated by boiling.

खोचाना v. c. To cause to lose or part with.

wits.f. The dry part of sugar-cane after expressing the juice; clothed folded up and put on the head as a defence against rain.

सींसना v. n. To cough. सींसी s. f. A cough,

A cut or rent in cloth, &c.

चीपना v. a. To thrust, to stuff. चीपा s. m. A thrust, stuffing.

wrangling or quarrelling.

another, as grass into thatch, trifling

purchases; part of grain which is to be parched taken as payment for parching it; something paid by those who draw water at a well to the binishi who attends there with his bucket, for the use of it.

Tet adj. Deficient, adulterated, bad (as coin), false, deceitful, s. m. A tent-pin, a pin, a peg, nail; protection. Khonteh ke bal kúdna, To become insolent relying on protection (the idea seems to be taken from a person's teasing an animal, which being fastened by a rope is unable to get at him: so that the khonta is only indirectly a protection by restraining the adversary).

श्रीवक्ष s. m. A hollow.

स्रोपका adj. Toothless, hollow.

s. m. A bird's nest

or tied up on the top of the head braided

ज्ञोसना v. a. To stuff, thrust in, cram. जोसना adj. Hollow, excavated (is a

कोषना anj. Hollow, excavated (us tooth or a tree, gc.).

the amount of which has been paid remaining in the hand of him who has paid it by way of voucher.

चोज a.m. Search, inquiry, quest, trace, mark.

कोजसाज s.f. Vexation; inquiry,

बोजना υ. α. To search for, to inquire after, to seek, explore.

चीनाता v. क्. To be lost.

william adj. A searcher, inquirer, investigator, inquiritive.

elz s.f. A blunder, vice, iblemish, defect, fault.

Perfidious, counterfeit, false, faulty, defeative.

wizit s. f. Perfidity; vice, blemish, falseness, faultiness, defectiveness.

कोद s. m. A push, thrust, pass.

खोदना v. d. To dig, to delve, to hollow; search for.

स्रोदनी s. f. Searching : a spade.

बोदर s. m. A certain pace (of a horse). बोटरा adj. Pock-marked.

कोटनेबाद s. m. Search, inquiry.

चोना v. o. To lose, part with to get rid of, to waste, to squander. s. m. Losing: a leaf which contains a parcel of betel or flowers, &c. ffissure.

क्षीप s. f. A cave, n corner; n rent, a खीपना s. m. A cocoanut, rather the kernel of a cocoanut, kernel.

कोपरो s. f. The skull, a shell, pate. Khovri khá-jana. To spend or lavish another's property.

चोषा s. m. The hair of the head braided or tied up on the top of the head.

क्टोबार s.m. A hogsty.

स्तीया s.m. Refuse.

चोर s. f. An alley; a covering; the rage or curse of a god.

कोरी s. f. An alley.

कींच s. m. A case, sheath, hollow (as of a tree, &c.) a cavity.

होसहा s. m. A hollow (as of a tree &c.) होसना v. a. To open, to loose, to shine, to expand, untie, unravel, set sail or unmoor (a ship, &c.)

जीवर दी s. f. The changing or removing of a horse's shoes.

बोसना v. a. To take or snatch away; to pull out hairs.

(a mon). s. m. Rind, peel, skin, shell.

wake on their foreheads with Sandalwood, saffren, &c. चौरा s. m. The rot (among sheep); the falling off of the hairs. [heat. चौनना s. n. To boil, to be agitated by स्थात adj. Famous, celebrated, notorious. स्थात s.f. Fame, celebrated, notoriety. स्थाताय adj. Famous, स्थात s. m. Play, sport, fun, pastime कर n. prop. The Lord Jesus Christ, the Saviour of the world.
चौरियान s. m. A christian, a follower of the Lord Jesus Christ,

77 w The third consonant of the Nagari alphabet, answering to G, in Good. बंब (used in compos.) A river, a stream. Do-ganga, In two strenms (a river) गंगा s f. The river Ganges. गंद्राजमनी s. f. A kind of ear-ring. कांगालाभ s.m. Death. ৰাস s. m, "A scaldhead (Tinea capitis). गंत्रा adj. Scaldheaded, bald. गंजिया s. f. A wallet, a bag (in which grass-cutters keep their sickle. &c.) बांभीन वर्ता. Addicted to the use of asniha. बंडजी हा १. m. Knot-joining. Ganth-jora banthans, u. a. To tie together the shirts of the mantles of the bride and bridegroom: a ceremony attending marriage performed by the purchit or officiating priest. बंडवटा s. m. A cut-purse. sifeque, f. Bump, pains in the joints. ajers. m. A ring, a circle; a kind of horse-collar, a knotted string tied round the neck of a child, &c., as a charm : the number four. switt s. m. A sort of axe, a pole-axe. and s. f. A circle, particularly that which Ramchandra is said to have

drawn round Sita, to protect her from Ráwana. बंडेरी s.f. A segment, cut, or portion of sugar-cane. गंद s. f. Stink, filth, ordure, smell. बंदक s. Brimstone. Gandak ka str, Sulphuric Acid. बंदमा s. f. A leek (Allium porrum). बंदा adj. Stinking, filthy, foul, nasty : odions. गंप s. f. Perfume, odonr, scent. गंभक s. f. Brimstone. बंधराज s. m. Gardenia florida. गंधरें s. m. A celestial musician, a class of demi-gods. Gandharna-hyah, 8 m. A kind of marriage, Gandharna-gita, s. m. A kind of song or singing. गंधार s. m. A musical mode. गंधी s. m. A person who sells rose-water. essences and atr, a perfumer : s green bug. मंभीका adj. Stinking. बंभीर adj. Deep; serious, thoughtful, sedate, grave. नेपास बत्तां. Squanderer. संवाना ". a. To lose, throw away, get rid of, discharge, spenn in vain, waste, squander, pass, trifle. sigre s. m. A countryman, Villager : clown, boor, churl, rustic, peasant. rish adi. Relating to a village or the [heaven. country, rustic. and s. m. Sky, firmament, atmosphere, सम्बद्ध s. f. Dust of the Kethi flower (Panlanus odoratissimus). नगणभेष s. m. A. pelican (Kelecapus Quoquotalus). नगरी s. f. A water.pot. The river Ganges. नक्षाजननी ह. f. A kind of ear-ring. writing a. m. The water of the Ganges. swift s. m. The bank of the Gauges.

Twitt s. m. The place where the Ganges enters the plain, Huridwar,

-पदापार s. m. The (ferther) bank of the Ganges.

बसाइव s. m. A man of a mixed and low caste, employed to remove dead bodies; a brahman who conducts the ceremonies of pilgrimage at some places on the Ganges, especially at Benares.

नकायाता s. f. Pilgrimage to the Ganges; carrying a sick person to the river side to die there.

ৰন্ধানীৰ s. m. The river Ganges, and two cos on either of its banks.

सच s.m. Mortar, plaster. cement, old mortar knocked off walls, &c.; the floor.

वचनीमा adj. Short and fat (person). गचपच adj Crowded, stuffed together, close, thick.

गण s.m. An elephant; a measure of length, the Gaz, a yard, a measure of two cubits,

बजनमनी adi. f. Walking (stateln) like बजनीनी an elephant; an epithet made use of to express a graceful gait in a female.

waste s. m. A string composed of several tassels, made of the hair of a species of ox, and suspended as an ornament from an elephant's neck, or is fastened to a horse's ears, extending on both sides to the saddle.

नजरन s.m. A name of Gunesh; ivory, the elephant's tooth.

बजनाव s. m. A large gun or cannon. बजनी s.f. Bole, earth.

बजपति s. m. The master or rider of an elephant, the title of a rajah.

त्रजपाटन e.m. Lampblack (with which the eye-lide are painted).

गत्रपाच s. m. An elephant driver or keeper.

बजनीती s.m. A large pearl: it is a popular idea of the *Hindus* that the finest pearls are to be found in the heads of elephants.

NATES. m. The chimes rung at the expiration of a watch or pahar of the day or nicht: but sometimes restricted to those at the close of the fourth; the word pahar heing more commonly used for the middle chimes.

NATHER: M. A dish of holled carrots.

ৰস্বাচ s.m. The leaf of the carrot; a kind of jewel, an ornament for the wrist, a bracelet; the waving lines on mashru (a kind of silk cloth).
বস্বাচ s.m. A large elephant.

বাজবাছাৰ s. m. A wreath or necklace of flowers; a gold ornament of the same form. [sweetmeat.

गजा s.m. Part of a cart; a kind of गजाना v.n. To work, to ferment, मस्ता s.m. Winning.

गिमन adj. Thick (a forest &c.)

गण s. m. A scaldhend (Tinia capitis). गण s. m. A mine, a jewel-mine; a tressury, a jewel room, the place where plate, &c., is preserved; a mart, a place where grain, &c., is stored for sale.

मचा adj Scaldheaded, bald.

निश्चा s. f. A wallet, a bag (in which grass-cutters keep their sickles go.)

गटकुमल s. m. A nickname for a monkey. गटपर odv. Higgledy-piggledy.

नहा s. m. The part of the pipe which fixes into the top of the metal part of a hukka; the ankle.

বহু s.m. A bundle, package, pack; root of onion, turmerick, &c., a clove of garlie. अडक्टा s. m. A cut-purse.

বজনতা s. f. The practice of a cut-purse. বাহনা v. n. To be joined or arranged together; to be tied or knotted together; to unite, connect; collude.

getter; to unite, connect; conduct. वर्षणान है s.m. Binding or joining in a knot; tying the knot, a Hinda ceremony attending marriage, at which the bride and bridegroom's clothes are fastened together, and a procession takes place to a river or piece of water.

सहर s. m. A large bundle, a bale, a pack.
कहरी s.f. A bundle, parcel, packet,
total, amount; crew, pack, junto.
Gathi bandhaa, v. a. To pack up,
bundle, gather (monsy, gc.) Gathii
karna, v. a. To add (hjures).

ন্বতানা v. a. To cause to join or to adhere, [tie.

गडाना v. s. To attach, connect, join, गडान s. m. Connexion, joining together, Gathao-yanthas, v. s. To contrive well.

ৰতিয়া s. f. A bump; pains in the joints; a back, sack; bundle, package. ব্যৱস্থাৰ s. f. Rheumatism.

गठी है s.f. A ball, pack; a small bundle.

ৰতীৰা adj. Knotty ; robust.

बद्धा s. m. Knots in cloth.

nww s. m. A game, tipeat; a mode of incantation performed for the destruction of any person (maran), to secure his affection (molan), to subject him to obedience (bas karna), to imprison him or deprive of the power of action or speech (stambhan), to drive him away (uckchatan), or to call him (ekerstan). Certain words are pronounced over an effigy of the person or his name in writing, which is afterwards buried.

प्रदेश :. m. A kind of fish (a sort of gilthead).

नकुत्वा v. n. To gurgle; thunder; roll; roar; (as a tiger), to rumble.

गण्गदर s. m. Any old tattered clothes, rags and tatters.

ৰঙ্গ s. f. Swamp, morass.

driven into the earth (as a stake, &c.), be fixed, to fix, lie, sink, be buried.

बङ्ग्ड odv. Higgledy-piggledy.

নম্বৰ্গ s. m. Bustle, confusion; motion of the bowel, borborygmi. [bustle. বস্তুৰ্গান্ত s.f. Confusion, fright, nlarm, বস্তুৰ্গান্ত s. m. A shepherd or goatherd. ন s.m. A shepherd or goatherd. pecially that found in the district of pecially that found in the district of

Sambhar in the province of Ajmere.

ন্থাৰ s. m. A kind of water-pot; a
flower-pot carried about by musicians
and dancing women at the feast of
busent pancahmi, as an offering to
people of rank, from whom they re-

ceive presents in return.
वक्षाना v. a. To cause to be buried or
वक्षाना v. a. To cause to be buried or
वक्षात m. A. cavity, a hole, a pit, an
वक्षाना v. a. To cause to penotrate; &c.
विकास adj. ¡Stout-hearted, stiff-necked,

stubborn, obstinate.

बिह्मारी s. f. Obstinacy, stubbornness. बहुता s. m. A kind of water-pot carried about by musicians and dancing women at the feast of basant panchami, as an offering to people of rank, from whom they receive presents in return.

गर्कित्या s. m. A shepherd or goatherd. गर्काना v. a. To pierce, perforate, bore, stick into. [ten quires. नर्को s. f. A bundle of paper containing

नका ह. f. A. bundle of paper containin

भद्रभ s.f. Form, make, fashion. भद्रभा c. a. To malleate, form by hammering; to make, form, shape, fashion. c. n. To be driven down (as a stake), to be buried, sunk, &c., to be make; formed or fashioned.

सद्धार adj. Coarse, thick. [abyss. तद्दा s. m. A cavity, a hole, a pit, an तद्दार s. f. The price of making jewellery. तद्दारा c. a. To cause to form by hammering, to cause to make.

गढ़िया s. f. A pike, a javelin, spear. गदो s. f. A small fort, a castle.

बहु। ह., A amani tore, a case.

बहुवा s. m. A cavity, a hole, a pit, an abyss. [A barrier.

सहैवा s. f. A small tank or pond. s. m.

वाष s. m. A flock, multitude, troop, tribe, class, &c.; a body of troops equal to 29 chariots, 81 horse, 135 foot; troops of inferior deities c onsidered as Shio's attendants, and under the especial superin tendence of Ganes.

नपक s. m. An arithmetician, astrologer, a calculator of nativites.

नवनी s.f. The wife of an astrologer.

वयमा s.f. Arithmetic. [stock.

नषहक s. m. Public property, common नषना v. s. To count, to reckon up by number, to calculate.

जयनोय adj. Numerable, to be counted or reckoned.

बच्चित s.f. A courtezan, a harlot.

afta adj. Numbered, counted, reckoned, calculated. s. m. Computation, arithmetic, numeration. Gan-it-kar, s. m. An astrologer, an arithmeticina.

প্ৰায় s. m. A name of Shiv; Ganes the son of Shiv and Parvati: he is the god of wisdom, and remover of obstanles, whence in the commencement of all undertakings, the opening of all compositions, &c. he receives the reverential homage of the Hindus; he is represented as a short fat man with the head of an elephant, and the present appellation with other similar compounds alludes to his office as chief of the various classes of subordinate gods, who are regarded as Shio's attendants.

नष्ड s. m. A cheek, the whole side of the face including the temple; a boil, a phlegmonoid pimple; a mark, a spot; a rhinoceros.

नष्डभ s. m. A rhinoceros.

गखनो s. f. A river in the north of India, the Gandak.

गच्छमाता s. f. Inflammation of the glands of the neck, &c.

string tied round the neck of a child, &c. as a charm; the number four. (as, a ganda of couries or four couries).

नव्हासा s. m. An axe, a pole-axe.

गच्छि s.m. Goitre or Bronchocele.

ৰজী s. f. A circle, particularly that which Romchandar is said to have drawn round Sita to protect her from Rawan.

मखेरी s.f. A segment cut or portion of sugar-cane.

नवा adj. That which may be numbered. नव adj. Gone ; obtained, gained.

নদ
 s. f. Going, moving, motion,
 procedure, march, pace, gait;
 state, condition, course of events,
 fate, fortune; funeral rites salvation;
 custom, habit, usage, way. Gat karns,
 e. s. To perform funeral rites.
 with adve. Softly, gently, alowly.

जरभा s. m. A foil for fencing with ; a mace, a club.

करकर adj. Rejoicing, joyful.

नद्भदा s. m. A grain (Guilandina Bonducella).

चहवदा adj. Corpulent, fat.

करका adj. Turbid, muddy, dull, dirty.

बरकार्च s.f. Muddiness, dalness.

गरका 8. m. An ass.

बहा s. f. A club, a mace.

: 145 s. m. A name of Visham or Krishna, the mace-bearer.

बदेश s. m. Afchild.

भहेला s. m. A thick bedding.

नद्भ adj. Rejoicing, joyful.

नहर है अ अह रहा है ।

नहर } adj. Half-ripe (fruit).

well s.f. A cushion, pad, pack-saddle, bedding or any thing stuffed; a seat; a sovereign's throne.

अब s. m. Prose.

बधा s. m. An ass.

अधापुरमा s.m. Boerhavia diffasa.

militude . Siv's attendants.

ৰণৰা s. m. Sugar-cane Succharum officinarum). v. s. To count, reckon, calculate, number, compute.

चन्द्रा s. m. A leek (Alliam porrum).

बन s.f. Perfume, odour, scent, smell, fragrance.

यभक्ष s. f. Brimstone,

नवहार s. m. A fragment wood, as sandal, aloe wood, &c.

भवनाइन s. m. The name of a particular mountain; sulphur.

मन्दर्भ s. m. Myrrh.

गमराज s. m. Gardenia florida ; sandal ; any sweet smelling flower.

स्था है. m. A celestial musician; a class of demigods supposed to inhabit Indra's heaven, and from the orchestra at all the banquets of the principal deities; the soul after douth, and previous to its being born again according to the notion of the *Hin*dus; a kind of deer.

THIS s. m. The wind. only. Smelling, fragrant.

गभगाए s. m. Sandal.

गथार s. m. A musical mode.

wq s.f. Prattle, tattle, talk, chat, tattiling. Gap marna, v. s. To prattle,

बदक्या e. a. To swallow, to gulp.

अपन्य s. f. Prattle, tattling, tattle.

नदी adj. A tuttler, an idle talker.

णवह s. m. A clown, young man, stripling, lad, an uninformed youth; a bridegroom.

wafe s. f. A ray of light, a sun or moon beam.

गंभीर adj. Deep, profound, sagacious; thick, impervious (as a forest); serious, thoughtful, sedate, grave.

শাসৰ s.f. Sound of the kettle drum, violent shake or clash in music.

नवरोत्त adj. Spicy, fragrant, ederiferous.

s. m. A road.

जनग s.m. Going, the act of going.

समनायमन s. m. Coming and going, access and egress and egress, intercourse.

बनाना v. c. To pass (time).

न[सन s. m. A passenger.

nutt odj. Deep (as water, but applied metaphorically to sound, intellect, &c. as in English); serious, thoughtful, sedato, grave.

सर्भारता s.f. Depth (of water) ; depth of thought, profoundness ; depth of sound.

www uds. Attainable, accessible,

सवात क. f. Accessibility ; perceptibility.

Behar, a celebrated place of pilgrim- । समरी s. f. A water-vessel, a goglet. age; it is said to have been rendered holy by the benediction of Vishnu, who granted its sanctity to the prayers of its dying chief killed by the deity; a cow, past part, Gone went. warel s. m. A class of Gaya brahmans,

who officiate in certain religious ceremonies performed by pilgrims at that Santidote. place.

कर s. m. Sickness, disease ; poison, an मरमया s. f. A sparrow.

अरमहाना v. n. To gurgle ; to thunder ; roll: roar (as a tiger); to rumble. menny v. n. To thunder, to roar, to

hellow. accents. f. Pride: a proud woman,

ज्ञा s. m. The feetus or embryo.

act adj. Light bay (colour in a horse or viceon.

THE s. m. The venom of a snake, or venom in general.

जरकी adj. Venomous, poisonous. ज्ञा apj. Heavy ; important ; respect-

able : demure. अर्दापन s. m. Respectability.

Try s. m. The throat, neck,

शारा s. m. A sack (for holding the walls of a tent, &c.)

करारी s. f. An instrument for twisting thread or string.

गरांवन s. m. A tether.

निमा s. f. Importance, self-importance; vanity of mind, a boast.

बरो s. f. The kernel of a cocoanut.

ज€ ε. m. In Hindu mythology the regent of birds; a large vulture; a large kind of heron (Ardea argala), a gigantic crane or adjutant bird.

सर्वे s. m. One of the ten principal Munis or saints. a cavalier. 要 a. m. A seaffold; a tower, bustion,

गर्ज s. m. The roaring of clephants; the rumbling of clouds, thunder; bellow-

ing, roaring, roar, मर्जन s. m. Sound, noise; passion,

warth; the rumbling of clouds &c. : thundering, thunder, bellowing, roaring.

बर्जि s. m. The muttering of clouds, or distant thunder.

गर्स s. m. A hole in general.

गहम s. m. The white lotus : an ass.

बहें भी s. f. An insect, a kind of beetle springing from cow-dung. गर 8. m. Vanity, pride.

गरेता s. f. Pride : a prond woman.

गर्ववनी s.f. A proud woman.

नभें s.f. A fœtus or embryo ; pregnancy; the belly; the inside, the middle; the bed of the Ganges when the river is fullest, that is on the 14th day of the dark half of the month Bhadr, or in the height of the rains; as high as the river flows at this periods, so far extends the Garbh, after which the Tir or proper bank begins, and extends for 150 cubits, this space is holy ground.

कभेदा s. f. A shrub so called. गर्भेदास s. m. Son of a slavegirl. बर्भपातक s. m. A red kind of Morunga supposed to produce abortion.

मर्भेडप adj. m. 1 A'child, an infant. गमंदपी s. f. मभेवती s. f. A pregnant female.

कांचाद s. m. Abortion, miscarriage. बर्माधान s. m. A ceremony performed. prior to conception, (being supposed conducive to future impregnation.

कशियो s. f. A Pregnant woman. 4€ s. f. An instrument for twisting

thread or string.

was s. m. Pride, arrogance. मर्कार adj. Proud, haughty, arrogant. wisten adi. Proud, haughty; conceited. बहैच s. m. Censuring, censure, blame, reproach.

महा s. f. Abuse, censure, reproach. नह adj. Low, vile, contemptible जल s. m. The neck, throat. gal bahiyan dalna, v. n. To throw one's arms

around another's neck. Gal dena. v. a. To throttle, to choke; to execute by hanging.

अप्रका s. f. A. boil.

जनगण s. m. Inflamation, enlargement of the glands of the neck.

जनगन s. m. A citron ; name of a bird : mixture of lime and linseed oil forming a kind of mortar impenetrable to water.

गणजन्दका s. m. A handkerchief used as a sling for the arm.

गणिन्दा The thick cloth which is used in tying broken hand together with the neck.

गतका adj. Stentorophonic, or loudly sounding. 'Ibridle.

अलमनी s.f. Part of the headstall of a भागा v. n. To melt, dissolve, waste, be dissolved, be wasted away.

भवनी s.f. Wasting, consumption. नचन्दा adj. Abusive, foul-mouthed. मलफटाकी s.f. Scolding; bragging, boast-

ing, Galphatáka karna, v. a. Te scold : to lie : to brag.

MUNITY S. m. The jaws; the angle of the mouth.

ब्राचार s. f. Vaunt, vaunting.

अखपाला adj. Chubby. fneck. अनुबद्धी s. f. Throwing the arms on the state s.f. An embrace, throwing the arms on the neck.

water s. m. The goitre.

मलकार ady. Soluble, corruptible.

णलही . f. The forecastle (of a boat, \$c.): a prow.

गलहेका ady. Abusive.

गलहेवा s. m. Forecastle-man, bogtswain. चला s. m. The throat, neck, gullet : voice. adj. Rotten, melted, wasted. Gala uthana (lit. to up the throat). To apply acrid substances, such as pepper, &c.. to the uvula of a child. when it becomes hoarse, or loses its voice from the relaxation of that part. Gala-bandhana, To ensuare one's self, especially in the bonds of, love. Gala-bythna or parns, To be hoarse. Gala-phansna, To hang, to choke. Gala-dabána, To strangle. Galo deno, To waste, Galo kátna, To cut the throat, Gala-ghontna, To throttle, choke, strangle, hold by the throat, Gole-parna, To seek the friendship of one who is averse from it. Gale-pari-bajae sidh, We should make a virtue of necessity. Gale kahar hona, To seek and persist in a quarrel, or dispute, tease, plague, to importune: to seek with ardour the friendship or affection of any one: to persecute with kindness or attention, Gale lagna, To embrace. Gale bandhna. To importune.

अकाना v. a. To melt, dissolve; to soften: to waste away, squander. Galanewala, s. m. A menstruum, a solvent,

wert s. m. The name of a bird.

mare s. m. Solution, fusion. Galau, adj. Soluble, septical, weakening, melter, dissolver.

मुखाबंट s. f. Solution, dissolving. निवत adj. Fallen, dropped.

मध्यसम् .v., दन To abuse; to cram (#



horse, (c.), to force food or medicine down the throat.

nia

जाविद्यादा s. m. A street or lane. well s. f. A lane. Gali bah gali, From street to street. Gali kucha, s. m. A narrow lane.

नदेनछ s. m. A kind of bird (the Adjutant or Ardea Argalla).

ज्ञाला s. m. Gargarism.

कान s. m. Going, moving.

ज्ञाल s. f. The light that is admitted by a window, skylight.

जाना v. a. To cause to sing.

जनाच s. f. A skylight, a hole to admit light, a lattice, window; an air-hole, a loop hole, a round window, a bull's eye, &c.

mitte g. m. Red chalk.

गरेया s. m. A singer.

जञ्च adj. Of or belonging to a cow. ज्ञान adj. f. A foolish dissolute woman. नसानमर adj. m. A clown, ignorant, foolish.

are s. f. A handle.

जुड़क s. f. The emotion of intoxication. সংক্ৰা c. n. To be agitated by intoxicatiom. chaser.

जक्ती s. f. Purchase. s. m. f. A. pur-अइम्हाना v. n. To quiver, shake or undulate. forest.

नपप s. 78. An eclipse ; thicket, wood, जडना s. m. Jewels, ornaments; a pledge, a pawn. v. n. To lay hold of, handle, seize, catch, take to blush, बदनी s.f. Oakum ; act of calking. adj.

Pledged. Gahni-dharns v. a. To pawn, to pledge.

Mert adj. Deep Gahra rang, Deep colour.

aver s. m. Pincers, forcers.

अक्षारा s. m. A swing, a cradle. wire s. m. The name of a disorder. मांजना v. o. To store, hoard : to stir. agitate ; to clara.

जांजर s f. A kind of grass or verdure.

मांजा रे s.m. The hemp plant (Cannahis satina). The fructification when nearly ripe, is bruised and smoked for intoxication; the leaves dried are ground in water and drank for the same purpose : in this state it is called bhang and sabzi.

atz s. m. A knot ; joint, articulation ; a bundle, Gánth parna, is applied to the fixing of enmity towards any one in the breast. Ganth-dar, adi. Knotted, Ganth ka mira, adv. Rich. wealthy. Ganth ka khana, To act to one's own prejudice. Ganth kholna, The untying of a knot; prodigality. expense; to open the purse; removal of prejudice.

मोट उपाद्धना s.m. A dislocation.

बांडडोसा adj. Knotty (as a stick), compact (as a man).

बांडना v.a. To tie, knot, join, make adhere, stick, cobble, put together : to reduce to obedience or subjection . to attach.

मांड s. f. The anus, privities. Gand ghalat, adj. Dead, stupid.

नांडर s. f. A kind of grass of which khas khas is the root (Andropegen muricatum).

with s. m. Sugar-cane.

नांडीव s. m. The bow of Arjun ; any (edus).

मांड s. m. A catamite ; sodomite (Cin-जायना v. s. To lay bricks in mortar, to string, to put or tie in order on as string, &c.

जांव s. m. A village.

जांबना v. a. To sing. (a foul, do.) जामना v. a. To pierce, transfix, spit (as नासी s.f. The iron point of an arrow.

नामर } s. f. A water ressel a gaglet.

बाक s. m. A tree. [annuum. সাহিনিৰ s. f. Cayenne pepper (Capsicum সাক s. f. Scum, froth : a thunderbolt.

Gaj-mara, sdj. Thunder-struck; afflicted, unfortunate.

नाजन s. m. Sounding, roaring.

सामना v. n. To sound, to thunder: to roar as a liou or other wild beast; to be pleased, happy, cheerful, delighted.

নাস্থ s. f. A carrot (A Daucuscarota). নাস্থাসা s. m. The sound or clangour of various musical instruments.

बाख्यीप s. f. Burying, burial. बरवा v. s. To bury, set, drive down,

न्ता v. s. To bury, set, drive down, fix, sink.

नायर s.f. A sheep.

venom or the bite of a snake.

नाष्ट्रा s. m. A ditch, pit, cavern, an amhuscade; a cart, a carriage. Gareli : bythna, To be concealed, to lie in ambush.

ताड़ी s.f. A cart, car, coach, carriage. बाड़ीवान s.m. A carter, a coachman, a carman.

बाइ e. f. A difficulty.

हात्वा देवें. Thick, close, dense; sly, shrewd, knowing, wise; strong (as

जाप s.f. The anus, privities. Gandghalat, adj. Dead, stupid.

state s.f. A grass of which khas khas is the root (Andropogon muricatum).

miest s. m. Sugar-cane.

लाकीय s. m. The bow of Anun; any bow.

माना s. m. Paste-board.

माती s. f. A. plaid.

बातु s. m. A celestial chorister.

बाव s. m. The body ? a limb, a member.

লাঘৰ s. m. A musician, a singer; a chanter of the Purans or sacred poems.

नापा s.f. A verse, a stanza; metre, a rhythm; a song, a chaunt, or verse to be chaunted or sung.

माद s. f. Sediment.

नाइना v. s. To ram down.

नादर adj. Half-ripe (grain). s. m. A heap, stack, rick.

ৰাই s.f. A cushion, pad, pack-saddle, a thin matttress, bedding or any thing stuffed; a sent; a sovereign's throne. মান s.m. A song, a singing.

দামৰ্থ s.m. A heavenly chorister; a song, singing; a form of marriage, that which requires only mutual and amorous agreement.

नाना v. s. To sing.

নামাৰ s. m. One of the seven primary notes of music; a country, Condahar, between the north of India and Peasis.

नामारी s.f. One of the tutelary female deities of the Jyns.

नाश्विक s. m. A vender of perfumes, s perfumer; a kind of worm having a strong fetid smell.

THE s. m. A tree, a fruit of which contains a glutinous astringent juice, with which the bottoms of boats are smeared, and in which nets are scaked (Diopyros glutinosa, Embryopteris glutinifera).

बाभ s. m. Pregnancy. बाभवा v. s. To snub.

with s. m. A new leaf springing from the centre of a plantain tree. miffin adj. Pregnant (an animal, as cow.) माली s. f. Abuse, Gsli-galouj. s. f. buffalo, &c.)

min s. m. A village.

मामिनी adj. f. Going moving.

जासक adj. Going, locomotive.

बाचीयं s. m. Depth (of water, sound, &c.) mu s. f. A cow, Gowmans, Beef.

mus s. m. A singer, adj. Singing. जायविन s. m. A tree that yields the

resin formerly called Terra Japonica (Mimosa catechu).

आयनो s. f. A measure of verse in the Veds, a stanza of 24 syllables, or 4 lines of 6 syllables each; a sacred verse from the Veds to be recited only mentally; this is usually personified and considered as a goddess. the metaphorical mother of the three first classes, in their capacity of twice-born; investiture with the saered and distinguishing string, &c., being regarded as a new birth : there is but one Ganatri of the Veds, but according to the system of the Tantrikue, a number of mystical verses are called Gayatrees, each deity has one in particular, &c, The repetition of the Gauatri is considered necessary to salvation.

जायन s.m. A singer. adj. Singing, a singer.

गार s.f. A buse.

f milk. WPCTT v. c. To strain : to squeeze : to नारा s. m. Mud (kneaded or) prepared for making pottery, prepared clay; a

musical mode. जारी s. f. Abuse.

जाज s. m. A cheek; a sort of tobacco. जाना s. m. A pod of cotton ; a ball of carded cotton

mile s.m. A curse, execution, or inprecation.

Reciprocal bause. Galiyan, Indecent songs (sung) at marriages. Gali deni. To abuse, revile, call names, scold.

मारचप् adj. Deceitful, alluring. नावदी adj. A simpleton, blockhead. मानाधी s. m. Cow's clarified butter.

my s. m. An alligator, a shark.

गाइक s. m. A chapman, purchaser, taker or seizer.

माइना v. a. To calk, thrash, tread : to inqure, search, seek, Gahi-gahi, adv. With much inquiry, research, pla. per, par. Having inquired or sought repeatedly.

गाही s f. Five (an aggregate made up of five parts).

गणा रे s. f. Name of an insect.

गिचपिचिया s. m. The pleiades.

गिंटकारी s.f. A particular vocal sound in singing ; quavering ? shake ?

गटकौरी s. f. A pebble.

निद्धाना v. a. To beseech, implore earnestly and humbly.

नियुत्ती s.f. Number, reckoning, account: muster.

विषया v. a. To count, reckon, number. निष्याना v. c. To cause to count. जिह s. m. A vulture.

जिनजार s. f. Name of an insect.

লিশী s. f. Number, reckoning, account : muster.

farat v. s. To count, reckon, number, बिर्चिट s. m. A lizard ; a chameleon. निर्यापन s. m. Economy.

firem v. s. To fall, to drop, to sink, to tumble down. Girteh-parteh, adv. With difficulty, with much ado.

जिर पक्षना v. n. To fall.

forest adj. A householder, a peasant, a husbandman.

লিংছেনাম্ম s. m. The state or abode of Girhast or householder.

निरम्भी s. f. Husbandry, housewifery, household.

fritiri v. s. To cause to fall, to fell, to overturn, or overthrow, to abase, to cast, throw or break down; to spill, to drop, shed; to strike. Gira dens. To throw, beat, cast or break down.

লিবি s. m. A mountain, a hill. adj.
Venerable, respectable, worshipful.

দিবিসা s. f. A name of the goddess Parvati, as daughter of the personified Himalaya mountain.

fafet s. m. A hyena.

निर्दर s. m. A mountain, a hill.

बिरिसार s. m. The Malaya mountains, situated in the south of India.

विषट s. m. A protuberance, hard swelling, gland, knot, tumour, scirrhus.

बिखटी s. f. A gland.

गिलहरी s.f. A squirrel.

inferent adj. Lazy.

দিবীয়া s. m. The flower of the Mahua (Bussia latifolia) after it has fullen off.

शिषी s. m. Minispermum glabrum.

विसीरो s. f. Betel-leaf prepared and folded up.

fust s.f. A span (measure of circumference, i.e. the circle formed by joining the ends of the thumb and forefinger); an ear of Indian corn (Zes mays) from which the seeds have been taken out; the short stick in the game of tip-cat, which is stuck by the longer one called danda, Gilli or Gulli-danda, To play at the

affin s. f. A dish generally used in Muharram.

बीजना v. a. To crumple.

गाटम s. m. A coarse kind of carpet not coloured. [To sing.

দান s. m. A song, singing. Gft gana, দীবা s. f. A name often applied to books as the Bhagwat Gita, which is often called Geets only.

नोदड़ s. m. A jackal (Conis oureus). गादड्अनको s. f. Bully-ing, bluster, bravado.

गोल । s.f. A road.

गोधा adj. Moist, damp, wet. s. m. A wild creeper (Mimoso scandens). गुगुना adj. Milk-warm, tempid; snuffling, snuffler.

गुंगुनाना v. कृ. To be milk-warm; to snuffle, sing slowly or with a low voice.

गुंगुनापन s. m. Tepidity.

गंग s. f. Echo, buzzing, resounding, hollow sound.

য়ন s. m. The seed of Abrus precatorius, or the shrub itself Gunj-lusr, s. m. A necklace composed of Gunja seed. যুগাৰে adj. Thick, close, যুগাৰে adj. Thick, close, যুগাৰে s.f. Thickness, closeness.

Timt adi Grava

गुक्ता odj. Grave.

गुंचदाना v. s. To cause to string, &c. गुरेखा sdy. Producing gum (s tree).

मुधना v. n. To be kneaded, plaited, &c. मुधनट s. f. Plaiting, braiding.

गुग्रुच s. m. Name of a tree or game

(Amyris agallocha); Bdellium. 可要is. m. A bunch, a bluster (of fruit), ear of cron.

वृक्कदार s. f. A kind of turban.

गुजरात n. prop. A district of India, Guzerat.

ज़िल्या s. f. An ear ring; a kind of sweetmeat;

4 adv. Thickly, closely.

33 | s.m. The seed of Abrus prec-331 | atorius, or the Shrub itself. Guny-har, s.m. 4 modilace composed of the Guna, seed.

qua odj. Buzzing, humming, making a low murmuring sound.

गुद्धान adj. Thick, close.

नुष्कानी s. f. Thickness, closeness.

गुटकना v. n. To coo as a dove ; to swallow.

बुटहा s. f. A ball prepared by devetees, by putting which in their mouths they are supposed to become invisible; a swestment swallowed as a bolus without chowing; a small book worn as an amulet

बुटिका s. f. A. pill, a bolus, any small globe or ball.

बुदबा adj. Being set on edge (the teeth). बुदबी s.f. A kernel, stone (of fruit), seed.

ৰুষ্ক s. m. Molasses, troacle, raw sugar. Guramba, Mangoes boiled with meal and sugar, resembling mangoe-fool. বুৰুমুল্য s. a. To rumble (the bowels). মুৰুমুল s. f. A small hukks, a kind of pipe for smoking.

4 s. m. A medicine, (Menispermum

ৰাষ্ট্ৰম } s. m. A kind of Bassia (B.
বিষয়েল } s. m. A kind of Bassia (B.
বিষয়েল } sweet, and from which a spirituous liquor is distilled the nuts afford an oil used instead of butter.
বিষয়েল a. To dig; to cause to dig.
বিষয়েল a. M. A seller of Gur, s. f. A doll.

बुक्त s.f. A child's kite; a pinion. बुद्ध s.f. Hibiscus syriacus.

n. A quality, an attribute or property in general (but expectifly of excellence, &c.); skill, understanding,

cleverness, virtue, mode, method, manner, merit : a string, rope, small track-rope, a property of humanity. of which three are particularized, viz. the Satwah, Rajah, and Tamah, or principles of truth or existence, passion, or foulness, and darkness, or ignorance; a favour, a kindness, Gunkarna, To benefit. Gun-ka-pulta dena, To repay a benefit. Gunchhandna, To pass over a person's good qualities. Gun-gahak, adj. Purchasing skill or merit, patronising, learning. s. m. A discerner of merit, a patron of learning. Gun manna, To acknowledge a favour. Gun-nidhan. Abdoe of skill or merit : skilful. गुणसान (lit. mine of merit) adj. Very worthy, skilful or learned.

June s. m. Panegyric, praise.

गुणमानकरना v. a. To sing, celebrate, prattle, (or crow) as infants.

युषता s. f. Excellence; multiplication. गुणसंभ s. m. The loss of all good qualitics,

मुख्यम्य vdj. Possessed of merit.

नुष्यन के di. Possessing attributes नुष्यान but especially those of excellence; possessed of talent or virtue; virtuous, skilful, accomplished. पुष्यानर वर्जे. Endowed with all goods qualities, an ocean of virtue or excel-

नुषस्तृति s.f. Panegyric, encomium.

lence.

Jul s. m. (in comp.) Fold, turn, time; as Sos-guns, A hundred-fold.

युचिन । adj. Endowed with good गुचियन । qualities; skilful.

नुषी adj. Skilful. virtuous, dexterous, possessed of any quality or art : n snake catcher, one who charms, a sorcerer, conjurer. s. m. The name of a mountain, according to some. Chitrkote or Comptak in Bundelcand.

প্ৰশা v. n. To be plaited, to be threaded to strung.

स्थवा adj. Plaited or strung together.

युद् s. m. } The anns.

गुदकीलक } s.m. Piles.

ग्रहणुदा adj. Soft, plump.

गुटगुदाई गुदगुदाहट s. f. Titillation

স্বৰ্থন। সু স্বাধ্যা ভ. a. To tickle to titillate. সুবাধ্যা ভ. a. Constipation, flatulence, &c. সুবাধ্যা adj. Clothed in patched garments or rags; a tatterdemalion; ono who lets quilts for hire. Gudriyapir, s. m. A tree near a town or village on which people tie up rags in the manner of votive tablets, which they believe to be efficacious for the accomplishment of their wishes.

शुरको s.f. A pallet, a beggar's bedding, quilts, &c.; a daily market. बदा s.f. The anus.

गुहा s. m. A baby, doll ; a windgall ; a bough, a branch.

नहीं s. f. Name of the neck.

an e.m. A quality, an attribute or property in general (but especially of excellence, &c.); skill, cleverness, virtue, mode, method, manner, merit; a small track-rope; a property of which three are particularized, viz. the Sutwah, Rejah, and Tameh, principless of tuth or existence; passion or foulness, and darkness or ignorance; favour, or kindness. Gunkarna, To benfit. Gunka palto dena, To repay a benefit, Gun-chhándna.

To pass over a person's good qualities, Gum-gahal: adj. Purchasing, skill or merit, a patron of learning. s. m. A discerner of merit, a patron of learning. Gun-manna. To ackowlege a favoor.

गुनगुना adj. Milk-warm ; snuffling.

मुनगुनाना o. n. To be milk-warm; to snuffle, sing slowly or with a low voice.

नगरंत । adj. Possessing attributes भृगवान । but especially those of excellence; possessed of talent or virtue; virtuous, skilful, accomplished.

ন্ব adj. Skilful, virtuous, dexterous, possessed of any quality or art; a snake-catcher, one who charms snakes, a sorcerer.

মুদ্ধ adj. Preserved, protected; hidden, concealed; invisible, withdrawn from sight. s.m. An appellation forming especially the second member of the name of a Vysyah or man of the third class. adv. Privately, secretly.

ৰূমি s. f. Concealing, concealment; preserving, protecting.

मुप्ती s. f. A hidden sword.

गफा *s. f*. A. cave.

नुबरीसा s. m. A beetle found in dunghills or old cowdung (Scarabeus or Stercorarius? copris).

मुभाना है v. a. To thrust, stick into.

बनोबा s. m. Hard lumps in the intestines produced by costiveness, scybals. बनदा s. m. A swelling or tumour from a blow.

मुनटी s.f. A tower, a bastion.

सन्दर है s. m. A protuberance, a bump, सन्दर्भ , a swelling. बुतरो s.f. Vertigo. बुतवा odj. Musty. बुरवाब o.n. To snapl. बुराई s.f. Fairneys, whiteness, yellowness, pale redness.

अदिया s.f. A bend (of a rosary, &c.). 76 s. m. A spiritual parent or director from whom the youth receives the initiatory mante or prayer, and who conducts the ceremonies necessary at various seasons of infancy and vouth. up to the period of investiture with the characteristic thread or string : this person may be the natural parent or the religious preceptor; a religious teacher, one who explains the law and religion to his pupil, instructs him in the Shastras, &c. ; a father, or any venerable male relation ; a spiritual guide, preceptor, tutor, pastor, teacher; the planet Jupiter. edi. Heavy, weighty; important; honourable, respectable ; great, emiment; difficult, arduous; best, excellent. Guru-mukh hona. To receive from a Guru the initiatory mantr or mystical prayer peculiar to the deity adopted for worship in particular, who is thence termed the Isht-den, or chosen god : to become a scholar, Guru-laksh, s. m. Knowledge which can be acquired from a living instructor only.

स्वार्थ s. m. A serious or momentous affair; the business or office of a spiritual teacher. [son स्वस्त s. m. An elder, a venerable per-स्वार adj. More important, highly honourable, weighty. [ation. स्वरंपत s. m. The eighth lunar constell-स्वापाय adj. Difficult of digestion. स्वरंप s. m. A topss.

notes a f. The wife of a spiritual teacher.

नुसार s.m. Thursday. [bond. मृगों s.m. Servant boy, a brat; vaga-नुगांची s.f. A kind of shoe or slipper. मुद्देश s.f. Ague, the cold fit of a fever, quotidian fever.

ব্ৰ s. f. A creeping plant (Menispermum glabrum),

गुआं र s. m. A district in the southwest, Guzerat m. pl. The people of Guzerat. गुआरो s. m. One of the Raginis or female personification of music.

ग्री s. f. Parched barley.

गुल्लिको है s.f. A pregnant woman.

ৰুপাৰা s. m. Sweet cake fried in butter, or wheat flower, sugar and data, with anise and cardamum seeds made into dumplings and fried in ghee. adj. Soft.

मुजमुलाना v. a. To soften, to mollify. मेलम लाइट s. f. Softness.

बुबग्रमा adj. Plump, handsome, chubby. मुख्यला s. m. A musketeer, a shooter of ball, a gunner.

गुडकड़ी s.f. Conglomeration, knot, Guljhari dil-ki, s.f. Grief, displeasure, mental uneasiness,

पुरुषतो s. f. Rice-gruel, or rice and water boiled together and seasoned with salt. सुवाई s. f. Roundness, roundity.

गुजादजासन s.f. The roseapple (Eugenia jambos).

red which the Hindus throw on each other during the indecent festivities and drunken frolics of the holi. Gul-loan, adj. Red-eyed Gullelbari s.f. A royal pavilion or tent Gulal, adj. Of the colour of the gulat or stained with it.

16 s. f. A pill, a bolus, any small , q s. f. Human excrement. globular substance ; a disease. गुलना s. m. A. monkey's pouch. s. f. A pellet-bow. नक्ष s. m. The ankle. क्षम s. m. The division of an army, a body of troops consisting of 9 platoons, or 9 elephants, 9 chariots, 27 . horse, and 45 foot : the spleen ; a disease, according to some, a chronic enlargement of the spleen, but it appears to be an induration of the mesenteric glands so as to be perceivel externally. I bow. THI s. m. A pellet shot from a pellet-

युवाक s. m. The betel-nut tree (Areca faufel or catechu). नीया (gossip) s. f. A woman's female friend, adj. Eloquent, conversible.

नक्की s. m. A kind of pigeon. s.f. A

whetstone, a polishing stone.

mes. m. Cabal. WV s. m. Human excrement Gohi, adj. Defiled with excrement.

जस्त part. Covered, concealed ; plaiting the hair.

बहुने v. c. To thread, to string : to plaid, to braid. To assist. अकराजा v. n. To bawl, to call out. v. a.

गहांचनी s. f. A sty (in the eye).

WVI s. f. A cave, a cavern. गणाई s. f. Meconium (of infants).

बुद्धार s.f. An assistant, aid : bawling ; tumult, alarm.

um adi. Concealable, requiring concealment, s. f. The anns, the parts of the body which decency requires to be concealed.

THE s. m. A kind of demigod attendant upon Kuver, the god of riches, and guardian of his treasures.

ग गा adı. Dumb ब्राई s. f. Dumbness.

यूज s. f. Echo, buzzing, resounding, hollow sound, roar.

यूजना v. n. To resound, hum, buzz, growl, roar.

गुभा s. m. A sort of sweetmeat.

Turn s. m. A beam (of a ship); the cross timbers (of a boat).

न्यना v. a. To thread, string, plait ; to stitch; to spit or put on a spit. Gunth-wana, v. a. To cause to string, plait; stitch; put on a spit.

गंद *s.f.* Gum.

गुँदना v. a. To knead ; to plait, braid, plat, weave.

ब्दनी s.f. A tree yielding a sort of gummy fruit.

बुद्धा adj. Round, circular. s.m. A ring. a circle.

न धन s. m. Dough ; plaiting, braid.

गुंधना v. s. To knead (four, &c.) ; to plait, braid, plat, weave.

गुणा s. f. Betel-nut.

agai s. m. A partner (at any game). गुगल s. m. A tree or gum (Amyris agallocha) : Bdellium.

गगनी s.f. A cockle-shell. बुकर s. m. A cast of Rajpoots originally from Guirat,

गुजरो s. f. The female of Gujar ; an ornament worn on the wrists and feet : an earthen image representing a milkmaid; a musical mode.

बुजी अ. f. A stick, a club.

गुडिया s. ns. A doll.

बुद वर्ता. Abstruse, difficult, obscure, abstracted; secret, mysterious, enigmatical; hidden, concealed.

बुद्रता s.f. Abstruseness, secrecy, concealedness.

ब्रह्मात s. m. A snake.

बृह्यक्ष s. m. A spy, a secret emissary, disguised agent, a scout.

गुरुषणा s.m. A pedagogue, a pedant, गुरुषाण s.m. A subterraneous passage, a defile, a bye-road, or secret way.

ब्हार्थ adj. Of obscure or hidden meaning. युष s. m. A round ball of cotton.

त्यना v. s. To plait, braid, thread, string; to stitch; to spit or put en

a spit. युद्ध s. m. A quilt; a bundle of old clothes; any old tattered cloths; a

kind of silk stuff. Gudar-khyl. adj. (applied only to females) Foolish, unmannerly, rude. Gudar sina, To stitch together. Gudar ka lol, or Gudar men gandaura nikálna, Good proceeding from evil.

गृदङ्गी s.f. A quilt (especially a mendicant's); a bundle.

गृद्र odj. Fat, plump.

बुदा s. m. Brain, marrow, kernel, pith, erumb.

गृदिया adj. Desirous, wishing.

गूधना v. c. To knead (flour, &c.)

मुनदा s. m. A bump, a swelling. महर s. f. A wild fig (Ficus guteria).

युक्तर s. f. A wild fig (Ficus guleria). युष्ट s. f. Human excrement.

युइडिया s. m. A dunghill, a place where excrement is thrown.

यूही adj. Defiled with excrement.

राधन s.m. Poisoned flesh, the meat of an animal destroyed by poison; garlle

WY s. m. A vulture.

মধা adj. Desirous, greedy, covetous. মধ adj. Covetous, cupidinous, greedy. মধাৰা s. f. Covetousness, greediness.

* extreme and liberal desire.

*habitation in general; a wife.

स्टब्बपीतव s. m. A pigeon, a tame er domestic pigeon.

यहनडी s. f. A terrace in front of a house, a threshold.

रहनाभन s.m. A pigeon.

रहपती s. m. A householder; a householder of particular merit, giving alms and performing all the prescribed ceremonies, &c.; virtue, especially of a householder, as hospitality, &c.

गहभूमि s. f. The site of a habitation.

ब्रह्मादिका s.f. A garden or grove near a house.

the second class, or he who after having finished his studies and been invested with the sacred thread, performs the duties of the master of a house, and father of a family; a peasant, a husbandman.

रहस्यायन s. m. The profession or condition of a bouseholder or married man.

ब्दस्थी s.f. Husbandry, house-keeping, housewifery, household; the duties of a householder.

यहियो s.f. A wife. [eaught. यहीत adj. Taken, attached, seized,

ৰফ adj. A partisan, of or belonging to a side or party; to be taken or seized; or of belonging to a house; a book containing directions for religious rites.

गेंड s. f. Name of a fish.

गॅडक s.m. Marigold. गॅडा s.m. A. rhipoceros.

गड 8. m. A ball for playing with.

बंद s. m. An elephant, s. f. A ball for playing with Gend-tari, s. f. Playing at ball.

नेंदा s.m. Marigold; a ball.

बेंदी s. f. A ball (to play with).

वेवटा 8. m. A crab.

गेमलीं s. f. A trollop.

had a.f. Name of a game, knocking a stick over a line by throwing another stick at it.

देशा adj. Simple, ignorant, silly.

भैदा s. m. A young unfledged bird; (met.) an infant.

गेपा s. m. A nipple.

नेवर s. m. Name of a bird.

गेइ s. m. A kind of red earth or ochre.

विद्या adj. Covered with or coloured like geru.

The smut, mildew.

क्षा adj. Simple.

গৈছ ৈ s.m. A professional singer, an actor, a mimic; a chanter of the Som Ved.

बेह s. m. A house, a dwelling.

गेइं s. m. Wheat.

नेक्षा s. m. The colour of wheat; a sort of grass. adj. Of the colour of wheat, swarthy.

श्रेन } s.f. A pickaxe.

नेखा s. m. A rhinoceros.

गेना s. m. A bush ; a small bullock.

होनी s.f. A small car or carriage drawn by the bullocks called gyna.

गैया s. f. A cow.

नेरा s. m. A sheaf (of corn).

गैरिक s.m. Red earth or ochre.

गैल s. f. A road.

गैएरी s. f. Demurrage.

নী s. f. Cow. [ing. মীব s. m. A kind of wide stitch or sew-

মীত s. m. A kind of wide stitch or sew-মীতা s. m. Dried cow-dung.

बोडनो s.f. Name of a tree.

बीद s. f. Gum. Gond-dani, s. f. A vessel in which gum is kept to seal letters with. Gond-kash, An instrument for spreading gum with (in sealing letters).

मोदनी s. f. A reed of the leaves of which coarse mats are made (Typha), भीदा s. m. A thin dough or pap made of flour of Cicer arietinum for feeding birds.

बोंदी s.f. Name of a tree (Cordia).

कीकचे s.m. A span; a kind of deer (the nit gow?) a mule.

बीक़ल s. m. A herd of kine, a multitude of cattle; a cow-house or station.

नोषह s.m. A plant (Ruellia lonaifalia, and in Bengal, Tribulus lonuginosus); an ornament (bells tied round the an-Mes); a joint Bara gokhru, Pedalium murez.

गीचना v. a. To catch, seize.

गोचर s. m. Perception, information. adj Known, perceived.

गीचरी adj. Visible, seen, perceived.

मीजर s. m. A centipede (Scolopendra). मीजागरिक adj. Happy, fortunate, susficious.

गोट s f. A counter, piece or man at back gammon, chess, &c.; the lem of a garment.

नोटा s.m. (Gold or silver) Lace er edging (rather narrow).

बोटी s.f. The small-pox, a pock.

गीड s.m. The leg, foot. गीएना v.a. To dig, to scrape./

गोड़ी s.f. Taking away. Gri karna, To take away. stenl, wak off with.

गोग s. f. A sack, bag (of coarse closs).
the sacks fastened on the sdes of a
beast of burthen to carry grain in.

बीत s. m. Parentage lineare, pedigree, stock of a family

and n. prop. Butha , 450 the author of the Nyayai philophy, or logic, and his dostrines orresponded with those of Aristoti. नीती adj. One of the same stock or family, a relative.

जीत s. m. Family, race, lineage, kin ; a genus, a class or species.

बीवज s. m. A relation; in law the term is nearly equivalent to the gentile of Roman law, and is applied to kindred of the same general family who are connected by offerings of food and water, and stands opposed to the Bandhu or cognate kin, who do not partake in the offerings to the common ancestors.

बोर है s.f. The lap, bosom, embrace; बोरों दे the elephantiasis. Göd lena, to adopt (a child). God pasarna, To ask, beg. विस्ता v. a. To prick, puncture, dot,

mark with dots (the skin). s. m.
Marks of tattooing.

रेहन s. m. Yellow orpiment; a cow's hooth; a fossil substance of a white colour, apparently an earthy salt.

jeninsula, the Goddveri. बीदेहनी s. f. A milk-pail.

बीधक्र s. m. A bough, a branch.

archers on the left arm to prevent its being injured by the bow string.

गीधम } m. Wheat.

संस्थी र र. बीरोरा s. m. | Evening, twilight.

गोंचेने इ. f. A mich-cow.

ains s. m. A large kind of snake, considered to the same with the Boxor Box.

ally s. m. A hydenan, a cowherd, as milkman. s. A god-necklace. ally s. m. Conceanent. Gopan karns, To conceal, to hid. बीपनीय क्लों, Fit to be concealed. बीपरस s. m. Gam myrrh.

नीपाल है s. m. A cowherd, a cow-नीपालक keeper or protector; s king, a soverign.

गोपी s. f. A The female of Gop (a cowherd); a female cowherd.

गोपोषन्दन s. m. A species of white clay. गोपनाल s. m. A cowherd.

गोफन } s.f. A sling (for throwing) गोफिया } with).

गोजरा) with). गोजर s. m. Cow-dung. Gobar khana, to do pennace (by eating cow-dung).

गीयरगनेश odj. Fat.

नीवरी s.f. Plaster made of cow-dung. नीवरीदा s.m. A beetle found in cowdung (Segrabeus).

गोभी s. f. A term in card-playing ; name of a medicinal herb (Hieracium). Sufyd gobhi, Cacalia sonchifolia.

नीमध s. m. Cow-dung.

गीतृष्य s. m. A hole in a wall made by thieves, &c. ; branch.

शेनुकी e.f. A cloth-bag containing a rosary, the hand being thrust in, counts the beads; the chasm in the Himalaya mountains through which the Ganges flows, erroneously conceived by the Hindus to be of the shape of a cow's mouth.

गीसूत s, m. Cow's urine.

गौसिदक s.m. A gem of a yellowish or tawny colour (a topax) a precious' stone brought from the Himalaya and Indus. described as of four sorts, white, pale yellow, red and dark blue, perhaps' varieties of agate.

नी मेद सिम s. m. Chalcedony or opal. नी मेथ s. m. The offering or sacrifice of a cow.

बीरच s. m. Milk, butter-milk, curdled or coagulated milk.

भीरसङ्ग adj. (a child) Reared with the milk of cattle. s. m. A sodomite.

भेरमी s. f. A vessel for holding milk, &c., a milk-pail.

गोरा adj. Fair (complexioned).

in s.m. An ox, a cow. Gornadlyuka, n s.m. Twilight (the time of bringing home the cows). Gornari bers, s.f. Evening.

को इत s. m. A measure of distance equal to two cros sor cos.

কার্যাখনা s. f. A bright yellow pigment prepared from the urine of a cow or vomited in the shape of scibules by the animal; it is employed in painting and dyeing and is of especial virtue in marking the foreheads of the Hindus with the Titue or sacred mark; it is also used in medicine as a sedative, tonic, and anthelmintic remedy, &c.

引き s.m. A circle, a ball, any thing round or globular, water-jar adj. Round. Gol-phal, s.m. The testicle, Golgol, adj. Round. Golsa, adj. Roundish.

দীজন s. m. A widow's illegitimate দীজনা s. f. Slaek-pepper (Pipernigrum).

First s. f. A globe, a sphere, a mandal; a large water-jar s. m. A granary; a canon-ball; a bell; a large beam of wood; a kind of pigeon; the kernel of a occount.

बीबाई s. m. Roundness,

बोकाकार adj. Round, globular.

নীৰাৰজ্য s. m. Name of a game, tip-cat. বীলাজাৰ s. m. The division of mathematical science which treats of the spheres, spherics.

मीकार s. m. Roundness.

गोखारा adj. Round.

बोधी s. f. bullet, a ball, a globule; s pill; a jar Golimarna, To shoot s ball at.

गोलोक s. m. The heaven of Vishnu.

बीवना v. a. To conceal, hide.

नोतर्वन s.m. A celebrated hill in Vindra vun, or the country about Mathura, it is said to have been upheld by Krithna upon one finger to shelter the cowherds from a storm excited by Indra, as a test of the divinity of the former.

गोगाल adj. Cow house.

बोष्ट s. f. Plot, cabal, conspiracy.

नोड s. m. Cow-pen, a fold for cattle, a station of cowherds.

গাষ্টা s.f. An assembly, a meeting, coaversation, discourse; family connexion, but especially the dependant or junior branches.

गोपद s. m. A measure, as much as a cow's footstep will hold; the mark or impression of cow's foot; or hoof.

नीसन s. m. The sacrifice of a cow, one of the grand sacrifices of the *Hindus* in former times, and not permitted in the present age or *Kalijug*.

नोसाई s.m. The deity; a saint, a holy person; the descendants of the disciples of Chytanych of Nadia.

गीचेंबा s.f. The diety.

गोसन s. m. A cluster of blossom, si

गोसनी s.f. A grape. [cattle. बोस्यान s.m. A cowpen, a station for गोबना v. a. To hide, conceal.

बीप s.m. A lizard, a guana ; a gangetic alligator.

बीइला s.f. Killing a cow.

गोइरा s. m. Cakes of dried cow-dung ; an ally, succourer, an assistant. भोइते s. f. Demurrage. भोइत s. m. Tumult, uproar.

नोइं s. m. Wheat,

गीइयन } s. m. A species of snake, गीइना } the Boa.

नी घुर s. m. A plant (Ruellia longifolia and Tribulus languinosus).

नी s. m. f. A. cow, one of the cow species. Gos-dan, s. m. Gift of a cow.

前 s. f. Opportunity, advantage. Gosngir, Controller, uncontrolled, ruler, invested with authority, self-interested. Goan-ghast, s. f. Power, opportunity.

गीख s.m. A portico.

गौक्षे s. f. A sprout.

गोकी s.f. A hole or pit.

and s. m. The district of Gour, the central part of Bengal; the ruins of its capital called by the same name are still extensive. m. pl. The inhabitants of Gour (brahmuns).

गोड़ा s. m. A cast of Hindus in Urissa, who are generally palki carriers and bearers; a musical mode.

मेहिया s. m. Inhabitant of Gour; hence the followers of Chytanyah of Naddea are so called: this philosopher flourished in the year 1407 of Salivahan, about A. D. 1350.

गोड़ो s.f. Rum or spirit distilled from Gur or molasses; a musical mode.

गौदान s. m. Gift of a cow.

बीना s. m. Bringing home a wife. Gounhar, s. m. The company who attend the bride when bringing home.

बीर adj. Fair-complexioned.

নীৰে s. m. Reputation, respectability, venerableness, consequence or weight. নীৰ্ষিক adj. Venerable, repectable.

fitt s. m. A cock-sparrow.

बीरिया s. f. A sparrow.

गौरी s. f. A musical mode.

भोजाला s.m. A cow-house.

गीइ s. m. Perseverance.

गौहरण s. m. An ally, succourer, an assistant.

स्थारह adj. Eleven. Gyrahusa, adj. Eleventh. [order.

ব্যৱস্থা adj. Strung, tied together, or in ব্যৱস্থা s. m. A book or composition in prose or verse, a code, the book of

the Sikh religion composed by the guru Nanak Shah.

वयकार s. m. An author, book-maker, writer, compiler.

यस्य s. m. The joint or knot of a reed or cane, &c.; and figuratively of the body; a tie, the knot of a cord, &c.

यस adj. Inaccurately pronounced, slurred, uttered with the omission of a letter or syllable

Grah-sthapan, Invoking the presence of the, nine planets.

acceptance; assent, agreement; an eclipse.

यक्षी s. f. Diarrhoea, dysentery.

यहपीड़ा s.f. The influence of an unpropitious planet.

यहपूजा s. f. Worship of the sun and the other planets.

यहराज s. m. The sun ; the moon ; the planet Jupiter.

or the polar star, from its remaining fixed amidst the planetary movements, [ence.

सञ्चापान adj. Subject to planetary influ-

यद्वानय s. m. Epilepsy, convulsions, demoniacal possession which the complaint is supposed to be.

awlar adj. Taking, disposed to take.

habited place in the midst of fields and meadow land, where men of the servile class mostly reside, and where agriculture thrives; a scale in music, an other agriculture thrives.

बानची s. m. A barber. s.f. A whore, a harlot; a peasant or villager.

বাদবাসৰ s.m. The village priest, one who conducts the ceremonies for any or all classes, and is consequently considered as a degraded brahman; it also applies to the attendant of an idol.

यामवासी s.m. A villager,

यानिक aaj. Village, rude, rustic.

यानीय odj A villager, a rustic, village ; vulgar, rude.

वास s. m. Rustic or homely speech; the Prakrit, and the other dialects of India except the Sanskrit.adj. Rustic (in discourse); village-born, produced in or relating to a village.

पान्यधर्म s. m. Copulation.

षास ड. m. A mouthful or a quantity equivalent to a mouthful, a lump or rice, &c., of the size of a peacook's egg.

Taking, either by seizure or acceptance; a shark; according to some the Gangetic alligator, according to others, the water elephant (the hippopatamus?).

पाइक s.m. One who takes or seizes, one who accepts.

पाइ s.f. A shark, according to some. पाञ्च adj. Worthy of acceptance, fit to be received.

कीया s.f. The neck; the back part of the neck, the nape, the tendon of the Trapezium muscle. जीस s. m. The hot season comprehending two months, about June, July ; heat, warmth. adj. Hot, warm.

चेड s. m. A dwelling, a house.

पैंद s. m. A necklace, a close neck-lace or collar.

वेष adj. Belonging or relating to the

येभी s. m. Double jasmin.

स्वान adj. Wearied, languid, feeble, exhausted by fatigue, disease &c.

र्व्यानि s.f. Languor, lassitude, fatigue of body or depression of mind.

म्बाल है s.m. A cowherd.

म्बासिन s.f. The female of Gwal wife of a cowherd.

खेंड adv. Near.

ब्बेंडा s. m. Suburb, vicinage. Gwendeh, adv. Near.

र्वे इ adv. Near.

ষ

■ The fourth consonant of the Nágarialphabet, being the aspirate of the preceding letter, and corresponding with yh.

चंदीरमा } v. a. To rinse; to mix any चंदीसमा } liquid by stirring it about... चंद s. m. The neck.

ver s. m. A bell, a clock, an hour.

चंदाली s.f. A small bell. चचरा s. m. }

वर्षा s. m. A petticoat.

घनाघच adj. Thick,

with a s. m. A water-pot, the body. s. f. Mind, heart, thought, soul.

arts. m. A mediator, go-between, an ambassador, attorney, messenger; an agent who ascartains or invents genealogies and negotiates matrimonial alliances, । s. m. An epithet, name of | बहुबहाना v. n. To thunder. a Rishi.

घटती s. f. Diminution, decrease ; allevintion, abatement, decline,

बद्धां है. f. A bawd or procuress. WZ4 s. m. Occurring.

went v. n. To abate, decrease, lessen, decline, waste, dwindle, to be depressed.

चटनोच adi. Liable to abatement, or decrease, or diminution.

घटन s.f. Decrease.

चटवढ adv. More or less, about.

s. m. A wharfinger. घटनाम 🕻

TZU s. m. An offender, transgressor. षटका adj. Lying in wait, watching for plunder or prey.

WZI s. m. Cloudiness, gathering of the clouds. clouds : crowds.

घटाटोप s. m. A covering for a palki, a a carriage, or any article of furniture.

घटाना a. a. To decrease, lessen, abate, diminish, allay, reduce.

TITE s. m. Deficiency, reduction, abbreviation, falling (as of a river or of the price of any thing), depreciation.

अवटावना v. a. To reduce, to cause to subside or fell.

खाँटका s. f. The ankle; a muhurt, or 30th part of a day and night; a dand or period of 24 minutes.

षटिया adj. Low-priced.

बटी s. f. The Ghari, or Indian clock, a plate of iron or mixed metal on which hours are struck; diminution, abatement, decrease : alleviation.

₹ s. m. A yhat, a quay or landing place, steps of the side of a river, &c., leading to the water's edge.

WEI s. m. Corn of the foot.

uff s. f. A small or inferior landing place, private stairs, &c.

चड़ना v. a. To make, form, forge, work (motals).

TET s. m. A water-pot, an earthen pot, a pitcher, jar.

घड़िया s. f. A crucible ; a honey-comb ; the womb.

षडियान s. m. A crocodile; a plate of brass for beating time.

ष[द्वाली s. m. The person who attends the ghariyal and strikes the hours.

चडा 8. f. Fold, plait.

चलो s. f. An hour or the space of 24 minutes: an instrument for measuring time, a clok, watch, &c. Ghari men tola ghari men masha, Expresses a person of a changeable disposition.

पड़ीपड़ी Always, again and again.

षड़ीया s. m. } A stand for water-pots,

घडीलाs.m. A. pot, a pitcher.

पदा s. m. A bell, also a plate of iron or mixed metal struck as a bell : a clock, an hour.

चंद्राकी s. f. A small bell.

चत्राम्ब s.m. Bell metal. पश्चिमा s. f. The uvula or soft palate.

चव्ह s. m. A string of bells, tied on an elephant's chest, &c., by way of ornament.

Taus. m. A murderer.

an adj. Material, solid; gross; compact; hard, firm; impenetrable; very, much. s. m. A number, an assemblage or quantity; (in arithmetic) the cube of a number; (in geometry) a solid.

चन s. m. Gathering of the clouds, clouds; an anvil, a sledge-hammer.

चनगरज s. m. Thunder, any loud noise. adj. Lond-sounding.

चनचन s. f. An imitative sound.

sound like a wheel in revolution.

चनचेरा s. m. A petticoat.

सम्बद्धिः a.m. Cloudiness, gathering of the cloud. adj. Cloudy, overcast; lond-sounding. [ning. सनज्याला s. f. Lightning, a flash of light-

चनज्याला s.f. Lightning, a flash of light-चनतनवरन adj. Whose body is of the colour of the clouds, an epithet of Krishna.

चनता s.f. Firmness, compactness ; thickness, solidity.

धनपंत्र s. m. The contents of a solid (in geometry).

चनम्ल s. m. Cube root (in arithmetic). चनमान adj. Black as a cloud, &c. s. m. Black clouds.

धनसार s. m. Camphor; mercury, or some peculiar form of it.

चना adj. Thick, close, confused, numerous, much, many.

चनाकरी A kind of poetry.

चनेरा adi. Much, many.

चनेस s. m. A bird (Buceros malabaricus). चपची s. f. The grasp of the two arms. चपची

धयची ।
धयची नाधना
ह.f. Clasping with joy.
धयची नाधना v. m. To be confused, confound

ed, perplexed, agitated, embarassed,

varies s. f. Confusion, perplexity, agitation, perturbation, alarm, consternation.

वसवनाना adj. To revolve.

gance, conceit.

चनजी adji Proud, haughty, arrogant. चनरीच s.f. Crowd, confusion in a general engagement.

चनप s. f. Heat, closeness.

चनवान } s. m. Battle, engagement.

चमाचम adj. Thick, crowded.

घमान: v. n. To sun, to bask in the sun. घमाना A wit: to sun, bask in the sum.

पस्रे s. f. Name of a plant.

वनीई The castor oil plant. (Palme 'christi or Bicinus communis).

षमीरी s. f. The prickly-heat.

वयर } adj. Delay, blaming others.

पर s. m. House, dwelling, home, apartment, drawer, compartment, groover Ghar karna, To fix, settle, establish a family. Ghar khokar tamasha dekhna. To ruin one's self and spend the time in idle pleasures. Ghar ahálnas To rain. Ghar chalána, To provide for one's household expenses. Ghar dubona, To be ruined, Ghar dwari. s. f. A kind of tax, poll-tax, hearthmoney. Ghar-bahghar. adj. To or inevery house, from house to house. Gharbasa, adj. At home indolent. inactive. Ghar byth-jana, To be rouined Ghar hona, Expresses affection and unanimity between husband and wife.

भरक adj. Domestic, household.

चरत s. f. Make, form.

য়ংলা s.f. A raft made with pota, a float (of pots).

ব্যা v. a. To make, form, malleate, forge, work (wetals).

घरनी s. f. A wife.

परस्तर s. m. Household furniture, &c. परस्तर s. m. Family, household goods. Gharbar basana, To consummate a marriage. Gharbar hona, To undergo the consummation of a marriage.

बरवारी s. f. Housewifery, domestic con-

करमाका s. m. House-rent. कररा s. m. A rattling noise in the

throat which dying people are afflict- | बहराना v. n. To thunder : (met.) To ed with pain, agony, pang.

TRATES s. m. Snoring.

बरारी s.f. An instrument for twisting thread or string.

भरवासा s. m. A house-keeper, master of a house.

चरवाकी s. f. Mistress of a house; house-keeping.

चरामा s. m. Family, house-hold.

घरामी s. m. A thatcher.

मरी s. f. An hour, or the space of 24 minutes : a fold, a plant. adi. Folded (as clothes).

बरेबा adi. Domestic, tame.

■ s. m. A small house which चराहा | children make to play in.

चवट s. m. A kind of fish (Silurus).

मर्बर s. m. The name of a river, the Gogra or Ghogra; the sound of gurgling, rumbling, &c.

वर्ग s. m. Heat ; the hot season ; sunshine; sweat, perspiration.

षर्ण s. m. Grinding, pounding. वर्षी s. f. Turmeric.

वर्षा s. m. A. small quantity given above the quantity purchased, to boot.

चसन s.f. The act of rubbing.

चरना । v. n. To be rubbed, to be घरिना | abraded, to be worn, to fret. wear. v. a. To rub, rub off, whet, to beat. adj. Apt, to be worn by rubbing.

षसिटना v. n. To be dragged, to be trailed, to trail.

चियारा s. गा. A grass-cutter.

घासियारिक s. f. The wife of a grasscutter.

चसीटना v. a. To drag, pull, trail, चसीसा adi. Grassv. Tthunder. www s.f. Thunder, Ghaharna, v. n. To roar, to bawl.

चक्द adj. Gluttonous, voracious.

षद्या adj. Mischievous, hurtful. माइस adi. Wounded.

षाई 8. f. Cudgelling; stratagem, fraud, a decoy; number five (in reckoning); the interval between the fingers or toes, the junction of the fingers, the space at the root where the fingers separate; the angle formed by a branch with the trunk of a tree, or space at the root of the branch; a cut or stroke with the broad sword or cudgel (of which there are twelve cuts).

षाईन s.f. (One) time, turn.

षाईपांजी s. f. Secret inquiry, spying. घाड s. m. A hurt, bruise, wound, sore,

वाजवप adj. Living from hand to mouth. improvident, spendthrift.

मांटी s. f. Adam's apple, the larynx ; wind-pipe.

घानस s. m. A large kind of fowl.

wis adi. Old, aged, experienced; sly, wily : shrewd.

वावरा s. m. A petticoat; name of a river, Gogra or Ghogra; a plant (Xanthium indicum).

wiz s. f. A. landing-place; a quay, wharf, ferry, ford, pass, bathingplace on a river side. Ghát-már, s. m. A smuggler, Ghát-márna, v. a. To smuggle.

चाड s. m. Mode, manner, shape; offence; want, abatement, reduction; deficiency, loss, detriments adj. Abated, less.

चाटबाट s, f. The way to a Ghát. षाटमांकी s. m. A ferry-men.

WIZI s. m. Acclivity, ascent, deficiency, abatement, reduction.

बाहिया s. m. A brohman who sits at a ghat of the Ganges, Jamna, &c. to keep the clothes of the bathers.

बास

will s. f. A strait, a pass (in a mountoin, &c.), a ravîne.

चात s. f. Aim, design, snare, ambuscade, ambush, opportunity ; killing, slaughter, a bruise, ablow; product (of a sum in multiplication). Ghát karna, To waylay, lie in ambush, kill. Ghát takna. To watch an opportunity.

बातक s. m. A murderer, maimer, an fmuderer. enemy. चातन s. m. ·Killing, slaughter; a

भाता s. m. Name of a plaything. चाता s. m. Anything given gratis in a sale over and above the price.

चानी adj. Murderous, felonious,

चात्रक adj. Mischievous, injurious, murderous, cruel, savage violent, feroocious.

चान s.f. As much as is thrown in at one time into a mill or mortar, &c. षानी s.f. An oil-mill (or oil-press); a sugar-mill.

चावरा adj. Confused, confounded. बाम s.f. Sunbeams, sunshine : beat (of

fblockhead. the sum). चामक adj. Simple, artless ; a clown, a पायल adj. Wounded.

चाल s.f. Mischief.

बाल्ब s. m. A destroyer, desolator, one [in, to throw. who ruins. भाजना v. a. To desolate, ruin ; to thrust

वासमेल adj. Jumbled. urs s. m. A wound, a sore. Chao ka nishan, s. m. A scar.

बावचप adj. Living from hand to mouth, improvident, spendthrift.

WIN S. f. Meadow or pasture, grass, straw, hay, fodder. Ghas-pát, s. f. Sweepings.

चासपात Sweepings, rubbish, fallen and rotting leaves.

fur s. m. Butter charified by boiling and straining.

चिचाना v. n. To be hoarse.

चिचियाना v. a. To falter, be unable to speak (from fear, joy. &c.), appear very humble, coax, wheedle, fawa, beseech, implore. Ghighi bandh jana, v. n. To falter, he unable to speak (from shame or fear, &c.)

चिन्नी s. f. A faltering in speech.

विविधित adi. Thick, confused, muddy. Ghick-pich bakna, or bolna, To speak

चित्र s. f. Disgust, shame, bashfulness. Ghin dena, To reproach, abash, Ghin khana. To be disgusted, to have the stomach turned.

चिणचिमा adj. Disgusting.

विचाना v. n. To be disgusted, adj. Disgusting.

चिषियाना v. n. To be disgusted.

विषीना adj. Disgusting, abominable, nanseous, fulsome.

चिया s. m. Name of a vegetable, a pompion (Oucurbita lagenaria). Ghiya torui s.f. A vegetable (Luffa pentandra).

विरना v. n. To be surrounded, enclosed. to be collected around; to gather (as the clouds).

विरनी s.f. A pulley; an instrument for twisting ropes; a kind of pigeon, the tumbler Ghirni khana, To go round.

चिरांद s. f. Stink (particularly of urine). बिराना v. c. To cause to surround or enclose.

चित्रमा v. n. To be rubbed, to be abraded. v. a. To rub ; to beat. adj. Apt to be worn by rubbing.

चिसनी adv. By rubbing ; as Ghisni chalna, To move along, rubbing on the ground, as a child on his buttocks before he is able to walk. wear.

चिमाना v. a. To cause to rub, abrade, चिनाव s. m.] Attrition, rubbing, fricfamaz s. f. | tion, abrasion.

चित्रियाना v. a. To trail, to drag.

wit s. m. Butter clarified by boiling and straining.

चीकवार s. m. A medicinal plant (Alie perfoliata).

The neck (both before and be-धीष f hind).

when s. m. The name of a very large wild creeper.

च नीना s. m. A. toy, a child's rattle. बंबनी s. f. A small red and black seed (Abrus precatorius).

TT s. m. A small bell ; an ornament worn round the ankles, with bells fastened to it.

मुंचवार } adj. Curly (hair).

gels. f. A button.

[bribes. मुनी adj. Malicious ; a receiver of

च'सी adi. Angry.

षयका*s. m.* Anowl.

MENT s. m. The knee. Ghutnon chaina, To crawl about on the knees (as a cated. child \.

gen v. s. To be rubbed, to be suffogeift s. f. Perfidy.

च टाना v. n. To shave clean, to polish. BE s. m. A horse. Ghur-charha, A horseman, trooper, one on horseback. Chur-charhi, s. f. A female on horseback, riding, Ghur-dour, s. m. A. race course, horserace. Ghur-bahal, s. f. A four-wheeled carriage for riding in drawn by horses, a chariot. Ghur-munka, adj. Horse-faced. Gursal s. m. A stable.

पद्धकाना v. a. To brow-beat, to repri mand, to frown at.

Twal s. f. Rebuff, brow beating, reuke. frowning at,

बुडवटा s. m. A horseman.

धुडवदी s. f. A. female on horseback : riding.

ब्रुडरीड s. m. A race-course.

पुष्टक्ष s. f. A. two-wheeled carriage for riding in drawn by horses,

प्रसंदा adj. Horse-faced.

बुक्कसमा v. a. To curl.

प्रसास s. m. A stable.

and s. m. Name of an insect found in timber (destructive to wood, meal, orain, and flour), a weevil : rancour, yur adj. Destroyed by the ghun, weevil-

esten.

adj. Secret, cautious, designing, malicious, spiteful, revengeful, bearing malice, rancorous. चुन्ही s. f. A button.

चन s. m. An insect found in timber (destructive to wood, meal, and flour), a weevil ; rancour.

चुननीना s. m. Plaything. चना adı. Destroyed by the ahun, weevil-

चनाचर) s. m. Characters traced by a घं नाच्चर 🕽 weevil in wood.

चुनिया adj. Designing, malicious, spiteful, revengeful, bearing malice, rancorous.

gu adj. Dark.

मुनपुना s. m. Revolution, going round ; subterfuge, evasion, prevarication; doubt, suspense, hesitation. Ghunghu-ma-na, v. a. To revolve : to prevaricate.

च नक्षना adj. Dark, condy.

www s. f. Gathering of the clouds.

च सरा s. m. Name of a plant (Phlomis); name of an insect.

भागरी s. f. The vertigio, swimming of | युग्नेक्श v. a. To thrust, stuff, cram, the head, giddiness.

चनाना v. a. To turn round, whirl, cause to turn, wheel, roll, brandish, circulate, encircle; to beguile, Ghumána phirana, To prevaricate.

घरकना v. a. To brow-beat, reprimand, frown at, chide.

चरको s. f. Rebuff, brow-beating, rebuke. frowning at.

चरवरा s. m. The mole-cricket (Gryllus Gryllotalpa), a phagedenick ulcer or herpes exedens (so named from digging in the flesh, as the mole-cricket does in earth or sand).

घरपराना v. n. To grunt (as a pig).

घुरनम } घुडनस { s. m. Tendo Achilles.

चरनाना v. n. To snore.

ष रनी s.f. A vertigo, swimming in the head, rolling.

भुजना v. n. To melt, dissolve, be dissolved; to be mellowed, to rot (as fruit); to become lean, to waste.

चन्तिक part. Dissolved, mixed melted (in kindness).

चुलवा s. m. To boot.

चलवाना v. a. To cause to mix with a liquid, to cause to dissolve.

चलाक adj. Melting.

चलाना v. a. To melt, to dissolve. चलावट s. f. Melting, dissolving.

चवा s. m. A coarse kind of cotton.

च स s. m. Penetrating.

चुसना v. n. To be thrust in, to enter, penetrate ; interfere, meddle.

चसपैंड s.f. Access.

चराना v. s. To thrust in, stuff in, cram, penetrate, force in, cause to penetrate or enter.

चुचिद्रमा v. n. To be thrust or stuffed in.

force or run in, pierce, insinuate, foist.

घुननी s. f. A sort of stir-about, or grain of any kind (pulse or wheat, &c.) boiled whole with sugar.

चुंगर s. m. A curl. Goungar-waleh. Curled hair.

घंगी s.f. Clothes folded and put on the head as a defence against the rain; a cockle or snail, a small ghonga.

ष घरी s.f. A small red and black seed (Arbus precotorius).

म घट s.f. A veil; concealing the face with a veil, &c. Ghunghut karns, To draw a veil over the face. Ghunghat karna, v. a. To veil; to draw back his neck (a horse). Ghunghat karna. v. a. To be broken or defeated (an army).

ष्ट्र s. m. A curl.

म पद s. m. A small bell, an ornament worn round the ankles, with bells fastened to it.

ਥ ਫ s. m. A gulp, draught, pull.

ष टना v. a. To gulp, drink, swallow.

च टी s. f. A medicine consisting of aloes, spices and borax, given to a new-born infants to clear out the meconium.

च स s. m. A bandicote rat.

च सा s. m. A blow of the fist. ष्य s.m. The ring-necked dove; an owl,

ष्या s. m. An owl; a blockhead.

बट & m. A gulp, draught.

बटना v. s. To gulp, drink, guzzle.

ष्टी s.f. A medicine given to newborn infants; the ankle joint. ष्ण इ. m. Rancour, malice, spite.

মুনা adj. Designing, malicions, spite-

ful, revengeful, rancorous; secret, cautious.

चेर

मून adv. Back, round about.

च नच बाला adj. Loose (as a robe), full. च नच बीला adj. Revolving, circling, round. च नना v. n. To go round, revolve, turn.

roll, wheel, whirl. sub. Whirling, turning &c. Sir ghúmna, To be giddy or dizzy, to swim (the head).

T. s. m. Staring; dunghill.

ब्राची s. f. A twist in thread, entanglement.

भूता v. a. To state at, to stare, to fix the eyes on ; to look at angrily.

च ्रा s. m. Sweeping, a dunghill, च रिया s. m. A dunghill.

TES. m. A bandicote rat (Mus malabaricus; Mus giganteus); a bribe.

u un s. m. A young owl.

च समझ सा s. m. Thumping and pulling, boxing, fisticuffs.

THIS. m. A thump, a blow of the fist, buffet, a bandicote rat.

चें टा s. m. } A pig.

चेंगा } s. m. The bronchocele goitre चेंगा } or Derbyshire neck.

चेतला s. m. A kind of shoe.

चेवना v. a. To mix, mingle, unite into a paste (as flour and water).

शेर adj. Round, surrounding, enclosing; loose (as a robe); full; winding, meandering. s. m. Circuit, circumference. Cherghár karna, To surround stop or hinder, Cherdár, adj. Full loose (a robe), circular, extensive. शेर s. m. Calumny, reproach, complaint. रोगाण. a. To surround, compass, encircle, invest, beest, blockade. Cherna circle, invest, beest, blockade. Cherna

चे रनी s.f. A handle for turning a spinning-wheel, a winch.

gharna, To surround, &c.

At adj. Round, surrounded. s. m. A cricle, a circumference; a siege, blockade, a fence; vertigo. Ghero dalna, To surround, lay a siege, besiege. Ghero men porna, To be surrounded.

wai s. f. Reproach, blame, censure, &c.; compassion, tenderness, pity; abhorrence, disgust, shame, bashfulness.

was. m. Ghi, clarified butter, or butter which has been boiled gently and allowed to cool: it is then used for culinery and religious purposes, and is highly satement by the Hindus.

ष्टतकृमारी s. f. The aloe (Aloe perfoliata). वीमा s. m. A cockle-shell, a snail (Coachlea helix).

चीट s. f. A draught (drink).

चोंटना v. s. To polish by rubbing; (met.) to investigate: to strangle. s. m. A stone, &c., with which any thing is polished, the knee.

घोंनला s. m. A (bird's) nest.

घोखना v. a. To repeat, to iterate, to speak aloud.

घोषी s.f. A pocket, pouch, wallet; a turtle dove.

माट s.f. Polish.

घोटन s. m. A horse.

घोटना v. a. To polish; calender; to plod, to shave.

घोटनी s.f. A rubber.

षीटा इ. m. A wooden rubber,

बोट adj. Polished, smooth (words).

शंका s. m. A horse. Ghoreh ke sarpat शेषा s. m. A cloth with a part folded like a sugar-loaf to cover the head and worn over the body in cold or wot weather.

चीवां s. f. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

भीर s. m. Horror, horribleness ; trepidation; dread, awe; the sound of a drum, Ghor ghuntna, To be inwardly displeased, to conceal one's dislike or indignation. adj. Frightful, horrible, terrific, aweful; deep (colour of a horse, or sleep). Ghor nidra, Deep [ful appearance. sleep. where we adi. Terrific, of horrid or fright-चीरना . To mix with a liquid, dissolve.

hideous appearance, witted adi. Frightful, horrible, hideous, चाराकात adj. Frightful, hideous, of

चोर्डप adj. Frightful, hideous. s. m. A.

horrible aspect or form.

THE S. m. Buttermilk. चालक साव s. m. Evasion, subterfuge. चोलना v. o. To mix with a liquid to dissolve.

चासमेल s. m. Mixture, mixing.

षीखा s. m. An intoxicating portion made of bhang or opium; a solution; name of a fish. Gholeh men dalna, To involve in difficulty.

चीव s.m. A station of herdsmen ; a cast of milk-men; a cowherd,

ष्रीपना । s. f. Speaking aloud, making થીલાના∫ a great noise; crying, proclaiming.

षीसला s. m. A bird's nest.

षीसा s. m. A. Musalman cowherd or milk-man.

चीड s. f. A bunch (of plantains).

घोद है s. f. A bunch or cluster of sh grapes, dates or plantains.

ald s. m. The nose : smell, smelling. adj. Smelling.

भाषतपर 's. m. Fragrance, odour, a fragranse, a perfume,

आमेरिद्ध s. f. The nose, the sense of smelling.

wis adi. Smelled.

The twentieth letter of the alphabet and first of the second or palatial class of consonants, having the sound of Ch in Church.

चंगदाव s. m. Name of a disorder.

चमर s. m. Tray, trough.

Tay adj. Healthy, cured, sound, Change binana, To correct, punish, put to right, chastice. Bhola-changa. adj. In health and vigour ; perfect, good. चंगुल s. m. A claw, talon, clutch, gnasp.

चंगर ad). Excellent.

चॅगर s.f. A flower pot, a tray. [tray. चंगा s. m. A large basket, a trough or चंगरी s.f. A small basket.

चेवनाना v. n. To throb or shoot (as a boil, &c.); to make the noise butter does in a frying pan.

च चरीक s. m. Large black bee.

ৰ্থৰ adj. Trembling, tremulous : restless, wanton, playful, fickle : perishable, transitory.

चंचलता s. f. Perishableness; restlessness, unsteadiness, wantonness.

चंचलपना s. m. Playfulness, wantoness. च वला s. f. Lightning.

चंदलाइ s. f. Restlessness, playfulness : perishableness. चंचलाना v. n. To be playful, wanton,

चंचलाइट s. f. Restlessness, unsteadiness, wantonness, ficklensss.

₹ 2 8. m. A miser.

unsteady, or restless.

चंडाच s. m. An inferior cast of Hindus : (met.) a miser, a merciless wretch, an outcast.

चंचींच s. m. The rear-guard ; a sort of sedan; the name of a bird; a plaything consisting of four little earther pots joined together.

Face bright or beautiful as the moon. Chand-mukh, s. m. Face bright or beautiful as the moon. Chand-mukhi. or Chand-badani, adj. Having a face splendid as the moon.

ৰ হল s. m. Sandal-wood or tree sanders (Sirium myrtifolium or Santalum album).

क देखा adj. Bald. s. m. Baldness.

चंदा s. m. A small canopy, an awning. चंदा s. m. An assessment, contribution, subscription; the moon.

ৰ হৈয় s. f. The crown of the head.

च होता है s.m. A tribe of Rayputs who

च देवा) Craim descent from the moon. चंदीहा adj. Silvery, white.

ष देशी ष देशी

च हैनी s. f. Cambric (made at Chandel).

T s. f. The moon, considered as a planet or deity. Chandr-mukhi, adj. Having a countenance, beautiful as the moon. [a finger nail.

ৰ'ৰ্ম s. m. The eye in a peacock's tail; ব'ৰ্মবা s. f. A digit or one-sixteenth part of the moon's orb or diameter.

आहेत् s.m. The reputed Registrar of

the name of a tribe of Khattris, who claim descent from the moon.

च आगा s.f. The name of a river, the Chenab, one of the five streams of the Panjab. Chandrabhag, is the name of mountain, part of the Himalaya range, where the river is said to have its source.

च इसा s. m. The moon. [thief. च इरेचु s. m. A plagiarist, a poetical च इत्रेचा s.f. A flant (Serratula anthelmintics); a digit of the moon.

च इन्हरी s.f. A kind of Asclepias (A. acids); rue.

चंद्रगणा s. f. Large cardamoms.

च इसमार s. f. Small cardamoms.

चंद्रहार s.m. An ornament of dress, a sort of necklace composed of circular pieces of gold, silver, &c.

चावां

ৰ'হা edj. Bald ; wise, intelligent.

च द्वासप s. m. Moonlight.

चंद्राचा v. n. To be withered or dried up (a tree), to cease to grow.

Time: s. f. Moonlight; the moonbeams; a small fish (Zeus oblongus); large cardamoms.

च दिख s. m. A petherb (Chenopodium album).

ৰ মাহৰ s. m. An awning, a cloth or sheet spread over the large open courts of Hindu houses, &c. upon festival occasions; moon rise; a kind of collyrium.

चंपम है s. m. A tree bearing a yellow चंपा है fragrant flower (Michelia champaca).

wat s.m. An instrument made of peacock's feathers, &c. waved over the head of a sovereign, used to whisk off flies, &c., and also made of the tail of the Bos grunniens, a species, of ox.

estate, a farm. Chak-bondi, s. f. Defining or making the boundaries of an estate.

चन s. m. A shepherd, or goatherd.

the female of chakwa.

the waist adj. f. Resplendent,

चन्द्र है s.f. A musk-rat (Sorex carulescens : Sorex caruleus).

scrape, a scar; a slice, &c. Chakta dena, or—lena; 10 sear.

चवताना v. a. To sod, to turf.

which shields are made), a patch of leather, a slice, a patch; the round of a cheese, a round plate of metal. &c., a letter, an epistle. ady. Compressed, flattened.

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atoms, filings. Chakad-chur hons, To dashed to pieces, to shatter. Chakad-chur karna, To shatter, shiver, to break pieces.

चन्नमा s. m. A boot, a stocking.

चकरमा s. m. Revelry. Chakarba machána, v. s. To revel, to riot.

THE S. m. A. kind of dish made of pulse.

चनरानी s.f. Woman servant.

THEN s. m. A brothel; a kind of cloth made of silk and cotton; a division of a country containing several parganahs. adj. Wide, broad; round. Chakledar. s. m. The governor of a province or country. Chakledari. s.f. The government of a province or country; a round plate on which bread is rolled.

wart s. f. Breadth widen.

ৰজ্বাৰা s. f. To extend in breadth, to বছৰা s. m. The ruddy goose (Anas cosarco); a whirlpool,

चका s. f. The female of the water-fowl chakwa.

चक्सूनी s. f. A kind of grass.

বন্ধাপাৰ s.f. The sound of the repeated strokes of a sword, dagger, or mace, বন্ধাপাথ e.f. The state of being dazzled, radiance.

चकावर s. m. A disease in horses. चकावी s, f. A ringworm.

चित्र adj. Timid, fearful ; astonished. चेटा adj. With large eyes, चकोबा s. m. A fruit of the lime kind, a citron, pompelmoose, shaddock (Citrus decumanus).

THE E. m. The Bertavelle or Greek partridge (Tetrac refus: Perdia rufa) fabulously said to subsist upon the moon beams, and to eat fire at the full moon.

বৰীৰ s. m. A species of Cassia বৰীৰ (Cassia obtusifolia), esteemed a remedy for ringworms.

THE s. m. A perch for birds (Particularly falcons), a roost.

wheel, a circle adj. Rroud; thick (as duhi &c.)

चहान adj. Thick (bhang, ge.) blot blotted, smeared.

चकी s. f. A millstone, a mill, grinder; kneepan; a thunderbolt,

च s. m. Λ clasp-knife, a pen-knife.

चक ₹ s. m. A whirlwind or whirlpool ; a circular missile weapon used principally by the Sikhs, a sharp discus or iron ring which they throw with great dexterity: (it was with this instrument called soodursun-chukr. that Narayan is said to have cut off the head of the Asur Rahu, when after churning the ocean, the surs or gods, and Asurs or demons fought for the amrit or nectar); a circular course, the lounge (in menage): (met.) a misfortune, scrape, perplexity; a side or quarter, as Chabun chakkar men, Ou, the four sides, on all sides, Chakrdhari, A. pencock : Vishnu. Chakr marna, To wheel round, to whirl round, Ghoreh ko chakkar dena, To lounge a horse.

चम्रव् adv. In rotation, going, round or revolving like a wheel.

क्रवनी s. m. An emperor, a sovereign of the world, a universal monarch. the ruler of a chakr or country described as extending from sea to sea; twelve princes beginning with Bharat are especially considered as Chakr varttis; a title of brakmans in Bengal. TRAITE S. m. A bird, the ruddy goose Circle. (Anas casarca). चलवान adj. Circular, being in a ring or चकाचार adj. Circular. ৰন্ধিৰ adj. Astonished ; timid, fearful. चन्नी s. f. A round plate on which bread is rolled; an assembly of singers. चन्नेला ady. round, circular. पदा 8 m. The eye. चलना v. a. To relish, taste. चखावसी s.f. Discord. चलाना v. a. To cause to taste. चगलना v. a. To cat without appetite. चतेर s. f. A flower-pot. चड्डाव s. m. Name of a disorder. Tray, trough. TTI adj. Healthy, cured, sound. Changa bánana. To correct, punish, put to right, chastise, Bhala-changa, adj. In health and vigour; perfect, good. चहर odj. Excellent. चक्के र १. f. A flower-pot, a tray. Tri s. m. A large basket; a trough, or tray. पद्भेरी s. f. A small basket. चन (ad), (Land) that has been cultivated or ploughed one year.

पन्त s. m. Name of a tree.

चवा s. m. Paternal uncle, father's bro-

ৰণী s.f. Father's brother's wife, aunt.

चचेंग adj. Descended from or related

through a paternal uncle, as Cha-

chéra-bhai, s. m. A cousin, son of

चवीर s. m. A line, stripe, score.

প্ৰভিয়াত, m. A whistler.

paternal uncle. Chachéri bahin, s.f.
Daughter of paternal uncle, a female
cousin.

चनीरना v. a. To suck (a dry substance from which nothing can be obtained).

चवन s.m. I.arge breasts.

বৰী s. f. Father's brother's wife, aunt. বৰণাশা v. n. To throb or shoot (as a boil, &c.) to make the noise butter does in a frying-pan.

चचनाइट् s. f. A throb, throbbing, a shooting pain.

ব্যার adj. Trembling, shaking, moving, unsteady; fickle, inconsiderate, inconstant, (unsteady metaphorically); playful, restless, wanton, perishable. s. m. A lecher, a libertine.

বস্তুলনা s.f. Restlessness, perishableness; fickleness, inconstancy, unsteadiness. [hearted.

অভান্ত adj. Capricious, fickle, false-ব্যৱসা s. f. Lightning.

च আর্ছ s. f. Restlessness, playfulness. च ভালাগ v. n. To be playful, wanton or restless.

ৰম্বাস্ত্ s. f. Restlessness, unsteadiness, wantonness,

चक्षु s. f. A beak.

. [ther.

WZ adv. Quickly, instantly. s.f. An excoriation, a sore, a scab, cancer; the noise of breaking up, snap. Chat bhasam, Eating up the whole, licking the platter clean. Chat deh tutna. To snap, short, to break. Chat karna, To eat, dissipate, make waste. Chat hona, v. n. To be dissipated or consumed.

www.s.m. A sparrow. s. f. A hensparrow; a crash, a crack, a smack, intelligence, gaudiness; glitter, splendour, prime of life. adj. Intelligent, quick. Chatak ash, asw. DessivingChatak seh jana, To pay with the fore top sail. Chatakwai, s. f. Quickness.

বহন্দা v. n. To crackle (os charcoal or wood on the fire); to crack; to split. বহন্দা s. m. A slap, box, blow, cuff. বহন্দা s. m. Scarcity. Chalka lagana, To

মইলা s. m. Scarcity. Chatka lagana, To thirst, to wish. মুহলালা v. a. To crack (as a whip):

to snap the fingers (in rejaicing); to split; to fire off a musket; to irritate

ৰতন্দৰি v. a. To urge cattle by the clacking noise made by drawing the tongue from the palate.

चटकोना adj. Splendid glittering, gandy. चटबना v. n. To crackle (as charcoal or wood on the fire); to crack; to split.

चटजीरा s. m. Name of a tree. चटना adj. m. Voracious (man).

चटनो s.f. A kind of acid sauce (or marmalade). adj. f. Voracious (woman). चटपट adv. Hastily, in a hurry, instantly. चटपटा edj. Active, hasty; stout; meat dressed with little sauce or gravy.

चटपटाना u. n. To be agitated, to flatter, palpitate, wince.

चटपटाइट s. f. Agitation, flurry, flutter, palpitation.

च्डपटिया adj. Active, quick, alert; hot (with spices). [agility.

चटपटी s.f. Haste, hurry, quickness, चटपांग v. a. To make lick or lap up.

चटमान } s. f. A school, an aca-चटमारी demy.

v. s. f. A mat. Chatsi bichchana,

বহাৰ s.f. A crash, an explosion. adj. Intelligent.

चटाबा s. m. A crash, an explosion, a smack (or kiss).

Towns a. m. Reiterated sound.

smack (or kiss). [rock.

ৰহাৰ s. f. Rocky ground, block of stone, মহাৰা v. a. To make lick or lap up.

चटिया s. m. A punil, a scholar.

बट्चा s. m. A kind of plaything; a

चटी खा s. m. A kind of dove.

चटीरा s. m. An epicare, a glutton.

बहा 8. m. A school-bov.

चहावड़ा s. m. A plaything, a kind of rattle or clapper given to children.

चड़ी s.f. Scarcity, want.

चटा s. m. A bonne-bonche, dainties, चड़ s. m. Sound made by breaking a branch.

चडचड s. m. An imitative sound.

चडचडाना v. n. To crack, creak,

flutter, throb.

चड्रवड बीलना) v. a. To chatter, prat-चड्रवड करना) tle.

बङ्बङ्गा s. m. A. prattler, chatterer, an idle talker.

ৰম্ভৰে m. An imitative sound. ৰম্ভাৰ s. m. The groin ; bubo.

चढ़ के adv. Avowedly, designedly, excellently. Charhta hone, v. n. To

चढती s.f. Advantage, gain, rise. '

excel.

चढ़ना ७. n. To ascend. mount, advance, attack. embark. board. rise, climb. soar, spread, well. ride; to be strung (a bow), to be braced (a drum); to be offered un. (an obtation or sacrifics). Charhna utarna, v. n. To hire and dismiss; congressus.

चढनदार s. m. A passenger, supercargo. चढनदा υ. α. To find an opportunity.

want ody. Rising up (a shoe over the heel of the wearer).

बद्दाना v. a. To cause others to raise or to make ascend or to pull on, &c. बद्दीय र. m., One who ascends, mounts, &c.,, a rider, mounter, climber.

wark s.f. Ascent, acclivity, embarkation, attack, assaults, irruption, rank, dignity; price paid for ascending, riding, embarking, &c.

wayser v. a. To make ascend, embark, &c., to offer up oblations or sacrifice; to string (a bow); to brace (a drum); to raise, lift, take up. advance, apply, put, spread, bend, dye (with colour), pull, draw on, cock, fix (a bay onet), run. [tide.

चढ़ाव s. m. Ascent, rise, acclivity, attack, access, fit rank. dignity, floodtide.

बढ़ी है s. f. Preparation for battle.

बरेन । s. m. A trooper who does not बरेना । ride his own horse, a rider.

s. m. A kind of pulse, chickpea (Cicer arietinum), vetches.

heel of the wearer.

hot, warm ; pungent, acrid. चडता s. f. Warmth, pungency. चडता adi. Passionate, violent warm.

Durga, applied especially to her fabulous incarnation for the purpose of destroying Makes Asur; this exploit forms the subject of a section of the Marksadeysk Pursa, and is particularly celebrated in Bengal at the Durga Puja; or festival held in honour of the goddess towards the close of the year (October-November); a passionate woman, a mischievous or furious woman.

चन्द्रावल s. m. The rear-guard.

TWIS s. m. An outcast, the generic name for a man of the lowest of the mixed tribes, born from a Sudr father and Brahman mother (met.) a miser, a merciless wretch.

ৰজ্ঞানিৰ s. m. The female of Chandal. ৰজিকা s. f. The goddess Durga.

चन्द्रीक्रमम s. m. Red Oleander.

ৰহাত s. m. The rear-guard; a sort of sedan; the name of a bird; a plaything consisting of four little earthen pots joined tegether.

चनरा है adj. Wise, intelligent, cun-

चतरी s.f. A canopy, veil, a parasol; a tent. a pavilion.

• qqt adj. Cunning dexterous, ingenious, clever, sly, shrewd, wise, knowing, intelligent, expert, adroit, sagacious; four.

बतुरता s. f. Cunning, eleverness, slyness, wisdom, knowledge. [lar. बतुरस adj. Four-cornered, quadrangu-बतुरा adj. Wise, intelligent, cunning,

clever, expert.

ৰৱদে s. f. Cunning, cleverness, slyness, wisdom, knowledge, evpertness.
বুল adj. Fourth. [age.

चतुर्देशो *adj.* The 14th day of the moon's चतुर्भुज *adj.* Having four hands, an epithet of Vichau.

चतुमुजी adj. f. Having four hands, an epithet of Deni.

चतुर्च € s. m. The deity Brahm.

चतुन s.m. The aggregate of the four Yugs or ages of the Hindus.

with s. m. The aggregate of four wishes, objects of human wishes, viz. virtue, love, wealth, and final and final beatitude. [meet.]

चतुषद s.m. \ Verse, the metre of चतुष्दी s.f. \ stanzas, especially consisting of four pads or lines.

चतुपदा s. m. An animal with four legs, a quadruped.

चन s. f. A kind of sugar-cane.

THE s. m. The bursting of husk of a seed by exposure to the sun.

अनुवाना v. n. To burst and fall out (as a seed from the husk).

चना s. m. A kind of pulse, chickpea (Cicer arietinum), vetches.

चनेट s. f. Spices given to cattle, drugs for oxen.

看表 s. m. The moon, Chaud-mukh, s. m. A bright face or beautiful as the moon, Chand-mukhe, or Chand-badani, adj. Having a face splendid as the moon.

ৰাহৰ s. m. Sandal-wood or tree (Sirum murtifolium).

चन्द्रजा adj. Bald. s. m. Baldness.

चन्द्रवा s. m. A small canopy, an awning. TT s. m. Assessment, contribution, subscription.

चित्रा s. f. The crown of the head.

बन्दीस । s. m. A tribe of Rapputs who चित्र Claim descent from the moon. चन्दीहा adj. Silvery, white.

बन्देरी बन्देस } s.f. Name of a place,

चार ली s. f. Cambric (made at Chandel). The moon.

चन्द्रकला s. f. A digit, or one-sixteenth part of the moon's orb or diameter.

ৰন্থনাৰ s.m. A fabulous, gem, supposed to be formed of the congelation of the rays of the moon; a kind of crystal may perhaps be meant.

बद्धम s. m. The Registrar of Jam's court. f moon.

चण्डाम s. m. The orb or sphere of the

बन्दगहण s. m. Eclipse of the moon. चन्द्रभाग s. f. The name of a river, the

Chenab one of the five streams of the Panjab Chandr-bhag. The name of a mountain, part of the Himslaya range, where the river is said to have its source

चन्द्रमिष s.m. The moongem.

चन्द्रमञ्ज s. m. The orb or disc of the the lunar sphere.

चन्द्रमा s.m. The moon.

चन्द्रीया s. f. A digit of the moon.

चक्रीण s. m. A. plagiarist, a poetical thief.

बद्धा s.f. A plant (Serratula anthelmintica); a digit of the moon.

चन्द्रवंत्रो s.m. A descendant of the moon : the name of a tribe of Khattris who claim descent from the moon.

चन्द्रवहरी s. f. A kind of Asclepias (A. scida).

चन्द्रवाचा s. f. Large cardamoms.

चिंद्रका s. f. Moonlight; a small fish (Zeus oblongus).

चन्द्रोदय s. m. An awning, a cloth or sheet spread ever the large open courts of Hindu houses, &c., upon festival occasions; moon-rise; a kind moon of collyrium.

चन्दीपल s. m. Moon-gem.

TTHE s. m. Cress, cresses (L pidium satioum).

चपकन s. f. A kind of vest, a sort of coat. (Chapkandar, s. m. A vest like a chapkan.

चपचना v. π. To collapse.

चपका s. m. Caprimulgus.

चपवामा v. n. To make adhere, to stick on ; to compress ; to threaten.

चपटना v. n. To be flattened. low. Title adj. Flattened, compressed shal-चपटाना v. a. To flatten.

चपटिकी s. f. Name of an insect.

भन्द्रपद्ध s. m. An imitative sound of the noise of the mouth in eating.

चव्हना v. n. To flee, run away ; to desist, deny.

चपड़ा s. m. A kind of lac; clear land. चपडाड vdj. Brazen-faced. s. m. Slippers.

चप्रामा v. a. To falsify, to brazen.

चप्छो s. f. Cakes of cow-dung.

चपना v.n. To be abashed, to be bashful in company, to blush, submit, stoop; to be crushed or squeezed.

unit s.f. A lid, a cover, top (small).

the knee-pan. Chapni-bhar pani-men
dub marna (lit. to drown one's self in
saucerfull of water), To be greatly
abashed. Chapni chani, (lit. to lick
the pot-lid), To be contented with
little. [badge.

चपरास s f. A buckle, breastplate, clasp, चपरासो s. m. A messenger or other servant wearing a chapras.

que adj. Trembling, tremulous; shaking; wavering, unsteady; swift, expeditious; wanton, restless, volatile. adv. Swiftly.

चपलता s. f. Fickleness, inconstancy. चपला s. f. The goddess Lakshmi or

fortune; lightning; a whore.

nature. [bread.

चपानी s.f. A thin cake of unleavened चपाना v. a. To abash; to place one thing or another, to pile.

TWO s. m. The palm of the hand with the fingers extended. s. f. A slap, a blow; a sudden misfortune, risk.

adj. Illegitimate.

चपीटी s.m. An old worn-out turban. चलन s.m. A lid or cover of a pot (large). चलन s.f. A slipper. Tan s. m. A handbreadth.

च्या s.f. Kneading the limbs.

way s. m. An oar, a paddle. Chappu marna, n. a. To row.

ৰদাৰ s. f. A place surounded with marshes and mire.

चवनी इडडी s.f. Cartilage, gristle.

चवलाना v. a. To chew slowly.

चवदाना v. c. To cause to chew, &c.

चवाद s. f. Mastication.

will v. a. To chew, gnaw, champ; masticate, bite (the lip) Chabs chabs har bat karni, To speak with study or preparation; also, reserve or haughtily or sconfully.

चवावला adj. Childish, boyish.

चब्दा s. m. A terrace or mound to sit and converse on; custom-house; a police office.

चनेना s. m. } Parched grain to exercise चनेनो s. f. } the teeth with when more substantial food is not at hand,

चामक s.f. String.

चनक s. f. Glitter, splendour, flash, gleam. Chamak-tamak, s. f. Splendour, refulgence, glitter.

चनकता ady. Bright, glittering.

चमकना v. n. To glitter, shine, flash, glare, startle; to prosper; to be angry.

चभज्ञाना v. o. To cause to glitter; to provoke, to make to startle; to wave, brandish, flourish, brighten, burnish; to display.

चमकाच s. m. } Glitter, splendour, चमकाचट s. f. } much light, brilliancy, flourish, brightness.

चनगारक s. m.) चनगोरक s. m.) चनगरका s. f.)

चनपहा adf. Lean, meagre. s. m. A bat, चनपनाना v. n. To tingle ; to sleep ; to sparkle, shame, glitter. चमचमास्ट s, f. Brightness.

नगड़ा s.m. Leather, a hide, a skin, the skin. Chamra udherna, or, —Ohhurdna. or,—nikdina, To flay, to skin.

चनत्वार s. f. A sort of grass; haste. s. m. Amazement; astonishment, surprise.

चनत्कारी ady. Astonishing, sagacious, acute, unusual, surprising.

चनत्क्रन adj. Surprised, astonished.

That s. m. A fly-flapper, made of the Tibet cow's tail or Sura-gao, the Yak or Bos grunniens.

चमरक्ष s. f. The apparatus of a spinning wheel; (met.) a lean woman.

चनरवज्ञकी s.f. A bittern.

चनरा s. m. A hide, leather, skin.

चनरां s.f. The Yak or Bos grunniens, of whose tail-hairs the chouri, is most usually made,

चनरनी s.f. A woman who works with leather, shoemaker's wife.

THE s. m. A vessel used at sacrifices
for drinking the juice of the acid asclepias, a kind of ladle or spoon; a
plant commonly called Khetpapra
(Mollugo pentaphylla).

चनारं adj. Copper-coloured.

चमाज s.f. Slippers or shoes fixed to pattens.

THE s. m. A worker in leather, a shoe-maker, cobbler, a tanner, a currier.

चमारी s. f. Female of Chamár.

चम् s.f. An army; a squadron, a division of an army. [cattle.

चस्कान s. m. A tick or louse infesting चमेटा s. m. Box, thump, blow.

चभोटा s. m. चभोटी s. f. } A razor-strop.

चम s. m. Mountain ebony (Bauhinia variegata).

कमाई adj. Orange coloured.

बन्दा है s. m. A tree bearing a yellow क्या है fragrant flower (Michelia chumpaca), a division of the jack fruit.

चम्पनवर्षी adj. Of the colour of the champa flower, i. e. gold-coloured.

चम्पटहोना v. n. To vanish, disappear, scamper off, run away,

grant flower (Michelia champacs).

Champai, adj. Of the colour of champa.

चयाकलें s.f. A necklace, each piece of which resembles the unblown flowers of the champa.

चम्पकेला s. m. A small kind of plantain, चम्पावती s. f. The district of Champa or Bhayalpore (abounding in ebony trees),

चम्पी adj. Orange-coloured.

राष्ट्र s.f. A work in which the same subject is continued through alternations in the composition of prose and verse. [khand.

चेव्यक्ष s. f. Name of a river in Bundel-चेव्या s. m. A tribe of beggars who cut or scarify their skin.

ৰৰ s. m. A narrow-necked vessel for holding water.

चले ही S. f. A flower (Jasminum grandiflorum).

A beggar's cup.

qq s. m. An assemblage, a multitude; a heap, a collection; a mound of earth, raised to form the foundation of a building; a rampart or mound of earth, raised from the ditch of a

चवन v. Gathering.

made by tearing cloth, &c.; a wag-

tail : forage, pasture : food. adj. Re- | परणा s. f. Dust of the feet. moveable, moveable, locomotive, moving, going ; animate.

with s. m. The author of a treatise on medicine, applied also to the work ; leprosy.

TIME! s. m. The person who cuts forage for cattle, elephant keeper's underling.

चरका adj. White-spotted (as from leporsy). s. m. A small wound, scratch.

TIGHT 3. m. A leper.

■ s. m. A wheel, celestial sphere.

WINT s. m. A spinning-wheel, a reel. बरको s. f. A small spinning-wheel, a

pully; the instrument with which the seed is separated from the cotton. चरचना v. s. To perfume the person of any one by plastering sandal-wood,

&c. all over him, to apply (perfumes to the body). TITE s. m. Prating, chattering; an

imitative sound.

चरचरा adj. Talkative, chattering. चरचराना v. n. To crackle (as wood in the fire), to sputter, to chew with a

cracking noise, to chide, scold, fret, चरचेला s. m. A chatterer a prater.

चरचं s. m. An imitative sound ("as of carriage, wheel, &c.); idle prattle.

चरचेत s. m. A reasoner, a mentioner. TTE s. m. 'A wagtail.

चरच s. m. The foot ; the feet of a verse : shoes, feeding, grazzing.

नर्यक्रमल s. m. A lotus-like foot.

प्यापक s, m A foot mark.

चरचपत्र s. m. : Prostration, falling at the feet. feet. चर्चपतित adj. Prostrate, fallen at the

चर्कपादका s. f. A wooden shoe, footstool. चरवपीड s. m. A wooden shoe.

चरणसरीज s. m. A lotus-like foot. चरणसेवा s. f. Service, devotion.

चरपाअर्थ s. m. An ornament on the feet.

चरपास्त ? s. m. Ambrosia of the feet चरणोदन (implied in the expression), the water with which an idol or a Brahman's feet have been washed. Charanamrit lena, v. n. To wash the feet of a guest and sip the water.

चरती s. m. One who does not fast.

चरन s. m. A foot ; the feet of a verse : shoes.

TITI v. n. To graze, to feed, s. m. Half. trowsers. Charna charhána, v. a. To put on half, trowsers.

चरनास्त रे s. m. Ambrosia of the feet चरनीदक ((implied in the expression), the water with which an idel or a Brahman's feet have been washed, Charanamrit lens, v. s. To wash the feet of a gnest and sip the water.

परपर adi. Acrid. hot.

चरपरा adj. Acrid, hot (as pepper); smart (in conversation).

चरपराना v. n. To smart.

TITES s. f. Smarting, pungency.

चरपरिया adj. Active, ingenious. चरफर s. m. Activity, cleverness, quickness.

चरपरा adj. Active, clever, quick.

चर्पराएगी s. f. Dexterity, expertness. activity.

चरवाना v. ø. To brace a drum.

WEN adj. Last, ultimate, final; west, western.

चरनकाधन) s.m. The western monutain behind which the घरसाचल 🕻 sun is supposed to set.

चरवार s.f. Price paid for pasturage.

TTTE s. m. A grazier, shepherd, feeder.

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चरवाड़ी s.f. The wages of a grazier, \ the occupation of a grazier.

of hemp collected with the dew and prepared for use as an intoxicating drug; a leathern bucked, an urn.

wint s. m. A hide, a skin.

चराई . f. The price paid for pasturage ; grazing, feeding, pasturage.

चरावा s. m. An animal that grazes.

shaking, trembling, unsteady; sky, atmosphere; heaven.

ৰাৰ s. m. Lea fallow, a meadow, a salt-marsh or meadow by the seashore.

चराना v. a. To graze, pasture, feed.

মানে s. m. Fixed institute, proper or peculiar observance.

ম্বিল s.m. Instituted or peculiar observance or conduct; story, adventure, nature, temper. behaviour, disposition, motion, action, conduct, procedure, manner, carriage, quality, humour, use, custom; talent; history.

T. s. f. Unripe corn cut for the food of cattle. adj. Moveable, locomotive; trembling, shaking, unsteady.

चहरें s.f. A small earthen pot.

चदपा s. m. A large pot.

hend, conceive.

Traing, chattering; an imitative sound.

the fire), to sputter, to chew with a cracking noise, to chide.

wai s. m.f. Talking over past events, mention, mentioning, recapitulating former occurrences; inquiry, investigation; argument, report, discourse, discoussion, consideration, careful perusal, prevalence, engagedness, attention to business; adoration; perfuring by smearing the whole body with sandal-wood, &c.

चर्चे ला s. m. A chattering, a prater.

चर्चेत s. m. A reasoner, a mentioner. चर्मे s. m. Leather, a skin, a hide; a shield.

वस्तार s. m. A shoe-maker, a currier or worker in leather.

चर्मचटका f s. f. A bat.

वर्मस्ता । s. f. A river that runs across वर्मस्ता । Bandelkhand into the ganges, the modern Chambal.

चर्नेतरक्ष s. m. A wrinkle, a fold of skin. चर्मन s. m. Skin, hide, bark, &c. ; a shield.

चर्मम् चर्मा s.m. A worker in leather.

च्या s. f. Perseverance in religious austerities; due and regular observance of all rites or customs.

चरों s.m. Thunder.

चरीना v. n. To burst ; to ache, to smart. चर्चेष . m. Chewing, masticating.

बर्धे s.m. The exudation of the flowers of hemp collected with the dew and prepared for use as an intoxicating drug; a leathern bucket, an urn.

et s.f. Going, dispersion; variation, departure from truth, failure in the performance of a promise or accomplishment if a prediction. Chol. dena, v. s. To march (as on army); to beguile. [or departure.

ৰজ্মভাৰ s. m. Preparation for journey বৰ্জিত adj. Fickle, inconsant. s. m. Fickleness, mutability. चक्रिया s. f. Fickleness, unsteadiness, inconstancy.

चलत s. m. Passable.

THE adj. Current; saleable, vendible.

THE S. M. A tree producing an acid fruit (Dillenia indica). part. act. Going. Chalti chiz, s. f. Saleable goods, passable coin, &c.

चलती adj. Ready (under).

चेलदल s. m. The holy fig tree.

ever s. m. Habit, custom, process. course, fashion, conduct, behaviour; ceremony; currency. adj. Current. Chalan chalna, v. s. To behave.

चलनता adj. Saleable, vendible.

चलनहार } adj. Current, in use, chelon har, about to go, to pass

Tent v. n. To move, go, proceed, walk, go off, pass (as coin), be discharged (a gun, &c.), to blow, flow, drive; behave; sail, work, answer, succeed, avail, last, serve, stand. Chal-nikalna. To turn out vicious, to exceed bounds. Chale chaina, To go along. Chila jana, To go along, be off, depart.

चेत्रजो s. f. A sieve. adj. Current, usual, fashionable.

चनपेर s. m. Motion. .

चदविच्छ s. m. Error, mistake.

चलविधरा adj. Restive.

चलविधराष्ट्र s. f. Restiveness.

Twat s. f. A kind of fish (Clupea cultrate).

Temina adj. Going; frail, inconstant, tickle; on the point of death.

বল্যজন ঠ s.f. The bustle of setting কাশ্যজন ১ onliven a journey, &c. setting about any thing, adj. Tremulous, unsteady; moveable and stationary.

were s. f. Clearance ; remittance.

चवाना v. a. To impel, set a going, make to go or pass, to drive, actuate, direct; to fire a musket or cannon, shoot at, do, hasten, forward, send, accustom, act, advance utter, throw, thrust, use, walk.

বজাৰ a.m. Habit, custom. [custom. বজাৰা s.m. Movement, motion, going, বজাৰ adj. Active, brisk.

ৰাজিন adj. Current, usual; shaking, trembling; gone, departed.

ৰজিৱ s. m. Nature, temper, behaviour, disposition, motion, action, conduct, procedure, manner, carriage. quality, humour, use, custom; talent; history.

चिलवी adj. Gay, sportive, changeable, inconstant, affected.

*** s. m. A handful of water, water taken up in the hollowed palm of the hand for rinsing the mouth.

चलुक s. m. The hand hollowed as for holding a little water, &c.; a small pot, a gallipot, &c.; a handful of water,

चलैन्सि adj. Sensitive, sensual, not having subducd senses or passions.

चली interj. Away : begone !

चलीना s. m. A small stick with which the spinning-wheel is turned.

चवाई s. m. Reporter, backbiter. चवाला s. m. A chair, a sedan.

चनाव s. m. A report, slander.

as f. The pepper plant which yields long pepper.

चित्रको } (Piper chavya).

www.s.m. A vessel for drinking spirits with, a wine glass, &c.; any drinking vessel; spirituous liquor.

बर्गन s.m. Decay, infirmity.

a stitch (sharp lancinating pain).

चनका v. n. To throb, to ache.

चरवा s. m. Love, ardent desire, a relish, habit, custom. [cloth].

ৰণ্য v. n. To burst or split (as light
খৰা s. f. A species of itch peculiar to
the palms of the hand and soles of
the feet, said to be occasioned by
insects.

चहकना v. n. To whistle (as birds).

TYMI s. m. A kind of firework; the smarting of a wound, &c., by the application of a medicine. Chahak lagana, To burn the skin slightly by fomenting.

ঘটনাৰ s. f. Singing or chirping of birds. ঘটনাৰেল o. n. To sing or chirp (birds). ঘটনীৰ adj. Brawny, stout.

चहपदा adj. Deeply-coloured.

of birds.

चहचहाना v. n. To sing or chirp as birds, चहचहिया इ. m. A. whistler.

ৰছলৰা v. n. To be fatigued, to be tired. বছৰবছৰ s. f. Jollity, merriment, cheer, mirth.

TEST | S. m. Dirt, mud, slime, ooze, mire; a splinter of wood.

Chihla nikalna. To fatigue, to be tired, Chihla kārna, To split to pieces.

[dient.

TER ado. Becoming; necessary, expe-

चड़ों s.f. Warbling. चडुं adj. Four. Chahûn-or, adv. On

all sides.

वह रेक इंड दिस } adj. Circumjacent, all round. इंड क. The eye. Chakshurog, s. m. Opthalmia.

चलपाई) s.f. A sort of metre consist-चीपाई ing of four (पद) lines.

grk's. m. A low class of Hindus; the seed of tamarind.

चार जर्द } s.f., Scaldhead.

বাৰ্বা s. m. A colour in horses.

चांटना v. a. To press, to squeeze.

चांड़ है s.f. A prop

which are moon; the crown of the head: a white spot in the forehead of cattle, and many other things which are moon-like; an ornament; a month (linear); target (shoot at). Chand chhipdna, To change as the meon. Chand rât, End of the month Chând-tara, A robe made of flowering muslin, &c. Chând mâna, To fire at a mark. Chând neh khet kiya, The moon has risen.

चंदना s m. Light. Chándnapakh, s. m. The light fortnight of the moon.

witer s. f. The moon-beams, moon-light; name of a flower; a white cloth spread over a carpet; any thing white and shining, Chándni-chouk, s. m. A wide and public street or market Chándi ka mars jaza. v. n. To be affected with a disease supposed to proceed from a stroke of the moon (a horse).

বাহা s. m. A subscription to raise a certain sum, an assessment, quota, share.

ৰাহী s. f. Silver (pure), plate; the crown of the head.

wive. f. The lock of a gun; the stocks, the rack. Chámp charhana, To cook a gun; to punish or torment by squeezing the ear with the lock of a gun,

चोवना v. a. To join; to stuff, cram, thrust in press.

चांवस s. m. Rice.

WI s. f. Tea, s. m, Chadan, Teapot.

ৰাৰ } s. m. Engerness, desire, pleasure.

चाटर s. m. Rice.

wive s.m. Eagerness, pleasure, taste.

www.s.m. A potter's wheel; rings of
earth forming a well; a mill-stone,
mill.

चाकी s. f. A mill-stone, a mill; grinder.

Time } s. m. The blue jay.

चाखना v. a. To taste, relish, enjoy.

ৰাত্বৰা s. m. A colour in horses.

পাৰ s. m. The pole round which they play at the festival of the holi; a fair or assemblage of people collected after the holi. [brother.

ৰাৰা s. m. Paternal uncle, father's wift s.f. Father's sister, or father's brother's wife, aunt.

चाइला s. m. Unsteadiness.

ৰাত s.f. Longing, wish, itch, relish, taste; habit, custom; a delicacy, a bonne bouche. Chat-Iena. To lick up.
ৰাত্ৰৰ v. a. To lick, to lap.

चाटी s. f. A churn.

wise s. f. Turf; a hurt, a wound, a knock; a lever.

पाखाल s.m. An impure or degraded tribe, a Pariah, an outcaste.

ৰাজ্যাৰী s. f. A woman of the same tribe.

Ting s. m. A bird, a kind of cuckoo (Cuculus melano-leucus).

যানত s.m. A large net, a seine. বায়ুত adj. Clever, able, ingenious,

shrewd, wise, knowing, cunning, sly; four.

बाहरी s.f. Dexterity, ability, cleverness. बहुर्ष s.m. Cunning, shrewdness, alyness. बाहर्ष s.m. The aggregate of the four original casts, the Brahman, Khatiri, Vysyss, and Sudr. the four Veds.

चलान s. m. A hollow made in the ground to receive a burnt-offering; any hole in the ground.

In a month; the light fortnight, or half month during which the moon is on the increase. adj. Lunar.

चान्द्रभागा s. f. A river in the Panjab, the Chenab.

वान्द्रमास s.m. The constellation Mirgsira; star in Orion.

ৰাস্থাৰ s.f. A religious or expiatory observance, regulated by the moon's age; diminishing the daily consumption of food every day, by one mouthful, for the dark half of the month, and increasing it in like manner during the light half.

ৰাধ s. m. A bow. [folia', ৰাঘ্যত s. m. A tree (Buchanania lati-ৰাঘ্য s. m. A tree (literally or metaphorically).

चापन्छ s. m. A kind of fishing net.

বাৰণা v. a. To chew, masticate, gnaw. Chéb cháb báten karni, To mince one's words, to speak little or haughtily.

चावी s. m. A key.

বাসহ্যাহৰা v. a. To crunch to crush. বাস s. m. Hide, skin, leather. Chám ks dam chalana, v. a. To stretch to the utmost a temporary authority.

भेतर s. m. The tail of the Bos grunniens, used to whisk off flies, &c.

नामरपुष s.m. The beteinut tree (Arsos faufel or catechu).

चामीकर s. m. Gold.

Tit s. m. Eagerness, pleasure; taste.
Tit scij. Four. Char-ungal, s. m. A
palm (four inches). Char-ungli s.f.
Hand's-breadth, Char-bisi, s.f. Four-

score. Char-tuk, adi. Broken (into four pieces).

चारम्या adj. Four-fold.

TITU s. m. A dancer or mimic, a kind of bard, reciter or panegyrist.

चारपथ s. m. A meeting of two roads. चार्यक s. m. The head of a tribe of Atheista.

TITI s. m. Forage, fodder, food for cattle, bait for fish ; a young plant. Chare dálna, To bait,

चार adj. Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable, elegant.

चार्व्याक s. m. A. sophist, a philosopher ; one acquainted with the doctrines of the schools, a sceptic in many matters of Hindu faith, and considered by the orthodox as an atheist or materialist.

ৰাজী s. f. A beautiful woman, a beauty : understanding, intellect : moonlight : light, splendor.

বাৰ s. m. The thatch or roof of a house. s.f. A colour in horses, roan ; gait, motion, movement, pace, procedure, habit, custom, practice, method, way. Chál pakarna, To prevail, Chál chalna, To behave. Chál dhál, s. f. Gait, motion procedure, manners, behaviour, breeding, politeness. Chal milna, To smell a rat.

चालक adj. Laxative.

चाचन s. m. A sieve, a strainer.

चालना v. a. To sift. v. n. To be mischievous. Chalanhar, A sifter.

चालनो s. f. A sieve, a strainer.

चावड s. f. A fish, a sort of sprat (Clapea caltrata).

चाबा s. m. Motion, departure ; (met.) a lucky moment.

बाबी adj. Roguish, wicked, mischiev-चासीस adj. Forty.

चा शीसवां adj. Fortieth ; (hence) the fortieth day after child-birth, death of a relation. &c.

बालीस s.m. A dinfhess of sight which is supposed to come on at forty years of age, and often to be removed on approaching the forty-eighth fiftieth year ; the fortieth year of any era, or of the century.

चालीची s.f. Quarantine kept after the death of a relation, child-birth &c.

चाव s. m. Eagerness, pleasure, taste, desire; a measure equal to four fingers; a kind of bamboo, Chao-chochla, or Chao-choz, Fondness, endearment. tondling and toying.

বাৰতী s. f. Name of a bazar in Delhi. चावन s. m. Rice (cleared of the husk and not dressed).

TH s.f. Ploughing. Chás korna, and Chasna, To plough.

चासा s. m. A. ploughman, a husbandman. चाइ s. f. Desire, wish, love, liking, affection, choice, want appetite. Chahchit, or Chah-o-choz, Love, affection, dalliance.

चाइन adj. Affectionate.

বাৰে s. f. Desire, will, wishing, volition, love, liking. चाइना v. a. To love, like, desire, wish

for, will, want, demand, choose, need, require, pary, approve, ask for, crave, attempt, try, to see, look to, look for.

चाहा s. f. Love, affection, will.

च। हायही s. f. The love of one's country. वासीय adv. Necessary, becoming, requisite.

नारोता adj. Agreeable, desirable, beloved. s. m. A sweetheart, one beloved, a darling.

पाइं। ती s. f. .A mistress, a sweetheart.

चाडी imper. Choose, either, or.

বিষয় s. f. A pain in the loins; a screen made of split bamboos.

funzi s. m. A kind of tassar cloth.

বিষয়ে adj. Filthy, greasy. s. m. An oil merchant.

Fung s. m. Oil. adj. Clean, polished, smooth; beautiful (person); greasy, oily, fat glossy, slippery; incontinent, lewd, wanton, Chikna bassa, or,—ghara banaa, To be incontinent, incorrigible, deaf to admonition. Chikna fand, adj. Beautiful. Chikni joru, s. f. A slippery wife Chikni supari, s. f. A kind of betel-nut prepared by boiling, Chikni surat, adj. Prosperous, affluent flourishing. Chikni mitti, s. f. Clay.

বিষয়াই s. f. Fat of meat; wantonness; gloss, smoothness, polish.

चिक्तनामा v. a. To clean, polish, smooth,

sleekness, smoothness, polish; greasiness; beauty.

चिक्क निया s. m. Beau, spark.

বিষ্কাৰণ v. a. To masticate, to chew

चिकारना v. n. To squeak,

THATEL S. m. A kind of antelope found on the banks of the Jamna; a kind of fiddle.

বিনাৰী s. f. An insect like a musquito; smut (obscenity).

বিশিক্ষক s. m. A physician, a practiser in medicine.

বিভিন্ন s.f. The practice of medicine, healing, curing, administering or applying remedies, attendance of a yhysician on a patient.

বিশিন adj. Flat-nosed.

चिकित s.m. Mud, mire,

विद्वर s. m. Hair ; a lock of hair.

fast adj. Rashly criminal, inconsiderstely guilty, punishing or injuring others without consideration.

विकारना v. a. To peck.

বিশ্বীৰা adj. Restless, inconstant.

far s. m. A musk rat.

funz adj. Filthy, covered with grease and dirt.

चिक्कण adj. Bland, soft, mild, unctuous, emollient.

विक्रणी s.f. The betel-nut.

বিশ্বন adj. Clean; polished; beautiful (person) greasy, oily; incontinent, lewd, wanton.

चिक्स s. m. Barley meal.

चिका s.f. A mouse.

বিভিন্ন adj. Bland, unctuous, emollient.
বিজ্ঞা s. f. A rotten betel-nut. adj.
Flat-nosed.

चिखरन s. m. Weed.

चिस्ता v. a. To weed.

विखरी s.f. A squirrel.

বিশ্বত s. m. বিশ্বতা s. m. বিশ্বতা s. f.

বিশ্বনী s. f. A chicken.

fam? s. f. A spark of (fire); a wicked dwarf Chinyi jharni, or,—Chhutno, or,—nikalno, To sparkle.

To scream, or necessity of the legislation of the scream, to screen, to screech (applied properly to the elephant).

ferent s. f. A tick or louse. (of dogs and sheep).

বিষয়ী উপনা v. a. To scrawl, to score. বিবিয়া s. m. A Vegetable (Beto vulgaris).

विविधाना s. m. To squeak, shrick, bleat.

Twe s. m. Rag, scrap, Chit ukhárna v.n. To splinter or have small pieces knocked of furniture.

Twent s. m. A kind of grass or grain ; mueus, slime.

चिटकारा s. m. A. speck, a scar ; a clack with the tongue occasioned by an acrid taste. Chitkára !agana, To brand. বিত্ৰী s. m. Sunshine,

विद्या adj. White, fair. s. m. A silver coin. Chitta ukharna, v. a. To splinter or knock small pieces off furniture.

বিহী s. f. The hen of the little birds called Amadavades (Fringilla amandavs).

fati s. m. A memorandum of money paid, or the pay of servants of the

चिटी s. f. A note, a letter, a billet Tolab chitthi, s. t. A summons. Chitthipati, chiithipattar, s. f. Epistolary correspondence.

fag s. m. Vexation; irritation; aversion, antipathy, Chir nikslng, To

चिडिचिट ह. m. A plant (Achuranthes aspera). adj. Cross, peevish, crabbed. fretful.

fuefuerez s. f. Poevishness, fretfulness. fuzze v. n. To be vexed, to vex, to be irretated, to fret, to be provoked.

fuefuer adj. Fiery, hot (as pepper), acrid.

THE THE SEE S. f. Acrimony.

faut s. m. A sparrow. Chiri, s. f. A hen-sparrow.

चित्रामा v. a. To vex, irritate, mock, provoke, offend, gibe, jeer.

चित्रिया s. f. A bird, a hen-sparrow (a generic term), a sparrow; a kind of sewing. Chiriyoh-khanah, s. m. An aviary.

विश्वीमार s. m. A bird-catcher, a fowler. चिद्र s. f. Abhorrence, abomination, dislike, vexation, provocation.

বিষয় s. f. Thought, consideration, reflection, anxiety. [xious.

चित्र adj. Thoughtful, reflective, anfun s. f. Intellect; understanding, mind, life, soul, heart, memory; look, glance, sense. Chit-chae, Pleasing to the mind, satisfactory, what the heart desires. Chit-chora, Heart-stealer, heart-stealing or heart-alluring. Chit dens, To pay attention. Chit karna, To make up one's mind. Chit lagan, adj. Amusing, pleasant. Chit lana; v. n. To be attentive, attached. apply to.

चित्र adj. Supine, lying, flat on the back. Chit karns, To throw (one's adversary) on his back (a term in wrestling). to discomfit, over-come in battle.

चितकवरा \ adj. Piebald, speckled, spot-चितला ted.

चितना v. n. To look, see, behold, appear, to be painted.

चितरना v. a. To paint.

funct s. f. Name of the fourteenth mansion of the moon (Spice Virginis).

चित्रका ady. Piebald, peckled, spotted.

चितवन s. f. A sight, a look, a glance. THATE s. f. Reluctance, repugnance.

s. f. A funeral pile.

चितान adj. Supine, (applied to animated beings).

चित्रायक s. m. A mark where a funeral pile has been, a mausoleum, a monument.

v. a. To caution, warn, ap-चितात्रमा 🕻 prize, inform, advise, suggest, remind, intimate, alarm,

चितावनी s. f. A token; admonition, warning.

िक्सेरा s. m. A person who paints flowers, &c. on wood, a painter,

শিনীন্ত.s. To see, to look at, to behold.'
বিশ্বস্থাৰ হ' m. A ery, a scream.

fen s. m. The mind or faculty of reasoning, the heart considered as the seat of intellect.

चित्रप्रस्ता s. f. Happiness, gaiety, joy. चित्रप्रस्ता adj. Kind-hearted, amiable.

বিশাবিষদ s. m. Madness, derangement. বিশা s. m. A medicinal plant (Plumbago

zeylanica); application of a blister. edj. White. विकासीन s. m. Consciousness of pleasure

or pain, the attention of the mind to its own sensations.

বিলী s.f. A scar, spot, freekle, &c.; a kind of serpent; a couri worn smooth by rubbing. Chittidar, adj. Speckled. Chitti lana, To scar.

fun s. m. A monument, or any mark of the scite of a funeral pile.

পিষা s.f. A funeral pile. পিষা v. a. A picture, painting, delineation, writing, &c.; a circular ornament, a sectarial mark on the forehead.

विश्वचार s. m. A portrait-painter, a paint-विश्वचार s. f. Portrait-painting, painting, विश्वचूट s. m. A mountain in Bundelkhand, the modern Compteh, and first habitation of Rame in his exile.

পিষ্টা s. m. A portrait-painter, a painter. থিষ্টা s. m. A name of Jom; Jam's registrar.

चित्रमेदा s. f. A small bird, the Myna, चित्रपदा s. f. A creeper (Cissus pedeta) ; à kind of metre.

বিষয়বিষ্ণা) s.f. A plant (Hemionites বিষয়ব্দী) cordifolio); Bengal madder (Itubia manjeth). [called. বিষয়বিদ্ধি of The Myns, a small bird so খিনবিখিন | adj. Of various colours, খিনবিখিন | variogated,

चिवनीजन s. m. Change of diet, eating of unusual food. [colour

বিষয় s. m. Variegated or spotted (the বিষয়ান s.f. A gallery of pictures, a picture-room.

four s.f. Name of the fourteenth mansion of the moon (Spice Virginis). adj. variegated, spotted, speckled.

funtw s.m. A kind of snake; a plant (Plumbago zeylanica); yellow orpiment; vermilion.

चननी s. f. The second (Hindu) division of women.

चियका s.m. A rag, tatter.

चित्राङ्ग adj. Tattered, ragged, clothed in rags.

বিষয়ার্থন v. a. To tear to pieces; to fill a paper with writing or scribbling; to abuse, revile, treat with indignity. বিশব s. f. Ardor uring,

विनगता v.n. To throb, to shoot (का व ooil, ýc.); to cry, to screech.

चिनगारी s. f. A spark (of fire).

funil s. f. A spark (af fire); wicked dwarf. Chingi jherni. or, --chhutne, or,--nikalna, To sparkle.

चिनचिनाना v. n. To scream, squeak, squall

चिनान s..m. Study.

বিশাল e. a. To study, to think.

fran s. f. Reflection, consideration, recollection, care, doubt, danger, rick, anxiety, thought, peril.

furnished adj. Disturbed in thought or distracted by any idea.

विकास e. o. To cause to study.

Thoughtful, anxious.

ed to yield its possessor whatever may be required.

Tongs, forceps.

france adj. Thinking, thoughtful, चिनावेद्रान s. m. Council-house or room. चिनित adi. Thoughtful, anxious, reflective. Ithinking. चिक्तिय s. f. Reflection, consideration, चित्र s. m. A kind of grain (Panicum mitiaceum). fws s. m. A scar, mark, spot, stain, sign, symbol, token by which any thing is known, feature, signature, Chinh charhana. To stigmatize. चित्रार s.m. } An acquaintance. चित्रारी इ. f. चिपकना v. a. To stick, adhere, collapse: to spread or sink (as ink on damp paper); to be compressed, Chipak jana, To fall in love at first sight. fugfaur adi. Clammy, viscid, glutinous, adhesive. चिपचिपाना ? v. s. To adhere, to cohere. चिपटना to stick. चिषविषाहर s. f. Viscosity, glutinousness, tenacity, stickness. ferer adj. Clammy, viscous, glutinous. क्षियहाना v. d. To sod, turf, to apply patches, stick. favarer ad). Bleared (as the eyes). fevel s. f. Small cakes of dried cowdung. चिपना v. a. To be concealed. चिपरा s. m. Gum (of the eves). forms adj. Shallow, s. . Name of a bird. Two s. m. A sparrow-hawk. fall s. f. A patch on paper. Garage adi, Childish, boyish. fefen & sdj. Unpolite, childish, bovfeffent ish. Chibillapan, s. m. Boyishness, childishness,

form . J. The chin.

चिमचिमा s.m. Gil become viscous by

Tenent i v. s. adhere, to stick. Chi-

चिमकुमा ∫ mai rahna, vi ni Moisleaye

चिमटाना v. n. To adhere, to cling to. चिमटी काटना v. a. To pinch. चिमठा adi Elastic, touch. चिमका adj. Tough, ductile, flexible, hardy. [ductility. चिमकार s. f. Power, vigour, flexibility, चित्रस्था v. n. To toughen, grow tough. fungings s. f. Toughness, flexibility. चिमहो adj. Infrangible (s quill for iststance), hard, [keeping). चिमसा adj. Glutinous (as oil by long fafa s. m. A parrot; a plant, from the fibres of which coarse cloth and rope are made. चिर adj. Long (time). friel adj. Long-lived. चिर्यमा v. a. To have a scanty stool. चिरवारी adi. Dilatory, tedious, slow-चिरवास s.m. A long period. adv. Always, eternally, Chirkal so, adv. Long ago. चिरहाट s. m. A bit, a piece, a rag. चिर्कृदिया बरों. s. m. A tatterdemalion ragged. furfacer adi. Dilatery, tedious, slow. चित्रचित्र s. m. A medicinal, plant (Achyranthet aspera); a child. चिर्चिरामा v. n. To grackle (as weed in the fire), to sputter, to shew with a cracking noise, to chide. Taxiaze.f. Peevishness, fretfulness. चिरजीयना v. n. To be long-lived. चिरजीवी adj. Long-lived. चिरचीविन s. m. A. crow; vishau adj. Long-lived.

gle, who continues to reside after

maturity in her father's home: a

furfirms, di. A kindof & milim-6Gmana

young woman:

Cheroute.

Tage.

चिरत १ adj. Old, ancient, antiquated, चिरला long, lasting

चिरना v. n. To be torn or split, to split. चिरनाना v. a. To cause to tear or te be torn.

বিজ্ঞোধী adj. Long enduring, lasting or remaining, for a long time.

चिराइ s. f. The smell of burning leather, hair, &c.

cause to split. [a Divinity.

বিষয়ে adj. Long-lived. s m. A Deity, বিভিন্ন s. f. A woman staying in her father's house.

ৰিবীলী s. f. Nut of the Chironjia sapids, and the tree.

चिरोरी s. f. Beseeching, begging, requesting.

বিষয় s.f. Refulgence, glitter.

বিজ্ঞান v. n. To glitter, to shine. বিজ্ঞান v. n. To shrick, scream, screech.

चिल्लाहा adj. Lousy.

चिलम s. m. The part of a hukka which contains the tobacco and fire.

चित्रमधी s. f. A wash-hand bason of metal with a cover to it; part of a hukka fixed under the chilam.

चिलवन s. f. A skreen for keeping out the glare, a venetian-blind, a lattice.

चित्रानिच s. m. A shutter.

বিলম্পা adj. Splashy, muddy, slimy. বিলম্পাল v. a. To peck.

चिचित्र s.f. Twitch, stitch.

THE S. M. The Bengal kite (Falco chile).

বিষয় s. f. A louse, Chillar marna. v.a. To louse,

THE s.m. A bowstring; gold threads put in the borders of a turban. Chilla khynchna, v. a. To bend a bow; to prepare for battle. Chilla cherhos, v. a. To bend a bow.

विज्ञाना v. n. To scream. shriek, roar, bawl, bellow, cry out, exclaim.

विकास्ट s. f. Cry, out-cry, scream,

faul s. f. A kind of dish made of eggs; a blockhead, one who plays mischievous prank.

esting of which is said to produce madness; screaming like a kite.

বিস্থাসা v. a. To embellish, decorate.

বিভিন্নৰ s. m. Warbling of the nightingale, &c.; the sound of fireworks. বিশ্ব s. m. A mark of any kind, a spot,

fam s. m. A mark of any kind, a spot, stain, sign, symbol, &c.; a banner, a standard, a symptom.

বাঁটো s. f. Small ant. [upon, বাঁঘনা v. n. To be bruised by being trod বীজ'লা s. m. Large black ant.

चील टी s. f. The diminutive of chiunta. चील हा s. m. Rice parched and eaten raw.

चौक } s. m. Mud, slime.

ৰীন্ধত s. f. A mixture of oil and dust.
adj. Greasy or dusty (as cloth).

The s. f. A scream, screech, shriek.

Chikh marns. To scream, screech,
shriek, cry.

[taste.

बोद्धना v. n. To roar scream. v. a. To बोद्धर s. m. A squirrel.

चौडी s. f. A note, letter, billet.

বীনত্ত s. m. Hips, buttocks. Chitar tekna, To get rest, to sit down.

चौतना v. a. To wish, think or imagine ; to draw, to paint.

winn s. m. A certain animal of the forest (perhaps a leoperd or pather, or some other spelled sasimal). adj. Spotted, variegated, speckled (colour) with s. m. Painting; thought, wish understanding, wisdom; leopard or panther (Felis jubita; Husting Leopard

pard); a medicinal plant (Plumbago zeylanica).

चीचना . v. s. To rend, to tear.

ৰীন s.m. A sort of grass (Panicum millacium); a country, China; a sort of cloth.

चीनपप्र s. m. Minium or red-lead brought in cake: or lumps from the hills on the north-west of Bengal, and between it and China).

with s.f. Sugar (coarse, being perhaps so named from Chin, China, whence it might have been first brought to India as sugarcandy is called Misri, apparentlly from Misri, Egyph. adj. Belonging to, or produced in China, Chinese.

चीक्र s. m. A mark, a token by which any thing is known.

ৰীয়ৰা v. a. To know, to recognize.

why s. f. Rheum of the eyes.

**To s. m. Rent, slit, strip; attire; tearing, rending, splittig, slitting, s.f. Cloth; a sort of covering or dress for women, clothes, attire; the Pinetree (Pinus longifalia). Chir nikalna, To break through toops.

चीरना v. o. To rend, tear, split, slit; rip, cleave, saw, harrow.

virginity; a turband. Chira-utdrna, v. a. To deflower. Chira-band, A virgin.

बोरी s. f. The ends or hem of a garment. बोरें स s. m. The Gentian plant (Gentions Cherayta).

in s. f. A kite (Falco chila). Chil jhapatta marna, To match.

चीतर } s.f. A louse.

Migg s. m. The tattered dress of a

Bouddh mendicant, or of any mendicant. [cant.

বীবহিৰ্s. m. A Boudh or Jyn mendi-বুজ্মান s.f. A reservoir, cistern. Chuankhai, s.f. A deep ditch with water springing at the bottom.

र्गो s.f. A tax gathered daily from grain merchants, being as much grain as a man can grasp in his hands.

च चुना s. m. Ascarides.

পুৰজা s. m. Blinkard, Chundh-lana, v. n. To be purblind, to see dimly. পুষা adj. Blinkard; bad (as a handwriting).

चुकानी s. f. Settlement.

चुक्तना v. n. To be finished, to be completed, to be fixed; to be agreed upon, to be adjusted.

Tant s.f. A task, agreement, adjustment, decision. Chuksi dens, To escape one's notice, to give one the slip.

दुवाना v. a. To finish, complete, settle, adjust; to fix the price of.

उकीता s. m. A task, agreement, adjustment, decision, settlement,

JES s. m. A small tank or pit, a shallow hole with water in it.

THE T. s. m. The roaring of a lion.

• s. f. Deceit, fraud. Chukki dens, v. a. To deceive, to play tricks.

ym s. m. Sorrel; sourness; acid seasoning.

বুলিকা s.f. Wood sorrel (Oxelis monodelpha), according to other authorities (Rumex vesicarius).

पुत्त s. f. A plait or fold in a garment. पुत्रता v. s. To peck, to pick up food with the beak, to pick up food, to feed. Chag leng, v. s. To select, choose, cull, पुत्राका v a. To cause to peck or pick up food with the beak.

grain merchants, being as much grain as a man can grasp in his hand.

স্থান্থেল v. n. To fondle, to chirp to, to cheer by making the noise occasioned by drawing in the breath with lips pratruded.

चन्द्रारी s. f. Blandishment.

पुषाना v. n. To drop, to be drenched with water, to be dripping wet with sweat, water, &c.

yfe s. m. The female breast or bosom.

fingers; the hammer of a gun; a mole of printing cloth or gulbsdan; an ornament worn on the toes. Chulkibharna, or—lena, To nip, to pinch; to throw out provoking insinuations. Chulkiyan men urdna, To put one of with a joke.

ভূতকৰা s.m. Pleasantry, facetioueness, wit, humor; conundrum. Chatkalasa, adj. Amusing.

चुटका s. m. A cue or look of hair worn behind.

चटाना है v. a. To wound.

witter s. m. A spy to thieves, the head of a gang of thieves. s. f. A lock of hair lofs on the head when the rest is shaved.

कृष्टियामा v. s. To wound.

बुटीबा adj. Wounded, bruised, stricken. युप s.f. An imitative sound.

want s.m. A dish propared from parched rice.

grid s. m. The ghost of a woman who died while pregnent; a hag, a fury; rty woman, slut, slattern, चनवना १. m. } Ascarides.

चुनत s.f. Plaiting (cloth), plaits. चुनन s. m. Rumple, crease.

पूजरों s. f A mode of dying cloth, in which they are tied in different places previous to dipping them in the dye, so as to prevent the parts tied from receiving the colour, also, cloths dyed in this manner.

जुनाना } v. a. To cause to pick, जुनाना } choose, select, arrange, put in order, &c. Chuna lena, v. a. To plant (cloth); to kill by building a person into a wall.

चनावट s. f. A plait, plaiting.

चुनीटा s. m. A box for holding the lime used to chew along with betel; the folding of the cloth called sarv, worn by women.

খাইন s.f. A small box for holding the lime used to chew along with hetel; a small spoon used to take out the lime; encouraging troops in the time of battle (for which purpose there is du officer in Indian armies); selections from an army the fittest men for a desperate enterprize; a practice which formerly prevailed at Benarass (on the 11th of Jeth, shull paksh, the inhabitants were wont to swim across theriver, and forming themselves into two parties, to fight with swords, clubs. &c.)

बनो s. f. A procuress, a bawd.

THE adj. Blinkerd.

equation v. a. To be purblished, to see

gen ad. Dim, purblind, dimagnical.
gen v. a. To gather, pick, choose,
select, oull; to pick up food (et
birds); to place in order, arrange-f

to plait (cloth). s. m. Ascarides. Dorwoza chunna, To close a door with bricks.

चनो s.f. A small ruby ; ascarides.

adj. Silent. interj. Silence! (the word ruh being understood) s.f. Silence as Chup lagni, or Chupki lagni, v.n. To be struck dumb.

चुपदा ady. Silent.

चुपको s. f. Silence.

चुपचाप } adj. Silent. adv. Furtively, चुपाचुप } by stealth silently.

नुपानुपाना v. a. To keep silence. Chupchupate, adv. Silently, secretly.

चुपड़ना v. s. To varnish, cover, smooth, anoint ; palliate, besmear.

भाषा adj. Plausible though false.

चुन adj. f. Oiled, greasy; smooth, plausible, Chupri bat, s. f. Flattery, soft words. Chupri roti, s. f. Cakes rich with clarified butter.

चुप्पी s. f. Silence.

चमनो s.f. A plunge in water, dip.

चुनना v. n. To be stuck or thrust into, to pierce, to be pricked, pierced, goaded stabbed, to penetrate.

चुमाना क. a. To stick into, thrust into, pierce, goad, stab, prick.

चुना । s. m. A kiss. Chuma-chati, चुना) s.f. Dalliance.

चुनाना v. a. To cause to kiss.

चुनार s.m. A sound with the lips चुनार s.f. by which dogs and horses are called.

चुन्सारना v. s. To coax, speak kinly to soothe (by drawing in the breath with protruded lips.).

ques. m. A kisser, a lecher; a rogue, a cheat; the loadstone, a magnet; extract (from a book gc.;); a general scholar, one who knows parts in a variety of books; the upper part or middle of a balance. चुलान s. m. Kissing ; a kiss. चुलान s. m. The load-stone. चुरनी s. f. Lock of hair.

TIBE s. m. Powder. [prattle.

बुरनना v. n. To chirp; to prate, to बुरबुरा adj. Crisp, acrid, sound. बुरबुरा s. m. An imitative sound.

चराना v. s. To steal, filch, rob.

বুটা s. f. Bangles or rings made of glass, &c. and worn or the wrist; a kind of bracelet; a small well.

चुवाना v. n. To gabble, to prattle. चुवे s. m. Nap, drowsiness, nodding. चरीं s. f. Dregs.

wer s. f. Itching, scratching.

चुलचुलन s. m. Wantonness, inconstancy. चुलचुलना v. n. To itch, to titillate:

इतमुखी s. f. Wantonness, in constancy. मुजनुषा adj. Restless. fidgetting; airy, gay.

बुखबुधाना v. n. To be restless, to be agog, to fidget, to be fidgetty.

चुलवृक्षापन इ. m. Gaiety.

ৰুম্বৰ্জায়ত s. f. Restlessness; gaiety. বুধাৰ্থিয়া adj. Restless, fidgetting; airy, gay.

चुनाना v. s. To distil, cause to drip. चुनान s. m. A kind of dish.

चुलाव s. m. A. kind of dish. च ह्य s. m. A. blear eys.

ৰ্য়া odj. Blear-eyed.

च की s. f. A fire-place, chimney.

www.s.m. A handful, the palm of the hand contracted water. Ohullu-bhar pani men dub marna). (lit. to drown one's self in a handful of water). To be greatly sahamed. Chullu chillu sadhna, To get a habit of drinking by gradual increase. Chullu man ullu hona, To be intexicated with a mouthful.

च चर्चा अंग्रे: F. Lewd, Holdingus (nomin):

च सक्ता v. a. To throb. च सक्ता s. f. A. mouthful of drink.

चुक्र s. m. One in the habit of sucking (met. a tippler').

चुसनी s.f. A child's coral.

चुच्ची s. f. The juice of fruits.

ৰু হব ুৰা adj. Deeply-coloured.

रुष्ण हन v. n. To glow as a colour, to die a deep colour, to blush (a flower). पूज s. f. Mention; cheer, jollity, mirth, merriment, festivity, Chuhal karna, To carol, to make merry.

ৰ হৰা s. m. A large wooden peg, a tent-pin.

च पनी adj. Comic.

च दिया s. m. A little mouse.

चूंगी s. f. Toll, tax, duty.

TABLE s. f. Singing of birds.

चुचो s.f. Breast, dug, nipple.

¶'ZI s. m. A large ant.

चूटी s.f. A small ant.

चूंडना v. c. To gather (a flower) to claw, pinch.

चं धवा } adj. Dim, purblind, dim-sigh-चूं था } ted.

चूना part, poss. Kissed.

an khaiss. s. f. A deep ditch with water springing at the bottom.

Sor, acid. s. m. A medicine made of boiled lemon juice and pomegrantes.

प्रका v. n. To blunder, mistake, depart from, err, miss, fail, miscarry.

Tall s. m. A kind of sorrel (Rumex vesicarius); #kind of earthen pot.
Tall s. m. A medicine, orris-root, orrice, or iris-root.

mul s. f. Breast, pap, nipple, teat, dug. uz s. m. A crack, a noise. ** s. m. A silver or gold ornament worn by Hindu widows; the ring fastened to elephants' teeth.

the crown of the head at the ceremony of tonsure; a peacock's crest; any crest; plume, diadem &c. the head; top, summit; a kind of bracelet. s. m. The rings fastened to elephants' teeth; a kind of food made of parched rice.

च्डामचि s.m. A jewel worn in a crest, or a diadem; the Gunja (Abrus precatorius).

ৰ্জালা s.f. A kind of grass (Kyllinga monocephala) adj. Crested, having a lock of hair on the crown of the head. ৰ্জান্ব adj. Crested, having a lock of hair, &c. on the top of the head.

ৰুষ্ট s.f. Bangles or rings made of glass, &c. and worn on the wrist, Churidar, Drawers, sleeves, made too long, so as to be crumpled into plaits.

प्प s. m. Flour ; lime.

ans, To be overjoyed. Chutar sukorna,
To loiter, to hang back. Chutar sukorna,
to loiter, to hang back. Chutar sk
kan gánthna, To speak equivocally,
to use far-fetched expressions.

चन s. m. Flour ; lime.

an v. n. To leak, drop, distil, to be filtered, to ooze, exade; to drop from the tree when ripe (fruit). s. n. Lime Chuna-pazni, s. f. A dancing girl, Chuna-lagana, To defame.

of Pulse split or ground very coarsely; a spark or small ruby or other gem.

w qw s. m. Grease.

quit adj. f. Oiled, greasy, smooth, plansible. Chupri bat, s. f. Flattery,

words. Chupri roti, s.f. Cakes rich with clarified butter.

ч s. m. Prick, puncture.

च मेचपळार s. m. A magnet.

च मन s. m. Kissing.

च मा s. m. A kiss. Chuma-chati, s. f.

Dalliance.

T. S. m. Powder, filings, ntons. adj.
Bruised. Chár-chár, adj. Broken to
atoms Chár rabna, To set. Char karma, To break into small pieces, to
shatter. Chár hona, To be broken
into snall pieces; to be enamoured
of, to be in love, to be tired Nasheh
men chár hona, To be intoxicated.

च स्त s. m. A powder composed of medicines for promoting digestion.

TI s.m. Filing; saw-dust; grain reduced to coarse particles to be chucked into the mouth.

च्री s. f. A bread rich with clarified butter; a bracelet.

ent or minute division of substance; fossile alkali, efforescent salt; aromatic powder, pounded sandal, &c.

च्चित्रज्ञ s. m. A lock of hair, a curl or ourling hair.

fragments of earth, of brick; limestone module, commonly known in India by the name of Kankar.

च्या . a. To reduce to very small pieces or to atoms.

of sugar and crumbled bread.

work which fits into another (ss s dove-tail); a pivot upon which a door turns (ss on a hings); an axletree arm. Chulen ukharna, or,—dhili

hone. To be tried, worm out with

चला s. f. A crest.

च लहा s. m. } A fire-place.

च बना v. a. To drop, to leak, to coze, to exude.

च सना v. a. To suck,

च सनी s. f. Child's coral, a sucking stick for children.

ceiving game with a stalking horse.

च इक्षा s. m. A Hindu sweeper.

Test s. m. The wife of a Chuhra, s. Hindu sweeper-woman.

य इना v. a. To suck.

s. m. A rat, a mouse. Chuhe-dan, s. m. A mouse-trap. Chuhe-mar, s. m. A sparrow-hawk, cormorant, a mouser.

च ही s.f. A mouse.

ซ จีซ s. m. Brats.

चेंची s. f. A needle-case.

चें बेंदना v. n. To chatter, chirp, murmur, gramble, squeak.

વેં જ્ઞા ody. Young, little. [tress. વેં વ s. m. The acrid resin of fruits and વેંદ s. m. A servant, a slave.

चेटक s. f. A miracle ; a deception.

चेटी s.f. A female servant.

चित्र s. m. A servant.

चेड़ा s. f. A female servant or slave.

ৰল s. m. Memory, remembrance, thought,
perception, consciousness; circumspection.

Reason, rationality, caution; soul, self; understanding, intelligence, wisdom, reflection.

advise, reflect, be aware, perceive; to recover the senses, to be round. *.f.

The s. m. An admonisher.

चेना s. m. Millet (Panicum Italicum). चेवना v. a. To stick together.

चेराई s. f. Shavery,

বিষয়া s. m. The Gentian plant (Gentiona Cheroyto). [girl.

বিষ s. m. A female servant, a slave-বিষা s. m. A slave brought up in the house; a pupil, a disciple; a servant.

વેલો s. f. A slave-girl, a female servant. વેલા s. f. Silk (cloth).

Ters. f. Application, endeavour, effort, exertion, motion, exercise, search, appearance, bodily act or function.

Tre. m. Black ant.

चैत s.m. The twelfth Hindu month (March-April).

waw s.m. Soul, spirit, the Deity considered as the essence of all being; reason, understanding, caution, perception, the possession of the proper use of the faculties; an animal or sentient being, adj. In possession of the senses, awake, rational, sensitive, cautious, attentive, aware, perceiving.

चैन s. m. Ease, relief, repose, tranquillity; denying a bet in gaming, imposture.

चैना s, m, A kind of corn.

चैता s. m. A billet of wood cut for burning, &c.

चीकना v. c. "To prick, pierce.

चौजला s. m. A joint of bambu used to send letters in.

चौगा s. m. A funnel.

ৰাব s. f. Beak, bill ; a point.

बीयबा s. m. Playfulness, blandishments, endearing arts and expressions, coquetry, toyishness.

witzer s. m. The ribbon with which hair

is tied or braided at the end, the cue or lock of hair behind; false hair mixed with the real.

witz s. f. The hair braided behind (tail); braid, cue; top, apex, summit, pinnacle; an ornament worn on the head by women. Chanti asmánpar shisna, To be very vain or aspiring Chonti-kat, A slave. Chonti-kat-wina, To be a slave; to be obedient. Chonti kisi-ki hath men ana, To have a power over one, to subdue.

ets s. m. The head; hair braided on the top of the head.

श्रीयमा v. a. To scratch, to claw.

चौधलाना v. n. To be purblind, to see dimly,

ৰ্দিধ s. f. Dinness, dulness of sight.
ৰ্দিধ s. f. Wish, desire, fondness;
alacrity, avidity; a gold ornament woin or the front teeth.

चीचा s. m. A perfume; the pod or skin of any kind of pulse; a wind-fall (fruit).

चोषाइ s. m. A mountain robber, ●a mountaineer and outlaw.

ৰীমাৰ s.f. Dropping, dripping.

ৰাখান v. a. To cause to drip, to distil, drop, filter, draw off.

चीवर s. m. Husk, of wheat, bran.

A medicine, orris-root.

ৰীষা odj. Pure, unadulterated, genuine, neat, good, choice, fine, sharp, pungent, keen; clever, dexterous; pleasing, delightful, beautiful.

चोचाई s.f. Purity, sharpness.

adi, f. Sharp (tone in music).

rian s.m. Food of birds brought up from the crop; food of birds in general. Choga badaina, To bill, caress as doves by joining bills. Tri s. m. A fannel.

ৰীৰল s. m. Playfulness, blandishment, endearing arts and expressions, coquetry, toyishness.

चीज s. m. Subtilness, beauty.

चीजी adj. Subtil.

Az s. f. A hurt, bruise, blow, damage; fall; spite; effort, attempt, assiduity: desire, wish, aim. Chot-par chot, One misfortune follows another, misfortunes come not singly. Chot-bandhna, To defend; to bind up the edge of a sword, &c. to restain by magic. Chot khara, To be hurt, to to receive a blow; to suffer loss.

শীহা s. m. Discount or premium, independent of interest; treacle.

चौटियाना v. a. To seize by the hair.

পাইা s.f. A lock of hair left on the top of the head, the plant or tie of hair behind, a cue; top, summit, summit of a hill; a petticeat. Choti na hona, To excel, to be pre-eminent or unrivalled.

चौद्दा s. m. A thief.

चोड s. m. A bodice or jacket.

चीय s. m. Cow-dung.

चीवना adj. Blinkard. [dimly.

ৰীশবাৰা v. n. To be purblind, to see ৰৌশী s. f. Dimne's, dulness of sight.

The s. f. Desire, wish, hope.

THI s.m. A nail; a kind of victuals given upon great occasion, marriages, &c.; prey; puncture.

ৰৌষা s. m. Husk of grain; the scale of a fish; a hole dug in the sandy bed of a river which has dried, in which water is found.

s. f. A quicksand, Chor-chakár, s. m. A thief, Chor-chakár, s. m. A thief, Chor-khana, s. m. Byroom, concealed drawer, Chardarwaze, s. m. Trap-door: Chor-dhor, s. m. Plantiff and defendant ; all the parties of a lawsuit; a thief and what he has stolen. Chor-zamin. A. quagmire, bog. Cher-sirhi s. f. Backstairs. Chor khirki, s.f. A backdoor, a by-door. Chor-gali, s. f. A. by-road, back-lane. Chor-lagana, v. n. To be injured, to be damaged. Chorlagna shama-ko. To waste a candle by a thief being attached to it. Chormahall, s. m. The apartments of the concubines of great men, Chor-mandura, s. m. A game played by children. Chor-mahichni, s. f. Hide and seck.

चोरपुषी s.f. A kind of grass (Andropogon acciculatum).

चौराना v. a. To steal.

stealth. Chori-chori, adv. By stealth, clandestinely.

with s.m. A bodice, a garment worn by a bride at her marriage, a waistcoat, the body of a gown, a jacket; a small betel-basket; a country, the modern Tanjore, the name is also supposed to apply to a part of Birbhum in Bengal.

বীৰী s. f. A bodice, a waistcoat, the body of a gown, a jacket; a small betel-basket,

कोषा s. m. A perfume; the pod or skin of any kind of pulse; a wind-fall (fruit).

चोच adj. Any thing (fruit especially) capable of being sucked, as a mango, &c.

चीडक्नीचवा s. m. The lower jaw. चीडवा s. m. A large peg or pin.

s. m. A back-tooth; ploughsharo.

s. m. A kind of iacket not open under the arms. Chou-bandi, s. f. Giving a horse new shoes : the fastenings of baggage, Chou-bhir, adv. On all sides, all round, Chou-parah, adi. Four-pieced. Chou-pas. adv. All round, around. Chou-pahal, adi. Four-sided. Chou-tah, adj. Of four folds. Chou-jugi, adj. Of the four ages or great (Hindu) periods of the world. Chou-mahalla, adj. Of four stories (a house, &c.) Chou-mukhi. adj. Four-faced, having four faces, Chou-mekha, Tying the elbows behind.

শীপনী s. f. A (silver) four anna piece, a quarter rupee.

ৰীৰ s.f. The act of starting, start.
বীৰনা v. n. To start, boggle, start up
from sleep. Chounk uthna, To start,
to wince. Chounk parns, To bounce,
start up.

[gler.

चौंबेंब s. m. An untamed animal, a bog-चौंग s. m. Wheedling. Choungs karns, To wheedle out of money.

নাকা s. f. Wheedling. Choungi-baz, s. m. A wheedler. Choungi-bazi, s. f. Sharping, &c.

ৰাছ s. m. A blockhead.

and converse on; a custom-house; a police office.

चें। नीस adj. Thiry-four.

कें। धिवाना v. n. To be confused, frightened out of one's senses, smazed, dazzled or astonished.

FIRE s. m. An apartment under ground for grain.

aver fles, a fly flapper. [ers.]

| Text m. A game; a garland of flow| Text m. A market; a square of a

city; a court-ard; a square place filled, at marriages and on other occasions of rejoicings, with sweetments, which after certain ceremonies are distributed. Chouk-bharma or Choukpurna, To fill a Chouk or square place with sweetmeats on some occasion of rejoicing. Chouk-patta, a seat on which the people sit and cat in the chanks.

चौकड़ adj. Good, well, fine, excellent. चौकड़ा s. m. A ring of two pearls worm in each ear.

বাৰজী s. f. A bound, a spring, a bounce; a ring of pearls worn in the ear by men. Choukari bharna, To leap, bound, bounce, Choukari bhūtna. To forget one's bound, i. s. to be fascinaned, to have one's senses benumbed. Choukari mar bythna, To squat.

चौकज्ञा adj. Cautious, alert, circumspect, sly, on one's guard, wary.

सीसप adj. Cantious, waethful, accurate, diligent, active, clever, alert, circumspect, intelligent; full weight,

चौत्रसाई s. f. Attention, circumspection, watchfulness, alertness, caution.

चौक्षी s. f. Watching, diligence, attention; four people employed together, or enting out of the same dish or plate.

शौजा s. m. The space in which Hindus cook or eat their viotnals; a squareslate or marble, &c.; a square spaceof ground; the four front teeth; the cabe of a measure called bons.

Par s. f. A frame to sit on, stool, bench, chair; guard or watch; watching; the post where a guard is stationed; an ornament worn on the broast. Choukidgr, adj. kegging

guard, s. m. A watchman, Choukidari, s. f. The business of a watchman; the pay or hire of a watchman. Ohouki márna. To smnggle, Chouki dens To watch, guard, mount guard. adj. Four-cornered, square.

भौकोका } भौकीर }

चौचट s. m. f. Frame of a door : the upper and lower piece of the frame of a door .

बोह्नो adj, s. Sharp (tone in music). चौखटा adj. Square.

चौगला s. m. A rabbit, hare.

चौगाच adj. Quadruple, fourfold.

चीजान s. m. A game resembling cricket (or tennis) but played on horse-back ; the bat or club with which the game is played, a mall, a plain, Chougan, gah, A place for that game. Chougenbazi, s. f. Playing of the game of chougan.

चौगानी s. f. A. straight huk-ka-snake or tube for smoking through.

चौगणा adj. Four-fold. quadruple,

where s. m. A small box of gold or silver with four partitions for holding perfumes.

adj. Spoiled, destroyed.

बीडचीपट adi. Abandoned, vicious ; damaged.

als adj. Wide, broad, Choura-chakla, adj. Extensive, spacious.

चोद्धारं s. f. Breadth, extent, width, extention, boasting. Chourdi marna, or -karna. To boast, to give one's self airs.

चीकान s. m. f. Width, breadth.

where v. a. To increase in breadth, expand, widen. [poles. चौडील s. m. A kind of sedan with two

where s. m. A mitre : a kind of tent, when s. m. A terrace or mound to sit and converse on.

चीसार s.m. A four-stringed musical instrument.

चौतास s. m. A mode in nusic.

चौतीया s.f. A quartin (agie).

चीय s. f. The fourth lunar day; the fourth part ; hence, tribute (collected by the Mahrattas).

चीया adi. Fourth. Choutheh, adv. In the fourth place, fourthly,

चौषाई s.f. The fourth part, a quarter. चौचिया s. m. One who receives cere-

mony performed on the fourth day after marriage.

चौथी s. f. The fourth day; a ceremony performed on the fourth day after marriage.

चौदन adj. Crossing their teeth in fight (elephants); sturdy, robust, stout. चौदनी s. f. Boldness.

चौदस s.f. The fourteenth day of the lunar fortnight.

चौदह adj. Fourteen, Choundhwan, adj. Fourteenth.

चौदानिया s. m. । An ornament. (formed चौटानी s.f. (of four pearls) worn in the ears. corpulent. !

चौषर adj. Robust, active, vigorous, चीपरापे s. f. The business of a Choudhari (the headman of a trade).

which s. m. The headman of a trade. (In a Bengal, title of landholders superior to Tallukdar).

चौपट adj. Rnined, destroyed, levelled, flat, plaim, Choupat karna, To level, destrov.

चौपड s. f. The name of a game played with oblong dice; the cloth on which it is played.

चौपनी है s.f. A small tract, an essays चौपती 🕽 a pamphlet, a pocket-book,

चौपच्या s. m. A kind of sedan.

चौपा edi. Four-footed.

sisting of four feet (pud) or lines.

बोपाइ s. m. A kind of summer-house or pavilion (generally built jointly by several people as a resting place common to them all); a quadruped, an animal, a beast.

चौपाखा s.m. A litter, a sedan.

चीपाय s. m. An animal, a beast, a quadraped.

चौष्र adj. Stout, robust, bold.

चोबार s.m. Summer-house, an assembly, court, town-hall.

चौदारा s.m. A shed.

चौनीस adi. Twenty-four.

পীই s. m. A Brahman acquainted with the four Veds (now, however, the term is applied to the descendants of such though not learned).

चौमासा s.m. The rainy season.

चीसुच s. m. A lamp-stand with partitions ; a name of Brahma.

चौसचा adj. Having four burners, &c. (a lamp). s. m. A lamp-stand with four partitions; a kind of pats or wooden scimitar for fencing with.

খীন্তবী s. f. Name of a Hindu goddess the seed of a tree called Rudraksh Sampla lobelis, or, Elaocarpus ganitrus i.

with w. m. A practice of the sword exercise; cutting the four legs of an animal off at one blow. Chourang katna, v. a. To cut off the four legs of an animal at one blow. Chourang mirros. To loose the use of the limbs by illness.

afte adj. Level, even.

where s. f. Equality of surface, evenness, levelness.

चीरसामा v. a. To level.

चोरा s.m. A terrace or mound to sit and converge on; the place where Hindu women are burned (more properly, where the living widow or sait is immolated).

चौराक adj. Ninety-four.

बोराडी adj. Eighty-four. s.f. Morrisbells worn on the ankles by dancing girls.

witter s. m. A cross road.

चौरो s. f. A summer house.

चौलक्षं s. m. A ceremony of tonsure, cutting off all the hair from the head of a child three years old except one lock on the grown.

बोबड़ा s.m. A necklace of four str-बीबड़ो s.f. ings.

जीनाई s.f. A kind of greens (Amaranthus polygamus).

चीवन adj. Fifty-four.

चौरा s. m. A quadruped (particularly oxen); a handbreadth.

चौबार्ष s.f. A tempest, hurricane, commotion (q. d. wind blowing from four quarters).

चीम s. m. Flour, powder.

चीमड adj. Sixty-four.

with oblong dice, or what the game is played on. [meet.

ৰীছয় s. m. A place where four streets ৰীছয় s. m. Seventy-four,

चीकान s. m. A cast of Rajputs.

ga odf. Fallen, dropped, oozed out; fallen from or off deviated from, erred, strayed.

8

The seventh consonant in the Nágari alphabet. Its sound is expressed by chi, adj. Six. Chhah set, s. mg. Trick, cheat, juggle.

- thatched roof on a boat; a stuffed pad to prevent bullocks being hurt when loaded. adj. Abolished.
- to strain. [strain.
- ভবাৰত s. f. Concentration, causing to searing v. s. To simmer; to sound; to smart, to pain.
- ছ टना v. n. To grow thin ; to diminish ; to be extracted or seperated,
- कटबाना v. n. To cause to clean rice; to cause to select, prune, lop, clip.
- कराई sf. Cleaning or separating (grain, gc.) the price for cleaning.
- ছ'হাৰ s. m. Detachment on forage; beating rice to elear it from the husk. ভাষাই s.f. Shadiness.
- क्रमा s. m. A kind of carriage, a cart, क्रमाना v. a. To slap, to cuff.
- জনলা v. n. To be content, satisted, gratified; to be afflicted, harassed; astonished. Chhak jana, To be satisfied or satisted.
- wark s. f. Satisty. [tise.
- क्षाना ७. s. To pamper, cloy, to chas-
- a cage with a net attached to it.

 Chhakka panja karna, To deceive,
 play tricks.
- an s. m. A goat.
- इत्रहो s.f. A she-goat of small breed.
- हरात्री s.f. A she-goat ; a kind of Convolvulus. (C. argenteus), or more probably. C. pres-capræ.
- क्युनी s.f. Child's coral.
- (of the phapond).
- इन adj. Bushy.
- simil s. m. Gallery; the expanded branches of a tree.

- et s f. Pulmonary consumption; a क्ल्ब्सामा v. n. To simmer; to sound; to thatched roof on a boat; a stuffed smart, to pain.
 - decay, to separate, to be pruned, to be picked out. [flounder.
 - कटपटाना v. n. To toss, tumble about, कटनां adj. Sixth.
 - wzwiady. Waspish, peevish.
 - wain s.f. The sixteenth part of a ser, two ounces.
 - ezi s.f. Splendour, brilliancy, lustre, refulgence, a glory; assemblage, number; a straight or continuous mark or line.
 - कटामा s.f. Lightning.
 - बह है s.f. The sixth day of a lunar बह है fortnight. कहा बर्धां, Sixth.
 - adj. f. Sixth. e, f. A religious and ceremony performed on the sixth day after child-birth. Chhathi ka did yad dilana, To correct or chastise.
 - হন্ধ s. f. The pole of a spear; spikenard. হন্দ্ৰা v. a. To beat rice, to separate the husk from it.
 - worn in the ears. adj. Alone.
 - ewil s.f. A switch, cane, rod, wand; a procession of the followers of Shah Mudar.
 - हड़ीचा s.f. A kind of fragrant moss. हव s.m. A moment or instant.
 - इत्यक adj. Perishable, temporary, mo-
 - mentary, inconstant, uncertain. ভ্ৰেন্ত v. n. To grow thin; to diminish; to be extracted or separated.
 - इस्पाना v. n. To cause to clean rice, to cause to select, prune, lop, clip.
 - (grain, \$c.); the price paid for cleaning.

matingrice to clear it from the husk.

un s. f. A roof, a cloth stretched across the roof of a room, a platform. Chhat bandas, or, —paina, or, lagans, w. a. To ceil, to cover the inner roof of a building.

Bunchy, flat.

क्तर s. m. An umbrella,

€ 71 s. m. A honeycomb.

क्तींच odj. Thirty-six.

क्षोंची adj. f. Prude, prudish.

ছব s. m. A parasol, an umbrella, the Indian Chhottah.

स्वयारों है s. m. One entitled to carry स्वरात के unbrells, i. e. a raja, prince, &c.; a house set apart for the charitable entertainment of stangers, guests, &c.

क्समङ s. 24. Widowhood ; subversion of dominion, loss of empire, deposition, &c.

sowa); a pungent seed, coriander; a mushroom, anise.

ছাৰণী s.f. A female of the Chhatri cast. adj. Bearing a parasol or umbrella.

with s. m. The second of the four Hindu casts. s. f. A tester or covering of a bed, a small umbrella; a frame made of bed ms. A house, a dwelling; a bower, an arbor.

क्याम s.m. (In money) Six dam, or

the fourth part of a piece (pyss).

s. m. Disguise, masquerade;

क्यनावस s. m. A religious hypocrite, a false brother.

ক্রন f trick, deceit, fraud.

sound made by the falling of a drop

of water upon a worm plate, a hissing noise.

हनकान। v. a. To concentrate, to cause to strain. [strain.

सनकाष्ट s. f. Concentration, causing to सनद्वाना v. n. To simmer; to sound; chink; to smart, to pain.

জ্বৰাৰা v. s. To cause to sift or strain. জ্বাল s. m. The sound (kiesing) of a drop of water falling on a hot plate, a hissing noise; the sound of the breaking of earthen ware.

mentary, inconstant, uncertain.

plicable particularly to the metre of the Veds; a measure (in music); meaning, intention, purport, opinion; wish, desire. adj. Solitary, secret, private.

क्रमा v. n. To be tied.

ह्रव्यात्व s. m. A hypocrite, a pretended and false ascetic.

इन्दर s. m. Trick, cheating, deceiving. इन्द्री adj. Deceitful.

इन्होंन s. m. A reciter or chanter of the San Ved.

equ v. n. To be strained, to be percolated. s. m. A sieve, a cloth through which any thin is sitted.

ह्य s.m. Squash. Chhap-chhap, The sound occasioned by water when stuck with the hand. [verse, wat s.m. A kind of measure of Hindu स्वयाना v. a. To dash or throw water. स्वया v. a. To be printed or stamped; to be concealed, hidden, absent, to disappear, to lurk, स्वयो s.f. Puddle.

ख्यवाना o. a. To cause to print.

■चाई s.f. Edition, the price of printing, the act of printing. कपाका s. m. The sound produced by \ कनक . f. Running over, overflow. striking water, squash.

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क्याना v. a. To hide, conceal, secrete : to cause to print. Tverse.

ऋष्य s. m. A kind of measure of Hind: क्षान adj. Fifty-six.

₩ 4 ₹ 8. m. A thatched roof.

कपास्ट s. m. A bedstead with curtains.

कपायन s.m. A thatcher.

क्राप्य रवन्दी s. f. Thatching.

क्य s.f. Beauty, splendour. brilliancy : shane, form, figure. Chhab takhti s. f. Handsomeness, Chhabi-chhin, adi. Small if shape, deficient in splendour, small or slender.

電電 s. m. A sort of basket.

क्रपीला adj. Handsome, comely, grace-कवाम adj. Twenty-six.

द्धमद्भाना ज. n. To shine, to glitter ; to क्रमण्ड s, m. An orphan, a fatherless son.

क्षना v. a. To pardon, forgive.

क्य s. f. Mortality, frailty, destruction. क्योग s. m. Consumption. boy.

क्या १. m. Victim, shade, shadow : a कवासर adj. Sixty-six.

5₹ 8. f. Spikenard; shaft, pole, pike, staff, flagstaff, flag.

इरहोबी s.f. Jakes, a necessary.

द्धरिदा adj. Alone, single, free (not burdened, as a traveller, not having a load).

عَدَى) s.f. Vomiting, sickness, reaching.

कदियारिप s.m. Small cardamoms (on anti-emetic).

æ₹f s. m. Small shot.

8. m. Wickedness, fraud, circumvention, stratagem, trick, deception, knavery, artifice, evasion, excuse, subterfuge, pretence. Chhal-bal. s. m. Force and fraud, stratagem, artific, trick.

क्रमञ्जा v. n. To be spilt, to overflow,

क्रम प्राचा थ. त. To spill.

জেপরকাত n To skip.

ত্ৰ কলাৰা v. a. To murmur.

क्रजंकलाहर s. m. Murmur.

要用行事 s. m. Plot, stratagem.

कलिकड़ी adj. Deceitful, fraudulent.

क्लना v. a. To deceive, cheat, evade, make excuses, s. m. Tricking, deceiving.

क्षनी adj. Battered, s. f. A sieve. Chhalni karna, v. a. To batter.

इताइ s.f. Skipping jumping, a spring, skip, leap. Chhalángen marna, To spring, to jump. कलावा s. m. Ignis fatuus, willo'-the-क्रिया र ady. Deceitful, fraudulent,

artful, treacherous, false, perfidious, betrayer, s. m. A. cheat, deceiver,

表稿 s. m. A ring (ornamental). Chhalledar, adj. Annular.

wal s.f. Skin, bark, rind, &c.

off s.f. Beauty, splendour, brilliance light, lusture.

क्रवेया s. m. A thatcher.

कार 8. f. Discolouration.

wik s. f. Ashes.

æi s.f. Shade, shadow; the reflection of any object in a mirror, &c. Chhanbanh, s. f. Auspices.

atz s.f. Refuse ; parings, &c. ; selection, fashion of clothes. Chhant karna. To vomit, to disgorge, Chhánt leng, To select, choose, Chhántchhatáo Retrenchment.

कांटन s. f. Cutting, slip, chip.

क्टांद्रमा v. a. To vomit ; to separate the husk from grain by pounding it in a mortar; to husk to pare, clip, prune, lop, crop, trim, dress, clean, clect.

हांडना v. a. To emit; to leave, let go, release, forsake, abandon, to loose, to vomit.

साह s.f. A tether, trammel, net. सहना v. a. To tether, fasten, tie, bind. सांस s.m. Share, part (among fakirs). सांस s.f. Shade, shadow, the reflec-साम tion of any object in a mirror, &c. Chhanh-banh, s.f. Auspices.

क्रांचारा adj. Umbrageous.

gives. m. Luncheon, ready prepared food carried out by labourers and husbandmen when they proceed to their daily work.

हाजना v. a. To clear the water of a well-हान s. m. A he-goat.

ভাৰত s. f. A he-goat. s. f. A leathern
) bottle with a spout to it, a goat-skin.

www s.f. Buttermilk.

क्राज s. m. A kind of basket used in winnowing or clearing grain.

æाजना v. a. To thatch; to befit, to become.

** i.f. A bank of a river. Chhar-chitthi, s.f. A permit, a pass.

का जुक्क ला s. m. A medicinal herb. हात s. f. Roof. ady. Thin feeble, emaciated.

क्राता s.m. A large umbrella. काती s.f. An umbrella.

went s. f. Brenst, dug, Chhatibhar, Breast-high, Chhati bhar-ana, To weep. Chhati bhar-jana, To be chest-foundered. Chhati-par patthar rakhna, Th have patience. Chhattipar mung dalna (lit. to grind palse on the breast), To do anything in the presence of another person by which he is vexed. Chhati phatni, To break

the heart with grief or sorrow, to sympathize. Chhati pitna, To regret, repent, lament, Chhati thokna, To encourage; to assure. Chhati thandi hona, To be pleased or overjoyed. Chhati jalna, To have the heart-burn ; to lament. Chhati ka patthar, Nuisance, pest. Chhati ka jam (lit, the destroyer of the heart). Is applied to a person or thing the presence of which is unpleasant, a pest, a nuisance. Chhati kholke-milna. To meet frankly, Chhati garrani. The breast to swell (in young women). Chhati lagana, To lament, to grieve. Chhati lagana, or, Chhatise lagana, To fondle. Chhati nikalkar chalna, To stalk, to strut.

हात s. m. A scholar, a pupil, a disciple, a tyro or novice.

ছাবन s. m. Covering, a covering, a screen, &c.

कादन s. m. A water-bag.

क्रादित adj. Covered, concealed.

कान s. f. A roof, a frame of bamboo for thatching.

क्रानिवनाम s. m. Investigation, क्रानिवे adj. Ninety six.

कानस s. f. Chaff.

তাৰা v. o. To thatch, shade, cover, roof, spread, Chho jono, To spread, ao lie, to overshadow. Chho leno, To cloud, overspread, darken, overcast.

wiff v. a. To strain, percolate, filter, sift; to search, canvass, investigate. Chhan lene, To cull, to select. Chhan marna, To search, rummage, explore, canvass.

sion; a seal, seal-string.

हापना v.a. To print, to stamp.

द्धापा s. m. Edition, impression, stamp,

print, seal, &c. Chhapeh khánah, s. m. Printing-office. Chhapeh-wala, Printer.

साधा s. m. Denominational marks representing a lotus, trident, &c. de'ineated on the body by the Vyshnuss or worshippers of Vishnu.

will s. f. Shade, shadow, reflected image; darkness, obscurity. s. m. Apparition, spectre, shade; (met.) some what resembling; a mode in music.

हायातह s. m. A large tree, one that gives shade or shelter.

क्रायानट s. m. A musical mode.

कायापय s. m. Æther, the firmament. कायानित s. m. A chhota or parasol.

wix s.f. Ashes, dust; a large clod of earth.

ছাৰ্ছ্ৰীলা s. m. A kind of fragrant moss, জাৰ্ s. m. The thrush (disease), blister. জাৰ s.f. Peel skin, rind, bark. Chhal utarna, To peel, to decorticate.

क्राजा s. m. A blister, pustule, pimple ; skin.

कालिया s.f. A kind of betelnut.

ছাৰনা v. a. To thatch, to shade, to cover, to roof, to spread. Chha jána, To spread, to lie. Chha lena, To cloud, overspread, darken.

हारनी s.f. Cantonments, barracks or huts for seldiers; thatching, the act of thatching.

ছিলাৰা) v. a. To cause to stop, to feel out.

चित्रनी s. f. Wand, stick.

चित्रण s. m. Sneezing.

क्रिक्ष को s. f. The little finger.

हिनका s.m. Slough (of a wound), skin. क्रिक ब adj. Lean, skinny. ভিত্তা s.m. The prepute. ভিত্তা adj. Shallow.

विक्वाई s. f. Shallowness.

क्रिक्सों s. f. The play of ducks and drakes.

क्तिका adj. Trifling, puerile, airy. क्रिका v.n. To be scattered dissipat-

ed, or dispersed, to spirt, to spread.

Chhitakna chandni ks, The diffusion of moonlight.

क्टिवानी s.f. A bolt.

व्हिटकाना v. a. To dissipate, disperse, squirt, scatser, strew, desert.

ferzer s. f. Small shot, speck. Chhitki dena, To flecker, to spot, to mark with strokes or touches. Chhitki daina, To splash. Chhitki karna, or,—lagana, To spot, to speck, &c.

ভিজ্জনা v. a. To sprinkle. Chhirak-kir bechna, To sprinkle water on stale or faded vegetables or fruits to make them appear fres : to puff off goods. ভিজ্জনান্য v. a. To cause another to

sprinkle.

ভিত্তনাৰ। v. a. To cause to sprinkle. ভিত্তনাৰ s. m. Sprinkling, watering.

हिन्त v. n. To [be touched, excited, plagued on.

हिन्द s. m. A moment or instant. Chlinbhar men. In a moment.

हिर्चाविषय odj. Fading, frail, passing away quickly.

क्रिकेक adv. A little while.

हितनी s.f. A basket (without à cover, like a tray).

हिलारना v. n. To be scattered; to be spread about. [spread.

ছিলবলা v. c. To scatter, to strew; to ছিলবী s.f. A small basket without lid or handle.

fuel s. f. The earth. Chhiti-chhan. Covering the earth, prostrate on the

ground, Chhit -chhan, v. n. To be dispersed or scattered.

किटना v. n. To be pierced or bored. किटाना v. a. To cause to pierce; to perforate.

fa ≈ s. m. A. hole, a vacuity, a perfora tion, &c. ; fault, defect, flaw (moral or physical).

किदिस adj. Perforated, pierced, having holes or openings.

क्रिन s. m. A moment or instant. Chhin bhar men, In a moment.

किनकना v. a. To winnow, to sift, v. n. To go away offended.

विनकाना v. a. To cause to stop, to cause to seize, to cancel, strike out.

क्रिमविषेस adj. Fading, frail, passing away quickly.

द्भिनना s. m. A fornicator.

दिनवामा s.f. To cause to snatch. दिनाना v. a. To seize, snatch, pluck, de.

दिनास s. f. A harlot, a prostitute Chhinál-pan, or, Chhinál pana, s. m Whoredom, prostitution, harlotry.

किनाचा s. m. Fornication. Chhinála karns To whore, commit adultery. किनान s. m. Seizure

व्यिनेक adv. A little while.

किन्न adj. Cut, divided.

f tered. किश्रमित adj. Cut up, destroyed, seat-क्तिवड़ा s. f. A tree (Menispermum glabrum).

कित्रवेशिका s. f. A plant also called Ul nidhi (Cissampelos hexanda).

व्यितसम्ब adj. Confirmed, confident, free from doubt.

व्हिना s. f. A. whore, a harlot, a tree (Menispermum glabrum).

A lizard.

fagani s. m. Sprinkling.

क्रिपना } r. n. To be concealed, hidden, ळपना absent, to disappear, to lurk. क्षपना (Chhip jana, To retire, withdarw.

for adj. Cfose, hidden, concealed Chhipa ruhna, To abscond. Chipachhiri, adv. Underhand, secretly.

व्हिपाना 🕽 v. a. To conceal, hide secretc. संपाना

किए। ब s. m. Secrecy, concealment.

from s. m. Pardon, quarter, forgiveness. absolution, Chhima-jog, adj. Pardonable, Chhima karna, v. a. To Pardou, forgive, excuse.

क्रियान व्यं *adj.* Ninety sıx. कियालीस adi Forty six.

कियासर adı. Sixty-six.

कियासी adj. Eighty-six.

किल्ला s.m. Crust, busk, shell, peel, scale, rind, bark, skin. Chhilka utarna, To blanch, peel, husk, decorticate.

किलना v. n. To be excoriated. किलवाना थ. a. To cause to skin or exco-

riate, &c. किलीरी s. f. A whitlow, blister, felon.

factors s. m. The husk of chuna. किश्तर adj. Seventy-six.

winteri. Tush! tut ! fy! foh!

क्रींक s. f. Sneezing, sneeze. Chheenk lanewala, A sternutatory (medicine).

कींकना v. n. To sneeze.

कींका s.m. At network of strings or cords to hang any thing on (as a burthen at either end of a yoke or pole,. de.), the cords of a bahangi.

of way v. a. To throw out water.

TE s. f. Chintz.

सीटना To sprinkle.

Witt s. m. Shot, spot, plash, Chhinla marna, To sprinkle, bedrop. [&c.

ं क्रोबा s. m. A sling for carrying baskets,

होचड़ा s. m. The skinny and rejected part of meat, क piece of flesh.

होचना v. n. To decrease, to pine away.

होट s. f. Spot, splash, chintz.

होण adj. Wasted, emaciated, decayed;

क्रीतर s. m. Brogue, shoe.

person or animal whose leys are much separated). [slender, little.

होन adj. Wasted, decayed; slight, स्थान v. o. To snatch, pull, tear pluck, rob. Chhina-chháni karno. To scramble, Chhin lena, To snatch up,

acquire, take possession of, pluck bereave, deprive.

kin; fishing-rod; the act of a buffalo's pushing with his horns.

होपना v. a. To print clothes; to push with the horn as a buffalo; to draw up the rod in fishing.

होपी s. m. A cloth-printer.

स्रोमी s. f. A pod, legume, husk.

word s. m. Milk.

स्रोलन s. f. Parings.

होसमा v.a. To peel, skin. excoriate, pare, bark (a tree, gc.), erase, scrape, Chhilna-chhdlna, or, Chhil chhdl karna; v.a. To pare, peel, &c.

क गिलिया s.f. The little finger.

ए क्षत्रारंभा v. a. To drive away contemptuously; to set on or encourage a dog. [with game. कक्षत्र s. f. The play of a dog or cat

क स्वाना v. c. To conjure, to exorcise. क स्ट्री s.f. The musk rat or shrew.

gg et Mole, musk rat (Sorez corulescens); a squib. Chhu-chhundar chhorns, To backbite, calenmniste, excite reconument, ♥Z adv. But, except, save; (in compos.)
little, small, Chhut-bhya, s. m. Middling class of people, Chhut-pana,
s. m. Childhood. •

कटलरा s. m. Deliverance.

कृटका adj. Little, small, less, younger, junior, least.

क्टकाना v. a. To release, set a liberty.

कुटबारा s. m. Exemption, liberty, liberation, disengagement, deliverance, release, discharge.

क्रटब्बेला adj. Dissolute

क्टबेली s. f. Dissoluteness.

get i'd of, to be let off, to be left or abundoned, to slip (from), to escape, to be liberated, loose, dishevelled (the hair), to cease, to get loose, to leave, remain, slip away, to be dismissed.

क्टपन इ. m. Infancy, childhood.

क्रान क्रानी s.f. Leisure, time.

क्टापा s. m. Littleness.

करी s.f. Leave, discharge, release, acquittal, time, leisure, cessation, disengagement, intermission, dismission, permission, freedom.

क् इंगाना v. a. To cause to let go, to cause to set free.

weight ". a To set free, to to free, liberate, extricate, get rid of, discharge. remove, deliver, dismiss; separate, except.

हुड़ाबा s. m. Deliverance, setting free. कडोती s.f. Ransom

कुड़ीती s.f. Ransom.

guerr adj. Defiled by touching, foul, corrupt, polluted (applied to vessels, dishes, &c.).

कुइ adj. Mean, low, little, trifling.

want o. n. To be concealed, hidden, to be absent, to disappear, to lurk.

क्रपाना v. a. To conceal, to hide.

■CI s. m. A large knife, an amputating knife : a razor, Chhura-chhuri, s.f. Snick and snee, fighting with knives. wil s. f. A knife, scalpel. Chhuri-tale dam lena, To be patient in difficulties. Chhuri-katari, s.f. Snick and snee, fighting with knives; quarrel.

v. a To make water slow-क्र लंब ना कॅलक्लाना 🗲 1 🅦 (as mares, &c., in heat).

इल्लाना v. a. To cause to touch.

wavel | odj. Puerile. finical, boy-इंखीइला ∫ ish.

wars s. m. Resemblance, likeness. कहाना e. c. To whitewash.

weiti s. m. A date (Phænix dactylifera.) क हाबट s. f. Touch.

adj. Boyish, silly.

स्याना v. a. To cause to touch, &c. च्चानी s. f. Caudle given to a lying-in woman.

₩ s. f. Chalk.

इदबो ८. f. A. guat.

कल्ला adj. Foolish, silly, empty.

mer adj. Empty, hollow. s. m. Conjuration.

क्दी adj. Contemptible, despicable, mean. s. f. A pipe, a tube, canula,

TE s. f. Remission, leaving ; striking off hand or playing loose in fencing; radiance; or splendour of jewels, reflection of a mirror, &c. ; giving money off hand or at will to jugglers, &c. at entertainments.

क्टना v. n. To be adrift, to be discharged, to spout, to be get rid of, to escape, to be liberated, to be loose, to be dishevelled (the hair); to cease, get loose, leave, remain, slip away, to be dismissed, to be let go, be abandoned, to be left,

wa s. f. Defilement, contamination. touch.

क्षमा v. s. To touch, meddle with, feel.

केंच १, f. ? Sequestration of goods. क्रकाव s. m. Chhenk lena, To confis-

क्रका v. s. To detain, prevent, stop, retain, bar, restrain, arrest.

क्केंबबैया s.m. A confiscator.

क्काव s. m. Sequestration of goods.

केंचना v. a. To mince, to hack, to pound. केन adj. Domesticated, tame (as a bird or beast \.

क्रेयना v. a. To stop, detain, prevent, retain, bar, restrain.

केनोजि s. f. Indirect speech, insinuation, double entendre, hint, &c.

€ s. f. The act of irritating, irritation, vexing, &c. Chher-chher, or Chher-khuni, s. f. Stricture animadzersion; the act of vexing, provoking, exciting, &c.

केंद्रना v. a. To irritate, vex, excite. fret, trouble, disturb, molest, abuse, insult, aggress, touch, handle, stir up. interrupt; to play on a musical instrument.

हेड़ा s. st. Touch, provocation, excitement. &c.

wa s. m. A geometrical figure ; field, land, plantation : a sacred or holy place (as Kuru-ksheir). .

केबपल s. m. The measurement (or super ficial contents) of a field, of a triangle or other geometrical figure.

at s. m. A hole, an orifice ; the denominator of a fraction; the divisor.

Ben 4 m. That which ponetrates, any thing to bore a hole with.

क्रेड्ण s. m. A hole, an orifice.

হৰণ v. a. To pierce, bore, perforate, asişণা v.a. To let go, emit fire, emit, penetrate.

[abl. forgive, forsake, leave, quit. desert, except, free, loose, omit, pardon, re-

होती s. f. A chisel, punch, piercer.

क्ष क्षमकुष्यक s.f. Welfare.

समहरी s.f. A sort of kite (Falco ponticerianus).

द्वेमण्ड s. m. A fatherless son.

क्रेरना v. n. To have a bad digestion. क्रेरी s.f. A gont.

s. m. A medicinal plant (Conyca anthelmintica).

ইবনা s. m. A mark, a piece of wood cut off. Chheona karna, To line out, mark. ইবনী v. a. To pierce or to bleed a tar tree, to extract tari; to mark.

क्रेशनी s. f. A chisel, punch, piercer.

at s. m. Cuticle, skin.

हो। s m. Spaces, comma, &c. होबा s. m. Victim ; shade, shadow ; a

boy.

हैंस s. m. A fop, a beau.

हेलचिकनिया s. m. A coxcomb, a fop. केलापन s. m. Spruceness.

win s. m. Treacle.

æff s.f. Seasoning, relish.

জ্ব s. f. Seasoning, rensn. জ্বিল s. m. Spices with which food is seasoned.

क्रीववाकरना v. o. To fondle.

s.f. Bodkin, case for needles; a small cup for children.

क्रोबरा s. m. A boy.

कावरी s. f. A girl.

होड़ी s.f. A nurse; bosom. Chhochho korna, To fondle.

inior, least, &c. Chhota-bara, adj. Varied, variegated, various, great and small, high and low.

wieit s. J. Smallness.

Fig. 1 v.a. To let go, emit fire, emit, forgive, forsake, leave, quit desert, except, free, loose, omit, pardon, release, shoot, fire (to gan, gc.), spare, abandon, abdicate, abstain, breathe, resign, discharge, lay aside.

कीड़ा क्षीड़ाब कीड़ाबा कीड़ाबा go.

क्षीड़ावना v. a. To set free, deliver, dismiss, separate, except.

को खोतो s.f. Ransom.

क्रोन s. f. Impurity, defilement,

क्रोनी s. f. The earth.

होप s. m. A coat of paint, &c. Chhopchhap karna, To shuffle up; to plaster or repair a wall, &c.

ह्योपना v. s. To fill up, shut; paint, dye. ह्योर s. m. Border; edge : end; a towboat.

कोरण s. m. Abandoning, leaving.

Boy and girl; children.

क्रोरी *s. f.* Algirl.

कोचना v. a. To peel, skin, excoriate, pare, erase, scrape, Chholni, s. f. A. scraper.

委 ₹ s. m. Affection ; anger.

क्रोहरा s.m. A boy, a lad.

कोडी adj. Affectionate ; angry.

केंद्र s. f. Seasoning, relish.

क्रोजन s.m. Spices with which food is seasoned.

क्षेत्रमा v. a. To season.

कोकन s.m. A scrambler.

क्षीनना v. o. To scramble.

हीना s. m. Young of any animal. हीनी s.f. Cantonments, barracks.

wit s. m. The shaving of the head or beard.

क्रीलिया वर्जुः. Gay, cheerful.

The third letter of the second class of consonants, corresponding to the letter j in jam. [creature.

err.

संदु s. m. An animal, a sentient, being, अंत s. m. An amulet ; a musical instrument ; an instrument, an eagine.

sigi s. m. A pitchfork.

আৰু s. m. When treasure, &c. ia buried, an animal (sometimes a man) is killed and buried with it as a guard; this animal is called Jak, and receives orders to allow no one else to take up the treasure, &c.; (met.) a miser, called also, Jak ka gumashta, or agent.

লমন্ত্ৰা r. o. To tighten, draw tight (as a knot), bind, fasten, tie, pinion.
লম্ভনত ada. Tight.

an attendant on Kuver, the Indian

जबती s. f. A female Jakh or a fairy. जन s. m. The world, the universe. Jugbandhu, s. m. Friend of the world. Jay-jayst, s. m. The universe; a feast, entertainment, sacrifice or religious ceremony in which oblations are presented.

जनजा s.m. Brass tinsel, thin plates of brass used in decoration.

जनजनाइट s.f. Splendour, much light, glitter. [buttress.

जमत् s.m. The world, the universe; a जमत् अञ्चामर adj. Enlightening the world. जमतदः को s.m. A tyrant.

जनतच्य s. m. The destruction of the world. जनतं s.m. The earth; people, man-

with s.m. The earth; people, mankind; a sort of metre. adj. Moveable, locomotive, transitory.

जमनीतच s. m. The world, the earth, sublunary things.

असन्तर्वा s. m. A name of Brokma; the creator of the world.

जनपाय s. m. Air, wind.

जगदन्ता s. f. Mother of the world, an epithet of a Hindu goddess.

जाबहाधार s. m. Air, wind; a stay or supporter of the universe.

जनदोश s.m. An epithet of Vishnu and of Shiv; lord of the world or universe.

क्यदिनाम s. m. The expiration of a Kalpa or period of the world's existence.

স্থান্ত n. To awake, to rouse; to be awake, Jugta, adj. Awake.

स्वत्राध s. m. A form of Vishau; a peculiar and celebrated idel of this name is worshipped on the Coromandel coast in Orissa, and pilgrimages are made to the shrine of Jagansath, from all parts of India.

जनमग adj. Glittering, splendid.

जनगान v. n. To glitter, to shine. जगमगाइट s. f. Glitter, splendour, glare. much light.

जगर s. m. Armour, mail.

लगह s. f. Place, station, quarter, room, vacabey, stead. Jagah okhorna, v. a. Toʻlcave a blank.

नगहर s. m. Wakefulness (occasioned by apprehension or disease); coughing at night, vigils, vespers.

जवाज्योति s. f. Splendour, much light, जवाजा o. a. To awake, wake, rouse from sleep.

अवेषर । s. m. A name of Vishmu and अधेषर | Shiv; God of the universe.

जरीधबीत s.m. The sacrificial thread or cord, worn by the three first classes of Hindus over the left shoulder and under the right. [loids. स्वय s.m. Mons venetis: the bip and कार adj. Last, hindmost; low vile, fourth tribe. जबना s. m. A. Sudr or man of the जरून s. m. A Hindu mendicant who has matted hair and rings a bell. adj. Locomotive, moveable, removeable, in motion, mendicant, that which has motion as opposed to that which is stationary.

जक्रण adj. Desert, solitary, waste, jungle, wild, &c. s. m. A forest, a wood. Jangal phirna, or,-jana, To ease one's self.

जक्ता adj. Wild. s. m. A. musical mede; woody country, forest.

कार की adj. s. f. Wild, savage, barbarian, clown, boor. Jangli piyaz, Squills (Erythronium Indicum), Jangli billi, s.f. A wild cat. Jangli singhara, s. m. Hermodactyl, Jangli kawwa, s. m. A raven.

wer s. f. The leg; the thigh.

क्षपा v. n. To be examined, tried. proved, assayed. [proof. ज्ञान्द s. f. Test, trail, examination, खज्ञान s. m. A customer, a person to whose custom Brahmans, barbers,

and some others, have a legal claim. जवनायी s. m. The stipend paid by a jaimán ; wife of a jaiman.

बाजीर s. f. An iron chain.

कतीरा s. m. An island, peninsula. orare s. m. Trouble, difficulty, plague, embarrassment, perplexity; a swivel,

&c.

समाजी s. m. Molester.

wa ? s.f. Matted hair, the hair matted as worn by the god Shiv, and by ascetics; the long bairs occasionally elotted together, and brought over the head so as to project like a horn from the forehead, at other

times allowed to fall carelessly over the back and shoulders; the root of a tree, a fibrous root; spikenard.

जटना v. o. To pilfer steal, defraud, snatch or seize by force.

नटान्ट s. f. The matted and braided hair of Shiv rolled on his head.

जटाज्त s.f. The braided hair of Shie rolled on his head.

जटाधारी adj. Whose hair is matted. s.f. The cockscomb flower (Celosia cristata).

जटामांसी s. f. Indian spikenard (Valsriana Jatamansi).

जटाय s. m. A fabulous bird mentioned in the story of Rama, as the sen of Arun, killed by Rawsn. Bdellium.

जटाज adj. Wearing clotted bair.

जटाला s. f. Spikenard. [venosa]_ जदि s. f. Waved-leaf fig-tree (Ficus enfan adj. Clotted, matted; set, studded (with jewels, &c.). s. f. Set work of iewels, &c.

जटिन s. m. Waved-leaf tree.

जिटिनी adi. Having clotted hair.

जटिल s. m. A lion. s. f. Indian spikenard ; long-pepper ; orris-root. adj. Having clotted or entangled hair.

बाटब s. m. A freckle, a mark.

mat s. m. The belly.

अठरनद s. m. Cassia fistula.

कहरा adj. Hard, firm ; bound, tied.

जटराचि s. m. The uneasy sensation arising from hunger.

wature s. m. The uneasy sensation arising from hunger. domen. जाउदाब s.m. Dropsy, water in the ab-

कडेरा ३. ८. १ Elder (brother-uncle). वडेरी ०.∫. ∫

₹ 8. f. A root, origin, foundation, base. basis. s. m. An inanimate body, what is void of life, a blockhead, idiot, dolt. Jar ka bhed. Essettee. adj. Cold, frigid, chilly, stupid, apathetic, idiotic.

जङ्किय adj. Dilatory, working slowly. जङ्किय s, m. A brute.

अहताई s. m. Coldness, chilliness, immoveableness.

सङ्गा s.f. Coldness, chilliness; apathy, stupidity; immoveableness, stiffness,

stupulity; immoveableness, stiffness rigidity, torpor.

ज्ञा v. a., To strike, shake off; to join, make adhere; to stud, bestud, set jewels, fix, enchance.

अञ्चलदार्थ s. m. Any substance that is devoid of animation.

ন্ত্ৰীয় s. f. Root and branch. Jarperse ukhārna, v. s. To extirpate. বস্তুবহ s. f. The trunk of a tree.

अञ्चला v. s. To cause to set with jewels. जडवृद्धि s. f. Dullness of intellect.

অস্কার্ম s. m. A dull stupid person, idiot, অস্কৃত্য s. m. Rice cropped at the end of the rainy season.

লক্ষ s. m. Cold, frost, winter; idiocity, fatuity, stupidity; dulness, apathy, sluggishness of mind or body.

সঙ্গাই s. f. Price of setting jewels; the act of setting jewels.

সম্ভাজ adj. Set, studded with jewels. সম্ভাজা v. a. To be cold. v. a. To cause to stud, to cause to set jewels.

সভাৰ s. m. } Setting of jewels.

লভাৰৰ) s. f. Warm clothes, winter লভাৰৰ) dress.

কান্তন part...Spt (with jewels, &c.), studed. [jewels; a striker. কান্তিয়া s. m. A jeweller, one who sets

লাল্লা s.m. A jeweller, one who sets লাল্লা s.f. The root of a medicinal herb. লাল্লাৰটো s.f. Medicinal herbs, drugs, simples. ছুৰ জ s. m. A freekle, a mark, লব s. f. Mauner, fashion, kind, লবৰ s. m. Carefulness, remedy, care

जनन s.m. Carefulness, remedy, care, effort, endeavour.

जतनी adj. Careful.

সনাৰা ৩. s. To inform of, caution, warn, apprize, to remind, to declare, to admonish; to proclaim; make known. saixī s. m. Lineage, family, pedigree, genealogy, dynasty.

সনি s. f. A kind of musical rhythm (generally sung at the holi).

ন্তানী adj. Faithful to the marriage bed (aman), religious person, devotee, a particular order of devotees; a sago whose passions are completely under subjection.

जतु s. m. Lac, a red dye, or animal pigment analogous to cochineal.

अनुका s. m. Lac ; asafœtida.

जनुका s. f. A plant commonly called chakwat; a bat.

সন্ত্রনক s.m. A man at chess or backgammon, &c.

লন্তু s. m. The collar bone, the clavicle. লঘা s. m. A company, band, gang, party, class. Jatha bándhna. To form a party.

স্থা adv. As, so, like, in the manner of, according to, to the utmost of, Jatha Jog, In a proper manner, suitably, properly.

ज्ञार्थ odv. In fact, exactly, truly.

বা adv. As, while, whilst, when, as soon as, at the time when. Jad-tak, or,—talak or,—tag, adv. Till, until, yet, whilst, as long as while. Jad-nah-tad, adv. Constantly.

जस्यातद्वा adv. So so.

जदर में adv. Of the race of Jadu. जयपि adv. Though, although. जन s. m. Man, individually or collectively, a man, mankind, a person, an individual. In comp. it has a plural sense; as Strijan, Women.

লাৰ s. m. A father, a progenitor; the name of a king, sovereign of Mithila, and father of Sits.

লৰস্বত্ত s. m. The metropolis of Rajah Janak, in the district of Tirhut, লৰকীয়ে s. m. An inhabitant of Janak-

जनकीरा s. m. An inhabitant of Janakpur.

লণভা s. m. Female apartments, seraglio. লণভা s. m. A Chandal, a man of a low or degraded tribe.

जनजानवर s.m. Man and beast.

जनता s.f. Mankind, a number of men. जनत s.m. Birth, production; family, race, lineage,

जनना v. n. To he born.

সানন s. f. A.mother; tenderness, compassion. adj. A parent, a progenitor. সান্ধ s. m. Noise, clamour; the sound of human voices.

লগৰীৰ s. m. One of the seven Loks or Hindu divisions of the world; the division said to be inhabited by pious men, after their decease; a superior sort of paradiso.

जनवाद s. m. News, rumour, report.

जनवासा s. m. The place at the bride's house where the bridegroom and his train are received.

লণসুবি s. f. News, tidings, intelligence. লণা s. m. A person, individual. part. pass. Born; a son.

जनाई s.f. A midwife. जनाजास adv. Man by man, one by one

(person).

जनाचित्र s. m. Secret commun cation, whispering, speaking, aside, &c.

जनाना v. a. To deliver, bring to bed; to inform, remind, tell, warn, point out, shew, seem. s. m. Midwifery. লাৰ s. m. A signal.

जनावर s.m. Any living creature, an a animal.

जनायच s. m. A temporary hall.

जनिका s. m. Double entendre, an expression having more than one meaning.

जनित adj. Produced.

जनिता s. m. A father.

जनियों s.f. A mother.

লগী s. f. A woman in general; a mother; the wife of a son or brother's son, &c.; birth, production; a maid-servant; daughter-inlaw.

आन s. m. Birth, engenderment.

जनक conj. To wit, though, although.

जनेज s.m. The braminical thread; a flaw in a jewel.

अनेत s. f. The company and attendants at a marriage feast.

ज़िना s. f. A kind of grass (Dúb; Agrostis linearis).

अनी s. m. The brahminical thread. adv. Like as, as.

জনীবাছৰে s. m. Fame, glory. [wire. জনা s. m. An instrument for drawing জনালা v. a. To squeeze, to press.

कतार s. m. An amulet.

স্বাৰ, m. An animal, a sentient being, a creature, any being endowed with animal life; it is more usually applied however to beings of the lowest organization.

जन्म s. m. A plant and vermifuge. जन्म s. m. Glomerous fig-tree (Ficus glomerata).

अनुवा s.f. A kind of grass (Saccharum spontaneum.

সাল s. m. A machine in general, any instrument or apparatus, an engine; a musical instrument; an anulet; juggling; an observatory; a dial. স্থানন s. m. Juggling; conjuring, enchanting by figures and incantations.

जन्मे s.f. An instrument for drawing wire; a conquerer, a juggler, a. wizard.

an s. m. A pitchfork.

delivered (of child), to be born.

क्षण s. m. Birth, production, life.

জন্মকৃত্যতী s. f Genealogical table of life. জন্মতীয় s. m. Vishnu, the bolt or stay of life.

जनाद s. m. A father.

कार्यका s. m. Father; God (as the giver of life or author of existence).

जनादिन s.m. Birth-day,

अवान s. m. Birth, production.

जनाग v. n. To be born.

जन्मपती s.f. Horoscope, nativity. Janma-patri ki bidh milna, To meet one's fate.

क्षत्रभृति s.f. an a Birth-place,

स्वारीकी adj. Valetudinarian.

জন্মানা v.a. To beget; to make vegetate. জন্মান্য s. m. Regeneration, another birth, another state of existence.

जनानरीय adj. Acquired in a former birth.

জন্মৰ adj. Born blind. [being. জন্মিৰ s. m. An animal, an existent জনীৱৰ n. prop. The son and successor of Rajah Parikshit.

च्योदा s. m. A festival commemoratting the birth of Krishna.

क्षत्र i.m. A father; the friend, attendant, or companion of a bridegroom.

relation or companion of a bride, a bridesmaid, &c.

water s. m. The place at the bride's

house where the bridegroom and his train are received.

জন্মাই } adv. Man by man, every জন্মাই } one.

of u. m. Silent repetition of the names of a deity, silent meditation, muttering prayers; repeating inaudibly passages from the Shasters; adoration, charms, names of a deity, counting silently the beads of a rosary, &c. and part. Repeating prayers, worshipping.

ख्यमप s. m. Devotion, adoration.

জ্বৰা ু o. a. To count one's beads, জ্বৰী ু to repeat the name of God internally, to recite the bead-roll to make mention, to repeat prayers inaudibly.

जपपरायच s. m. A sage, one devoted to religious meditation.

कापनाचा s.f. A rosary.

जपमाची s.f. A kind of bag in which beads are held during their recital.

oral s. f. The flower of the plant hurhur (Cleome viscosa).

कपीतपी s.m. An adorer.

aw When, at the time when, as soon as. Jab-tak, or.—talak, or.—talak, or.—tári, adv. Till when, whilst, as long as. Jab-tab, Now and then. Jab-jab, Whenever Jab-ka-tab, adv. At the time when, at the proper moment. Jabkabhi or, Jabkabhu, Whenever. Jabki, adv. At the time when, when, since. Jab-lag, adv. Till when, whilst, as long as. Jab-nah-tab, adv. Now and then; perpetually. Jabhi, adv. At the very time, Jab se, Since.

face from the corners of the mouth to the jaws. क्षपरमा v. n. To be filled, to be folded. जनहा adj. Rigid, stiff, awkward.

कस

कार्यका adj. Ill-shaped. जबर s. m. An oppression, violence, strength.

भवरी adv. Since.

লৰভাৰ As long as, till when, whilst.

जलतंत्र s. m. A musical instrument.

जवडि } At the very time when.

ज्य adj. Unlucky, bad, ill.

जामा है s.m. The jaw.

বাদ s. m. Pluto, the supposed regent of worlds below, or judge of departed son's, death. Jam dut, s. m. Messenger of death. Jam dips. s. m. A lamp or illumination sacred to Pluto, lighted on the 13th of Kartik. Krishpakshs, i. s. Three days before the devoali.

wree s. m. Repeating of a word in different significations (in rhetoria); a twin. s. f. The state of succeeding or going on well.

square v. n. To succeed, go on well, fit, to be assembled. Dukdn jomki, Buyers and sellers are collected in the shop. Larai jamki, The fight was joined. Majlis jamki, The assembly is full. Mukaddama jamka, The cause is begun to be debated.

जनवाना v. a. To adjust, go on well, settle, fix; to assemble, crowd together.

WATE s. m. Crowd, multitude.

जनका adv. Always, constantly, perpetually. [father.

चान्यो s. prop. Name of Porusian's काम्स s. m. Messenger of death,

wave s. m. A dagger.

জনদা v. n. To germinate, grow; to be coagulated, congealed or frozen, to consolidate; to be collected, to clot; to adhere, stick, cohere, set; to pace in the manege.

जननिका s. f. A curtain, tent, curtains. जमराज n. prop. The regent of death.

where s.f. Gaping, yawning. Jamahai lena, To gape, to yawn.

जनहाना v. n. To gape, to yawn.

असा s. f. An accumulation, sum total. असा र s. m. A son-in-law.

जनात s.f. A body, a gathering.

जनाग v. s. To collect; sum up; coagulate, freeze or make ice; congeal, consolidate; to pace in the manege.

जमालगीदा s. m. A purgative nut (Jatropha carcas ; Croton Tiglium).

सनाव s.m. A crowd or multitude; a collection, accumulation, accretion; coagulation.

समावट s.f. Coagulation, agglutination, congelation. consolidation.

अमीनवाद s. m. A bulbous root.

जमीदार s. m. Landlord, land-holder.

लभीदारी s. f. The state of a landholder. स्वसना n. prop. f. The river Jamuna.

जसुषाई s.f. Gaping, yawning. जनीवना v. n. To ascertain.

जनती s. m. dual. Husband and wife.

सनाज s. m. An aquatic plant Vallisneria).

समाजा s. m. A fragrant plant (Pandanus odoratissimus).

क्योर s.m. Common lime (Cityus acids); a plant called by some a sort of basil, with small leaves.

Eugenia jambu).

सम्बंध के m. A jackal; a low man; the the rose apple.

जन रीप s. m. One of the Purant

divisions of the earth, including the whole of Hindustan, and said to be so named from 'the preceding plant abounding in it, and implying according to the Purdas, the central division of the world, or the known world; according to the Bouddhas, it is confined to India.

কাৰ s. m. A fragrant plant (Pondonus odoratissimus); the rose apple. কাৰীৰী s. m. The lime or citron, apparently of more than one species; a plant, considered to be a kind of basil with small leaves.

wa e. m.f. Triumph, promotion, advancement, preferment, conquest, victory, bravo! huzza! all hail! s. m. A kind of mung or bean (Phaseolus mungo).

अयजवकार s. m. Rejoicings, triumph, exultation.

जयजयन्ती s.f. Name of a musical mode. जयदन s.m. A kind of drum.

स्वयंत्र s. m. Shout of victory.

ক্ষম s. m. A plant (Æschynomene sesban); name of a musical mode. ক্ষমী s.f. A tree (Æschynomene ses-

खबनी s.f. A tree (Æschynomene sesban); a flag. a banner.

स्रवयत्र s. m. Reenrd of victory or triumph; in law, the sealed and written award of the judge in favor of either party.

জ্বদাল s. m. A king, a sovereign; (it is also the appellation of several celebrated Hindu princes); a tree (Croton Tiglium).

অবদাশ s. f. A necklace or garland of জ্বদাশ s. m. The royal elephane.

ज्ञवनस्य व ज्ञवनान ज्ञवनस्य ज्ञवनान

adj. Victorious.

ज्ञयमाल s. f. Necklace or garland of victory.

जयमद s. m. A shout or song of victory, or the exclamation Jay Jay.

जया adj. Able to conquer, victorious, जर s. f. A fever.

जरक्रह s. m. A kind of water-fowl, जरजर Old, decayed,

সংসং Old, decayed.

জাতা adj. Hard, solid; hardhearted, cruel, harsh; old, decayed, infirm. s. m. Decripitude.

জংৰ s. m. Cumin-seed; a plant, yielding a pungent seed (Niyella indica); old age, becoming old and infirm.

जारन adj. Old, ancient, advanced in years ; infirm, decayed.

जरती s.f. An old woman.

जरन s. f. Burning.

जरना v. n. To burn.

जरम् adv. Root and branch, entirely. जरा s.f. Decrepitude, the general relaxation and debility consequent upon old age, or old age itself; a tree (Mimuseps kauki); a female demon.

जरांब s. m. Paroxysm of a fever. करावर adj. Infirm, decrepid, debilit-

ated, old.

जराना v. s. To burn, kindle, inflame, light, make jealous.

wrigs. m. The womb, the uterus.

জান্তেজ odj. Viviparous, born from the womb, as man and other animals.

কালেৰ s.m. A proper name; a celebrated king and warrior, sovereign of Magadh, father-in-law to Kons, and foe to Krishna; he is said to have been slain in single combat by Bhim.

were with a s. m. Bhimsen, the third of the Pandu princes.

जरीर s.f. A sort of wooden dart with

an iron point. Jarib cholina. To throw the jarib. [old age. 344 s. m. Skinniness, flesh flaccid with

कैन

জন s. m. Indra's banner or emblem; an aquatic plant (Vallisneris). adj. Old. infirm.

जिन्दीका adj. Rugged, perforated, full of holes; old, decayed.

जर्भ alj. Old, decayed.

জালিত s. m. Sesamum, growing wild. লব s. m. Water; frigidity (moral,

mental or physical). adj. Cold, stupid, apathetic, idiotic.

जलपत्ति s. m. A water-bee.

जनस्य s.m. An aquatic plant (Trapa bispinosa); a crocodile,

জনক্মি s.m. The gangetic porpoise or water-ape.

জাৰনাৰ s. m. The diver or water-crow. জাৰনায় s. m. An elephant.

জার্থনৈতে s.m. A shark, or according to some, a large alligator (who moves preeminently among the watery herds).

জনকুৰ s. m. A water-hen, a diver. জনকুৰ হী s. f. The black-headed gull.

अनकुनाच s. m. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria).

कत्रको s. f. A water-plant.

जनक्षो s.f. A whirlpool; a pond, a pool; a spring, a well.

जलक्षं s. m. The gangetic porpoise. जलक्षं s. m. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria).

ৰাজনীয়া s. f. Sporting, or gamboling in the water, bathing for pleasure or amusement.

कलगुज s.m. A whirlpool; a turtle, a tortoise; a piece of water, a lake.

mant adj. Aquatic, moving or going in water (an animal).

अवन s, m. A fish ; a lotus ; a shell

ৰৰ্মাণ 3. m. A fish, or any marine, aquatic, or amphibious animal. কণ্ডবাৰ s. f. A leech.

जनजा adj. Indignant, outrageous.

जावजाना v. n. To be indignant.

জনজনায়ত s. f. Indignation, rage, passion, anger.

জৰজা s. f. A plant, said to be a sort of Bassia growing in or near water.
adj. Water-born, aquatic.

সলসাৰ s. m. A boat.

जन्मदिल s. m. A bivalve shell.

जनतर्ग s. m. The musical glasses, or harmonicon; playing on glasses or china bowls by rubbing the edges; a brass vessel in which water is put and the edges are beaten with two sticks.

जलतंजी s.f. Name of a musical instrument.

লব্যন s. m. Ground half covered with water, marshy ground.

লগৰ s.m. A cloud; a fragrant grass (Cyderus rotundus).

জনহামন s.m. The Sal tree (Shorea robusta).

जन्म s.m. A cloud; the ocean; a grass (Cyperus rotundus).

अवधारा s.f. A steam or current of water,

जनधि s.m. The ocean.

জালন s. m. Burning, heat, inflammation; passion, vexation. জাৰবজুৰ s. m. An otter.

লভাৰতি s.f. The two hands full of water met., abandonment. Jalánjali karna, To give up a practice.

जनमा v. d. To burn, to be burnt, to be kindled (met.) To get into a passion, to be enraged, to rage, Jal uthna, To break out (as fire). Jal pakes, To be in a passion, to rage. Jal highna, To brand, to burn to ashes. Jale par non lagana, (lit. to throw salt on a burn). To triumph over insult.

ध्वनिधि s.m. The ocean.

আপাদিইন s. m. A drain, a water course, a pipe along a wall or building for carrying off water-fall, the descent of a spring, &c. [niera).

अननीम s. m. A drug (Herpestes mon-अननीमो s.f. Vollisnerio).

अन्तर s. m. The dropsy.

जनपद्धी s. f. Water-fowl.

नवपनि s. m. Varun, the mythological deity presiding over the watery element, the Hindu Neptune.

अवगरे s.f. An olive ; the Elaocarpus serratus.

नजपान s.m. Drinking (of water), eating, taking light food between meals, a luncheon.

अविष्यको s.f. An aquatic plant (Commelina salicifolia, &c.)

जनपृष्ठजा s.f. An aquatic plant (Pislia stratiotes).

जनप्रिय s. m. The chatak (Cuculus melanoleucos); n fish.

जनसभा s. m. A dam, a dike, rocks or stones impeding a current.

जलवन s.m. A fish.

अवस्य part. Burnt up or consumed with fire.

जनवरी s.f. Swimming, striking with the arms and legs in water.

जनवृद्ध s. m. A bubble of water.

जनमा s. f. A kind of potherb (Hilancha repens).

नलस् s. m. A cloud; an aquatic plant (Commelina salicifolis or bengalensis), जनभीरा s. m. A water-bee. जनमब s. m. A deluge, flood inundation.

नवनचित्र ...f. A water insect.

जनसाम इ. क. A waterman, a mermaid. जनसाम इ. क. A drain or issue from a pond.

जलमाजार s. m. An otter.

লক্ষি s. m. Shiv, of whom one form is water, implying his omnipresence.
লক্ষ s. m. A water-work, a machine for raising water &c. any contri-

for raising water &c., any contrivance connected with that element.

সভ্যক্ষাত্ত s. m. A house or fabric erected in the midst of water, or subterraneous apartments constructed in the bank of a river, for retiring to in the hot season; a summer-house, &c. লভ্যাৰ s. m. A hoat.

जनवान s. m. A boat. जनवान s, m. A whirlpool.

नतरह s. m. A kind of crane, feeding or small fish chiefly, and therefore haunting swamps &c.

नवर s. m. A gallinule.

जलविद्वाल s. m. An otter.

লবায় s. m. The Vak, a kind of crane. লবাবা s.f. A wave, a billow.

का त्रलाविक है s.m. The Hilsa or Sable का त्रताव है fish (Clupea alosa). . . जलवाना v. a. To cause to burn.

স্বাৰ্থ s. m. The autumnal Equinox, the moment of the Sun's entering Librs, occurring near the close of the annual rains.

লধ্রথিক s. m. A. prawn or shrimp (water-scorpion). [pike. সৰ্বাধ s. m. A. kind of fish, a sort of সল্বীষ্ s. m. A. burner.

ৰাষ্ট্ৰ a.m. Vishau, who is supposed to sleep, borne by his serpent couch above the ocean, during the four months of the periodical rains in India. [waters.

जनसर् s. m. Vishns, as sleeping on the जनस्मि s. m. A fish, a sort of pike (Esox scolopax) the gangetic porpoise ; an aquatic plant (Trapa bis- | जलेवी s. f. A kind of sweetmeat. pinosa). s.f. A leech,

जनसन s f. The guinea-worm (Filaria medinensis 1.

जानां की 8. f. Sleeping in water by way of mortification; a fish.

जवह x. m. A small water (or summer) house.

जनहास s.m. Cuttle fish bone, considered as the indurated foam of the sea. जला s. m. A lake, जनाबार s. m. Appearance or semblance

লভাৰ s. m. An otter or water-cat.

লবাস্থল s. m. A natural water-course or channel; a plant (Vollisneria).

লভাষা ে s. m. A pond, a lake, a reservoir, any piece of water.

जाबाना v. c. To burn, kindle, inflame. fire, light, make jealous.

जवावला है adj. Fretful, passionate, hot-जवासुना (tempered ; scorched.

जसामय adj. Full of water, wet.

खनानिका s. f. A well.

जानाचींब s. m. The rainy season ; sea of fresh water; an inundation, a flood, a deluge.

काषाड़ा ady. Wet, charged with aqueous moisture.

जलाजुका है s.f. A leech.

खलावन s.f. Firewood.

जलाम्य इ. m. A pond, a tank, a lake, a reservoir, or any piece of water; the ocean : a fragrant grass (Andropagon muricatum). adj. Stopid ; dull, cold, apathetic.

अविकारे s. f. A leech. अध्यक्ता ∫

afaut s. m. A fisherman.

अलेक्स s.f. A plant (Heliotropium indicum).

many s. m. Submarine fire.

अधिकर s. m. The mythological deity of water, Varun : the ocean.

जलीका s. f. A leech...

जिली कांच s. m. A drain or channel, made on purpose for carrying off an excess of water, or such a channel made naturally by the overflow of a river. &c.

अविश्वद ६. m. Dropsy.

जलीरगी) चलीकस s.f. A lecch. সজীকা∙)

wer s. m. Dissenison, wrangling: prate. babble.

जलाक adj. A chatterer, talking much and foolishly or improperly.

अव s. m. Barley. Jow jow hisab lena, To take a strict account, the mark between the joints of the finger. अपवती s. ∫. Mace.

आवन s.f. A courser, a fleet horse ; a country, Ionia or Greece : a Greek or Mahomedan.

जवा s. m. Mark in the joints of the fingers ; a flower, the Chinarrose (Hibiscus rosa sinensis); a clove of garlic, a kind of stitch in needle-work. Jaweder, Served in a particular manner.

साई s. m. A son-in-law.

जनापून A kind of eating fruit. जवाद्वार s. m. Impure salt-petre.

কাৰত s.m. The young shoots of barlev presented by Brahmans to their disciples at the feast of Noaratr. .

eraryer s. m. The China rose, the plant or its flower.

Tart s. m. The rise or flow of the tide जवारा s. m. Indian corn.

अवासा s. m. Grain mixed with barley as food for cattle.

warm s. f. Mixed wheat.

equet s. m. A prickly bush of which tattis are made, and with is eaten by eamels (Hedusarum athagi).

K

an s. m. Name, character, celebrity, reputation, fame, renown, luck Jasapies, s. m. Good and evil, or the favourable and unfavourble traits of one's character.

असपव रे adj. Reputable, renowned.

adj. Famous, illustrious, renowned, celebrated.

जस है s.m. Pewter.

and adv. Where, in which place, which place. Jahan tahan, Here and there, every where. Jahan ka tahan, Everywhere, in the same place as before. Jahan jahan, adv. Wherever. Jahan kahin, adv. Wherever, Johan tak, . adv. As far as Jahan-se, Whence, from which place. Jahan-tahan phirna, To straggle, to wander.

adv. Wherever.

arvi s. f. A plant, the flowers of which resemble those of the kadamb.

कड़ नक s. m. The period of the total destruction of the world.

₹ 2. m. The name of a king or saint. जहतन्या s. f. The Ganges ; the river in its course is said to have disturbed the devotions of the saint Jahnu. upon which he drank up its water; having released them at the intercession of the gods, he is thus considered the parent of the stream,

en pron. sing. Whom, what, which, any one.

wit adj. f. Born. s.f. A daughter.

for a thing purchased, while it is ourried away to be finally approved.

जांतर s. m. The thigh and leg. जांगर s. f. Strength, power.

जांगरे adv. With force, powerfully, loudly.

जांच s. f. The thigh. (indice). जांचल s. m. A kind of heron. (Ardea जाचिया s. m. A kind of breeches that do

not cover the thigh. লাৰ s. m. Trial, examination, test, as-

say, proof. জাৰনা v. a. To examine, enquire into,

ascertain, try, prove, assay. win s.f. A wooden trough for raising

water. जीता s. f. A stone-mill for grinding

corn, a handmill of two stones, one over the other; a pair of bellows.

mas s, m. Money (or other pledge) left for a thing purchased, while it is carried away to be finally approved.

आव s. m. A religious, sacrifice, vigils, जागृत s.f. Watchfulness, waking.

आगतीज्यीति ad), Possessed of or exerting miraculous powers.

आगना v.n. To awake, to be awake, to जागरण s.f. Vigil, wakefulness, keeping watch, sitting up at night (in a religious ceremony or prayers), vespers,

कागिकि s. f. Waking, vigilance.

जागह s. f. Place.

जागा s. m. A cast of Hindus. जानावंदी s. f. Drowsiness, sleepiness,

जाग adj. Wakeful, watchful. TITE s. m. The francoline partridge.

जाकृषी adj. Rural, picturesque, diversified with hill, vale, wood, and water (country); wild, jangli, barbarous, savage, s. f. Cowach (Carpopogan pruriens).

wire s. m. Poison, venom,

जापनि ? s. m. A snake-catcher, a লাকত s. f. Money (or other pledge) left | লাক নিক } dealer in antidotes, a

snake doctor, one who pretends नामपांत s. J. Pedigree. chiefly by charms to cure the bite of snakes or other venemous animals.

जाक बी s. f. Knowledge of poisons, the possession of charms or drugs, and employment of them as antidotes; a potherb (Luffa acutangula).

काचन s. m. A. suitor, a solicitor, a candidate, a beggar, a person who goes about singing for charity, a petitioner, one who asks or solicits.

जावना v. a. To want, need, require, implore, solicit, ask, beg,

जानन s. m. Brahman who presides at the performance of a religious ceremony, an officiating priest; a player on cymbals or on the tabour.

जाजम s.f. A. cloth thrown over the carnet to sit on.

WIZ s. m. A tribe of Rajents.

जारित s. m. f. A plant (Bignonia suaveolens).

wiz s. m. The axis of an oil or sugar mill which presses the grain or the canes; a post placed by Hindus in the centre of a tank to mark its being dedicated.

नाड s. m. The gums (of the teeth). जाहा s. m. Cold, coldness ; the winter. जाडी s.f. A row of teeth.

errer s. m. Coldness, apathy : folly. stanidity, dullness of intellect : coldness, frigidity,

जान adj. Born, produced, engendered ; a child, offspring. s. m. Kind, sort, class, species, cast, sect, tribe, race : birth, production.

सात्त s. m. A mendicant ; astrological calculation of a nativity.

खातकर्म s. m. A sacrificial ceremony directed to be performed at the birth of a child.

जाति s. f. Kind, sort, species, class, tribe : birth. production : lineage. race, family.

जातिसवध s.m. Specific or generic distinction or characteristic; mark of rtibe or caste.

ज्ञानिसमान s. m. Specific or generic claracter or nature.

जातिहीन adj. Outcaste, void of caste. जाती s. f. Great-flowered jasmin (Jasminum granditlorum) : mace, nutmeg. जातीपथी s. f. Mace.

जातीपल s. m. Nutmeg.

जासीरस s. m. Gum-mvrrb.

जाय adj. Well-born, of good family. जासम adı. Born blind.

mia s.f. A moment (generally imploy-(ing a fortunate moment); pilgrimage; departure, march, journey; procession, a festival.

s. m. A pilgrim.

जादद s. m. The lineage of Krishna, one of that race.

जान s. m. A. conjurer, an astrologer. part. Knowing adj. Wise, intelligent, Janbuihkar, adv. Knowingly, wilfully, purposely,

जानत adi. Knowing, understanding. जानना v. a. To know, to understand, to

comprehend, to suppose, to trust. जानना v. a. To know, understand, to comprehend, to suppose.

जानपद्यान s. m. An acquaintance, an intimate friend,

जानवक्षके adv. Knowingly, wilfully, purposely.

जानहार adj. Going, passing away.

जाना v. n. To go, be, pass, reach, continue, Jata-rohna, To be lost, missing, to die, disappear, vanish, gd AWRY, PASS AWRY.

and s. m. The knee.

साह्यसम्ब s. m. The kneepan or patella. साह्यस्य s. f. The knee joint.

आने अनजाने adv. Wittingly or unwittingly.

आने देना v. a. To liberate, let go; to excuse, pass over (as a fruit). Janedo. Never mind, let alone, dou't.

जानी v. n. To go; understand, suppose; that is, videlicet, to wit.

ena v. a. To know, understand comprehend, suppose, believe. deem, think, fancy, conceive, judge, account, esteem, to trust.

খাৰ s. m. Repeating inaudibly passages from the shosters, charms, names of a deity silent meditation, mattering of prayers, counting silently one's beads. আৰম্ভ s. m. One who counts his

beads, or recites passage of the Veds, prayers, &c., inaudily.

आप s. m. Muzzle for large cattle ; on net for fruit ; a cort of grass.

जाबी s. f. Muzzle for small cattle.

jamboe, &c.); the eighth part of a day, watch of three hours.

ভাদৰ s.f. A fruit and tree so called (Calyptranthes caryodhyllifohia; Eugenia Jambolaua). s.m. Sour milk, used to coagulate fresh milk, runnet, eongulator.

आसनी adj. Grecias, Mahomedan, or their language, क्र [husband, जानावा e.m. Son-in-law, daughter's muster: a.m. A daughter's busband, a son-in-law; a husband, a lord or master; 'the sun-flower (Helianthus anivas)

आमिनी ह. f. Night.

आभी s.f. A virtuous and repectable woman; a sister.

জ্ঞানৰ s. m. The rose-apple, the fruit. লাম্বল s. m. A fabulous bear, fatherin-law to Krishna.

आक्षां s. f. The wife of Krishna, daughter of the bear.

जासदान s. m. Name of a bear, who assisted Ram.

জাব্যনী s. f. Mace. [chala. জাব্যন s. m. Nutmeg (myristica mos-জাব্য s. f. A wife, one wedded according to the perfect ritual, adj. m. Born. s. m. A son.

जायापती s. m. dual, Husband and wife. जार s. m. A paramour, a gallant; virulence.

of a woman by her gallant.

कारन s. m. Firewood, fuel.

जारना e. a. To light, kindle, burn, inflame. [light. जारनी e. a. To burn, kindle, inflame, जारल s. m. A kind of wood (Lagerstra-

mia flos regina).

जाज s.m. A net; a sash; a window, a lattice, an eyelet, or loophole; magik, conjuring, illusion, supernatural deception. Jáldar. adj. Reticulated. Jal-lakri, s.f. Valerian.

সাল্য s. m. A country situated in the north-west of India, apparently part of Luhors, and perhaps the medern Jallindhor. [dhor.

জাজন্য adj. An inhabitant of Jalan-জাজা s. m. Cobweb, a pellicle; a jar; a speek on the eye, a cataract

जारिक s. m. A spider ; 2 fisherman ; 3 hunter using nets.

কালিকী adj. A cheat, a rogue, a vngabond, a conjurer, or juggler; one who employs nets, &c., for a livelihood. লাৰিনী & f. A painting room. (juror. লাৰিনা & f. A painting room. a conলালী adj. Illusory, deceptive. n. f. Network; the integument in which a
foctus is enveloped; a coil; a caul;
a lattice, grate, trellis-work. Jdii
parna, Expresses the hardening of
the stone of a mango.

जास s. m. A low man, one of a degraded tribe or business. adj. Cruel, harsh, severe; inconsiderate, rash, acting without thinking.

वारक ह. m. The red colour procured from the lakh insect.

जाननी } s.f. Mace (the spice so call-जानि } ed.

भावनी भाषा s.f. The language of the Greeks or of the Mahomedans.

जादो बर्लु. Twins.

नास् pron. From or of whom.

Tiff pron. rel. sing. In the dative case, to whomsoever.

जारी s.f. A flower (Jasminum grandiflorum); a fire-work resembling that flower.

जिमिनिगिया adj. Fawning.

श्चिम जिमो s.f. An exclamation expressive of surprise and pleasure. Jigjigi karna, v. a. To fawn.

জিনীয়া s. f. Emulation, wish to excel or overcome. [jith).

জিলি s. f. Bengal madder (Rubis man-জিলিয়া s. f. A sister, a dug, a breast. ভিতৰালা s. f. Asking, inquiring.

खिठानी s. f. Husband's elder brother's wife.

face odv. Where.

चित्रकोध adj. Of subdued passion, not to be provoked or made angry.

জিলনা) adj. How much, so much, as sman, Jitnemen, In as much (time) as.

जिता }, adj. As much as, as many as,

জিনামা adj. Self-subdued, void of passion. [quer.

जिलाना v. a. To cause to win or con-

जितेन्द्रिय } s.m. An ascetic, a sage, जितेन्द्री } one who has completely subdued his passions.

जिसेन्दियसा s. f. Continence, subjugation of the senses or passions. [ses. जितेन्द्रिया adj. Having subdued the sen-

जिला adj. Couquerable, vincible. जिलारी adj. Victorious, triumphant.

s. m. The city of Benares.

faut adv. Where, wherever, whither, there, Jidhar tidhar, adv. Whither, here and there; every where.

for pron. rel. inflec. pl. Whom, what, which. A negative particle, No. not. A prohibitive particle, Don't s. m. A jin, the generic name of the personage peculiar to the Jyn sect. who is ranked by them as superior to the gods of the other sects; a saint and teacher; twenty-four Jins are supposed to flourish in an Uvasarpi, or dyn age, and their writers enumerrate those of the ages past, present, and to come; a Buddh, a generic term applied to the chief saints of the Buddh sect, in the same manner as to those of the Jyns.

SHITT A. Abusive, foul-tongued,

জিল conj. Like, as, in such manner as. জিলালা v. a. To feed, to entertain.

ferent s. m. Life, soul. adj. (met).
Beloved,

small v. a. To give life, to vivify, recover any thing almost dead; to foster, to patronize; to cause to live. লিখুলা ৈ s. m. Life, soul, sweet-heart, জিলে ৈ beloved; annual wages to washermen and others.

जियीठ adj. Brave, courageous.

লিখালা ৩.৫. To give life to; to vivify, animate, recover any thing almost dead: to foster, patronize.

जियाना v. a. To feed, to entertain; to give life, to vivify, recover any thing almost dead; to cause to live; to foster, to patronize.

fww pron. rel. sing. That, what, who, whom. which, any one, Jis-tis, Whomever, whatever, some or other. Jis-jit, Whichever. each of which Jis jagah, adv. Where, wherever, Jis dam, adv. When, while, whilst. Jis tarali, adv. What fashion or manner. (in) what manner, according to, as Jis tarel, atv. Wherever, Jis-kadr, adv. To what degee, as, as much as, whatever, whatsoover. Jis-kis ka, of whomever, whosesoever. Jis-kis ka, To whomever.

জিছি infl. pron That, what, who, whom. জিলা s. f. The tongue.

जिज्ञास्ल s. m. The fir of the tongue, जिज्ञासाद s. m. Licking, lapping.

A. m. Life, soul, self, spirit, mind. Ji uhdna, To withdraw one's friendship or desire. Ji bura karna, To vomit, to have a nausea; to be displeased. Ji barhdna, To be moderately desirons Ji bithar, to. n. To faint. Ji bharjana, To be a sease and contented Ji ajana, To have the mind suddenly fixed (on any thing). Ji bharjana, To en touched with compassion or seized with grief. Ji bahlana, To amuse one's self, to dissipana are reflection. Ji pana, To understand one's temper; to be highly

pleased; to escape from misfortune. di pani karna, To harass, to tease, to plague, to perplex. Ji par kisi-ke chalna, To obey, Ji par khelna, To risk one's life, to run the hazard. Ji pasijna, or,-pighalna, or,-pighal jana, To be compassionate, to feel affection, Ji pakra jana, To be sorry. Ji phat jana, To be broken-hearted-Ji phir jana, To be contented; to be satiated or disgusted Jijalana, To befriend; to plague, to perplex. Ji inlag. To be vexed or troubled in mind. Ji chahna, To desire. Ji chhipana, or, -churana, To do a work carelessly or lazily, to neglect. Ji chalana, To act bravely. Ji chalna, to desire. Ji-dán. Granting life, pardoning a capital crime, permission. Ji dan karne, Te grant life, to pardon a capital crime. Ji dharakna, To have a palpitation of the heart. Ji dub jana, To faint. Ji rakhna. To be easily pleased, to please. Je se utar jana, To sink in the opinion of another; to be brokenhearted. Ji se márna. To kill. Ji karna, or,-hona, To desire, to wish for. Ji khol ke kuchh karna, To do with pleasure or cheerfully. Ji ki aman mangni, To preface a discourse with excuse. Ji ke badal ji dens, To take up the cause of another. Ji ghat jana, To detest. Ji laga a, To excite desire or lovet to place or fix the mind. Ji lagna, To contract, affection for any person or thing, 'to hanker after. Ji lena, To penetrate one's thoughts; to excite one's desire; to kill, Ji marna, To mortify one's desire, to displease. Ji milana, To contract friendship. Ji-men and, To come into the mind, to occur to the

at ?

recollection. Jimen jal jana, To be tormented with envy or jealousy. Jimen ji ana, To be comforted. Jimen ghar karna, To be pleasant, agreeable or acceptable. Ji nikalna, To die; to desire or love excessively: to fear exceedingly. Ji karna, To be discouraged, to be depressed from fear, to be spiritless. Ji hat jana, To detest.

की adv. Yes. s. m. Sir, master, madam. जोका s. m. Pension, livelihood.

जोड़ राना v. n. To corrugate, to wrinkle. जीन s.f. Winning, victory.

जीतना v. s. To win, conquer, overcome, beat.

जीतन s. m. Life, existence.

जीतवन्त है है. m. A winner.

जीता adj. Alive, living : over, more, above. Jiteji, adj. Alive, living.

भौतिया s.f. Name of a Hindu fast observed by women, who have lost several children, to preserve the remainder.

ज्जीत् s.m. A winner.

जोधर adv. Where. wherever, there.

जोन s. m. An old man.

स्तीना v. n. To live. s. m. Living.

with s.f. The tongue. Jibh barhana, To be loquacious and abusive; to pursue pleasures beyond one's reach Jibh pakarna, To silence; to interrupt one's discourse; to criticise minutely Jibh jhukana, To pretend to wealth falsely. Jibh cháina, to long after of covet unttainable enjoyment. Jibh chalana, To boast beyond one's ablitudana, To boast beyond one's ablitudana, To boast beyond one's ablitudana, To speak with reserve. Jibh katna, To forbid by signs; to grant the request of a petitioner; to be struck with

terror or astonishment. Jibh nikalna, To be extremely fatigued or thirsty. जोमारा adj. Plain-spoken, loquacious. जोमी s.m. An instrument for cleaning the tongue; a bit of a bridle,

जीमना v. a. To eat.

जीनार adj. Capital (as a crime); mortifying one's desires.

जीरक s. m. Cumin-seed.

जौरन adj. Old, decayed ; digested.

नोरा s. m. Cumin-seed. [cient, नोष s. m. An old man. ali, Old, an-

লীৰ্ঘ s. m. An old man. aij. Old, anwithered, decayed; digested.

जीर्चना s. f. Old age ; infirmity, decay. जीर्चनस्त s. m. Old, worn, or tattered raiment.

সাধীননৰ s.m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus). [digestion. সাধি s.f. Old age, infirmity, decay; সাধা s.f. A high note or tone in singing or music opposite to the bass, the treble.

and s. m. Animated being, nnimal; life, existence; the sentient soul, the emanation of the deity which, it is believed, is incorporated with the animal body, and gives it life, motion, and sensation, hence also called Jivatman: it is opposed to that abstract state of the soul Parmatman, in which, by meditating upon its own divine nature and origin, the spirit is supposed to be set at liberty from human feelings and passions.

जीव s. m. A sweet heart, a lover. interj. Bravo !

लोबस s. m. A tree (Pentaptera tomentosa); a medicinal plant, considered as one of the eight principal drugs, classed together under the name Unitwary; an naimal, any being oudowed with life. श्रीवगर } adj. Resolute, bold, brave,

চীৰদীৰ s. m. A kind of bird, supposed to be a sort of pheasant.

লীৰদ্বীৰ s. m. A kind of bird, supposed to be a pheasant; the Chakor or Greek partridge.

লীবড়া s.m. The soul, life; a sweetlocart, beloved; annual wages to washermen and others. [rions. লীবন part. Living, alive. adj. Victo-

होतिया s.f. A Hindu fast observed by women who have lost several children to preserve the remainder.

जीवनोका s.f. A woman whose children are living. [alive.

জীবঘনি s.f. A wife whose husband is জীবঘন s. m. Living property, live stock, wealth in flock and herds.

नीवन s. m. Life, existence; livelihood, living, profession; water; a son.

कोश्नम् s.f. Root of life, any thing that gives or restores life.

जीवनी s. f. Jasmin.

कोरनीपाय s.m. Livelihood, means of subsitence. [dead. कोरनीपध s.m. A drug to revive the

चीवन ady. Alive, living, existent.

नीवनिका s.m. A fowler, a bird-catcher. जीवनिका s.m. A parasite plant (Epid-

কাৰাবন্ধা s. m. A parasite plant (Epidendron tesseloides, and other species);
a plant Menispermum glabrum).

নীমনী s.f. A tree (Celtis orientalis); a plant (Menispermum glabrum); the Sam or Saen tree (Mimosa albida); yellow myrobalan (Terminalia chebula),

कीयपुत्रक s. ms A plant bearing seeds which are used in rosaries.

श्लीवसन्दिर s. m. The body.

स्त्रीयसार adj. Capital, (as a crime); mortifying (one's desires). [spring. स्त्रीयस s.f. The mother of living offজীবজাল s. m. A joint, an articulation. জীবার s. m. A drug for re-animating the dead; life, existence.

जीवाधार s. m. The earth.

জীবান্ধা s. m. The vital principle, or spirit; that spiritual essence which renders bodies susceptible of motion or sensation.

जोबानक s. m. A fowler, a bird-catcher. नीदिका s. f. Livelihood, profession or occupation, by which a subsistence is obtained; pension.

जीविन s. m. Living. life, existence.

स्नीवितकाल s. m. Period or duration of life, a life.

जीविता anj. Living, alive, existent.

जोतिय s. m. A name of Yam, regent of death; a lover, a husband; lord or master of existence; a drug to revive the dead.

लीदितेषा adj. Ruling life, master of being (applicable to objects either of reverence or offection).

जोबी adj. Alive, living, animate, a living being.

नीहारना v. n. To be discouraged, to be depressed from fear, to be spiritless.

जुन s.f. Emotion, impulse; a volume containing several books.

ষ্ট্য s. m. One of the four great Hindu periods; a term used in the game of chouser; a pair. Jugamnjug, Ages of ages, from age to age, for ages, Jugjug, adv. Constantly, ēternally. Jug phorna, or,—phutna, To cause a difference between friends, to fall out. पुषस s. f. Address, dexterity, contrivance, counsel, wit, a pun, art Jugat bolna, To pun. Jugatbasi, Punster, quibbler. Jugatbasi, e. f. A quibble, pun, witticism, economy,

जुगती adj. Artful, clover, cunning, eco- | नुदा ह. m., Twins. nomical, facetious, punning.

जुगनी s. f. Fire-fly, glow-worm; ornament worn round the neck.

जुनम् s. m. The fire-fly (Lumpyris); a jewel worn about the neck,

ady. Two, a pair, brace, couple.

ज्या v. n. To be careful of, to keep with care ; to lend labour, i. c. To assist another in his work in expectation of similar assistance being returned hereafter.

भुगाल adj. Two. जुनाचना v. a. To chew the cud.

जगाली s. f. The end. जगमन s. m.) Censure, abuse, reproach.

ज्ञगुप्ता s. f. reviling. जुगिमान वर्ता. Consured, abused, reproach-

ed, reviled. जह s. m. f. A. potherb (Convolvulus

argenteus). fabandoned. निक्त adj. Outcast, deserted, injured, जुम s. m. An engagement, a battle.

लुकाड बाजना v. a. To sound warlike instruments in battle.

जुटक s. m. f. The matted hair of Shin or of ascetics; any knot or tillet of

जुटना v. n. To close with, to engage in close fight, to unite, toclose, to join (as the edges of a wound), to etay, wait.

जुटाना v. a. To conglutinate.

जडमा v. a. To be joined.

जुड्डा s. m. Twins.

जुड़ाई s. f. The price of joining, mending, &c.

ज्ञाहाना v. a. To cause to join, to cause to couple, to get mended; to tear the hair in token of grief and vexation,

ज्ञ (in compos.) With, connected with, united with, joined to, as, Dharmajut, ady. Virtuous.

जतवाना v. a. To cause to join or yoke. ज्ञाई adj. Arable. s. f. Tillage. Jutana, v. n. To be joined, to yoke ; to be tilled.

जितियाना v. n. To beat with a slipper.

जह s. m. Battle, war, fight. जन 8. m. Time.

जन्हरी s. f. A kind of grain. जनहाई s. f. The moonlight,

जनहार s. m. A kind of grain, (comprising many species, of which Indian

coin is one). जुन्हें वा ड. ∫. The moonlight.

ज्यती s. f. A young woman, damsel.

जबा adj. Young. जरना v.n. To be procured or obtained.

to come to hand, to be joined. अपर्ने v. n. To unite, to be joined.

न्य देना v. n. To procure.

जरना v. n. To be comforted or pacified. v. a. To procure.

जगायन adj. Procurable, Jurao, s. m. Procurement.

जन्म s. f. A wife.

ज्ञ s. m. Deceit, cheating, a trick, Julboz, s, m. A knave, a cheat.

जनाचा s. m. गुनाहिन s. f. } A weaver.

जाती s.f. A young woman, a damsel. जनराज s. m. A king's son, the heir-aparent, one appointed to the empire.

जदा adj. Young, juvenile. s. m. A. yoke, a young man or one of the virile age, or from sixteen to seventy. जवार s. m. Large maize.

जाबारी s. m. A gambler; a thread stretched over the bridge of a musical instrument beneath the cords, whereby the sound is said to improve.

स्त्रवेत s. m. The water of boiled pulse. pease soup, porfidge, &c.

The crumbs or remnants of a meal, or its leavings.

wer adj. Served, obliged, worshipped, gratified by service.

जहार s. f. Hindu salutation, obeisance.

ज adv. Lord! master! sir! जभा s. m. A yoke ; a die, dice, a gaming, gambling. Jus khelna, To gam-

ble. Juakhana, A gambling-house. ज्ञार s. m. A yoke.

क्रमारी s.m. A gambler ; a thread stretched over the bridge of a musical instrument beneath the cords, where by the sound is said to improve.

Si s. f. A louse. Jun-munha, adj. Smooth-faced, hypocritical.

जगत s. f. Manner, mode ; skill, cleverness; a pun, or double meaning. Jugathaz, A punster, or rather one who is fond of uttering double meanings.

आभागा v. n. To fight, to be killed in battle. Juih marna, To die fighting. To s. m. The matted hair of Shiv ; the clotted hair of an ascetic,

adj. Cold. s. m. Coldness, the cold. आड़ा s. m. Cold ; the hair done up in a knot behind, the hinder part of a turband.

famous. जुड़ी s. f. An ague. जनकोरा adj. Beaten with slippers ; in-असा s. m. A slipper.

अती s, f. A shoe. Juti-khor, adj. Beaten with slip, ers; mean, abject. Juti pyzar. s. f. Scuffle. Juti-kari, s. f. Act of beating with slippers.

जूच s. m. A band, a company, flock, herd.

क्ष s. m. A multitude of birds or beasts.

जन s. m. Time.

अनग s. m. A rope of grass; a ring of twisted grass laid under a roundbottomed jar to prevent it from oversetting.

जारा 8. m. A yoke.

जन s. m. Guile.

जाब & s. m. The water, of boiled pulse. ज्ये 🕻 pease soup, porridge, broth &c., जुइ s. m. A yoke.

ज़र s. m. Pits filled with water at the bottom of mountains.

जही s. f. Jasmine (Jasminum auriculatum).

जन्मा s. f. Gaping, yawning.

जन्मिनी s. f. A kind of mimosa (Mimosa octandra).

ज pron. Who, which, what.

Bes. f. A heap.

जेठ s.m. Husband's elder brother, name of the second Hindu month (May June). adj. Older, first-born. नेहरा adj. Elder, first-born ; husband's elder brother. '

जेठा adj. m. Elder, first-born ; the first and strongest tipt obtained from the kusum flower (Carthamus tinctorius). जिटानी s.f. The wife of a husband's

elder brother.

जेडीनघ s. m. Liquorice (Glycirrhiza glabra). fson. जेडीत s. m. Husband's elder brother's

जीता adj. As much as, so much. Jeta-ki, adv. Though, although.

जेनिक adj. As many, as much.

तेषु s.f. A pocket. Jeb-katra, s. m. A pick pocket.

नेवा adj. Conquerable, fit or subject to be conquered.

of s. m. The membrane in which the

fætus is enveloped, the after-birth, secundines.

- केस s. m. A string or line of captives chained together, a string of buckets passed over the Persian wheel.
- केवडा s. m. A cord, a string.
- जिनही s.f. A string, a cord, a worm. जिन्ना v. a. To eat.
- जेवनार s.f. A treat, feast, entertainment, banquet.
- जेवरी s.f. A cord, a string.
- जेट alj. Eldest, chief.
- জন্ত s. m. Husband's elder brother. name of the second Hindu month (June-July). adj. Older, first-born. জন্তা s.f. One of the lunar mansion (the eighteenth).
- with s. f. A pile of pots filled with water and placed one over the other in order to be carried on the head; a ceremony preparative to marriage, in which pots filled with water are piled over one another, the whole is crowned with a bowl of sharbat, and the friends watch by it during the night. [ment.

बेहर s. f. The name of a female orna-जै adj. As much as.

a s. m. f. Triumph, promotion, advancement, preferment, conquest, victory, bravo | huzza | all hail | Jujykar, s. m. Rejoicings, triumph, exultation. Jujykar karna, To huzza, shout. Jymald, s. f. Necklace or garland of victory.

जैजेननी s. f. A musical mode. जैदक s. m. A kind of drum.

केत s. m. A plant (Æschynomene sesban); a musical mode. [queror.

जैतरघ s.m. A hero, a victor, a con-जैता s.m. A conqueror, a victor.

केंबी adj. Yictorious, triumphant.

जेन s. m. A Jyn, a follower of the principles of a Jin, or teacher of heterodox notions, the chief of which are, the supremacy of certain religious pontiffs over the gods of the Hindus, denial of the divine authority of the l'eds, and a disregard of the distinction of castes.

जैपाल s. m. A plant (('rotom Tiglium). जैपर adj. As many times, as often as. नैमान adj. Victorious.

नेनिन s. m. A celebrated saint and philosopher, founder of the uttar mimánsá school.

जै वा adv. or adj. In the mannr wheicli, what-like, as, such as, according as, Jysá chahiya, As may be desired, as it ought, sufficiently. Jysa tysa, As well as, so so. Jysa ks tysa, Precisely the same unaltered. Jysa ki, As though, as if.

नै है o. fut. Will go, will be.

南省 2d pers. pl. fut. ton. of To go.

新 pron. rel. Who, what, which, that, conj. If, that, that which, because. Jojo, Whoever. whatever. Jo chiz, What thing, whatever. Jo kuchk, Whoever. Jo koi, Whoever. Joki, Though, although, whichever.

লীমাৰ s.f. A grain, Indian corn (Sorghum vulgaris). s. m. Flood-tide.

जीचार भाटा s. m. The flood-tide, and obb-tide.

aft adv. As, when. Jon-ton. In some way. Jonton karke, adv. In any way, by some means, somehow or other, as it could be done. Jon karton, As originally, in the same way as it was, as it was, as in reality, unaltered.

जीक s. f. A leech. Jonk lagana, Top apply leeches. Misroll adv. In the same stall. जीकर ada. In any Way.

जोंद्रक s.m. Aloe wood or Agallochum क्योंची adv. In seme way or other.

जीशी adv. As soon as.

some how. जीव s.f. A leech.

जीख s.f. Weight,

नीसना v. a. To weigh.

नीखिन s.f. Risk, venture, peril, danger, achievement, enterprize. Jo! him uthána, To run the hazard, venture, risk.

जोखिमी s. m. A risker.

नोस्तां s. f. Risk, venture.

जीव s. m. Junction, fitting; a fortunate moment, opportunity, occasion ; penance, devotion, intense meditation; certain division of a great circle, measured upon the Ecliptic. adj Possible, capable, fit (in comps. it answers to, able, worthy, &c.).

जीगता s. f. Suitableness, capability ability, fitness.

जीयनी s. f. A class, of female deities supposed to be attendant on the goddess Debi ; (in astrology) spirits governing periods of good and ill lnck.

जी गमाया इ. f. A person's assuming any number of forms of his own body at pleasure; a deceptive power which Jogis are supposed to possess.

जो गां adj. Opportune, fit, proper, able, capaele, adequate, advisable, apposite, applicable.

जीगाध्यास s. m. The life and practice of a जीवन s. f. Female of Jogi.

जीगिनी s. f. A female fiend or spirit, supposed to be attendant on and created by Duryi; (in astrology) spirits governing periods of good and ill luck.

जोगिया s. m. A colour. s. f. A musical mode : a kind of pigeon.

जोगी s. m. A Hindu mendicant, a devotce: a cast of Hindus who are commonly weavers; they do not burn but bury their dead; and the women are sometimes buried alive with their husband's corpse.

जीगेग s. m. A devotee, an adorer.

जोख adj. Accomplished, fit, capable, जीजन s. m. A measure of four cos.

जीट s. m. A fellow, peer, one of a pair. a mate, a match. adj. Equal, even, not odd. Jet bandhana, To pair.

जीड़ s. m. Junction, joint, joining, connexion, conjunction, a patch; a scam, society. Jor denu. To cast up, to add the sum, Jortor, s. m. Contrivance, arrangement, mechanism, joint, joinng. Jorjar, s. m. Savings, collecting by small quantities, scraping together.

जोडती s. f. Calculation, reckoning. जी डन s. m. Solder ; runnet.

जीव्हना v. a. To join, mend, patch; to add together ; to reckon, to cast or sum or add up; to get or rather to save and scrape up a fortune, &c. ; to fabricate, cement, solder, unite, set (a bone, de.), to tie, annex, affix, invent, contrive.

जोड़ा s. m. Joining, connexion, a pair, a couple; a pair of shocs; a suit (of clothes); alchymy.

Solvent s. f. Joining.

जोडी s.f. A pair, a couple.

जीत s. f. Cultration, cultivated land, tillage.

जीत) s. f. Brilliancy, Instre, light; जोति | the sunbeams ; the flame of a candle or lamp; vision. Jot-man, ad). Luminous, bright, Jotisarup, adj. Luminous, self-resplendent (an epithet of God).

स्तीतना v. a. To yoke, to plough, to till. जीतार s. m. A ploughman, a husbandman.

जीतिष s. m. Astrology, astronomy. जोतियी s. m. An astrologer, an astronomer.

जीसी s. f. The string which suspends the scale of a balance.

जीधन s. m. Fighting, battle.

जीधा s. m. A warrior, a combatant.

s. f. Pudendum muliebre.

जीवन s. m. Puberty, adolescence, prime, youth, (met.) breast.

जीवनवसी adj. f. At the age of puberty, fit to be married, youthful.

s. f. A wife.

जीला s. m. Fraud, deceit. Jola dena, To deceive.

जीवत part. Sees, regards, observes,

जोदनी v.a. To see, to look at, to regard. जोबी s. m. An astrologer, an astronomer.

जोसी s. m. A trible of Hindus.

जीहना v. a. To expect, to look out for. of conj. If that, adv. When, what time. Joulon, As long as.

wil s. m. Barley; the mark between the joints of the finger Jou. jou hisáb lena. To take a strict account.

क्षोंकना v. a. To rail.

जीराभें। रा s. m. A retired room, a vault. s. m. A grain, Joar (Hol-

cus sorgum).

जीत्य s. m. Dower, nuptial present.

जीन pron. Who, what, which. भौगार क. f. A. feast.

जीलग adv. Until, as long as.

न्निपन क्यों, Taught, expounded, made

known.

ซเพ s. f. Understanding, comprehension, the exercise of the intellectual [derstood.

भाग adj. Known, comprehended, un-चातिमज्ञान s.m. A man completely versed in any science or Shastr.

आता s. m. ()ne acquainted with any thing, Gyatspurus, A learned man.

जातान्वय . m. A name of Varddhaman, the last Jin or Jyn pontiff.

mfe s. m. A father; a distant kinsman, one who does not participate in the oblations of food water offered to deceased ancestors.

चार adj. Knowing, wise, intelligent. चानेय adj. Relationship, affinity.

चान s. m. Knowledge in general : understanding, inteliect, intelligence : knowledge of a specific and religious kind, that which is derived from meditation, and the study of philosophy which teaches man the (now fallen) divine nature and origin of his immaterial part with the unreality of corporal enjoyments or worldly forms, and which, separating him during life from terrestrial objects, is supposed to secure him after death, a final emancipation from existence. and re-union with the universal spirit; or in other words, to exempt the soul from further transmigration. Guan dourána. To meditate deeply. चानदर्पेष s. m. One of the Jyn saints.

ज्ञानवान ? adi. Wise, intelligent, knowing, judicious, a sage, one possessing religious wisdom,

মানিৰ s. m. An astrologer, a fortunetoller, a man prescient of future events; a sage, one possessing religious wisdom or gyan.

ज्ञानिनी adj. Wise, intelligent.

जानेन्द्रिय s.m. An organ of perception or consciousness, the skin, tongue, eye, ear and intellect.

ज्ञापक adj. Making known, giving information, proclaiming, m. One who proclaims.

ज्ञापन s. m. Making known, apprising. communicating, informing. [fied. ज्ञापित adj. Revealed, discovered, noti-

ज्ञापन adj. Revealed, discovered, noti-ज्या s.f. A mother; the earth; a bowstring.

ज्यानी v. a. To cause to live, to give life to, to recover any one almost dead; to foster, to patronise.

श्रेष्ठ adj Best, most excellent, preeminent; very old, oldest; elder, elder-born. s. m. The month Jyeth (May-June).

व्येष्ठता s. f. Seniority; superiority.

ज्येष्ठतात s. m. A father's elder brother. ज्येष्टवर्ष s. m. A Brahman, as elder or

कोष्ट्रवा s. m. A. Brahman, as elder or best-born.

चेंडा s.f. One of the asterisms considered as lunar mansions, the 18th comprising three stars, of which one is Scorpionis, figured by a ring or earring; the middle finger.

ज्यों adv. As, how much, the more so, when, asif. Jyan ka tyon, Precisely the same.

ज्योति &. f. Light.

ज्योतिष s. m. Astronomical and astrological science, astronomy, astrology. ज्योतिषिक s. m. An astrologer.

च्योतियी s. f. A star, a plant, an asterism. s. m. An astrologer, or astronomer. ज्योतिक्य s.m. A planetary or licavenly body; the generic term for the sun, the moon, a planet, an astorism, a ster; the word in the m. pl. Jyotishka, implies all these five.

ज्योतिमान् adj. Luminous, splendid, resplendant, glorious.

ज्योतीर्थ s. m. The pole-star.

न्योत्सा s. f. Moonlight.

ज्योत्सापिय s. m The Chacor or Greek partridge.

ज्योत्साहच s. m. The tripod or tree of a lampstand, a candlestick.

ज्योत्की s.f. A moonlight night, or a night in which the moon is full.

ज्यर s. m. Fever, intermitting or con-

ज्यरनाम्ब adj. Anti-febrile, febrifuge. ज्यराधि s. m. Feverish heat, or the hot

paroxysm of fever. লংগেছা s.f. A plant (Medicago escu-

lenta).

with fever.

ज्यल s.m. Flame, blaze, light, ज्यलका s.f, Flame,

च्यलका s. f, Flame. [zing. ज्यलक s. m. Ugni or fire; burning, bla-ज्यलित adj. Burnt; blazing, flaming.

ज्यार s.f. A grain, Indian corn, maize (Holeus sorgum).

লালা s. f. Flame, blaze.

ज्वालातिका s.m. Ugni or fire, whose tongue is flame.

ज्ञालाहुनी s.f. A place where subterraneons fires break forth. an object of veneration the Hindus; a volcano; a celebrated Justis-mukhi or volcano exists near Balkh, to which pilgrinaages are made from Hindustan, the soil abounding with hydrogenous gas which takes fire when coming in contact, with the external air; otherwise, vents being made, a light is applied to the orifice and flame being kindled is fed by the stream of gas that escapes,

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with eninth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, the aspirate of the preceding letter, and corresponding in power to fh.

wis. m. The sound of platters or of any vessels of metal striking against one another, clash of arms, as of sworbs,

भेतार s. f. Clinking, tinkling, ringing. শৈলা ৈ v. n. To be horrorstruck, have শূলা ৈ the hair stand on end, to shuddsr, raye, chatter, lament.

केंद्राका s.m. An elk; a tree without leaves.

भंगा s. m. An upper garment or vest, a coat a grown.

भंभवार s. f. Clinking, tinkling, ringing. भंभट s.f. Wrangling, perplexity, encumbrance.

संसदी adj. Perplexing.

कंकना adj. Peevish, fretful.

संभागा v. n. To tinkle, clink, tingle, ring, gingle, rattle.

भंभनाइट s. f. Peevishness, clinking ; tinkling, ringing.

with the s. f. A lattice.

कंडा s. m. A banner, a flag, an ensign, a streamer.

कंडुना adj. With thick handsome foliage (a tree), with fine head of hair (a child).

willing v. n. To tan. (in the sun) v. a.

To wash the feet by rubbing jhanwan.
www. e. f. Passion, emotion. Jhak marna,
To act fruitlessly or absurdly. Jhaki,
adj. Passionate.

भक्तभी री. f. Scrambling and wrangling, snatching,

भक्ता v. n. To rave, chatter, reflect lament.

अवरी s. f. A milk-pail or vessel.

भकाभक adj. Shining, glittering with gold and silver, &c. brocade.

अवीर s. m. Loss, misfortune.

भकोरा s. m. Raining, a shower, a squall, a breeze, gust.

भाकीनों v. a. To drive or beat as wind or rain in a squall, to shake.

माकील s.f. The act of shaking in the

भाकी लगा v. a. To shake.

भक्क s. m. A squall, a storm, a tempest. भक्क s. m. A chatterer, a prater, an useless talker.

भाषना v. n. To chatter.

भागक s. m. A kind of hawk.

भाइना v. n. To wrangle, quarrel, dispute, cavil, contend, squabble.

株町駅: s. m. Wrangling, quarrelling, contention, quarrel, squabble, strife. Jhagra paksrna, To engage in another's quarrel. Jhagra ragra, s. m. Squabbling and wrangling, brawl, squabble.

क्ष्यड़ाना v. a. To set a wrangling.

www s. m. An upper garment or vest, a coat, a gown.

अत्युवा s. m. A child's frock or shirt.

भाषार s.m. A goglet.

भाभ s.m. A long beard.

स्कतारना v. a. To browbeat, to speak snappishly to.

क्रमचा s. m. A kind of sweetmeat.

क्ष क त . m. A indistinct noise like the

jangling of meial ornaments, a ringing, a rattling, &c.

कामारी s. f. A lattice.

新丽 s.f. Wind, wind and rain, a hurricane, a gale; a sharp clanging sound, jangling; raining in large drops.

ক্ষমানিত s. m. Wind with rain, a high wind in the rainy season, a typhoon or the sort of tempest frequent in the south-west monsoon.

भागनातात s. m. Wind with rain, a storm, a squall.

भार adj. Quick, instantly. Jhat-se, or Jhatpat, adv. Quickly, hastily.

काटक e.f. Twitch, stitch, toss, throw, jork, shake.

HERRI v. n. To shake; to become lean. v. a. To touse, twitch, pull, jerk. Jhatak lenv, v. a. To snatch.

was part. Slaughtered by cutting off the head (in the Hindu way), broken asunder or torn by a sudden jerk, torn to pieces, i. m. A shake, a pull, a twitch.

भटकाना v. n. To shake, to pull.

mzaz adv. Quickly, hastily.

भाटास s. m. Flap, clap, rain blown with a strong wind.

ৰ্কাহ s. m. A smull tree, a shrub, a bush. কহিলি adv. Quickly, speedily, instantly. মন্তু s.f. Heavy rain; the heat from a fire. s. m.f. A kind of lock.

भड़कना । v. a. To browbeat, ao speak भिड़कना । snappishly to, to threaten, to jerk.

भड़काभड़की e.f. Mutual wrangling. भड़काना v. n. To shake, to jerk,

भड़न s.f. The act of falling off (as of fruit from a tree); snuff.

भड़ना v. n. To fall off (as fruit, leaves ofc. from a tree), emit, drop, fall, pour, shake, strain, to be sounded (the noubut), to be discharged (a volley).

भड़प s. f. Heat, fierceness (as of pepper), acrimony; sparring, contention. भड़पमा v. n. To spar, fight (as cocks, dv.). to contend.

भड़वाभाइयो s. f. Fighting particularly of birds) sparring, contention.

भड़पाना v. a. To fight (cocks or other birds), make to spar or contend.

भाइनरना v. n. To burn, to be all in flames.

भाइवर s. m. भाइवरी s. f. भाइवरी s. f. phus jujuba).

भाइताना v. a. To cause others to sweep.

भड़ाक है है. m. Speed, haste, hurry.

भावाचा s. m. A skylight.

भाइ:भाइ adj. Hastily, rapidly.

भाइता v. a. To get swept; to cause to be exercised.

भारो s. f. Continued rain, showers, strom, wet weather; perquisites.

भाइटिश s. m. The end of the season (of fruits, &c.) going out season.

भाष s. f. Ringing, tinkling, clinking, tingling. [ring.

अवयन v. n. To tinkle, clink, tingle, आहा s. m. A banner, flag, an ensign, a streamer.

ৰত্বা adj. With thick handsome foliage (a tree), with a fine head of hair (a child).

和市 s. m. The sound of platters or of any vessels of metal striking against one another, clash of arms (as of swords, \$c.).

भाष s. f. Ringing, tinkling, clinking, tingling; clank, jingle.

भागवा v. n. To tinkle, clink. tingle, ring, jingle.

आनवार s. f. Clinking, tinkling, tinging, | अववार s. m. Splendour, refulgence; the clank, jingle, rattle.

भम

कारना v. a. To ring.

अन्नवां s. m. A kind of rice.

WI adj. Quick, adv. Quickly, Jhapse, ado. Quickly, in a tree. Jhap khána, v. n. To overset (a paper kite in flying \.

winking, &c. Fanning, winking, &c. भागता v. a. To fan, to move to and fro (a fan). v a. To spring (as a

tiger); to snatch; to wink. आनवाना u. n. To wink, to twinkle.

आपकी s. f. A snatch, a spring (as of a tiger), drowsiness, wink, twinkle,

"अवपट s.f. A snatch, a spring (as of a tiger), rush, snap, Jhapat lena, To snatch, snap up.

water v n. To snatch, to spring, to attack, to attack suddenly, to spring or pounce upon, to fly at, snap at.

ways s. m. Assault, sudden attack; the spring of a tiger; a snatch. Jhapatta, márna, To snatch,

आगाआवी s. f. Haste, hurry.

अक्रवाट s. f. Quickness. अन्याना v. n. To take a nap.

आपास s. f. A shower.

आ गाबिया adi. Deceitful, fraudulent.

आववाना v. a. To astonish.

भाविता s. m. An ornament.

भागा odj. Long-haired (cattle or dogs). shaggy ; bent curved, bending (as the bough of a tree).

भक्ता s. m. A tassel.

wall s. f. Trappings.

अन्या adj. Long-haired (cattle or dogs), shaggy; bent, curved, bending (as the bough of a tree).

आमक s.f. Glitter.

भागकडा s.m. Splendour.

🕶 भन्ना v. n. To glitter ; to dance.

clash or clatter of metallic substances,

भागभागा v. a. To cause to glitter or dance,

भागकी s. f. Giance, glare, glitter.

Want | adj. Heavily and during the भागाभाग | whole day (raiming).

क्रमक्रमाना v. n. To sparkle, shine, glitter. अत्मरभाग adv. Drop by drop (as small rain). [ness, haste.

अनुपन्ता s. m. A heavy shower ; quick-अपनाभाग adj. Heavily and during the

whole day (raining). we s.f. Heavy rain; the heat from a fire. Jhar barna, To burn, to be all

in flames. WITH s. m. A skimmer; a spring, a cascade. v. n. To spring, to flow; to fall off (as fruit, leaves, &c. from the tree).

भारमना v. n. To spar, to fight (as cocks. \$c.), to contend.

आनोसा s. m. A. lattic, a window.

भाभा र s. m. A goglet.

waf s.m. A skimmer; a spring, a eascade. v. n. To spring, to flow : to fall off (as fruit, leaves, &c. from the

₩ s.f. Passion, anger, jealousy; the heat from a fire.

भावन s. f. Brightness, glitter, glare. refulgence, reflection of light.

आ नकता v. n. To shine, to glare.

wayars, m. A blister.

भागवाना v. a. To cause to shine, brightan, burnish. [splendour. भावतार s. m. Burning, brightness,

भाजनी s. f. A. glance.

आवाकाण s. m. Glare, glitter.

भागभाषाना v. n. To glitter, to glare : to be in a passion : to threb. ache. smart.

सम्भाष्ट s.f. Glitter, glare, splendour; smart.

ন্ধানা v. a. To fan, to move to and fro (as a fan), to flap. v. n. To be soldered or repaired.

भागगा v. n. Causal of jhalna.

अनदावा adj. Suspicious; jealous.

भागाम adj. Luminous, resplendent, embroidered. s. f. Splendour, glitter.

भाषाना r. a. To repair (any thing of metal), to solder.

भवागेर adj. Splendid, shining, covered with jewels and ornaments. s. f. Splendour. [wood.

জনার s. m. A thicket, copse, under. জাই's. f. Shadow; a freekle or black mark on the face (not a mole).

wis s. f. A peep. s. m. A herd of deer, a flock of birds, &c.

आ अना v. a. To peep, to spy.

*** সৈতৃ s. m. Bushes, brambles, underwood.

आंकाओं की s. f. Peeping, bopeep. आंख s. m. A kind of deer.

rage; stillness, dreariness; impatience (in a horse expecting his corn).

新陳尼 s. f. Wrangling, .squabbling, quarrelling,

आका s. m. The name of an insect, caterpillar, cabbage-worm.

भारिकवा adj. Passionate.

mim s. f. A kind of play. (Children in the month of A sin go about at night, dancing, begging, and carrying on their heads earthen pots perforated on all sides, within which lamps are kept burning.

भाप s. m. A matted shutter.

आपेपना v. a. To cover, to shut.

भावराजdv. Black,

भागिती s. f. A wink, coquetry; a

hot wind. Jhaonlibáz, A coquette, Jhaonli lena, To ogle.

will s. m. Pumice stone, bricks burnt to cinder.

wiedle, to coax; to be inclined, to be agog, to be intent or set (on), to covet.

with s. m. A flatterer, whoedler, seducer.

With s. m. A tree growing in marshy
ground, whose tender branches are
worked into baskets, and the dry
wood is used as fuel (Tamaria Indica).

With s. m. Foam, froth (of the ocean).

scum. [ankles.

white s. m. An intoxicating mixture made with blung or hemp.

overgrown with creepers; a wood, a thicket.

新記: s. f. Jasmin. [phracta. 新記報: s. f. A plant (Flaccourtic ceta-新元表, m. Bushes, brambles, bush, shrub, brake, underwood; a kind of firework; a lustre or chandelier; a purge; continued rain. Jhar bdudhna, To rain without ceasing. Jhar pahar, Digression. Jhar phunk, f. s. Juggling, conquering, hocus pocus (particularly the bite of a snake or a disease). Jhar jhatak, s.f. Sweeping. Jhar jhankar, s.m. Brambles, large dry bushes. Jhar jhur, s.f. Sweepings; perquisites; thicket.

wire adj. Bushy. s. m. A forest, the forest of Byjanath.

आएन s. f. Sweepings; a coarse cloth for wiping furniture, &c.

साध्ना v. a. To sweep, brush, shift, clean, strain, knock off, dash, strike, flap, strike fire (as with a flint), to

beat (bushes, &c.) Thar packhor kar dekhna, To try, to prove, to examine. Jhárna phunkna, To exorcise, to repeat spells or charms, Jhar dalna, To sweep out or away. Jhar dena, v. c. To brush, to clear away.

आहत adv. Entirely.

आङ्क्ष s. f. Juggling, conjuring.

Will s. m. A stool, a purge. Jhara ihapla jana. To go to the necessary. Jhara jhapta lena, To search. Jhara phirns, or Shara jhatks phirns, To walk among the bushes (which means) to go to the necessary, Jhara dena, To submit to search. Dukan-jhara s. m. Sweepings of a (druggist's) shop, compound medicine.

with s. f. Forest, wood, underwood, brushwood, copse, bush, brake, shrub.

wits s. m. f. A besom, broom, a comet. Jharu-kash, or,-bardar, s. m. A. sweeper; the caste of Halalkhor.

will s. m. A narrow-monthed basket. with s. f. Marshy land, fen.

आवा s. m. A leathern pot for measuring oil, ghee, &c.

willes s. m. A burnt or vitrified brick. आ; भर् s. m. A small whetstone, used chiefly by housewives for sharpening their spindles, needles, &c.

war at s. m. Pumice stone, bricks burnt to cinder.

with s. f. A pitcher with a long neck and a spout to it, an ewer; forest, wood, underwood, brush-wood.

will s. m. Sharpness, heat, fieriness (as of pepper), acrimony; a large basket; joining or soldering of metals.

आवाना v. a. To season (pickles) : to polish, to clean (plate); to solder.

server s. f. Fringe. Jhalardar, adj. Fringed.

WITH I S. m. A spring (of water). भावरी a.f. Cymbals.

₩ 3 s. m. A tree (Tamarix Indica).

「柳柳南 s. f. A start...

भिभक्तका । v. n. To start or boggle. to feel the sensation of **अअव**ना the limbs being asleep, or as if pins and needles were striking through them.

भिभवाना v. n. To start.

भिष्य है . f. Threat, jerk.

किडकना) », o. To browbeat, speak आउना) snappishly to, scold, threaten, jerk.

भिष्ठकाभिष्ठकी s. f. Mutual wrangling.

क्रिडनी) s. f. Rebuff, spappishness. frowning, jerk, repercussion. िक इक्तिकाना v. n. To rage, rail, storm. िक्रपण्डडा adj. Raw-bound.

िक्कारी adj. A shrub (Barleria cristata). िक्तनिक्तनी s. f. The tinkling sensation felt when a limb is asleep.

furtium s. f. Running in a slender stream (water. &c.).

water adj. Very thin.

foreforejag v. n. To trinkle, to rill.

fort s. f. A cricket.

भिन्तगा s. m. The netted bottom of s bed or couch when worm out and separated. adj. A couch or bed is said to be jhilga, when the bottom is worn out or broken.

िक्क का s. m. A kind of soldier.

भित्रम s. f. Armour, a coat of mail; the visor of a helmet. Jhilam ka top. An iron helmet.

भिनामिश s. m. A kind of gauze ; a shutter, a venetian blind.

(wenferen ad). Thin, sparkling.

क्रिजिमिनाना o. n. To undulate as the flame of a candle or as water, to twinkle, to scintillate,

Fault s.f. A cricket; a thin skin, a pellicle; the membrane in which the fectus is enveloped (secundines); the caul (omentum).

भो जन। श्रीखन। of any thing with sorrow, recommend any thing seriously.

भौगट s. m. A steersman.

भौगा s.f. A shrimp, a prawn s. m. Cucumis acutangulus: Luffa acutangula.

will s. m. A kind of insect, a cricket.

भीन } adj. Fine, subtil, thin.

क्कील s. f. A lake.

करीसी s. m. A shower.

ৰূম্বা v. n. To nod, to bow, to stoop, to be bent, especially downwards (as the bough of a tree), to be tilted; to be angry, to be perplexed.

मुखाना v. a. To cause to stoop, to tilt, bend downwards; to bow, incline; to nod or make nod.

ज्ञात s. m. The state of being bent downwards, stoop.

ज्ञानट s. f. Stooping, nodding, bending downwards.

মুক্তবাৰা v. a. To be peevish or fretful, to be petulant or irretable, to rage, to storm. Jhunjhlahat, s. f. Peevishness, raging, storming.

भाटलाना है v. a. To belie, to falsify.

क्षरावना । v. a. To prove to be false, क्षरावना । to prove one in the wrong; to pollute victuals by touching them, &c. Munh plutataa, To ent something. Munha munh plutataa, To give a man the lie to his face.

ஆர் ε. m. A bush, bramble.

₩ & m. A shrub, a bush.

www.A. crowd, a swarm, fleck troop; the buzzing noise of a crowd; a clump of trees. Jhund ke jhund, Crowds, &c. used intensively.

भुष्डा s. m. A standard, a banner, a flag. भुष्डो s. f. A bush, a tuft of grass. भन s. f. Slight resemblance.

भाग क. ह. Bright resemblance. भागभागा s. m. A child's rattle.

भृतभ्तुनी s. f. Little bells worn on the feet.

भागता e.m. The bell-shaped pendant of an ear-ring; the wain, Ursu Mayor; a bunch of flowers or fruits; name of a flower. [grist], to pine. भागता v. n. To wither, to fade (from भागता v. n. To wither, to fade (from भागता v. n. To wither, to conflict: a sembly, ball: a battle, conflict: a

shawl twisted round the head. अनुदियाना उ. उ. To weed; to wipe, clean, and plaster a house, &c.

भारी s. f. A wrinkle.

seared.

আৰ্থনানা v. a. To scorch, to singe (as the small feathers of a plucked fowl). আনুনা s. n. To swing, to dandle.

आहुलस आता v. n. To be scorehed or signed.

भूतस देना v. c. To scar, to singe. भूतसना v. n. To be singed, scorched or

अनुसाना v. d. To cause to singe, to singe, sear, scorch.

wwill so. To swing, shove a swing in which others are, to rock (a cradle); to daugle, to hang; to make another (as a dan) dance after one.

was s. m. A shirt or vest that covers the body from the shoulder downwards.

www.s. m. A bird's nest.

भू भाषा s. f. Petulance, peovishness, irritableness, rago. भार रे s.f. Ground that produces two crops yearly.

₩Ì

अनू उनकारिन s.f. Leavings.

आहुडी s.f. A bush, a clump of grass.

Jadj. False, s. m. A lie, falsehood.

Jhuth muth, False, untrue, adv.

Falsely. Jhuth bolna. To lie, to tell a lie, speaking falsehood.

adj. Liar, false; (among Hinbert due) that which has touched
food and is thereby defiled; offal,
refuse, left (food). s. m. Leavings of
food. Jhuta jhuta. s. m. Offals, left
food. Jhutha chains, To eat leavings,
to be very wretched. Jhuthi na
puchhna, To refuse even common
civility.

₩ 8 s. m. A bush, bramble.

भाग s. m. A ripe cocea-nut; a kind of muslin.

waving, undulating. Jhúm jhúm, Gathering of the clouds.

भागत s.f. An assembly, a ball; (met.) a battle, an engagement.

energy s. m. The bell-shaped pendant of an ear-ring; the constellation of the bear.

भूमकी s. f. A kind of ear-ring.

आकृतमा s. m. Gathering of the clouds. आकृतना v. n. To wave, move the head up and down, slumber, move loose, gather (the clouds).

shake fruit from the tree. v. n. To pine.

MICI adj. Withered.

ings, a bag, a wallet, a knapsack.

sman v. s. To swing (for exercise); to swing, dangle, hang, oscillate. s. m. A kind of poem, men s. m. A swing, the rope on which people swing.

भारत s. m. Mizzling rain.

will s.f. An town opposite Allahabad.
will s.f. A shove or push in swinging;
the impulse of a squall or sudden
blast of wind. Itonak dena, To set
fire to (particularly straw, &c.); to
throw dust, &c.; to throw away (the
tues of men uselessly). Ikonk khana,
To roll.

ক্ষাৰণা v. a. To cast, push, throw, toss; to cast fuel (into an oven).

witz: s. m. } The hair of the back part witz: s. f. } of the head; the motion of a swing. Jhonta dena, To shake one's head with violence,

कोपड़ा s. m. } A cottage, a hut.

भोपा s. m. A bunch of fruit; a cloth with eyelets which covers the whole body; a spike.

भोष s. m. A bunch, a cluster (of fruit). भोष s. f. A. jolt, a puff or gust.

মানা s. m. A blow, a contact, collision, a gust, blast, breeze or current (of wind). [dulous belly.

आहेभा s. m. A nest; the stomach; a pen-आहोभा s. m. The stomach.

क्षोत्र s. m. Puckering or wrinkling (as of ill made clothes); a litter, brood, farrow, hatch, a birth.

भोता s. m., A stroke of the sun; the palsy; a knapsack, a wallet.

भोजी s.f. A wallet.

witt adj. Tawny.

भौता adj. Greatly burnt or scorched.

strings of a musical instrument at once.

what s. m. A tree (Tamarix Indics), whose branches when tender are made into baskets, and when dry are used as fuel; it grows in marshes; a basket without a cover.

इ

The eleventh consonant of the Nagri alphabet, and answers to the Enghish t in tin.

z a s. m. A weight, equal four máshas:

a sword. टंक्स v. n. To be stitched.

टंबार s. f. The twang (of a bowstring).

टंकीरना v. n. To twang. टंगना v. n. To be hung, to be suspended.

टंबरी s. f. The leg. टंबरी s. f. (dim of टंबरी) A small axe. टंब adj. Miserly; hard; untractable.

Ez: s. m. Wrangling, altercation. squabble, strife.

Zw s. f. Temper, mature, disposition.

Tak bandhna, v. a. To stare, to gaze.

Tak lagana, v. a. To expect, to long

হৰ্মের s. f. Staring, fixed look, to gaze.

Tataki bandhas, To regard with a
fixed look, to gaze.

for.

टकना v. n. To be stitched. v. a. To stare at, to aim, peep, sec, spy, watch, view, behold, look, look for, attend.

ZETIMI v. a. To knock together the heads of two people, to dash the head on something, to dash together, to butt, v. n. To grope in a dark place or passge.

RANIM s. f. A mint. Takial ka khota, adj. Spoilt in education. Taksal charhna, v. n. To be educated. Taksal bahor edj. Uneducated, unpolished, rude, unclassical.

टकवानिया है s. m. Officers of the mint.

Zan s. m. Two pice of Delhi, nearly equal in value to a penny. English money, or about two thirds of an anna.

टकाई s.f. A tax, duty, collection, imposition; a cheap trull.

टकी e.f. Stare, fixed look ; aim,

टक्षा s. m. A spindle.

टक्तेत { adp. Rich, possessed of ready टक्तेत ∫ money. टकीर s.f. The sound of a drum : a fil-

हकीर s.f. The sound of a drum ; a fillip, tap.

टकीरा s. m. A fillip, a tap; a very small unripe mangoe; the sound of a drum. टकीकी v. a. To forment.

टबीना s. m. Two pice or two-thirds of an anna, of Delhi, nearly a penny, English money. [album). टकदेशे s. m. A potherb (Chenopodium

ZWCs.m. Shoving, pushing, shouldering, knocking against, collision, striking a blow, buti, butting, the knocking of head to head; equality Takkar khana, v. a. To stumble; to be dashed against any thing; to meet with a loss or misfortune. Takkar pahár se lena, To enter the lists against an antagonist of greatly superior force. Takkar márna, v. a. To knock against; (met. from the supplient's striking their heads on the ground) to pray; to curse.

टखना s. m. The ankle joint.

zets. m. Borax; wanton play or sport; wandering of the mind, confusion, per plexity.

टनरना v. n. To roll. टनरा adi. Squint-eved.

टनराना है v. a. To roll.

टचरना v. n. } To roll

टबलना v. n. To roll; to be melted, to rarefy.

टचलाना v. a. To roll.

ZW s. m. A kind of elephant or wood apple; Borax; a spade or hoe; a hatchet, or stone cutter's chieel; a sword, a scimitar, a sacrificial hatchet or knife; a weight equal to four mashas; a weight of silver put for a coin.

হত্ববি s. m. The master of the mint. তত্ত্বসাধা s. f. A mint. [śc. তত্ত্বা s. m. The jingle of plates, dishes.

टदानक s. m. The mulberry (Morus Indica).

হয়া হ. m. Surprise, wonder; fame, notoriety, the twang of a bow-string. ভয়ীৰো ৩. n. To twang.

Zw s. m. The leg ; Borax.

टक्क जाना } v. n. To be hung, to be snspended.

टक्को s.f. The leg.

তিশ্বী s.f. A plant (Cissampe los hexandra).

হয় adj. Miserly; hard, untractable. হয়ে adj. Fresh, new, recent.

zz s.f. The crown of the head; a fence, a hedge.

टटपू जिया adj. Bankrupt, or reduced in circumstances (a merchant).

टटनानो s. f. A pony mare.

टरिया s. f. A screen, a matted shutter. टरिरो र s. f. A bird, a sandpiper

टरीकरी \ Tringa goensis). टरीकरा v. a. To feel for, grope, search for by feeling, touch, finger.

ZET s. m. A matted shutter. [drum. ZET] s. f. A lie, a falsehood; a kettle-ZEI s. m. A screen.

z? s.f. A screen, a matted shutter; a necessary office; a frame for illumination. Tatti bándhna, v. n. To draw.up men in a close rank, Shikar ki tatti ki ot bythna, To do secretly; to form an ambuscade.

₹ 8. m. A pony. .

टाउँचा s. f. A flat dish used by Hindus, टप्पा s m. Wrangling, alternation, squabble, strife,

হৰ s. m. Twang; pride, conceit, vanity.
Tan. A sound.

বৰম s. f. A harsh sound. [৫০.), বৰমা s. m. The jingle (of plates, dishes, বনা s. m. Pudendum muliebre, clitoris. বনানা v. a. To extend, to stretch.

zq s. m. A spring, leap, bound, a drop of rain or other liquid; sound,

टपक s.f. Pain, throbbing; sound made by dropping. Tapak navels. s. m. One who reports erroneously what he pretends to have overheard. Tapak parna To drip.

टप्याना v. n. To drop when ripe ; to drip, distil ; to throb, palpitate.

टपका s.m. A drop of rain; fruit falling when ripe (particularly mangoes); a windfall.

टपकामा v. a. To cause to drip, to distil. टपकाम s. m. Distillation.

zum s. f. A small drop of rain; fruit falling when ripe (particularly mangoes); a windfall.

टपनाना v.a. To jump over, to leap over, टपना v.a. To jump over. Top-a-tos, part. Groping.

zu qui v. n. To thrust one's self into other people's concerns, to intermeddle, to interfere.

. Zবাৰা v. a. To cause to jump ever, to cause to leap; to make to bound.

zu s. m. The post office, a mode in music; the bound of a ball, &c.; a sort of hook; a jump, a bound. Tuppa khana, v. a. To bound or ricochet (a shot). Tappa marna, v. a. To sew or stitch with intervals; to read in a desultory manner.

टब्बर s. m. Family.

27 alj. Intoxicated; inattentive, regardless, like one intoxicated.

ZIZI s.f. Chattering.

टरटराना v. a. To chatter.

टरटरी s. f. Chattering.

टरना रे v. n. To give way. to shrink टलना रे from, flinch; to pass away. disappear. retire.

Zi adj. Wicked, vicious (particularly a horse); stout.

टरीना v. a. To chatter.

टल जाना v. n. To get out of the way, to disappear, vanish, pass away.

বৰৰা v. n. To give way, shrink from, from, finch; to disappear, pass away, retire.

टलप s. f. A piece, a fragment. टलमलाना v. a. To tantalize.

टबाना v. c. To cause to disappear, to cause to give way.

হৰুমা s. m. A man who watches over a tal or stack of wood.

टक्केनवीसी s. m. Unprofitable employment, wasting of time.

टसक s. f. Shooting pain, stitch, throb. टसका v. n. to move, to shake to have pain, to decline in quality.

टसकाना v. a. To move, to shake; to shoot with pain.

zuen v. n. To burst (as tight cloth or a pillow stuffed too full), to split, to crack.

ट्रचवे s. m. Tears.

25% 8. f. Pain in the joints.

द्वसमा v. n. To pain.

dour, conspicuous at a distance.

2771 S. m. A branch or large bough of a tree.

टहनी s.f. A branch.

zwa t s.f. House-wifery, housezwazstł keeping, daty, sorvice, task, business, work, job, use, drudgery. Tuhal tabor karna c. a. To serve, to grudge. Tahal layana, v. s. To dance attendance.

zeem v. n. To walk backwards, and forwards, to take the air, to rove, to ramble.

टक्सनी s. f. A housewife.

হংখাসা v. a. To lead about, to cause to walk backward and forwards (as a horse or child); to make dance attendance.

टहलूषा s. m. A manager of household concerns, a servant, a drudge.

टक्ष्म ६. f. A housewife.

হছৰ s. m. A poetical form of হছৰ। হটা s. m. The voice of a new born child

टडीबा s. m. A blow.

To stitch ; to solder.

হান s. m. A weight equal to four mashas. s.f. An iron pin; a stitch. হান্দ্ৰা v. a. To stitch, to cobble.

ziwę s. m. A. blackguard, a lecher, a

libertine.

2141 s. m. A stitch; a tub made of stones; solder. Tanke lagana, v. a.

zাৰী s. f. A venereal chancre; a square piece cut of a melon to examine its quality; a chisel.

टांचे जवाना o. s. To stitch; to solder. टांग s. f. The leg. Tong uthana, To hang up, to hang; to be a catamite. टांग s. m. A kind of horse, a highland pony.

ziभना v. s. To hang up, dangle, hang by a string. &c. (not on a peg). द्रांगी s. f. A hatchet.

হাৰদ } s.m. A kind of horse, a high-হাৰ্দ } land pony. Tanghan-numa, adj. Like atanghan.

হাৰ } adj. Perverse, audacious, হাৰ্ডা ∫ troublesome.

ziz s. f. The crown of the head.

Tist adj. Powerful, strong, firm, solid.

Tist's f. Solidity. [form.

ZIE s. f. A stage, a raised seat, plat-

टांडा s. m. A venture (of goods); name of a place in Oudh; the goods of a Banjara.

ziz s. m. Canvas, sackcloth. Totháf. s. m. A weaver of canvas. Tatbafi, s. f. Embroidery.

टाटन बत्ते). Fresh, new, recent; juggling. टाटो s. f. A screen, a matted shutter. टाडो s. f. A small hatchet or axe.

द्रानना v. a. To stretch, to pull,

ZIQ s.f. A stroke with the fore foot of a horse; the sound of a horse's hoof in travelling; a frame made of bamboo for catching fish.

हापना v. a. To paw with the fore feet (as a horse that is impatient): to whore (a low phrase).

Ziui s. m. A hen-coop. Tapa-toi karna, To trifle; to grope, to rummage.

zıy s. m. An island,

ZITC 8. f. A small lake.

द्वारता v. a. To move out of the way.

2ft s.f. Distance.
2ft oerbol. n.f. Evasion, putting aside, putting off or out of the way, rejecting a request. s.f. A heap (of grain, &c.), a stack, a rick; baldness from age; a turn or trick, in wrestling.

Tal korna, To put off; to heap. Tal marna, To heap; to turn the scale fraudulently in weighing.

टाबटीज s. m. Evasion, prevarication, putting off, shuffling, chicane. ZIMMI v. a. To ovade, prevariente, avoid, put off, postpone, defer; to drive out of the way, put or turn aside, ward off, fend, obviate, move, remove, prevent.

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टालमटील s.m. Evasion, prevarication, putting off, shuffling, chicane, fraud, deceit,

Ziei s.m. Evasion; a rick, heap, stack.
Tala bala batana, To put off.

হালী s.f. A sort of musical instrument, হিন্দহিনা s.f. A lizard.

टिकटी s. f. A teapoy or stool.

হিকাৰ v. n. To stop, remain in any place, to be detained, to lodge, stay, tarry.

হিন্ধণী s.f. A wafer, a small round cake; an ornament worn on the forehead.

হৰাস adj. Durable, lasting.

fz = 1 v. a. To retain, fix in any place, stop, billet, lodge, station.

टिकान s. m. Stability, permanence.

হিলিয়া s.f. A small cake of bread, a little cake charcoal for the hukka, a water, a bolus.

दिशीर s. m. A cataplasm, a poultice.

दिका s. f. A thick cake of bread.

行歌 s.f. A small cake of bread. Tikki lagana, v.a. To form a connexion, make interest, earn a scanty livelihood

হিষম্বন v. n. To be melted, rarely.

टिटकारना v. a. To urge an animal by

zिट्यबारी s.f. The noise made by drawing the tongue from the roof of the mouth, to make horses, &c., proceed.

डिटोइरा } A sand piper (Tringa or go-टिटोइरी } ensis).

হৈছিল s.m. A bird (Parra jacana, or goensis).

fess s. m. A grasshopper.

ZES s. f. A locust.

fzqui s. m. A stain of any colour applied by the finger.

ट्रिप्पन s. f. Annotation.

टिवानी s. f. A gloss, a comment.

fzors s. f. Pride, arrogance.

दिभागा v. a. To give small daily allowance, such as merely to save one from starving.

ENIT s. m. A small daily allowance.

दिमदिस s. m. A sound.

टिमटिमाना v. n. To give a faint light.

दिलिया s. f. A young hen. दिलचा s. m. A. flatterer.

टिइस s.f. A small village.

Ziz s.m. The ripe fruit of karil; a

speck on the eye. neck. होत्र s. f. An ornament for the head and

zian s. m. A mark or marks made with coloured earths or unguents upon the forehead and between the evebrows, either as an ornament or sectarial distinction; an ornament worn on the forehead; the nuptial gifts or engagement : inoculation, s. f. A commentary. Tike bherne. To send the nuptial gifts, which are presented by the relations of the pride to the birdegroom, Tika lena, To accept

टीकेन adj. Invested with the tiká or of sovereignty.

टीटली s. f. A sort of medicine. टोको s.f. A locust.

the nuptial gifts.

टीप s. f. A note of hand, a cheek; drawing a card; raising the voice in singing; the noting of any thing; the act of pressing, compressing. Tip lena, v. a. To draw a card.

हीपटाप s. f. Ornament; the act of pressing or compressing,

होपना v. a. To press, to compress, to grope, feel, squeeze.

₹1 s.f. A transverse piece in cloths, or a breadth cut diagonally.

होस s.f. A young hen; a woman (so named in contempt).

टीचा s. m. A rising ground, a small hill, a mount, a ridge, a hillock.

ਟੀਚ s. f. A throb, throbbing, a shooting pain. Tis marna, To throb, shoot. Tisna, v. n. To palpitate, throb.

ट देश adj. Tiny. Tuniya tota, A kind of parrot.

टक ady. A little.

टक्खा s. m. A. piece, bit, portion, division, morsel. Tukra-gada, A beggar for a bit of bread.

ट्यासा बती. A little.

zwi s. m. Scut, a short tail.

THIE s. f. Pecking, nibbling, of fruit, &c., more for amusement than from appetite.

Zu s. m. A rake, a black-guard.

टक्टनाना v. a. To tune slowly.

zes s. m. A hand or branch that has been cut off.

z er ad). Handless, whose hands have been cut off, or one born without hands, s. m. The knob in the back part of a turband. Tundedar, s. m. A turband which has a knob in the hinder part.

दखी s. f. The navel. adj. f. Handless. Tundiyan kasna, or,-charhana, or, -bandhana, To tie the hands behind the back.

z पाना v. s. To have buried, to cause to

ट सक s.f. The sound of water dropping ; sound of gurgling.

ट सक्ता v. n. To cry, to weep.

ट्रुक्ता v. n. To cry.

🕏 s. m. Ventris crepitus, Tun karna, | Tzr s. m. A large ripe fruit of karil ; & Crepitum ventris edere.

चंत्रना v. a. To peck, nibble, chew straws, &c., for amusement ; to pick : to piddle.

द गाटांगी s. f. Pecking and nibbling. टंडी s.f. The navel ; a small branch or stump of a tree, broken at the end and leafless.

s. m. A piece, a little, particle, an atom, a bit : a single beat of a drum.

ZZ s. f. Fracture, breaking, break; mis-understanding of coolness between friends, harm, loss, deficiency : a passage omitted in the writing of a book, which is afterwards written in the margin. Tut jana, To be broken ; to become ill, to pine, Tut parna, To break in upon, to rush in, to be collected in crowds. Tut rahana, To be distressed, to be weary, to be reduced to poverty, to pine away; to be separated.

ट दना v. n. To break, to be broken, to burst, fail, break forth or rush upon, to assault, to attack, to charge, to invade.

zzı part. Broken, decayed. s. m. Loss failure, deficiency. Tuta-phuta, adj. Fragments, broken to pieces,

दम s.m. Trifles ; an ornament ; a frame for pigeons to perch on. Tum tam. s. m. A few trifles; an ornament. Tum dena, To push gently.

ट मी s.f. A bud.

टेंगरा ८. ७. 🕽 A fish (Silurus). टेंगरी ८. 🖍 🐧

ਟੋਜੀ s.f. Teasing.

zz s. m. The ripe fruit of karil; a speck on the eye.

ZZT s. m. Name of a fruit.

fizgig; speaking inconsiderately,

zzì s. f. Name of a fruit : speaking inconsiderately.

टेंट्या s. m. The windpipe, the throat.

ธิธิ s. m. An imitative sound, an inarticulate sound.

देक s.f. A prop, a pillar, reliance ; a promise, a vow. Tek rahana, To lean upon.

टेकन s. m. A prop, support.

टेबना v. c. To support, to prop.

टकरा 8 s. m. Rising, ground, a height.

देगरा s. m. Rising ground. ZEIs. m. The trunk of a tree; an in-

strument for twisting coarsethread or twine.

देहा adj. Crooked, bent, awry. Terhas karna, v. a. To bend, to crook, to distort. Terha bera, adj. Crooked.

ਟੇਫਾਵੇ s. f. Crookedness, obliquity.

देही s. f. Pride, vanity, haughtiness ; nerverseness.

टेना s. m. A cock of the breed of fowls called teni.

हिनी s. m. A partirular breed of fowls. adi. Tiny, small.

रेन s. f. Snuff of a candle, the flame of a candle or lamp. Tentam, s. m. Dressing.

हेर s. f. Tune ; voice, call.

ETT v. n. To bawl, to roar to, to call loudly, to shout, to holla ; to tune. z II s. m. A curtain, adi. Squint-eyed.

cock-eved. हेलना v. n. To remove.

रेखपा s. m. A beam.

zis.f. Habit, custom.

ट्रेबकी s. f. A prop. a pillar.

टेंबना v. a. To sharpen. Z41 8, m. Calculation of nativity; habit, ₹ s. m. The blossoms of the Palus tree (Butea frondosa); a kind of play.

रेड्स s. m. A village.

Twen s. m. The customs of marriage.

হীপা s. f. Act of feeling or groping. হীপাহী k s. f. Searching, feeling for,

feeling. Star s. m. A cracker, a serpent in fire-

zizi s. m. A cracker, a serpent in fireworks; a joint of bambu, &c.; a cartridge, adj. Haudless.

ਟੀਂਟੀ s. f. A spout.

27 s. f. Hinderance, prevention; the influence of eye.

হান্তবাৰ s.f. Hindrance, prevention. হান্তবা v.d. To interrogate, prevent, challenge, envy, accost; to look at with an evil eye.

टोकरा s.m. A large basket (without a lid). [lid).

टोकरी s.f. A small basket (without a टोकाटोको s.f. Hindrance, prevention.

হীতমা s. m. A charm, an amulet, a philter, a superstitions remedy.

philter, a superstitious remedy.

zizi s. m. Loss, deficiency; detriment; a cartridge; a candle's end.

होड़ी s.f. The name of a musical mode or ragini. [ment.

হালবা s. m. A kind of hawk; enchant-হাল্ডা s m. A juggling man, a conjurer. হাল্ডাই s.f. A juggling woman, a female conjurer, a witch.

হীৰা s. m. Enchantment, fascination. v. a. To feel, grope, handle.

होनाहानो s.f. होनाहानम s m. } Hocus pocus, juggling. होप s.m. A hat, cap, helmet, head

cover, thimble ; bait ; a stitch.

zivì s. f. A hat. Topiwals, One who wears a hat, or an animal with a

juggling.

comb. crest, &c. It is used also to express the Persian or Moghal troops but now more generally applies to every European (from wearing a hat or cap).

zivi s. m. A ledge extending out from a wall, to keep off the weather without pillars; eaves.

złw s. m. A company, society; a hamlet. Tol marna, To dash one top against, another while in motion.

टोला s.m. A quarter or section of a town.

टोनो s. f. A company, a society, a crowd. े टोन्डा s. m. A juggler, a conjurer.

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The aspirate of the preceding letter, corresponding to th in pent-house.

তকতক s. m. f. Hard work, harassing labour, difficulties; a sound.

সন্ধ্যনা ৩. σ. To tap, to rap, to pat. তৰ্তনিয়া s. m. A stickler, a wrangler. তৰ্তনা odj. Stuffed together in a crowd, crowed.

ठकरोना s.f. A small boat so called, a shallop, skiff.

डकराई s. f. Godship, divinity; chief ship, mastership.

হক্ষণেৰ s.f. A female divinity or idol, হ্ৰম s. m. A robber, assassin, cuthroat; a cheat, impostor. Thugbazi, or, Thagbidys, s.f. Cunning, frandulent, art, dexterity. Thag lana, To rob, to cheat. Thag lena, To cheat.

রষ্ট s. f. Robbery, theft, cheating. রষ্মা o.a. To cheat, to deceive. রষ্মা s.f. A female robber or cheat. রষ্মাই s.f. Robbery theft, cheating. রম্মার o. n. To be cheated. ইয়িন s.f. A female robber or cheat. टिशिया s. m. A cheater.

डनीरी s. f. Cheat, trick.

ਰਟ s. m. Bank, shore.

₹₹ s. m. Frame made of bamboo for thatching, shell of a house.

zzī s. m. Fun, sport, joking, jest ; name of a place. Thatthe karna, To jest, joke, deride, ridicule. Thatthebaz, A jester; a humorous person, a funny fellow, jocular, arch, waggish, comical, facetious. Thatthebazi, s.f. Jesting, sporting, fun, jocularity. Thuttha marna, To jest, joke, deride, ridicule.

zz s. m. Throng, crowd.

zzr s- m. A. fence.

ठडरी s.f. The frame of a matted screen, the frame (bambu work) of a thatched roof, shell of a house; a bier; a skeleton, a very thin person.

द्वाना . n. To stop, to stagnate, to stand amazed, to draw back in surprise, to shrink, to boggle.

ठडा। ग v. a. To strike, beat, beat one's own head, &c. (in token of vexation); harass one's self.

3341 8. m. A brazier, a tinker. Thathere Thatthere ki badli, A bargain between two people equally acute or knowing, diamond cut diamond,

BRE S. m. The stalk of the jour (Holcus sorqum).

ठहेरी s. f. A female brazier or tinker. उद्योर है adj. Banterer, waggish, jocu-ठठींच र्रे lar, jocose, jester, wag.

डडी जी s. f. Fun, humour, sport, joking. jesting, jocularity, comicalness, deri-

335 s. m. The beak of a paper kite. 5 s. f. Coldness, cold, a cold.

ठछ त s. f. Coldness.

म्डल्स adj. Cold. Kaleja thands karna, उसनी 8. f. A rammer.

To be pleased, to be happy (by seeing a friend, son, &c.); to have one's revenge gratified. Thands karna, v. a. To make cold, cool, to extinguish; to comfort, to assuage, to pacify, appease. Thanda parns, To abate (anger, virility or wantonness). Thands hona, To become cold, to cool: to be extinguished: to be comforted or pacified; to rest; to lose virility.

ठछाई s. f. Refrigerant medicine ; the intoxicating drug made of bhang.

ठाडी adj. f. Cold. Thandi sáns bharni, To sigh.

उद्धा adı. Cold.

उनकना v. n. To throb, to shoot (as the pain of head-ache); to jingle, tinkle, clink.

डनडनाना v. a. To jingle, to rattle.

ठनाक s. m. A jingle, tinkle, clink.

उना v. n. To be fixed, to be ascertained. ठपना v. a. To strike.

3047 s. m. An instrument for stamping leather with, a die, a stamp, a printing type; printing.

डरक र s.m. Snore. Tharak parna, v.n. σττ \ To snore.

3 (1 s, f. Λ kind of wine or spirituous liquor; a kind of shoe worn by villagers.

दिया s. m. A kind of earthen hukka.

34 s.f. A kind of wine or spirituous liquor; a kind of shoe worn by villagers.

34 An imitative sound, as of a musket ill charged or flashing in the pan.

उसक s. f. State, dignity.

उसकारा v. a. To break a piece of an earthen ware vessel (by knocking two vessels together) without completely destroying it.

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हमाउस adj. Filled, crowded.

द्वस्त s. m. A mould or form into which plates of metal, &c., are beat to tuke the form of pastes of ornaments, &c.; pride, vanity.

ठ ४६ पा v. n. To be stopped, to be fixed, to stop, stay, remain, abide, rest, stand, last, to be fixed on, concluded, settled, determined, proved.

उपात्रा र. ट. To fix, stop, determine, appropriate, settle, ascertain, appoint, fix on, demonstrate, prove, conclude or consider, ascribe.

artia s. m. Settlement, fixture, permanence, appropriation, proof.

বছাৰা s. m. A peal, a succession of loud sounds, an explosion. Thahaka ki mulakát, s. f. Meeting with great demonstrations of friendship.

हा है s. m. f. Place, residence, a situ-

हांसना v. a. To stuff, to cram.

57 s.m. A sound made by striking one thing against another.

Times s. m. The divinity, an idol; a lord, master, chief (among Rajputs); a land-holder; a barber.

डाकरदारा s. m. An idol-temple.

ziz s. m. The frame of a roof for thatching, on which the straw is laid; arrangement, adjustment.

513 s. m. State, dignity, equipage, pomp; conveniency, plenty.

डाक्श adj. Frect.

हर बर्ता. Steep.

ठाड़ना v. n. To be fixed, to stand.

ठाइ। adj. d. } Erect, standing.

sing adj. Worthy of belief, trusty.
s. m. The report of a musket.

Timi v. a. To resolve or fix (in the mind), to determine, be intent on,

intend, set one's heart on; to settle, perform.

314 s. m. Determination; snow, frost.

ster s. m. A branch. odj. Disengaged, at leisure, unemployed.

डाली s. f. A branch.

ठासना ज. a. To stuft, cram, ram down.

ठिकारा e.m. Fragment of an earthen vessel, a shard, potsherd; a vessel for carrying fire, such as mendicants use.

famin s. m. Residence, place, station, site, abode, dwelling; boundary, limit, fixing. Thikana karna, v. a. To account for, to search or trace an affair to its commencement. Thikana dhundhana, v. a. To seek a residence or employment. Thikane lagna, v. n. To be killed, to die, to be put an end to, to be terminated. Thikane lagona, To put to death, to kill, to waylay, to make away with, to despatch, assassinate; to establish, settle, arrange, prove; find out one's residence. fawil adj. Short, dwarfish.

डिक्रनाई s.f. Lowness (of stature).

おお本 s.f. The state of standing amazed. Thithak jana, or,—rahna, v. n. To stop short.

তিত্তক্রা v. n. To stop, stagnate, stand amazed, draw back in surprise, shrink, boggle.

दिकरना v. n. To be tumbed, or benumbed, to be chill. [torpid.

विकार adj. Numbed, numb, benumbed, विकार है s. f. Numbness, numbed-विकार feet, chilliness, torpor, tor-

pidness,

डिडरना v. n. To be numbed or benumbed, to be chill. Thithurana, v. s. To chill, benumb, numb.

feet adj. Numbed, numb, benumbed, torpid.

डिनक s. f. Sob.

हिनका v. n. To sob.

for s. f. Frost; coldness.

दिश्ना v. n. To freeze, to be chilled.

हिल्या s. f. A water-pot.

37 adj. Exact, even, accurate, complete, just, fit, meet, proper, reasonable, true, regular, right; (met.)

parsimonious. adv. Exactly, &c. s. m. Sum, addition. Thik ana, v. n. To fit, correspond, suit, answer, apply. Thik

karna, v. a. To put to rights, to correct, to adjust, to adapt fit; to beat, Thik thik, adj. Exact, fit, proper, accurate. adv. Properly, fitly,

accurately, adequately, Thik t hak karna, v. a. To put to rights, cor-

rect, adjust, fit.

ठीवनठीक adv. Exactly, truly, rightly. ठीवनटीका s. m. Abuse. [ware. ठीवनरा s. m. A broken piece of earthen-

डोनरी s.f. A broken piece of earthenware, a potsherd: mons veneris. Thikri chunna, to be mad.

ठोका s. m. Hire, fare, fixed price; work done by contract, a task.

ठीप s. f. A kind of lamp.

ठ कड़ा s. m. A bit, a piece (of bread cc.). इ कराना v. c. To kick or strike with the tocs.

5 set s.f. The chin; parched grain.

Thuldi pakarns, To flatter; to carry
favour.

हनकाना v. a. To cause to knock or hammer.

ह नुक्त s. f. Sob.

ठ नुक्ता v. n. To sob.

ह सक s. f. The act of waving or walking with a graceful easy air, Thumak chal, A dignified pace, stately gaif, graceful carriage.

उं, पक्षना v. n. To walk with grace and and stateliness, to strut, to walk with dignity.

ड, सका adj. Short, of low stature.

ड मकी adj. Lazy. s.f. The playing of a paper kite to keep it up when the wind is light.

उ नक्षना v. a Peditum ciere, suppedere ; to weep but not aloud.

ठ सको s. f. Ventris crepitus surdus.

ठ सना v. n. To be stuffed, to be crammed.

ठुडाना v. a. To cause to stuff.

ठ दिशा s. m. A cunuch.

o s. m. A stump, a branch of a tree (broken off at the end leafless); an amputated hand.

उ उर विश्व } adj. Having the hand amputated; having its branches lops el and leastess (a tree).

ड'डी इ. f. Stubble.

ঠ তৰা s. m. The knee; the pastern (of a horse).

हें नना adj. Short, dwarfish.

टेंगा s. m. A stick, a small club; a tool (penis).

र्हेगावाजना v. a. To spoil.

ਫੌਂਡ adj. Pure, genuine; contentious. ਫੌਂਡੀ s. f. A cork, a plug; a ball of

ear-wax; a dhoti or cloth reaching no further than the knee.

o € s.f. A support, a prop; a large sack filled with grain.

डेका s. m. A. plug.

ธิสิ s.f. A act of resting on the way (a porter corrying a load). Theki dena, or,—lagana, To rest (a porter carrying a load).

33 adj. Pure, genuine ; contentious.

देंगी s. f. A cork, a plug, a stopple. Thepi munh men dena, To be silent. ক্রিনা v. a. To shove, to push, to move forward by pushing. s. m. Acting the buffoon.

3 of s. m. A push, a shove. Thelatheli, s. f. Shoving and shouldering.

है बना s. m. The knee; the pastern (of a horse).

ਰੰਚ s. m. A knock, a blow, tripping against a stone, &c., a shove, a push, a thrust.

उसना v. s. To pierce; to knock against; to stuff, to cram, to ram in; to eat ravenously.

डेंबरा इ.m. Sneer, oblique reflection or innuendo.

होसना v. a. To knock, to hammer; to drive (as a stake); to thrust with the finger, to fillip, to drive, to beat, to tap, to thump. Thonk dens, To hammer or drive down, to knock, pith thonkna, To pat on the back.

डॉन s.f. The act of striking with a finger or beak, peacking.

होंगना है v. a. To strike with the beak, होंगाना है to peke.

डींबा s. m. Striking with the beak.

डोंड s. f. Beak, bill (of a bird).

दोक्या v. a. To beat, strike, drive (as a stake).

डोक्ट s. f. Tripping or striking the foot against any thing, a beat of the foot, a kick, a stumbling-block.

द्रंभर खाना v. a. To trip, to stumble; to meet with a loss or misfortune.

ठोकर लक्षना v. a. To strike against the foot (a stumbling-block or obstacle).

ठीकरा s. m. A fillip. adj. Hard (as bad bread).

होडी s.f. The chin.

ठोर s. f. Beak, bill.

दीका s. m. A cup for the food and drink of a bird in a cage; the knuckles. Thola marna, v. a. To strike with the knuckles.

डीस adj. Solid, compact.

ठोसना v. a. To stuff.

ठीसा s. m. The thumb presented in teken of denial.

ठवाई s.f. Solidity.

oft s. f. Place, room, residence. alv.
Upon the spot. Thear rahus, To be
murdered, to be knocked down lifeless upon the spot.

2

The thirteenth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, or the third letter of
the lingual or cerebral class of consonants. It is often confounded in
pronounciation with a hard r or l,
sounded as in the Northumbrian bur.
It has the sound of the English d
in dun, and is pronounced by applying the tip of the tongue inverted to
the palate.

ESCIPI v. n. To cry bitterly.

दक्तेत s.m. A robber, a pirate.

उनेती s.f. Robbery, piracy.

জ্জীব ব . m. A caste of Hindus ভ্রাদিয়া ব descended from a brahman on the mother's side. They subsist on alms on saturday, and are skilled in astrology,

सन s. f. A space, one step (measure. सनस्ताना v. n. To shake; to burn brightly, to burn clear (charcoal). Dagddgakar pani pins, To drink greedily, or a large quantity at a draught. खनमा adj. Unsteady, tottering.

खगमगाना v. n. To totter, stagger, shiver. खगर s.f. A road, a highway.

डमरना " n. To travel, to walk on the

डगराना ». a. To roll.

डग्गा s.m. A lean, long-legged horse,

a Rosinante, a garran.

wasp. &c , but particularly of a scorpion. Dank marna, v. a. To sting.

TI s.m. A double drum, a kettledrum.

ভান্তিলী s. f. A witch, a kind of female imp or evil being.

ভিছেমানা v. a. To sting (as a reptile). ভढ़ीना adj. Armed with a sting, stinger, ভटना v. n. To stop, to stand still.

ভরা s. m. A plug, spigot, stopple, cork. ভরা s. m. A stalk.

डहमुक्ता adj. Beard-shaven, beardless. डिट्रियच adj. Having a long beard.

kind of exercise, placing the hands on the ground and then bending down so as almost to touch the earth with the breast.

उद्धपेस s. m. One who exercises himself at the dand.

wester s. f. Hindu salutation, bow, obeisance, prostration.

segs s. m. A staff, an ensign-staff; the beam of a pair of scales; a collector of market duties.

डब्झि s. m. A kind of garment for women; a collector of market duties.

कड़ी s.f. The tube of the corolla of the Nyctanthes arbortristis, which is used for dying; a handle; the beam of a pair of scales, s. m. A mendicant who carries a staff in his hand nea dandi, 's. f. A footpath, by-path, track. [ment,

ৰজাৰ s. f. A line, stripe, score, linea-ৰজীন s. f. Hindu salutation, bow, obeisance, prostration.

rebuke, gallop.

डफ s. m. A tambourin.

डफारना v. n. To cry bitterly, to blubber, roar,

डकाकी s. m. A kind of Mahomedan mendicant, who always plays upon a musical instrument called daf; a chatterer.

sy s. m. Strength, power, authority; a kind of pocket; the leather with which oil-pots are made. Dabyar, s. m. A currier.

डबकाना r. n. To glitter.

डबसा s. m. Fresh water drawn from a well. adj. Fat, corpulent.

डवडवाना v. a. To fill with water or tears (the eyes). Ankhen dab-dabána; or, Ansu dabdabána, To be on the point of shedding tears.

डबरा s. m. Marshy land, a puddle. डबराडहरा s. m. A hole or pit of water,

a puddle. डब्स्या *adi*. Left handed.

डबस s. m. Provisions, sca-stock, stores, डबीना v. a. To drown, immerse, flood; to ruin, &c.

বজা s. m. A leathern vessel for holding oil.

डब s. m. A iron spoon.

sets s. m. A musical instrument, a sort of small drum shaped like an hour glass, held in one hand, and beaten with the fingers.

डवन s.m. A car or litter carried on men's shoulders, a palankeen, a ;dooly flying in the air, the flight of a bird. इंदर m. Fear, dread, awe. ' इस्ता रे v. n. To fear, be frightened, इस्पमा रे dread.

खर्प adj. Afroide

उद्योकना ady. A coward.

डरवेथा adj. Fearful ; (met.) A coward. डराक adj. Terrible.

डराक adj. Fearful.

अराना है ». a. To frighten, scare, अरानना है cause to fear, terrify, alarm, dannt, deter. adj. frightful, terrible, terrifying.

Buy adj. Timid, fearing.

carried on men's shoulders by means of a stick and ropes like the beam, and strings of a balance; present of fruits, sweetmeats, &c. are usually sent in this manner. s. f. Glitter.

ष्ट्या s. m. A large basket (without a lid).

डबनाना v. a. To cause to throw down, or to throw, to occasion, &c.

खक्षा s. m. A large lump, a clod; a large basket. '[like a tray]. इत्या s. m. A basket (without a cover, खबी s. f. A lump (of sugar, meat, ўс.)

Wils. m. A large wooden spoon.
WH s. m. The string by which scales

the threads of the warp at the end of a piece of cloth which are left unwoven; the end of a piece of cloth.

The word of a piece of cloth.

The mous animal).

खमीना s. m. Bedding.

away uselessly.

জন্ম s. m., A cavern, abyss, a pitfall.
জন্মাণ v. a. To deceive, disappoint,
balk, tantalize; to spoil, throw

green, fresh; pleasing, blooming,

ভত্তভাৰ ". o. To flourish, to blossom. ভাস s. m. Foil (under precions stone); the sting of a scorpion (and sometimes of other animals).

win s. f. A stick, a club; the greatest height or summit of a mountain.

ভাগৰ atj. Thin lean. s. m. A lean, beast, a starveling; the flowering stem of radishes or mustard; cattle. ভাহৰুহ s.f. Gallop. [menace, ভাইল v. a. To sunb, rebuke, threaten, ভাইল s. m. Pediele, petiole footstalk, ভাইল s.f. A straw, stubble, peci.le, stalk.

ভাত s. m. Retaliation, punishment, penalty, fine amercement, mulet, revenge, forfeit, an oar; the backbone; a stick : a line.

डांडना v. n. To retaliate, to take revenge, to fine, to punish.

खांड भरना v. a. To pay a fine.

डांडलेना v. a. To take a fine, to fine, to amerce.

स्रोहा s. m. Landmarks ; road.

डांडामेंडा s. m. The frontier boundary between the lands of two proprietors.

डांडी s. m. A rower, a boatman.

हारह s. m. A tiger's cub or whelp. खांशाची adj. Wandering without house or home, errant, ruined, ,lost, destitute. Danwa doli, s.f. The wandering without house or home, destitute state.

wis s. m. The sting of a reptile; we large musquito, a gadfly.

with s.f. A post (for the conveyance of letters, also relay of horses or of palki bearers); a post-office; perpetual vomiting. Dak layni, To be seized with constant vomiting.

हाक s.m. Husband of a dakini. साकना v. a. To vomit. हाना s. m. An attack by robbers. Daka parna, or,—dena, or,—dalna, To rob.

खाकिन } s.f. A kind of female imp खाकिनी ∫ or evil being; a witch, a termagant.

स्टाकिया s. m. Robber ; postman. स्टाकी adj. Gluttonous,

खाक s. m. A robber, a pirate.

erz s. f. Threatening, snubbing, browbeating, checking.

सारना v. a. To snub, check, chide, threaten, browbeat.

चाद s. f. A jaw-tooth or grinder.

खाडी s. f. A beard,

TIT s.f. A sacrificial grass (Poa cynosuroides). s.m. A sword-belt; an
unripe cocoa-nut. [well.

हावत s. m. Fresh water drawn from a डावर s. m. A vessel for washing hands in : a round tank.

हाबरनेनी adj. Having large eyes (epithet peculiar to women).

WIH s. m. A sacrificial grass (Poa cynosuroides).

खानर s. m. Resin, a torch.

द्धायन 8. f. A. witch.

हार s. f. Branch, bough ; line, row. Dár ki dár, Company, band.

डारना n. a. To throw. fling. cast, drop, shed, pour, inject, lay, throw down, throw away.

डार्नि s. m. A pomegranate.

wis s.f. A branch, a bough. Ek dal, adj. Of one piece, without joining.

RIMIT v. a. To throw down, to fling, cast, drop, shed, pour, inject, lay, put, push, set, shake, submit, throw, hurl, thrust, destroy, throw away: cause, occasion, produce, excite. Dat dena. v. a. To throw away, cast, cause, occasion, &c.

ड । आ s. m. A litter, a large branch. ड जिल्ला : m. A pomegranate.

with s. f. A present of fruit, &c., a basket of fruit, &c.; a branch, a bough.

ভাষ s. f. Malice, spite, envy, jealousy, ভাষনা v. a. To be malicious, to burn with spite; to be fused (as metal);

to heat (metal). ভাতৰ s. m. The name of a country,

हाही adj. Malicious, spiteful, cavious. हाहक s. m. A gallinule.

also Tripura.

डियना v. n. To shake, vibrate, tremble, quiver, move; to shrink, to go back. डिस्तरजाना v. n. To go away.

िह्नामा v. a. To cause to shake or move.

FEFT s. m. A fat man; a servant, a slave; a rogue, a cheat; a low or deprayed man.

डिटना र v. n. To see ; to take aim, to डिटना look at.

डिडिशारा adj. Seeing, the opposite of blind.

च्हिंदिस s. m. A musical instrument; a kind of small drum or tabour; a plant bearing a small fruit (Carissa carandas).

ভিডিং s. m. Cuttle-fish hone considered to be the foam of the sea.

डिनिर्या adj. Left-handed. डिनिया s.f. A very small box.

डिब्बा s.m. A small box.

ভিন্তা s. f. A cartouch-box, a small box. fsa s. m. A dramatic entertainment, dramatic exhibition of battle or tumult.

fee s. m. An egg; a chrysalis; the bladder; the spleen; the uterus; any young animal.

डिन्बिका s. m. A. libidinous woman.

for s. m. Pride, vanity; any young animal; a fool, an idiot, a blockhoad.

femis f. An infant,

होत s. a. Pride, vaunting, boasting. होत नारना v. c. To make boast (of), to boast.

जीड s.f. Sight, look, glance, vision, जीडबंद adj. Enchanting the sight, preventing one's seeing by conjuration, a juggler.

होट हो है. f. Enchanting the sight, preventing by conjuration one's seeing. होस s. m. f. Stature; body, bulk, size. होह s. m. A haunt, place, dwelling village.

सीहा s. m. A bank, a mound.

তক s. m. A blow with the first.

डकार s.m. Advanced in years, old, aged. डकारबा adj. f. Old (woman).

खगडगाना v. n. To sound (a kettle-drum), to twinkle.

ভড় } s. m. A kind of snake Am-

डनको s. f. A dip, dive, plunge.

স্বাৰা v. a. To cause to drown, &c. স্বাৰা v. a. To cause to sink, to immerse, dip, to demolish, ruin, destroy. স্বাৰ adj. Out of man's depth, deep

জৰীনা } v. a. To drown. immerse, জৰীনা } flood; to ruin. Dabo-dena, v. a. To exhaust, to ruin, to demolish to drown.

(enough to drown in), s. m. Drowning.

डियाना v. a. To lead about (as a horse), to lead in hand.

বুৱাৰা v. a. To move, shake, swing, agitate. [tle. বুলি s, f. A small turtle ; a female tur-

জ্বিজ্ঞান f. A. small bird resembling a wagtail.

डाड. m. A dip, a dive, immersion. खनना r. n. To dive; to drown; to be mmersed or deluged; to set, to

mmersed or deluged; to set, to sink; to be destroyed or ruined; to

be absorbed (in business, study, &c.)
Dil dubna, To faint.

Su s. m. Step, pace.

magid judi banani (lit. to build a separate mosque of a brick and a half), To withdraw, through pride, from the society of others. Derh ponnen, A weight, three-eighths. Derh ponnen, A weight, three-eighths of a ser. Derh bakdyan miyan bagh mea, lit. The gentleman in his garden consisting of a tree and a half. (and the buki-yan, Melas semperoirens, here mentioned, is a tree of no use or estimation) is applied to a person who assumes consequences without reason.

डेटबंब s. f. A kind of dance.

देना s. m. A log tied to the neck of a vicious ox.

हेरा s. m. A dwelling, a tent. adj. Squint-eyed.

डेल है s.m. A lump of earth.

डेक्ट्रा s. m. Half as much again; a mode of reckoning.

डिस्ट्रामा v. a. To take once and a half.

डेबढ़ी s.f. A threshold, a door, antichamber, porch.

डें बोदार s. m. A door-keeper.

discharged at once.

উত্ত্য s. f. A threshold, door, antichauber porch.

चैन s. m. Wings of birds.

जैना s. m. A branch, a bough.

wit s. f. A wooden spoon, ladle.

Ting s. m. A mountain.

होंगा s.m. } A spoon; a canee; क होंगी s.f. } trough.

रोंडो s. f. Proclamation by beat of drum. हों। } s.f. A species of snake.

स्टोक s.f. Vomiting.

स्टीकाना v. n. To vomit.

डीकरा adj. m. Old (man).

डोकरी adj. f. Old (wonish).

स्त्रीकी part. act. Vomiting

दीब s. m. A dip, a dive, a plunge (in dye or colouring).

जीवदेना v. α. To dip in dye or colouring.

স্থীন হা 3 s. m. A low caste of Hindus; the name of a caste of Mahomedans, the males of which are musicians, and the females sing and the company of females only.

होसनपना s. m. The art or practice of a male or female of the dom caste.

होसभी s. f. A female of the castr called dom.

Rit s. f. String, cord, thread, rope. s. m.

A fillet of thread or cord tied round the arm or wrist.

wites s. m. A fillet of thread or cord tied round the arm or wrist; it is also applied to the string tying a packet or parcel.

str s. Thread, line, cord; edge of a sword; Ankh ks dora. A bloodshot cye, vessels distended with blood on the tunica conjunctiva of the eye (from intoxication or ether eause). Gardan ka dora, A graceful motion of the neck in dancing. Dore dalns, v. s. To stitch a quilt; to utter a long continued sound like the Amaduvade (Fringilla amandava).

डोरिया s.m. Stipped muslin; a dogkeeper; lace.

ছাবা s. f. A string, cord, thread, rope. ছাল s. m. A bucket for drawing water. ছালখা s. f. A small bucket for drawing water.

डोन डोन इ. m. Roving, perambulating. डोन र v. n. To move, to shake or bo shaken; to roam, ramble, move, wander; to swing,

sign s. m. A kind of sedan; a wife from an inferior family, married by a person of rank, who gives a present to her parents. She ranks below wives of equal family, but above concubines.

डोला s. m. Manner; coition.

होनादेना v. a. To give a daughter to a superior by away of tribute.

डोली s. f. A kind of sedan (for women). डेंग्जा s. m. A scaffold.

জান্তা s.f. Proclamation by beat of drum, ভীরী s.f. Threshold, door, anti-chamber. adj. f. Half as much again; raised one half higher (a tone in music).

ভাৰ s. m. Manner, method, mode; shape, fashion, form.

ड

The fourteenth consonant in the Nágri alphabet, or the fourth of the third series, and aspirate of the preceding letter; it has the power of dh in Holy-rood-house.

दर्भेदेना v. a. To force an invitation, by fixing one's self in a house till dinner comes on table.

डंग s. m. Behaviour, manners, breeding, gracefulness, mode, method.

ढंढीश s. m. Publication or proclamation by beat of drum.

दंदीरिया s. m. A crier, a proclaimer by beat of drum.

डक s. m. A weight.

दक्षना v. a. To cover, to conceal. s. क. A lid, cover, putlid. दव

हकती s. f. A lid. cover (of a pot). हकार s. f. A belch, eructation, bellowing. हकार बनाए ए. म. To belch.

दक्षेत्र s. m. A shove, push, thrust.

दक्षेणदेना v. s. To push, precipitate. दक्षेणना v. s. To shove, push, justle.

डकल्ना v. s. To shove, push, justie. डकेन् र. m. A pusher.

TE s. m. A city or district, Dhaces or Dscca; covering or disappearance.

বন্ধ s. m. Behaviour, manners, breeding, gracefulness, mode, method.

हरिया है s. f. A cord used instead of दही a bridle.

दश क्ष: m. A plug, cork, bung.

टड्कीवा s. m. A raven.

दञ्जा s. m. The name of a bird a kind of myna.

द्रश्रीरा s. m. Publication or proclamation by beat of drum.

ढण्डोरिया s. m. A crier, a proclaimer by beat of drum.

दनमनाना a. int. To roll, be tossed about. दनमनी Upset, spilt.

दनमनीखाना v. n. To roll down or along. दना v. n. To be demolished, razed, destroyed.

डनेस s. m. A bird with a very large bill (Buceros).

द्वपद्याना v. a. To thump a drum (as

दयना v. n. To be covered, to be concealed or hidden. s. m. A cover, covering.

33 s. m. Shape, from ; manners, breeding, behaviour, mode, method, manner, knack, knowledge, fashion, style, way, address, dexterity, art, position.

डबरा क्यु. Turbid.

ढवीला adj. Well-made. graceful.

ढब्धा s.m. A. copper coin equal to a

zeq s. m. A tambourine.

डमलाना ए. ग. To roll.

टरकना v. n. To drip.

टरका s. m. A horn for giving liquids to cattle, watering of the eye.

दरना v. n. To draw near, come.

दलक s.f. Rolling, tilting.

ढलकना v. n. To roll, be spilt.

ढनका adj. Blear-eyed ; spilling.

दशकाना v. s. To tilt, overturn, spill, pour, roll.

poured out, to flow, spill; to roll; to incline, decline. Din dhalas, To decline the day (twosvds receive). Dhalti phirti chhaon (lit. rolling and turning shade), is applied, to the changeable state of worldly concerns, (me.) to a person of a capricious or unsteady temper.

दलमलामा v. n. To move from side to side, to totter.

दलाना v. a. To cause to cast (meial), to cause to pour.

दलैत s. m. A person in the equipage of great men armed with sword and buckler; a constable, a targeteer.

टबाना v. a. To cause to be knocked down, razed or demolished.

दहना v. n. To fall, to be demolished, to tumble down (as a house ýc.) to be razed, destroyed.

टह पड़ना v. n. To fall, to soss.

डाई adj. Two and a half.

डांबना v. s. To cover, to shut. डांब s.f. A precipice, cliff.

दोचा s. m. A frame, a plan.

बापना v. a: To cover, conceal, hide.

zie s. m. A cough, cold.

दोनना v. a. To blame, to accuse.

डांसा s. m. Calumny, undeserved, abuse, defamation.

दामी s. f. A cough, cold.

31% s. m. A tree (Butes fron loss).

डाका s. m. A. thick wood of dhák trees;

a city or distri t. Dhacca or Ducca. SIZI S. m. A handkerchief tied over the turband and over the ears.

दाही s. f. Ra k. torment, torture : a noose or gin fastened on a horse's nose

हाइन s. f. m. Firmness of mind, enofidence, animation, encouragement,

ढांड्स देना r. a. To animate.

comfort.

ढाडम बंधाना v. a. To encourage, comkeep in spirits.

हाड़ी a. m. A kind of musician, a singer. द्वादम s. m. f. Firmness of mind, confidence, animation, encouragement, comfort.

द्वादिन s.m. ? A kind of musician, a **ढा**ढी *8. f* . singer.

द्वान s.m. Hedge, enclosure.

द्वाना v. a. To break, batter, knock down or raze (a building &c.), to demolish.

ZITI s. m. A net; the caves of a house, extending three or four culits beyond the wall, so that people may sit under them.

zit s. m. A declivity, a heap of corn.

ZIC s. f. A certain Hindu caste.

दाइ adj. Slaut, sloping.

zie s. m. Declivity, slope, s. f. A shield, target, buckler,

ब्राम्बना v. a. To cast (metal in fusion) ; to pour out, tilt, spill ; (met.) to do mischief, mar, spoil.

zieri adi. Sloping, declivitous; cast (metail).

द्राची s. m. A warrior armed with shield, a shield-bearer.

zim ady. Slant, sloping. part. act.

Spoiling, doing mischief easting, &c. Dhalubhar karna, To shift goods, &c. occasionally over shallows, & .. ZIEI s. m. The precipitous or high bank of a river.

fan s. m. f. Side ; near, close to. दिनाई s. f. Forwardness, assurance, impudence, andacity, audaciousness, boldness, presumption, presumptu-

दिवसा s. m. Protuberance.

ousness, petulance, pertness. दिसदिमी s. f. A kind of tambourin.

हीलड adj. Lazy.

हीड र बर्गा. Forward, impudent. familiar, bold, daring, presumptuous, confident. pret. part. pass. Seen.

होठ s. m. Pregnancy ; a large belly.

होल s. m. Looseness, relaxedness, remissness, laziness, inattention, delay. द्रीला adj. Loose, not tight; remiss :

lazy, inattentive, dilatory.

हीलाई s. f. Looseness, remissness. दीहा s. m. A rising ground.

ढ दना v. a. To seek, to search for. ट दनाहोदना v. a. To search-for, to seek,

द्धवाना v. a. To cause to seek.

ढ कना v. n. To enter, penetrate; to take aim, look, have regard or inclination (to); to sympathize.

द्ध क्रीलगाना v. a. To take aim.

द्वला v n. To be poured out, to be spilt, to roll.

द्र लवाना । r. a. To cause to be carri-ढेलाना (ed ; to spill (water, fc).

द्रकाई s. f. Act of carrying ; price paid for carrying, or for transporting,

3 WI s. m. A bank, a mound, a clod of earth.

द्र हराह s. m. Search.

ъз. m. Search.

द्वन s. m. Seeking, searching, investigating.

ह हन। v. a. To seek, search for. Dundh- | na-dhandhna, To search for, seck.

द्व दिया s. m. A mendicant of the Jyn

द बना v. n. To shut, close ; to steal on, draw nigh, approach ; go into, enter.

द आ s. m. Tapping or shoving, by way of calling the attention of one spoken to.

द्र कादेना v. a. To peep, to tap.

दरवा s. m. A. pea.

द्वा s.f. A bundle of one hundred betel leaves. s. m. A drummer.

द्ध सर् s. m. A caste of Hindus.

देक s. m. A. wave.

हें बती s. f. A mode of joining breadths of cloth or of cutting out cloth ; a machine for drawing out water, being lever supported on a long post, having a bucket supended to one end, and a weight of earth or stone to the other.

देशा s. m. A mathine for pounding with.

दे इन s. m. A kind of gourd.

हें डो The capsule of the poppy (or of the cotton tree), a poppy head; an ornament worn in the ear.

हें हा s. m. Pregnancy ; a large belly. देंद s. m. Name of a tribe of workers in leather; a crow.

है है। s.f. An ornament worn in the ear. दक्ती s. f. A pounding machine. देवुचा The unstamped lumps of copper

used in India as "pice."

₹₹ s. m. A heap, accumulation, ad). Much, abundant, enough.

हेरा adj. Squinting, squint-eyed. हेरी s. f. A heap.

देखवांच s. m. A sling.

देखवांसी 8. f. A slinger.

हेला s. m. A clod of earth, a lump of lay, chalk, &c. Dhala-chouth, s, f. The fourth day of the bright part of the Hindu month Bhadon, a festival on which the Hindus pelt each other with stones, throw them into each other's houses, and if abused, consider the abuse an honor.

ढेलाचीय s. f. The fourth day of the light half of Bhadra.

ZET s. m. A kind of Hindu mendicant : a tribe of Jats.

हैं या s. m. A measure of two and a half ढेवाटेकर adj. Desolated.

होचा 8. m. Fruit and flowers presented by inferiors on festival days.

दींचा adj. Four and a half.

दौंड s. f. A capsule or seed-vessel (especially of the poppy).

डोक s. f. Salntation.

डीबना v. a. To drink, to tope.

दोका s. m. A piece of stone. zits s. m. A child,

द्वीना v. a. To carry, to hear.

द्वीर s. m. Cattle.

att s. m. The representation of a tomb carried about in the muharram.

ढोरी s. f. Eagerness, ardour.

दोल s. m. A large drum.

s.f. A small drum.

होलिक्या s. m. A person that plays on the dholak.

दोलन s. m. A friend, a sweet-heart.

द्रोक्ना s. m. A little amulet in the shape of a drum.

द्रोला n, prop. Name of a famous lover in Hindustan. s. m. A boy.

डोजिया s.m. A drummer,

द्धीकी s. f. A bundle of one hundred betel-leaves. s. m. A drummer.

होंचा odi. Four and a half.

स

The fifth letter of the third class of consonants in the Ndgari alphabet, or the fifteenth consonant; it is scarcely ever used as an initial letter. It has the power of n. uttered with the point of the tongue pressed back on the palate.

ন

n The first letter of the fourth or denutl class of consonants, or the sixteenth consonant in the Nágari alphabet. It has the sound of t in most of the continental languages of Europe, or, as expressed in the provincial pronunciation of butter in Yorkshire.

বাই s. f. A large cauldron or boiler for oil, butter, &c.

নয় dav. Till, up to, while, toward, near to, to, at (or denoting ofter a genitive form, the objective case).

तक adv. Still, yet, nevertheless. तंग s. m. A girth of a horse, saddle girth. सकतक s. m. The sound of feet.

राक्षना v. a. To look at, to look, to observe, to aim at, to watch. v. n.
To be looked at, to be stared at.

तकला s. m. A spindle. तकली s.f. A weaver's reel.

ক্রমানী s.f. Watching, overseeing, superintending, looking sharp after (as after a silversmith).

লকাৰ s. m. Motion, agitation, gesture. নকাৰা v. s. To aim.

सिवाया s.m. A. pillow.

तकोनी s. m. A small pillow.

तक्षा s. m. A spindle.

तक ३. m. Buttermilk, with a fourth

समाद s. m. A churning stick.

त्वज्ञ s. m. One of the principal mythological Nagus or serpents of patal; a snake of a middle size and of a red colour

संघण s.m. Time present, time being. तचणो s.f. A carpenter's adze.

तचन s. m. A carpenter.

বিজ্ঞান s.f. The name of a city, the Toxelo of Plolemy in the Panjab. বৰণী s.f. Scales.

तक्त s. m. A throne.

नक्ता s. m. A plank, board, a stool.

तञ्चनी s. f. A small plank, a little board like a slate.

तखन Then.

तखान s.m. A carpenter.

त्रामा v. a. To quilt, to stitch together. त्राम s. m. A tree (Tabernamontana corcoronaria).

तमाई s.f. The price paid for quilting, &c.; the act of quilting.

त्रवामा v. a. To cause to be quilted, to get stitched together.

सगार s. m. A tub, bucket, trough,

तम्भा s.f. A strand or thread of a twist. तम्भी s.f. A strand or thread of a twist; a kind of fishing-line not used with a rod. Tri-laggi, A thread of three strands. Choa-laggi, One of four strands.

तका s. m. Two pice (pysa).

तचना v. a. To be, heated, to parch. तचाना v. a. To parch, to scorch,

तका s. f. The bay tree or its bark (Laurus cassia), woody cassia.

নম s. m. A knower, one who understands, is acquainted with. [leave. মলনা v. s. To abandon, desert, quit, নত s. m. A field; a shore or bank. neither a friend nor a foe.

লড় s.m. Party, division, faction; an imitative sound.

ৰত্বৰা v. n. To be cracked, to be split, to burst, to crack.

মৰ্কা s. m. Dawn of day. Tarke, adv.
In the morning early, at dawn of day.
মন্ত্ৰাকা v. n. To trickle, drop, patter,
bluster, welter; to warp or crack
with noise (as a plank exposed to the
sun).

নত্নভাষ্ট s.f. The a.t of dropping.
নত্নভাষ্ট s.f. Haste, hurry, outrageousness, explosion, fury, leap, jump.

तक्षका s. m. The noise of falling water. तक्षको s. f. Flutter, palpitation.

सञ्चना । v. n. To flutter, palpitate, तहुना । flounce, be agitated, writhe, jump, spring, bound, wriggle, toss; to be very desirous about any thing.

तक्षाना v. a. To put in great agitation to cause to flutter or stumble.

मञ्जूदीला adj. Hasty, hurrying.

বস্তুদ s.f. Agitation, tossing about, palpitation.

নাজ্যজ্বাত v. n. To flatter, to palpitate. বাজ্যজ্বাত s. f. Act of flattering, palpitation.

to be very desirous about any thing, to be agitated, to writhe, jump, spring, bound, wriggle, toss.

নত্নালা v. a. To put in great agitation; to cause to flutter or stumble. বস্তা s. m. An island.

हवावज़ी s.f. The beam of a balance. तज़ाका adj. Pretty, showy, gaudy. s. m. The sound of striking.

तकात s. m. A pond, a pool, deep enough for the growth of the lotus and other aquatic flowers; a trap for catching deer. तकाका s. m. Throwing water.

agrat s. m. Gaudiness in dress, wearing smart clothes, Turayadar, s. m. One who dresses well and is particular in having fine and well-made clothes.

सञ्चान s. m. Show, ostentation, vanity. राष्ट्रण s. m. Rice (cleaned from the husk), any grain after thrashing and winnowing; a vermifuge plant.

तजु s. f. A plant of which the seeds are used as a vermifuge.

तत् pron. That.

सत्ती s.f. A playful, wanton girl.

ततप्रा s. m. A vessel for warming water, a kettle.

तताना v. a. To warm.

on a deceased part. Tatarna, v. a.

To embrocate.

तत्कास adv. At that time, then, s. m. Present, time being, or the time when an act occurs.

तत्वाचची s. m. A man wise or intelligent for the time being, one having presence of mind, &c.

तत्वालीन adv. At that time.

নন্দ s. m. Time present, time leing.
adv. At that time, instantly, immediately. [outrageous.

বন্য adj. Hot, fiery, passionate, furious, বন্ধৰ adj. Diligent, attending to any thing closely and anxiously, engaged, attentive, addicted to, adept.

तम adv. There, therein.

तबभवत adj. Venerable, respectable, reverend.

বাষ s. m. An element, a principle, the essence; essential nature, the real nature of the human soul, considered in the shasters, as one and the same with the divine spirit animating the,

universe: the philosophical etymology of this word best explains its meaning as that, that divine being, and a thou, that very Gorl art thou, the Supreme leing or Brahma: truth, reality, the essential substance, opposed to what is illusory or fallacious; an element or elementary property differently enumerated in different systems, from the three which are the same with the three guns, to twenty-seven, which include the elements, organs, faculties, matter, spirit, life, and God; a first principle, an axiom: mind, intellect: low time in music; a musical instrument. सखजान s. m. Knowledge of divine truth. तथ adj. True, right. तथा s. f. Power, ability, might. adj. or conj. So, thus, ditto, and. तथागत s. m. A. Jyn or Buddha. त्रशापि adv. Nevertheless, yet, even. तथामा adv. Be it so, yes. सर्थे adv. In that manner. त्र adv. Then, at that time, afterwards, in that case, therefore, so soon. Tadanantar, adv. After that, after which. Tad to, adv. Then, in that case. Tad bhi, adv. Still, nevertheless, however, notwithstanding. Tad se, adv. Thence, since that time. Tad hi, adv. At that very time, in that case only.

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तदनकारत p. Within that. aufq adv. Still, nevertheless. AZI adv. Then, at that time, man adj. Miserly, niggardly. and adv. At that very time. an s. m. The body, person, Tanitanha, adv. Alone, solitary. Tan-o man marna, To restrain one's desires

-news adv. After that.

and be silent. Tan-di, A person of application. Ton-dihi, s. f. Application, exertion, attention, diligence. Tan-durust, adj. Healthy, vigorous. Tan-durusti, s. f. Health, vigour. Tan dena, To pay attention, Tanparwar. Careful of the body, overattentive to the body. Tan-parwari. s. f. Self-indulgence.

तमक adj. or adv. Slight, small, a little. adv. Slightly.

नवडीन f. a. A. slender bodied person. सनना v. t. To stretch, pull tight. सन्तन s. m. Body and soul.

तन्य s. f. A son ; a male descendant. तनया s.f. A daughter.

सनाव s. f. A tent rope. afra adj. Small, slight.

सनिकी Small, slight. (waist. तिनया s. m. A kind of covering for the तनी s. f. A string with which garments are tied; a daughter.

तन् *s.f.* The lody.

त्त्रक adj. or adv. Slight, small, a little. adv. Slightly.

नतुज s. m. and s. f. Offspring. child. सन्ता s. f. Offspring, child.

तनकप s. m. A pore of the skin.

सन्तनाना v. n. To twang, to tingle. तन्तनाष्ट्र s. f. Sharp pricking pain from inflammation.

Ren s. m. A weaver. Iscendants. तन s. m. A thread ; offspring, race, de-तन्त भीड s. m. A. silk-worm.

तक s. m. One of the books held sacred by the Hindus; a religious treatise teaching peculiar and mystical formula and rites for the worship of the deities, or the attainment of superhuman power; it is mostly in the form of a dialogue between Show and Durya, who are the peculiar dei-

ties of the Tantrikas; there is a great number of these works, and their authority in many parts of India, seems to have, in a great measure, superseded that of the Vcds: according, to one account, a Tantra comprises five suljects, the creation and destruction of the world, the worship of the gods, the attainment of all objects, magical rites for the acquirement of six (superhuman) faculties, and four modes of union with spirit by meditation; a variety of subjects are however, introduced into many of them; whilst some are limited to a single topic as the mode ' of I reathing in certain rites, the language of birds, leasts, &c.; a branch of the Feds, that which teaches mantras or mystical and magical formu-

a charm, an enchantment. तनो s.m. A musician.

तन्द्रा s. f. Lassitude, exhaustion, weariness, syncope.

læ; demonstration, clear and right

conclusion ; raiment, vesture ; a me-

dicament, a drug; a principal medi-

dered as producing medicinal effects;

' cament, or perhaps a charm, consi-

तन्तामु adj. Slothful, sluggish, overcome with sleep or fatigue.

तन्द्री . f. Sleepiness, drowsiness; lassitude, fainting, exhaustion.

नदा v. n. To stretch, pull tight; to sit upri_ht.

नदाना v. n. To twang; to have a sharp pricking pain from inflammation.

तन्त्राच Up to the limit, up to hand.

aq s. m. The hot season, summer; devont austerity, religious penance.

a.f. Heat, warmth.

बद्रकार, n. To throb, to palpitate. Ta-

pakna phore ka, the throlding of a phlegmon or heil, when coming to supperation.

तपन adj. Hot, warm, fervent. s. f. Heat. तपन s. m. The sun; a division of hell, The hot season; mental distress, pining, grieving. s. f. Heat, glow, fervour, warmth, lurning.

सपना v. n. To be glorified ;' to glow, be heated, frisk about.

तपनि s. f. Hot, sultry. वपनी s. f. The Godaneri river.

तपरी s. f. A mound, a small height, an

त्रप्री s. f. A. mound, a small height, an acclavity.

तप्रवस s. m. The power or strength avquired religious exercises.

ards s.m. Religious austerity, penance, mortification, the practice of mental or personal self-denial; world, the religion inhabited by saints or devotees after death; virtue, moral merit; duty, the special observance of certain things, thus the Tapas of a Brahman is sacred learning; of a Kshatri, the protection of subjects; of a Vys, almsgiving to Brahmans; of a Sadra, the service of the same sect; and of a Rish or saint, feeding upon herbs and roots.

तपसी s.m. A religious devotee,

नपसौ s.f. A kind of fish.

तपुष s. m. The month Phalyun (February-March).

तपसा s.f. Devout austerity, religious penance, devotion.

तपश्चिम) s. m. An ascetic, a refigious audit of engaged in the practice of rigorous and devout penance.

त्याकी s.m. A devotee, a performer of austere devotion, an assetic. adj. Devont, practising austere devotion. Topsi, or Topasi-machhli, s.f. The mango fish (Polynemus paradisea).

Tur s. m. A worshipper, an ascetic, a devotec.

aquaj v. a. To pour out a libation; to heat, to warm, to cause to glow, to make another warm himself at the fire or in the sun.

सपाक s. m. Affection, ardour.

नपास s. f. Sunshine, the sun eams ; toil labour.

नपी s. m. A devotee, a worshipper.

तपीधन s. m. A devotee, an ascetic, one who performs religious penance.

सपीवड s. m. A country, part of central India, or Holy land.

तम adj. Hot, warm, fervent, heated, inflamed, lurnt with heat, pain or sorrow.

নমূলক s. m. A sort of penance, drinking hot water, milk, or ghee, for three days.

BUI s. m. Division, district, parish.

तम् वर्ताः, Then, at that time, so soon; afterwards. Tab tak, Till then. Tab-tori, or, Tab-tain, or, Tab-tag, adv. Till then. so long.

तबते From that time.

तत्रज्ञ odv. Since this time.

तवली prep. Till this.

तवड़ो adv. At that time. Tabhi-lo, then indeed. Tabhi-se, Thence, thence-forth.

तने adv. Exactly then.

สส: s. m. Darkness, gloom; the quality of darkness, incident to humanity; illusion of mind, headstrong passion, anger; irascibility or promptitude to the vindictive passions.

RH s. m. The third of the qualities incident to the state of humanity, the Tamahgun, or property of darkness, whence proceed folly, ignorance, mental blindness, worldly delusion,

&c.; darkness, gloom; sorrew, grief.

तमक s.f. Vanity, arrogance, pride; growing red in the face.

तमकार v. n. To grow red (in the face); to be enraged without cause, or to break out into violence at a temperate and reasonable speech.

तमका s. m. A stroke of the sun.

яна adj. Desirous, cupidinous, longing or hankering after.

तमतमाना v. n. To grow red in the face; to glow, to sparkle, to twinkle, to flash.

तमतमाहट s.f. The state of growing red in the face, glow.

समध s. m. The third of the qualities ineident to humanity, the Tamah-yun, or property of darkness, whence proceed folly, ignorance, mental blindness, worldy delusion, &c.; darkness (physical or moral), gloom; sorrow, grief.

तमस्तिनी अ. f. Night.

तमाख s. m. The sectarial mark made with sandal, &c., on the forehead; a tree bearing black blossoms (Xanthocymus pictorius).

तमालक s.m. A kind of potherb (Marsiles dentats).

तमाचिका s.f. A district in Bengal, the mordern Tamluk.

तमाची s.f. A medicinal plant used as an emollient in affections of the mouth and fauces.

तिवदा s.f. A dark night, or one during the wane of the moon. s. m. The dark half the month, from the full to the change.

तमीगुण s. m. The third of the qualities incident to the state of humanity, the property of darkness, whence

proceed folly, ignorance, mental blindness, worldly delusion, &c.; darkness, gloom; sorrow, grief.

तमीच s. m. The legislator of Buddh.

बनीजिप्ती s.f. The district of Tamluk in Bengal.

तमीइत adj. Overcome with rage, fear, &c., or any of the effects of the property of darkness.

तव्याख s. m. A pot, pipkin.

तिक्यां s. m. A pot.

तस्व s. m. A tent.

নজীল s. m. The betel leaf. Tambal ana,
To bleed from the bridle (a horse's
mouth).

নশ্বীনিদ s. f. A woman whose business it is to sell betel leaf; name of a tree. নশ্বীনী s. m. A caste whose business it

is to sell betel leaf.

at adv. Under, beneath.

तर्दे s. f. A star.

तरक s.f. A beam, a rafter.

सरकारों s. f. Esculent vegetables. सरकृष s. m. The fruit of the tar tree (Borassus flabelliformis).

सरका adj. Rapid (a stresm).

set s.f. A wave, an emotion; whim, conceit, fancy, caprice; becoming state and dignity.

तरकियी s. f. A river.

सरको adj. Braggart, fanciful, fantastical, whimsical.

avaz s. f. Dregs, sediment, lees.

are s.m. A raft, a float; swarg or paradise; crossing over, passing across; escaping, being saved; one who is saved or delivered.

सरिष s.m. The sun ; a ray of light, a float or raft.

हर्ग है s. f. A ship, vessel, boat; the succotrine aloe (A perfoliata); s plant (Hibiscus mutabilis).

πτες s. m. A raft or float, made of bambus, &c. tied together, and sometimes floated upon jars or hollow gourds inverted; the float of a fishing line.

नरको adj. A boat, a vessel.

तरनरा s. m. A kind of dish.

तरन s. m. Passing over; escaping, being saved; one who in saved or delivered.

तरना v. n. To cross over, to pass. over, to be ferried; to be saved.

तरन s. m. A fog; a hard shower, a torrent of rain; the ocean.

तरनी *s f*. A boat.

तरपत्र s.m. A libation of water to the names of deceased ancestors; satisfaction, gratification.

तर्षका v. n. To flutter, palpitate, flounce, be agitated, writhe, jump, spring, bound, wriggle, toss; to be very desirous about any thing.

तरबुज s.m. A water-melon (Cucurbita citrullus).

त्रस्य adj. Capricious, changeable, fickle, inconstant, ticklish, volatile, unsteady; libidinous, lecherous, wanton.

तरबा adj. Lower, nethermost.s. m. A. kind of bambu; bottom, depth, lower or under part.

तर्व s. m. A tree.

तरवर s. m. Any large tree.

त्रविश s.m. A sword ; a swordsman, a fencer.

तरवार s.f. A sword, a scimitar.

तरसना v. n. To long, desire anxiously, be agog ; to pity.

तरा s. m. The bottom of any thing. तराइन s. m. Stars.

नराई s.f. A marsh, mead, meadow. Tarai khewa, adj. Living in, or near water (water-fowl, water-spaniel, ýc.). सराकड़ी s.f. The beam of a balance. तराज s.f. A scale, balance.

तरान s. m. Revenue.

acia s. m. Revenue.

नराना v. a. To cause to pass over or swim; to save.

तरी s.f. A boat.

त्र इ. m. A tree.

नदजीवन s. m. The root of a tree.

new s. m. A kind of flower (Achyranthes aspera?); a young man, one of the virile age, adj. Young, juvenile, adult; new, fresh, novel.

तद्याई s.f. } Adoles ence, youth, तद्यापन s. m. } puberty.

নৰ্থী s.f. A young woman from 16 to 30 years of age, generally however one about the first ago.

तरी adv. Under.

नरेका s. m. The falling of water from a spout, or from any height.

तरेत s. m. A buoy.

तरैया s.f. A star.

สต[®] s. m. Doubt, disputation, discussion, reasoning; the science of reasoning, logic; (in logic) a proposition.

नक विद्या s. f. The science of reasoning or logic.

नवारी s.f. Esculent vegetables. निकत adj. Doubtful, disputatious.

त्रिक s. m. A logician, a disputant, a follower of the Tark shastr.

शक्तिंस s. m. Cassia tora.

-auff s.f. A kind of ornament for the ears made of the leaves of the târ tree. s. m. A logician, a disputant, a follower of the Tark shastr.

বন্ধ s.f. A spindle, an iron pin upon which the cotton is first drawn out; it also serves as the distaff, the cotton being next transferred from it to the wheel. নসূত s. m. Drawing out the cotton upon the distaff or upon the wheel.

नक्टी s. f. A spindle or a distaff.

तक पिठा है. म. A ball of clay, &c. तक पीठा है. f. upon the lower end of the spindle to assist in giving it a rotatory motion.

नकुष s. f. The fruit of the tar rree (Borassus flabelliformis).

तकु लासक s. m. A concave shell or saucer in which the lower end of the spindle is placed and whirled round.

तर्केशाय s. m. A small whetstone for sharpening spindles, &c.

तर्को बत्रों. Rapid (a stream).

तर्जन s. m. Wrath, anger. तर्जनो s.f. The fore finger.

तर्गराता adj. Very greasy ; dripping with

सर्वेराना v. n. To bluster, to boast. सर्वेराष्ट्र s.f. Bluster, boast.

सपैष s. m. Satisfaction, given or received; either the act of pleasing or the state of being pleased; satiety, fulness; a religious rite, presenting water to the manes of the deceased.

तर्षे s.f. A musical tone, [nur. atin v.n. To grudge, gramble, mur-तर्राम v.n. Rapidity, flow. Tarara bharna, To gallop. [fencer.

तर्विद्या s. m. A sword ; a swordsman, a तर्वार s. f. A sword, a scimitar.

न्दे s. m. Thirst, wish, desire.

सर्वेण s. m. Thirst, thirsting; it is also used metaphorically.

नर्षित adj. Thirsting, athirst, thirsty. नर्षे s. m. Compassion, mercy. Tars kha-

na, To compassionate, to pity. तर्शेना v. a. To cause to long, set agog, tantalize, tease, vex.

nel adv. The third day past or to come (not including the present, i. e. two days intervening). HW f. m. Depth, bottom, lowness, inferiority of position, the place under or underneath : the sole of the foot, सनकापर adj. Upside, down; confused. सलक adv. Till.

सल्ख adj. Bitter, rancid.

तनकृट s.f. Dregs, refuse, scum, sediment, offals, leavings.

तसतताना v.n. To shake.

तखना v. a. To fry.

तखपर adj. Ruined, destroyed.

समयना) v. n. To flutter, to palpitate, तसका (be restless, be agitated, to flounce.

सलमजाना v. n. To be tantalized; to grieve, to be agitated,

सलवरिया s.f. A scimitar. s. m. A swordsman, one armed with a scimitar, a sword-player, a fencer.

नसवार s. f. A sword, a scimitar.

सख्यासना v. a. Spoken of the feet of animal which are worn by treading on hard rocky ground.

त्रका s.f. A leathern fence worn by archers on the left arm, s. m. The stand or support of any thing, that which is under or below it; the bottom of any thing; the sole of a shoe; protection.

तवातव s. m. One of the seven divisions of the infernal regions.

त्वात s. m. A pond, reservoir of water. निष्ण adj. Inferior, next, below, one who acts at the command of another. तकी s. f. The bottom of any thing ; the sole of a shoe; beneath, under; impalpable powder.

तल्या (s. m. The sole of the foot. मलना र Talua chátna, or, Talwe tale hath dharna, To flatter. Talwe sahlane, (lit. to stroke the soles of the feet) Signifies excessive flattery, adulation. Talwon se ag lagni, (lit. burning in the soles of the feet) Implies excessive anger.

तंड

तके adv. Below, down, beneath, under. Tale-upar, anj. Upside down confused. Tale tale deklina, To see clandestinely. Tale ki zamin upar honi, Is used to express great disturbance and confusion.

त्रक्षेया s. f. A. small pond.

तर्लेका s.m. A turtle-dove. विक्रका*s. f*. A. key.

तक्री s. m. The dental class of letters in ... the Nágri alphabet, beginning wifle स tah.

सम्बद्ध s. f. A salver, a small plate, a AGE s. m. A shuttle; a kind of coarse silk the produce of a particular worm (Bombyx paphia), that feeds on the asan (Terminalia alata tomentosa), &c.

तसचा s. m. A vessel used by Hindus to dress their victuals in

Tent s. m. A thief, a robber, a stealer: a kind of potherb (Medicago esculenta); a tree (l'angueria spinosa). तकता s. f. Thievishness, thieving.

नकारी s.f. Theft; a passionate woman. तक s. m. A razor-strop.

त्य s. m. An inch. Ispersed. तहसनहस adj. Ruined, destroyed, dis-

ast adv. Thither, there, Tahan tahan, In each place.

त्रका At that place.

तदाना v. s. To fold, to ply, to wrap. तरी adv. Thither, there, exactly there. 4

at inflect, of the 3rd pers. pron. sing. Him, her, it, that.

सांग s. m. A. small two-wheeled car without covering, and on which one person only can sit, Tanga-sawar, One who rides on a tanga.

तास्व s. m. Dancing, especially with violent gesticulation, and particularly applied to the frantic dance of the god Shiv and his votaries.

तात s. f. A loom ; cat-gut, sinew, the string of a musical instrument. Tantbaji our rág buila. He understood from the first word, Tant bandhna, To put to silence an idle talker.

ताता s. m. A string (of comels, horses, &c.), a drove ; a train, a series, a row.

नाती s. m. A weaver.

तामखा s. m. A copper colour (in pigeons'; a false stone resembling a ruby.

नावा s. m. Copper.

माइत s. m. An amulet or charm.

नाई . f. An aunt, paternal uncle's wife, father's clder brother's wife : an earthen frying not.

नाज । s. m. A paternal uncle, father's नांक (elder brother.

साम s. f. Look, fixed regard, glance, peep; aim, view, the act of aiming, pointing (of a dog). Ták bándhna, To covet, to point (as a dog). Tak rahna, To aspire.

साकना v. a. To stare at, aim, peep, see. apy, watch, view, behold, look, look for, attend.

साकवात s. f. Nick of time.

s. m. Thread.

तागतीख s. m. Lace. नागना v a. To thread.

ATTI S. m. Thread. नानी s. m. An Arabian horse. [enr. नारंक s. m. An ornament worn in the are s. m. The plam tree (Borassus flabelliformis) s. f. Understanding. Tarbaz, adj, Intelligent, quick of apprehension. Tarbazi, s.f. Quickness of apprehension. ताइक s. m. A reprover, punisher, chasares s. m. An ornament worn in the ear.

नाष्ट्रन 🕻 s. m. Beating, whipping, pun-नाइना (ishment, admonition, reproof, penalty, Tarna karna, To reprove, punish. chastise.

ताइना v. a. To understand, conceive, comprehend, guess, apprehend.

तान्तीय adj. Reproveable, worthy of admonition, punishment, &c.

ताडिया 1 s. f. Wife of a demon (rakshās) नाड़ का 🕽 killed by Rám.

साडी s. m. The juice of the palm tree (toddy); hilt of a dagger.

तास्त s. m. Dancing, especially with violent gesticulation, and particularly applied to the frantic dance of the god Shiv and his votaries.

वात: adj. Venerable, reverend, respectable.

नात s. m. Father. adj. Hot, warm. सातनी pron. inflect. f. Of her, that or it. मातनी pron. inflect. m. Of him, that or it. तातज adj. Hot, warm.

नाता adj. m. Hot, heating (food).

ara pron. inflect, From him, her, it, or that.

नातकालिक adj. Of that time or period. नालाई s. m. Object, purpose, intent, design; meaning, purport; explanation; the apprehension of an implied wish or thought; need.

तद्वासम् adj. Likeness, similarity.

बाह्य s. f. Such like, like him or it, &c. तान s. f. A tune, a tone, the key note in music, stretching, tension, knitting (eye-brows). [culation_

नानक्ष s. m. Dancing with violent ges-सानसोखना v. a. To crack a joke, to drop a word which excites quarrelling or induces conversation, to animadvert; to strike up a tune.

aimi s. m. The warp, the threads that are extended lengthwise upon a loom, Tána bánka karna, To fidget, to dance attendance. Tanz tanna. To wander, here and there without profit.

सामा v. a. To heat, prove, assay.

বাদী s. f. The warp; the price paid for wearing.

नानिक s. m. A scholar, a man completely versed in any science; a follower of the doctrine taught by the Toutras. ताज्ञा v. a. To extend, stretch, expand,

pull, knit (the eye-brows). Tambu tanna, To pitch tents.

RIV s. m. Warmth, heat, burning (moral or physical): pain, sorrow, distress. s. f. Fever, Tap-telli, s. f. An induration of the spleen, attended with, or preceded by fever; splenitis, ague-cake.

सापक s. m. Fever, morbid heat. adj. Burning, inflaming, heating.

नापन s. m. The sun; heating, inflaming. तापना v. a. To bask in the sun or before fire, to warm one's self at (or over) a fire, to warm, to heat.

नापस adj. Performing penance. s. m.
A practiser of devout austerities, a
devotee, an ascetic.

নাঘিন adj. Inflamed; distressed, pained.
নাঘী s. f. A name of the Tapti or Sarat
river; a name of the Jamna river.
adj. Oppressed by heat, morbid,
moral or physical; any thing heated
or glowing.

साय s. m. A mineral substance, sulphuret of iron, said to le procured from the Tanti river.

नामज्ञीज adv. Successively, repeatedly. नामजीनी s. f. Enamelled copper.

नामका s. m. A gem of inferior value of a copper colour. नामरस s. m. A lotus (Ngmphá nelumbo); copper; gold.

तामलको s. f. A plant (Flacourtic cataphracta).

तामिष्य s.f. A district in the south of Bengal Tamluk.

तासम adj. Affected by or appertaining to the third quality, that of darkness or vice; partaking or influenced by the principle of inertness, ignorance or mental darkness, inert, stupid, ignorant. s. m. Darkness, illusion; irascibility; an incendiary, a malignant and mischievous man, a villam.

तामा } s. m. Copper.

নাপৰং s. m. Calx or scoriss of copper. নাজাল s. m. Betel-leaf, the areca nut. নাজা জাবাৰ s. m. A kind of pulse (Ervum lens).

राज्यस्य s.f. A small plant bearing a leaf, which with the areca nut, a small quantity of caustic lime or chunam, and catechu, and occasionally cloves cardamoms, &c., from the Pan or betel of the Asiatics (Piperbetel),

साज् लो s.f. Betel (Piper betel) or its pungent leaf, which together with the areca nut is eaten very generally by the natives of the cast. s.m. The Pan bearer of a prince or soværeign; a servant whose business it is to prepare and furnish the Pan.

त्रवा s. m. A copper colour (in pigeons); a false stone resembling a ruby.

সাম s.m. Copper; a kind of sandal wood represented as of a dark red colour and smelling like a lotus; a dark or coppery red.

नावक्यों s.f. A name of the female elephant of the west. ताय तार s. m. A brazier, a copper smith. तासगर्भ s. f. Blue vitriol or sulphate of copper.

तासपट s. m. A copper plate, such as Hindu grants of land, &c. are frequently inscribed on.

तामपणी s.f. A river in the peninsula, and the district in its vicinity.

নাৰপুথ s. m. A kind of chony (Bauhinia variegata); a plant (Kempferia rotunda). [suave-olens).

तामपूषा s. f. Trumpet flower (Bignon a तामपूषी s. f. Lythrum fruticosum.

सामपुष्पा इ. f. Lythrum truticosum. सामपुष्प इ. m. Alangium hexapelalum.

सामाणी s. f. The blossom of sesamum,

सामनको s. f. Bengal madder (Rubia manjith).

ताम तीज s. m. A kind of vetch.

सामहत्त s. m. A sort of sandal wood, सामगर s. m. A red kind of sandal

(Plerospermum santolinum).

तासक s. m. One of the eighteen divisions of the known continent.

साधिक s. m. A brazier, a coppers-mith. साधिका s. f. A copper vessel for marking time.

নাৰী s.f. A copper of metallic cup of prescribed capacity, and perforated by a small hole at the bottom, answering the purpose of an hour glass; it is put into a vessel of water, the water gradually filling it and the sinking marks the time that has elapsed.

तार s. m. A high note or tone in music; a wire, a chord.

सारक adj. A protector, a preserver.

सारहरना v.n. To be disjointed, to be separated.

নাৰে s. m. A raft, a float; the act of freeing, salvation, deliverance; one that sets free or delivers. तारणतरण s, m. f. The Saviour, and the person saved.

सारणा v. a. To free, rid, exempt from further transmigration, absolve from sin, save.

तारताच s. m. Distinction, discrimination. नारतीचु s. m. A kind of sewing or needle-work, open work, pulling out some threads, &c.

নাৰো v. a. To free, to rid, to exempt from further transmingration, to absolve from sin, to save,

नारपनार adj. Dispersed, &c.

तारबांधना v. a. To continue or repeat an action without interruption.

Tare ginna, To count the stars, i. c. to get no sleep.

सारायच s. m. The atmosphere, the firmament, heaven or sky.

सारामण्डल s. m. The starry sphere.

सारिका s. f. The apple of the eye; a star.

नारियो s f. A goddess peculiar to the Jyns; a name of Durgd; deliverer.

सारी s. f. The clapping of hands; a key; abstraction, absence of mind, absorption in thought or devotion.

नाइ s. m. The palate.

नाकिं क s. m. A philosopher, a sophist, a follower of either of the six schools of *Hindu* philosophy.

ताकिष: ddj. Relating or attached to the science of reasoning.

नानी v. a. To free, to rid, to exempt from further transmigration, to absolve from sin, to save.

are s.m. A pond; beating time in music, musical time or measure, chime; slapping or clapping the hands together or against the arms previous to fighting; a musical in



strament of bell metal or brass (a sort of cymbal) played with a stick; the palm tree (Borassus Rabelliformis). Tal dans, To chime; to slap the bands on the arms before fighting. Tal marna, or—thokna, To strike the hand against the arms preparatory to wrestling.

तालक s. m. A bolt, a latch, a kind of lock for fastening a door with.

तालपत s. m. A hollow cylinder of gold with or without a ring attached to it thrust through the lobe of the ear, and worn as an ornament.

सास्त्रपर्णी s. f. A sort of anise (Anethum panmorum).

तालपुर्वक s. m. A medicinal application to the eyes.

तालमखामा s. m. A medicinal herb (Barleria longifolia).

तालम्ली s. f. A plant (Curculigo orchivides).

सालहरून s.m. A fan.

साला s. m. A lock.

तालाका s.f. A perfume. हाली s.f. A sort of key or pin; clapping of the hands together; a species of the mountain palm (Coryph's tilier's): a plant (Flacourtia cataphracts). Tali ek hath se bajni, Is used to express an impossibility. Tali bajana, To clap the hands (generally by way of censure and ridicule); to hoot, Tali marna, To hoot.

ताल s.m. The palate, the ridge or slit in the roof of the mouth; a disorder in horses, the lampreys.

सात s. m. A sheet of paper; proof trial, easy; speed.

power; splendour, dignity; twist, coil, contortion. Tao dena, To twist;

to stroke the whiskers; to heat (as iron). Tao pech khana, To be heated; to be angry.

वित

तानम् adv. So much, so far, so many, unto, until, the correlative to बानम् yowat.

तावना v. a. To heat, to raise heat by blowing with bellows, to anneal; toprove, to assy; to twist.

नाम s. m. Cloth of gold, brocade.

सास s. m. The cards, a game at cards ;. brocade, cloth of gold.

साम् तामुको } pron. Of him, that or it.

ताडि pron. To him, her or it.

লাছিব s. f. A kind of dish, viz. rice boiled with bar-i, which consists, of pulse (Phaseoher radiatus) gound in a wet state mixed with giuger, pepper, &c. and dried in small lumps. বিষয়বিশ্ব s.f. A sound used in driwing

a cart.

विक्रीनिया adj. Triangular.

fra s. m. A small piece of flesh, a steak, a chop, a collop, a slice.

fam adj. Bitter; fragrant s. m. A bitter taste, bitterness; fragrance, perfume.

行務有 s. m. A kind of gourd (Trichosunthes diæca); a sort of Gentian (G, chcrayts). [catum).

तिकागन s. f. A plant (Lycopodium imbri-तिकानुन्वी s. f. A bitter gourd.

विकड्मा s. f. A medicinal kind of moon- ulant.

famua s. m. A cucurbitaceous plant (Momordina mixto).

নিম্নথৰ্জন্ s.f. A potherb (Hilancha repens); a. plant (Menispermum glu-Brum).

famusa s. m. A kind of cucumber (Trichosanthes dieca). तिकरीडिणिका s. f. A medicinal plant. तिकवली s. f. A plant (Aletris hyacinthoides).

विज्ञसांक s. m. A plant (Capparis trifolista).

বিল্লাহাৰ s.m. A sort of Mimosa (M. catechu).

तितिका s. f. A bitter gourd.

विश्वरा करना v. a. To trifallow, to plough

तिखारमा v. a. To confirm, to prove, to establish by argument; to inquire earnestly; to trifallow.

fagu s. m. A stone in music. adj.
Threefold, triple.

fangl adj. Threefold.

faws. m. Heat, also the heat of spices, or pungency. adj. Hot, pungent, acrid; sharp (as a weapon).

तिकान adj. Sharp, virulent, bitter, severe.

तिनरी } s. f. A tertian fever or तिनारी } ague.

নিতা s. f. A plant, commonly called Teori.

तित adv. Thither, three.

वितना } adj. So many, so much, Titnefeaनी men, in so much (time).

तितर्वितर adj. Dispersed.

নিবিৰা s. f. Patience, resignation, sufferance, endurance.

तितिचित्र } adj. Patient, resigned.

- বিনিৰ্মা s. m. An obstacle, impediment, stratagem.

দিনিত s. m. One of the seven Korans or astronomical periods so called; as sort of sweetment made of sesamum, ground, and baked with sugar.

fafat s. m. The Francoline partridge, fafat s. m. The Francoline partridge; the name of a muni, and one of the

early teachers of the Tyttiri, or black Yajur Ved; the Yajur Ved, named after its teacher.

तिष } s. m. A luyar day, one thir-तिष } tieth of a whole lunation.

निधिचय s. m. Day of new moon. निदरी adj. Three-doored.

faux adv. There.

तियारा s m. A plant (Euphorbia iquorun); the meeting of three streams.

fan pron. pl. inflect. Them, those. He, she, it, that. Tinhen, To them or those, &c. [throb.

নিশ্বনা v. n. To flutter, palpitate, finant v. n. A straw, a bit of the stalk of grass. Tinka danton men lena, To make submission, confess inferiority, or ask for quarter. Tinke chunna (lit. to pick straws), To be intoxicated.

तिनिन्ही s. m. The tamarind tree.

तिकी s. f. A kind of rice.

নিৰ্ভ s. m. A species of ebony, from the fruit of which a kind of resin is obtained, that is used in India as pitch for canlking vessels, &c. (Disspyros glutinosa).

तिन्द्रकी s.f. The resinsus fruit of a sort of ebony.

family and. Thrice, s. m. A half or room with three doors.

নিদি s.m. A fabulous fish of an enormous size, said to be one liundred: Yojans long.

तिनिक्कित s. m. A large fabulous fish.

বিশিক্ষিত্ৰবিত্ত s. m. A fabulous fish larger than either of the preceding.

নিনিন adj. Wet moist, moistened damp; steady, fixed, unmoved, washaken. নিনিম s. m. Larkness; gutta serena,

total blindness from affection of the optic nerve.

विभिन्न s. m. A kind of pumpkin ground; a water melon.

fits s. f. A woman, a wife.

fatazi s. m. A mixture of dry ginger, long pepper, and black pepper.

fater s.f. Thirst, desire.

तिरखंडी s. f. A trivet.

fatwi adj. Crooked, across, crosswise, bent, oblique, awry, askant; perverse; affected, foolish. Tirchha dekhna, To squint, to look askant. Tirchha Layna, v. n. To strike obliquely, to glance. Tirchhi ankh korna, To look angrily, to cast unkind looks. Tirchhi nazare, Leer, ogle, side glance, squint.

तिरक्ता v. n. To crook, to place in a transverse position, slant v. n. To be perverse; to be affected.

तिरिक्क्याना v. n. To edge, to go obliquely. तिरितराना v. n. To trickle, to drop.

तिरना v. n. To swim.

तिरपद s. m. A tripod.

तिरपन adj. Fifty-three.

सिर्पोणिया s. m. A building with three doors or arches.

तिरक्षा s.m. A medicine composed of three myrobalans.

तिरवाचन s. m. An agreement confirmed three times.

facture adj. Standing awry, or bending (properly with legs, loins and neck bent).

নিম্মনী adj. Having the position described under tirbanga, and epithet of Krishna. s.f. A species of poetical measure.

fate adv. Indirectly, underhandedly, secretly, covertly; crookedly, awry; a particle of abuse or depreciation.

fates adj. Sixty-three. [proach.

factor of the control of the control

तिरिक्षिया s.f. Disrespect, contempt, reproach.

faर्क्त adj. Reviled, abused, reproached, censured.

বিয়া (contraction of Tera), Thy, thine. বিয়াৰা v. a. To cause to pass over or swim : to save.

तिरान्वे adj. Ninety-three.

तिराव s. m. Swimming.

तिरास s. f. Thirst.

तिरास चाना v. v. To be thirsty.

तिरासी adj. Eighty-three.

तिरिया s.f. A woman, maid, female, wife.

तिरियाचरित्र s. m. Female wiles.

तिरियाचेद s. m. The science of women, knowledge of women.

तिरियाराज्य s. m. Amazon country, petticont government.

तिरी adj. Three.

तिरीविरी adj. Dispersed.

तिरेच s. m. The float of a fishing line, a float or buoy.

निरेन्दा s.m. A. float.

নিংটাছন adj. Covered, concealed, hidden, removed or withdrawn from sight.

तिरौंदा s. m. A buoy, beacon.

লিনিম্বা s. m. A pot of oil, &c., swimming on water; an ocular spectrum or spark appearing before the eye from the internal state of that organ. বিনিম্বা v. n. To vibrate, dazzle, thrill, shake; to glisten as grease or oil, swimming on water,

तिमिराष्ट s. f. Vibration.

বিদিনী s.f. Vertigo, darkness (Perhaps amaurosis or blindness from disease). বিষ্ণুব s.f. A district on the Gandak, Tirhut.

तिषु विस्त adj. Belonging to Tirkut, produced in Tirkut. farm s. m. A plant bearing an oily seed; the oil and seed being both much used in oriental cooking (Sesa-(mum orientale); a mole or spot, compared to a seed of sesamum. Tilon men tel nihin kahna, (lit. to say there is no oil in the seeds of sesamum, is) To say snow is black, to deny the most evident truth.

R可称 s. m. A mark or marks made with coloured earths or unguents upon the fore-head, and between the eye-brows, either as an ornament or a sectarial distinction; a freekle, a mole, a natural mark on the person; a title, especially in composition, implying pre-eminence.

বিভাৰা s. f. A kind of necklace, adj.

Spotted, freekled, a person having moles or spots; chief, principal.

নিজনত s. m. The farina of sesamum. নিজনাজন s. m. A mole or spot on the body; a man so marked.

faces s. m. A sweetmeat, composed of pounded sesamum and sugar.

figure 18. m. An inhabitant of Tylongo, in which the first soldiers were clothed and disciplined in the European manner; (hence) a soldier or rather sepoy.

तिसन्त्री s. f. A kind of (child's) kite. तिसन्दा s. m. A cock rouch (Blatta).

্বেশ্বৰণী s. f. Mixture composed of rice and sesamum seeds; a mixture of black and gray hairs in the head.

নিজন্ম s. f. A kind of sweetment. বিজন্ম s. m. A necklace of three strings.

तिल्ला s. m. A necktace of three strings. • तिलतेल s. m. Sesamum oil.

নিকাষ্ট্র s. f. Sesamum made up in the shape of a cow, for the purpose of being presented to Brahmans. तिलपणी s. f. Red sandars (Pterocarpus santolinus).

तिलिप्सिट s. m. A 'sort of sweetment made chiefly or ground sesamum.

নিজ্বিদ্ধ রেজ্বিন s.m. Barren sesamum, bearing no blossom, or its seed yielding no oil.

तिल्बर s. m. A. kind of bird.

तिलम्य adj. Made or composed of sesamum.

নিজন্ম . m. A kind of pea-fowl, marked with spots resembling the seed of the sesamum.

निजन्म रो s. f. A kind of sweetmeat made of sesame and sugar.

तिल्हा adj. Oily.

तिलाई s.f. A small frying pan. तिलावड़ी s.f. A plain in the vicinity of

Sirhind, abounding in robbers; hence, it is applied to any situation of danger.

নিজ্যা s. m. A kind sweetment (eaten particularly by the Hindus when the sun enters capricorn).

নিজীয়া adj. (Spoken of a lamp) Sloped so that the oil may reach the wick.

নিজীলনা s.f. One of the courtezans of Swarg, the paradise of the Hindus. বিজীবন s.m. A dish of milk, rice and sesamum.

तिसी s.f. The spleen or milt, Taptilli, s.f. Disorder of the spleen.

faritis. m. A hall or building with three doors.

तिवासी adj. Stale, three days old. तिष s.f. Thirst.

तिया s. f. Thirst : temptation.

fau s. m. The eighth nakehatra or lunar mansion, an asterism figured by an arrow, and containing three stars, of which one is Cancer, adj. Auspicious, fortunate, lucky.

) s. f. Emblic myrobalan (Phyl- | तिष्यपुष्य ∫ l. a hus emblica), or auspicious flower.

fau inflect. pron. That which. &c. Tisuprant, adv. Moreover. Tis-per, or, Tis-pi, adv. Besides, over and allove, moreover, by, nevertheless, still, then, after that, thereon, whereat, Tis-per-bli adv. Thereon, neverthe less, yet, still. [pire,

निमरायत s. m. A third person, an um-तिसत् s. m. Name of a medicine.

farat adj. Seventy-three. faggi ady Triple, three fold.

तिहराना v. o. To tertiate, to do the third time, to triple,

तिश्वसावट s. f. Triplication.

तिहरे pron. Your, of you.

fawit s. f. The third part : the third part of a piece of cloth for making trousers.

तिहायत s. m. A third person ; a court of inquiry, 'three or four persons by whom any cause is arbitrated, an arbitrator.

तिहारी) सिहारे pron. Your, of you.

faft pron. pl. Those very, them, themselves.

far adj. Three.

নিৰ্ভ adj. Pungent, hot; angry, passionate; sharp, acute, penetrating, ardent, virulent, bitter, evere.

तीकड s. m. Posteriors.

तीक्र s.f. A starchy substance obtained from the root of the Curcuma anquatifolia.

बीचव adj. Hot, warm, pungent, ardent, zealous, active, warm ; keen, intelligent; angry, passionate, sharp (as a sword) penetrating.

तीका कब्द्रक s. m. Thorn apple (Datura metel).

ती अक्रान्द s. m. The onion.

ती आप क्रमीन ada. Active.

तीचान्य s. m. Morungo Hyperanthera ; the gum olibanum tree, small cardamonis.

नीश्चानम् s. f. Mustard seed ; orris root, Pan lanus odoratissimus.

सीखातेल s. m. Resin ; the milky juice of the Euphorbia, spirituous or vinous liquor.

तीच्छपत 🕽 s. m. Coriander.

तीच्छपचा s. m. Cloves.

सीचार्म e. m. Saltpetre.

নী আল্লে s. m. Barley.

सीका adj. Pungent, hot, warm ; angry, passionate: sharp (as a sword), penetrating.

सोसी adj. f. Sharp (tone in music).

ती आर s. f. A starchy substance obtained from the root of the Curcuma augustiolia.

तीक्ष ady. Ardent, sharp. [night. तीज s. f. The third day of a lunar fort-तीका s. m. The third day after the death of a relation, on which oblations are offered (used among Mahomedans).

Bitter; pungent, hot, तीत 🕽 adj. acird.

शीतर s. m. A partridge (Perdix Froncolinus). Titar ke munh lachhmi (lit. good fortune proceeds from the mouth of ' the partridge, which is a small bird of little estimation), A saying used when a person of mean understanding is chosen to decide in matters of which , he is incompetent to judge.

तीवरी s. f. A butterfly; a sort of medicine.

तीता adj. Bitter ; pungent, hot, acrid. तीन adj. Three.

तीनतर्**इ** अdj. Dispersed, scattered, ruined. [(mly).

নান্যাণ s. m. The private parts; penis নানীয়বা s. m. (sec ইয়েছৰ, বিভয়বা কৰিছাৰ, the three kinds of human obligations. নাল কাৰ্যায় s. f. The three periods into

तीन वासवा s.f. The three periods into which human life divides itself, viz., childhood, manhood, sevility.

নীনীস্থাজ s. m. Present, past, future. নীন্দ্ৰ s. m. The principle of truth, the love of sensual enjoyment. Dark-

ness, तीवर s. m. Darkness, obscurity. तीय s. f. A woman or female in general. तीयज s. f. A suit (of female's clothes).

तीर s. m. A shore, a bank ; an arrow. adv. Near. तीरच s. m. A holy spot visited by pil-

grims, especially at sacred waters. alter v. To swim, float, cross over. alter a s. m. Tirhut, a province in the

east of central Hindustan, lying on the north of Behar. being bounded on the west and east by the Gandaki and Kausik rivers, on the south by the Ganges, and on the north by the skirts of the Himalaya mountains.

तोराहा s. f. The junction of three rivers, lit. having three mouths or faces.

तीर्थ adj. Crossed, passed over ; spread, expanded.

, बीर्चपदी s.f. A plant (Curculigo orchioides),

तीर्थ s.m. Pilgrimage; a holy place, any place of pilgrimage as Bonares; Gys. Jaggernauth, &c. but especially particular spots along the course of sacred streams as the Ganges, &c. and in the vicinity of some piece of water or sarred springs. तीर्थराञ्ज s. m. The city of Pryag or Alla-habad.

तार्थराजी s.f. The city of Benares, the most eminent of the Tirths or places of pilgrimage.

নীইবান্তী s.m. One who resides at places of pilgrimage.

तीजी s. f. A bar (of a cage, &c.); the calf of the leg.

तोदर s. m. A hunter, one who lives by killing and selling game; a fisherman, one who lives by fishing.

man, one who lives by hishing. तीवरी s. f. The wife of a hunter.

तीन adv. Much, excessively, endless. adv. Much, excessive, endless, unbounded, unlimited; pungent, hot, warm.

तीनवेदना s. f. Agony, excessive pain, the pain of damnation.

तीवा s.f. A river in the east of Bengal. तीस od). Thirty.

तीसरा s. m. A third party.

तीमरा क्रांतुं. Third.

तथरे adv. In the third place, thirdly. तीथी s.f. Flax (Linum usitatis simum), तुष adj. Your.

तुंग 8. m. Prominent, high.

तुंब adj. High, tall.

नुंड s. m. Face.

ger s. f. Beak, snout.

हुंदी s. m. (adj.) A person having a large stomach or navel.

त्क s.f. One line of a poem, a ryhme ; a moment.

तुक्ता s. m. } तुक्ता s. f. } A kind of paper kite.

तुकाचौरी है s.f. The manna of bam तुका | boos.

3 adj. High, tall, elevated, lofty. s. m. A tree (Rottleria tinctoria); top, vortex, altitude.

तुइभट s. m. A restive elephant, or one

in rut, s. f. A river in the Mysore country, the Tumbhadr.

तुक्तभड़ा s. f. A river in Mysore.

तकी s. f. A kind of basil Ocymum gratissimum).

gue adj. Void, empty; contemptible, assat s. f. Worthlessness. The castor oil tree as having no बुद्धाना 🕽 v. s. To cause to break.

त्वई s. f. A vessel with a spout. ततराजा र v n. To lisp, speak imperfeetly as a child.

तुख s. m. A collyrium extracted from the Anomam Zanthorhtza; blue vitriol sulphate of copper, especially medicinally considered as an unjun, application to the eyes.

तत्वाचन s. m. Blue vitriol, considered as a medicinal application to the eyes. सनक s. m. Cross, out of temper.

मुनकी s.f. A fine kind of bread or wafers thin as muslin.

तुम्तनाना v. n. To sound.

तस्द s. f. The navel. इन्द्रकपी s. f. The navel.

तुन्दर्गरेमार्ज (s. m. A lazy man, a तृन्दर्गरेमन (sloth, a sluggard, passing his whole time in stroking his

[vated navel. -तुन्दिन apj. Having a prominent or ele-西東 s. m. Toon, a tree of which the wood bears some resemblance to mahogany and is used for furniture, &c. (Cedrela tuna), adj. Tormented, vexed, injured, cut, broken, cut down, &c.

तुत्रवाय s. m. A tailor.

तपका s.f. A. mansket.

त म 2d. pers. pron. pl. You Tum ap, You yourself, Tumko, or, Tumben, To you. Tum tano, pron. 2d. pei. mas, gen. pl. You, of you.

तुमनि s. f. A troop of soldiers.

तमरा adj. Your.

तुनसा adj. Like you.

तुनाई s. f. The price of carding.

तमाना v. s. To cause to be carded.

तमार adi. Your.

तमल s. m. Mingled or tumultuous combat ; uproar, clangour, tumult, tumultnous sound or noise; Beleric murobalan.

तुम्बा s. m. A hollowed gourd, the rind of a gourd in which beggars carry water, &c.

तिक्या s. m. A pot.

तुक्वी s. f. A long gourd (Cucurbita lagenaria); a small hollowed gourd, the rind of a gourd in which beggars carry water, &c.; a kind of pipe (chiefly used by those who exhibit snakes).

At s. f. A kind of vegetable (Cucumis acutanyulus).

तरक s. m. A Turk ; a soldier, a Mahomedan.

सरव s. m. A horse.

तुरक 8. m. A horse.

तरगवचाचर्यक s. m. Necessary celibacy, leading a life of continence in consequence mercly of being without female society.

त रती s. t. A plant (Physalis flexuosa). त्रकी s. m. A horseman, cavalier, &c. adi. Equestrian, riding, mounted, or carried on a horse.

नुरक्षी s. f. A plant (Physalis flexuosa). त्रत ? adv. Quickly, instantly direct-तुरक (ly.

तरपत s. f. A kind of stitch,

तुर्पना v. a. To sew (in a particular manner), to stitch.

तुर्पात्रा v. a. To stitch, darn, hem.

तरमती s.f. A kind of hawk (Falco fasciatus, or Falco dubius).

तुरही } s.f. A trumpet, a clarion.

gerit s. f. Your.

तुरावान् adj. Qnick, soon.

तुरावती adj. Quick, swift, expeditions.

हुसे s.f. A brush, or a fibrons stick used by weavers to clean and separate the threads of the woof; a painter's brush or fibrous stick used for that purpose.

तुरीय s. m. The divine Being, or universal Spirit.

Twen or Turkistan, the original country of the Turks.

Turush

तुर्वे क्षेत्र क्षेत्र Instantly, quickly, has-तुर्वे क्षेत्र क्षेत्

मुद्देश ady. Nimble, active ; flippant.

no adj. Alike, like. Tul bythna. To be weighed against valuable things, which are to be given in alms; to sit straight and compact (as in a boat which might be overset by sitting uneven or caretessly). Tul rahns, To stand front to front, ready for battle or opposed.

तुसतुनामा v. n. To become soft (from moisture as a mud wall in the raine, as a sore or boil when suppurating, or as fruit getting ripe).

हुलना v. n. To be weighed or balanced; to be drawn up in array (as one army against another),

নুজৰুজানা v. To articulate imperfectly as a child.

तुलची s. f. A small shrub held in veneration by the *Hindus*, Holy Basil (Ocymum sanctum) ; Tulsi is said to have been a nymph beloved by Krishn and by him metamorphosed into this plant. Tulsi ka hira. Beads made of the wood of the Tulsi plant. Tulsi das, A gold ornament. Tulsi das, n. prop. Name of a Gosain, and author of the Tulsikiri-Ramayan.

লন্দাহল s.m. The leaf of the Tulsi-plant.
নৰা s.f. Measure by weight; a measure or weight of gold and silver,
100 palas or about 125 onnees troy;
a balance, especially a fine balance,
goldsmith's or assay scales; the
sign Tibra of the zodiac; the practice of being weighed against gold or
any kind of valuable substance, which
is afterwards given to priests.

तुलकोटि s.f. An ornament of the feet or toes; a hundred millions.

तुलाक्षोग्र s. m. A sort of ordeal, in which the accused is tried by being weighed in a scale.

तुलाहान s. m. A gift of any articles to Brahmans equal in weight to the person of the donor.

নুধানীজ s.m. The berry of the Abrus
precatorius, from which the goldsmith's or jeweller's weight in Iudia
is taken; the berry weights 1 in Italia
troy, the factitions weight about 2 in
certain s.m. Part of an Indian carriage,
which rests on the axletree arm and
supports the body of the carriage.

ble the wagtail. [tree,
दुविश्वला s.f. The Simal or silk cotton
तुवी s.f. A steelyard; a fibrous stick
or brush used for weavers for cleausing the threads of the woof; a painter's brush or fibrous stick used for
that purpose. [logous to.
दुव्य oily. Like, resembling, equal or ana-

तुष्तपान र m. Drinking together-तुर र m. A tribe of Rajpute. तुर र s. f. A kiad of lentil (Cytisus cajan). तुर र m. The husk of chaff or rice, &c.:] Belettic myrobuten.

or of the husk of corn; a capital punishment; burning; twisting dry straw, &c., around the limbs of a criminal, and setting it on fire.

gait s. m. Frost; cold; thin, rain, midst; ice, or snow.

नुषारा adj. Cold, frigid, frosty.

तुषित s. m. A kind of subordinate deity, one of a class of thirty-six,

तृष्ट adj. Pleased, satisfied, rejoiced, gratified. [fication.

ব্যুবন s.f. Delight, satisfaction, gratifies.f. Pleasure, satisfaction, gratification, content.

तुस s. m. The husk of corn or rice. तुद्दिन x. m. Frost, snow.

m pron. 2nd. pers. sing. Thou, Too too, sound of calling a dog.

त्रभर s.f. A kind of pulse (Cytisus cajan). स्ताकरना v. a. To dispute, to wrangle, to abuse.

त्वा s. m. A hollowed gourd, the rind of a gourd in which beggars carry water, &c.

न् बी s.f. A small gourd; the snout of a crocodile, alligator, &c.; a kind of musical pipe (chiefly used by those who exhibits snakes).

तकारना v. a. To thou.

त्य s. m. A quiver; a tree the wood of which bears some resemblance to mahogany, and is used for furniture, &c. (Cedrela toona).

त्यीर ३. m. A quiver,

न त s. m. The mulberry tree.

म मर्फ र. f. A vessel with a spout.

त्तक } s.m. Blue vitriol, tutty. त्तमा

त्तन s. m. Chips, clippings, filings, fragments.

न नी s. f. A. parrot, parroquet.

त्न s.m. A quiver; a tree the wood of which bears some resemblance to mahogany, and is used for furniture, &c. (Cedrels toons).

त्मना v. a. To card or separate (wool or cotton) with the finger, preparatory to combing.

त्रमरी s.f. The snout of a crocodile, alligator, &c.

तृमिशा s. m. Thread made of carded .cotton, in opposition to that made of what has been heat only.

त्वा v. a. To card or separate (wool or collon) with the finger, preparatory to combing.

सूर्ण adv. Quick, swift, quickly. adj. Quick, expeditions.

तूल s. m. Resembling.

নুকাৰী s. f. A thick roll of cotton, from which it is drawn out in spring. বুলী s. f. A steelyard; a weaver's fibrous stick or brush; a pencil, a painter's brush or a stick with a fibrous extremity used as one; a rod, &c. dipped into crucibles to try if their contents are in fusion.

सदर s. m. A tribe of Rayputs; a bull without horns though of an age to have them; a beardless man; a eunuch.

तृहिन s. m. Snow, frost.

त्रही pron. Thou, thyself. दण 5. m. Grass, any gramineous plant.

द्यानम adj. Graminivorous, one whose food is grass.

दणकाति s. m. The vegetable kingdom. दणराज s. m. A palmyra tree. zwaz odj. Like grass, like a straw ; worthless, insignificant.

द्रपस adj. Grassy, made, &c. with grass. द्यारिष s. m. Conflagration of chaff; burning a criminal wrapped up in straw.

aura s. m. A certain Rakshas. बतीय adj. Third. Tritiah prakriti, 8. f. A cunuch ; the neuter gender.

दन adj. Pleased, satisfied, contented. ZENERI adi. Contented, satisfied, tranquil. aff s. f. Pleasure, satisfaction, content. द्रपत्ना s. f. The three myrobalans.

बम्नि s. f. Trinity : the three principal Hindu gods.

aqı s. f. Thirst, wish, desire; a plant (Commelina salicifolia).

त्रधावन्त adı. Thirsty.

द्रशित adj. Thirsty, thirsting (physically or metpahorically).

हजाज adj. Thirsty (physically or metaphorically), desiring, longing for. Cavarice. cupidinous. द्रभा s. f. Thirst ; ambition, desire, wish,

द्याच्य s. m. Content, resignation, pationce.

बन s. m. Grass, grass-blade.

They, those, postpos. From, by, with, in, than,

a prepos. From, by, with, in.

तेत्रासीस a.li. Forty-three.

तितीस adj. Thirty-three.

तेंदुशा s. m. A leopard (Felis leopardus). े तेंद्र s. m. A fruit (Dyospyros ebenum or alutinosa).

तेईम adj. Twenty-three.

तेत्र s. m. Ardour, splendour, glory, refulgence, strength, energy; fire, sharpness pungency. [Sara,) तेजनक s.m. A kind of reed (Saccharum कजनी s.f. A plant (Aletris hyacynthoides). तेत्रपास s. m. The leaf of the Laurus cassia, cassia. [tic.

तेजमान adj. Glorious, splendid, energe-तेजवती s. f. An aromatic | Lint (Pothos officinalis).

तेजनक adi. Glorious, splendid, energe-तेत्रस s. m. Splendour, light, lustre.

के जसी adj. Glorious, refulgent, splendid. तेजस्कर ady. Restorative, invigorating, productive, tonic.

? adi. Glorious. Inminous. brilliant, splendid, energetic; famous; celebrated.

तेजीमच s, m. A. tree (Premna spinosa). तेजीवनी a. f. A plant bearing a fruit resembling peper.

तें तर adj. A few th son or daughter. तेना adv. So much, thus, much.

तेषणी s. f. A kind of stitch.

तेमन s. m. Wetting, moistening, moisture wet, damp; a sance or condiment.

तेमनी s. f. A chimney, a fire place.

att pron 8d per. gen. case, Thy, thine. तेरस s.f. The thirteenth day of the lunar fortnight.

तरह adj. Thirteen Terahwan adj. Thirteenth.

तेदस s. m. The third year past or to before last, year after the next.

ते च s. m. Oil. Tel charhans, v. a. To anoint the head, shoulders, hands, and feet of the bride and bridegroum with oil mixed with turmeric during the marriage ceremony.

तेरिज s. f. Wife of an oilman.

तेखिया s. m. Name of a colour. dark bay. Teliyo suran, adj. Light bay coloured

तेली s. m. A caste whose business is to sell oil, an oilman.

होतन s.m. A garden, a pleasure garden or play-ground : play ; sport, pastine. तेवर s.m. Swimming or giddiness in the head.

नेतरस s. m. The year past or to come, year before last, year after the next. auxtra v. a. To have a awimming in the head, to be giddy, to be faint, to stagger, to fall down senseless from a blow.

तेवरी तेवरको है s.f. A frown. Teori charhana, A तेवको frown to come on.

लेक्झर s. m. A holiday, a festival.

तेवी adv. So, in like manner, as; at the same time, then.

तेशेषा adj. Dim-sighted, purblind. वेष १. m. Anger, passion, vehemence.

तेइर s. m. A female ornament worn round the ankles.

a v s. m. Steadfastness, peremptoriness, perserverance, speaking with warmth, vehemence.

तेड़ी adv. Exactly then, ते adj. So many. Tybar. So often.

तें pron. Thou. तेंतीस adj. Thirty-three.

तिस s. m. One of the astronomical periods called Karan.

तेतिर s. m. A. flock of partridges, a Francoline partridge.

สิโทเงิน adj. Relating to the Tittiri portion of the Veds. as a student, a text, teacher, section of, &c.; the texts of this Ved being disgorged by Yajayavaslkya in a tangible form, and picked np by the rest of Vysampayana's disciples, who for the purpose assumed the chape of partridges.

तैतिरीयक s.m. A follower of the Tititri branch of the Veds. तैरना v. a. To swim, to eross over.

तेन s.m. Oil, expressed oil, prepared from sesamum, mustard, &c.; storax, gum Benzoin, incense.

रीजिक्ट s. m. The oil cake, a cake made of the oily seed, after expression.

तेनक s. m. The part of the peninsula south of Orissa, the modern Carnatic. तेनका s. m. An inhabitant of the country called Tylanga, or the Carnatic; a sepoy or native foot soldier dressed in the European costume.

तैश्वीरिका s. m. A. cockroach, or oilstealer.

तैलमालो ...f. A wick, the cotton of a lamp.

तैलचाटिक s. m. A sort of gem (Amber ?) तैलिनो s. f. The wick or cotton of a lamp.

सै लिसासा *s. f.* A oil mill.

तैनी s. m. An oilman, an oil grinder or preparer. adj. Relating or belonging to oil, oily, &c.

तैसा adj. Such. adv. So in that manner, in like manner, at the same moment.

and A conjunction introducing the answer to a conditional proposition; Then, that; as, Jo tu aways to pavega, If then wilt come, then shalt then recieve. An adverb denoting asseveration or emphasis; as, Myn to ata tha, par usne ane nah diya. I was in fact coming, but he prevented me.

at adv. So, in that manner, then.

तोंद s. f. A pot belly.

तोंदी s.f. The navel.

तोंदेख } adj. Pot-lellied, gor-bellied,

สโซโ adv. Exactly then.

तोइ s. m. The breach made iy a gun,

&c.; the strength of a current; whey. Tor karna, To make a breach (as a ball). Torjor, s. m Cutting out (as cloth by a tailor); arranging a speech; &c. Tor data, To break and destroy, to pull down. Tor tar, s. m. Breaking and destroying; plain speaking. Tor dena, To break, to spoil. Tor phor, s. m. Breaking, plain speaking, Tor lens, To gather, to pluck (fruit).

नेंड़ } s.f. A net work thrown over a तोर } woman's palki, &c.

तोड़त s. m. A dried pod of tori, kept for seed.

तो इना v. a. To break, tear, rend, lurst, split, demolish; to change (money), to pluck or gather (fruit, flowers, &c.), to reduce (in arithmetic). Dam torna, To be at the point of death. Roit torna, To eat the bread of illeness. Torna jorna, (to break and join), Expresses absolute power over any thing. [the wrist.

तोड़ल s. m. A large thick ring worn on तोड़नाई s.f. Price paid for breaking or changing coin.

लोड़बाना v. a. To cause to be broken, or to be changed (coin).

নীড়া s. m. Scarcity, want; a purse, a bag, containing one thousand rupees; the match of gun; a bank, an island, a bar; a ploughshare; a piece of rope; an ornament like a chain. Toredor, A matchlock.

নীভাৰা v. a. To cause to be broken or changed (as money).

तोको e.f. Mustard seed. adv. Till, up to. तोतना v. s. To weave tape or ribland. तो । खा adj. Stutterer, stammerer, lisping, lisper, stuttering, stammering, speaking imperfectly as a child. तीतजाना. v. n. To lisp, to speak imperfectly as a shild.

तीता s. m. A parrot; the cock of a matchlock.

तं ती s. f. A female parrot.

तीपड़ा s, m. A fly ; a kind of pigeon.

तोपना v. a. To bury, to cover. तोपाना र v. a. To have buried, to cause

तुपाना **f** to cover. तोबड़ा s.m. The bag in which horses

eat their corn.

नोमड़ी s.f. A hollowed gourd (Cucurbits la jenaria).

तीय s. m. Water.

तेयकाम s. m. A sort of cane, growing in or near water (Calamus fasciculatus).

तेयक्क s. m. A sort of penance, drinking nothing but water for a fixed period.

तीयद s. m. A fragrant garss (Cyperus rotundus).

तोयधर s. m. A potherb (Masilia denara). तीयपिष्यक्षी s. f. A plant (Jussieua repens).

तीयपुषी s. f. Trumpet flower.

तीयपसदन s.m. The clearing nut-plant Strychnos poratorum): the nut being rubbed upon the inside of a water jar, occasions the precipitation of the impurities of the water poured into it.

तीयवज्ञी s.f. A kind of gourd (Momordies charantis).

নাং s. f. A kind of pulse; a net thrown over a woman's palki.

ती (च s. m. The ornamented arch of a door or gateway; decoration of a gate-post; a bundle of fl.wers enclosed in a cloth of god tissue and hung at a gateway or door; strings of flowers suspended across gateways on public festivals. are s. m. A number of trays, containing various dishes of food, presented to others by great men; a nobleman a minister of state; pride Turahposh, s. m. A covering for dishes, &c. Torah-bandi, s.f. The arrangement or sending out of trays of food as presents.

तेरही s.f. A trumpet. त्रीरी s.f. A vegetable.

নাল & s. m. Weight, weighing. Tol বীল s. m. A tole, a weight of gold or silver; it is stated in books at 16 mashas of 5 ratis or 6½ grains each, and weighs therefore 105 grains troy; in practice it is calculated at 12 mashas jewelor's weight, and weighs nearly double, or 210 grains.

तंत्र s m. Pleasure, joy, happiness. तांही pron. To or for thee, thee,

all adv. Then, that time, in that case, moreover, that also, for, yes, well. Too bhi, adv. Even then; still, yet, nevertheless. Tow low, or, Tow lag, adv. Then in that case, till, then, so long.

तै। adv. So, in that manner, then.

त । सना v. a. To be affected or overcome with heat,

तीन p.ion. correl. That.

নীৰ s. m. Weight, weighing, Toal tal, Weighing and measuring.

तौत्रमा v. a. To weigh, to balance; to confront (as two armies). Toolns nazaron men. To estimate the worth of any one.

तोखबाई | s.j. The price for weigh-तीलाई | ing.

तीवाना v. a. To cause to be weighed. तीवा s. m. A vessel used by Hin-तीवी s. f. dus. तौही adv. Then, even, still, in that case only, at that very time.

तीइ adv. Still, them, even, nevertheless.

আফ ady. Left, resigned, abandoned, deserted.

ৰস্ত্ৰা v. s. To quit, to abandon, to leave, or resign.

আৰ s. m. Abdication; leaving, abandoning, renouncing, parting from, seperation, deserting.

खानना v. a. To leave, to abandon, to desert, to forsake, to quit, to abdicate, resign.

सातित s. m. An abandoner, a deserter, but chiefly applied to the religious ascetic or him who abandons terrestrial objects thoughts, passions, &c.

with part. act. Leaving, relinquishing, abandoning. s. m. An abandoner, a deserter, but chiefly applied to the religious ascetic or him who abandons, terrestrial objects, thoughts, passions, &c.

न्याच्य adj. Fit to be left, forsaken or avoided.

ৰ্থী adv. So in like manner, as; at the same time, then.

स्रोधा ब्रोग. Dim-sighted, purblind.

m. f. The city of Harischandra suspended, it is supposed in the air.

au s. f. An unchaste woman (a shame to her family).

बपारस्था s. f. A whore, a harlot.

au sdj. Three.

ৰথী s.f. The three Vods collectively, that is, omitting the Utharvan, which not being a text-book for the customary religious rites of the Hincuts, is considered very commonly rather as an appendix to the other three, than a fourth work of equal authority; a plant (Conyza serratula).

ह्मशेषमं s. m. Duty enjoined by the Veds, modes of sacrifice, &c, prescribed by them.

बगीदणी s. f. The thirteenth day of the lunar fortnight.

बस्त adj. Timid, fearful.

aiw s. m. Safety; preserving, protection; a clost of mail. Tran karns. To free, to protect. Tran karts, s. m. A saviour, a deliverer.

बाषी s. m. A saviour, a deliverer. बायमाच a lj. A preserver, preserving.

बास s. m. Fear, alarm, terror. बासदायी adj. Terrifying, fear-exciting.

वामा है कर्तुं. Afraid.

লাভ । interj. Mercy! save! Trah!
লাভা | Trah! karna, To complain, to
repent of sin, to cry, for mercy.

बाहिकार s. m. Calling out for deliverance or mercy, cry out for mercy. वि ddj. Three.

বিষয়ত s. m. A plant (Ruellia longifolia).
বিষয়ত s. m. The aggregate of three faces of spices, viz. black and long pepper, and dry ginger.

fanoun s. m. A short of fish (Silurus); a plant (Ruella longifalia).

fawn e.f. A triangular frame or bar across the mouth of a well, over which passes the rope of the bucket, or to which one end of it is tied to guard against its slipping; a frame at the bottom of a well. on which the masonry rests.

দিৰ্ঘান্ত s. m. A name of Buddh, founder of the Buddh, sect. adj. Omniscient; who knows or is acquainted with the past, present and future. विकालक्षी : m. A Rishi or divine sage; a name of Buddh. adj. Omniscient. विक्ट s.m. The name of a mountain in the peninsuls; any mountain with three peaks; sea-salt prepared by evaporation.

तिष्ट

विकीष s. m. The vulva; a triangle,

विगण t. m. The aggregate of three human objects, or virtue, wealth, and love.

तिवर्षे s. m. A country, in the northwest division of India, or m. pl. Trigarta, its inhabitants: apparently part of Lahore, said by Mr. Wilford, to be the modern Tahora, but differently described in the various Cosh.

विगर्ना s. f. A lascivious woman, wanton.

possessing the three gunas or properties; the aggregate of the three qualities incident to human nature.

विष s. m. Grass, meadow grass.

त्रिणता s.f. The state or abstract property of grass,

विषाविक्ति s. m. A portion of the Yajur Ved; A follower of that branch of the Ved.

নিহুম্বা s. m. A wandering devotee, one who carries three long hamboo stayes. in his right hand; the religious man who has obtained a command over his words, thoughts and actions, or mind, body and speech.

বিবসা s. f. A creeping plant (Cissus pedata).

নিহ্ম s.m. A god, a deity, an immortal; from enjoying perpetual youth, or being subject, as well as mortals, to the three conditions, of birth, being, and destruction.

विद्याहार s. m. Amrit or Ambrosia.

बिहीत s. m. Disorder of the three humours of the body, vitiation of the bile, blood, and phlegm.

বিষয়াৰ s. m. The , forehead marked naturally with three horizontal lines. নিম্ম s. m. A place where three roads meet.

बिपद s. m. A tripod.

बिपदी s.f. A creeper (Cissus pedato) ; the girth of an elephant.

faure s. m. Fever (personified), the demon of fever as described in the Purans, with three feet, and three heads, alluding probably to it; three stages of cold, hot, and sweating.

fayer s. m. Three curved horizontal marks made across the forchead with cow-dung ashes; they are worn especially by the followers of Shin, or Sakti, and are indispensible in proceeding to worship the former.

fayt s. f. A district of Bengal, the modern Tiperah.

विपौष्टिया s. m. A building with three doors or arches.

বিদ্বস্থা s. m. A medicine composed of the three myrobalans.

নিবঁথী s.f. The conflux of three sacred rivers; especially that of the Canges. Januard, and supposed Saraswati, under ground at Allahabad, which city, is also so named.

faust adj. Standing awry or bending (properly with legs, loins, and neck hent).

[Awki adj. Having the position described under tribhanga. s. f. A species of poetical measure.

নিস্বল s. m. The three worlds, viz. heaven, earth, and hell; the universe. Tribhuwan-njagar, adj. Splendour of three worlds. famy s. m. A portion of the Rig Ved; a follower or student of the Trimadhu section of the Rig Ved.

तिमाजी s. f. The meeting of three roads. तिमुद्ध s. m. A mountain with three peaks.

निसुहानी adj. Having three months, a meeting of three waters, roads.

নিমূপি s. m. A Jyn saint; the united form of Brahma, Vishnu, and Shiv, or the Hindu triad; one possessing three forms or modes of being. s. f. Trinity.

विवर्षि s. m. A medicinal plant (Mollugo pentaphylla).

त्रिया s.f. A woman, maid, female, wife, Tritya-charitro, s. m. Female wiles. Trityabed, s. m. The science of woman, knowledge of woman. Tritya-raj, s. m. Amazon country, petti-oat government.

विशासक s. m. Sin. as the impeder of the three objects of life. [river.

বিষয়াল s. f. The Yamuna or Janna বিষয়েৰ s. m. Three nights collectively, or the duration of three nights.

বিভান s. m. The three worlds, i. e. heaven, earth, and the regions under the earth; the universe.

বিভানী s. f. The aggregate of the three worlds, or, heaven, earth, and hell collectively. *Triloki-nath*, s. m. Lord of the universe.

নিষ্ম s. m. Three human objects or pursuits; as, love, duty, and wealth; three conditions of a king or state, prosperity, evenness and decay; or loss, gain, equality; the three qualities of nature, purity, blindness, and depravity. [folia].

चित्रभी त. m. A. plant (Ruellia longi-चित्रभी s. f. A name of the Ganges; the name is especially applied to the river at Allahabad, where it receives Jamuná and is supposed to receive under ground the Saraswsti.

विवतनार्थी s. f. A potherb (Hilancho

বিগম্ভ

विषय s. m. A sanctified teacher of the Jyn sect; the refuge or asyulum of the three worlds.

fage s.m. A trident, a three pointed spike or spear, especially the crest of Shan.

fazar s.f. A sort of metre, the stanza consisting of three lines of various lengths. [triangle,

বিষয়ক s. m. A hill with three peaks; বিষয়কী s. m. A kind of fish (Cyprinus denticulatus).

विसन्ता adj. The three periods of the day, or, dawn, noon, and eve.

तिसुपर्ण s. m. A portion of the Rig and Yajur Veds.

Tal s. f. Loss, destruction.

নিবাs. f. The second Yug or age of the Hinius, said to consist of 1,296,000 years; the silver age.

त्रेषुर s. m. The modern city of Tipperah in Bengal.

चैनिय s.m. A scholar in the three Veds, or one who possesses three sciences.

দীহলী s.f. A Rágini, or one of the female personifications of music.

चोडी s. f. The heak or bill of a lird; a kind of pike (Esor scolopax).

लक s.f. The tark of the bamboo; bark in general,

लक्षक र s. m. A sore or wound.

লক্ষা s.f. The manna of the lamboo. লক্ষা s.f. Skin; bark; rind; woody cassia. लग s.f. Haste, speed. लिग्त s.m. Despatch

কাৰি s. m. Despatch, haste. adv. Quickly, swiftly. adj. Quick, swift, expeditious.

घ

We The seventeenth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, and second of the dental class, being the aspirate of the preceding letter, and expressed by th.

चई s. f. A heap of clothes, &c.

श्रंब } s. m. A pillar, a post.

to stop, to be supported.

ঘন্ধ s.m. Clot, lump (congested).
Thakke ke thakke, adj Congealed, thick, conglomerated.

यक्षक adj. Very wet, drenched.

चक्रना v. n. To be wearied or fatigued, to tire, to fag.

चका adj. Tired, weary.

चकाना v. a. To tire, harass, weary, fag, fatigue, fade.

यित adj. Wearied, stopped, motionless, astonished.

Thakke ke thakke, adj. Congealed, thick, conglomerated.

ঘৰ s. m. Udder. Thandar, An animal with a large udder, or having an udder.

यनी s. f. A blemish in horses.

यनेला s. m. Inflamed breast (of a woman); name of an animal.

ঘণিৰতী s.m. A Brahman or Thansshwar, a famous Hindu shrine in Kurukshetra, near Karnaal.

चपका s.m. A pat, a tap.

पप्ता s. m. A box, slap, claw, cuff.

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प्राची s.f. The clapping of hands, Thapri bayans, To clap the hands, Thapri marna, To hoot.

बपेड़ा s.m. A slap, a box, a clout, buffet; scalp.

चपड़ s. m. A box, a slap, claw, cuff.

चम s. m. A piller, a post. चमड़ा adj. Thick, corpulent.

ঘদনা । v. n. To cease, to be res-ঘদনা । trained, to stop; to be supported.

चर s. m. A lion or tiger's den.

ष्रवर् adj. Trembling.

परवाना v. n. To tremble, quiver, shiver, shake, quake, vibrate.

श्राहर। इ. f. Tremour, shaking, trem-श्राहरी bling, quivering, shivering, vibration.

बरहराना बरहराना बर्राना

us s. m. Place, firm, or dry ground; a lion's or tiger's den.

यलका v. n. To palpitate, to flutter. चलचर adj. Moving on land, terrestrial (an animal).

থাৰ বংলা বুং . n. To undulate, to ঘৰ্ষধালা বুং fluctuate as a thick or glutinous fluid, to shake as the flabby flesh of a fat man.

बलनेड़ा s. m. Place of abode, and means of attaining one's desires.

चलिया s.f. A salver, a platter, a flat dish, generally of brass.

यवर s. m. A mason, a brick-layer, an an architect.

un, n. past tense. Was.

खांग s. f. A den of thieves.

with s. m. A receiver of stolen goods.

यांभ s. m. A post, a piller, a support, prop, an obstacle.

shield, protect, keep, retain, main-

tain, to shelter; to prevent, withhold, restrain, calm; to stop, to pull up (a horse), to bear, assist, resist.

যাবলা s. m. A mound or bason of earth about the root of a tree.

याजना v. n. To fatigue, to be tired.

याती) s. f. A trust, what is given यायी in charge, a charge.

शान s. m. A piece of cloth; a stall for cattle, a manger, a piece (of coin), as Ek than cahruft, One gold mohur.
Tinon than, The private parts of a male.

বাৰা s. m. A station, a guard; the inside of the lines of an army; a heap of bamboos.

यानी s. m. Householder, master of the house. s. f. A den of thieves.

viq s. f. A tap, a pat, a flap, paw; the sound of small drum.

হাবদা v. a. To patch (se a well with counting); to tap. s.f. A religious ceremony performed at a certain season, at Agra and its vicinity.

WITI s. m. A mark of the paw.

षापी s. f. The noise of tapping; the instrument with which potters beat their earth, or with which torraces are beaten.

चाम s. m. A post, a pillar, prop, support; an obstacle.

शासना v. a. To support, to prop; to shield, protect, keep, retain, maintain, to shelter; to prevent, withhold, restrain, calm; to stop, to pull up (shorse); to bear, assist, resist.

with } . s. m. A large flat dish.

पाला s. m. The basin at the root of a tree for holding water; the excavation in which a tree is to be planted; a large flat dish. चाली s.f. A salver, a platter, a flat dish; a mount or basin about the root of a tree for holding water.

ध्य

चाइ s. f. Bottom, ford.

षाही s.f. Fordableness.

fut adj. Fixed, stable, settled, tranquil, calm, smooth.

चिरतना v. n. To set one's self off well in dancing, to dance with expressive action and gesture.

furn s. f. Rest, settlement, tranquility, steadfastness.

चिराना v. n. To settle (as liquor). चौर adı. Tranquil, calm smooth.

युक्ष काना v. n. To spit on the mention of any disease, as a preservative against it, or, as a caution against an ovil eye.

चुनहाई adj. Base, contemptible (fit to be spit upon).

स्काना v. a. To cause to spit; to cause to reproach.

च इदिला adj. Miserly, narrowly.

यतकारना v. s. To drive away scornfully. घयनी s. f. The mouth of a camel, horse. &c.

ष्याना v. a. To frown, scowl, or pout. ष्याना v. a. To cause to be supported, propped or plastered.

युव्युव adj. Gently falling or dropping (as water from a small height).

মুক্ত s. m. Spittle, saliva. Thúk chatna, To break one's promise. Thúk dena, to leave, to give up. Thúk layakar chharna, To treat with severeign contempt. Thúk layana, To apply spittle (a term of abuse and of most indecent meaning).

ध्वना v. a. To spit.

यूणी s. f. A pillar, post, column.

थ्यक्। s. m. Mouth,

चूचना s. m. The mouth of a camel, यूचनी s. f. borse, &c.

यूनी s.f. A pillar, post, column.

बूहर s. m. A plant (Euphorbia neriifolia)

वेदेवेदे s. m. Merry-making. Tho-i-tha-i karno, To make merry.

धेगली s.f. A patch (in a garment).

चेवीचेवी s.f. Merry-making.

चैदा s. m. A stone set in a ring.

वेला s. m. येलिया s. f. येलिया s. f. येली s. m. A purse tied round the waist; a bag; the scrotum.

धीस s. m. A mount, heap, ready money; share, portion. Thokdar, s. m. A wholesale dealer.

बोड़ s. m. The spathe of a plantain tree before it shoots from the stem.

Tyr adj. A little, small, scarce, few, scanty, seldon, some, less. Thora thora, A little by degrees. Thora thora hona, To be ashamed, to shrink with shame. Thora-bahut, adj. More or less. Thore se thora, adj. Very little.

चोत्रा adj. Bruised and spoiled (as the head of a mallet); toothless.

बोचला adj. Blunt, not sharp, dull.

out a point. adj. Hollow, empty; toothless. Thothi bat, Word without meaning, nonsense.

योप s. m. An ornament or mounting at the end of the pole of a palki, &c.; head, topping.

श्रीपन। v. s. To support, to prop; to plaster; to pile, to heap.

चौपियाना v. n. To trickle.

बीपी s. f. Box, thump.

सोहर s. m. A plant (Euphorbia neritfolia).

5

The third letter of the dental class and eighteenth consonant in the N **gri alphabet*, corresponding to the letter d, uttered with the point of the tongue pressed on the upper foreteeth.

the Deity. s.f. The Godhead. Dailagna, To be unfortunate. Dailmara, adj. Struck by the Deity, accursed.

रह s. m. A stick; a staff; fine, penalty, punishment, castigation by amercement or putting to death; a measure of time, or 2½ minutes.

दंडास s.f. Hindu salutation, bow, obeisance, prostration.

दंडी s. m. A mendicant who carries a staff in his hand; the penis.

दंदनाना v. n. To enjoy one's self, to be contented and independent, to have at one's ease.

दहाइ s. m. A blister, a pimple.

₹n s. m. A gadfly; a tooth; the sting of a snake.

इंग्रुड. m. Biting, stinging.

इंग्रम् व s. m. A plant (Hyperanthera morunga).

दंशित adj. Bitten, stung.

इंज़ी s. f. A small gadfly.

स्तिर adj. Mischievous, noxious.

s. m. A son of Brahma, said to have been born from the thumb of his right hand, for the purpose of peopling the word. Daksh is said to have had sixty daughters, of whom twenty-seven are represented as the nymphs who form the lunar asterisms, and wives of the moon: one of his daughters also was Sati or Darga, the wile of Shu, and seventeen were

married to Kasyap, and were the mothers of all created beings. Daksh was on one occasion decapitated by Shiv; be is sometimes regarded as an Avstar of Brahma himself; a muni and legislator who flourished in the beginning of the Treta yug; a scholar; a pundit; a dexterous or elever man. adj. Clever, able, dexterous.

दश्चता s. f. Dexterity, eleverness.

ব্যাঘাৰ দুৱার s. m. A name of Shio.

Daksh having on one occasion made
a sacrifice, to which he invited all
the gods, except his son in-law Shiv,
and his wife Sati, they went unbid,
and being received unpolitely, the
latter threw himself into the fire, and
was burnt; a furious quarrel ensued
between Shio and Daksh, in which
the god de, apitated his-father-in-law.
effeu adj. Right (not left); south,
southern.

रिषण है. f. The south-east quarter. रिषण है. f. A present to Brahmans upon solemn or sacrificial occasions, a fee, reward; a torm or figure of Durgs, in which the right side is said to be advanced; donation to Brahmans personified as a goddess, said to be born from Krishn's right side.

दिखाशि s. m. One kind of sacred fire, that which is taken from the domestic or consecrated fire, and is placed to the south.

হলিখাৰল s. m. The Malaya mountain. হলিখান্থ adj. Turning the face southwards.

ব্যিকাষ্ম s. m. Southing. Dakshinayan surja, The winter solstice, sun's southing, the period of the sun's being in the southern hemisphere, | THI s. m. Wrangling, confusion, muting. southern declination.

इचिणीय adj. Meriting or deserving a

दिखिणेन adv. Southward, southerly. হ'বিভাবdj. Meriting or deserving of a reward.

दची ada. Capable, able, well qualified. दखन s. m. South; the southern part of India.

इसनी adj. Southern (generally, things or versons from the south). Dakhani pudina. Horse-mint. India. द्रांखन s. m. South ; the southern part of दिखना adj. Southern. s. f. Southerly wind.

इंखिनायन s. m. Southing. Dakhinayan suria. The winter solstice, sun's southing, the period of the sun's being in the southern hemisphere, southern declination.

दिखनी adj. Southern ('generally, things or persons from the south). Dakhina pudina. Horse-mint.

दगुष्ठ s. m. A kettle-drum. monv.

इम्बना v. c. To disbelieve a true testi-दगक्डा s. m. Highway.

दशस्त्रामा v. a. To propel, to roll. दगदगा adj. Shining.

टब्रटब्राना v. n. To glow, gleam, twinkle. इनदबाइट s. f. Splendour, sparkling, twinkling (as of a star).

इज्यमा v. o. To burn ; to tesse, vex ; to chide, threaten, upbraid, revile, pester.

दशसगाना v. n. To tremble.

इन्दा s. m A kind of quilted vest worn fire. as armour.

zeg adi. Burnt, schorched, consumed by दन्धकाक s. m. A raven, or perhaps the carrion crow.

दह्य s. m. A kind of chair.

sedition, rebellion.

दक्षेत ady. Mutinous, turbulent, mutineer, seditions.

₹# 8. m. See ₹#

दिविगाः क. ∫. See दक्तिण.

दटना v. a. To oppose, confute, fight.

दखकना v. n. To spilt, to be rent or torn, to crack.

दहेडा s. m. Hard, impetuous rain.

दरमुद्धा ady. Beard-shaven, beardless. दिवस adj. Having long beard.

दस s. m. A stick, a staff ; punishment. castigation by amercement or putting to death, fine, penalty; a measure of time, or 24 minutes.

दराक s. m. A sort of metre, the stanza of which exceeds 27 syllables and may extend to 200.

दखका इ. f. A country on the northeast coast of the peninsula, containing the celebrated forest. Dandkaranyah, in which Ram resided some time.

दश्यका s. f. A sort of drum.

दण्डतामी s.f. A perforated copper vessel of given capacity, placed in a vessel of water: when filled with water it sinks, marking a certain portion of

दखनीति s. f. Ethics, the system of morals taught by Chanyakyah.

दखनीय adj. Punishable, deserving punishment. [prinus barbiger 1)

दखपाल s. m. A. small kind of fish (Cy-दख्डवत s. f. Hindu salutation, bow.

दखादखी s. f. Single stick ; cudgelling, fighting with sticks or staves.

दखायमान adj. Standing erect.

obeisance, prostration.

दिखन adj. Punished, chastised, sentenced, fined.

হাজিৰ s. m. A staff or mace-bearer. হন্দ্ৰী s. m. A mendicant who carries a

staff in his hand; the penis.

TEST adj. Punishable, deserving punishment.

इतना v. a. To oppose, confute, fight.

दतवन } s. m. A tooth-brush, generally दत्तीन } of a twig.

ew s. m. The name of a king; a title or surname of a man of the Vys or third tribe. adj. Given presented, made over, assigned.

स्पक्षत . m. A son given away by his natural parents to persons engaging to adopt him; one of the twelve heirs acknowledged by the old *Hindu* law.

इनप्रदानिक s. m. Resumption of a gift, taking back a thing given.

হ্যান্দ্ s. m. A youth or orphan who gives himself to persons disposed to take the place of parents.

इत्तानपक्षका 's. m. Non-resumption of gifts,

₹fπ s. f. Gift, donation.

ददनाना v. a. To chide, to snub.

হবিষাল s. m. Descent (by ancestors), pedigree, ancestors, paternal grandfather's family.

दही हा s. m. A bump (occasioned by the bite of an insect).

दह s.m. Cutaneous and herpetic eruptions. [pes.

दहरोतिन् adj. Herpetic, diseased by Her-दह् s. m. Herpetic eruptions.

ξ̄u s. m. Sour thick milk, milk curdled or coagulated by heat, or by the addition of buttermilk: it is an article of food of general use and high estimation among the Hindus, and is considered medicinally as the romedy or preventative of most disorders. Dadhikado, Coagulated milk and day,

thrown by people at each other in sport, on the festival of Krishna's birth-day.

दिधिपृथिका s. f. A flower (Clitorea ternata). [apple.

হবিদ্ধৰ s. m. The elephant or wood হুদীৰ s. m. The name of a muni or saint, famous for having devoted himself to death, that the gods might be armed with his bones in lieu of thunderbolts: they being the only effective weapons against the demon Turals.

दध्यानि s. f. A medicinal plant.

दन s. m. A tooth ; an elephant's tusk or tooth.

বৰ্ষায়ৰ s. m. A tree yielding an astringent resin (Mimoza catechu); a plant (Mimusops elengi); a toothbrush, or a fibrous stick used for cleaning the teeth,

ব্দাণৰক s. m. A kind of jasmine (jssminum pubsecens); the petals, or leaves of the flower, resembling teeth in colour and shape; this comparison is frequent among the poets.

इन्तपीर s. f. The tooth-ache.

दलपुष s. m. A plan), the flower of which is compared to a tooth (Strychnos polatorum).

दमासून s. m. The tartar of the teeth. दमाशंघ s. m. The gams.

বেশহাত s. m. Elephant or wood apple; common lime (Citrus acida); a plant bearing an acid fruit (Averrhos carambola).

বৰ্ণমতা s. f. Wood sorrel (Oxalis monodelpha).

বন্দ্যাৰ s. m. A dentifrice, composed chiefly of the powdered fruit of the Chebulic myrobalan and green sulphate of iron. s

হলাপুল s. m. The tooth-ache. ইলাবলী s.f. A harrow or rake.

the fruit of the croton.

হলাই হ.m. A disease of the teeth or guns; gum boil, ulceration of the gums.

gums. [tusked. इन्ती s. m. An elephant. adj. Toothed, इन्तीवीत s. m. A strong purgative nut,

হল্ম daj. Having large or promireনিৰ ent tusks, tusked (an clephant, bear, fc.)

ETT adj. Dental, of or belonging to the teeth (as a class of letters in the Nagari alphibet).

₹ s. Enmitv.

हन्द्रनाना v. n. To enjoy one's self, to be contented and independent, to live at one's case.

ददाइ . m. A blister, a pimple.

दशा s. m. Meinbrum virile.

इपट s. m. Course, gallop.

दपटना v. n. To gallop, to rush; to rebuke, to reprimand.

दपटाना v. त. To gallop.

द्वहपाना | v. a. To shine.

दपदपास्ट s. f. Shining, splendour.

₹1 m ft o. n. To cronch, to skulk, to be awed, to lie in authush, to lurk, to set (a doy), to twinkle. Dibak and or,—jana or—ruhna, v. n. To sneak, to skulk, Dabak bytkna, v. n. To crouch.

' दवकर s. f. A trap.

दबकाना v. a. To snub, check, chide, threaten, awe, daunt; to conceal, hide.

दवती s. f. Ambush, crouching. Dabki marna, To lie in ambush.

दवनीला } adj. Skulking, skulker.

दवक्का } adj. Ill-bred, brutish, barbarous, dolt, foolish, lout. रमा। v. n. To be snubbed, to crouch, to shrink, to be pressed down, be mowed down, give away, to be awed, to be concealed. Dab chalka, or-nikadaa, To be awed, be overpowered. Dab jana, To reture, to withdraw, to be mortified, to be suppressed. Dab marua, To be crushed to death. Dabina, v. n. To advance. Dabe paon, With silent steps, softly, gently.

द्वा s. m. Ambush. Daba marna, To lie in wait.

द्वाक An oppressor.

रगमा v. n. To press down; to snub, chide, keep under, to check, curb, restrain, repress, awe, depress, bow down, suppress. Dabae dadns, To keep concealed, to hide (generally fartworly). Diba marno, To overcame, to get the better of; to crush to death. Dabá lena, To encronch upon.

হ্যার s. m. Strength, power, authority, pressure, crush, suppression, depression, resignation, submissirene s. Dobao manna, o. a. To stant in awe. [public. হয়ালা s. m. Name of a medicine : a.

इत्रेशंत adv. With silent steps, vofely, gently, [Jonar in, द्वेज s. m. A subject, a person under स्वीचना v. a. To conceal, to hide (y ner-ally furticely).

दवीस s. m. A flint.

द्वीसना v. a. To tope, to tipple.

₹# s. m. Taming, subduing; selfcommand, endurance of the most painful austorities; self restraint, subduing the senses, suppressing the appetites, passions, &c.

रनक s. m. A tamer, a subduer (of the passions, appetites, &c.) s. f. Ardour, glitter.

इमकना v. n. To shine, to glow.

दशकता s. m. A squirt, a fire engine; a jack or crane (for raising weights). दशकोष s. m. A certain king of the

इसकीय s. m. A certain king of the lunar race.

इमद्भा s. m. Gold, silver, riches.

दमझो s. f. The eighth part of a pysa or pice. Damri ke tin tin hona, To be ruined, demolished.

इमदमामा v. n. To shake (as the branch of a tree).

दमन s. m. A hero; a kind of flower (Artemisia); taming, subduing.

दमना n. n. To glitter, to flash; to bend with elasticity, to spring.

दमान v. a. To bend (with elasticity). दमामा s. m. A large kettledrum.

इमयनी The heroine of a tale in the Mahabharat.

दमरी The eighth part of a pysa.

दमा Powerful, terrible, fierce.

द्गाद Son-in-law.

दम्पति } m. du. Husband and wife.

दम adj. Arrogance, pride, boast; hypocrisy.

হম্মী adj. Hypocritical, proud. s. m. A hypocrite, as imposter.

इस adj. Subjected or tamed. s. m. A steer, a young bullock.

दबा s.f. A gift; affection, tenderness, sympathy, compassion, mercy, clemency, kindness, favor.

दशकर s. f. adj. Kind, shewing compassion.

दयाक्रत adj. Compassionate.

दयानान adj. Charitable, merciful, kind. दयाग्रज र कर्मु. Kind, compassionate,

दयापुत्र (41). Kind, compassionat दयापुत्र | benevolent, friendly.

ह्यान | adj. Tender, compassionate, ह्यान | merciful, gracious, liberal, generous, beneficent, kind, दयानुत s. m. Tenderness, comps sionateness.

ददि

दयावन दयावना दयावना दयावना क्यावना

द्याणील adj. Kind, compassionate ; affe-

द्यासागर } e. m. Great love.

द्यी pret. Cave ; given.

दिशम adj. Beloved, dear, desired.

दियता s. f. A wife. [wife.

दिवनाधीन adj. Hen-pecked, subject to a दर s. m. Price.

दरकना v. n. To split, rend, be torn, to crack.

दरका s.m. Crack, crevice, cranny.

दरकाना v.a. To cause to crack or split. दरदर s. m. Cinnabar.

इरदरा adj. Half-pounded, coarsely

(R. s.f. A country bordering on Cashmir, the mountains about Cashmir and above Peshawar, s. m. A tribe of barbarians.

दरवहरा s. m. An intoxicating spirit drawn from rice.

दरमा s. m. A kind of mat.

दरस s. m. See दर्भ dursh.

दरसन Looking, view.

दरसी One who comes to see or visit,

दरही s.f. A fish, a sort of carp (Cyprinus.).

दरा है s.f. A natural or artificial excavation in a mountain, a cave, a cavern, a grotto, &c. ; a valley.

दरांती s. f. A sickle.

ETIT s. m. A fissure, rift, rent, breach.

दरिद्र adj. Poor, needy, indigent, distressed, wretched.

दर्भिता s.f. Poverty, indigence, wretch-

इतिहा adj. Poor, wretched, indigent. इतिहा s. m. A stall (in a market) where betel is sold.

दरेग s. m. A sigh, sorrow.

दर्दर s.m. Frog.

दर्द s. m. Cutaneous eruption, Herpes. दरोरोगी adj. Herpetick, afflicted with Herpes.

हर्ष s. m. Pride, arrogance, boasting. इष्रेष s. m. A mirror, looking glass.

दर्भ s. m. Wealth, property ; substance, matter, a thing.

ર્સ ર. m. Kuss or sacrificial grass (Pos cynosuroides); a kind of reed (Saccharum spontaneum); another species (S. enlinetricum).

दर्शना v. n. To go straight and quickly, without fear or delay. adj. Straight forwards.

हर्व s. m. Substance, thing, wealth. हर्बी s.f. A ladic or spoon.

दर्भ s.m. Sight, seeing; the junction of sun and moon, or day of new moon when it rises invisable.

हर्षेक adj. Who or what shews, displays, explains, makes clear, &c. s.m. An exhibiter, one who points out or shews any thing.

aspect, appearance; interview; a shashtr, one of six religious or philosophical systems, the Patanjat, Sankhyah, Vysseskah, Nyayah, Mimansa, and Vedant; visiting any sacred shrine, worshipping in the presence of any image.

दर्भनपारी adj. Beautiful, handsome. दर्भनपतिम् s. m. A surety for appearance.

इसेनी adj. Payable at sight (a bill of exchange). s.f. A ball of exchange payable at sight; offering, present, adj. Handsome, sightly. Darshamijawan, A beautiful youth.

दर्भनीय adj. Beautiful, handsome, agreea'le, visible to be seen.

दर्शनीयमानी adj. Vain, conceited, thinking one self handsome.

दर्शाथा Shewn, seen.

zuim To show.

दर्भित adj. Visible, apparent; shown, displayed; explained, seen.

বৰ s.m. The leaf of a tree; a large army; a heap or quantity; wild rice. Daldar, adj. Fleshy, thick. Dalwal, Commander of an army.

दलक s. f. Glitter.

दलकता v. n. To glitter.

दलकपार s. m. A folded petal of leaf . दलकीष s. m. A sort of jasmine (Jasmi-

num pubescens). [bog. इन्द्रच s. m. A quagmire, a slough, a

emem adj. Quaggy, boggy.

दलदलाना s. m. To shake, to undulato. दलदलाइट s. f. Tremour.

दलदली adj. Swampy.

इलदहर्य adj. Broken-hearted, cut to the heart, &c.

दबन s. m. Breaking to pieces, dividing, tearing asunder, splitting.

a pulse. হস্পনিম্মীন s.m. The Bhojpatr tree, the i bark of which is used for wrapping woollens in, and for hukah suakes, &c.

दलप्यी s.f. A fragrant plant (Pand-

दणबादण s.m. A mass of clouds; a large army; a large tent.

दबस्य करना v. a. To thrash, crample, rumple, ruffle.

द्वनाना v. a. To cause to be coarsely ground corn).

इसरेंगा s. m. One who grinds corn). इलम्पा s. f. The fibre or vein of a leaf. दलहारन है s.f. A woman whose busi-इन्हारी f ness is to deal in grain.

देखहार s. m. One whose business is to sell grain.

इतादक £. m. Sesamum growing wild or spontaneously; an acquatic plant (Pistia stratioites); a plant commonly called Nagesar (Mema ferres); n tree (Mimosa sirisha); a sort of jasmine (Jasminum pubescens).

₹नाना v. a. To cause to be coarsely grounded.

दलामल s. m. A tree (Vangueria spinosa). दलान s. m. Broker.

दलानी Brokerage.

zfez s. m. (Wrotchedness, poverty, दिखद्रमा s. f. & indigence.

दलिङी वर्तो, Poor, wretched, indigent, needy, unfortunate

दिलिया s. m. Half-ground or coarsely pounded grain, plit pulse.

इन्दिस s. f. Any sort of pulse which may be split, as dal.

दमी s. f. A clod of clay or mould. दलेंबी s. f. A bandmill.

दक्षेगन्ति s. m. A plant (Echites scholaris) दर s. m. A forest conflagration.

दवाई s. f. Medicine.

दवाचि s. m. A wood on fire or the conflagration of a forest.

द्रशनल A forest conflagration.

दवार s. m. दवार s. f. Do.

In adj. Ten. Dasan-diss, The ten regions, sides or quarters (of the world). Dasan dwar, The ten passages for the faculties, viz, the eyes, ears, nostrils, mouth, penis, anus, and crown of the head. It seems, however, that properly there are only nine, the last not be-

ing acknowledged in any Sunskrip works of authority which have been consulted

टशक एउ टशक्य A ten-necked.

दशकामजञ्चमन s.m. The aggregate of ten vices proceeding from the quality of desire, viz. hunting, gambling, sleeping during the day, abusiveness, lechery, drunkenness, dancing, playing and hypocrisv.

दगगुष adj Ten times, tenfold.

EMUTH s. m. A district or collection of ten villages.

टमन s. w. A tooth.

znuts. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus); a district part of Malus in Bundelkhoad.

flands. दशम ailj, Tenth.

दशमाल s. m A collection of ten gar-दशमी s. f. The tenth day of the lunar fortnight; the tenth or last stage of human life, the last ten years of a century. ali, Very old or aged.

दशमल s. m. A tonic medicament prepared from the roots of ten plants.

द्रमस्य s. m. A proper name, a severeign of Ajodhyá or Oude, and father of Ram.

दशनसभा s. m. Ten marks or attributes.

दशशीम र शस स्व दशानन

दशसन adj. A thousand.

दशसङ्ख adi. A myriad.

ZEST's. m. The tenth of Jetha. shuklapaksha, which is reckoned the birthday of Gangá; whoever bathes in the Ganga on that day is supposed to be purified from ten sorts of sins The tenth of Asin, shukla-paksha, on which, after the worship and religious ceremonies performed during nine nights (usearatri), they throw the images of Devi into the river. On this day, it is said, Ram marched against Riven, for whi h reason it is called Vippa desawn: the day is celebrated with great pomp by Hiado princes; the weapons and instraments of war are hallowed; and if war be intended the campaign is then opened.

दमा s. f. A state, condition, period or time of life, as youth, manhood, old age, &c.; circumstances.

दशांग ८. m. Tenth part. [drum). ব্যাণিক ৪. m. A plant (Croton polyan-ব্যাদক ৯. m. Result of circumstances, or of condition of life.

दणाप s. m. A country, part of central Hindustan, lying on the S. E. of Vindhya mountains.

दमाणे s. f. A river rising in the Vind'hya hills, the Dosarene of the aucients.

स्माद s. m. A country in the south of India, the kingdom of Yadu. m. pl The Yadıva or people of Disharha.

EXITIFIC s. m. A name of Vishuu; the deity of whom there are said to have been ten descents from heaven, for the purpose of protecting or punishing mankind.

दशास्त्रिष s. m. Existing circumstances, peculiar condition.

इसी s. f. Thread; the unwove threads at the end of a piece of cloth.

इशीला adj. In good circumstances.

दशेन्त्र m. pl. The ten organs of sense and action, viz. the skin, eye, tongue, nose, ear, organ of speech, hand, foot, anus, and pudendum, en atj. Ten. Desan, disa, f. pl. The ten regions, sides or quarters (of the world). Desau door, m. pl. The ten passages for the actions of the faculties; viz., the eyes, ears, nostri's, mouth, penis, anus, and crown of the head.

दसन s. m. A tooth.

दमन } adj. Tenth.

दसनो s. f. The tenth day of the lunar fortnight.

इसहरा s. m. The tenth of Jeth. shuklspaksha, supposed to be the birth day of Ganga: whoever bathes in the Ganyá on that day is supposed to be purified from ten sorts of sins. The tenth of Asin, shukla-paksha, on which, after the worship and religious ceremonies performed during nine nights (navsrátri), they throw the images of Devi into the river. On this day Ram is supposed to have marched against Ravan, for which reason it is called Vijyá dasami: the day is celebrated with great pomp by Hin lu princes; the weapons and instruments of war are hallowed; and if war be intended, the campaign is then opened.

इसी s. f. Thread; the unwove threads at the end of a piece of cloth.

दसीला adj. In good circumstances.

दशेखा s. m. Moulting (of birds). Dasokha jharna, To moult.

दसींदिसा f. pl. The ten regions, sides, or quarters (of the world).

दर्शीकार m. pl. The ten passages for the actions of the faculties; viz. the eye, ears, nostrils, mouth, penis, anus, and crown of the head, दसीधा } s. m. A panegyrist.

হলা s. m. Zinc, tutenag, Lapis calaminaris.

दस्यु s. m. An enemy; a thief; an oppressor, a violator, a committer of injustice, &c.

दख्डित s. f. Theft, dishonest mode of subsistence.

বৰ s. m. A deep whirlpool, very deep water, an abyss. Kanwal-daha, A place abounding in water-lilies.

दहन s. f. Ardour.

হছৰলা v. n. To burn, to be burnt, to be ruined, lost, destroyed; to regret. হছৰালা v. a. To burn, to kindle; to

दहनाना v. a. To burn, to kindle; to ruin, destroy, lose; to csuse to regret; to heat (iron &c.).

दहज़्दहज़ जलना v. n. To lurn with great fury.

दश्त कर्तां. Scoreling, burning.

रणन s m. Burning, combustion; fire, or the deity Agni; the marking-nut plant; lead-wort (Plumbago zeylanics, gc.).

दश्ना adj. Right, the opposite of left, इडिनावले s.m. Circling towards the right in worshipping.

दश्नीय adj. To be or what may be burnt, combustible.

दश्नीपल s. m. The sun-gem, a crystal lent. [fear.

दश्यमा v. n. To shake, to tremble, to दश्यमा v. s. To agitate.

दहसेरा s. m. A weight of ten seers.

दशारे s. f. The figure ten; the tenth part; the decimal places of figures in arithmetic, the tens.

दशाहना v. n. To roar (as a tiger).

Efen part. pass. Burnt.

दिशा adj. Right, the opposite of left,

दशे s. m. Thick sour milk, coagulated milk. Dahiwala, s. m. A seller of sour milk.

दहेंगर s.m. A vessel for carrying sour milk in (particularly at festivuls).

ইউল } s.m. A dowry, portion, every thing a wife takes with her husband.

दक्षेषु } s.m. A bird (Coracias).

दहें ड्री s. f. A vessel in which sour milk is kept.

दाइक } s. m. Giving, an honor, a

Riks. f. A milk-nurse; a midwife. Dai ko sompna, To put out to nurse. Dai khilsi, A dry nurse. Dai janai, s. f. A midwife. Dai pilai, s. f. A wet nurse.

हाज s. m. An appellation of a father or of an elder brother.

হাজাই s.f. A shrub that bears a flower like chamomile (Chrysanthemun indicum); a kind of firework like that shrub; a kind of armour. adj. Relating to David, of David.

दाएजा s. m. Dowry dower.

signit adv. On the right and left.

sion, injustice, injury.

दोडामेंडा s. m. The frontier or boundary between the lands of two proprietors.

होते s.f. A balance. Eta s.m. A tooth. Dantungli kataa, To bite the finger. is a term expressive of being surprised. Dant kachna, To grin, to shew the toeth. Dant katkatana, v. a. To gnach the teeth. Dant kati roti khana, To be the most intimate friend or any one. Dant ka dard, The tooth-ache. Dant khatte karna, To dishagarten, to dishagarten.

please. Dant tale unoli dabana, or .-katna. To stand in amaze, to be nmazed, to wonder, Dant nikalna, To laugh, to grin; to express or confess inability and helplessness. Dant per charhana. To detract from the virtues or praise of another. Dant pisna, To guash the teeth, to grin. Dant bujna, or, -bajna, v. n. To chatter the teeth, squabble, wrangle, chattering of the teeth, squabbling, wrangling, sparring. Dant rakhna, or,-hona kisi-par, To desire any thing exceedingly; to hate. Dant lagna, s. m. Trismus or locked-jaw. Dant lana, or,-nikalna, To teeth, grow (as teeth). Danton zamin pakarni (lit. to bite the ground), To be reduced to extremities, to suffer great pain. Danton merna, To gnash the teeth (with anger).

हांतन s.m. A tooth-brush made from the branch of a tree. [grin. हांत्रपी सना v.n. To gnash the teeth, to हांत्राक्तिवासन s.f. Qnarrel.

हांते s.f. The tooth of a saw or other instrument, cog (of a wheel), Danti dens, To insist upon. Danti pænna, v. n. To be notched or indented (the edge of a tool). Danti lagna, To have a locked jaw.

₹ in s. m. Ambuscade, ambush, snare; time, turn, opportunity, vicissitude; twisting of one another in wrestling. Daon chalna, To have the advantage of. Daon chalana, To take advantage of. Daon pakarna, To wrestle. Daon bythna, To lie in ambush, to luck.

होबान s. m. Burning, stubble, &c.

জাল s.m. A donor, one who makes presents, especially to Brahmans; a

sacrificer, one who pays all the expenses of ceremony, and employs the officiating priests.

दाई विवाद s.f. A dry nurse.

with the man and t

হাতিকথা s. f. A place in the north of India, in the country of Vahlik or Balkh.

दाचिकसीय adj. Produced or born, &c. in Dakshikantha,

हाचा s. Cleverness, dexterity, ability.

(if s. m. Spot, stain, mark, scar, cicatrix, blemish, freckle, speck, a mark by burning with a hot iron, brand, stigma, cautery. Day charhana, or, lagana, To villify, to defame. Dag dens, To mark by burning with a hot iron, to cauterize, brand, scar; to blemish. Dagdar, adj. Scarred, cauterized, spotted marked. Dag lagnat, To be damaged, to get a bad name. Dag lana, To villify. Dag hona, To be cauterized or scarred.

burning with a hot iron; to fire (s gan, &c.).

हाइक s. m. A tooth, a tusk.

इंडिंस । s.m. The pomegrante tree, इंडिंस or its fruit, (Punics granatum).

इतिहमपूर्यक s. m. A modicinal plant (Andersonia robitaka).

दाष्ट्रिमपिय s. m. The parrot, as being fond of the pomegrante.

दाइमिड़ी s. f. The frontier or boundary between the taws of two proprietors.

THE S. f. A jaw-tooth, or grinder.

ZIM S. f. A large tooth, a tusk.

दादिका } s. f. The beard. Darhi ba-इंदिने anna, or,—mundhna, v. a. To have.

द्वात 8. m. Bountifulness.

इ।तन s.f. A tooth-I rush made of the branch of a tree.

इतित्र adj. To be given, what may or on the to be given.

Rial Liberal, generous. subst. Giver, benefactor, donor.

हार adj. A donor, a giver, giving, bestowing. [or da.

हात s. m. A sort of sickle, large knife टाट s. m. A ringworm, Herpes.

दाहन s. m. } Advances (of money).

दाइपसी ह. m. A follower of Dadoo.

हाइमदन s. m. A plant used to cure the ringworm (Cassis alats).

हाइस 8. m. A kind of song.

हाइ। s. m. Paternal grandfather; elder brother.

हादी s.f. Paternal grandmother.

इ।इर s. m. A frog.

हारू n. prop. A Hindu founder of a sect, born in the state of Jypur. Dadupanthi, A followor of Dadu.

द्राधना v. n. To burn.

हान s.m. Act of giving or bestowing; gift, donation; a present, a special gift; alms, charity; anything demanded by law or custom, as toll, &c.; the fluid that flows from the temples of an elephant in rut. Danpatter, s.m. A deed of conveyance or gift, Danpun, s.m. Charity, alms, दानापण s.m. Almsgiving, charity; the rules for making donations.

दानपति s. m. A liberal or munificent man.

हानपत्र s. m. A deed of conveyance or gift. [nation.

दानवीस्य वर्तुं. Fit for or meriting a do-दानव s. m. A demon, a Titan or giant. दानशील adj. Liberal, munificent.

etel s. m. Grain in general, a grain, berry, seed, corn, speck, pimple.

दानापानी s. m. Food, victuals.

दानी s. m. Beneficent, liberal.

दानी adj. Munificent, liberal, bountiful, charitable, giving.

दानीय adj. Worthy of having any thing given, or worthy or fit to le given.

version. To press down, to suppress, to sunb; to squeeze. Dab rakins. To conceal, to steal and conceal; to press (particularly with the thighs), to retain by pressure, to gripe (as money). Dab lena, To outgrow.

दाबानल s.m. Fire in a forest.

दाम s. m. Price, the twenty-fourth part of pysa or pice. s.f. A string, a cord, a thread or rope.

हामनी a4j. Relating to the artemisia flower. s. f: A string, a rope, especially for tying cattle.

हामिनित्र s. m. A county, the modern district of Tamluk.

हामा s. m. A rope, a string, a cord.

हामानाह n. prop. A merchant, who dying insolvent, his effects were divided among his creditors in proportion to their claims.

दानाचाडी s. f. Proportioning, equal assessment, dividend (of a bankrupt's property).

इतिनी s. f. Lighting.

दामी s. m. An assessment. Dami lagana, To assess.

इसीट्र s. m. A name of Krishna: Yasodha his foster mother having in vain, passed the folds of a rope round his body, whilst a child, to keep him in confinement.

হামিক adj. Hypocritical, s. m. A hypocrite; a kind crane (Ardes nivea). হাৰ s. m. Inheritance; a nuptial present.

हायक adj. Liberal, giving, a donor. हायका s. m. A dowry, portion, nuptial present.

इत्यमान s. m. Partition of heritage, apportioning inheritance, & ..

इ।विभाग s. m. Portioning or portion of inheritance, division of property amongst different heirs.

इत्या s. m. Demand, claim, plant. इत्याद s. m. A son ; a kinsman, near of

remote ; an heir, इ.वाइन s. m. An heir, a kinsman. इ.वाइरे s. f. A daughter, an heiress. इ.वाववर्षन s. m. Privation, forfeiture or

द्राचित adj. Condemned, sentenced; awarded, adjudged.

 $\{i \in \}$ s. f. A wife.

property.

हारचीनी s. f. Cinnamon.

इत्स s. m. The clearing nut plant (Strychnos potatorum).

₹1₹ s.m. A sort of poison brought from the country named Darad.

इ। दाघीन adj. Dependant upon a wife, subject, to her.

हारिका s. f. A daughter.

हारिकाइ। न s.m. Giving a daughter in marriage.

हारिक } s. m. Poverty, indigence, इंदिका } wretchedness.

बारिको alj. Poor, indigent, needy, wretched, unfortunate.

हारी s.f. A female slave taken in war. हाद s.m. Wood, timber; a sort of pine (Pinus devudaroo). হাজে adj. Made of wood, wooden, &c. হাজে adj. Horrible, austere, 'terrific, frightful, fearful; dreadful, shocking, s. m. Horror, horribleness; lead wort (Plumbago isplantes).

दावनारि A female doll.

হাৰণিয়া s. f. A plant (Curcuma zsnthorrizon). [wooden.

हाइमय adj. Made of wood, woody, हाइम्बी s. f. A doll.

हारहरिद्धा s. f. A kind of Curcuma C. zanthorrhizon). [der.

zaninorraizon). [uoi. zie s. f. Spirituous liquor; gun-pow-

हारका s. m. } Wine, spirituous liquor.

इाटा s. m. Hardness, fixedness, stablity.

হাজিকা } s.f. A sort of collyrium হাজী from an infusion of the . Curcuma zanthorrhizon; a sort of notherb.

erw s.f. Pulse, vetches. s. m. A sort of grain (Pospalum frumentaceum). Dal galni kisi ke v. n. To have an advantage, to avail.

हाला s.f. Colocynth. दालान s.f. A hall.

বাজিছ s. m. Poverty, indigence.

हानिक्री odj. Poor, indigent.

इालिम s. m. The pomegranate.

qra e. m. A bill or kind of hatchet
with a hooked point; vicissitude,
turn, opportunity, stake, wager, a
stroke at any game; a bet, &c.; a
forest, a forest on fire, Dao bandhus,
or,—badna, To bet, kto wager.

द्रावता v. a. To thrash, to tread.

दावन s. m. Destruction; protection. दावना v. To thresh, tread. दावा s. m. Claim, plaint; demand.

Riving 8. m. The huband of a nurse.

ZIMER & s. m. The conflagration of a zising forest, kindled by a tempest or some other cause.

zun s. m. A servant.

zinge s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus).

टामेरक s. m. Malwa, (the province).

gre s. m. A servant. a slave; a Sudr or man of the fourth tribe; a Sudr affix or appellation.

दासन s. m. Bed.

zrez s. m. Slavery, servitude.

क्रामहासी s. f. The female slave of a slave; male and female slaves.

₹18पूर s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus).

ZINI s. m. A piece of wood sticking out from a wall to support the thatch or chhappar; a reaping hook.

द्राष्ट्री s. f. A maid-servant.

हासीपत s. m. The son of a slave girl.

हास s. m. हासता s.f. } Slavery, servitude.

zie s. m. Burning, combustion, conflagration, ardour, inflammation; morbid heat; actual or potential cautery. Dah dena, To light the funeral pile. Dah rakhna, To grudgo. हाइस adj. Burning, inflammatory ;

canterising, caustic. s. m. A plant (Plumbago zeylanica).

zresq s. m. Inflammatory fever.

ZING s. m. Burning, reducing to ashes; eauterising. (left).

हाइमा v. a. To burn, adj. Right (not ₹158€ s. m. A place where dead bodies are | urnt.

द्राइहरच s. m. The root of a fragrant grass (Andropoyon muricatum) , this root being woven into screens, and kept wet, for the purpose of excluding to tempering the hot winds,

हाहिना adj. Right (opposed to left). दाही s. m. (a.) Settling on fire, inflammatory.

दिया 8. m. Lamp.

दिक s. m. Quarter, region, side : point (of the compass \.

दिकपित s. m. A regent or a quarter of the universe, as the Sun of the east; Saturn of the west: Mars of the south; Mercury of the north; Venus of the south-cast : Ragu of the south-west : Chandra of the northwest; and Jupiter of the north-east.

दिक्याल s. m. A regent of a quarter of the universe, as Indrá of the east ; Ugni of the south-east ; Nurit of the south-west; Varun of the west; Marut of the north-west : Kuver of the north : and Eesan or Shiv of the north-east; this word is applicable to the Dikpatis, as that term is to these also.

दिसम्ब s. m. An inauspicions planetary conjunction, as for the Sun and Venus to be in the west, &c.

टिस्त्रज्ञाना v. n. To show, exhibit, denote, direct. Dikhlai dena, To appear, be apparent, seem.

दिखनावा s. m. Show, pageantry,

दिखाई s. f. Showing, show, display, appearance, Dikhai dena, To appear, दिखाक 8. m. (a.) Fit to be shewn, covety. हिस्ताज adj. Comely.

दिखना v. a. To cause to see, to show, exhibit, display, expose.

दिखाव s. m. Display, show.

दिश s. m. Quarter, region, tract, side, way ; (in compos.) wards, as uttardig, North-wards ; point (of the compass).

दिगम s. m. The horizon.

fenmer s. m. Space, the a tmosphere.

from tadj. Naked, unclad, unclothed; | fefa s. f. One of the wives of Kasyap dressed in, or enveloped by the atmosphere, clouds, &c. s. m. A Budhh mendicant, wearing coloured clothes. or going raked; any mendicant not wearing clothes; a name of Shiv, from his being naked; a Jyn of the great division, which represents the images of their saints, either naked or plainly attired,

हिननान् } s. m. A watchman, a guard.

दिन्य s. m. The quarter to which it is deemed unlucky to travel or particular days.

दिगगज s. m. An elephant of a quarter or point of the compass, one of eight supposed to be attached to the north. north-east, &c., supporting the globe. दिगमी s. f. A large tank, or reservoir. in form of an oblong square.

हिन्यज्ञम s. m. Subjugation of an extensive country, either in arms or controversy.

हिव्बिक्यो s. m. A conqueror or subjugator of an extensive tract of country, or the world.

दिन्ति अपनान s. m. Invasion, going forth to conquer the world.

दिन्तिभाग s. m. A quater or point of the compass. space.

हिम्बापी ad). Spreading through all हिमो s. f. A large tank, or reservoir, in form of an oblong square.

ferit s.f. Hardness, solidity. हिटीना s. m. A patch, an artificial mole on the face.

दिंद } adj. Firm, strong.

हिद्दमा है s.f. Firmness, strength. tering v. a. To prove, to strengthen. and mother of the Dytyas or infernal race, opposed to the gods.

दितिज s. m. A demon or asur.

fam s. m. A Titan, a demon or giant. दिदार s. m. An interview, an overseer. दिशा ind. Of two kinds, in two ways.

दिधि s.f. Firmness, stability, fixed state of mind or being.

दिन s. m. Dav. Din kátna. To pss time with difficulty. Din ko din, rat ko rat nah janna, To be totally absorbed in thought or business, Din khulna, To begin to prosper after adversity. Din ganwana. To spent carelessly, or trifle away, time. Din charling, The day being far advanced; the period of a woman's menstruation being protracted. Din charhana, To commence any business late in the day ; to eat the bread of idleness, or earn one's wages without labour. Din dhalns, v. n. To grow late, to decline (the sun), Din dhoule, In day-light. Din parna, To be unfortunate. Din phirna, To begin to prosper (after adversity). Din badin Day by day Din bharne, Expresses time spent in pain and trouble. Din mundna, To grow late, to close (the day).

दिनकार s. m. The sun.

दिमञ्चीतिस s. m. Sunshine, davlight. दिनदानी s. m. Giving daily.

दिनदिन Every day ; daily. दिनन pl. (Sing. दिन) Days.

दिनपति s. m. Sun.

fennfa Every day. दिनभर Whole day.

दिनमान s. m. The length of day.

दिनराति Night and day. दिनास s. m. Day-blind, i. e. the owl,

दिनाई s. f. A tetter, a ringworm.

दिनान s. m. Evening, sun-set, close of | दिवानिक s. m. Day and night. đav.

दिनारमा s. m. Morning.

डिनावसान s. m. Evening, (to animals). दिनी ady. Aged (generally! applied to animals.

दिनीं धा s. m. Disopia or dayblindness. faufa a. Brilliant, radiant, splendid. दिच s. m. An oat; brilliant, Heavenly furniture.

दिया s. m. A lamp. part-past. Given. दियानत s. f. Honesty, probity.

दियार s. f. White ant.

दियासलाई s. f. A. match (for catching Jay,

दिखवाना v. a. To cause to give or to दिखवाली s. m. An inhabitant of Delhi. दिलवैया s. m. One who causes to give

दिलागा v. a. To cause to give, to occasion, cansign, assign, to cause to

yield, so cause to give up. दिखासा s.m. Comfort, consolation, encouragement, support (of mind).

दिलीप s.m. The name of a king and ancestor of Ram, the ruler of Delhi or Hastina pur.

feet ady. Bold, courageous. दिखेरी s.f. Intrepidity, boldness.

दिली p. n. Delhi. adj. Hearty, sincere. frail s.f. The name of a city, once the metropolis of Hindustan, called also Shahjehanabad.

दिव s. m. Heaven, day.

दिवराणी s. f. Husband's younger brother's wife.

दिवस } दिवा s. m. A day.

दिया इ. m. Day, day-light.

दिशासर s. m. The sun.

दिवातन adj. Daily, diurnal, of or belonging to the day.

दिवास adj. Being blind by day s. m. An owl.

दियामध्य s. m. Mid-day, moon.

दिवादाव s. m. A day and night.

दिवारावि s. f. Day or night; a day and night.

दिवास s. f. Wall: the bridge of the दिवाला s.m. Insolvency, bankruptcy.

दिवासी s. f. A Hindu festival, celebrated on the day of the new moon of Kartik, when the Hindus, after bathing in the Ganges, or other river, put on their best attire, perform a sraddh, an at night worship Fakshmi, and indulge in excessive gambling. The houses and streets are illuminated at night; and in Hindustan. the night is universally spent in gaming.

दिवीदास s. m. A king of Benares, and founder of the Indian School of medicine.

दिव्य adj. Divine, celestial; beautiful, agreeable, charming; an ordeal; an oath.

दिव्यथकों adj. Virtuous, agreeable.

दिव्यपद्याचन s. m. A mixture of five articles, ghee, exerds, mailk, butter and

दिव्य र s. m. The famous gem Chinta-दिव्यद्ध s. m. Quicksilver.

दिव्यवस्त adj. Clothed or invested in celestial raiment.

हिन्यीपपाइक adj. Divine, celestial, of heavenly birth or being.

few s. f. Region, space, quarter, part. faut s.f. Side, region, quarter, point (of the compass).

दिवायुक्त s.m. A sign in the heavens consulted on commencing a journey; the quarter towards wich it is deem unlucky to travel on particular days.

दिवि s. f. Sight, look of, seeing.

दिसना v. n. To appear, be seen, to seem, v. s. To sec.

fews. f. Side, region, quarter, peint (of the compass). Disa karna, To travel. Disa jana, or, phirna, To go into the fields (for a privy).

दिसावर s. m. A climate.

दिसावरी s. f. A sort of pan or betel leaf.

adj. Foreign (good). टिहरा s. m. A idol temple.

दिश्वली s. f. A threshold.

दिहड़ी s.f. Threshold, door. Dihuridar, s.m. A door-keeper.

বিল্লা s.f. Name of a city, the metropolis of *Hindustan*, called also Shahjahanabad.

दीषट s. f. Lampstand.

that s. f. Sacrificing, offering oblations; receiving the initiatory. manter or in cantation.

होचिस adj. Initiated; performed (as the Dikshs ceremoney).

दोचिंड s. m. A spiritual father, the communicator of the initiator of the initiatory mantr or prayer.

दीखना v. n. To look, to appear.

হীত } s.f. Sight, glance, look, vis-হীতি ion.

दीधित s.f. A ray of light, a sun or a moon beam ; light in general.

₹m adj. Poor, indigent, needy, distressed; humble. Din-dyal, adj. Merciful to the poor; Din-nath, Lord of the poor; Din-bandhu, The friend of the poor; are all epithets of the Deity.

. दोन चेतन adj. Distressed, deiected.

दीनता है s. f. Poverty, indigence ; दीनताई है humility.

दीनसुष adj. Down-east, of melancholy aspect.

होना v. a. To give, to grant, to yield, afford, allow, permit, emit, let, produce, lay (eggs), s.m. Giving.

होनार s. m. A weight of glod; a coin,

दोनी 3d. pers. sing. per tense of दनी To give.

होप s. m. A lamp; an island; a continent, a region or clime of the earth, होपक s. m. A light, a candle, a lamp; an aromatic seed (Ligusticum ajwaen); a muscial mode, sung at moon in the hot weather; a kind of frework. adj.

Making laminous; kindling influm-

ing. डोपिक्ट t. m. Lamp-black, soot.

दीपन्त्री है s.f. The wick of a lamp.

होपसन s. m. Lamp-black, the condensed smoke or soot of a lamp.

टीपटान

होपन ady. Inflaming, light or heat-exciting; tonic, stimulant; stimulating, exciting.

होपपुष s.m. The Champac (Michelia champaca).

हीपमाल है 8. m. A row of lamps, in

होडच s.r. The stand or stem of a lamp, a candlestick.

द्रीपश्चित s.f. The name of a lamp.

forusi a.f. The day of new moon in the month Assain or Kartik (September-October), a festival with noctural illuminations in honor of Kartiksyah; the Devoli, as it is usually termed; a row or range of lamps.

হাম adj. Laminous, splendid, radiant, হামি s. f. Light, lustre, splendour. হামৰ s.f. The white ant. होषें adj. Long, applied either to space or time. s. m. The Sal tree; a long vowel.

होर्चुकारक) s. m. A sort of crane (Ar-होर्चुकायर) dea nines).

हो घेंबाज s. m. A long time, a long period. हो घेंबाज s. m. A tree (Alangium hexa-

petalum).

ही वें के स adj. Long-haired.

होचेजकल s.m. A kind of fish. होचेजका adj. Long-thighed. s.m. A

crane, a camel. ट्रोचेनिहा s. m. A snake.

होर्च नीत s.m. Long life.

होर्घ जीवी adj. Living or existing a long. time.

हीर्घतन adj. Tall, long.

इपेंद्रमी adj. Far seeing, provident, wise. s. m. A wise and learned man, a seer, a prophet.

बोर्च हिंड. m. A wise or provident man. adj. Wise, provident, far-seeing.

হীপুলিয়া s. f. Death. [sigh,

दोचेनियास s.m. A long or deep-drawn डोचेपच s.m. The fork-tailed shrike.

होधेपन adj. Long-leaved, longifolium. s. m. Garlic.

होचेपवस s. m. Garlie; a thorny plant; a kind of growing in marshy places.

होचंपना s.f. A sort of Eugenia. होचंपण adj. Long-leaved, longifolium.

होषेपक्षत adj. Having long shoots or tendrils. s. m. The sun plant (Crotolaria jancea).

दीवैपाइ s. m. A heron.

होचेमल s. m. A plant (Cassia fistula). होचेमल adj. Having a long root. s. m. A kind of Bilwa tree; a sort of sensitive plant.

होषेम्बा s. f. A creeper (Echites frutescens); a plant (Hedysarum gangeticum). होषे सूत्री s.f. A plant (Hedysatum 41hagi). [night.

हीचेराव s.m. A long period; a long होचेरीनी adj. Being long ill.

हीचेंग alj. Being of an ancient family. दोधेंग्य s. m. A long vowel.

होषेडन s. m. A plant (Bignonia Indica). होषेडनिका s. f. A plant (Mimosa oct

andra). [robusta). दीचेत्राख s. m. The Sal tree (Shorea

होषेत्व adj. Dilatory, slow, tedious. होषेत्वा s.f. Dilatoriness, tediousness. होषेत्वो adj. Dilatory.

হাইবার s. m. A long vowel; a long note, a minim or semibreve.

दीषांय s. m. Long life.

दोषांबुस adj. Long-lived. s. m. The silkcotton tree (Bombax heptaphyllum).

दीवट s. f. A lamp-stand. डोबसी s. f. A small lamp.

होता s.m. A lamp.

होबाली s.f. A leather strap, a bolt. डीव s. m. The blue jav.

होसना v. n. To look, to seem, to appear, to le visible. Dise, adj. Like. alv. Likely.

হীৰাs.f. Sacrificing, offering oblation; receiving the initiatory mante or incantation.

होचित adj. Initiated; performed (as the Diksha ceremony).

होचिट s. m. A spiritual father, the communicator of the initiatory mantr or prayer.

इंड्रभी s. m. A large kettledrum.

s ws. m. Pain, ail, ache, grief, sorrow affliction, distress; unhappiness; difficulty, trouble; labour, fatigue; annoyance. Dukhka mára, adj. Afflicted. Dukh ka hárta, a. m. Dispeller of grief or pain. Dukh-dai, or Dukh-dani, adj. Giring or occasioning

pain, troublesome, vexatious. Dukh pana, To be afflicted. Dukh bharna, To labour, to toil, to suffer distress or trouble. Dukh-háran, Anodyne. Dukh hárta, Dispeller of grief or pain.

दु:खबर adj. Causing pain; afflicting, occasioning sorrow or trouble.

इ. खाइन adj. Afflicted, pained, distressed.

दु:खजीवी adj. Living in pain or distress. दु:खडा s. m. Misfortunes, calamities.

दु खद्भ्य adj. Afflicted, pained, distressed.

इ:बहाई } adj. Giving or occasioning इ खहानी } pain, troublesome, vexations,

दु:खना ". n. To ache, pain, smart.

दु:खाःइन adj. Painful, distressful, abounding with trouble, &c.

द:समागि | adj. Suffering pain, having pain as their portion. द:समागि | To be obtained or effected

with difficulty.

दु:खदागर s. m. Deep distress; the world. द: कदन adj. Removing pain.

दु. साना v. a. To inflict pain, to torment, to hurt, to pain.

दुःचित व गुं. Pained, suffering pain ; afflicted, in distress or pain, sick,

दु:खिया adj. In distress or pain, unfortunate, poor, in digent, afflicted.

दु: खिवारा m. } adj. Afflicted, in dis-दु: खिवारी f. | tress or pain, sick, sor rowful, sad, wretched, grieved.

इ:बी adj. Suffering pain, sorrow-इ:चिन ing; afflicted, in distress or pain; sick; affected.

दु:शासन odj. Ungovernable, ill-managed, intractable.

दु:श्रील adj. Ill-behaved, reprobate, alandoned, दुःसम adj. Improper, unseasonable.

दु:समा s. m. Time of affliction, distress or trouble.

दु:सइ adj. Intolerable, difficult to be borne.

दु:साध्य adj. Difficult, arduous, not easily accomplished.

इ.सर्भे adj. Difficult or unfit to be touched. s. m. A plant (Hedpsarum ahari).

दुःख्या s f. A prickly sort of nightshade, दुक्ता s. m. The fourth part of a pysa or pice.

दुक्त हो s. f. A snaffle.

दुकान s. f. A shop.

द्वामी } s. m. A shop-keeper.

द्काल s, m. Famine, scarcity.

दुकल टक्कल A alath ne

ह्क्ल s. m. A cloth worn around the

दुक्तराई s. m. Pain, imparting, affective. दक्कपट

दुगच s. m. A second degree or tone in music.

हनणा हन्मा क्षेत्र adj. Two-fold, double. इनम

दुष्ध s. m. Milk.

इन्यता s. f. Milkiness, the nature of milk. इन्यताकीय s. m. Milk and mangoes, mango fool.

दु:स्थपेन s. m. The froth or skim of milk, syllabub, cream.

दुन्धफ़्रेनी s. f. A small medicinal shrub so called.

বৃশ্বিকা s. f. A sort of Asclepias (A. rosea): the Hindi deprivative Dudhi, is also applied to Euphorbia hirta and thymifolia.

दुन्धन } adj. Milky, having milk.

इन्धिनिका s. f. A plant described as a | red sort of Apang (Achyranthes uspera).

द्वित & ady. Of two two minds, wa-दाचता (vering, distracted.

sa interj. Away! begone! avaunt! s. f. Splendour, light, beauty spite. malice. Dut dabak. Reproof, reprimand.

दुतकार s. m. \ A reproof. Dutkarna, दतकारी कर् reprove.

दताना v. a. To press down ; to snub, to chide, to keep under.

द्रति s. f. Splendour, light, beauty. दत्तादिना v. a. To drive away sornfully ; to deceive, balk, cheat.

दही s. f. A medicinal herb (Euphorbia hirta and thymifolia).

adj. f. Milch, giving milk.

s. m. A sort of drum, a large kettle-drum. द्रव्हिंभ

दुन्दमार s. m. A sort of red worm.

guer s. m. A kind of veil or a piece of linen in which there are two breadths. Dunatte tanke sona, To draw the sheet over one's head (either from security and circlesines; or after death). Dupatta hilana, or, phirana, v. a. To hold out a flag of truce, to offer to surrender (a fort.) द्वपद्भित s.f. A kind of flower (Pent-

anetes phænicea). adj. Meridian. ह्रबंधा s. f. Doubt, suspense, uncertainty, dilemma.

gent adj. Lean, thin, poor, barren, meagre, weak.

द्वसाई ह. र् Leanness, thinness. दबसापना ह. शा. meagreness. दुवसापा ह. म. इशांचित्रा s. m. An interpreter.

s. m. A famine, a scarcity

37 prep. A depreciative particle, implying pain, trouble, (bad, difficulty. ill). Inferiority, (bad, vile, contemptible). Prohibition, (away, hold, forbear,) It corresponds in general to the English prefixes, in, un, &c., as infamous, unbearalle, and the like. Dur-jan, s. m. An enemy. Dur-din, Day of adversity. Dur-nam, s. m. Infamy. Dur-bachan, s. m. Abuse. Dur-bal, adj. Weak, nerveless, faint. Dur-balta, s. f. Weakness, faintness. इत्ना v. n. To be hidden, or concented, to be absent, to disappear, to lurk. दरहर s. m. Bad luck, misfortune. इरन adj. Ending ill, having a bad end.

दर्भियह s.m. A tree (Achyranthes aspera).

इ (भिगहा s. f. Cowach.

इराचार १ adj. Wicked, depraved, fol-दंशवारी } lowing evil practices ; disregarding or deviating from established practices ; irreligious, profligate.

इराका adj. Vile, wicked, bad. s. m. A rascal, a scoundrel, a villain. द्राध्य s. m. White mustard. दराना v. a. To hide, to conceal.

दरारीह adj. Of difficult ascent, s. m. The palm tree ; the date tree. दरारी इ. s. f. The silk-cotton tree. टराजम adj. Difficult of attainment. द्राजमा इ. f. A prickly plant, the Jaw-

aso (Hedysarum alhagi). इराखाप s. m. Abusive or scurrilous language, abuse.

दरिस adj. Sinful, wicked. f. m. Sin. cfes adj. Very bad, very wicked. s. m. Great crime, extreme wickedness. दरी s. f. The two on dice.

दबदा adj. Dou'le-faced; that which is the same on both sides, not having a

wrong side.

दुरतर बत्री. Unanswerable.

ad). Difficult of ascess or approach, inascessible, impervious; impenetrable, impassable; difficult of attainment, unattainable. s.m. A fort, a strong-hold, a Drug or hill fort; a pass, a defile, a difficult or narrow passage over a stream, or a mountain, or through a wood, &c.

इनेंदर्भ s. m. Enterprise, difficult undertaking,

हुनैर adj. Poor, indigent, distressed; suffering pain or affliction.

द्रमंति s. f. Hell; poverty, indigence; meanness, subjectness.

हुनेष adj. Ill-smelling, ill-scented, fetid. s. m. Any ill-smelling, substance, stink, stench. Durgindh ána. To stink.

इबेशी adj. Ill-smelling.

इनन adj. Inaccessible, difficult of access or approach; unattainable, difficult of attainment; deep, profound. इवनता s. f. Depth, profundity.

and s.f. Deput, protuntny, and s.f. Boliv, and mother of Kartikeyah and Gane;; also called Uma. Bhawani, and Parvati: as Durga she is a goddess of terrific form and irascible temper, and parti-ularly worshipped at the Durga puja, held in Bengal in the month of Assain or mout Ostober; a word; a Hindu book containing the narration of the goddess Durga.

हर्गाधिकारी } s. m. The governor of a

हुर्गानत्रको s. f. The ninth of the light half of Kartik, sacred to Durga as Jaggaddhatri.

हुनीयवर्ष s. m. Taking refuge in a fortress, zaz adj. Difficult of accomplishment, arduous.

इंजन adj. Bad, wicked, vile; malicious, mischief-making. s. m. A bad man.

हुर्जनल s. m. हुर्जनताई s. f. } Wickedness, villainy.

हुर्ज्य adj. Invincible, difficult to be subdued or overcome.

इजर बागुं. Difficult of digestion, indi-

हुजांत adj. Inauspiciously born or produced; improper. s. m. Misfortune, calamity; disparity, unconformity, impropriety.

हर्जीत adj. Vile, wicked ; low, out cast. हर्जीत adj. Ill-behaved, ill-governed ; impolitic. s. m. Misconduct ; inspolicy.

हु पौति श. f. Impolicy ; misconduct. इंद्रम adj. Difficult to le subdued.

हुई में ady. Difficult to be seen or met with.

हर्देशा s.f. A state of calamity or misery, or adversity.

इंदिन s. m. A dark or cloudy day; rain or cloudy and rainy weather.

हुँ ह adj.] Ill-seen (literally or flynrstively), ill-examined, imperfectly investigated; looked at with an evil eye.

हर्दें s. m. Bad luck, misfortune.

हुनीम s. m. Infamy, a bad name, obloquy, a discredit, slander.

दुर्नामा र m. Piles or hæmorrhoides. j इर्नामी adj. Infamous

हमितार adj. Difficult to be stopped, . hindered, contradicted, &c.; invincible, unconquerable.

हर्भ व ody. Feeble, thin, emaciated ; weak, impotent, infirm, faint, powerless; poor. poten ce.

rafe adj. Silly, ignorant.

हमेंच adj. To be exten with difficulty. हमेंग s.f. A wife not loved or liked by her husband; a bad or ill tempered woman.

हमांच adj. Unfortunate, unlucky. इसांच s. m. Bad disposition, ill-temper, bad behaviour, ill-manners.

zfing s. m. Dearth, famine.

हुषीत adj. Silly, ignorant, simple, a blockhead. s.f. Folly, foolishness. स्थान adj. Sad, distressed, meditating or thinking sorrowfully.

हुने ख adj. Scurrilous, foul-mouthed ; hideous, ugly.

for pounding pavements with, a rammer.

price. s. m. Dearness, any thing of high price or value.

इचारा adj. Of little or contemptible understanding, dull, stupid, ignorant, uniformed.

ह खोंचन s. m. The elder of the Kuru princes, and leader of the war against his cousins, the Pandus and Krishna.

₹; ₩ adj. Difficult of attainment or acquirement, hard to be got or met with; scare, rare; excellent, eminent, dear, beloved. s. m. A plant, a sort of Hedysarum.

द्रभेश s. f. A sort of prickly night-

sign, an evil omen,

इ अंपन } s.m. Censure, abuse ; any इ.आंप्च } unlucky or ill-omened speech.

wicked, leading, a low

or infamous life, following disreputable habits or business, a cheat, a juggler, a rogue, a blackguard: &c.

बुष्म,

इ कि s.f. Leading a disreputable life, following a degrading business, &c.; juggling, fraud.

दुबंद्य adj. Evil-minded, badhearted. दुलको s. f. Trot. Dulki jana, or, chalna, v. n. To trot.

इवाइत adj. Two-fold, of two rows or strings. s. m. A necklace of two rows or strings.

दुबक्षी s.f. A necklace of two strings. द् बत्ती s.f. A kick of the two hind legs of a quadruped. Dulatti marna, To wince, to kick with the two hind legs.

दुलवन्द s. m. A turban, or the fine cloth of one.

दुलनियान s. m. A small purse.

दल्हन दुर्जेहिन दुर्जेहिन

द्वडा } s. m. A bridegroom.

दुवाई s.f. A sheet or covering of two breadths used by females.

दुलाना v. a. To agitate, toss, shake.

दुवार s. m. Love, affection.

दशाना s. m. A shawl.

इचरा adj. Acting ill, behaving wickedly. इचरिन adj. Misbehaving, doing or designing ill. s. m. Evil purposo or action, misconduct, error.

दुक्तर adj. Difficult to be done, दक्काचे s. m. Wickedness, sin.

दुव्यमी s. m. A wicked person, a sinner, a criminal.

हुन्त् ज s. m. A low family or race. हुन्क् जीन adj. Of a low or degraded family.

दक्त त s. m. Sin, crime, guilt.

दुब्द् ती adj. Wicked, an evil doer. द्वुख s. m. Pain in general.

Ez adj. Low, vile; wicked, depraved, bad, faulty; enemy.

दृष्टचारियी s. f. } adj. Wicked.

इंड्यारी s. m. ∫ adj. Wicked. इंड्येता adj. Malevolent ; stupid.

द्रश्ता s.f. Wickedness, badness, depravity.

इष्टमान adj. Innately bad.

स्टमादना s.f. Wickedness, innate de-

दृष्टमति adj. Wicked, depraved,

दशह.f. A harlot, a wanton.

द चाम s. m. Abuse.

इयाँ m. adj. Not to be touched, इयां f. and unpleasant to the touch. s.m. A plant (Hedysarum alhaji).

इ. प्कृति adj. Of a bad nature or disposition.

द पाप adj. Difficult of attainment, difficult to be got or reached.

ह पाय ddj. Remote, unattainable, difficult of approach or attainment.

द्काज adj. Difficult to be relinquished or parted with.

द्वार s. m. Double stakes at dice, &c., playing double or quits.

द्रम s. m. Milking.

इ.स्ना v. n. To be milked.

द हरा ahj. Double.

ह इराना v. c. To fold. to double, to repeat, to reduplicate.

ह सर्थे s.f. Crying out for justice, exclamation, an oath, plaint. Duhai tihai karna, To make reiterated complaints.

₹ ₹141 v. o. To cause to milk.

द्धार s. m. A milker.

इ दिना s. f. A daughter.

इ चितुपनि इ. m. A son-in-law, a daughter's hust and. द दिल s. f. A daughter.

द हैला adj.' Difficult, weighty.

द चा adj. To be milked, milkable.

gwi s. m. The two or deuce at cards, dice, &c.

द्रमुखा adj. Double, two-fold.

हुन s.f. The second day of a lunar fortnight.

ट्रमबर s. m. A man who marries s second wife, a bigamist.

दमा adı. Second, other.

c. m. A messenger or envoy, a newscarrier; an ambassador; a go between, an angel who passes between
God and man.

द्रिक्त s. f. A female messenger, a confidant, &c.

दृतिया adj. Sceond.

इसी s.f. A female messenger, a confidant, a procuress, a go-between, a bawd.

ews. m. Milk; the juice or milk of certain bushes. Dudh-adhari, adj. Living on milk. Dudh-pilat. s. f. A. wet nurse. Dudh pilans, To suckle. Dudh barhna, v. n. To be weaned (a child). Dudh bhai, s. m. A foster brother. Dudh bhai, s. f. A ceremony performed the fourth day after marriage, wherein the bride and bridegroom ent milk, boiled rice and sugar, together.

इधन } adj. Giving much milk, milch.

gfuu adj. Milky. s. m. Name of seveal plants with milky juice. Dudhiya patthar, A white stone of which plaster is made, and utensils are formed

ह्वी adj. Milky, containing milky juice. s. f. Starch; name of several plants with milky juice, as, various species

of Asclepias, Echites, Euphorbia, &c. (Asclepias rosea, &c.)

इना adj. Double, two-fold.

द्रव s. m. Name of a grass (Agrostis linearis).

दृष्ण वसन् adj. Unknown, insignificant, helpless, hiding through weakness. इबर adj. Weak, lean ; difficult.

द्रविया s. f. A kind of green (colour), grass-green.

ट्रभक s. m. A famine, a scarcity. gr ad). Distant, remote. adv. Far. far off; widely. Dur bhagna, To abstain from, to abhor, abominate, avoid, shun. Dur karna, To remove, to dispel, to reject, to avert, to keep at a distance. Dur hona, To be removed,

to be remote, or dispelled, Dur ho, Begone, avaunt, be off +

हरगामी adj. Going far.

द्रश्ता s. f. Remoteness, distance. द्रवर्षेत्र s. m. Foresight ; long-sightedness.

हरदर्शी adj. Long-sighted, far-seeing (literally or metaphorically), s. m. A pundit, a learned man, a teacher : a prophet, a seer : a vulture.

हरहम s. m. A learned man ; a vulture. इरहरि s. f. Long-sightedness; foresight.

इरवासी m. { adj. Residing in a foreign द्रशिवनी f. | land, outlandish.

द्ररक्ष adj. Remote, far of.

इरीक्षव adj. Removed, placed far off. दरीमत adj. Remote, far off.

दब्बों s. f. Bent grass, the Dub (Panicum dactylon).

दमहा s. m. A bridegroom.

दशक adj. Ill, low, contemptible, infamous.

ट्रवण s. m. Blame, fault, defect, offence. द्धित वर् व. Calumniated, falsely accused, especially of adultery; contaminated, corrupted, spoiled ; violated : 1 lamed, censured.

दिवता s.f. A girl who has been violated or deflowered

दयी र s. f. The secretion or rheum दंषीका 🕻 of the eye.

इष ali. Reprehensible, contemptible, vile, bad.

दसर s. m. The second.

इ मरा adj. Second, other, equal, a match. Durse, In the second (place), secondly.

द हिया 8. m. A kind of fireplace.

इक्क s. m. A snake, whose eyes are his ears : in the opinion of the Hindus, the snake has no visible external ear.

ET s. m. The eye.

हमगीख s. m. A small circle on the axis of the earth, within the greater circle of the armillary sphere, and accompanying each planetary circle.

इडम्बान s. m. A small circle within the great circle of the armillary sphere; accompanying each planetary circle or orbit.

ga adj, Hard, firm; able, powerful; bulky, massive, solid; strong; confirmed.

इटकास्ड s. m. A bamboo.

हडकारी adi. Persevering, determined, इदता s. f. Firmness, hardness ; steadiness ; solidity ; strength.

हर्दिश्य adj. Certain, confirmed, corroborated, undoubted.

हटफल s. m. The cocoanut.

हृद्रबन्धिनी १, f. A. creeper (Echites frutescens 1.

ezufa adj. Faithful, devoted.

इडमुदि adj. Miserly, niggardly, closefisted.

हडलीमा adj. Having coarse hair on the skin, s. m. A wild hog : coarse hair. bristles.

हरस्विका s. f. A plant, from the fibres of which bow strings are made.

इडमीइट adb. Firm in friendship, constant. [sops.

हडम्बन्ध s. m. A plant, a sort of Mimu-EZIS adj. Firm-bodied, hard, strong, s. m. A diamond.

हडाना v. a. To strengthen; to prove. हटामित s. f. A faithful mistress or

wife. हर वृष s. m. A hero, one firm in battle.

s. f. The eye.

हमीपम s. m. The white lotus (Nelumbium speciosum).

हम adj. Visible, to be seen ; beautiful. pleasing. s. m. (In arithmetic). A given quantity or number.

इन्द्रन s: m. Vision, sight.

er adj. Seen, visible, apparent.

दृशका s. m. A riddle, an enigma.

ERTA ? adj. Seeing, beholding, ha-इष्टवान ∫ ving seen.

हष्टान s. m. An example, illustration, a parable, simile, trope.

Efe s. f. The eye; sight, seeing, vision, view. [bilis].

इंटिइस्त s. m. A flower (Hibiscus muta-हर्णापात s. m. A look, a look at, or on.

tfeura s. m. A look, a glance.

देखडा s. m. A white-ant hill.

देखना v. a. To see, to look at, view. observe, mark, inspect, behold, perceive, experience. Dekhna bhalna, To see, to look at. Dekha dekhi. s. f. Emulation, competition, the looking at each other, or being within sight (of objects).

देखेवैया । 8 m. A spectator, beholder, दिखवैया | observer, viewer.

देखा s.m. Sight, seeing.

देखादेखों s.f. Emulation, competitio... the looking at each other, or being within sight (of objects).

देगचर adi. Naked.

देना s. m. Dowry, portion.

देज s.m. Part of a portion or dowry.

देन verbal n. To give, giving.

देनलेन s. m. Pecuniary transactions upon: interest, debts and credit : barter. traffic.

देना v. a. To give, to grant, to vield. afford, allow, permit, emit, let, resign, cause, occasion, produce, to lay (egys). s. m. Giving. Dena pana, s. m. Profit and loss, settling of one's aflairs.

देवदार The mast tree (Uviria longi-देवी s. f. A. Hindu goddess, the wife of any deity or divine being; the god-, dess Durga ; a queen.

देवरा adj. Left, opposite of right.

देनारना v. a. To dish on the ground, to throw, to stamp.

24 adi. To be given, fit or proper for a gift.

देश s. m. A dwelling, a tent.

देव s. m. A deity, a god ; a husband's brother, a term or surname applicable to a Brahman, also to a man of the Kayath class.

देवक adj. Divine, celestial, like a deity देवबाईम s. m. A fragrant paste of sandal, agallochum, camphor, and saf-

देवनांडर s. m. Water-cresses.

देवबाठ s. m. A kind of pine (Pinns devdaru).

देविकरी s.f. One of the female personifications of the modes of musica

Rash s. f. Wife of Vasudes, and mother of Krishna

देवनीय odj. Divine, belonging or relating to a divinity.

देवकुछ s. m. A natural spring.

देवकुसुम s. m. Cloves.

देशनात्रारी s.f. One of the Raginis, or female persenifications of the modes of music.

इतिवायन s.m. A celestial chorister.

दे बिंगरी s. f. One of the female personifications of music.

इत्यह s.m. A celestial or planetary sphere, the dwelling of the gods; a temple,

हे वही s.f. A sort of gull (Larus ridibundus).

ইণ্ডাল s.f. The second day of the moon of Kartik shukl-paksh, on which Vishnu is said to awake from his sleep of four months.

हे बन इ. m. The holy fig tree; a tree of paradise; the tree of plenty; any venerable and ancient tree; usually the place of assembling in a village. हे बना इ.f. A god, a deity or divine be-

हेबता s.f. A god, a deity or divine be ing ; divinity.

देनताषु s. m. A kind of grass (Andropogon serratus).

हें बतीबं s. m. The part of the hand sacred to the gods, the tips of the the fingers.

हे बल s. m. Divinity, the abstract attribute of a divine being.

हे बहर adj. Given by the gods, godgiven, or given to the gods (a name or coithet).

हें बहानी s.f. A sort of creeper, commonly called Hattghosh.

हे बहाद s. m. A species of pine Pinus devideru): in Bengal it is usually applied to the Uvaria longifolie, and in the peninsula to another tree (Erythroxylon sideroxylloides).

ইব্যাৰ s. m. A sort of grain cultivated in many parts of Hindustan (Andropogon Saecharatus).

₹ चपूप s. m. A fragrant resin (Bdellium)
used in incense.

हॅ वनल s. m. A. kind of reed (Arundo bengalensis).

इ बनावरी s. f. The Devnaguri character used by the Hindus in their sacrod writings.

हें बना महत्वा s. m. A shrub (Ocymum). दे बनिन्द्य s. m. A heretic, an unbeliever, a reviler of the gods.

देवनिन्दा s. f. Heresy, atheism.

इ विभिन्न ddj. Natural, created.

देवपच s. m. Heaven, the firmament, the celestial path or way.

देशप तक s. m. Λ worshipper of idols, or the gods. [gods.

देवसूना s.f. Idolatry, the worship of the देवसम s. m. A tree used in dying (Rottleria tinctoria).

हे बभवन s. m. The holy fig-tree; paradise; a temple. [nancy.

इंबमास s. m. The eighth month of preg-इंबर s. m. A husband's brother, parti-

cularly his younger brother.

wife.

इंबदपी adj. Godlike, of divine form.

worshipped, a temple, a pageda.

देवनता र. f. Double jasmine.

रेपनी इ. f. A. fish-scale; the scale or scale of small-pox; a small lamp.

one of the seven superior worlds, from earth to the highest or Satyah lok, in opposition to those below the

earth; the particular sphere or heaven of any divinity.

इ वनर s. m. A divine boon or blessing. इ वनायो s.f. The language of the gods, the Sanskrit language.

देशहर s. m. A tree (Echites scholaris); a tree of heaven or paradise; a plant yielding a fragrant resin (Bdellium). देशहर s.m. Any obligation or vow of a

हे बन्नत *s. m.* Any obligation or vow of a deity.

दे बस्यान s. f. A place of idols, a temple. दे बसमा s. f. An assembly of the gods.

देश्व s. m. The property applicable to religious purposes, endowment, &:.

Fig. m. A god, a deity; a giver. s.f.
A flower (Hibiscus mutabilis); a plant (Marsilea quadrifolia).

क्षेत्रावत s. f. Sudden misfortune, accident. देशाल s. m. A giver.

देवालय s. m. A division of heaven, the residence of the gods; a temple.

है शबा s. m. Bankruptcy.

देशिक्या adj. Bankrupt.

हे राजी s.f. Hindu festival (celebrated on the day of the new moon of Kortik), The houses and streets are illuminated all night; and in Hindustan the night is universally spent in gaming. हे शहेर s.f. Barter, traffic.

ह वा s. f. A goddess, the wife of any deity or divine being; the goddess Durgs; a queen; a plant (Trigonells

corniculata).

ह रोकोइ s. m. A town, the city of Van. probably Davicetts on the Coromandel coast.

ह गेखान s. f. A place of idols, a temple. दे गेखान s. m. A sacred grove.

इस s. m. A country, a region, whether inhabited, a territory.

इ समार s. m. A musical mode sung in the morning.

द भकारी s.f. A mode of music, a Rayini. दे मजाब s. m. Abandoning one's country, emigration.

क्षेत्रधर्म s. m. Local law, the law, or usage of the country.

इंशिकाला s. m. Banishment, exile.

इ अव्यवसार है s. m. Local usage, custom है सवेवसार है of the country.

हे सभाषा s.f. The language of the verna-

cutar diatect, इंगास s. m. A musical mode sung at

noon in the spring. इ बाचार s. m. The custom and usage of the country.

इशादन s. m. Wandering through the country.

इंशाधिपति s. m. The ruler of a country. a governor, a king.

दंशानर } s. m. A foreign country

इंगावरी s. m. A kind of betel-leaf; a kind of dove.

हं भी adj. Of or belonging to a country; indigenous. s.f. Appearance:

इंस adj. Local.

₹ v s. f. The body. Deh durana, To conceal or cover the privities. Deh sambhalna, To keep up one's spirits, to be firm, to recover one's self.

हे प्रचय s. m. Disease, sickness.

हे प्यात adj. Separated or detached from the body (as excrement or the spirt. do).

इंडबान s. m. Voluntary death; death in general.

देश्याबा s. f. Death, dying.

* ΨΠ s.f. A temple where idols are worshipped by Jyns, a Hindu temple.

₹ wat s.f. The threshold of a door, the lower part of the wooden frame of a door, or a raised terrace in front of it. होइबत } ndj. Corporeal, inhabiting a body.

होत्राही s. m. A Chaorak, a materialist.

हों दिन है adj. Corporeal, embodied, have wing body; living, a living being.

देह 2d pers. sing. imper. of Dena, To है जा s. m. Dowry, portion.

हैं ख . m A demon, a Titan or giant of Pindu mythology.

है लावन s. m. An age of the demons, consisting of 12, 000 divine years, or the sum of the four yoogs or ages of men.

हैन adj. Diurnal, daily, relating to a day. s. m. Poverty, wretchedness.

है निक adj. Diurnal, of or relating to a

दिनिकी s. f. A day's hire or wages.

हेन्य s. m. Meanness, covetousness; poverty, humbleness.

देश s.f. A mother; the stand that children run to in playing at hide and seek.

देवी Gave, given.

ξ^{*}a adj. Of or relating to divinity or a deity, divine, celestial, &c. s. m. Destiny, fate, fortune.

दैनिकतक s.m. A fatalist.

है बिक्ता s. f. Fatalism, reliance on fate. है बज adj. Prophetic, foretelling, acquainted with fate. s. m. An astrologer.

देवना s. f. A female fortuneteller. देवना s. m. An age of the gods or im-

इ वयुग *s. m.*. An age of the gods or immortals,

इन्योन s. m. The occurrence of any unforeseen event, the intervention of destiny. [teller.

दे ब्लेखक s. m. An astrologer, a fortune-है बबाबी s. f. A voice from heaven. दश्यम s. f Sudden misfortune, accident.

दैनास { adv. By chance, by accident, देनी } unavoidably, accidentally; an fatally; at length.

देव्य s. m. Fate, fortune.

of adj. Two. Do-kal, s. m. Both worlds. Do-gandi chitti A fomenter of "quarrels: a go-between, one who flatters both parties in a dispute. (Allusion to a game among children, who rub a tamarind seed on one side tell a mark is made, then throw it like a die : the caster wins if the mark turns up. The seed thus prepared is called chittee : ana if it be froudulently marked on · both sides, so as always to win, it is called do-gundi), Do-ghariya, & m. The space of two hours. Do-challa. s. m. A roof sloping two ways. Dochitai, s. f. Suspense, absence, absence or abstraction of min l. Dochitta, adj. Wavering, doubtful, of two minds, absent or abstracted (in mind), Do-jiya, or Do-giwa, alj. Pregnant, Do ji se hona, To be pregnant. Do-tuk, adj. Two-pieced; clear, plain, clean Do-tuk hone. To be adjusted, to be completed. Do-dhara, adj. Two edged (sword). Do-parta, ady. Double, of two folds. Do-palks. (having two eyelids), s. m. A kind of pigeon; a kind of stone for a ring. Do-pahar, s. f. Mid-day, moon, Dopahriya, s. m. A kind of flower (Pentapetes), adj. Meridian, Do-pahri, adj. ()f moon or mid-day, Do-patta (two-breadthed), s. m. A kind of veil or a piece of linen in which there are two breadths. Do-pahri, tanke sona, To draw the sheet over one's head (either from security and carelessness or after death). Do-patta hilant,

or phirana, s. n. To hold out a flag of truce, to offer to surrender (s fort), Do-bhashiya, s. m. An interpreter. Do-rang, adj. Piebald, of two colours; hypocrite. Do-ranga, adj. Capricious, double-dealer. Doranci, s. f. The property of having two colours : duplicity, hypocrisy, double-dealing, deceit, capriciousness. adi. Of two colours, capricious, double-faced. Do-lara, s. m. A necklace of two stings., Do-lohi, s.f. A. scimitar made of two plates of steel ioined together. Do-suta, s. m. A. kind of cloth, the threads of which are double. Do-sera, s. m. A weight of two seers.

होंकना v. n. To growl. होंकी s. f. Bellows.

होर s. m. A species of snake.

दीज adj. Both.

दीव s. m. A two year old foal.

रीबाड़ा adj. Twice, doubled; a musket carrying two balls.

होजीया adj. Pregnant.

दोशा adj. Married to a second wife,

होइना v. n. To deny.

বাল s.m. A flower (a species of Artemisis): leaves folded up in the shape of a cup for holding betel, flowers, sweetmeats, &c.

हीनाची adj. Double-barrelled (a gun).

that caj. Both. Donon wokt miles. Expresses the evening twilight, when day and night meet.

दीपसा adj. Pregnant.

क्षापर adj. Double,

होदे s. m. A title of Brahmans. द्रीसंशाच soj. Two-fisted, ambi-dextrous,

strong, 1wo-usted, amoi-nextrons,

दोन्द्रा oif. Having two mouths, s. m.

A serpent which has two months (Amphishana).

Rus. m. Swimming; a festiral on the 14th of Phalgun, the swimming of the juvenile Krishus; a litter, swimming cot, a dooly; a swing. Dol-mal karna, v. a. To wave, swing, undulate.

दीवायनान adj. Swimming, being swung ; doubting, perplexed, vacillating.

হীজনা s. f. A swing. दीष s. m. Fault, blame, vice, defeat, blemish; sin, offence, transgression, crime; disorder of the humours of the body, or defect in the functions of bile, circulation, or wind. Dosk hons, To be sick after child-birth, from neglect of regimen.

दीयक्यन s. m. Reprehending, condemning.

होचवाडी adj. Malicious, malignant, cen-दोचव s. m. Objection, blame.

दीवना v. a. To accuse, to blame,

होषनत } adj. Faulty, defective, wicked,

दोविक adj. Faulty, defective, bad.

दीविन | adj. Faulty. defective; bad, होवी | wicked; criminal.

होसाइ s. m. A low cast of Hindue, rcresiding in Patna, hog-keepers,

होसी s m. Thick sour milk ; a Musa'm 22 milkman,

RYFEW: A.f. The Prakrit metre, called Doha; a stanza of four lines, containing thirteen and eleven syllabin instants alternately. [hands,

दोषण s.f. A slap or pat with both

दीवती s. f. Daughter's daughter,

street a.m. Wish, desire; the longing of a preguent woman, especially se a a sign of impreguation. sometimes confounded with the womb.

होध्युवती | s. m. Apregnant woman दोध्यानिया | longing for any thing. दोष्ट्य s. m. A milk vessel, a milk pail; milking.

दोक्सा v. a. To milk.

क्षेषणी s.f. A milk pail.

वीकर s. m. A double sheet; a sheath, दीकरा s. m. A distich. adj. iDouble. दीकराब s. m. Repetition, doubling, reduplication.

होइजनती s. f. A pregnant woman longing for any thing.

दीश s. m. A complet, distitch.

exclamation, an oath, plaint (crying twice alss). Dohai tihai karna, To make reiterated complaints.

বীয়াৰ s. m. A young bullock, a steer.

होडिन s. m. } adj. A milker.

₹ . f. Fire.

दीवड़ा s. f. A heavy shover.

दौत्रा s. m. A scaffold.

elw s. f. Run, incursion, attack, assault, endeavour, struggle, effort, race, running, course, career, military expedition.

Tyuv s.f. Labour and fatigne, toil, bustle. Dourdhup karna, To use great labour and exertion for the accomplishment of any object, to bustle, toil.

बीक्ना v. a. To run, to gallop, course, drive, assault, rush, invade; tail.

बोद्धना च्यना o. n. To run violently, to use great exertion, to toil.

होए। s. m. A large basket (without a tid); a highwayman (who robs on horseback). दीवास s. m. A racer, a ranner.

दीकादीको s. f. Running, contest in running, race, hurry.

रीकृमा v. c. To cause to run or gallop, to run, drive, impel, actuate, expedite, speed, despatch.

होड़ाडा s. m. A messenger, runner, courier, guide.

दीको s.f. A drawn game at Chaupar.

বীবা s. m. A flower (Artemisia Indica); leaves folded up in the shape of a cup holding tetel, flowers, sweetmeats &c.

हीरा s. m. A large basket (without cover).

दौराब्दा s.m. Wickedness, depravity. दौरो s.m. A basket (without a lid); a

equation of the property of

दौर्गन्दि s.f. Fostor, bad smell.

दीर्जन s. m. Wickedness, depravity, vileness.

पौर्वाख s. m. Weakness, debility.

दीमांग्य ३, m. Ill luck, misfortune. दीडिय ३. m. A daughter's son.

दीकिनो s. f. A daughter's daugter.

ण तिका s. f. A place (Hemionites cordifolia).

যুৱ s. m. Gaming, playing with dice, or any thing not possessing life.

যুৱৰাৰ s.m. The keeper of a gaming house; a gambler.

सन्परिका s.f. The day of full moon in the month Kartik (October-November) i the night of which is spent is games of chance, in honor of the fortune, Lakshmi.

यूनसमा s. f. A gaming house or assembly.

यू नारिकारी s. m. The keeper of a gaming house, [wife.

बीरानी s.f. Husband's younger brother's

graw s. m. A man of an out-cast tribe, descended from a degraded Kehattri. gfagi s. f. One of the Raginis or female personifications of music.

द्रविचनाञ्चन s. m. A plant (Hyperanthera morungs).

Mag s. m. Wealth, property; substance, manner, thing; elementary substance, nine kinds of which are reckoned: viz. earth, water, fire, air, æther, time, space, soul, and intellect; a drug, a medicament, any thing used in medicine.

হতাবন ∤ adi. Rich, wealthy,

द्रव्यसम्बद्ध s.m. Accumulation of property.

द्रव्याचा न s. m. Gain, soquisition, acquiring property.

siel s. f. A grape.

टाचिमा s. m. Length.

द्वादब adj. Dinretic ; solvent, discutient.

BIGHT s. m. A kind of borax.

gran s. m. The clearing nut; fusing. द्राविका s. f. Saliva.

rifam s. m. A country; properly the coast of coromandel, from Madras to Cape Camorin, or the country in which Tamal is spoken; a native of Drarir or Dravid; a Brohman of Dravir, or rather of the south, five Dravirs being specified, or Dravir, Karnat, Gujerat, Maharashtra, and Telunga.

Bifera a. m. Zedoary (Curcums zerumbat) ; black salt.,

Rivi s. f. Grape.

ह्रविधिम e.m. A tree, a sort of pine (Pinus devdaru).

gn adj. Quick or swift ; flown, escaped, [Quickly. run away.

gave s. m. A quick pace or step. adv.

हुन s. m. A tree in general; a tree of Swarg or paradise.

हुनगण s. m. A thorn, or claw of trees.

हुनव्याधि } s. m. Lac, the animal dye, हुनामय } or disease of tree.

द्वनेषर s. m. The palm tree, or sovereign of tree.

द्रवहम s. m. A tree (Chironjis sapida). देखान s. m. The regent of one-third of a planetary eign, the Deconus of European astrology, whence the word is probably derived.

द्रोप s. m. A measure of capacity, the same as an Adhak; a measure of four Adhakt ; in common use, a messure of thirty-two seers, or rather more than sixty-four the. avoirdupois; the sixteenth part of a Khari. or forty-eight gallons; a proper name, the military preceptor of the Pandus; a rayen, or perhaps the carrien crow.

दोषकाक s. m. A raven.

होषमुख } s. m. The capital of a idis-द्रीपीस्स } trict, the principal of four hundred villages.

\$1 s. m. Spite, malice, hatred, mischief, trespass, injury; offence, wrong ; rebellion.

टीइव्यान s. m. Injurious design, malice prepense; the wish, thought or attempt to injure.

giviz s. m. A sort of metre, the Doha or stanza of Hindi poetry.

होची १ adj. Hurting, harming, endeavouring to hurt, mischievous, spiteful, malicious, malignant, inimical, rebellious.

द्रीचिन्नी s. f. A. vessel holding a drong by measure.

we s. m. A pair, a couple (male and female especially).

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w. A pair, a brace; a couple of animals or male and female; union of the sexes or coupling.

in couples. [ca).

हवाचि s. m. A plant (Plumbago zeylani-दादम adj. The twelfth.

भादमी s.f. The twelfth day of the half month.

Tiux s. m. The third of the four Yugs or great periods, comprising 864,000 years; doubt, uncertainty.

Fit e f. A door, a gate; a means, an expedient, a medium or way by which any thing takes place or is effected.

The e.m. A door, a gate; or rather the door or gateway, a passage, an entrance; a way, a means, a medium or rabiele.

with s. m. Dwarka, the capital of Krihna, supposed to have been submerged by the sea but represented by a small island of the north part of the Molabar coast.

ৰাংঘাৰ s. m. A warder, a door-keeper. বাংঘাৰিমূল s. m The Vak, a sort of crane (Ardea nivea).

sitt adv. By means of.

हारिष् । s. m. A porter, warder, door

fs dual only, adj. Two.

fage adj. Twice, two times; multiplied by two, doubled.

विग्रुपोक्स । व्यों. Doubled, increased, विग्रुपोक्स । augmented.

fun adj. Twice-born. s. m. A man of either of the three first classes, a Brahnan, a Kuhtiri, er a Vys. whose investiture with the characteristic string, at years of puberty, constitutes, religiously and metaphorically, his second birth. विज्ञासित s. m. A tree (Cordia myza). विज्ञास s. m. A Sudra or man of the fourth or servile tribe.

ৰিসকা adj. Twice-born, regenerate. r. n.
A Brahman. [acida].

दिनक्षिया s. f. The moon-plant (Assispans) दिनदेशक s. m. A man of the fourth or servile tribe, a Sudra.

Tans.f. A plant (Siphonanthus Indicus); gum olil anum.

বিজ্ঞাননী s. f. The chara: teristic thread er cord which designates the three first classes of the Hindus.

दितीय क्लीं. Second.

fuffure. f. A wife, according to the ritual, a woman wedded after the ceremony prescribed by the Veds, a second self as it were; the second day of the fortnight.

हिसीयामा s. f. A scitamineous plant (Curcumo zanthorrhiza,).

fewi adv. Of two kinds, in two ways.

fry s. m. A plant (Mesua ferrea).

বিষয় s. m. A place where two reads meet.

रियद adj. Two-footed. s. m. A biped, including four genera, gods, demons, men, and birds.

THE A serpent, s. f. A leech.

दिसुचाचि s. m. A sort of serpent (Amphisbæns).

from adj. Repeated, said twice; said or told in two ways.

विविश्त s. f. Tautology, repetition.

feeq adj. Of two forms.

বিষয় alj. Of two kinds, in two ways. বিষয় s. m. Any cloven footed animal.

feering s. m. A fortnight.

বিশ্ববাত f. A pregnant woman. বাব s.m. An island, any land surrounded by water; the world is hence applied to the seven grand divisions of the terrestrial world, each of these being separated from the next by a peculiar and circumambient ocean; the seven Dwips, reckoning from the central one, are Jambu. Kus, Pluksh, Salmali, Krounch, Sak. Pushkar: the central Dwip, or the known continent, is again portioned into ten divisions, likewise termed Dwips: viz, Kuru, Chandra, Varun, Soumyah, Nag, Kumarica, Gabhastiman, Tamrapurna, Kaseru, and Indra.

दीपी adj. Islander. s. m. A tiger. चेष s. m. Enmity, hate, hatred.

चेपी adj. Hostile, inimi al, adverse, obonoxious. s. m. An enemy.

देख adi. Hat eful, detestable.

चेंचना s. f. Aversion, dislike, detestableness.

चत s. m. Duplication, doubling or being doubled; duality, in philosophy. the assertion of two principles, as the distinctness of life and soul. spirit and matter, God and the universe.

इतवादी s. m. A philosopher who asserts two principles.

चेष adj. Two-fold, of two sorts.

वैधीकरण s. m. Making two, separating. disuniting.

साने odi. Having two senses, meaning two things; having two objects. s. m. A two-fold meaning, double entendre.

¥

u The nineteenth consonant in the Nagari alphabet ; it is the aspirate of the preceding letter, and expressed by dh, as in mud-house, but at soft dental.

धंबर s. m. Cowherd, shepherd.

viw s. m. Work. wungs, m. A kind of drum.

चंचकी s. f. A small drum. ways s. m. Deception, trick.

www.wi v. a. To trick.

tiq s. m. Business, employment, work, avocation, occupation.

पंचार odj. Solitary.

धंघारी s. f. Solitude.

भेषाला s. f. A procuress, a bawd.

धंसना v. n. To be pierced, stuck into, to be penetrated, to be thrust into, to sink, to enter, run into.

भक्षपक s. m. । Palpitation, perturba-धक्षभी s. f. } tion, apprehension. ยสบสาคา v. n. To palpitate.

चन्दरज्ञाना v. n. To be confounded at a andden disaster.

war s. m. Shove, push, thrust. Diaket dena, To push, to precipitate. धकेलना v. a. To shove, to pash, to

jostle. धक्रेल s.m. A pusher.

पद्मभदा s. m. Shoving and jostling, justling.

पका s. m. A shove, jolt, push, jog. Dhakka dena. To shove, push, jolt.

धनका र 8. m. A paramour, Dhag gar-भगाइ | baz, s. f. An adulteress, Kazi, or, Bakhshi ka dhaggar, Independent of judge or general (ac sepression of pride).

धनीकना u. n. To roll, to wallow. धणका v. s. To give way, sink (as a bog, slough, &c.).

धन s. m.f. Shape, form ; attitude, posture; figure, appearance, person. Dhaj palatne, To change one's attitude in sword-playing, &c.

чжит s. m. Impotency.

धजा s.f. A slip of cloth, a standard, a ship's pendant, a flag, a banner. s. m. attitude, posture.

धजीवा adj. Well-looking, personable. धजी s. f. A slip of cloth or paper, a shred. Dhajjian urana, To disgrace. to expose one to infamy. Dhairian karna. To tear to pieces.

www.m. The body.

www s.f. Palpitation ; fear.

पद्यक्ता v. n. To palpitate ; to blaze. uwwi s. m. Fear. doubt, suspense; palpitation ; thunder.

ध्याना v. c. To affright, to frighten. धक्षक्षणना v. a. To burn with great fary. Dhardhar rahna, v. n. To flutter, to palpitate.

पक्षकाना v. s. To flutter, to palpitate. wer s. m. The sound of hammering, &c.; frightening, alarming; a crowd. The sound of hammering : frighting, alarming : bullying, brava-

do : a crowd. uw s. m. A party ; a weight, Dhara bandhad, To make up a standard to weigh by, with bricks or any thing else : as, by having one weight (of a pound suppose) it is doubled, quadrupled, and so on, till the weight

WEIGHT s. m. A crash, report, of gun. explosion.

requisite is obtained.

will s. f. A line, particularly the black lines made on the lips with missi: a weight of fire seers : the quantity weighed at once.

थणना है s.m. A bird, a kind of myna भक्षण ∫ or jay,

un s.f. A word used to encourage elaphants.

चतीनगर adj. Ignoble, spurious.

भन्त s. m. A plant (Datura fastuosa or thorn-apple).

धति(या odj. A cheat, an impostor. धभक्ता v. n. To blaze.

www s. m. In versification, certain words or letters, which are reckoned by poets to be unlucky. (The letters, द्ध h, ब g, ब n, in begginning of a verse : ₹r. m i, w s, in the middle ; and w k, z t, w gyu, in the end of a sentence are of this description).

थन adj. Fortunate. interj. Well done ! what happiness ! how fortunate. s. m. Fortune, prosperity, an expression, of praise, thanks, riches, property of any description, thing, substance, wealth, opulence. Dhan-patr, s. m. An inventory of property. Dhanman, or. Dhanwan, adj. Affluent, rich, wealthy, Dhan manna, To thank, Dhan-andh, adi, Blinded with wealth or riches, purse-proud.

धनंत्रय s. m. Fire ; a tree (Pentapters arjuna).

धनक s. f. Embroidery, lace.

धनकटी s. f. The season for cutting rice. धनगर्कित adj. Purse proud.

धनसर adj. Opulent, powerful.

भगवचा s.f. Covetousness.

धन्द्र adj. Beneficent, liberal, who gives away property. &c.

धनदस्त s. m. Fine ; amercement. चनदप s. m. Pride of wealth.

धनदायी adj. Literal, munificent. s. m. A benefactor, a donor.

धननार रे n. prop. The name of a phy-भगवारी & sician in the court of Indra. odj. Powerful, strong, wealthy. unque s. m. The god of riches, Kuver.

चनपात 🖁 A wealthy person. भ्रमाग 🖠

धन्तिय adj. Fond of wealth.

धनप्रिया s. f. A vegetable (Ardisia solanacea).

धनमह adj. Proud, inflated with the pride of wealth.

धनजोभ s. m. Desire of wealth, greediness, avarice.

धनवन्न धनवन धनावा } adj. Wealthy, affluent, rich.

धनस्य s. m. Expenditure, extravagance. धनस्यति s.f. Accumulation of wealth. धनस् s. m. The fork-tailed shrike.

धनप्ररो adj. A chief, a pilferer, s. f. A sort of perfume commonly called Chor.

য়ন্ত্র s. m. A cultivator of rice. adj. (Of a country) in which rice is cultivated.

धनकीन adj. Poor, reduced to poverty. धनाकार s. m. Treasury of wealth,

wealthy. [property.

भगाधिकार s. m. A title or right to भगाधिकारी s. m. An heir.

धनाधिकारिको s. f. An heiress. धनाध्यक्ष s. m. A treasurer.

মনাজন s. m. Acquisition of propery.

মনাজন adj. Seeking for wealth, covetous, miserly.

धनामा s. f. Thirst of wealth, longing after riches.

ধনাৰী s.f. One of the musical modes, থানৰ adj. Pious. s.m. A creditor. খানৰ s.m. Coriander seed (Corian-

drum sativum). Dhaniye ki khopri men pani pilana, v. a. To harass, to disturb, to tantalize.

ঘদিলা s. f. The twenty-fourth Nukshutr or lunar mansion; the delphin; it comprises four stars and is figured by a drum or tabor.

चनी adj. Rich, wealthy, fortunate, an

epithet of Deity. s. m. Owner, proprietor s. f. A beam.

ung.s.m. A bow; the sign Sagittarius.
ungs.f. A bow. Dhanukdhari, s. m.
An archer. Dhanuk-dhar, s. m. An
archer, armed with a bow, an epithet
of Krishna. Dhunuk-dhars. s. m. A
ceremony in honor of Shiv. Dhanukbae, s. f. Tetanus.

भनुष्की s. f. The bow with which cotton is cleaned. adj. Arched.

धनु:पट s. m. A. tree (Buchanania-latifolia).

ধর মাস্বা s. f- A plant, from the leaves of which a tough thread is extracted, of which bow-strings were formerly made (Sansiviera zeylanics).

चनुर्घर s. m. An archer, one armed with bow.

धनुषारी s.m. An archer, a bowman. धनुषाता s.f. A plant, from the leaves of

which bow strings were made.
ugen s. f. The moon-plant.

ধর্ব s. m. A bow. ধর্মবীতি s. f. The points or ends of a

भनुषदेकार s. m. The twang of a bow.

धनुषधर धनुषधारी धनुषधा s. m. Any religious ceremony

in which the bow figures as an emblem.

भ्रमुकां s.m. Bow.

wast s. f. Small bow.

we s. m. The name of a bird with a very large bill (Buceros).

धनेवर s. m. Kuver, the Indian Plutus. धनावेड adj. Successful; true apeaking, धनीटा s. m. Cross beams that sustain the supports of a thatch.

धन ady. Fortunate, lucky ; good, virtuous, interj. Well done! what happiness i how fortunate, so expression of praise, worthy of greatness or glory i

pungent seed used by the Hindus as a condiment (Coriondrum satioum).

want s. m. The physician of the gods, said to have been produced at the churning of the ocean; a celebrated physician who appears to have been the founder of the Hindu medical school.

धन्यवास s. m. A plant (Hedysorum alhagi).

water, a desert, a waste, a firm spot, land, ground.

ঘৰী s. m. An archer, a bowman; a name of Urjun; a tree (Pentaptera erjuna); a wag, a wit, a sharp or shrewd man.

भप s. m. Voice, sound, noise, crack.

wus s. m. A stain on cloth; a slap, box, thumb, blow; deception.

um s. m. A stain on cloth.

thumping, &c.; threat, threatening, awe, s. m. A blacksmith.

psin of a head-ache) to palpitate, to thump; to flash, to glimmer.

unus s. m. Great heat, threatening, chiding; thump, noise produced by the fall of any heavy body.

धनकाना v. s. To threaten, menace, chide, snuls cow, daunt.

वनवाषर । s. f. Threatening, threat, सबकी manace, wavening or n. To make a noise (with the feet by running about over head).
जनवार adj. Corpulent,

धनाबा s. m. A kind of cannon carried on an elephant.

धुमाचीकरो s. f. Noise, tumult, bustle. धुमाधन s. m. The sound of stamping, thumping,

WAIT S. m. A chime or time in music; running through fire on religious occasions (among Mahomedan mendicants).

wills s, m. A chime or time in music; a kind of song which is sung during the Holi, or festival held at the approach of the vernal equinox; running through fire on religious occasions (among Mahomedon fakirs).

भ्रमोका s. m. A kind of tambourin.

uning s. m. Running through fire on religious occasions (among, Mahomedan mendicants).

wt s. m. The body, trunk.

the navel (or rather the unbilled vein, perhaps the aorts or coliac artery, as it is said to pulsate) which is supposed by the Hindu physicians to be occasionally removed from its place, and thus to occasion various morbid symptoms. This is called dharan digni, or, ndf tatis, or, utharns, and the cure is attempted by friction of the belly. s. m. Holding, possessing, having; a measure or weight; a breast, a female breas.

archs. f. The earth. Dharant-dhar, s. m.

A mountain; a name of Shashnag,
fabulous serpent, said to uphold the
earth; a name of Vishna, in the
form of a tortone and of a bear.

wedge s. m. An encolent root or bulb.
wedge s. m. An epithet of Seshnag;
mountain.

भारती रूमा s. m. A name of Sita, the wife of Rim, earth-born, being turned up from the soilly a plough, as Janaki was ploughing a spot to prepare it for a sacrifice.

भरता s. m. A debtor.

भरती s.f. The earth. Dharti ka phal, s.m. A mushroom,

भरभवना v a. To proceed with tumultuous rapidity; to move with violence, to rush.

भाग s. m. A heam.

WATI v. a. To place, put down, lay, assume, put on, apply; to give in charge; to seize, catch, lay hold of, hold, keep. Dhuwn v dena, or, bythna, A mode of extorting payment of a debt or compliance with any demand.

भरनी है. m. Adun.

भ्राता v. a. To cause to place, &c. भ्राता s. f. The earth.

भराना v. n. To owe.

भरिती s.f. The earth.

with s. m. The second husband of a Hindu widow among the lower classes: this connection, being connection, being contrary to the spirit of the Hindu institutions, is formed without any particular ceremony, except marking the bride's head with minium.

भरोहर s.f. A trust, a charge, any thing given in charge, a deposite, भर्चा s.m. A debtor.

ye s. m. Virtue, moral and raligious merit, according to the law and the Veds justice, usage, practice, the customary observances of caste, sect, &c.; duty, especially that enjoined by the Veds; fitness, propriety; inno-

cence; any peculiar or prescribed practice or duty; thus, giving alms, &c., is the dharma of a house holder; administering justing, the dharma of a king; piety, that of a Bráhman; courage, that of a Kshettri, law.

भ्रमेक (यं s. m. Any indispensable act of religion.

भूभ किया s. f. Righteous conduct, acting according to law; any religious act. भूभ में ब.m. A plan in the north-west of India near Delhi, the scene of the great battle between the Kurus and Pandus.

घर्म यहण s. m. Observance of moral or religious institutes, accepting or following the law.

धर्मचारियो s. f. A virtuous woman, an honest wife.

भूमेंबारी तर्युः. Virtuous, moral, dutiful.

भ्रमेंचिमा s. m. } Virtuous reflection.

भ्रमेश adj. Knowing one's duty, conversant with virtue.

भ्रमेत्रान s. m. Knowledge of moral, legal, and religious duty.

घर्में s. m. A sort of tree; a kind of large snake, not poisonous. धर्मेंन s. m. Morality, piety; inherent

nature, peculiar property, &c.

घनैत्यामी s. m. (c.) A renegade, a a postate,

धर्मद्रीषी adj. Wicked.

धर्मध्यक s. m. A hypocrite.

भूभेष्यती s. m. A religious hyprocrite or impostor, one who makes a livelihood by assumed devotion.

धर्मनियम s. m. Piety, virtue.

भर्मनिवसी adj. Pious. holy, engaged in or conducive to virtue.

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মুদী নিষ্ট s. m. The ordinances of religion.
মুদীনিখনি s. f. Duty, moral or religious
observance, discharge or fulfilment of
duty.

भूनेपको s. f. A man's first wife and of the same class.

भूमेंपन s. m. Glomerous fig tree (Ficus glomerata).

धर्मपान s. m. Law-abiding.

भ्रमेषुत्र s. m. A name of the Pánda prince Yudhisthera; a pious and dutiful son.

भ्रमेपभाग करीत. Emineut in picty.

धर्मभागिनी s. f. A virtuous and amiable wife.

भूतम् adj. Moral, rightcous, made up of or replete with virtue, &c.

भूमें मूल s, m. The foundation of Hindu law and religion (the Veds).

भूनराज s.m. A name of Yam, the regent of the dead; of Yudhisthira; also of Arjuna, a king in general.

धर्मरीची adj. Illegal, immoral.

भ्रमेनत् s. m. adj. Virtuous, pious, up-भ्रमेनती s.f. right, just.

भूमीविवाह s. m. Legal marriage of five sorts, as the Brahms, Dyva, Arsho, Gándharbo, and Prájápotya.

श्चर्मविषय s. m. Judicial investigation. भूमें बाला s. m. A court of justice, a

tribunal. भूनेशास s. m. The body or code of Hindu law: any work on the subject

du law; any work on the subject. भ मंग्रील adj. Virtuous, just, pious.

भूमेर्शहता s. f. A code of laws, especially the work of some saint or divine person, as Manu, &c.

भ्रमेसभा s.f. A tribunal, a court of justice.

अभेडेन s. m. Bridge of justice. (met.) Extremely just. घर्महोन s. m. Unrighteous, faithless, धर्माक्मा s. m. A saint, a picus or virtuous person,

धरीभ्रमेपरीचा s. f. Ordeal by drawing lots or slips of black and white paper,

घुनां चिकारी s. m. A judge. [&c. घुनां घ्यत s. m. A magistrate, a judge, घुनां तुमार s. m. Conformity to law or virtue, course or practice of duty.

ਬਮੀਬੀ s. m One who is jealous for justice or religion.

धर्म। तार s. m. An incarnation of justice, used as a term of respect.

भूगोसन s, m. The seat of the judge, the bench.

ਸ਼ਜਿੰਬ adj. Very pious or virtuous. ਸ਼ੁਸੀਂ adj. Virtuous, pious, just.

भर्गीपदेश s. m. Moral or religious instruction. [preceptor.

धर्मीवहीगक s.m. A guru or spiritual धर्व s.m. A taking, seizing.

wi s. m. A husband; a tree (Grisles tomentosa).

भारत है s. m. The colour white.

ষাজ adj. White; handsome, beautiful.
s.m. White (the colour); a tree (Grislea tomentosa); an inferior mode of music,

भ्रम्भव s. m. The fortnight of the moon's increase.

भगलकत्तिका s. f. Chalk.

भवित adj. White, whitened.

भवलीक्षम adj. White, made white, भवलीक्षम adj. Become white.

wit . m. A caste of palki bearers who are Musalmans.

भ्रम्भा v. n. To give way to sink (as a quaymire or slough).

भूग s. f. A quagmire; the state of being thrust into.

भ्रम्ता v. n. To be pierced, stuck into, to be penetrated, to be thurst into, to sink, to enter, run into.

भ्रम इ. m. A swamp.

ыны] s. m. A slough, bog, quagmire. भ्रमार 🕻 a swamp.

भगाना v. a. To cause to be thrust into, to sink.

WHE S. m. A caste whose business it is to dig the earth.

भांत्रता o. a. To gormandize.

भांचल s. f. Wrangling, subterfuge, trick, cheating, juggle, chicanery. Dhandhalpana, s. m. Chicanery, juggle, cheating, subterfuge.

भांभली A wrangler.

भादभाव s. f. The report of cannon heard at a distance; a sound made by burning any thing.

भांदेश s. m. A thrasher.

भांसना v. n. To cough (a horse).

with s. f. A cough (of a horse).

wiv s. f. A nurse.

भाषमारना v. n. To cry, to groan, Dhae mar rons, To cry, to groan, to weep bitterly.

भाक s.f. Pomp, glory ; renown, fame ; fear, terror ; a tree (Butca frondosa) ; a nost.

wittes, m. A mongrel,

with s. m. A swing; a tree (Butea frondosa). .

will 8, m. A thread. Dhaga dalna, v. a. To quilt,

भारी s. f. Advancing towards or confronting an enemy.

u. s. s. m. A crowd, a multitude.

भाइस s. m. Firmness of mind.

धात १ s. m. Ore, metal, mineral : Sanwiff } skrit root, s. f. Somen virile. भासकी s. f. A tree (Grislea tomentosa). भारा s. m. A supporter.

ung s. m. ' A principle or humour of the body, as phlegm, wind and bile; any constituent part of the body, as blood, flesh, &c. : a primary or elementary substance, viz., earth, water, fire, air, and Akssa or atmosphere; the property of a primary element, odour, flavour, colour, touch, and sound; an organ of sense; a mineral, a fossil; a metal; a grammatical

भावकाणीश s. m. Red sulphate of iron. wing s. m. The alimentary juice or chyle.

भागमत ada. Promoting the animal secretions.

भामनाचित्र s. m. A mineral substance, a sulphuret of iron.

भातुमारियो s. f. Borax. Iffuid. भात्राजक s. m. Semen, the seminal भागवनम s. m. Borax.

भागादी s.m. An assayer, a miner, अ mineralogist.

भानवेरी s. m. Sulphur.

भावुम्बर s. m. Green sulphate of iron, or green vitriol. भारतपन s. m. Chalk.

wift s. f. A mother, a foster-mother, a nurse; the earth, Emblick myro-1 losa). भातीप पिका s f. A tree (Grislea tomen-

भाविका s. f. Emblick myrobalan. घ!धन अ. f. Fraud, deceit.

भाष्यकी है s. m. A cheat, swindler.

धान s. m. The rice-plant, or rice before it is separated from the husk.

भागा v. n. To run, to make haste : to toil and labour, to daudge; to worship.

भागी s.f. A kind of rice in the husk; a light green colour.

ষানুক s. m. A bowman, an archer; a watchman armed with a bow; a caste of hill peofile using bows and arrows,

धातुल्ल s. m. A lowyer, an archer.

भागुक्ता s.f. A tree (Achy ranthes aspera).

भागराज s. m. Barley.

धानवन् adj. Abounding in corn, having abundance of it.

wiv s. f. A foot measure; as far as a man can run without taking breath.

भाग An upper story. भागारे s. m. Foster-brother.

WINES, m. Foster-brother,

धाम s. m. A dwelling, a house, a place. धामनी s. f. Any tubular vessel of the body.

भागवन् odj. Splendid, luminous, eminent, exalted, illustrious.

भामा s. m. A large cane basket.

धानिन s. m. A kind of serpent (which is said to suck cows and to be harmless); a kind of wood; a kind of bamboo.

भाव s. f. A nurse.

भागमारना v. n. To cry, to groun. Dhae mar rona, To cry, to groun, to weep bitterly.

NIC s. f. A line, lineament; stream, current; edge (of a sword, &c.); sharpness. Dhar par marna, or, Dhar marna, To contenu, to despise.

WIT :. m. Debt; slight sprinkling rain; end, i ound, a line or limit.

Ulfa . m. A debtor

WIT . m. Holding, having, keeping,

maintaining, bearing, upholding, sustaining, assuming.

ধাৰ্থা s. f. Continuance in rectitude, keeping in the right way; fortitude, firmness, steadiness, resolution; mental retention, memory. v. a. To hold, bear, have, keep, place, owe, sustain, support, uphold; to pour (water).

support, apnora; to poor (water). भारको s. f. Any tubular vessel of the body.

घारन verbal n. s. Holding, bearing, sustaining, upholding, assuming, keeping.

uffer v. a. To hold, bear, have, keep, place, owe, sustain, support, uphold; pour (water).

षारा s. f. A stream, a current.

धारासार s. m. A heavy fall of rain, a large drop or shower.

সাবি adj. Upheld, assumed, sustained, still s. f. A line, lineament; a small buttress; a plant used in dying (Lythrum fraticosam: Grisles tomentosa); (used in comp.) bearing, holding, having, wearing. Dharidar, adj. Lined, striped, streaked.

धार्भिक adj. Virtuous, pious, just.

ধাৰ s. m. A plant (Grislea tomentose). ধাৰক ady. Running, going, swift, expeditions; cleaning, what cleans of cleanses.

धावन adj. Running, going quickly. খাবন s. m. Going, motion, cleansing,

purifying.

run, run at, attack; to trudge; to worship.

घाननिका s. f. A prickly night-shade. धाननी s. f. A sort of creeping plant (Hedysarum lagorodioides).

भावमान adj. Running, going swift, ex-

Will s. m. Running; over-running an enemy's country, attack, assault; a stock, a store; crowding together; name of a tree. Dhawa marna, To go expeditionsly from a distant place, to run on or about.

uffin adj. Purified, cleaned, cleansed; gone, gone or run away; run to, advanced to or against.

MIF s. f. Cry, noise. Dhaha marna, To cry, to group.

fun adv. An interjection of reproach or menace, or of contempt and aversion, fie, shame, &c.

ণিকাৰ s. m. Disrespect, reproach, censure, contempt; curse, anathema.

धिकारना v. a. To reproach, to curse.

चित्रारा ady. Damned, cursed. चित्राना s. m. Clamour, oppression.

funes s. m. A kind of tamarind.

fuer s. f. A daughter.

चिर्जार s. m. Disrespect, reproach, censure, contempt; curse, anathema.

খিকোৰ s. m. A caste of people who work on bamboos.

futing s. m. A potentate, a monarch, an emperor.

भिराना v. a. To threaten, to bully. भी s. f. Understanding, intellect,

भौत } s.m. A paramour.

धौंग थं।गी s. f. Teasing.

দীত s.m. (a) An impudent person.

चीदा s. f. A virgin, a maid.

भीन्द्रिय s. m. An intellectual organ, as the mind, the eye, car, nose, tongue, skin.

धीन s. m. Slowness ; gentleness.

धीमत s.m. ddj. Sensible, wise, धीमती s.f. learned.

भौगर s. m. A fisherman; a caste of fishermen.

भीमा s. m. (a) Lazy, slow.

घोमा adj: Slow, lazy, gentle, mild, tomperate, abate, allayed. Dhime dhime, adv. Gently, softly.

भीभार s. f. Slowness, tardiness, gentleness. mildness.

भोगान adj. Sensible, wise, learned.

भोतिभ्रोभे (adv.) Slowly, gently, softly. थीर adj. Resolute, firm, steady, patient, sedate. s. m. Resolution, firmness, patience, deliberateness, sodateness.

धीरज s. m. } Patience, sedateness, धीरता s. f. } gravity; firmness, deliberateness.

भीरल s. m. Firmness, fortitude.

चौरा adj. Gentle, patient, deliberate, sedate, grave.

भौत्या e.f. A daughter.

भौरेभोरे adv. Slowly, gently.

भोदर s.m. A fisherman; a caste of fishermen.

भीवरी s. f. A fisherman's wife; a sort of harpoon for catching fish with.

घीवान् adj. Intelligent, renowned, famous.

भोगात s. f. An intellectual faculty or power of the understanding, as attention, comprehension, &c.

भुंगारना v. a. To season with spices.

gu s. m. Dim-sightedness; hazmess, mistiness. [tiness.

पुंचनार s. m. Darkness, obscurity, mis-पुंचनारी s. m. The son of Atmdeb who was a demon.

प्रथमा v. n. To be dull, misty.

yamı adj. Foggy, misty, dull.

पृष्णाई s.f. Dimness, cloudiness, mistiness.

y der adj. Kuavish.

ধুৰা s. m. Smoke. ধুৰুত্ব হ s. f. Palpitation, agitation. ধুমন্ত্ৰী s. f. A purse.

unusion; consideration, reflection.

पूत s. m. Shaken, agitated.

धूतना v. To cheat.

धती s. f. Cheat.

yar s. m. Trick, deception. Dhutta

ya s. f. Inclination, propensity, application, diligence, perseverance, ardour, ambition, assiduity; pains in the bones; sound, musical sound.

प्रमाण v. a. To card or comb (cotton). धुनना (v.) To comb, card (cotton).

भूगती s.f. The bow with which cotton is carded.

খুলি s. f. Sound, musical sound. খুলিয়া s. m. A. carder, a comber (of

মুলিছাৰ s. m. Pains in the bones. [cr. মুলিছা s. m. A carder of cotton, a comb-মুলা ম. a. To comb, to card (cotton); to beat (the head). Sir dhana, To beat one's head with vexation, &c.

one's head with vexation, &c. ध्रवला s. m. A petticont, or any loose garment for covering the legs. ध्रमस् adj. Blind, dim-sighted.

ध्रमकाई e. f. Gloominess.

35 s. m. Beginning; limit, end. Dhur se dhur tak, From beginning to end.

भ्रापद इ. m. A kind of song. भ्रामा इ. f. Dusk, twilight; evening. भ्रामा v. a. To throw dust; to win-

शास्त्रामा v. a. To throw dust now, to sift. अरो s. f. An axletree.

শ্বৰাৰা v. a. To cause others to wash, খুলাই s.f. Washing; price of washing. শুলাৰা v. d. To cause to wash. ঘুনীৱা & s. f. The first day of the ঘুনীৱা | month Chytra, on which it is the practice to scatter ashes.

yaar s.f. The introductory stanza to a song, forming afterwards the burthen of each verse.

भुगोधार Much smoke, smoky.

भुवांस s. m. A chimney.

पुनिया s. m. Washerman.

yent s. f. Thorn-apple (Datura fas-

yul s. m. Flannel, a kind of coarse stuff made of shawl-wool.

भूषां भूवा } s. m. Smoke, steamer.

મું પ્રદ ક.f. Fogginess, dulness. મુંપરા adj. Foggy, dull, gloomy.

জ' জাব s. m. Heavy rain obscuring the whole heaven; gloomy weather, gloominess; desoluteness; name of a game.

घृषारा s. m. A chimney. घृषारामा v. s. To smoke.

भूनक है s. m. Rosin, resin.

धुनी adj. Persevering, s. f. Smoke; fumigation by way of exercising one possessed; or, as a medical application; a fire lighted by a Hindu mendicant, over which he sits, imbibing the smoke, by way of penance. It is often practised by them in the manner of dharns, to extort compliance with their demands: hence, Dhuni dena, To dun, to importune ; to smoke. Dhuni lagani, To insist obstinately, or to persevere in a demand; fumigation by way of exor-, cising one possessed; or, as a medical application. Dhuni leng. To inhale smoke, or undergo fumigation.

we s. m. Incense, the aromatic vapour that proceeds from the combustion of any fragrant gum or resin, the use of which is authorized by the shasters; the perfume burnt by Hindus at the time of worshipping, s, f. Sunshine, the heat of the sun. Dhupdani, s. f. A pot for keeping dhup. भपकाला s. m. The hot weather.

ध्पद्दोप s. m. An offering of incense to an idol.

धूपना v. a. To smear with pitch, to pitch, to perfume.

धपत्रच s. m. A. species of pine (Pinus longifolia).

खपाङ s. m. Turpentime.

un s. m. Smoke. s. f. Tumult, bustle, noise, fame, rumour, report.

धनकेत s. m. A comet or falling stars. भूमधाम s. m. Pomp, parade, tumult, bustle, noise.

чинг s. f. A supposed division of hell, the hell of smoke.

भूतरा) adj. Of a purple colour. of the colour of smoke com-धमा) pounded of black and red.

धर 8. f. Dust.

भरभानी s. m. A tall stout fellow. s. f. A firelock (without a chamber).

धरसंभा s. m. Evening. चराइना v. a. To deceive, to wheedle, to take in.

धृरियावेला s. m. A species of jasmine.

धरियामबार s. m. A musical mode (particularly sung in the beginning of the fevening. rains). धर्मियावेला s. m. A kind of Jasmine;

un adj, Fraudulent, crafty, cunning, sly, dishonest, knavish, &c.; mischievous, injurious. s. m. A gamester, a rogue, a cheat.

यभी है. f. Knavery, roguery, knavishness, eunning, slyness.

vit.

च तैनी s. f. Cunning, knavish.

s. f. Dust.

भूखका s.m. Poison.

ध जिंगुक्क का s. m. The red vegetable powder thrown about at the spring festival called the Hali.

धमना v. a. To ram, to stuff; to butt (as hornea cuttle).

un ad). Grey, of that colour. s. m. Grey (the colour); any thing of a grey tint.

चनाचामी s. /. Cramming and stuffing. uris. m. A scarecrow.

हन | interj. Fie ! shame !

ya adj. Possessed, held, contained. unties. m. A proper name, the father of Duryadhan, and uncle of the

Pandu princes ; a good king. entent adj. Firm, steady, calm, collect-पृति s. f. Steadiness, firmness ; a metre, a stanza of four lines of eighteen syllables each.

भृतिसत् ३. गः. 🕽 steady. adi. Firm, भृतिसतो ३. /. calm. ष्टितमान *8 m*. ∫

धेंगाम प्रि s. f. Fisticuff.

चेतु s. f. A milch cow, one that has lately calved.

चेतुमती s. f. The Gourtee river. चेरा alj. Squint-eyed.

चेता s. m. Half a pice or pysa.

ਪੈਥੇ 8. m. Steadiness, firmuess. भैक्षेत्रश्चित adj. Steady, calm, assuming firmness or composure.

चैवत s. m. The sixth note of the gamut.

भीषा s. m. A present of fruit. भी है s. f. Pulse which has been soaked

previous to boiling, a mash.

Will s. m. A small mound of earth; (met.) a pot-belly, a large felly.

षींबामा s. m. A chimney.

भी क s. f. Salutation, lowing down to idols.

भोकड़ adj. Robust, athletic.

भीका s.m. Deccit.

Mai s. m. Deceit, deception, delusion, blunder; disappointment; doubt, hesitation; a scarecrow; anything imaginary, not real, a vapour resembling water at a distance. (Franch mirage). Dhokha khona, To be deceived. Dhoka dena. To deceive

भोड़ s. m. A sort of snake, a kind of water-snake.

মীনা adj. False, treacherous, perfidious. মীনী s. f. A cloth worm round the waist, passing between the legs and fastened behind

भीना v. a. To wash, s. m. Washing.

भीप s. f. A kind of sword.

भी ब s. m. Washing.

भोबिन s.f. A washer-woman, washerman's wife.

धोबी s.f. A washerman.

भागेंडीडकार s. f. A sour belch.

भोरिष 8. f. Tradition.

with s. m. Name of a medicine.

धीरी s. m. A bullock.

धीवा adj. Washed.

भीवा s. m. A coarse kind of shawl.

if s.f. A kind of wood. (Lythrum fruticosum; Grislea tomentosa).

wi s. m. A weight of 20 seers. pron. Whether.

ৰীজ s. f. Breathing, panting; the asthma. [&c.

धोकना v. c. To blow with the bellows, धोकनी s.f. Bellows.

भौज s.f. Thought, consideration, con-

चैतिक adj. Rich, wealthy; strong, stout; bold; vicious, mischievous.

श्रें। ताली s.f. Riches ; strength ; courage ; viciousness, mischievousness.

भौत s. m. Assault, threatening.

भोसभड्डा s. m. Blustering, bullying, tumult, the impetuous assault of a crowd or body of men.

भौसा s. m. A large kettle-drum.

भौतिया s. m. The leader of a line and cry or posse comitatus,

भौत adj. Washed, cleaned, purified.

भौतिशिन s. m. Crystal.

भीर s. m. A large kind of dove.

भौरा भौना } adj. White.

बीति क adj. Belonging to a cheat, knavish, fraudulent, dishonest, &c. बीस s.f. A thump, a rap, a slap.

धीलजड़ना धीलमाङ्ना धीलमाङ्ना धीलमाना loss.

धीलधपा s. m. Thumping and slapping. धीला adj. White. Dhoula-gir, s. m. Name of a mountan.

धीलाई s. f. Whiteness.

भीनागिरि ८. m. Snowy mountain.

भौताबा र . a. To thump, to box, to भौतिबाना र slap, to cuff.
भान s. m. Meditation, contemplation, reflection, thought, consideration, intagination, advertency, but especially that profound and abstract consider-

ation which brings its object fully and undisturbedly before the mind; mental representation of the personal attributes of the divinity to whom

ध्यानधील s. m. The performance of religious abstraction.

worship is addressed.

ध्याना v. a. To meditate on, to think on, to adore, to know.

ধানী alj. Meditative, contemplative, given to meditation (on divine mutters), religious.

धानीय adj. To be meditated upon. धानीं । o. a. To meditate on, to think धानां । on, to adore, to know.

ya wb. Fixed, stable, firm; true, right. s. m. The polar star or north note itself.

भुवनादा s. m. The polar star, भुवन s. m. A kind of song.

yat s.f. A plant (Hedysarum yangeticum); a small tree, from the fibres of which bow-strings are made; the introductory stanza of the song, it is distinct from the verses of the song, after each of which it is again repeated as a burden or chorus; a virtuous woman.

n. The pole of the earth), polar, star.

WH 8. m. Loss, destruction.

ध्यं सन s. m. Loss, destruction.

भ्व सित adj. Lost, destroyed.

ঘটা s. f. A mote in a sunbeam. adj Destructive, destroying.

धना s. m. A flag or banner ; a standard, a ship's pendant ; a flag staff.

भागी s. m. A standard-bearer.

ध्य सोदो s. m. The humble bee.

অনী s. m. Sound; the sound of a drum. অনিৱ adj. Sounded, making a noise as a drum, &c.

ष्यांननाला s.f. The Vina or lute; a pipe, a fife; a sort of trumpet.

ध्यास s. m. Any aquatic bird, as a craue, a gull, &c. feeding upon fish.

আন্দা a. To meditate; reflect.

was m. A flag or banner.

The twentieth consonant of a Nagari alphabet, having the sound of. adv. No. not.

संग रे adı. Naked ; shameless, Nanga मंगा \ Larns, To bare, to uncover. Nanya jhuri ; s. f. Searching, examining (as people leaving a workshop, to prevent pilfering). Nanga. mádarzad, Stark-naked. Nania mangs, or Nanga manang, adj. Nake l. Nunga-sir, Bareheaded, Nanga tatwar, A drawn sword, Nange shamsher, A drawn sword; one who speaks his mind freely and without reserve, Nange paon, or Nange pyron, Barefoot, bare-footed मंगठा ads. Naked.

नगवस ग adı. Stark naked.

मंगानी री s. f, A searching.

नंगसुनंग s. m. (a.) Stark naked.

निष्यात्रेमा o a. To take and strip. नंद s. f. A sister in law, husband's sister. s.m. The foster-father of

Krishna. बंदन s. m. A son ; the grove or garden of Indra, Elysium,

नंदनन्दन s.m. The toster son of Nands, i, e. Krishna.

मंदीला s, m. An earthen vessel

नंदों मा है s. m. Husband's sister's hus-

नंधना o. n. To begin.

74 (In comp.) Nose, as Nat. ghisni, s. f. Rubbing the nose on the ground in prostration, or by way of humiliation.

ৰক্ষমিৰা **s.f.** The rubbing the nose affect on the ground in humble prostration.

ৰকাৰ adj Angry, frettul, ill-tempered warm, passionate, fastidious. MAZI adj. Nose-clipt, noseless. s. m. A rogue; name of a lird.

नक्षा s. m. An inflammation in the nose, the polypus.

नकसोड़ा adj. Droll, waggish, roguish.

नकवानी s. f. At the last gasp, at the point of death.

नवामा s.m. Name of a disease.

नवसीर s. f. The veins of the nose.

Naksirphutna, To bleed at the nose.

नकार s. m. Refusal, denial.

नकारा s. m. (a. Worthless.

निक्याना v. To speak through the nose.

ৰদুভ Nothing, not any thing,

The nose.

ৰক্তৰ s. m. The Bengal mungoose (Virerra ichneumon).

ৰন্ধইৰা । s.f. A plant, the mungoose বন্ধইৰা । if wounded in a conflict with a poisonous snake, is supposed to prevent the effects of the venom by the use of this plant.

नक्षा s.m. The nose; a disease of the point of any thing.

नक्षेत्र s.f. The wooden or iron instrument fixed to a camel's nose, and to which the string by which he is led is fastened; a cavesson.

পজা s.m. The ace at cards or on dice Nakka dua, A kind of game at dice. শ্বী s.f. speaking through the nose, nasal sound.

नकी मुंड s. f. Name of a game.

मझ adj. Infamous.

नज्ञमास s. m. A tree (Galedupa arborea).

नक s. m. An alligator ; the nose.

नकराज 8. m. A shark.

সম্বৰ s. m. A star in general; an astorism in the moon's path or lunar mansion of which twenty eight, distinet in name, figure, and number of stars, are enumerated: the Pouranic and popular enumeration of those constellations is twenty-seven; Ubhijit, the twenty-seventh, being considered as formed of portions of the two contiguous asterisms, and not distinct from them. Besides the common division of the zodiac into twelve signs, the Hindus divide it into twenty-seven Nacshatras, each of which has its appropriate name, and two and a quarter of which are included in each sign.

ৰ্থন্ত্ৰ s. m. A particular diagram for ; astrological purposes.

ৰ্থন্দালা s. f. A necklace containing twenty-seven pearls; the table of the asterisms in the moon's path.

ন্ত্ৰী adj. Born under a lucky planet, fortunate.

aws. m. A finger or toe nail. Nakhsikh or, Nakh-seh sikh-talk, From top to toe, entirely, throughout, (lit.) from the (tos) nails to the hair on the crown of the head.

मञ्ज s. m. The string of a paper kite. मञ्जूषादि adj. Who or what eats with nails or talons.

न्युत इ. m. A star; a constellation.

नखनी adj. Fortunate, born under a lucky planet.

नखपद s. m. A scratch, the mark of a finger nail.

नखरेखा s.f. भखतिखा मखांक s.m. The marks left by the

नियाना v. d. To claw, to scratch.

नषों s. f. A perfume, a dried substance of a brown colour, and of the shape of a nail; apparently a dried shell-fish, used as a perfume; a vegetable perfume, different from the one above, though know by the same name. Nakli, adj. Nailed, clawed, having nails or talons.

भग s. m. A mountain; the stone of a ring, or a stone on which a name &c., is cut, a jewel, gem, precious stone.

मगचाई मग्राइट है . f. Approach.

नगचाना v. n. To approach.

भगज adj. Mountaineer.

नगपा s. f. Heart-pea (Cardiospermum halicocabum).

नगरीना s. m. Wormwood.

नगन adj. Naked.

नगपति s.m. Himalayah, the personified range of snowy mountains dividing India from Tartary, &c.

नगिम इ. m. A plant (Plectronthus scutellaroides).

अवभू adj. Mountain, mountaineer.

सगर s. m. A town, a city. Nagar-nari. s. f. A courlezan.

नगरजन s. m. Town's-folk, citizens.

नगरवासी s. m. One who resides in a city. [city.

नगर्नियासी s.m. One who resides in a नगरा s.m. A raised seat or platform on each side of a doorway.

अगरीसदिष्णी s. f. A species of metre. नगरी s. f. A town, a village. adj. Of or belonging to a town or village.

नगरीपाच्च s. m. Suburb, skirts of the town.

नगारा s. m. A kettle drum.

ল্যাম্ব adj. Living in or frequenting mountains. [ring.

नगीना s. m. The stone or bezel of a

লয় লয় adj. Naked. s. m. A naked mendicant.

and s. m. Nudity, nakedness.

नषक s. m. Ferment, a drug used to throw the mixture for spirituous liquors into fermentation.

ৰম্বা s. f. A naked woman.

a kind of religious mendicant, who wanders about without clothes; a Bouddh, a Jyn.

ৰমিৰা s. f. A girl before menstruation or about ten years old; naked woman.

नपीकरण s. m. Stripping, undressing. नपीकर adj. Stripped, undressed, naked. नपनियां s. m. Dancer.

गचवामा है v. s. To make to dance.

a tribe who are generally jugglers, rope-dancers, &c., a timbler in casto, the son of a degraded Kshatiri by a woman of the second class or caste; a sort of reed (Arundo libialis, or, A. karks); a subordinate mode of music.

नटखट adj. Roguish, waggish, artful, trickish, shrewd. s. m. A cheat.

सटखटी s. f. Trick, rognery, artifice, artifulness.

नटन s. m. The art or act of dancing, pantomime, &c.

नहना v. To deny.

লহনাহাৰ্থ s. m. A Rag or mode of music, according to some, the sixth, or to others, a subdivision of Dipak or of Mcgh.

महपविका s. f. The egg-plant (Solanum melongena).

नटबर रे s. m. A juggler, rope-dancer, नटबा रे mimic, actor, &c.; a chief dancer or actor.

नटन खन s. m. Yellow orpiment.

721 s.f. A shrub (Cæsalpinia bonduccella).

নহিন } s. m. A female ropedancer, নহিনী } tumbler, mimic.

নহা s. f. A medichial plant; a where. a nach girl, a dancer, an actress; red arsenic.

기통 s.m. A sort of reed (Arundo tibislis, or, A. karka); a particular trile whose employment is making a sort of glass bracelets.

न ज़कीय adj. Abounding in reeds (a field, &c),

भड़भीन s.m. A small fish a kind of sprat hunting reedy places.

नदीन adj. Reedy, abounding in reeds.

nd s. m. The arc or distance of any planet from the zenith.

नतमुख adj. Down-faced, looking down.

नतांत्र s. m. Zenith distance (in Astro-

লনাস্ক adj. Bent, curved, bowed, stoop-

नमाङ्गी s. f. A woman.

नित s.f. Bending, bowing, stooping, curvature, crookedness.

नितनी s. f. Grand-daughter, daughter's daughter.

नतेत s. m. A relative.

নৰ s. m. f. A large ring worn in the nose (on the left nostril); a rope passed through the nose of a draught ox.

भवना ø. m. A nostril, a ring for the nose. v. n. To have the nose pierced (a bullock), nathna charhána, To be angry or displeased.

नथनी c.f. A small ring worn in the nose: a ring inserted in the hilt of a sword,

s. m. A river, applied only to one

of which the personification is male, as the Brahmaputra, Sone, Indus, &c.

नदीन s. f. A river in general; the common personification of rivers being female.

नदीकामा s. m. A tree (Burringtonia acutangula); a small tree (Vitex negundo).

मदीकाला s. f. The rose apple (Eugeniat jumbu); a shrub (Lees hirts).

नदीकृत s. m. The bank or shore of a river,

नदीकुलप्रिय s.m. A sort of reed (Calamus rotang).

नदीज adj. Acquatic, water-born, a tree (Pentaptera arjuna); the marshy date tree.

नदीतौर s. m. The bank of a river.

नहीमर्ज s.m. A tree (Pentaptera ar-

नहेंगी s.f. A plant (Premna herbacea). नहोसा s.m. A large earthen pan.

লনকা s.m. A little child, a son; an expression of endearment.

ननक्ष नंद् नगिद्धा } s. f. A sister-in-law hus-नगिद्धा भनदो

ननी हाल s. m. Maternal grand-father's family.

नद्किभीर नदकुमार The forster son of Nanda, नदमात (i. c. Krishno. नदमस्त

नन्दगीप १. m. An epithet of the cowherd Nanda.

লক্ষ s. m. A son; the grove or garden of Indra, clysium adj. Delighting, rejoicing, making pleased or happy. লক্ষনৰ The pleasure grove of the Gods. সক্ষাণ s.f. Wife of Nanda (Yashoda). লক্ষাৰ s. m. Krishma's foster father.

नन्दलाल } s.m. The beloved of Nanda भन्दशुत } (Krishna). नित्र । s. m. Toon, a tree the wood of which resembles mahogany, and is used for furniture, &c. (Cedrella Tuna).

नन्दिनी s. f. Wife's sister.

नन्दी बेल s. m. The bull of Siv s.

बन्दीई } s. m. Husband's sister's hus-बन्दीमी } land.

नन्दीला s. m. A large carthen vessel.

wer adi, Small, diminutive, neat, nutty, tiny.

नपुष्पा s. m. A vessel for measuring with

म्पेम्क adj. m. Of neither sex.

नपंतक s. m. An eunuch, a hermaphrodite; an impotent or imbecile man; the neuter gender. adj. Unmanly, coward.

मपंत्रकता s. f. Unmanliness.

wat s. m. Grand son.

Aug 8. m. Profit, benefit.

नफीरी e.f. A kind of trampet.

नवीन adj. New.

नक्षे Ninety

THE sky, other, atmosphere. नभग adj. Moving in the atmosphere. नभगनाथ s. m. Lord of the birds (adjutant).

नभगिरा s. f. A voice from the skies. नमन्त्र Crane, adjutant.

नमचर adj. What moves in the sky ; nerial. s. m. A bard; a cloud; air wind.

नमस्थित adj. Abiding in heaven or in the sky, s. m. A division of the infernal regions, a hell.

नमः s. m. Salutation, reverence, bowing, obeisance, adoration,

नमकीम s. f. Pickled lemons.

ननत १ adj. Bending, stooping, bow-**ศศา ∫** ed.

नवन adj. Like, resembling.

MANI unt. To bow in obelsance.

नमिल्य adj. Reverenced, respected, worshipped.

नमस्तार s. m. Respectful or reverential address or salutation, adoration,

नमस्तारी s. f. A sensitive plant.

नमस्य adj. Venerable, respectable, entitled to salutation or civility.

कारित adj. Reverenced, respected, rshipped.

मनेव s. m. The seed of the Eleocarpus. नभेगुद s. m. A spiritual teacher.

नम adj. Bending ; (met.) Courteous. नसता s. f. Condes ension.

नसमुद्ध s.m. l adj. Looking down. नसमुखी s. f. | having the head bent.

नयन s. m. The eye.

नयना s. f. The pupil of the eye.

नयनीव्याद s. m. A lamp; any lovely or desired object.

नयाजमा s, m. New birth.

नयानीपाध्न s. m. The outer angle or canthus of the eye.

नयनीषध s. m. Green sulphate of iron, or the salt in a state of partial decomposition by exposure to the atmosphere.

नमा ady. New. Nyeh sir se, adv. Anew, afresh.

नर s. m. Man, individually or generally, a man, a male, mankind. adj. Masculine, male.

मरक s. m. Hell, the infernal regions, including a number of places of torture of various descriptions.

न्दक्तक s m. A well or pit in Tartarus, eighty-six such are enumerated.

न्दक्र निष्य s. f. The Torments of hell. नरकी Hellish.

1 s. m. A reed of which mats are made (Arumdo tibuils). नरकृस s. m. The wind-pipe. नरकृत्या s. f. The river of hell.

गरजा s. m. Small scales.

भरदेव s.m. A king.

नरपति s. m. A king, a sovereign prince. नर्मिय adj. Favourable or friendly to mankind.

नरपुर s. m. One of the three loky regions of the universe, the about man, the carth. [Narain. नराइस s. m. Kuher, the treasurer of नरस्s.f. Varat Varsh, India, or the

central part of the known continent; the birth place of men.

नरमाना v. a. To soften.

नरमेष s. m. A human sacrifice.

नरद्व adj. Having the human form. s. m. The human form.

नरहपी adj. Having the human form.

সংগীৰ s.m. The Earth. [being. সংঘৰি s.m. The sacrifice of a human সংখিনা s.m. A horn (musical), a wind instrument.

नरीसनिया s. m. One who plays on the horn.

बरसिंह s. m. The fourth Avatar or incarnation of Vishnu, which is said to have happened in the Sat-jug, upon the following occasion, Hirnya Kasyap, an impious prince, was engaged at his son Prahlad for worshipping the Almighty, and tried every means of destroying him, by poison, by throwing into fire, into the ocean, &c., yet Prahlad lived. "If your God is present every where," says Hirnyah Kasyap, let him come from an alabastar pillar;" on which, it is said, Narasingha appeared, with the lower part of a man and the upper of a lion, destroyed the father, and set the son on the throne, &c.

avel adv. The fourth day past or to come, some day ago or hence.

नरष्ड :. m. Shank, leg.

नरहिंसा s. f. Homicide, murder.

ন্যাঘন s. m. A low or vile man, a wretch. দ্বো s.f. A tile.

ৰথী s. f. A. kind of leather, skin; a weaver's shuttle.

नदस्त adj. Male, masculine.

गरेन्द्र s. m. A king, an anointed sovereign.

नरेश नरेश्वर } s. m. A king. नर्भ Hell.

नर्चक s. m. An actor, a mimic; a juggler, a dancer, a player of any description; a reed (Arando karka).

নৰ্থনী s. f. An actress, female dancer or singing girl,

नर्भन s. m. Dancing, gesticulating, acting.

নহ'তক s. m. A stanza of four parts, having seventeen syllables in each.

नर्भक्षा s. f. The Nermada, or Nerbadda river, which rising in the Vindhya mountains, runs westward to the gulph of Cambay.

name of a king, and hero of several poetical works famous among the Hindus, especially the poem called Nyshudh; a tube, spout, joint of bamboo or other hollow wood; the bamboo which fowlers use to entangle game by applying bird-lime to the top of it. Nat chalans, Setting the bamboo in motion, denotes a magical

practice adopted for the discovery of theft. Two pieces of split bamboo, of equal lengths, are applied to one another side by side, and held by two men, one at each ond. It is said that any persons taken at random may be employed for this purpose. Then the magician pronounces certain incantations, the efficacy of which is pretended to be such that bamboos spontaneously move towards the place where he thief or the stolen goods are, and drag the men along with them. Nat dar nat, One tube within another.

প্ৰকৃষ্ম One of the two sons of Kuber.
প্ৰাs. m. The ureters, urinary ducts,
Ahani nala, or Bhuin nala, A sort of
fireworks, roman candle, made of iron,
buflalo-horn, or bamboo, placed on
the ground. Dom nala, A variety
of the above-mentioned, but with
occasional globes of bright light bursting up Hath nala, Of the like sort
as above, but small, held in the hand.
প্ৰিকা s. f. A perfume.

ব্যৱস s. m. A lotus or water-lily (Ne. lumbium speciosum, or Nymphæo nelambo); the Indian crane.

দাৰিনী s. f. An assemblage of lotus flowers; a place abounding in lotuses.

পৰিষয় s. m. A caste whose employment is to catch birds with birdlime by means of the nal, or reed.

দলীs. f. A tube, pipe, spout; the windpipe, ureter, &c., a gun-barrel; the
bone of the log, the tibia; weaver's
shuttle, or the little tube within the
shuttle on which the woof is wound.
সমুখা. m. A tube, a joint of bamtoo
to convey letters in stram.

শল s. m. A furlong, a distance measure ed by four hundred cubits.

नव: adj. New, nine.

নবলাজিলা s. f. A young woman, either one recently married, or one in whom menstruation has lately commenced. নবজন্ত s. f. Nine sections of the earth.

ৰাম্ভ s. m. The nine planets.

Tausi s. m. pl. The nine planets, or sun, moon, five planets; and the ascedding and desending nodes,

नवळाव s. m. A student, a novice.

नवळावर } Sacrifice, vistim.

नवजीवना s. f. A girl just grown up to puberty.

नवता s. f. Novelty.

नवहार adj. Having nine doors; an epithet applied to the body, which has nine inlets or outlets, as the nostrils, ears, mouth, eyes, anus, &c.

नवधासिक s. f. The nine kinds of devotion recognized by Hindus.

नर्गनागरी s.f. (a.) Female who has never known a male.

नविनिध s. f. The treasure of Kuver, the god of riches. consisting of nine falulous gens.

मदमी s. f. नदनीत s. m. } Fresh butter.

नवपत्तिका s. f. A bride, a newly married woman; a girl in whom menstruation has recently commenced.

नवस्य s. f. A bride, a newly married woman.

नववाला s. f. A girl just grown up to puberty.

मदम adj. Ninth.

नवमाधिका s. f. Double jasmine (Jasminum zambac). "[mouth, नवमो s.f. The ninth day of a lunar half नवमो s. f. A young woman, ब्रुप्त s. m. Nine precious gems, or, a pearl, ruby, topaz, diamond, emerald, lapis lazuli, coral, sapphire, and one called Gomed : the nine men of letters at the court of Vikramadityah, or, Dhanwantari, Kshapanakak. Umarsingh, Sanku, Vetalubhatt, Ghatakarpur, Kalidas, Varahamihir, and Vararuchi.

भवराव s. m. The period of nine days, from the first of the light half of A win to the ninth ; part of the time devoted to the worship of Doorga. नवस adj. Beautiful. s. m. A sapling. नत्रविका s. f. A newly married woman. नगदस्य s. m. New cloth.

न्द्रश्यक्त s. m. A name given to any of the nine inferior classes, the cowherd, gardener, oilman, weaver, confectioner, water-carrier, potter, blacksmith, and barber.

नवयात s. m. The first series of Shraddha collectively, or funeral offerings on the first, third, fifth, seventh, ninth, and eleventh days after a person's [vered.

नवसृतिका s. f. A woman recently deli-भवा adj. New.

अवृत्य s. m. A ninth, a ninth part.

नभाष्ट्रा s. m. A boat ; a particular kind of boat, a barge.

नवाना v. a. To bend bownwards, to bow; to cause to submit to, to cause to stoop; to double, to fold.

नदात्र s. m. New rice or grain ; a ceremony observed on first eating the rice, &c. of the last harvest.

नवास्तर s. m. New and unbleached cloth. नवारना v. n. To tavel, to walk, to wander, to go round, to surround ; to shut out, to exclude.

नरारी s.f. A flower, a sort of janmine. | नइक pdj. Meagre, leal.

नशे s.f. The string with which a cow's feet are tied when milking, a tether.

नवीज्ञत adj. Renewed, revived, done or made anew.

नशैन adi. New : youthful.

नवोनसा s. f. Newness.

नवीभत adj. Renewed, revived.

नेवा ady. New, recent, young, &c.

जञाक s. m. A bird, said to be a sort of crow.

नमान adj. Perishing, decaying, decaying, wasting, being destroyed.

লকাং s. m. (adj. Mischievous, destruc-वचरा s. f, ∫ tive.

ar adj. Lost, destroyed, removed, annihilated.

नष्ट इ. m. Destroyed, spoilt.

नष्टवन्द्र s. m. The moon on the fourth lunation of either half of Bhadr.

नष्टचेतन adj. Fainted, insensible.

नष्टवा s. f. Destruction, annihilation.

ৰ্ভা s. f. An adulteress.

नमा s. f. The nose.

ৰম্বাৰা v. Spoil, squander.

नसाना v. a. To destroy, to annihilate, to spoil, to squander. v n. To be destroyed or annihilated.

नशी s. f. A coulter, a ploughare.

नशीठ adj. Ill-omened.

नसीकी { नसेकी } ady. Intoxicating.

नसेनी Stair.

नस s. m. A sternutatory, snuff, &c. the nose.

Men s. f. A hole, bored in the septum of the nose.

नदा ad). Nasal, relating or be longing to the nose. s. m. A steinutatory.

नष्ठ s. m. Nail (of the finger, &c.), talon, Nah lena, To trip, to stumble.

जहा s. m. A scratch with the nail or talon.

बहुनी s. f. An instrument for cutting nails; a kind of chisel used in polishing. and turning brass, &c.

नक्षणी . f. An instrument for paring the nails with.

त्रहरूमा र s. m. A kind of disease of ৰাভক the skin.

नेइन्याना v. a. To cause to be bathed or washed.

नद्रनामा v. a. To cause to bathe.

नहान s. m. Bathing, ablution.

नहाना v. n. To bathe, to wash.

नहानी s. f. Menses.

नहारमु ह aaj. Without earning.

লয়াছমা s. m. A guinea worm (Filaria medinensis).

महि adv. No. not.

नहियर s. f. Wife's family,

नहीं adv. No. not, nav.

नहींती adv. Otherwise, else.

ना adv. No. not.

I wife. नाईन s. f. Female of Nai; a barber's

नाई } s. m. A barber.

नाडिया s. m. The bull and vehicle of Shiva.

wiszts Name and place.

Tie adv. No, nay.

जात s. f. The nose, Nak katána. To dishonour. Nak kati honi, To lose one's honour. Nak charhana. To be angry or displeased. Nak rakhna, To preserve one's honour. Nak sakorna, To turn up one's nose, to be displeased.

नाम s. m. Heaven, paradise, ether, sky, atmosphere,

भावादा s. m. An inflammation in the nose, the polypus.

नासनडी s.f. A female dancer of the court of Indra.

नाका s. m. The extremity of a roud: the cye of a needle; an alley, avenue, lane Nakeh bandi. Shutting up a road.

नाका s. m. An alligator.

नाइन adj. Relating or belonging to an ichneumon.

नाकुली s. f. A plant; the ichneumon plant, a vegetable supposed to furnish the mungoose with an antidote, when bitten in a conflict with a snake (Serpent ophioxylon ?).

ৰাজ্য s. m. A month, one computed by the moon's passage through the twenty-seven mansions, or of thirty days of sixty gharis each.

नाचितक adj. Relating or belonging to the lunar asterisms.

नाचित्रको s. f. The state or condition to which a person is subjected agreeably to the asterism presiding over his nativity.

नाग s. m. A demigod so called, having a human face, with the tail of a serpent, and the expanded neck of the Kolaber Naga; the race of these beings is said to have sprung from Kadru, the wife of Kasyap, in order to people Patal or the regions below the earth; a serpent in general or especially the spectacle snake or Cobra di Capello (Colaber Naga), a small tree (Mesua ferrea) ; a sort of grass (Cyperus pertenuis), a tree used in dying (Rottleria tinctoria); one of the astronomical periods called Karan: it is one of those termed invariable, and always corresponds to the last half of Amawasya or new moon.

नानकना s.f. A race of females said to inhabit Patal or the regions under the earth, and to be of serpentine extraction, but very beautiful.

नागक्रीधर s. m. A small tree (Mesua ferrea).

লানলিয়া s. f. A plant (Asclepias pseudosarsa).

नागजिक्किता s. f. Red arsenick.

नागक्तीयन s.m. Tin.

नागरका s. m. Elephant's tooth or ivory. नागरको s. f. A sort of sun-flower (Hetiotropium Indicum).

नागरीन s. m. A kind of wood, by touching it is said that fetters spontaneously fall off.

नाबदीना s. m. A plant (Artemisia vul-

न।गन } s. f. A serpent (female).

কাষ্য্যনি s. f. A Hindu holiday, the 5th of Srawan, sukla-paksha, on which day they worship a snake to procure blessing on their children.

नागपती s.f. A female of the serpent race.

नागपत्र s. m. A running noose of a नागप्राच s. f. a rope, &c., a sort of nose or knot, used in battle to entangle an enemy.

नागुष s. m. A tree used in dyeing (Rottleris tinctoria); a small tree (Mesua ferrea); a flower (Michelia Champaca).

नागपानी s. f. A hedge plant (Cactus Indica).

ৰাগৰন্ধ s. m. The holy-fig tree (Ficus religiosa).

नागवता s. f. A creeping plant (Hedysarum lagopodioides).

नावनेल s. m. Betel plant (Piper betel). नामभाषा s. f. A Prakrita language, said to be used by the serpentine race who inhabit Pátat. नागुभिद s. m. A sort of snake (Amphisbana).

नामनाङ s. f. A name of Manasa, a goddess supposed to preside over snakes; red arsenic.

FIGT. adj. Clover, sharp, knowing (as a buck, a blood, a wag, &c.); town-born or bred. s.m. A sort of grass (Cyperus pertinuis); a form of writing, the Dena-nayari alphabet.

नागरङ्ग s. m. The orange; in India usually applied to the Silhet orange (Citrus Cyperus).

नागरमुसा s. f. A grass (Cyperus).

नागरमीया s. m. A sweet smelling grass (Cyperus pertinuis, O. juncifolius, or, rush-leaved Cyperus).

नागरी s. f. A sort of Euphorbia, a clever or intriguing woman. adj. The most common Hindi character of writing, called Deva-ndyari,

नायकोक s. m. The region under the earth, the abode of serpents and hydras, Patal; not being accessible to the sun, it is supposed to be illuminated by very resplendent jewels.

नागहां Suddenly.

नागल s.m. A plough.

नागहानी Suddenly.

नागा s. m. A caste of Hindu mendicants. [Delhi.

नावाइ s. m. Hastindpur, or ancient नावाइवा s.f. A stick or pole driven into a square piece of earth in the centre of a newly dug pond, a boring rod.

नानाहा s. m. Hastinapur, or ancient

नामिन } s.f. A serpent (female).

नागेचर s. f. A flower (Mesus ferrea), Indian rose, chesnut. न में परी करी?. Of the colour of the Nageshwara, vellow.

नागोद s.m Armour for the front or the belly.

नागीद्र s. m. A' breast-plate, a cuirass. नागीर 8 m. A country near Mar-

नागपास \ war. नाइना v. a. To step across, cross, jump

over, pass, leap over. नाच s. m. Dance. Nach nachana. To

make to dance; to tease. नाचना v. n. To dance.

नाज s. m. Contraction of Anaj, grain. नाट s. m. The Carnatic.

नाटक s. m. An actor, acting, dancing, &c.; a play, a drama; the first of the ten species of dramatic compositions of the first order.

नाटकीय adi. Dramatic.

नाटा adj. Dwarf, dwarfish, dapper, short.

नाटापन s. m. Lowness (of stature).

नाटिका s. f. A short or light comedy, the first of the dramas of the second order.

माद्रा s. m. The science or art of dancing or acting, or the union of song, dance, and instrumental music.

नाटात्राला s. m. A theatre, a building for dramatic exhibitions.

wix s. m. Non-existence.

नाती Stick.

नाड s.f. The pulse.

नाडिका s. f. An Indian hour, or twentyfour minutes.

बाड़िपब s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

ना हिन्दान s, m. The celestial equator. बाइरी s.f. Any tubular organ of the body, as an artery, a vein, an intestine; a fistulous sore, a fistula, a sinus; an hour of twenty-four minutes; the pulse, either at the hand or feet. &c.

नाड़ीच s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia). Inativity. नास्त्रीनस्व s. m. The planet of a person's

नाडीत्रण s. m. An ulcer. नातर adv. (If) not (then) otherwise. First s. f. Relationship, kin, alliance. Natchdar, s. m. f. Relation, relative. नातिन . f. Granddaughter, daughter's

daughter. नाति s. m. Grandson, daughter's son.

नाती If not.

नातेदारी s. f. Kinsmanship, relationship. नाय s. m. A master, a husband, a lord : an affix to the names of a class of Yogis, as Gorakhnotho; a rope passed through the nose of a draft ox. s. f. A seton.

नायना v. a. To bore a bullock's nose and put a string in it to guide him fsubject.

नायवत् adj. Dependant, sub-servient. बाद s. m. Sound in general; a semicircle, used especially as an abbreviation or hieroglyphic in mystical works.

बादाहा s. m. A spout, a canal.

नादेयी s.f. A sort of reed growing usually near water (Calamus fasciculatus) ;a plant (Premna herbacea); the China rose.

नाधना v. a. To yoke.

नानक n. proper. Name of a religious mendicant, the founder of the sect of Sikhs.

मामक पंघी s. m. A Sikh or follower म(नक्षमता of Nanuka. भानकशाही 🕽

बाबा s. m. Maternal grandfather, adj. Various, many, v, a. To bend, to बाबापकार है वर्ज. Of various kinds; बाबापाँति sorts, modes, methods.

नानादम adj. Multiform, various.

बानावर्ष adj. Variegated, many-coloured. नानाविध adj. In various ways; of various sorts or kinds,

मानी s. f. Maternal grandmother.

ৰাৰ s. f. A large earthen pan.

नान्स्या s. m. The bull and vehicle of Siva.

जारतेषुष s. m. A shraddha or funeral obsequies performed on joyous occasions, as initiation, marriage, &c. in which nine balls of meat are offered to the deceased father, paternal grandfather, and great grandfather; to the maternal grandfather, great grandfather, and great great grandfather, and great great grandfather, and paternal grandfather, and paternal great grandmother, and paternal great grandmother.

नाग्हा s. m. Small.

कासमा v.a. To begin.

नाप s. f. Measure.

नापजीख s. f. Measuring and weighing. नापना v. a. To measure, to weigh.

नापित s. m. A barber, a shaver, a surgeon.

कापितशाला s. f. A barber's shop.

ৰাশৰ s. m. A myrobalan (Terminalia chebula).

नामि } s. f. The navel.

লাগিণীব্ৰ s. m. A prominent or ruptured navel. [cord.

नाभिक्केदन s. m. Division of the umbilical

नामिनाड़ी है ह. f. The umbilical cord.

and c. m. Name, appellation, character, fame, reputation, honour. Namnikalna,
To become celebrated; to investigate the perpetrator of any crime. Nam

lekur mang-khana, To beg alms in the name of another. Nam lena, To praise; to repeat the name of God. Nam hona, To be conspicuous, famous, or renowned.

नामकरफ s. m. Naming a child first after birth ; acquiring or taking a name (of honour).

नामकरना v. a. To become famous.

नामञ्जीना v. a. To lose one's honour or reputation.

बामहेंबा v. a. To give name to, to make conspicuous.

नामधाना v. a. To name, to fix a name on (particularly a bad name), to nick-name, to miscal.

नामधराना v. o. To be defamed; to give a name to a child. [gyrise. नामना v. a. To name, to praise, to pane-

नामरक्षना v.a. To name. नामग्रेष adi. Dead, decease.

नामझीना v. n. To be conspicuous, famous, or renowned.

नामीक्षीना v. n. To be celebrated.

¶qq s. m. A guide, a leader, a conductor; a chief, a head, pre-emient, principal; a native, officer of the lowest rank, corresponding to corporal in our corps; a person well conversant in dancing, singing, &c.

जायज s. f. Female of Nsi, a barber's wife.

দাবিশ্বা s. f. Female of Nayuk; a damsel, a lass; the mistress of a house, particularly (now) of a brothel; a bawd.

সাং s. f. A woman. s. m. Barrel of a gun; the fibre of which rope is made; the stalk of the lotus; the neck.

नारन } adj. Infernal, hellish. s. m. नारनो } Hell or the infernal regions. नारको adj. Infernal, being in hell, condemned to, or deserving it.

भारती s. f. An orange (Citrus auran-

sage, the son of Brahmá, and one of the ten original Munis or Rishis; he is a friend of Krishn, a celebrated legislator, and inventor of the Viná or Inte; and who, by carrying tales, eccasioned frequent quarrels among the gods; (met.) a disputant, one fond of alterention

नारित्यार s. m. The membrane in which the focus is enveloped, secundines.

आदा s. m. Red thread.

সাংঘ্ৰজ s. m. A name of Vishnu, considered as the being who existed before all worlds, and moved on the waters of creation.

कारायणचेत्र s. m. Four cubits on either side of the stream of the Ganges.

नारायचतेल s. m. An oil of great reputed efficacy in many complaints, expressed from a variety of plants.

बारायणी s. f. A name of Lakshmi, the goddess of prosperity, and wife of Vishnu; a plant (Asparagus racemosa). adj. Of or relating to Narayan.

मारीकेल } s. m. The cocoanut.

ৰাবিষা s. m. A person who feels the pulse.

बारो s. f. A woman in general, a female; the pulse, an artery; the umbilical cord; a kind of greens.

भारीच s. m. An esculent root (Arum colocasia),

नारोह्नच s. m. A vice or breach of duty in a woman, of which six cases are reckoned, viz. drinking spirits, keeping bad company, quitting a husband, rambling abroad, and sleeping or dwelling in a strange house.

नारीधम s. m. The duties especially incumbant on women.

नारीप्रवह s. m. Libertinism, lechery.

नार s. m. The guinea worm.

ৰাল adv. Along with, accompanying.
s. m. A tube, barrel, bore, or chase
of a gun; the navel-string; stalk of
the lotus.

काला s. m. A. rivulet, brook, canal, gutter, furrow, ravine.

माजकी s. f. A sort of sedan or litter, generally used by people of rank.

লালিকা s. f. An esculent root (Arum colocasia).

नालिता s. f. A sort of potherb (Hibiscue caunabinus).

ৰাজী s.f. A stalk or culm; any tubular vessel of the body; the pulse.

লাণীলাড s. m. A fistulous or sinous sore. নাব s. f. A boat, ship, vessel, any thing long and hollow within.

ong and nonow within.

ৰাবলা v.a. To bend downwards, to how; to cause to, submit to, to cause, to stoop.

লাবিদ্ধ } adj. Belonging to a vessel, a লাবিদ্ধা } boat, &c. s. m. The helmsman of a vessel, the steersman, the pilot; a sailer.

ৰামৰ s. m. Destruction, perishing.

नामपाती s.f. A pear (Pyrus communis). नामयन adj. Destroying, annihilating. नामस adj. Destroyed.

লাছিলী s.f.) adj. Destructive, de-লামী s.m.) stroying, a destroyer. লাম s.f. Snuff, Masdan, s.m. A suuffbox. s. m. Non-existance, annihilation, death.

नामक s. m. A destroyer.

To destroy.

pomegranate (used in dying). Nospolirang, The colour extracted from Naspal.

जासमा adj. Unintelligent, not understanding.

जासमभी s.f. Ignorauce.,

THE s.f. The nose. s. m. An inflammation in the nose, the polypus.

नासार्विषावर्षे s.m. Wearing the nosering in the right nostril by women who have money and children.

ৰাধাৰ্ম s.m. The bridge of the nose.
বাধাৰাৰম s.m. Wearing the nosering in the left nostril, a mark of
sorrow or distress.

बासाकीच s.m. Drying of the nostrils. बासिका s.m. The nose.

नासिकानल s. m. The mucus of the nose, snot. [not.

भासि adv. Non-existence, not so, it is

শাবিক } s. m. An atheist, but ap-লাবিকা } plied by the orthodox *Him*dus to any one who denies the divine authority of the *Veds*, or doubts the legends of the *Puráns*.

नाधिकता s.f. Atheism, denial of the deity, of a future state, of the divinity of the Veds: Bouddhism, heresy, &c.

नाचिका s. m. Infidelity, atheism.

काश्चित s.m. Non-existence, काश्च s.m. The rein of an ox passed

through the septum of the nostrils.

बाहि है adv. No, not.

नाहीं नहीं s.m. Rofusal.

नि:कारण adj. Causeless, unfounded.

ৰি:ভিম adj. Thrown or sent away; spent; passed,

नि:चेप s. m. Throwing, sending, putting away; spending; passing (as time); wiping away (as tears).

नि:फल s. m. } adj. Fruitless, barren.

निःशंसय adj. Undoubted.

লি:মন্ত্ৰ s. m. } adj. Fearless.

नि:मन्द adj. Silent, voiceless.

नि भेष ady. Complete, entire.

नि:वेयस s. m. Final beatitude, the release of the soul from the body, and its re-union with the primary and universal spirit.

নি: যাধ s. m. Breathing out, expiration; sighing.

नि:सङ्ग adj. Separated, unconnected.

नि:सव्य adj. False, untrue.

नि सत्यसा s. f. Insincerity, falsehood. नि:सरण s. m. Death, dying ; a means

or expedient; exit, a going forth, or out; final beatitude.

নি: ঘছ adj. Intolerable, unbearable; irresistible, unable to support or bear.

নি:মছৰ s. m. Inability to bear or support; impatience; unendurance.

fa: RIX adj. Sapless, pithless; worthless, vain, unsubstantial. s. m. A. plant (Trophis aspera).

नि:सच adj. Disagreeable, distressing ; unhappy.

নি:ইছা s.f. Linseed (Linum utilitiesimum). নি.অহ adj. Free from desire; disregard ing, indifferent to.

बि:स edj. Poer, indigent.

नि:बाद adj. Insipid, tasteless.

নিক্তৰ ady. Happy, without enmity or opposition; plain, easy.

नि इंद adj. Rooted up, extirpated. निकट adj. Near, proximate, adv. About, with.

निकटरनी s. m. A bystander. निक्तरी s. f. A balance, small scales. निकन्दन s. m. Destruction.

विकाय adj. Without descrit or fraud, sincere, candid.

নিক্ষমা adj. Useless, good for nothing. নিকা s. m. A flock or multitude; a sheap, a bundle; pith, sap, essence.

নিকলো v. n. To issue, to go forth or out, to be extracted, drawn, pulled or taken out, to come or get out, secede, depart, proceed, to be uttered, to appear, result, prove, to turn out, to escape, to rise, slip, spring.

নিকজ্বনা v. n. To escape; (met.) to surpass another, to be advanced or promoted; to speak mu.h or display one's talent (spoken of a person who from the modesty of a stranger had formerly been silent).

নিক্ষললালা v. n. To escape, to go away. निकालना v. n. To issue, to go forth or out, to be extracted, drawn, pulled or taken out, to come or get out. secede, depart, proceed, to be performed or accomplished; to exceed, to be uttered, to be taken off, to be produced, to appear, result, to prove. to turn out, to begin, to be invented, to escape, to rise, to slip, to spring. निकलपण्डना v. n. To come out, to be drawn forth. foff, to be off. निकलभागना v. n. To run away, to get निकासना n, n. To issue, to go forth or out, to be extracted, drawn, pulled or taken out, to come or get out, secede, depart, proceed, to be uttered. to appear, result, prove, to turn out. to escape, to rise, slip, spring.

ing a field; the act of weeding.

निकाना v. a. To weed.

निकास adv. Voluntarily, willingly, implying certainty.

rans s. m. Contrivance, outlet, issue, vent, discharge expulsion, projection. Nikal daina. To deduct, to strike out. Nikal dena, To cashier, to exclude, to expel, to eject, to discard, to drive or turn out. Nikal lana, To bring off. Nikal lens, To dig up, to take out, to extract.

নি মাজনা v. a. To cause to issue, to take out, to turn out, to expel, to cause to exceed, to utter, to discover or find out, to invent, to take off, to exclude, to extract, protrude, deduce, extricate, to exhibit, to produce put forth, hatch, to pull, to do, to perform, to accomplish, to pick.

নিমাৰ s. m. Skirts, suburbs, outer boundary of land attached to a town, &c., issue; outgoing, discharge, outvent, source, origin, spring; adjustment of accounts, accomplishment.

িশ্বান্তবাত a. To cause to issue, to take out, to turn out, to expel, to utter, to discover or find out, to invent, to exclude, to extract, to deduce, to extricate; to produce.

निकासी s. f. Taxes collected on goods passing out of a town, duties, &c. Nikasi ki chitthi, s. f. A permit, a passport.

লিকালা s. m. A prop, a pillar. লিকিছ s. m. Outcast.

নিক্স s. m. An arbour, a bower, a place]
overgrowing with creepers.

লিক্সম s. m. A plant (Croton polyundrum). निकति A mansion.

নিদ্যাখন s. m. A tree (Allangium hexapetalum),

निकोसमा o. o. To grin.

fran adj. Dishonest, wicked, perverse; tow, base, vile.

familia s. f. Wickedness, dishonesty.

ৰিক্তত adj. Outcast, despised, low, vile. বিভিন্ন adj. Rejected, abandoned, foregone, given or thrown away.

निचेप s. n. Abandoning, parting with, throwing away.

निखङ्ग s. f. A. quiver.

नियह adj. Idle, thriftless, merciless.

विखय adj. Half, mid. नियर Worthless, useless.

নিত্তৰো v. n. To be peeled, skinned, cleaned, cleared, settled.

निसराजा v. a. To settle, to purify, to clear.

[A billion.

निश्चर्य adj. m. Dwarfish, a dwarf. s. m. निश्चर्य: adj. f. Dwarfish, a dwarf.

निद्वाद Unalloyness. [clear.

লিক্ষানো v. a. To strain; to bleach to fলিক্ষা adj. All, entire, complete.

निकोट s. m. Plain dealer, any thing without blemish.

निश्चीरना) v. s. To peel, skin, decor-निश्चीसना) ticate, clean.

निष्योदना v. n. To grin.

লিবজ্ s. m. An iron chain for the feet, a fetter, but especiatly the heel chains of an elephant; fetters, the stocks.

निवत adj. Naked.

निगन्दना v. a. To quilt.

चिगन्दा s.m. } Quilting.

नियम s. m. The holy writings or Veds of the Hindus collectively; certainty, assurance. নিশ্মণ s. m. Certain or logical conclinsion, the winding up of a syllogism.

বিশহ s. m. Eating, swallowing.

निगलका υ. α. To swallow, gulp down.

निगाली s. f. A small hukka snake, the wooden pipe of a hukka snake.

বিশুর adj. Profound, obscure, hidden, concealed. [purpose.

শিশুরাম adj. Having a hidden sense or শিশীঙ্গ s. m. Wretch, wight.

निग्गर adj. Solid.

লিয়ত s. m. Aversion, disfavour, discouragement, dislike.

গিষমু s. m. A vocabulary, a collection of words of names.

निषाति s. f. An iron club or mace.

লিল্ল adj. Docile, subservient, domestic, dependent.

निचय s. m. Certainly.

নিশিল adj. Free from thought, anxiety, or care, unconcerned, careless, atleisure. Nichiat hona, To be at leisure, to be disengaged, to have finished.

লিখিনাৰ্ছ s.f. Carelessness, fearlessness, unconcern, leisure.

নিম্মীর s. m. The end or termination of any affair; the burthen, or that on which any thing depends.

শিষীস্থনা v. a. To wring, squeeze, press, strain, express, to extort, exact.

ৰিপীভূ্*adj*. Rapacious.

ৰিছৰ Without an umbrella, met. dispossessed of rule or sovereignty.

ৰিন্ধাৰৰ s.f. A propitiatory offering, sacrifice, victim.

fins adj. Own, particular, individual, personal. Nij-ka, adj. Own, peculiar. Nij-tij seh, Properly, as is requisite.

নিক্ষনিক s.f. Correctness, propriety, good order.

নিক্ষানা v. a. To spy, observe, hehold.
নিক্ষারনা v. s. To twitch,

何瑜可 adj. Steady, easy-paced, walking or running smoothly without ngitation (epithet of an elephant).

fraits. m. Determination, final settlement. decree.

निक्या s. m. Idleness. ady. Idle.

निहर बर्क. Harsh, obdurate, relentless, ernel; sly, cunning, shrowd.

first adj. Fearless, dauntless. adj. Without fear, fearlessly.

নিতাৰ } adj. Still, motionless.

for adv. or adj. Always, continually, eternally, ever, constant, invariable; the base of an obtuse-angled triangle, Nit-pratt, or, Nit-nit, Constantly, perpetually.

fante adr. Constantly.

হিনাল s. m. A woman's buttocks. গিনাম adv. Always, continually, eternally.

দিবত s. m. One of the seven divisions of Ptalá or hell.

নিবাৰ adj. Much, excessive. adv. Much,
excessively. [smiths use.

excessively. [smiths use. fললী s. f. Small scales, such as gold-

frm adj. Eternal, everlasting, continual, perpetual; past, present, and future; regular, fixed, invariable, adv. Always, eternally, continually.

নিব্যক্ষা s. m. Indispensable act or ceremony, as observance of the five great sacrifices, or any daily or necessary rite.

िखवा s. f. Perpetuity, eternity.

freet adv. Always, constantly, and eternally.

निव्यदाग s. m. Daily alms.

নিৰ্দ্ৰেষ্ s. m. The constant loss of living beings. [in-

निवास adj. Always busy or engaged

দিশ্বধীৰণ sdj. Ever or always young.
বিশ্ববিদ্যায় s.m. A period when the perusal of the Vess is invariably prohibited, as the day of full moon, new moon, the eighth and foorteenth days of the half month.

निवानिया adj. Eternal and perishable permanent and temporary.

নিখবা ady. Clear (water whose impurity has subsided).

নিভাবো v. a. To pour; to purify water or other liquid by letting the feculent matter subside and pouring off the clear.

বিষাধা s. m. Apart, along metals from their sacrine

नियारिया s. m. One who extracts..

লিব্যুল s.m. An example or illustration; injunction, precept; authority, text.

লিবাঘৰাৰ s. m. The hot season, two months previous to the rains, about May and June.

নিহাল adv. At last, at length, lastly, after all, altogether. s.f. (In medicine) Knowledge of the symptoms of diseases (Disynosis).

निदिग्धिका s.f. A sort of prickly nightshade (Solanum jacquini).

निहर adj. Ordered, directed; advised enjoined; explained, pointed.

निहेंग s. m. Order, command, direction, instruction; the word of command.

निदेशी ady. Showing, directing, pointing out,

fazī s. f. Sleep, sleepiness, sloth.

निहायमाण adj. Sleeping, a sleep. निहास adj. Sleeping, sleepy, drowsy, slothful. s. f. A sort of perfume,

निदित adj. Sleepy, drowsy.

forwar adv. or adj. Without fear, fear-

লিখন adj. Poor.

নিখনদা s. f. poverty.

fivin ε.m. A Nidhi or divine treasure, belonging especially to Kuvar, the god of wealth; a receptacle, a place or vessel in or on which any thing is collected or deposited; place of cessation or rest; a place, house, mansion, abode, the subject in which any quality inheres.

Infu s. m. One of Kuver's divine treasures, nine of which are enumerated, viz. The Padma, Mahapadma, Sankha, Makara, Kachchhopa, Mukuada, Nanda, Nida and' Kharba their unture is not exactly defined, through some of them appear to be precious gems; according to the Tantrika system they are personified and worshipped as demigods; a receptable, a place of asylum or accumulation, as, a treasury, a granary, a nest, &c.; a treasure, any sum or quantity of wealth or valuables.

নিশহ } s. m. Sound in general.

निनावा s. m. A. bug.

fanta s. m. The thrush, aphthae.

নিক্ৰ adj. Reproachful, abusive, scurrilous, censorious, querulous. s. m. A calumniator, scorner. [ness.

निस्तारं s.f. Querulousness, censorious-निस्त adj. Abusing, blaming. s. m. Reproach, censure, blame.

লিখনা v. a. To vilify, defame, revile, reproach.

নিজা s. f. Censure, reproach, scorn, defamation, reproof, blame, abuse, reviling.

निन्दास s. f. Drowsiness.

निन्दासा वर्त्यु. Sleepy, drowsy.

विन्दास ति s. f. Irony, ironical praise,

বিদ্বে adj. Abused, reviled, reproved; low, despicable, worthy of being reviled. [hensible.

শিষা adj. Bad, vile, despicable, repre-শিষাৰ adj. Ninety-nine. Ninnanweh ken pher me parna, To le entirely absorbed in the acquisition of wealth, to be involved in difficulties.

निप s.m. Kadamba tree (Nauclea cadamba).

fauz adv. Very, exceedingly.

निपटना v. n. To terminate, to be finished. निपटाना v. a. To settle, decide, conclude, terminate,

নিবস্তার s. m. End, finishing. [&c. নিবস্তার s. m. Who finishes, terminates, নিম্মনৰ s. m. Falling.

निपतित ady. Fallen, fallen down.

fauts s.m. Reading, study of the sacred books, or public perusal of popular poems.

ing down, alighting; falling. coming down, alighting; irregularity (in grammer); a particle (in ditto).

नियान s.m. A trough or ditch near a well for watering cattle; any reservoir of water.

fagu adj. Clever, skilful, expert, conversant, eminent.

निप्ता adj. Childless, having no son. निवटेरा s. m. Determination.

निवड्ना v. n. To be accomplished, to be spent, to be ended.

ণিৰ্শ s. m. Epistasis suppression of urine or constipation; binding, confinement.

निवस adj. Weak.

निवलाई s. f. Weakness.

निवादन s. m. Ending, finishing, cessation, separation.

निवाद्या v. a. To keep one's engagements, &c.; to accomplish, to perform, manage; to spend to end; to separate.

দিবাৰত s. m. Prevention, hindering, forbidding, stopping.

निवारमा v. a. To forbid.

frank s. m. Accomplishment, performance, sufficiency, supply, maintenance; performing or keeping engagement, keeping, guarding.

निवासना v. a. To accomplish, achieve, perfect, perform; to protect, to guard, to take care of ; to keep one's faith; to behave, to afford; to conduct.

निवाक ady. Lasting, permanent, sufficient for one's purpose.

निवेश्वना v. a. To end, to put an end to, complete, perform, finish, spend.

निवेखा s. m. End, finishing.

निवेदन s. m. An address, a petition, representation to a superior.

निमना v. n. To serve, succeed, pass, live, last, to be accomplished, perfected, or performed.

निमाना v. a. To perform ; to guard ; to keep one's faith; to behave; to afford : to conduct.

निमकी ह. f. Pickled lemons.

निमकी ही s. f. The lerry of the Nim tree (Melia azad-dirachta).

fana adi. Stout, strong, tight, good. निसनाई s. f. Strength, stoutness.

तिसनाना v. a. To strengthen, to ameliorate.

निमाना adj. Simple, without guile : singular, unlike to all others, sheepish.

निस्ति s. m. A moment (of time), & twinkling of the eye.

বিদিন s. m. Cause, motive, instrumental cause ; for the sake of ; (met.) fortune.

the twinkling of an eye considered as a measure of time.

বিশালৰ s. m. Death, dying ; twinkling of the eye, shutting of the cyclids, winking.

निमेत्र s.m. Twinkling of the eye; a momentary space of time, the twinkling of the eye considered as a measure of time.

fan adj. Deep, profound (literally or figuratively), low (ground), stooping. निश्चता :. f. Depth, profundity.

ानक s. m. A tree (Melia azad-dirachta).

বিশ্বনৰ s. m. The Coral tree (Erythrina fulgens), it is considered as one of the trees of paradise.

निस्त s. m. The common lime (Citrus acida). [strained.

नियम adj. Self-governed, subdued, re-भियत्माना ady. Self-regulated, self-controlled or restrained.

नियसाहार adi. Absternious.

नियतेन्द्रिय adj. Of restrained or subdued passions.

नियमा s. m. A charioteer, a coachman; a ruler, governor, a master.

नियम s. m. Agreement, contract, engagement, assent, promise; any religious observance voluntarily practised, as fasting, watching, pilgrimage, praying, &c. ; a religious observance or obligation in general; rule, precept usage, practice.

नियमन s. m. Binding, restraining. cheek-नियमित adi. Regulated, prescribed. fout adv. Near.

नियमार्फ s. f. Nearness.

नियासक s. m. A. boatman, a sailor, a steersman; a pilot, a helmsman; a charioteer.

निनिष s. m. The twinkling of an eye ; | नियाय s. m. Justice, equity, right, de-

cision. Niyayah karna, To judge, to administer justice, to decide.

नियायन s. m. A. Judge.

नियायिक ह. m. A reasoner, arguer, logician, sophist.

नियायी इ. m. A distributor of justice ; a logician.

লিয়াৰ s. m. Forage, fodder, food of cattle.

नियारा adj. Apart, aloof, separate, distinct, different, extraordinary, uncommon. s. m. The secoria left after refining gold, silver, or other metals; from which a minute portion of those metals is obtainable. Niyareh adv. A part.

from their scotia. adj. Prudent cautious, not easily imposed on.

विश्वक adj. Engaged in, applying or attached to authorized, called, appointed.

नियुत्त adj. A million; ten hundred thousand. [gle.

নিহয় s. m. Close fight, personal strug-নিষান s. m. An order command; authority, appointment.

লিমীনী adj. Engaged in any pursuit, closely attached to it or engrossed by it; appointed, authorized, entrusted with authority, &c. s. m. A minister's deputy, an agent, &c.

লিয়ালন s. m. Ordering, commanding, directing.

नियोजित adj. Entrusted with, appointed to ; directed, ordered.

Fit adv. Negation, privation. prep.
Out, without (on the outside), without
(not having).

(In astronomy) The terrestrial equator.

निरस्टेग e. m. A first meridian, as Lanka or Ceylon, a place where the sunis alaways vertical, and the days and nights are equal; the equatorial region.

निरङ्गार } adj. Without form (the निरङ्गास } deity), incorporeal

factin adj. Unchecked, uncontrolled. self-willed. [see.

লিবজ্বলা v. a. To look ar, to view, to

নিংস্থা adj. Void of passion or emotion; unstained, unblackened, s. m. The Supreme Being.

तिरञ्जना s.f. The day of full moon,

निरतक s. m. A. dancer.

লিংকাৰ adj. or adv. Without interstices; without interval; continuous; uninterrupted, continual; incossantly, constantly.

সংক্রান্থাৰ s. m. Private study, reading to one's self the sacred works; diligent and uninterrupted pursuit, exercise, practice.

निरपराध } adj. Faultless, Hameless.

निर्भेच ady. Independent of, unconnected or unconcerned with; careless, indifferent, negligent; without purpose or hope.

निर्यंक्र adj. Vain, fruitless, unprofitable; unmeaning, insignificant, obsolete.

শিংম adj. Dry ; insipid, tasteless. s. m.
Insipidity, want of flavour or passion ; dryness ; want of juice.

निरस adj. Expelled ; abandoned, deserted, left.

शिरक adj. Without or destitude of arms, weapons, &c.

নিংহস্বাৰ adj. Humble, free from pride. নিৰ্ম adj. Mere, pure, only, unalloyed, single, simple. লিংকোৰে adj. Devoid of form or figure, incorporeal; the Divine Spirt, God. লিংকোন্ত্ৰী adj. Content, without desire, not coveting any thing.

fatigg adj. Without respect; of bad dispositions, disrespectful, un eremonious, unpolite, disrespected.

निराधार adj. Without support or prop. निराधद adj. Prosperous, fortunate.

निरामय s. m. The wild goat; a hog a boar.

निशामासु s. m. The wood apple. निरामिषी वर्तीं. Living without meat;

free from sensual desires.

निरायास adj. Not giving trouble, ready, easily attainable.

निराय भ adj. Unarmed, defenceless. निराजस adj. Not slothful, active.

fatimi adj. Apart, aloof, retirod, lonely, private; pure, mere, simple, unmixed, unalloyed; rare, strange, odd, extraordinary. Niraleh, or.

Niraleh men, Apart, in private. 所知 adj. Hopeless, despuiring; disappointed.

निराणिस adj. Without a blessing.

লিবালী s.f. Despair.

লিংশ্য adj. Without refuge, destitute. শিংশাৰ adj. Fasting through necessity or choice.

বিংলিয় udj. Imperfect, mutilated, বিশ্বৰ s. m. Looking at, regarding, seeing; expecting, hoping.

निरीचमाच adj. Looking at, regarding, hoping, expecting.

দিংীবিল adj. Seen, beheld, looked at; hoped, expected.

দিবীৰা s. f. Looking at, regarding; hope, expectation.

শিবীম s.m. The lody of a plough.

লিবল adj. Obscure, obsolete. s. m. One of the Vedangs or works considered as supplementary to and connected with the Veds, forming part of scriptural or sarred science; glossarial explanation of obscure terms, especially those occurring in the I'cds.

নিহালি s.f. The Vedang or portion on scriptural science, which explains obscure, and obsolete terms.

निक्सर adj. Non-plussed, without an answer.

निवयम adj. Unequalled, having no resemblance or likeness.

freq adj. Without form (the Deity) incorporeal.

निकाष s. m. Ascertaining, determining. निकाषित adj. Ascertained; appointed, deputed, directed to do any thing.

निरेक्टना v. a. To behold, to spy, to look out.

निरोग र adj. In high health and spi-निरोगी rits, healthy.

পিন্ম adj. Gone out or forth; expended, extinct, departed,

শিশীৰ adj. Inodorous, void of fragrance or smell. [tree.

निर्मेश्वपुर्यो s. f. The Simul or silk cotton. निर्मेश s. m. Going forth or out, exit.

ทิจุ๊ส adj. Void of all properties; had, worthless, unskilful, having ne good or estimable, qualities; unstrung, as a necklace. s. m. The Supreme Being, as being without passions orhuman qualities.

নিযুঁখল s. m. The state of being freefrom all qualities, an attribute, especially of the Supreme Being.

विश्वेष्टी s. f. A shrub (Viten negundo); the root of the lotus:

লিম্মত s. m. A vocabulary, an index. পিছিল adj. Not odious, not detestable.

निर्मा s. m. A kind of greens. (Corchorus capsularis).

শিক্ত adj. Simple, guileless.

নিসন adj. Without a person or individual, desert, uninhabited, lonely, unpeopled, unfrequented.

fast adj. Immortal, imperishable, undecaying. s. m. Ambrosia, the food of the gods.

গিন্দৰ adj. Dry, desert, without water, void of water. s. m. A desert, a waste.

বিলিন adj. Conquered, subdued, overcome: unconquered.

লিগাঁৰ adj. Lifeless, inanimate.

নির্মাধ adj. A cascade or torrent the precipitous descent of water from mountains. &c.

निर्भेष s.m. Certainty, positive conclusion; investigation; (in law) sentence, decision; (in logic) complete ascertainment.

দিখানি adj. Ascertained, determined; sentenced, decreed.

निते ह. m. Dance.

विश्वेना v. a. To dance; to jump about playfully.

निर्ताना To make dance; to make pure, to clean.

बिहें व dj. Unkind, unmerciful, unferça feeling, cruel, hard-hearted, feetal devoid of pity or charity, merciless.

निर्देषन s. m. Marking nut.

নিহ'ঘনী s. f. A sort of creeper, from the fibres of which bow-strings are made (Sanseviera zeylanica).

লিছিত adj. Described, depicted, pointed out, shown; ascertained, determined. লিছন m. Order, command; description; depicting, pointing out or exhibiting.

লিবীৰ (adj. Faultless, without de-লিবীৰী | feet or blemish.

দিহঁ adj. Not double; free from either of two alternatives, neither glad nor sorry, &c.; not acknowledging two principles.

निर्धन adj. Poor, indigent.

निर्धर्म adj. Impious, unrighteous, immoral, void of law or religion.

निर्धार) s. m. Certainty, ascertain-निर्धारण ment.

निर्धारत adj. Ascertained, determined.

নিন্ধ adj. Having no superior, master, protector, &c.

বিৰ্থিনা s. f. Being without a master; widowhood,

คีนั้น } adj. Helpless, friendless.

निपाल adj. Fruitless.

নিৰ্ম adj. Childless, without offspring; extinct (as a race or family).

fram adj. Friendless, without relations.

দিক্ত adj. Weak, feeble, powerless;
without strength.

निर्वेशना s. f. Wickness, feebleness, impotence, prostration of strength.

तिर्भेश adj. Powerless, enfeebled.

দিখিলী s. f. Zedoary (a spicy plant somewhat like ginger in its leaves, but of a sweet scent, Amonum zedoaria; Curcuma Zedoaria).

নিৰীজ adj. Without seed, childless; extinct (a race or family).

নিবু ৰ adj. Ignorant, unwise, void of understanding, senseless, irrational. নিব ৰ adj. Not to be understood, in-

comprehensible. โคจิร adj. Free from hatred or enmity. โคพิย adj. Fearless, undaunted.

fane ad, Sober, quiet, unintoxicated.

s. m. An elephant after the frontal juice has ceased to exude, one out of rut.

निभेनुष adj. Uninhabited, desolate.

निमंग adj. Disinterested, claiming or wishing for nothing.

विभीसल s. m. Disregarded of worldly interests or possessions.

निर्मेस adj. Clear, clean, free from dirt or impurities (literally or figuratively), pure, limpid, pellucid, transparent, spotless.

निर्मेलता s. f. Pureness, limpidness, pellucidness, clearness, transparency.

निर्मलल s. m. Purity, cleanness (physical or moral).

निर्मली s. f. A seed with which water is cleared (Strychnos potatorum).

निर्माण s. m. Manufacture, production, making; pith, marrow, essence.

নিদাৰ adj. Clear, clean. s. m. The remains of an offering presented to a good; purity, clearness, cleanness.
নিনি ব adj. Made: fabricated. artificial.

निर्म्स कर्युः. Made; fabricated, artificial. निर्म्स कर्युः. Baseless, unfounded; eradicated.

নিনীয়ী adj. Not fascinated; without affection, free from attachment, unkind.

निर्धेष s. m. Extract, decoction, infusion; any natural exudation of a plant, as gum, milk, extract, &c.

নিৰ্ভক্ত adj. Shameless, immodest, impndent.

নিবিন্ন adj. Unsmeared, unanointed; undefiled, uncontaminated (by passion, &c.), s. m. A name of Krishna.

দিছাঁদ } adj. Without covetousness, দিলাঁদা } not covetous, void of avarise, contented.

निवेन adj. Bare, open (a country). निर्शेष adj. Liberated from existence; dead, deceased. s. m. Eternal happiness, amancipation from matter, andre-union with the deity; it is especially employed in this sense by the Bouddhas and jyns, understanding by it perfect and perpetual calm.

निवात adj. Calm, still, not windy, having ceased to blow. s. m. A calm.

দিবাঁছ s. m. Accomplishment, completion, an end; carrying on, supporting, maintaining; providing means; sufficiency, adequancy. [uniform. frigure adj. Unchanged, unaltered, friguradj. Unobstructed. s. m. Absence of obstruction or impediment, adv.

निविकात s. f. A river that rises in the Vindhyo mountains.

Freely, unobstructedly.

নিষ্টিৰ adj. Foolish, undiscriminating. নিৰিমী s. f. A plant (Curcuma zedosria). নিৰীম adj. Seedless; impotent.

निर्विष्य adj. Tame, feeble, spiritless ; impotent.

নিয় ন adj. Ended, terminated; happy, content; emancipated; free from occupation or interest.

Fig. fq s. f. Final emancipation from existence; death; happiness; rest, repose, tranquillity; ceasing or abstaining from; completion, accomplishment, conclusion.

निवेद adj. Not having the Veds, infidel, unscriptural.

निर्देश adj. Friendly, without enmity. निवरा s. f. A virgin, a girl unmarried. निवान adj. Low (ground).

লিবালা v. a. To bend downwards, to bow; to cause to submit to, to cause to stoop; to double, to fold.

frant s. m. Hindering, opposition, impediment. s.f. Tape (of a coarse kind).

Niwarbaf, A tape weaver.



বিষয়ে s. m. Hindering, opposing, an impediment.

fraction of to prevent, to hinder, to prohibit. [posed.

লিগাবিল adj. Hindered, checked, op-লিখাবী s.f. A flower, a sort of jasmine. বিশালা v. a. To bend downwards, to bow; to cause to submit to, to cause

to stoop; to double, to old. विश्वास s. m. A. house, a dwelling, a

পিন্ত s. m. A house, a dwelling, residence.

নিৰাধী s. m. adj. Dwelling, abiding প্ৰাণিধী s. f. in, inhabiting. s. m.

নিত্তলি s.f. Final emancipation from existence; rest, repose, tranquillity. নিবইন s.m. An address, a potition, representation to a superior.

fan s. f. Night.

fant adj. Fearless, free from doubt or suspicion, adv. Boldly.

निका s. f. Night.

निश्वाकर है s. m. The moon.

fames adj. Nocturnal, night-walking, what goes or moves about by night. s. m. A Rákshos, a fiend, an imp or goblin, a demon; a robber, a thief; a nocturnal animal, an animal that watches and feeds by night.

নিয়াম্বী s. f. A woman who goes to an assignation, a harlot, a whore; a she-devil, a female fiend; a sort of perfume.

ৰিমাল adj. Quiet, tranquil, patient. s. m. A house, a dwelling; the end of the night, or break of day.

निमाननारी s. f. A female, a house-wife. निमास adj. Blind at night.

পিআপুৰ্য s. m. The white water-lily, জিলিপুৰা s. f. A flower (Nyctanthes tristis). ৰিমীম s. m. Midnight; night.

ৰিমীলা adj. Intoxicating, inchrient. বিমীল s. m. A crane (Ardea nivea).

নিষ্ম s. m. Certainty, ascertainment, positive conclusion; trust, belief, faith. adj. Actual, real, ascertained, certain, sure, indubitable. adv. Cer-

ৰিষাং s. m. A prowler.

নিখারে s. f. Prowling, Nischarai karna, To prowl.

নিম্বর adj. Immorable, still, fixed.

tainly, actually, indubitably,

নিষভা s. f. The earth, নিষভাস্ক s. m. A kind of crane (A thea nivea); a mountain, a rock.

লিখিন adj. Certain, ascertained, determined, concluded, s. m. Certainty, conclusion.

নিষ্ম adj. Thoughtless, inconsiderate, void of reflection; free from thought, anxiety, or care, unconcerned, careless, at leisure. Nischints kona, To be at leisure, to be disengaged, to have finished.

নিষ্কাৰ s. m. A sort of tooth powder prepared of sulphate of iron, &c, it destroys the tartar, but blackens the teeth.

লিখত adj. Powerless, helpless; incapable of effort.

fafes adj. Without flaw or defect; without vent, having no holes or rent.

निम्चास s. m. Breath expired, treathing out, expiration.

inage s. m. Union, meeting, association.
fage s. m. The name of a mountain or
mountanous range, forming one of
the principal ranges of the universe,
and described as lying immediately
south of Habrat, and north of the
Himaloga range; a country in the

south east division of India; the sovereign of Nishadh.

বিষয়ত্ব s. m. A sort of potherb (Narsilea dentata).

faute s. m. The first of the seven musical notes, or more properly the last and highest of the scale; a man of a degraded tribe, or an outcast, especially the son of a Bráhman by a Sudra woman.

निविद्व adj. Prohibited, forbidden.

निवेच s. f. Prohibition, forbid-निवेध s. m. dance.

िविक इ. m. The ceremony performed upon impregnation taking place.

নিষ্ম s. m. Prohibition, negation. দিক্ষায়ক adj. Without thorns: free

from trouble. [lista).

নিজ্জত s.m. A plant (Capparis trifo-নিজ্জত adj. Without fraud or deceit, open, artless, honest, sincere.

নিক্ষণ s. m. Certainty, ascertainment. নিক্ষান adj. Free from wish or desire. adv. Unwillingly.

পিজাৰে adj. Causeless, groundless. শিক্ষাৰ s. m. Going forth or out; taking a child for the first time out of the house in the fourth month, considered as an essential ceremony, and accompanied by sacrifice &c.

ৰিয়া s. f. Confirmation ; faith, belief.

निष्ठान s. m. Sauce, condiment.

fage adj. Harsh, contumelious (as speech); hard, solid.

নিছ্বনা s. f. Hardness of speech, reviling, abuse.

নিথানি s. f. Completion, conclusion, termination, consummation.

নিম্ম adj. Done, finished, concluded, completed.

निषराक्रम Weak, destitude of power. निषादन इ. m. Doing, effecting, accomplishing; concluding; producing, causing, engendering.

নিমাহিন adj. Done, effected, made, produced.

निषाप वर्गाः Sinless, innocent.

नियान adj. Sonless.

निष्कष s. m. A cunuch or impotent man; a coward.

निष्योजन adj. Causeless, groundless.

figs adj. Content, not envying any person, nor coveting any thing; exempt from desires.

নিক্ষল adj. Barren, unfruitful; seedless, impotent,

নিক্ষণা } s. f. A woman past childresed bearing, one in whom menstruction has ceased.

निस s. f. Night.

frag adj. Fearless, free from doubt or suspicion. adv. Boldly.

faurz adv. Without trouble or difficulty; with case.

নিম্প্রীয় adj. Without contracting; without shame or reserve.

निसंबर s. m. A night-prowler.

निषयार्थे s. f. Night-prowling. Nisacharai karna, To prowl at night.

নিয়নাই s. f. Solidity. নিয়নিষ adj. Solid, tight, not leaky.

निसरना v. n. To issue, to go forth, to come out.

निसास s. m. Breath.

निसि s. f. Night.

निसम् s. m. A shrub (Vitex negundo). निसनी । s. f. A wooden ladder. a

निसना (s. j. A wooden ladder, a

নিক্ষায়ত adj. Without fraud or deceit, open, artless, honest, sincere.

निसार s. m. Release, acquittal, salva- . tion, final liberation, beatitude.

নিৰাৰো v. a. To release, acquit; to beatify or exempt the soul from furthe transmigration.

निसादरीज s. m. The cause of final liberation, faith in any deity, &c.

निसास s. m. Definitive settlement, decision, decree, adjustment; blessing.

বিদ্বাসৰ adj. Dull, obscure; dull, spiritless; powerless, impotent.

निसीच s. m. Definitive, settlement, decision, decree, adjustment.

निस्पन्द adj. Still, steady, immoveable.

নিক্ত adj. Content, unenvious. অদিতা s. f. A plant (Gloriosa superba).

निसन्दे क ady. Free from doubt, undoubted. Undoubtedly.

fatare s. m. Breath, aspiration,

FREW adj. Naked; free from care.
Nihun larla, A careless child or person.

निष्णे s. m. Certainty, ascertainment.

farit s. f. An anvil.

farran s. f. An iguana, or the Gange-tic alligator.

किए। में s. f. The menses.

निशास्त्रा v. a. To look at, to regard, to watch, to look after, to spy, to see.

দিয়াল adj. Exalted, pleased, happy.

विषुरता v.'n. To condescend, to incline or bend downward, decline, to stoop, to bow, to lean.

fuggrant v. a. To cause to crook, to bend, to bow.

বিয়ন্ত্ৰা v. h. To lend downwards, to bow down, to incline, to stoop.

from s. m. Favour, obligation, kindness; begging, requesting humbly, coaxing.

শিক্ষি adj. Thrown or sent away.
• শিক্ষ s. m. Throwing, sending, putting away.

नींद s. f. Sleep. Nind uchat hona, To be unable to sleep, or to have sleep broken. Nind bhar sona, To sleep sound, to be at ease.

नींदना v. a. To deny; to blame, to censure. v. n. To sleep. नींदू s. m. Sleeper.

नींब s. m. Lemon, lime.

नीका } adj. Good, beautiful, clegant;

नोष adj. Low (in stature), short, dwarfish; low (in condition), vile, base, mean, vulgar. Nich-unch, s. f. Inequality; the ups and downs of life.

equanty; the ups and downs or me, and J. Below, down, low. Nichamacha, Up and down, uneren ground, abrupt. Nichamacha suronseh bolna, To sing with a low voice, or hum a tune,

नीचाई ८. ∫. Lowness.

দীৰ্ঘ adv. Below, beneath, under, down. Nicheh upar, Upside, down. Niche jana, To descend, to submit, to subside, to succumb.

नीति s.f. Polity, political science, treating especially of the administration of government, including the practice of morality in private life, hoth by the sovereign and his subjects.

नीतिकथा s.f. Any work on polity or good government.

नीतिष s. m. A statesman, a politician. नीतिमत adj. Moral, eminent for royal duties.

नीतिविद्या s. f. Political science.

क्षोतिमास s. m. The science of political ethics, or any work treating of it.

नीह *इ. f.* Bleep.

নীৰ s.m. The Kadamba tree (Nauclea kadamba); a species of Ixora (I. bandhuca); a sort of Asoca or Nil Asoka. मी ब s. m. Lemon, lime.

नी स s. m. A tree (Melia azal-dirachta), the margosa tree.

नीमन adj. Strong; well-finished; solid. नीमावन् s.f. System of the followers of Nimananda, a Hindu mendicant.

भीर s. m. Water.

श्रीरज adj. Aquatic, s.m. A sort of Costus (C. speciosus); a lotus in general; an otter.

नीरजस adj. Having no pollen (as a hower). s.f. A woman not menstructing.

नोरण adj. Fruitless, profitless, vain. नोरस adj. Dry, withered, insipid, devoid of taste, &c., morally or physically; tasteless, unpleasant.

मीरोग adj. Healthy, free from sickness. नीरोगता s.f. Health.

नोज adj. Blue, dark, blue or black. नीस s. m. Indigo, blue (Indigofera tinctoria), the river Nile, the blue mountains, one of the principal ranges of mountains, dividing the world into nine portions, and lying immediately north of Pavrat or the central division; one of the divine treasures of Kuver ; a gem (the sapphire; the blue or hill Myna, a bird so called ; blue vitriol. Nil ka math bigarna, (lit.) A vat of indigo being spoiled, is used (met.) To express the persecutions of fortune : and on hearing something very wonderful and incredible. The phrase is said to originale from a notion entertained by duers, that when their due, through any accident, has been spotted, it may be restored by telling some mirraculous story).

भीतम adj. Blue (stained or dyed blue).

yanıt, a we use the letters, a, b, x, y, in algebra.

results s.m. A bird (Coracies bengalensis); a name of Mahadeo; (he is called by this name because his throat was stained blue by swallowing the poison produced by overchurning the ocean, with the mountain Mandar, by the Surs and Usurs, to procure the Amirital; a gallinule; a sparrow; a wagtail; a peacock; Morunga (Hypheranthera morungs); a blue jny.

नीलकाखाच s.m. The Elavourpas seed. नीलकासल s.m. The blue lotus.

নীবন্ধ হ'ল s.m. Blue Barleria (B. covulca). [Leron, নীবনাম s.m. A sort of curlew or finance s.f. An animal (known by the name of Lil-rai and Roih), the

name of Lil-gai and Rojh), the whitefooted antelope of Pennant and Antilope picts of Pallac.

नीलम s. m. Blue steel.

नील भिष्टी s. f. Blue barleria.

नोलपम s. m. The blue lotus (Nymphæa cærulea). [of indigo.

नीलपाचन s.m. Steeping or maceration नीलपाचनमाख s.m. Au indigo vat.

नीलिपक्ट s. m. A falcon.

नीलपुषिका s.f. The indigo plant.

नीलपृष्ठ s. m. A sort of fish, the Robi (Cyprinus denticulatus).

कोलवड़ों s. f. A lump of indigo.

नीजम } s. m. A gem of a blue colour, नीजनणि } the sapphire.

नीलचित्तका ह. f. Iron pyrites; black mould. [ment.

मोलव्य € s. m. Black or dark blue rai-मोललीइ s. m. Blue steel.

नीललीपित *वर्गु*. Purple, of a purple colour. s. m. A mixture of red and blue, purple.

नीलवर्ष aly. Blue, of a blue colour.

नीसा adj. Blue, dark blue or black. Nils-pils, Black and blue. Nils thoths, Blue, yitriol.

नीकाई s.f. Blueness.

नीसाइ s. m. The Indian crane; the blue jay.

जीलाञ्चन s. m. Blue vitriol.

नीकाम s.m. Auction.

नीलाजर adj. Dressed in dark blue cloth, s. m. Black or dark blue rai-

নীলামাণ্s. m. A blue stone, a sapphire, নীলিকা s f. A plant (Nyctanthes tristis), a species with blue flowers; the indigo plant.

बोलोनो s. f. Indigo (Indigofera tinctoria.) [lazuli].

नीकोपल s.m. A blue stone (Lapis

नोसरना v. n. To issue, to go forth, to come out. [dew.

নাছাৰ s.m. Frost, hoar frost; heavy বৃষ্ঠ s.m. Nail, (of the finger, gc.); talon."Nuha lena, To trip, to stumble. বৃষ্টা s.m. A scratch with the nail or

नतम adj. New, recent, fresh, young, &c. नतम s. m. Newness, novelty.

बंद s. m. The mulberry tree (Morus Indica).

न्धा s. m. A sort. of tobacco.

निवा s. f. A sort of greens, purslain (Portulaca oloracea).

ngers. m. A ring hollowed, about a finger and half in breadth, used as an ornament for the nukles and toes. (In it are bits of copper or iron, of the size of a vetch, which cause it to sound like a number of small bells, when the wearer walks).

दित s. f. Dancing, the science or practice.

বনু s. m. A dancer, a mimic, an actor. কুল s. m. Dancing, acting the actor's practice in general.

कृदेव s. m. A king.

ज्यको s. m. Manly property or duty.

हप } s.m., A king, a sovereign.

नृपनीति s. f. Royal policy.

चपद्रम s. m. A tree (Cassia fistulu).

हपप्रिय s. m. A thorny species of bamboo (Bambusa spinosa).

रपांस s. m. Revenue, the royal portion; of grain, a sixth, eight or twelfth; of fruits, &c., a sixth; and of merchandize, a fiftieth.

चुत्राभीर s. m. Music played at the royal meals.

चपासय s. m. Consumption.

द्यावर्षे ६. m. A kind of gem.

हपासन s. m. A throne.

ह्योचित adj. Kingly, princely, suited to a king.

earns s. m. The mythological boar, incarnation of Vishnu.

Tiv s. m. The fourth Avatar, or supposed descent of Vishnu, in the shape of a man, with the head and claws of a lion; a noble, a great or illustrious man.

A particle affixed to the name of the agent with a transitive verb in a past tense.

नेजन s. m. Butter.

नेक } adj. A little, little.

नेत s.f. Presents at marriage and on other festive occasions made to relations and to particular servants, and considered by them as perquisites which they are entitled to. मगी जोगी adj. Tenants and dependents, to whom it is customary to give the nea.

नेटा s. m. Snot, snivel.

नेती s. f. A cord used to whirl round the churn-staff with.

नेव s. m. The eye; the string of a churning rope.

नेविपिख s. m. The hall of the eve.

नेतरखन s. m. Collyrium.

नेवरीग s. m. Any disease of the eye.

नेवलीत s. m. A prisoner.

नेवास्त्र s.m. A tear.

नेत्रीत्सन s. m. Any pleasing or beautiful object.

नेबीयभ s. m. A Green sulphate of iron considered as a collyrium; collyrium in general.

नेबीषधी s. f. A drug. नेदिष्ट s. m. A. tree (Alangim hexape-

नेपास n. prop. The country of Nepal. नेपालिका 8. f. Arsenic.

[talum).

Aux s. m. An ornament for the toes and feet, or worn on the ankles.

नेस s. m. Vow, compact, agreement; any religious observance voluntarily practised; piety.

नेनधर्म s. m. Abstinence, good conduct. नेभिषक n. prop. A prince descended from Parikshit, who is said to have removed the capital of India to Kousambi, after the inundation of Hastinápur.

नेनी adj. Conscientions, abstemions. continent, chaste. s. f. A tree (Dalbergio Oujeinensis).

नेदचा s. m. Straw.

adv. Near, beside.

नेद s. f. The foundation (of a house &c.). Neo dains. To lay the foundation.

नेवची s. f. Name of a flower.

नेन्तना v. · a. To invite.

नेवता s. m. An invitation, or the presents sent along with an invitationto the person invited, or made by a guest.

नेवताचा v. a. Te invite.

नेवना v. n. To stoop, to bow.

नेवर & s. f. A sore in the feet of a नेवल Inorse.

नेतला है s. m. A. weasel, a ferret, a नेवामा & mongoose (Vivera mungo.).

नेवाना v. a. To bend. नेवार *s. f.* Tape.

नेवारमा v. a. To shut out, to exclude.

नेड s. f. Affection, kindness, love, friendship; oil,

नेडी s. m. A friend.

नेश्वत s. m. The ruler of the south-west quarter.

नैकासी s. f. The south-west quarter.

नैक adj. Many, various. नैकटा s. m. Proximity, vicinage.

नैकभेद adj. Various, multiform, manifold. नैकदप adj. Multiform.

नेवम s.m. An Upanished or portion of the Veds.

नैज adi. Own.

नैजाना v. n. To stoop.

s. m. The eve.

नैनस्ख s, m. Name of a flower.

नैन s. m. A tether.

नेपास adj. Produced in Nepal or नेपाची s.f. Double jasmine; red arsenic;

Sephalica (Nyctanthes tristis). बेवुच s. m. Dexterity, cleverness, skill.

नेपुष्प s. m. Dexterity, cleverness.

नैनियारका ८, m. 🗬 wood celebrated as the residence of the Rishis, to whom Souti related the Mahabharat.

नैयानिक adj. According or rule, regular, enjoined.

नेपा s. m. A boatman, a ferryman.

नेवाधिक s.m. A logician, a fellower if the Nyayah or logical philosophy.

नेराझ s. m. Despair.

नेरिन s. m. The ruler of the south-west

नेरिती s. f. The south-west quarter.

গ্ৰহম adj. Obsolete, uncommon, belonging to the glossary of the Veds.

नेतृष s. m. Absence of qualities or pronerties,

नेम जा s. m. Cleanness, purity.

দীব্য s. m. An offering of eatable articles presented to a god, which may afterwards be distributed to his ministers or worshippers, especially when it has been presented to any form of Vishns.

नेहर s.f. A wife's mother's family.

नीकभीक s. f. Pulling and hauling. जीव s. m. A pinch, a scratch.

बीचना v. a. To pinch, to gripe, to scratch, to claw.

कीन s. m. Salt.

नोना v. a. To tie the feet of a cow when milking. s. m. A kind of custard apple (Annona reticulata).

नीनापानी s.m. Salt water, brine; sea water.

नीनिया s. m. Purslain (Portulaca oleracea); a maker of or dealer in salt, a salt-petre manufacturer.

बोमो s. f. Efflorescence of salt on a will. नी adj. New, young, fresh, raw, newly, बोकर s. m. A servant.

পীশ্ববী s. f. Service, attendance.

जीका s. f. A boat.

শীৰভ s. m. The nine climes or divisions of the earth; they are usually denominated the nine dwips (islands), or Varshas (countries), which constitute Jambu dwip the centrical portion of the world, or the known world.

नीगरो s.f. An ornament for females worn on the wrist.

नौबन्दी a.lj. Relating to the new moon. नौबी s. f. A young girl kept by a bawd. नौहाबर s. m. A propitiatory offering, sacrifice, victim.

नौजीवना s. f. Just grown up to puberty (a girl).

नौदना v. n. To bend; to incline downwarhs; to be obedient, to stoop.

नोढ़ाना v. a. To bow, to bend.

नीतना v. a. To invite.

नीता s. m. A portico ; invitation. adj. Stooping.

नीभ s. m. A young plant or fresh shoot or branch of a plant.

नीना v. n To bend down, to bow, to incline downwards; to submit to be obedient, to stoop.

Adjust s. m. A feast given in the ninth month of pregnancy.

बोमी s.f. The ninth day of a lunar fortnight. भीरत s. m. Nine precious gems, or a

pearl, ruby, topaz, diamond, emerald, lapis, lazuli, coral, sapphire, and one called Gomed; the nine men of letters at the court of Vikromaditysh, or Dhantwantari, Kshapsnak, Amsr Singh, Sanku, Vetalbhatt, Ghatkarpar, Kalidas, Varahamilir, and Vararachi, s. f. An ornament wern on the arm and wrist and consisting

of nine different gems. की बारी adj. Tender, soft.

नीविश्व s. m. A novice, a student. नीवादर s. m. Sal ammoniac.

ware s. m. Comtempt, disrespect.

भगीभ s.m. The Indian fig tree (Ficus Indica).

মধীধী s. f. A plant (Salvinio cucullata),
আম adj. Deposited, consigned, delivered.
আম as. m. Propriety, fitness; the Nyayah doctrine, logic, logical philosophy; policy, good government;
justice, equity, reason, argument, disputation, sophistry. Nyayah shastra,
s. m. Logic. Nyayah karna, To administer justice, to decide.

षायक s. m. A indge.

न्यायता s.f. Fitness, propriety.

न्यायाचार s. m. A virtuous man.

भाषाभार s. m. An example of virtue or propriety.

च्यायिक s. m. A reasoner, arguer. logician, sophist.

चायिन adj. Right, fit ; logical.

चायी s.m. A distributor of justice ; a logician.

चाच adj. Right, proper, fit,

MIX s.m. Forage, fodder, food of cattle.

MIX adj. Apart, aloof separate, distinct, different, extraordinary, uncommon. s.m. The scoria left after refining gold, 'silver, or other metals, from which a minute portion of those metals is obtainable. Nyareh, adv. Apart.

न्यारिया s. m. One who extracts metals from their scoria. adj. Prudent, cautious, not easily imposed on.

ন্দাৰ s. m. Justice, equity, right, decision. Nyao karna, To judge; to administer justice, to decide.

ब्यूष adj. Blameable, vile, wicked, despicable; less; deficient, defective. खन्नता s.f. Deficiency, inferiority.

राजाक adj. Maimed, mutilated, imperfect.

जारिक ad. Unequal, more or less.

स्नेन्द्रिय adj. Imperfect, wanting some organ; as blind, deaf, &c.

खोसना v. a. To invite.

শীবা s. m. An invitation, or the presents sent along with an invitation to the person invited, or made by a guest.

न्योताना v. a. To invite.

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The twenty first consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to the letter p.

पंपात्रा v. a. To cause to flourish, to promote the prosperity of another, to refresh.

unt s. m. A plant (Cassia obtusifolia); a tribe of Rajputs.

पंतारा s. m. A story, tale, fable.

पंपारिया s. m. A bird, a storyteller. पंपारी s. f. A betel-garden.

पक्छ s. f. The act of seizing, seizure, capture, catch, hold; objection, difficulty.

पकड़िना v. s. To catch, lay hold of, seize, apprehend, take, capture, gripe, handle; to object.

seized, or laid hold of; to deliver over, to give in charge, to land.

unnio. n. To le dressed or cooked, to ripen; to suppurate (as an inflammation, boil, &c.); to turn grey (hairs). Paka pakaya, Ready cooked.

पद्भवा s m. A sore between the toes produced by moisture.

पकार s. f. Price paid for cooking. पकारत s. m. Sweetmeats, victuals fried in butter or oil.

বন্ধবাৰা v. a. To cause to be dressed or cooked, to cause to ripen. qui adi. Ripe, mature, matured : boiled, dressed (opposite to raw), cooked, baked (as bricks), made of brick; cunning, knowing, instructed, firm, strong, proved, expert.

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पदार 8. f. Ripeness.

until v. a. To ripen, to dress victuals, to cook, to bake,

पद्मान s. m. Suppuration.

पकीषा है, ग्र A kind of dish made of पका हो ड. f. pease-meal. पक्रीडी श. /.

um adj. Ripe, mature, matured; boiled, dressed (opposite to raw), cooked, baked (as bricks), made of brick; cunning, knowing, instructed, firm, strong, proved, expert. Pakka karna, To establish a claim, agreement, or proposition, so that no doubt or subject of dispute can remain ; to build with bricks.

पश्चित्र s. m. Inflammation of the bowels, cholic.

पक adj. Mature, dressed, cooked, matured, by nature or by art; fully matured, on the eve of rottenness or decay : perfect, come to perfection; able, shrewd, experienced, mature (as the understanding) grey (the hair); disgested.

TEST s. m. The Nimb tree, the leaves of which are applied to phlegmonoid swellings to induce suppuration.

पहात s. m. Dressed food,

पक्षाम् s. m. The abdomen, the stomach. पच s. m. The half of a lunar month or fortnight, comprising fifteen days : a partisan; a friend; a side, a fargument. flank.

प्रचला s. f. The taking up a side or प्रमार s. m. A partisan.

unus s. m. Adopting a side or an

argument whether right or wrong, partisanship; a partisan, an adherent, who or what sides with.

प्रवासिश s.f. Adherence, friendship, [adherent. fellowship.

पचपाती s. m. A partisan, a friend, an प्रचापात s. m. Palsy, hemiplegia.

पश्चिषी ८ /. रे A bird. पची ह. ण.

प्रियान 8. m. King of the birds, usually applied to Garur.

पचित्राचा s.f. A nest, an aviary.

पद्ध s. m. A period of fifteen days, a fortnight; two; side, party, assistance, protection.

und s. f. A petel or flower-leaf.

पद्धरीटा s. m. A bit of gold or silver leaf covering a bira or mouthful of betel.

s. m. A stone. पस्रामा

प्यार्गा v. a. To wash.

पद्माल s, f. A large leather bag for holding water, generally carried on bulbrel locks, a water-bag.

पश्चावज s.f. A kind of drum, a tim-पसावती s. m. One who beats the Pakha-waj, a drummer.

पखेद s.m. A bird.

पक्षेस s. m. Mark, stamp.

पद्धी डा s. m. The shoulder-blade.

un s. m. The foot. Pag pat tar bajna, To beat time with the foot.

पगडखो s.f. A. by-path, by-way, footpath, track. Pag-dande lena, To track, to trace.

प्राप्ती s. f. A turband, Pagri atakna, To be obstinate, to persist or persevere. Pagri chhapatna, To practise deceit, to act treacherously.

.पनइच्छी s.f. A by-path, by-way, footpath, track, Pag-dandi lena To track, पंगचारमा v. n. To travel, to go, to leave,

पगमा v. n. To be dipped in or covered with syrup; (met.) to be in love.

पगला adj. Foolish.

uni s.m. A rope fastened round
unvi the neck of a bullock, a
tether.

पगार s. m. Mud kneaded or prepared for building walls or plastering.

चित्राह, f. A. turban.

यगै s. f. An enamoured female.

प्य 8. m. Leg.

प्रयुधारना v. To proceed. [cud.

पद्राज्ञा v. n. To raminate, to chew the पर s. m. Mud, mire, clay.

पक्को र s. m. A lapwing.

বহুৰ্দ্ধ s. m. A small fish (Macroynathus Pancalus). [monster, বহুৰাছ s. m. The Makar, a marine

पहुन s. m. A lotus.

परभा s. m. One of the divisions of hell. परभा s. f. A hell, the hell of mud or mire.

पश्चाम s. m. A crab.

पश्चिति s.f. A cockle.

पहार s. m. An aquatie plant (Vallisneria ; also, Trapa bispinosa).

पञ्चलना adj. To be melted.

पंचनाना adj. Dissolve, melt.

वधा s. m. A rope fastened around the or foot of a bullock.

पश्चित्रज्ञा To be melted.

The Indian crane,

with s.f. A line, a row, or range; a sort of metre, a stanza of four lines, each line consisting of ten syllables.

पद्ध s. m. A feather, a wing, पद्ध s. f. A petal, a flower leaf.

use s. m. A fan.

पश्चिम s.f. A small fan. s. m. A kind of mendicant, who fans every body; a wicked man.

परी : f. A small fan ; a bird ; a kind of woolleh cloth which comes from the hilly countries.

पद्भत s.f. A row or line.

पहुँचा के adj. Bandy-legged, a cripple.
प्रमुख s. m. A fish (Sidarus sagittalus).
प्रमुख dj. Lame, crippled, halt, one who
has lost his legs, &c.; cripple.

पक्रता s. m. Deformity, mutilation.

पद्भाल s. m. A horse of a glossy or silvery white colour.

पस्था ady. Consisting of five parts or divisions (a house, &c.).

पब्सा s.f. Six days from Shrawan to Revti, on which several kinds of work are unlawful.

प्रविश्वाह. m. A kind of cloth.

पचन adj. What cooks or matures, &c. पच्ना v. n. To be digested ; to rot; to be consumed; to take pains, -to labour.

पब्पद् s, m. The noise made by walking in damp places. [ed.

पचनग v. To be squeezed, to be shrivell-

पचडचर s.m. An osprey.

प्रकृत } To make conversation a kind

पचना v. To be digested.

प्रविद्यान v. n. To be damp, to be wet; to sweat.

प्रमुख ady. Fifty-five.

प्रमह्मा adj. Of five stories (a house). प्रमेख adj. Mixed, confused.

च बाल बा s. f. A species of Curcuma (C. Zanthorhizon). [देत.).

पणलका adj. Of five strings (a necklace, पणलकी s. f. A necklace consisting of five rows or strings.

पचलोगा s. m. A medicine composed of five kinds of salt.

षदा adj. Rotten, digested.

यवाडालमा v. a. To digest, to rot, to ferment.

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पचान्वे adj. Ninety-five.

मचाना v. a. To digest, to cause to rot, to rot, to ferment.

पचाव s.m. Digestion.

पंचास adj. Fifty.

पचासी adj. Eighty-five.

पचि s. f. Adherent sticking.

पचीस adj. Twenty-five,

पत्रीक्षी s. f. A game played with cowries instead of dice, and so named from the highest throw, which is twenty five.

पच्चा ३. m. A squirt, a syringe.

पचीतरा s. m. A duty of five per cent. on merchandize.

पचीनी 8. f. B. wels.

पचीनी s. f. The stomach.

unt s.f. A wedge. Pachchar marna, To tease, to harass, to distress.

usi adj. Adherent, sticking, joined; (met. in music) in unison. Pachchi hons, To be stuck together as with glue; to be in unison; to be strongly attached by love.

पत्रीकारी s.f. Mosaic; patching or darning of damaged cloth,

www s. m. Wings, the half of a lunar month particularly,

पक्षात A kind of disease.

पच्छवाती

पञ्चपात } The adopting a side or argument particularly.

पंचित्र है है. m. The west.

vourer, an advocate, a patron; a bird.

Pachhar jana, v. n. To be overcome.

पद्धनाव s. m. Regret, remorse.

पक्ताना v. n. To regret, repent, rue, grieve.

पद्धताज s. m. Regret, penitence, contrition, concern, compunction, grief, sorrow, remorse.

पद्चार adj. Seventy-five.

पळ्ना s. m. The act of sacrifying (tattooing); inoculation; sacrificator (name of an instrument).

पक्रनी s. f. Sacrifying (tattooing).

पद्धा s. f. The westerly wind.

पद्ध ही s. f. The shadow, and the inhabitant of west.

पकां हं s. m. The west.

पহাস্থ s. f. A fall or throwing down; the act of winnowing. Pachhar khana, To fall down, to suffer pain.

पक्षाक्ता v. a. To throw down, to abase, to conquer.

पश्चिमाना To go behind.

पक्कियाव s. f. A westerly wind.

पक्षोड़ना v. a. To winnow with a basket used for this purpose.

पंत्रीरी A kind of medicine composed of sugar.

पजीव s. f. An ornament for the feet.

पनीड़ा adj. Low, mean, shabby.

पच adj. Five. s. m. A conneil, an assembly, a meeting, a company; arbitrators.

uss adj. Five or relating to five, made of five, bought with five, &c. s. m. Any collection or aggregate of five, a five.

पश्चर्ष s. m. Five actions of the body, vomiting, exacutation by Heeding or by stool, diseased excretion by freces oo purging, and blowing the nose.

पश्चकील s. m. The aggregate of five spices, long-pepper, its root Chai or

ginger.

पञ्चकीषा s. m. pl. The five sheathes supposed to invest the soul, or the Unnamayah kosh that supported by food, the gross form; the Pranamayah kosh, the organs of action; the Mano mayah kosh, the organs of perception, with the manas or mind; the Vijnanah-mayah, the same with the Buddhi or intellect; and the Ananda-mayah, consisting of elements of identity and divine wisdom

पश्चकी s. f. A water-mill.

पश्चका adj. Consisting of five floors, stories, or appartments (a house &c.). प्रसाच s. m. Five articles derived from the cow : milk, curds, clarified butter, cow's urine, and cow-dung. पचगुण adj. Pive times, five-fold,

पंचतन s. m. The five elements collectively : (in the Tantras) the five essentials of certain rites : or wine, meat, fish, sexual intercourse, and mystic gesticulation.

प्यतपा s. m. An ascetic, who in the hot weather, sits amongst four fires. and has the sun for the fifth.

पचना s. f. Death, dying. i. e. the separation of the five elements of whose aggregate the body consists.

पश्रतीर्थी s. f. Any five principal places of pilgrimage, especially Visranti, Soukar, Nymish, Prayag, and Pushkar; bathing on the day of the Equinox.

u sa s. m. Death.

usur adv. In five ways, five-fold.

प्रज्ञ s. m. An elephant ; a tortoise ; a tiger; any animal having five toes or claws.

Piper Chavya, Plumbago, and dry | 48me s. m. The Panjah or country of five rivers, viz. the Yamuna, Salas dru, Vepasa, Chandrabhaga, and Vitastha.

पश्चपञ्चक्य s. m. Five kinds of animal allowed to be killed and eaten, the hare, porcupine, alligator, rhinoceros, and tortoise.

पश्चपची 8. f. A small shrub.

usums s. m. The aggregate of five sprouts, viz. of the spondias, roseapple, Bel or marmelos, citron, and wood-apple.

पश्चपात्र s. m. Five plates collectively; a Sraddha in which offerings are made in five vessels.

पश्चिपिरिया s. m. Any person, Hindu or other, who worships the five pirs or saints of the Mahomedans.

पश्चमाच s. m. pl. The five airs supposed to be the body, and necessary to life. users, m. A five equal to the fifth

part of any thing lost or stolen. THERE S. m. A horse with five auspicious marks, or, spotted on the chest, back, face, and flanks; a sauce or condiment of five vegetables.

पश्चमृत s. m. The five elements: earth; air, fire, water, and Akas.

पञ्चभूतात्मा ३. m. Man as formed of the five elements.

पश्च adj. Fifth. s. m. One of the seven musical notes; the seventh called Pancham, from being said to be performed by by air drawn from five places; the navel, the breast, the - heart, the throat, and forchead; one of the Rags or modes of music.

पश्चनवार s. m. The five essentials of the left hand, Tantra ritual, viz. Madyah, wine, man's flesh, Matsyuh fish, Mythun copulation, Mudra gesticulation

units of the Hindus, or the worship of spirits, progenitors, gods, Veds. and mankind, by offerings of perfames and flowers, obsequial rites, oblations with fire, the study of the Veds, and hospitality.

प्रशास s. m. The Koit or Indian cuckoo. [month,

ঘৰনী s. f. The fifth day of a half ঘৰসুৰ s. m. The assemblage of five roots, the Bel. Premna longifolia, Cassia, Gmelina arborea, and the

trumpet-flower.

पश्चली a.f. A similar aggregate of five roots, considered as the smaller one, viz. Hedysarum gangeticum, H. lagopodicides, Solanum melongena, S. iacquini, and Tribulus lanurinosus.

NUTS. m. A collection of five precions objects, or, gold, a diamond, a pearl, a ruly, an amethyst.

veneva. m. A puran or mythological poem: a Puran should comprehend five topics, viz. the creation of worlds, their destruction and renovation, the genealogy of gods and heroes, the reigns of the Manus, and the action of their descendants.

पञ्चली इ.m. A metallic alloy containing five metals: copper, brass, tin, lead and iron.

पञ्चमस्ता s.m. The hand.

पञ्चसन्त . m. The aggregate of five aromatic vegetable substances, viz. cloves, nutmeg, camphor, aloe wood, and kakkola.

ungurt s. m. pl. The five things in a house by which animal life may be accidentally destroyed, viz., the fire place, the slab on which condiments are ground, the broom, the pestle and mortar, and the water-pot.

u affer s. m. A collection of five fires, amidst which a devotee performs penauce during the summer season, or four fires lighted severally to the north, south, east, and west, and the sun overhead; five mystic fires supposed to be present in the body.

THE s. m. Five modes of devotion, or silent prayer, burnt-effering, libations, bathing idols, and feeding Bruhmans; an almanae describing solar days, lunar days, and the periods of asterisms, Yogs, and Kurns; reverence by extending the hand, and in speech and look.

বস্থাআৰ s. m. Five readings, sections, or chapters, s. f. The aggregate of five chapters of the Shri Bhagwas, detailing the sports of Krishna with the Gopis.

पञ्चावत s. m. A mixture of milk, curds, sugar, ghi, and honey; the aggregate of any five drugs of supposed efficacy.

ষ্ট্ৰাৰ s.m. The aggregate of any five acid plants, viz., the jujube, pomegranate, sorrel, spondia, and citron. ব্যাহাৰ s.f. A meeting of any particular society (generally as a court of inquiry); a jury, an inquest.

पञ्चायसी s. f. Relationship.

पञ्चाल ३. m. A country in the north of India.

पश्चावन adj. Fifty five.

पञ्चित्र स. m. The five organs of sense, viz. the eye, car, nose, tongue, and skin; or those of action, as hands, feet, windpipe, anus, and parts of generation.

पद्धी s. m. Associates, friends.

Tails. m. An earthen vessel with a narrow neck and a hole in the bottom: when filled with water and the mouth stopped, no water flows from the hole below till the hand or whatever stopped the mouth be removed. It is used as an experiment to illustrate the doctrines of the horror vicui by the followers of Aristotle.

पञ्छाला s. m. Tail of a paper kite. पञ्छो s. m. A bird in general. पश्चर s. m. A ske!eton: the ribs.

पंचारी s. f. A rib. पञ्चाब s. m. Name of a country.

पश्चानी adj. Of or belonging to the Panjab. s. f. A native of Panjab.

jao. s. f. A native of Panjao.

You, the record of human actions. ঘটাই s. f. A medicine composed of sugar, ghi, &c., given to puerperal women: caudle.

uz adj. Upside down, overturned. s. m.

A shutter, the valve of a folding-door; fine or coloured cloth, the sound of falling or beating.

प्रयक्त s.f. A knock, a fall. Pat kan khana, To fall down. Patkani dena, s.a. To dash on the ground, to throw against any thing with violence.

सटक्षा ७. द. To dash against anything, to throw on the ground with violence, to knock, ७. n. To crackle, to erack.

धटकनिया s. f. A throwing down, a knock down.

NEW | s.m. A cloth worn round the uses | waist, a girdle. Zari patka,
The golden girdle (an ensign confered by the Peshwa on generals, who are invested with authority immediate-

ly by him), Patks bandhna, To determine on, or prepare for any set. Patks pakarna, To hinder obstruct.

पटकात्राना v. n. To fall from one's rank or estimation.

पटनाना है v. n. To dash against any-पटनारमा thing, to throw on the ground with violence to knock.

veris. m. A plank; a plank to sit on, a plank on which a washerman bests clothes; unripe grain (Cicer arietinum). Fatra har dena, v. n. To deprive one of his power or s:engtl, to convict an adversary and leave him without a reply.

पटनर s. m. Compare.

To be paid, to be procured; to be watered; to be covered, to be roofed, to be piled, &c. s. m. Name of a city, Patna in Behar.

पटनी } s m. A ferryman.

परपर s. f. The sound of beating.

पटपर A level and desert plain or field, पटपरे adv. A level and desert plain or field.

पदलर s. m. Silk eloth.

Test s. m. A plank, a plank to sit on, a plank on which a washerman beats clothes; unripe grain (Civer crietinum). Patra kar dena, v. n. To deprive one of his power or strength, to convict an adversary and leave him without reply.

पदराभी s.f. A queen who is installed or consecrated with the king, a princess.

ozd s. f. A plank or board to write on; a narrow slip or plank of wood, iron, &c.; the vanes of a venetian window: a firm seat on horse ack; n title.

uzer s. m. Film on the eye, roof, thatch. पद्रभी s. f. A line.

पटक्स s. m. Silk cloth.

पटवा s. m. Drought's man, painter. पटनाना v. a. To provide money; to water.

uzar) s. m. One who keeps accouts पटवारी of lands, a land steward.

परमुख s. m. A plant (Crotolaria juncea). प्रसास s. m. A college, a school.

чит s. m. Drum, kettle drum.

uzr s. m. A foil, a wooden scimitar for cudgelling with a board on which Hindus sit whilst eating their meals or performing religious ceremonies. Pateh-baz, A fen er, a endgeller; (met.) a coquette, a wanton, a strumpet. Pata katna, v. a. To discharge from service. Crash.

uzies. m. A kind of bird : a sound, a पराका s. f. A flag, a banner.

पटाचा s. m. A cracker, a squib.

पहाला v. a. To irrigate, to water; to prepare a chouks with cowdung dissolved in water; to place the beams on the roof of a house; to pay money,

पटापट s. m. The sound of beating or of the falling of drops of rain.

पटापर s. m. Name of a fruit.

is spread for printing.

पटाव s. m. Irrigating, flooding a field; roofing a house with tiles, &c.

परिया s. f. A slate or slab of stone. पटीना s. m. Name of a tird.

पटीमा s. m. The planks on which cloth

षटीलका v. a. To exact, to subdue; to beat.

WZ adj. Clever, dexterous, skilful, diligent, smart, sharp.

पटल s. m: Cleverness; eloquence.

पटचा s m. A man who strings pearls, a braider, a maker of fringe and tape : tow made from the Hibiscus cannahinus.

पटना Keenness, cleverness.

पट *1 s. m. A. cloth worn round the waist, a girdle. Patuka bandhna. To determine on, or to prepare for any act.

पट्न s.m.) Vigour, virility, activity, पट्ना s f. skill.

पटेरा s. m. Papyrus.

पटेन s. m. Cudgelling ; sovereignty; a chief among the Kunbi tribe; a title of Mahrattas, the head man of a village. Patel dalna, To interrupt, to throw obstacles in the way of a business ; to beat.

पटेला s. m. A kind of boat, flat-bottomed: or log or beam used to roll or harrow ground.

पटेखी s. f. A small flat-bottomed boat. पटैन s. m. A cudge ler.

पटेला s. m. A kind of boat, flat-bottomed; a leg or heam used to roll or harrow ground.

पहोतन s. m. Roofing with planks or boards, transom.

पटोडिया s, m. An owi,

पटीनी s. m. A ferryman.

97 s. m. Wove silk; a plant (Corchorus olitorius) from the fibres of the bark of which, called Jute, a coarse sackcloth and cordage are prepared: a royal grant or order written on copper, stone, &c.

पदन s.m. The name of a city.

पदद्वी s. f. A principal queen.

TEXT s. m. A plant used in dyeing (Cæsalpinia sappan).

पश्चाच s. m. A sort of notherb (Corchorus capsularis).

WEI 8. f. An ornament of the forehead. s. m. A lock of hair; a dog-collar; name of harness; a deed particularly a title deed to land or a deed of lease. Patta turana, To flee, run [duccella). away. पहिल s. m. A plant (Cæsalpinia bon-पहिलोध s. m. A sort of tree, the bark of which is used as an astringent; the red species of the Lodh (Symplo-

cos racemosa). परित्र A spear with a sharp edge. पही s. f. Plaster, a bandage, a fillet ; a quarter of a place; the side pieces of the frame of a bedstead; a row or line; a kind of sweetmeat; division of the hair which is combed towards the two sides and divided by a line in the middle; a written order or patent. Lasdár patti, Sticking plas-Patti pakarke hilte rahna, denotes excessive weakness and laziness. Patti torna, To be bedrid. Patti se patti milana, expresses the most intimate proximity.

पहीदार s. m. Holder or proprietor of a Patti or share in a coparcenary village or estate.

पहीदारी s. f. A coparcenary tenure. ug s. m. A kind of woollen cloth, a cloth to cover with from rain, &c. पदा) s. m. A young full-grown ani-भर } mal, a youth, a wrestler; a sinew, a tendon; a plant with long leaves.

पुत्रन 8. m. Reading, reciting.

पठाना 🕻 v. a. To send. पठीना 🕻 पृत्ति adj. Read, studied ; recited, re-

peated. पठनग v. To despatch, to send. पदवनी adj. To despatch, to send. पंडिंगा s. m. Shelter, refuge.

पडिया s. f .* A young full-grown animal (generally applied to kids, fowls, &c.). परेंबा part, pass. Sont.

पठीना v. a. To send.

पङ्काना v. n. To lie down; to repose, to cease (as the wind), to a ate.

पद्धनी s. f. Fallow land.

पद्धना v. n. To fall; to lie down, repose; to be fall, happen, occur; to encamp; to drop; to be confined to bed by sickness. Parrahna, or, Pare rahna, To remain helpless, poor or destitute.

पड़पड़ाना v. n. To prattle, to chatter : to throb with pain (as the tongue from an acrid substance).

पंडवा ८. ११. A female buffalo-calf. पद्धीवा ८. त. 🕽

पद्धाना v. a. To lay down : to put to sleep, to cause to repose ; to cull, to pluck, to gather.

पदापद adj. With reiterated strokes. पडापाना v. a. To find or get easily.

पदान s. m. Halting place; camp. encampment; an army; a crowd. an assembly.

पश्चिम s. f. A female buffalo calf. पड़ीस s. m. Neighbourhood.

पड़ीसिन् s. f. A female neighbour, पद्धी ही s. m. A female neighbour.

पदम s. f. The act of reading.

पदन ? The act of reading, to read. पहना & say, recite. पदना n. a. To read, repeat, say, deci-

pher, speak.

पदनेवाला s. m. Reader.

पदन्त s. f. A reading, a spell. पृद्धक्त s. f. Sweepings.

ust part. pass. Read, learned, of much

पदागुणा adj. A learned, experienced

पदाचा v. a. To cause or teach, to read, to instruct, to teach, to teach, to speak or sing (as birds).

षदिन } 8. f. A mullet.

पडरइना v. To lie down.

TEIRM s. f. Wife of a Pandé.

पांडे s. m. Aschool-master, learned man.

qq s. m. Measure of account, in couries or shells, twenty gandas or eighty convies; a stake at a play, a bet, a wager; a vow; a promise, resolution.

पद s. m. A catamite; a eunuch.

Fig. 8. m. Wisdom, understanding; science, learning, s. m. A Brahman who presides at the temple of an idol.

rea s. m. A scholar, a teacher, a learned Brahman, or one read in sacred science, and teaching it to lies disciples. adj. Wise learned. Panditkhanah, s. m. A prison gaol.

पश्चिताई s.f. The learning of a Brohman, learning.

पश्चितानी s. f. The wife of a Pandit. पश्चित्रनानी s. m. An ignorant pedant.

and nominal father of Yndhishthira and the other four Pandav princes.

पख्द s. m. A turtle-dove.

पञ्जी s. f. A water-fowl, the coot, the diver.

पद्धते 8. f. A bird (Falco).

vas. f. Good name, honour, character.

মনত s.m. A moth; a paper kite; the

पतका s. m. A spark. Patonga hona, To go rapidly about a business.

पत्रभक्ष अर्थुः. Without leaves. s. f. The fall of the leaf; autumn. Patjhar

hona, To lose its leaves in autumn (a tree); (met.) to decay (a person from old age). [ly.

पतिन alv. Each day, always, constant-नतम s. m. The act of falling; falling from dignity, virtue, &c.

पतनी s. f. A wife

पतिका s, m. A bird (Merops viridis).

पतिस्था | s.f. A prostitute. Paturiys-पतिस्था | baz, A whoremonger.

lean, meagre, delicate, weak.

पतलाई ε.f. Thinness, fineness, meagreness, attenuation, weakness.

पत्त जो s. m. The dead leaves fallen from a tree; the leaves cut off from the culm of a reed (Saccharum spontaneum), and used for thatching.

पतवाद } s. f. A rudder, helm.

पता s. m. A sign, mark, symptom, hint, token, direction, address or place to which one is directed, label.

पतका s.f. A standard, a flag or banner; a flagstaff; an emblem carried as an cusign or banner, a symbol, a sign; a mark. [bearet.

पताको s. m. An ensign, a standard पताल s. m. The infernal regions or a place under the earth.

पति s. m. A lord, master, owner; husband; a leaf.

परिश्वी s. f. The murderess of her husband; a line on the hand, indicating that a woman will be faithless or treacherous to her husband.

Ψfaπ adj. Fallen from virtue, abject, wicked, guilty, abandoned; degraded, outcast.

पतितपात्रम adj. Parifying the gnilty (अत epithet of the deity).

पतिल s. m. The conjugal state.

प्रतिकारा s.f. A bride choosing her husband; a pungent seed (Nigella Indica).

पक्रि

पतिया s.f. A written opinion given by Pandits); a letter.

मतियाना v. o. To confide in, to trust, to believe, to depend on.

पतियारा s. m. Trast, confidence, belief, dependance.

पतिसीम Heaven,

पतित्रत e. m. Chastity.

पतिवता s. f. A good and virtuous wife, पतिभीत s. m. To lament for husband,

पश्चिम s. f. Devotion to a husband, पसीरी s. f. A kind of mat.

unie) m.

पतील { Thin:

पतीला s. m. A pan, a pot.

पतुकी s. f. A small pot, a pan.

पतुरिया s. f. A prostitute.

पतीह है s. m. Daughter-in-law, son's wife.

पनीवा e. m. A leaf.

पत्तन s. m. A town, a city; act of ordering goods from a manufacturer. एकजी adj. Commissioned, manufactured by order.

wet s. m. A leaf; a letter, epistle; a deed; plate or clamp of metal.

und s.f. A plate or trencher formed of leaves.

To run away, to flee.

प्रमास s. m. The infernal regions or a place under the earth.

via s. m. A company, a plateon, consisting of one chariot, one chariot, one clephant, three horses, and five foot.

पतिपंत्रि s. f. A line of infantry, पतिसंहति s. f. A body of troops. पत्ती s. f. A leaf; hemp, of which an intoxicating potion is made.

पखर s. m. A stone. Potthar chhati-par rakhna, To be patient by compulsion or from being without remedy. Patthar pasijna, To le softened or melted (a stony heart). Pattliar pani ho jans, The melting of a stony heart; difficult task to be facilitated. Patthar-bazi, s.f. Stone-throwing, playing with stones. Patthar-sa phenk marna, To reply rashly without understanding the meaning of one's question. Patthar se sir phorna, To teach or instruct a fool. Patthar hona, To be heavy; to be stable, to stand still, to be unmerciful.

पत्यस्कवा s. m. A firelock.

skinflint; name of a serpent; a sort of fish. adj. One attached to his own house, who remains there even in distress. [aromaticus].

ष्टारकूर s. m. A plant (Plectranthus पट्टरफोड़ s. m. A wood-pecker (Picus). पत्नी s. f. A wife.

पत्र s.m. A leaf; the leaf of the Laurus cassia; the leaf of a book; goldleaf, &c., any thin sheet or plate of metal.

पत्रगुप्त s. m. A species of Euphorbia.

uag s. m. Red sanders (Pterocarpus santalinus). [leaf.

पवनाङ्का s.f. The fibre or vein of a पवनुष s.m. A plant, a red sort of Basil (Ocymum pilosum).

पत्रपुषक s. m. A kind of birch, from the bark of which Hukko snakes, &c., are made.

पनरभान s. m. Embellishing a page, illuminating, gilding, &c. บสโสบ s. f. The vein or fibre of a leaf. บสเ s. m. An almanack, an ephemeris, a calendar.

पवास s. m. Page, paging.

value s. m. Red sanders (Pterocorpus santalinus); red or sappan wood (Casalpinia sappan); Bhojapatra, a a tree so called, a kind of birch.

पविचा s.f. A. leaf, a written leaf or page, a writing, a letter.

पनीपस्तर s. m. A tree (Cassia esculenta). पनीच s. m. A plant (Bignonia Indica). पद s. m. A road, path, way.

प्यरक्ता s. m. A firelock.

uvewis. m. A nort of greens; a skinflint; name of a serpent; a sort of
fish. adj. One attached to his own
house, who remains there even in
distress.

[aromaticum],
vevent s. m. A plant (Plectranthus
vevents s. m. A woodpecker (Picus).

मयरका इ.m. A woodpecker (Picus). मयराजा v. n. To be petrified ; to become hard (a boil), to indurate.

पथरी s.f. Grit, gravel; the flint of a musket; stone in the bladder, calculus; a gizzard.

पथरीला adj. Stony.

ufum s. m. A traveller, a passenger, a way-farer; a guide, one who knows the way.

पंचित्र s. m. A sort of khayr (Minoso पंचित्र s. m. A division of hell.

पण adj. Proper, fit, suitable, agreeing with, but applied chiefly medically, with respect to diet, regimen, &c.

uni s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Terminalia chebula f.

ve s.m. A foot; a footstep, the mark of a foot, step; a word; an inflected word; rank, dignity, character; station, degree, place; a foot or line of a stanza. पर्क s. m. An ornament of the neck. तदकम s. m. Step, pace.

परचुत adj. Fallen from station or dignity, disgraced.

पद्मा } adj. Having the quality of letting wind; (met.) a cow-बदीका

पद्यो s. m. A path, a road; rank, character; t'tle, titular name, surname, patronymic.

ঘৰ্ষনা s. m. Explanation of obscure or obsolete words; etymology.

ugn s. m. The lotus (Nelumbium speciosum, or, Prunus cerasus); ten billions (according to the shastra), or one thousand billions (according to the Dastu-ul-unl, or Royal ordinances of Akbar).

पदरी s.f. A road, a path, a way; station, situation, rank, degree; place, site.

पराष s. m. Foot-mark, vestige.

पदान s.m. A foot-man, a pedestrian, a foot-soldier.

पदातिक s. m. A peen, a foot-man, or foot soldier.

पदाचा v. a. To cause to let wind ; (met.)
to frighten or put to flight.

qqq s.m. Thing, subs: antial or material from of being; a rarity, a good, a blessing, a delicacy or exquisite food; a category or predicament in logical which seven are maintained, viz., substance, quality, action, identity, variety, relation, and annihilation; another enumeration gives sixteen.

पदास s. f. Inclination to let wind, flatulency.

पदासन s. m. A footstool.

पदासा adj. m. Inclined to let wind, flatulent, पहोष्टा adj. Having the quality of letting wind; (met.) a coward

ung wind; (met.) a coward पहो s. f. A path, a way, an alley.

Tanta f. A road, a line, a row or range; a ritual, a manual, a work upon any act or ceremony, detailing the mode of its performance, and collecting the texts connected with it; a family name, a sumame or title: manner, custom.

um s. f. A lotus (Nelumbium speciosum), it is often confounded with the waterlily (Nymphaa) a large number, ten billions.

पश्च s. m. A kind of leprosy.

पदाकाष्ठ s. m. A fragrant wood used in medicine, and described as cooling and tonic.

पश्ची s. m. The Bhojapatra or birch tree, the birk is used for writing upon, and wrapping shawls, &c.

पणवारियो है s. f. A small tree (Hibis-पण

पद्मस्त s. m. The resin of the Pinus longifolia. [sus).

पद्मपत s.m. A sort of Costus (C. specio-पद्मपत s.m. A shrub (Weberd corymboss). [shade.

पणत्वी s. f. A sort of prickly night-

प्यार्थेस इ. m. A species of Costus (C. speciosus).
पन्न s. f. The goddess of richer Lak-

quist s. m. A large deep tank or pond; one in which the lotus does or may grow.

чика. m. A sort of Cassia (C. tora).
чина п. prop. A celebrated princess
whose adventures are related in a
romance entitled Padmowati.

पद्मावती s. f. The wife of the sage Jarotkaru; a river, the main stream of the Ganges, between the Cossim-

ष न

unitation, sitting with the thighs crossed one hand, resting on the left thigh, the other held up with the thumb upon the heart, the eyes directed to the tip of the nose; a seat or throne made in the shape of a lotus, one especially on which idols are placed.

पश्चित s. f. A woman of one of the four classes into which the sex is distinguished, the first and most excellent, पश्चित s. m. Safflower.

पदा s. m. Metre, verse. [arrive. पदारना v. n. To go, proceed, depart,

पर A termination affixed to nouns use it, and answering to the English terminations ship, hood, ness, &c., as Larak-pan, Childhood; Baniya-pan, The business of a Baniya.

থনক্ষন্তঃ s.m. Soft cloth wetted and applied to a wound or sore.

पनगोडी s.f. Chicken-pox.

unuz s. m. A passage to a river, a stair or quay for drawing water.

पनच् s. f. A bow-string.

पनचनी s. f. A water-mill.

unit e, m. An earthen ressel with a narrow neck and a hole in the bottom. When filled with water and the mouth stopped, no water flows from the hole below the mouth be removed. (It is used as an experiment to illastrate the doctrine of the horror vacua by the followers of Aristotle).

पन्तवा s. m. A kind of sweetmeat.

पनपना v. n. To commence increasing in lulk (a man, tree, ge.); to prose-

per to flourish, to thrive, to shoot, to grow, to be refreshed or restored.

पनपनास्ट s. f. The whizzing of an arrow or shot.

पन्पाना v. a. To cause to flourish, to promote the prosperity of another, to refresh.

पनवहा s.m. A betel-box.

पनभत्ता s. m. A kind or drink made. from rice.

पनवारा s.m. A plate or dish made of leaves to eat on.

पनवादी } s.f. A betel garden,

чан s. m. The bread-fruit tree (Artocarpus integrifolia).

until adj. Insipid. s. f. A pustule, a malady, postular and phlegmonoid inflammation of the skin or external organs.

unditus: s. m. A quarter, where are many druggists' shops.

पनसारी s. m. A druggist.

पनस्ता (s. m. A stand where water is provided for passengers.

पनसोर s. f. A small boat so called.

पनदाना r. a. To cause the milk to come into the udders of animals.

पनहारा s. m. A man who carries water in pots on his head, or in a banyhy. चनहारित् { s. f. A woman who carries

water in pots on her head.

s. m. f. A faithless person, a promise-breaker.

पनिहियाई बर्ता. Afflicted with the fluor पनकी s. f. A slipper.

unt A termination affixed to nouns to denote the abstract quality, and answering to the English terminations ship, hood, ness, &c., as Bach-pan, Infancy, childhood; Khonta-pan Wickedness. पनाना v. s. To cause the milk to come into the adders of animals.

पनारी } s.f. A drain or pipe by which पनाजी } water runs off from the roof of a house,

प्रविद्या s. m. Water; a water-snake or any thing living in water.

पश्चिमा ". n. To irrigate, to water, to yield water.

पनियाला s. m. A fruit (Flacourtie culafructo).

मनीर s. m. Cheese.

पनीरक } s. f. A young flowering घनेरी } shrub.

पनीहा s. m. Any thing living in water, aquatic; a water-snake.

ঘৰ) s. m. A rond, path, way; a sect, ঘৰা ∫ a religious order.

क्षण s. m. A snake.

प्रवा s. m. A beverage; the upper part of a shoe; an emarald; a leaf.

पत्नी s. f. Tinfoil. s. m. A tribe of Pathans.

uuus s. m. A crust,

पपिष्यातघ s. f. A kind of white coloured kath (extract of Mimosa catechu).

पपड़ी s. f. A scab, a scale, scurf; scales formed by the drying up of moist earth; thin cakes of bread.

पपड़ीचा adj. Scurfy.

पपनी ह. 🚣 The eyelash.

पापीका . A. sparrow-hawk (Falco

परेवा s. m. A sort of child's whistle; a tree and its fruit (the Papaw tree, Carica pupaya).

पद्मीटा s. f. The eyelid.

प्रया s. f. A river in the south of India. प्रय s. m. Milk, water adv. On, upon, over, at, to, nevertheless, yet. conj. But. s. f. A fault. चया s. f. A shrub (Asclepias rosea) : a medicinal kind of moon-plant.

षयस्त्रिनी s. f. Milch-cow.

प्यान s. m. Departure.

τ 4 4 8. f. Straw.

ष्यीधर s. m. A. woman's breast; a sort of rush (Scripus kysoor); a fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus, &c.).

पर्योधिक s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.

प्रधीनिधि s. m. The ocean.

पयीर s. m. The khayar (Mimosa catechu). पथीवत s. m. Living upon milk for a month, which with prayer and residence in a cow-house, is an expiration for receiving an unsuitable present; offering of milk to Vishnu, and subsisting upon it for twelve days; also for one or three days as a religious act.

प्योची s. f. A river that rises in the Vindhya mountain.

ut adi. Distant, removed, remote, far ; other, different, strange, foreign, adv. and coni. Over, above, through, after, at, by, for, of; but, yet, however. prep. On, upon, at, notwithstanding. परकता v. c. To inspect, to examine, to prove, to try.

प्रकाम s. m. The business or interest of anothers.

प्रकास adi. Attentive to the business or interest of others, serving others, beneficent.

प्रवास s. m. A trannion.

प्रामाण v. a. To accustom, to habituate. परकीय adj. Another, belonging to fanother. another. परकीया s.f. The mistress or wife of प्रचेत s. m. Another's field; another's

body : another man's wife. प्रश्न s. f. Inspection, examination, trial,

proof, experiment.

परवना v. a. To inspect, to examine, to prove, to try.

परचार s. f. The act of examining ; the price paid for examination, inspection, trial or proof.

परवाना v. a. To cause to inspect, examine, try or prove.

परखेशा s. m. An inspector, examiner, prover, assayer.

परगाइ s. m. Epidendron.

परवटी s. f. A mould in which silver or glod is cast previous to working it : apparency, clearness.

पर्यका v. n. To be made acquainted, to be introduced.

परका s. m. Examination, trial, proof, experiment.

परपाना v. a. To introduce to a person. to engage in conversation.

परविवा s. m. A meal-merchant.

परकती s.f. The act of selling flour, meal, &c.

पर्वती s. f. A small thatch thrown over mud walls.

परक्रमा v. a. To move a lamp, or candle over the heads of a bride and bridegroom, to drive away evil spirits, propitiate good ones, &c. ; to kindle (a fire).

परकार s. f. Image (from shade or reflection), shadow, shade, Parchháin apni se bhagna, To be frightened at one's own shadow. other. परिकार s. m. A fault or defect in an-

परजङ s. m. A bedstead.

परकार s. m. Travelling.

परजनद s. m. Quit-rent, tax. परका है s.f. A subject, tenant, renter, प्रणा **people.**

पर्वित adj. Conquered, subdued.

प्रव s. m. A fold, plait, ply, layer, crust, incrustation, a stratum.

TENH adj. Greatest.

van s. m. The baggage of a horseman carried all on one bullock or tattu, a pack-horse, a pad-horse.

परतथा s.m. Sword-belt, shoulder belt. परता s.m. A reel (for winding thread). परती s.f. Waste land.

परतीत } s.f. Faith, confidence, trust. शतीत | Partit karna, To examine; to believe; to trust.

परहादा s.m. A great grand-father by the father's side.

प्रदार s. f. Another's wife.

पद्दिश, Another s.m. Adultery, adulterous intercourse or intrigue. [other. परहुःख s.m. The pain or sorrow of an-पदिश्व s.m. A foreign country.

परदेशी adj. Foreign, exotic. s. m. A foreigner; one residing abroad.

परदेशवर्की च s. m. Seandal, calumny, censoriousness.

परवेषी adj. Hostile, inimical, adverse. परम्ब s.m. Another's property.

परहोत्री adj. Tyrannising over another.

प्रथमासादनसूच s. m. Feeding luxuriously at another's expense.

परामं s. m. Another's duty or business, the occupation of another caste.

परम s. f. A very quick time in music. परमाना s. m. A great grand-father by the mother's side.

परनाचा s. m. } A gutter, a drain, a परनाची s. f. } conduit.

परम conj. Afterwards, also, but. परम adj. Subservient, obedient, dependant.

परपञ्च s. m. Delusion, fraud, impesition, treachery, deceit, artifice.

परपञ्ची adj. Insidious, fraudulent, astfal. सरसह s.m. Eminence, high station; final falinity.

षरपराना v. n. To smart.

प्रकार s. f. Acrimony, mart.

wiwitus s. m. The family or dependants of another.

uves s. m. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo.

प्रपुष्टा s. f. A harlot, a whore ; a parasite plant.

चरपुरच adj. Brimful.

च्यपेंड s. m. A duplicate of a bill of exchange.

प्रव s. m. A gem, a flat diamond; a festival, a holiday, an anniversary festival, a feast; a chapter, a section.

प्रवस । adj. Predominant, prevalent,

चरवच adj. Depending on the will of another, under the authority of another, dependant, precarious.

प्रवास s. m. The Supreme Being.

TWIST S. m. Excellence, superior merit, supremacy; good fortune, prosperity; the last part, residue, remainder.

चरम्मि s.f. A foreign or an enemy's country.

a tranger, fostered, adopted. s. m.

The Indian cuckoo, which is supposed to leave its eggs in the nest of the crow to be hatched.

principal preceding, first, supreme.

बरसनति s. The Chief object or refuge, as a god, a protector; final felicity, eternal felicity, heavenly bliss.

utua s. m. A different opinion or doctrine.

wenter s. m. Paradise.

प्रमाह s. m. Eminence, high station; final felicity; heaven or beatitude. प्रमान s. m. A supreme monarch. প্ৰায় adj. Sweet-scented. s. m. Parched grain of joar or bajra (Holcus sorgum and spicatus).

प्रसंख s. m. An ascetic, a religious man who has subdued all his senses by abstract meditation.

प्रमागिस s. f. Translocation to heaven, final beatitude.

withing s. m. An atom, the invisible base of all aggregate bodies; thirty of them are supposed to form a mote in a sun-beam; the lowest measure of weight; a measure of time, the sun's passage past an atom of matter.

सरमासा s. m. The Supreme Being, considered as the soul of the universe.

प्रमादित s. m. Pure unitarianism प्रमानक s. m. Great pleasure.

प्रसात s. m. An oblation of rice to progenitors or gods, boiled with milk and sugar.

भरमाय: s. m. The longest period of life, either in men or animals.

परमार्थ s.m. Spiritual knowledge; any excellent or important aim or object; the best sense; the first pursuit, the heat end, virtue, merit.

दरमाथीं adj. Religious, seeking the best end, virtuous.

चरनिष् s. f. A kind of dance.

प्राप्ति s. m. A gonorrhoea, a (venereal) clap, a gleet.

प्रतिवर s. m. The first and Supreme Lord, God, the Almighty:

प्रस्त s.m. Eternal-felicity. प्रस्त adj. Traditionary or successive, proceeding from one to another, from father to son, &c. s.m. A great-

great-grandson. प्रव्यरा s. f. Race, progeny, lineage; order, method, continuous arrangement, regular series or succession; communication from one to another in succession, tradition.

come by inheritance or descent; traditional.

पर s. m. A potherb (Eclipta pros-परना adj. Of the other side.

परलीज s. m. Heaven, paradise.

प्रशीकाम् s. m. Death, dying.

परवल } s m. A plant (Tricho-santhes प्रवचल } dioica).

प्रश् adj. Subscruient, dependent, enh-

प्रशास s. m. The yard (of a sail). Parwan charhns, To grow (a phrase peculiar to women).

प्रवाज s. m. A disease of the eyelids in which the eyelashes fall off, a stye or stythe.

परम s. m. A kind of gem.

বংসাৰ ১ s.m. Viand, victuals, food সমাৰ ১ that has been offered to the deities; kindness, favour, blessing, gift, leavings of a great man or spiritual guide.

ψιυ ε. m. An axe, a hatchet.

UTUITH s. m. A hero and demi-god. the first of the three Rams, and the sixth avatar or supposed descent of the god Vishnu, who is said to have appeared in the world as the son of the sage Jamadagni, for the purpose of repressing the tyranny and punishing the violence of the Kshatri or military tribe, and contemporary with Dashwath Ram. He is, from his father, called Jamadagni, Ranuka, wife of Jamadagni, was interrupted in bringing water from the river by Kartavirja-Arjuna, a prince of the Kshattris, who was sporting in the water with his thousand wives, for which Parshuram's father Jamadaani cursed him, The Kshattri prince killied Jamedagni; and Jamedagnivowed not to leave a Khattri on the face of the earth; he is reported to have extirpated them twenty-one times ; the women with child each time producing a new race; and, they say that there have been no Kshattri since : those so called being of spurious breed ot Varanasankars. Parshurám appears to typify the tribe of Bráhmans, and their contests with the Kshattris.

प्रश्वस adv. The day after tomorrow. WIE 8. m. Touch.

करसना v. a. To touch.

चर्तिया s. m. A reaping hook, a sickle.

s. m. The whites, fluor albus. utel adv. The day before yesterday; the day after tomorrow.

Relation or connection with another.

बरसम्भी adj. Related to another, belonging to another.

Test adj. Mutual, interchanging, adv. Mutually, reciprocally.

चरवारानुमति s. f. Mutual concurrence or assent.

wenthate s. m. Mutual assistance : offensive and defensive alliance.

बरबरीयकारी s. m. An ally; an assoverb. ciate, a helper.

परभेषह s. m. The transitive or active सर्दित adj. Friendly, benevolent; good or profitable for another.

an prep. (In comp.) Back, back-ward, reverse, over. s. m. A company, a

body (of troops).

witer s m. A kind of cake, paste. *1 s. m. A religious obligation of

an expiatory kind, fasting for twelve days and nights, and keeping the mind attentive, and organs subdued: a sacrificial sword or scimitar.

पराक्रम s. m. Power, strength : valour, prowess.

चराज्ञसी adj. Powerful, bold, strong, vigorous.

TITE sm. The pollen or farina of a flower; fragrant power used after bathing; the name of a mountain. पराज्यस adj. Turning away, having

the face averted. बरायोन ¿ adj. Old, of former times,

प्राचीन ancient. प्राज्ञस s. m. Overthrow, defeat, discomfiture.

पराजयमास adj. Overcoming, surpass-Come. ing, defeating.

पराजित adj. Conquered, defeated, overwest s. m. Bread made with butter or ghi, and of several layers, like piecrust.

with ₹ s.f. A large plate (of sacchs-घराती 🕻 rum spontaneum).

प्रात्पित s. m. A kind of reed (Saccharum spontaneum).

TUEFS. m. A horse of the Persian breed.

williams s. m. Anothers person's office or post.

प्राधिकारसर्वा s.f. Officiousness, interference with another's concerns.

पराश्चीन बर्जे. Dependent, subject, subservient, humble, under another.

पराधीनता s. f. Subjection, dependance.

utin ? s. m. Breath; soul, life; und & sweetheart, mistress, Pranpati., soul's lord.

पराज्या s. f. The practice of medicine, administering remedies.

45191 v. n. To run, to flee.

भरात adj. Living at another's expense, s. m. Food supplied by another. चराइमीजी adj. Living at another's cost. पराभव s. m. Discomfitting, overcoming. चरायत adj. Defeated, discomfited, overcome.

षरामधे 8. m. Discrimination, discriminating, distinguishing, judgment; counsel, advice, consideration, reflection.

चरानीधना s. m. Wheedling.

प्राथम s. m. Adherence to any pursuit, attachment to any object; dependance on. adj. Adhering or attached to ; connected with, depending upon. परायम adj. Dependant, subject.

चराया adj. Strange, foreign, belonging to another, extraneous, other, of another.

पराद s. m. A kind of gourd (Momordica charantia).

चरार्थ adj. Having another object or sense, &c.; designed or purposed by another, s. m. For the sake or ano-

सरायेशदी adj. Officious, intermedding. utit s. m. A great number, a lack of lacks of crores, or a number equal to half the term of Bramah's life, or as many mortal days as are equal to fifty of his years. प्राच s. f. Straw.

परावर्ष s. m. Reversal of a scatence. प्रावके व्यवसार s. m. Appeal (in law). पराहत adj. Reversed (as a judgment). uting n. prop. The father of the poet Imendicant. पराश्रदी s. m. A. beggar, a wandering चरायम adj. Dependent or relying upon

बरा[बन adj. Subject, dependant.

another. s. m. Dependance. प्रायदा s. f. A parasite-plant. पराच s. m. A tree (Butea frondosa); oakum made of the bark of that tree. परास adj. Dead, expired.

परास्ता s.f. Death, extinction ; drowsiness, sleepiness. पराष adj. Defeated.

पराइ s. m. The next day. s. f. Flight, a general emigration.

WITS s. m. The afternoon, the latter part of the day.

परि drep. (In comp.) About, around. round about, entirely.

परिकथा s. f. A work of fiction, a tale, a story, the history or adventures of any fabulous person.

परिकार s. m. A. girth, zone.

परिकालित adj. Made, invented.

परिकीर्धन s. m. Saying, telling ; talking of, boasting.

परिक्रमा s. f. Walking round or about. circumambulating, going about : act of going round to the right by way of adoration; circumambulation, going about.

परिकाय s. m. Redemption, purchasing or purchasing back; giving up part of a treasure to preserve the rest.

परिक्रिय s. m. Vexation, trouble.

परिकार adj. Vexed, annoyed.

परिचित n. prop. The name of a king, the son of Abhimanyu, and grandson, of Arjun.

परिका s.f. A moat, a ditch surrounding a fort, &c.

परिस्तास adj. Famous, celebrated.

चरिष्याति s. f. Fame, reputation.

परिषष s. m. An embracing, seizing. परिष s. m. An iron bar for shutting a gate.

परिषय s. m. Aquaintance, intimacy. परिषया s. f. Service, dependance; veneration, worship.

wiverew s. m. A servant, an attendant. ufifed adj. Known, acquainted with, परिचेय adj. To be known as an aquaintance. with s. m. A cover, clothing. ſed.

बरिक्द adi. Surrounded, covered, clothsitus s. f. Examination, test, trial, परिचंद s. m. Segment, division; the

division of a book, a section or. -chapter. fout.

wirlaw adj. Cut off, detached, singled परिकारी s. f. Shade, shadow.

परिचान s. m. Through knowledge, learning.

परिकात s. m. Dependants, servants, family, followers.

परिषयन s. m. Marringe.

परिचाम s. m. Maturity, fulness, ripeness ; end, last stage, or state.

मरियामदर्भी adj. Who looks forward or to the end.

with s. m. Width, breadth, extension. परित: adv. Around, every way, all round.

परिवाप s. m. Pain, anguish ; sorrow; a division of hell,

परितृष्ट adj. Pleased, delighted.

परितीय s. m. Pleasure, satisfaction, delight,

परितीयम adj. Satisfying, pleasure giving. परितीची adi. Contented, satisfied,

परितास adj. Void or deprived of, left, quitted, abandoned.

परिवास s. m. Abandonment, quitting, desertion.

परिवासी adj. Abandoning, quitting. uftare s. m. Preserving, protecting. प्रियम s. m. Clothes, dresses, covers. परिधान s. m: A lower garment; ves-

ture, clothes, ufifu s. m. The circumference of a cir-

ele: the disk of the sun or moon.

परिकास adv. At last, at the end. परिपद्म ady. Cooked, dressed : mature :

shrewd, knowing : digested. परिपक्ता s. f. Maturity, perfection : shrewdness; digestion.

परिपन्ती s. m. An enemy, an antagonist;

a robber, a highwayman, a bandit. परिपाक s. m. Maturity, perfection ; cleverness, shrewdness; digestion.

परिपाकिनी s.f. A drug (Convolvulus turpethum).

परिपाटी s.f. Order, method, arrangement ; arithmetic.

परिपालन s. m. Protecting, cherishing, परिपालित adj. Protected, cherished.

परिप्रयक्षा s. f. A sort of cucumber (Cucumis madraspatanus).

परिपुत्रम s. m. Worshipping, adoring. परिपृत्तिक adj. Served, worshipped, adored.

परिपूर्ण adj. Full, entire, complete : satisfied, content.

परिपर्वता s. f. Completion, entireness, fulness; satiety or satisfaction.

परिपेख s. m. A fragrant grass (Cuperus rotundus).

परिश्व s. m. Bathing, immersing ; inundation. bathed. परिश्वन apj. Immersed, mundated:

परिभव { s. m. Disrespect, contempt, परिभाव disgrace.

परिभाषा s.f. A technicality, a conventional term in any science ; (in grammar) a maxim given by the ancient grammanians as a summary interpretation of the rules of Panini: (in medicine) prognosis : abuse, ridicule. परिभीत s. m. Possession, enjoyment.

प्रमुख s. m. Wandering, going about ; f of. error.

uftwe adj. Fallen, degraded, deprived परिमक्षक s. m. A ball, a globe, a circle. चरिमञ्जलता s. f. Rotundity, circularity. चरिमन्द adj. Slow, dull.

ally arising from the trituration of fragrant substances; the trituration of perfumes.

चरिमाच s. m. Measure ; measuring. परिश्वित adj. Meted, measured ; regulat-

परिभित्तभुत्र adj. Temperate, abstemious. परिभित्तभुत्र adj. Eating moderately.

परिमीडन s. m. Fascinating, beguiling.

परिमीदिनी s. f. | adj. What is bewitch परिमीदी s. m. | ing, fascinating.

यरिकान adj. Soiled, stained; waned, withered; diminished, impaired.

uning round, revolving; exchange, barter; requital, return; the end of a period of four ages, or destruction of the world.

vicat s. f. The first day of a lunar fortnight, the first of the moon's increase or wane.

परिशद s. m. Abuse, reproach, reproof ; charge, accusation.

परिवादक s. m. An accuser, a plaintiff, a complainant or calumniator.

परिवादी a.m. An accuser, a reprover ; (in low) a plaintiff.

परिवार s. m. Family, attendants, dependents; dependent.

परिवार s. f. Subjection, dependance. परिवास s. m. Abiding, abode.

प्रवाह s. m. An inundation, an overflowing, natural or artificial.

परिवर adj. Surrounded, enclosed. परिवस adj. Gone round, revolved ; exchanged.

परिवेदन s. m. Anguish, pain, misery; marriage, marrying.

परिवेषण s. m. Surrounding, enclosing; serving-up dinner, distributing food to guests, &c.

परिवेष्टन s. m. Surrounding, encompassing : circumference.

परिवेटित adj. Enclosed, surrounded, encompassed ; covered, veiled.

परिचाभ s.m. A tree (Pterospermum accrifolia); a sort of reed growing in water (Calamus fasciculatum).

परित्रज्या s. f. Ascetic devotion, religious austerity, abandonment of the world; leading the life of a mendicant.

परित्राज्ञक s. m. A religious mendicant. परिश्रक्षनीय adj. To be doubted, to be feared, or apprehended.

परिशाप s. m. Cursing, reviling.

परिग्रह adj. Cleaned, purified; discharged, paid.

परिकेष s.m. Remainder; completion.

परिज्ञोध s. m. Cleansing, purifying, correcting; discharging a debt or obligation.

परिश्री इ.m. Drying, evaporation.

परियम s. m. Labour, trouble, pain, toil; distress, fatigue.

परियमी adj. Active, laborious.

দহিকাৰ a.c.j. Overcome with distress or fatigue, exhausted, wearied.

परियाणि s. f. Labour, trouble ; fatigue, exhaustion.

परिष्कार ६. m. Decoration, embellishment, initiation, purification by essential rites,

परिव्युत adj. Adorned, decorated, embellished; purified by initiatary rites.

परिकृतसूचि s. f. An altar, or ground prepared for a sacrifice, or for the victim and the utensils employed.

परिश्वम s. f. Total or complete enumeration or specification, implying ex-

clusion of any other; reckoning. enumerating. परिसङ्गास adj. Counted, enumerated. परिसमायम s m. Finishing entirely. परिसमात्र adj. Finished, done entirely. परिसर s. m. Border, proximity, envious, position, width, extension. प्रतिसमाप्ति s. f. Entire completion.

प्रतिसाधन s. m. Accomplishing, effecting : determining, ascertaining.

परिसीमन s. m. Boundary, extreme term or limit. [abandoning. परिश्रा s. m. Seizing, taking : leaving, परिश्रका u. d. To leave, forsake, abandon, desert; to take away, to elear off. परिशाद s. m. Disrespect.

परिकास s. m. Mirth, sport, pastime. परिकासने की s. m. A jester, a wag, a wit. परिशीच adj. Waned, faded, wasted; deserted by, deprived of.

परीचक s.m. An experimenter, an assayer, a prover; an investigator, a

मरीच्य s.m. Trial, experiment, examina-परीचा s. f. Discrimination, investigation, examination, test, trial, experiment; trial by ordeal of various kinds.

परीचित n. prop. The grandson of Arjun to whom the Bhagavat was related. परीचित adj. Tried, examined, tested. proved. Indian cycle. परीक्षानी s. m. The fortyfirst year of the

परीवन s. m. Exchange, barter. परीवाद s. m. Reproof, censure, abuse. परीवार s. m. Dependants, family, retinue.

परीवास s. m. A natural inundation or overflow.

परीकास s. m. Mirth, sport, amusement. us s. m. A knot or joint in a reed. प्रद s. m. Harsh and contamelious speech, abuse ; yellow Barleria ; a

sort of tree (Xylocarpus granatum).

प्रवचन s.m. Harsh language, reproach, abuse. [speech. प्रवास 8. f. Harsh or contumelious पर्योक्ति s. f. Abusive or harsh language. पद्योक्तिक 8. m. An abuser, one uttering harsh and scurrilous language.

परसृ s. m. The knot or joint of a cane or reed.

परे adv. Beyond, vonder, at a distance. Parch rahana, To remain at distance. परेखा s m. Regret, concern, contrition. repentance. s. f. Examination, trial. परेखो s. m. Regret, repentance.

परेत adj. Dead, defunct, s.m. A departed soul, a spirit of the dead, a kind of goblin, a ghost, a spirit, an evil spirit, a fiend.

परेतना v. c. To reel (thread or yarn). परेता s. m- A reel (for winding yarn). परेवा s. m. A pigeon.

मरेह s.m. Soup.

परीच adj. Invisible, imperceptible ; absent, past. s. m. An ascetic, a religious hermit; invisibility, absence, secrecy; (in grammar) past time or tense.

परेशनम s. m. Purpose, design, intention. परोपकार s. m. Charity, benevolence, doing good to others, the helping of others, beneficence.

परीपकारी adi. Benevolent, charitable, good to others, acting for others, beneficent, hospitable.

परीपदेश 8. m. Giving advice, counselling, admonishing.

परीची s. f. A cockrosch.

परीस s. m. Vicinity. परीसना v. a. To serve up dinner, to dis-

tribute food to guests, &c. प्रीशा s. m. A dish of food which is send to a friend.

पिनी s. m. A neighbour,

परोश्चेता s. m. A distributer of victuals • to the guests, one who serves up dinner, a waiter.

ঘণীখন s. m. Carriage, vehicle, instruments of transportation.

परोच s. m. Leathern water-bucket. परोच adj. Invisible, imperceptible; absent, past. s. m. An ascetic, a religious hermit; invisibility, absence, secrecy; (in grammar) past time or tense.

पर्कट s. m. A heron,

पकंदों s. f. The waved-leaf fig tree (Ficus infectiosa).

पकीला s.m. A spark, a pane of glass. पर्वा s.m. Examination, trial, proof, experiment.

पर्योग v. a. To introduce to a person, to engage in conversation.

परक्ष s. m. Meal, flour, grocery. पर्व निया s. m. A meal merchant.

पर्वती s. f. The act of selling flour, meal, &c.

पह ती s. f. A small thatch thrown over mud walls.

usi s. m. Self-sown paddy (rice); a spindle for winding thread on.

s. f. Image (fram shade or writer) reflection), shadow, shade.
Parchhain upni seh bhagna,
To be frightened at one's own shadow.

ঘুণ s. f. A musical mode or rágini; handle of a shield. Parjdar, adj. Back-hilted (a scimitar).

पत्र s. m. A bedstead.

पनती s. f. A sort of Curcums (C. zanthorrhizon).

पूजेंच s. m. A rain, threatening cloud. पूजोंच s. f. Custom, manner.

บพิ s. m. A leaf; the Pan or betel leaf; the Palus tree (Butes frondoss). a person deceased, whose body cannot be found, and for whom obsequial rites are performed with this representative.

पर्णमाचान s. m. The Kamarángá, an acid fruit (Averrhoa carambola).

पर्यसा s. f. The betel plant.

पर्णवल्ली s. f. A tree (Butea frondosa).

पर्यभाजा s.f. A hut of leaves and grass, a hermitage.

पर्याचि s. m. A sort of Basil (Ocymum sanctum), with small leaves.

पर्की s. m. A tree (Butes frondosa). s. f. An aquatic plant (Pistia stratitoes); the leaf of the asafotida (?).

ঘণীতে s.m. A hut of leaves, the residence of holy anchorets, a hermitage.

पतांच s. f. Prosperity, fortune glory. पदां s. m. curtain, screen.

पहोंदा s. m. A great grand-father by the father's side.

ঘহাই s. f. A great grand-mother by the father's side. [wind. ঘটন s. m. Wind downwards. letting

qq s. m. A wheel chair, or one on which a cripple can move about.

งจ๊ะ s.m. A medicinal plant with bitter leaves (apparently the Oldenlandia biffore, though the Hindi name Papar is also applied to the Gardenia latifolia).

पर्पटदुम s. m. Bdellium.

บุชั่ว s. f. A thin crisp cake made of any pulse.

प्रकेष s. m. A bedstead.

पर्यादन s. m. Wandering about, roaming. मध्यन s. m. Limit, term, boundary, extent.

प्रधेतस्त्र इ. m. End, conclusion.

unia s. m. Order, arrangement, regular and methodical disposal or succession , manner, kind ; opportunity, occasion: the text of a vocabulary. or the order of the synonyms for any term.

unfadj. Of the other side.

us s. m. A festival, a holiday, an anniversary festival, feast.

प्रश्नेकारी s. m. A Brahman who performs ceremonies for hire out of season.

पर्वनामी s. m. A man who associates with his wife on festival or holy davs.

पर्वे विका a. f. Speaks with pain on the edge of the cornea of the eye.

पर्वेषी s. /. Giving gifts on Holidays. पर्यत s. m. A mountain, a hill : a kind of fish (Silurus pabda).

पर्वतकाव s. m. A raven. [tains. पर्वतवासी adj. Living, &c., in the moun-पर्वतात्रय वर्ता. Mountaineer, living, &c. in the mountains.

पर्वेतिया s. m. A kind of pumpkin. ि &c. पर्वतीय adi. Mountainous, mountaneer, प्रकेशिक s. m. The full and change of the moon, the junction of the 15th and 1st of a lunar fortnight, or the precise moment of the full and change of the moon.

wing s. m. A disease in the evelids in which the evelashes fall off, a stye or stythe. ſda. पर्वित s. m. A sort of fish (Silurus pab-

чі з. m. An axe, a hatchet.

पर्याप s. m. The first of three Rams. being the sixth taythological Avetar. of Vishnu, as the son of the Muni Jamadagni,

um s. m. A moment, the 60th part of ghari or danda (21 pals being squal to one minute). Palot, For an in- | प्याप s. m. A kind of boat.

stant. Pal marte, adv. Immediately. instantly, in the twinkling of an eye. Pal marns. To make a motion of the evelid.

पल र s. f. A young branch or spray of प्यक्ष s. m. The eyelid; a moment.

पश्च s. m. A bed (without curtains), a beadstead. Palang-posh, s. m. A. coverlet, a counterpane.

पशक्ती s. f. A small bedstead. पल्टन s. f. A battalion.

पवटना v. n. To return, to turn back, to retreat; to overturn, to rebound; to change.

पलट लेगा । v. a. To take back. पखटो चैवा 🤇 take in return, to take revenge.

पबुटा s. m. Turn, stead, exchange, recompense, revenge, retaliation.

पणुटा साना v. a. To turn over head and heels; to overturn, to be titled; to rebound.

पसुटाना v. a. To turn, cause to turn, return, convert, repel.

पदाव s. m. Contradiction, reaction, rebound.

पचटा सारवा v.n. To sit down on the ground resting on the buttocks. unut s. m. A scale, i. c. one side of a

pair of scales. पताबा नारवा v. n. To sit down on the

ground resting on the buttocks. पत्रथी s. f. A mode of sitting on the

ground resting on the buttocks. पुत्रमा v. n. To be reared, nourished or

fattened, to thrive. पश्चम s. m. A. vegetable (Trichosenthes

dioica), Palwal-lati, The plant of palwal). प्रवामा v. o. To cause to nourish, to

bring up, &c.

चनारी t.m. Boatman (belonging to 6 palwar). [oil, &c.

पश्च

पना s. m. A spoon, ladle for taking out पनाधि s. m. Bile, the bilious humour. पनाध s. m. The Gangetic porpoise.

world s. m. Into crange no

पनाच्यु s. m. An onion.

पशाद s. m.f. Rahhas, male or female. एखाना r. a. To flee, run away, escape. पशानी s.f. } Thatching.

पनाव 8. m. } Thatching.

पनावा v. a. To saddle a horse or bullock. पनायम s. m. Flight, retreat.

पनायमपरायच adj. Fugitive.

पनायमान adj. Running away.

ব্যাম s. m. A tree bearing red blossoms (Butea frondosa); a sort of Carcuma (C. reclinata); ancient Behar or Magadha.

प्याञ्च s. m. Curcuma reclinata; the Palas tree.

यजात्र पपद्धा s. m. The seeds of the Butea frondosa used in medicine.

पचावास्त्र s. m. Asafotida. पचावी s.f. Luc. s. m. A goblin ; a sort of Minusops (M. koukt). [with. पची s.f. A ladle used to take out oil पची त. m. A ghost.

पतीया s. m. A. match (of a gun); a candle. Palita chút jána, To flash in the pan.

প্রথম s. m. Dry flour laid under and over bread when it is rolled. Palsthan pakarns, To contrive the ruin of any one. Palethan sikalna, To beat severely.

प्रश्नेष s. m. Soup ; pounded rice or flour put into soup to thicken it.

पनीडा बर्कु. First-born.

uge s. m. A sprout, a shoot, the extremity of a branch bearing new leaves, a twig. [denticulatus.]. uguas s. m. A kind of fish (Opprime WHY s. m. Space, distance; assistance; a border of cloths; a sheet (generally applied to chints or shawel); a bag; one shutter of a door, &c.; border, margin.

থলী s.f. A small village; a house lizard,
uw s.m. The hem or border of a garment. Pallddar, A garment with a
silver or gold border.

पनिष्णा s. m. A shelf upon which water-pots are placed, a place where water is kept.

पदन s. f. Air, wind, physical or personified as a deity. s. m. Regent of the winds, and of the north west quarter.

Pavan ka put, The son of Pavan, i. c.
The ape Hanumán.

पवनव्याधि s.m. Wind, as affected morbidly, or rheumatism, &c.

पवनाच s. m. A kind of grain (Andropogon saccharatus).

पत्रकाष्ट्रत adj. Rhenmatic.

Varit s.f. A chain fastened to horses' legs to prevent their being stolen; chains with which the legs of a criminal are fastened, fetters; the leg of a boot or stocking.

पराष्ट्रा s. m. A narratation or an explanation of a story.

पवित adj. Purified, cleansed.

पित्र adj. Pure, clean, purified physically or morally, holy, undefiled, nice. s. m. The brahminical cord.

पश्चिता s.f. Purity, holiness.

vivii s. f. Holy Basil (Ocymum sanctum); a river, a little to thus north west of Harichear, the Probar; the twelfth of the light fortright of Shrausan, a Sastirak in honor of Vishau. s. f. The brahminical thread; a string of silken beads; a knotted

piece of Kusha grass, used in relizious ceremonies of the Hindus.

पश्चिम s. f. A ring of Kusha grass (Pos cynosuroides), or of gold, silver, or copper, worn on the ringfinger and fore-finger by Hindus during religious worship.

पदी s. m. The iron band of wheel, the thunderbolt of Indra.

पदेश s. m. The act of sowing seed with the hand.

पत्र s.m. An animal in general, a beast. पत्रका s.f. Any small animal.

पश्च जिल्ला s.f. Copulation, coition.

पश्चावती s.f. A parody of the holy verse of the Veds, whispered into the ear of an animal about to be sacrified.

पश्चा s.f. The condition or nature of an animal, beastiality, brutality.

प्रात्व s. m. Nature of an animal.

पञ्चन s. m. Action or property of animals; promiscuous cohabitation; the marrying of widows.

पञ्च पञ्च s. m. A. fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus).

प्रमुख s. m. A herdsman,

पशुपालन s. m. Tending or rearing cattle. पशुस्त s. m. A string or tie for fastening cattle.

पश्चात s. m. A lion.

मग्रहोतन् s. m. The hair of an animal, पश्चरोतनी s. f. The hog-plum.

प्यात् adv. After, afterwards, behind, westward.

पदाचाप s. m. Repentance.

weat adj. West, western; behind, after; Hindus in their prayers, usually facing the east, and consequently having the west behind them.

पवान } s. m. A stone, a rock.

unt s. f. Grazing cattle at night.

until v. n. To be spread, stretched
out, distended, expanded.

पदली s. f. A rib, the præcordia. Pastipharakni, A thrilling over the ribs, is applied to a perception of the condition of an absent person.

पपड़ी s. f. A kind of wild rice growing in shallow ponds.

vers. m. Two handfuls, as much as can be held in both hands open.

पसार्दे s. f. A kind of rice.

पसाउ } s. m. Propicality, clearness, पसाञ्ज } calmness of mind.

पसाना v. s. To skim, to pour off-superfluous water (from bailed rice).

unit v. a. To spread, distend, stretch out, reach, extend, expand, open, display.

THE S. m. Expansion, the act of spreading out. Pastra karna, To procrastinate and find obstacles to an easy matter.

पसारी s. m. One who sells spices, a spices.

पसीलना v. c. To perspire, to sweat, to melt; to compassionate.

पसीना । पसेन । s. m. Perspiration, sweat. पसेनका

पस्त्रमा v. a. To stitch.

quint v. n. To regret.

qw s. f. Dawn. Pah phatna v. n. To dawn, to grow luminous.

पद्यान s. f. Acquaintance, knowledge ; recognisance.

पश्चामा v. a. To know, to recognise, to discriminate, to distinguish.

Two v. a. To put on, to wear, to dress.

TET s. m. A division of time consisting of eight gharis, a watch or three hours.

प्रस्मा v. a. To put on clothes, to dress, to clothe one's self, to wear.

TEN s. m. A watch, a sentinel: tour of watch; a corporal and six. Pahra dena, To watch, Pahre men dalna, To give in charge to a watch or the guard. Pahre men parna, To be given in charge to a watch or the

पहराना v. a. To cause to dress, to clothe, invest, to diess.

पदरावनी s. f. A woman who dresses the guests at a wedding, a tire woman: vestments bestowed on guests at a wedding, dress, clothing,

यहरिया 🕽 s. m. A watchman, a sentinel, guard.

पहल s. m. A flock of cotton; beginning; aggression; the side of a rectangular figuro.

महत्त s. m. Beginning, initiative ; cotton pressed in gathers.

प्रचा ! adj. First. adv. Before, rather. पश्चिता 🕻 soon.

gra adv. At first, soon, rather. Pahileh par, On the other side.

THE S. m. A mountain. Paharsiraten, Longnights (especially of sor-

Triwis. m. The multiplication table . (in arithmetic).

चडाहिया adj, Belonging to, or of a mountain, s. m. A mountaineer.

unit s. f. A hill, a small mountain. afwat of a. To put on, to wear, to dress. s. m. Dress, clothing.

ufsus. m. A wheel.

पुष्तिग्वन s. f. Dress, clothing, &c.

महिरायनी s. f. A woman who stresses the guests at a wedding, a tirewoman; vestments bestowed on guests at a wedding, dress, clothing.

पहिनां v. a. To put on clothes, to dress, to clothe one's self, to wear.

पश्चिम adj. First. adv. Before, rather,

पहिले adv. At first, in the first place, first, sooner, before, chiefiy, rather. Pahile par, On the other side.

पिलिलीटा adj. First-born.

पहुंच s. f. Arrival, reach ; sagacity, penetration; access, remittance; a receipt.

पश्चना v. n. To arrive, reach, extend, amount, befall, belong,

पह चा s. m. The wrist.

पहुंचाना v. a. To cause to arrive, convey, transmit, bring, conduct, to cause, to occasion.

पहें की s. f. An ornament worn on the wrist, a kind of bracelet.

पइ s. m. The before down.

पहुन्ता v. n. To lie down, to repose, to lie, to rest.

Trait s. f. Hospitality, entertainment. प्रप s. m. A flower.

पहफादना v. n. To break (the day). पहेली s. f. A riddle, an enigma.

quas.m. The name of one of the degraded Kshattri races sentenced by Sogar to wear beards, perhaps a Parthian.

प्रिका s. f. A plant (Pistia stratioites). un s. m. The half of a lunar month, or fortnight, comprising fifteen days; a partisan; a friend; a side, a flank.

unal s. f. The taking up a side or argument.

पद्मधर s. m. A partisan.

पचपात s. m. Adopting a side or en nr-

gam whether right or wrong, partisanship; a partisan, an adherent, who or what sides with.

चचपातिका s. f. Adherence, friendship, fellowship.

मञ्चलती s. m. A partisan, a friend, an adherent.

पशाचात s. m. Palsy, hemiplegia.

पंचिषी } s. f. A bird.

ঘৰিবাস s. m. A king of the birds, usually applied to Garur.

पविभाषा s. f. A nest, an aviary.

unk s. f. A coin, the fourth part of an anna. [quagmire.

पांच s. m. A bog, mire, mnd, slough, पांच adj. Linear, in or by line, or row. पांचा s. m. Culinary salt obtained from sen and (as by the process in use on the sea coast of Bengal). [ity.

पान adj. Five. Pach-sal, s. f. Perplex-

utπτ s. m. The ribs, the side; a side or puarter.

पांडे । s.m. A title of Brahmans; a

भारत है s.f. A row; a line (of writing);

पांतर s. m. A desert field. पांतरी s. f. The foot of a bed.

viv. m. Leg, foot. Paon uthána, or,—
chálana, To go quickly. Paon urana,
To interfere unprofitably in any
one's affairs. Paon utarna, To be dislocated (the foot). Paon ka angutha.
s. m. The great toe. Paon kampna,
or, tharidarána, To fear to attempt
any thing. Paon kaim karna, To
occupy a fixed habitation; to adopt
a new resolution. Paon kisi ka ukharna, To more any person from his
place, intention or resolution. Paon

kisi ka gale men dalna. To convet one by his own arguments. Paon ki ungli, s. f. A toe. Paon chal jana, To totter, to become unstable. Paon jamána, To stand firmly, Paon zaminpar na thaharna is used to express excessive joy. paon palna, To prepare for and commence an undertaking, paon digna, To slide, Paon tale maina, To give one pain, to annoy. Paon torna, To desist from visting any person; to visit one very often; to be tired. Dibe paon ana, To come gently and unperceived as a say. Paon dho dhe pina (lit. to drink the water withwhich one's feet are washed). denotes perfect confidence. Paon nikálno. To exceed one's proper limits; to withdraw from an undertaking; to be a ringleader in a criminal action. Paon pakarna, To beseech submissively; to prevent one from going. Paon parns, To entreat submissively. Paon par paon rakhna, To imitate or adopt the conduct of another, to walk in the steps of another ; to sit at ease, to sit cross-legged. Paon paon, adj. A foot, Paon pitna, To stamp with impatience. Paon páma, To honour another; to avoid another, Paon phuk phuk rakhna, To do any thing carefully. Paon phylakar sona (lit. to sleep. with the legs extended), is applied to signify perfect content and security. Paon hilúna, To insist, to be obstinate. Paon barhána, To take the lead among one's equals; to desist from one's former courses. Paon bhar jana. Numbers of the feet, sleeping of the feet. Paon ragarna, To go about foolishly and unprofitably; to be in the agonies of death.

Paon Isyna, To make obeisance. Paon ssbit rakhna, To persevere firmly in a resolution. Paon ss paon bhadhna, To watch one close. Paon se paon bhirana, To be near. Paon sona, To be numbed, to sleep (the foot).

पांत्रहा s. m. A cloth or carpet spread to walk on.

पांत्रपांव कर्तां. A foot, on foot.

पांत्रीही ह. f. A loaf of bread.

पांचव s. m. Rock or fossil salt.

Tit s. m. Manure.

पांत्रका s. f. A fragrant plant (Pandanas odoratissimus).

पंग्रकासीम s. m. Sulphuret of iron.

पांचन s. m. Salt extracted from soi, rock or fossil salt. [album).

पायन s. m. A potherb (Chenopodium पायन s. m. A kind of tree (Casalpinia bonducella).

पांच s. m. Manure, a dunghill. Pans hojana. To rot; to become mellow (land).

पोसना v. a. To manure, to dung. पोसा s. m. A. die.

पीसु s. f. The ribs.

unt's. f. Pins used by weavers to wind off the warp from.

पार ती s. f. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.

vits. m. A peasant residing in one village and cultivating land belonging to another village.

vis. m. An electuary medicine, confection.

বাৰ হ্বা s. m. The waved leaf Indian বাৰ হ্বা single fig-tree (Ficus venosa).
বাৰুষ্য v. a. To boil in sirup.

पासपात s. m. The Caronda, (Carissa carondas).

भागरका s.m. The leaf of the Laurus cassia.

पासन adj. Producing maturity; smppurative, producing suppuration in a boil. s.m. A sort of Costus (C speciosus). [candida]. पासनि s.m. A sort of plant (Bauhinia पासनी s. f. A sort of cucumber (Cucumis utilatizsimus).

पाकशाला } s.m. A. kitchen.

पाकसंख्वी s. f. A table-vice, a tencli-

पाका s. m. Bittaban, a medicinal salt; impregnated with iron; nitre, saltpetre.

पाचा वर्गा. Relating to a side or party-पाचल । s. m. Wickedness, deceit, lrypocrisy, heresy; a heretic, a heterodox Hindu, adopting the exterior marks of the classes, but not respecting the ordinances of the Vots.

पास्तको । adj. Hypocritical, deceitful, पामको । heretical.

पादर s. f. Iron armour for the defence of a horse or of an elephant.

पासा s. m. A shed, any small building leaning against the wall of a yard or

wiws. m. A turban : sirup.

पानन s. m. A fool, idiot, madman.

पागा s. m. A troop of horse (among Marhattas). a stud.

चागर s. m. Act of chewing the cud, rumination. [minate.

पान्ताना v. o. To chew the cud, to ru-पानक adj. Digestive, tonic, what effects digestion s. m. The bile which assists in digestion; a digestive, a stomachic, a solvent; a cook.

पायम adj. Digestive; suppurative. s.m.
A medicinal preparation, an infusion,
a decoction, &c. of various drugs,
chiefly carminatives of gentle stimuls

given to bring the vitiated humours in fever, &c. to maturity, a sort of diet drink; a digestive.

पाचनका s. m. Borax.

पाचनी s. f. A sort of myrobalan (Terminolia chebulo).

साय adj. Whatever causes digestion, &c. [culation.
पाड s. m. The act of inoculating, ino-

पाञ्चना v. o. To inoculate.

पाके वित्रं Behind, after, afterwards,

rivite adj. Belonging to, dwelling in, ruling over, &c., the country of Panchal, s. m. The sovereign of Panchal; the company or association of five trades, the carpenter, weaver, barber, washerman, and shoemaker.

utz s. m. Breadth (of cloth or of a river).

expanse, extension; tow; silk; a
mill-stone; a throne, seat; a board,
shutter plank, slab, plank on which
washermen beat clothes.

वाटकन s. m. A. silk-worm.

सादम १. f. A roof, s. m. Name of a city.

to fill, fill up, overstock, heap, pile, accumulate; to water, irrigate; to pay.

पाटकार s.m. Silk cloth, a silk garment. पाटराजी s. f. The queen or principal wife of a Royah.

que adj. Of a pink or pale red colour.

बादका s.f. The trumpet-flower (Bignonic suave-olens).

posed to be the ancient Palibothra, and the modern Patna.

पाटलीयल s. m. A ruby.

पाटन वर्गु. Clever, sharp, dexterous. s. m. Clevernoss, talent; eloquence. पाटनिक वर्गु. Cunning, crafty, frandu-

lent; clever, dexterous.

precatorius).

vizi s. m. A plank on which washermen beat clothes.

पाटिन } s. m. A sort of fish described as having many teeth.

(12) s.f. The side piece of a bedstead; a kind of mat; a kind of board on which children learn to write; divisions of the hair which is combed towards the two sides and parted by a line in the middle; a kind of sweetmeat.

will s. m. A pungent root, a sort of radish; sandal.

पाट्नी s. m. A ferryman.

viting, considered as one of the five great sacraments of the Hindus; reading, perusal study in general; a lecture lesson.

vious. m. A lecturer, a public reader of the Puruns or other sacred works, a Pundit who declares what is the law or custom according to the sacred writings; a spiritual preceptor; a reader, a student; a title of Bruhman.

quay s. f. The place where the Veds are read or studied.

पाठमश्वरी s.f. A small bird (Gracula religiosa):

ঘারগালা s.f. A college, a school. ঘরমালিকী z.f. A small bird (Graculto religiosa :

(generally, a goat or elophant), a youth or young wrestler. पार्टान s. m. Bdellium.

पाठित adj. Instructed. tanght, lectured. पाठी e. m. He that gives lessons, a tonoher, a professor; a Brahman, especially one who has finished his sacred studies a plant (Plumbago zelsnica). s. f. A young goat; a kind of fish.

uislas. m. A sort of fish (Silurus boalis); a public reader or lecturer on the Purans, &c.

पास adj. To be read or studied, पास s. f. A scaffold.

to knock or throw down; to finish, to kill; to collect lamp-black.

माका s.m. A quarter of a town, a ward. पाडा s.m. A hog-deer (Cervus porsinus). पाडो s.f. Crossing a river (when travelling on it, a young bufalo, a buffalo calf).

urfu s. m. The hand.

पारिषा होता s. f. A bride, one wedded according to the ritual.

पाण्यप्य s. m. Marriage; laying hold of the hand; the junction of the hands of the bride and bridegroom, forming part of this ceremony.

ufansfes ady. Matrimonial.

usfus s. m. A Muni and inspired grammarian,

पाचितीय adj, Connected with or derived from Panini the grammarian (as a scholar, a rule द्वेट.)

पाणिश्व s. m. The glomerous fig-tree Ficus glomerate).

view adj. Pale or yellowish white.

o. m. Pale or yellowish white (the colour); many flowered jasmine.

niscyfust s. f. A plant commonly called Situla (perhaps Phrynium dishotomum).

especially applied to Yudhishthir and his four brothers.

पारिक्रतो s, f. Scholarship, learning.

Pale or yellowish white. a., m., Pale or yellowish white (the colour); the name of a sovereign of ancient Delhi, and nominal father of Yudhisthir and the other four Pandu princes, a. f. A plant, commonly called Mashani (Glycine debilis).

पाञ्चल s. m. A kind of stone (Limestone or marble?)

पासुनाग s. m. A plant (Rottleria tinctoria). [ees. पासुपुर s. m. Either of the Pandav prin-

पानुम्म s. m. A country with a light coloured soil.

पास्त्र adj. Of a yellowish white colour. s. m. A pale or yellowish white; the white leprosy, vitiligo.

senterico). A plant (Echites antidy-

पास्त्र वोमा s.f. A plant (Glycine debilis). पास्त्र वर्ष adj. White. s. m. Whiteness. पास्त्र महत्त्र s.f. Light coloured gravel

(disease).

The s.m. Filling; sin, wickedness; leaf; an ornament worn in the apper part of the ear; a draught or check on a banker. Paton alagna, applied to trees, indicate, the fall of their leaves in autumn: metaphorically, the phrase signifies that one's power or ability is exhausted; and, this expression is often applied to patience exhausted by the sconn of a beluved person; or to a destitate condition afrom adverse fortune.

पासन s. m, Sin, crime.

पानका। s. m. A messenger.

বানস্থা delj. Wicked, sinful, a sinner. বানস্থাৰ s. m. The Yog system of philosophy:

पासर s. f. A prostitute, a dancing girl.

Ψηση s. m. A leaf. adj. Preserved, protected.

unite s.m. The regions under the earth, and the abode of the Nagas or serpents; a sort of apparatus for calcining and subliming metals, formed of two earthen post, the upper one inverted over the lower, and the two joined together by their necks with cement, and placed in a hole containing fire.

पाति s. m. A master, a lord, a husband, पातिष s. m. The Gangetic porpoise, पातिष s.dj. Lowered, depressed, humbled, पातिषो s.f. An earthen vessel or spot, especially used by religious mendi-

चातो s.f. A letter, a note, an epistle; a पातुक s.m. An aquatic, animal of a large size; figuratively the waterelephant.

wie adj. Who or what protects or nourishes.

भारता s. m. A plant (Ocymum pilosum). पास s. m. A preservative form sin, a preserver, a saviour.

पालता s. f. The quality or power of a preservative from sin.

NIT a. m. A vessel in general, a plate, a cup, a jar, &c.; a leaf; a receptacle of any kind, what holds or supports. adj. Capable, worthy, able, eligible, fit.

under s. f. Capacity, fitness.

vival v. s. To make up cowdung into cakes for fuel.

TITE s. m. A stone.

पाचेष s. m. provender, or provisions, &c. for a journey.

शह s.m. The foot; a quarter; the foot or line of a stanza; the line of a hymn or stanza of the Rig Ved; wind downwards.

पार्वटम s. m. An ornament for the feet or toes.

चारगिकर s. m. Morbid enlargement of the legs and feet.

पादवस्य s. m. Respectful obeisance, touching the feet of a Brahman or superior.

पारभागरा adj. Frightened out of one's wits.

पारचलर s.m. (Ficus religiosos). पर्चापका s. Benting or shutting with the feet.

पादकार adv. On foot.

भारपारी s. m. A footman, a foot soldier. पार्म s. m. A Sudra, or man of the fourth and servile class.

पाइतज s. m. The sole or the lower part of the foot, adv. As low as or under the feet.

पारदारी s. f. A chap in the feet, a

पादना v. n. To let wind.

पाइप s. m. A footstool, a cushion, &c. for the feet. [plant. पाइपदश s. f. A creeping or a parasite

पादपा s.f. A shoe, a slipper. पादपचायन s.m. Washing the feet.

पाद्यकाभ s. m. Bowing to the feet, prostration.

पादबद्धाद s. m. A kick.

पादक्ष s. m. The heel.

बादरोड्ड s. m. The Indian fig-tree.

पाइनस्तीच s. m. Morbid enlargement of the legs and feet.

पादिषय s. m. A traveller, a wayfarer' चादमद s. m. The sound or noise of feet. माइमाचा s. f. A toe.

पादगीय s. m. Swelling of the feet, gout. पाइस्कीट s. m. Kibe, chilblain, a sore or nleer in the foot.

पाइडन adi. Trodden on, kicked, touched with the feet.

पारक्ष 8. m. Tingling of the feet after pressure upon the crural nerves.

पाटकारक s. m. One who takes or steals any thing with his feet.

पाइक्कि श. f. A toe.

with s. m. The great toe.

पादाक्रविका s. f. An ornament or ring worn on the great toe.

मादानीन s. m. Black salt, prepared by melting common salt with a small proportion of myrobalans; it contains sulphur.

wrent s. m. Half a line of a stanza.

बाह्यसम s. m. A foot-stool.

wiring adj. Kicked, trodden, touched by the foot.

पादी adi. Footed, having feet. s. m. A. footed aquatic animal, an amphibious [with feet. animal.

with adj. Who or what goes on foot or चादुका s. f. A shoe, a slipper.

पहा s. f. A shoe.

पादोदक s. m. Water for the feet, especially that in which the feet of a Brahman have been washed.

ung s. m. Water, &c. for cleaning the feet.

पास्त्राह्य s. m. A metal vessel for washing the feet.

TIMI s. m. A schoolmaster.

wiw s. m. Drinking in general ; a hand ; a leaf; betel leaf (leaves of Pipen betel).

पानदान s. m. A lox for holding betel or its apparatus.

पानकात s. m. A. glass, a drinking ves-

पाना v. a. To get, acquire, find, enjoy, suffer, overtake, reach, accept, obtain, attain. s. m. Finding, getting, &c. a plant growing in stagnant water.

पानी s. m. Water ; sperm ; lustre, character, honour. Pani karna, v. a. To abash; to facilitate. Pani ka bulbula (a bubble of water), indicates instability. Pani chatna v. n. To be afflict-'ed with the fluor albus, Panijana, v. s. To be afflicted with the fluor albus; to be disgraced; to shed tears, Pani dena, To offer a libation of water to satisfy the manes of a deceased person, after the corpse has been burnt, Pani na mangna, To te slain with the single stroke of a sword &c. and die instantly. Pani parna, v. n. To rain. Pani pi pi kosna, To curse excessively (i. e. till the throat, being dry, must be moistened. by drinking). Pani bharna. To confess inferiority. Pani marna, v. n. Todry up, to be evaporated; to exhibit signs confirming a suspicion. Pani men og lagans. To revive a contention which had subsided. Pani se patla karna, To abash, to put to shame.

पानीस adi. Drinkable, to be drunk. पानीयनक्तल s. m. An otter.

पानीयपृष्ठज s. m. An aquatic plant (Pistia stratioites).

पानीबस्तक s. m. A plant (Serratula antelmintica).

पानीयामलक 8. m. A. fruit (Flacourtie cataphracta).

पास adj. A traveller.

पान्दर s. m. A kind of reed.

ulu s. m. Sin, fault, crime, wickedness. vice.

काषकर adj. Wicked, abandoned, पायकर्ता adj. Sinful, wicked, a sinner. पायक्त adj. Sinful, wicked, a sinner.

गापि:

wive s.m. Any ill omened aspect of the stars as the conjunction of the sun or Budh with the moon in its last quarter; Rahu Saturn; Mars, wive adj. Removing sin.

पापचेती s. f. A plant commonly called.
Abnithit (Cissampelos hexandra).

uves. m. A thin crisp cake made of any grain of the pea kind. Papar belno. To undergo great labour or pain. uves. m. A plant (Gardenia lati-

पापड़ा s. m. A plant (Gardenia latifolia).

पायहार s.m. Ashes of the "plantaintree (Missaparadisiaca) used instead of salt for seasoning the cakes called navar.

पापद्या adj. Malevolent, looking at faults.

पापस्य adj. Concsions of gnilt, knowing an act to be wicked.

पापनाशी adj. Parifying, sin destroying. पापपति s.m. A paramour, a gallant. भाषपुरुष s.m. A personification of all

चाचत्रकि adj. Evil-minded, wicked. चाचमति adj. Of a corrupt mind, deprived.

भाष्मुल adj. Freed from sin, liberated from all crime.

प्राप्ति s.m. A disease, considered as the punishment of sin in a former life; small pox, leprosy, पायविषय adj. Equal in sin, of like.

with s. m. A weevil, an insect bred in rice.

पापाबा s. m. A sinner, a reprobate, a 'पापिब adj. f. Sinful, had, a sinner, पापिक criminal, wicked (woman). पापिक adj. Very wicked,

पाची adj. Wicked, sinful, bad, a sinner, criminal.

पासन adj. Diseased with herpes.

wint adj. Wicked, vile, low, base; stupid, as an idiot, a fool.

पानरी s. f. Silken clothes, silk dress; the wife of a man of inferior caste. पामा s. f. Cutaneous eruption, herpes, scab.

चामारी s. m. Sulphur.

पायड . m. A scaffold.

पात्रेंबी s.f. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.

যায়ত adj. Sure-footed, easy-paced (an elephant). s. f. An ornament for the foot or ankle; a bamboo ladder.

चायस adj. Made of or from milk or water. s. m. An oblation of milk, rice, and sugar.

भाषा s. m. The leg or foot of a table, chair, &c.

पारिक s. m. A foot-soldier, a foot-man; a messenger, a harbinger.

पाधित adj. Sure-footed, easy-paced (an elephant). s. f. An ornament for the foot or ankle.

up 8. m. The opposite bank or shore.

adv. Over, across, on or to the other
side, through, beyond. adj. Last,
past, the end, the extremity. Par
karna, To ferry over, to cross; to
finish, accomplish, carry, through;
to perforate, to transfix; to relieve;
to carry off.

vita adj. What purifies, protects, cherishes, pleases, &c. what enables any one to cross (a river, or go through the world).

पारकी s. m. An examiner, a discriminator.

ing over or beyond the world.

पारतत adj. Crossed, gone over the world, pure, holy. s. m. A Jis or Jyn deified teacher.

पारकाधिक s. m. An adulterer,

মাৰে s. m. A cloud; eating or drinking after a fast, breaking a fast. মাৰে s. m. Quicksilver.

पारदेखन 8. m. Name of a country, part of Orissa.

मारदारिक s. m. An adulterer.

पारहाये s. m. Adultery. [wise, पारहमन adj. Long-sighted, far-seeing, पारहमिक a h. Foregoing, abroad. s. m

A traveller; a foreigner.
पारस्य m. \ a.lj. Belonging to ano-पारदेशी f. \ ther country. s m. A tra-

veller, one gone to a foreign country; a foreigner.

पारना s. m. Breaking a fast. v. a. To finish, to accomplish.

मारमाचिक adj. Preferable, best, most desirable.

प्राप्तयं s. m. Traditional instruction, tradition; continuous order or succession. [tion.

पारवयोपदेश s. m. Traditional instruc-पारव s. m. A plant (Bignois chelonoides, or Bignonia suave-olens).

पारचीतिक adj. Belonging or relating to the next world.

पारवती e.f. Durge, the wife Shiv.

quite through and through.

বাংলার s. m. The son of a Sudra woman by a Brakman; a son by another's wife, an adulterine; an iron weapon. বাংলার s. m. Persia; a native of Persia; a Persian horse. [Persian বাংঘ s. m. The philospher's stone. adj. বাংঘ্যৱহা s. m. A tree (Hibiscus popalnioides). चारसास s.m. or alv. Last year. पारसिक s.m. Persia.

पासी s. m. A Persian, the Persians

पारशीक e. m. The kingdom of Persia; a Persian, an inhabitant of Persia; a Persian horse.

quantum of the Vindhya chain.

पारापार s. m. The two banks of a river. पारायण s. m. Totality, entireness, completeness; reading a Puran or causing it to be read.

पारायणिक s. m. A lecturer, a reader of the Purans.

पारावत s. m. A sort of ebony (Diospy-ros glatinosa).

unian s. f. A river in the peninsula; the fruit of the Annona reticulata; a form of song peculiar to the cowherds.

पाराबार adv. On both sides (of a river). s. m. Limit (of sea); sea, ocean.

Vysa. s. m. The rules of Parashara or Ayasa, for the conduct of the medicant orders.

থাব্যক্তী s.m. The religious medicant or Brahman, who having passed through three stages of student, householder, and ascetic, leads a vargrant life, and subsists upon alms.

पारिकाडी s.m. An ascetic, one who devotes his days to devout contemplation.

पारिकास s. m. A tree of paradise; the coral tree (Erythring fulgens).

पारियाच s.m. Property received at the time of marriage by a woman.

पारित्या s.f. A trinket worn on the forehead, where the hair is parted. वारितीरिक adj. Delighting, making happy. s. m. A reward, a gratuity. वारिपनिक s. m. A robber, a thief, a highwayman.

पारिपास है . m. The name of a moununrell tain, apparently the scentrical or western portion of the Vindhya chain, which skirts the province of Malwa.

unfeng s. m. The coral tree (Erythring fulgens); the Nimb tree; a sort of pine (Pinus Deralaru); the Saral, also a sort of pine (P. longifolia).

पारिभाष्य s. m. A drug, a sort of Costus (C. speciosus).

पारिषद s. m. A spectator, a person present at an assembly or congregation. पारी s. f. Time, tour, torn.

पारीन्द्र s.m. A. lion; a large snake (Boa).

पारच s. m. Aloe wood or Agallochum. पार्वच s. m. Severalty, individuality, difference.

पार्थित adj. Earthen, made or derived from earth; ruling or possessing the earth. e. m. A king, a prince, an earthen vessel.

uning s. m. The general funeral ceremony to be offered to all the names at the Pare, or junction of the sun and moon, at which double oblations are offered; three cakes to the father, paternal grandfather, and great grandfather; and three to the maternal grandfather; his father, and grandfather; and the crumbs of each set to the remoter ancestor, in each line.

Nimb (Melia sempervirens j.

पांचेती ह. f. A name of Durga, in her capacity of daughter of Himalaya, the sovereign of the snowy mountains; the olihanum tree (Bosvellisturifera); another tree (Celtis orientalis).

मास

पार्वतीय adj. Mountaineer.

पार्व adj. Near, proximate, by the side of. s. m. A side, the part of the body below the armpit; side of any square figure.

पार्श्वगत adj. Close to, beside.

चार्त्रभाग s. m. The side, the flank.

ঘাইমূল s. m. Spasm of the chest, stitch. দাহিল adj. Lateral, belonging to the side, &c. s. m. A partisan, a sidesman, an associate or companion.

ঘাৰ s. m.f. A sail; a small tent; layers of straw, leaves &c., between which unripe mangoes are ripened.

पातक adj. Who or what protects, nourishes, &c. s. m. A cherisher, a protector, a guardian, a keeper; a kind of greens (a species of spinach); a bedstead.

पालकन्दी s. f. A medicinal plant (Justicio nasuta; also, Ixora undulato).

पालकपुत्र s. m. An adopted son.

पायमरो s. f. Blocks of wood placed under the feet of a bed to raise it. (It is the custom to have two such blocks ready to raise the head of a bed, to give it a sloping position).

view s. f. A litter, a sedan. Palki nishin; Entitled to be carried in a Palki (formerly this privilege was granted by a King or Viceroy.). Palki sawar, One who rides in a Palki.

thurifera); a sort of beet-root (Beta bengalensis); a hawk.

चालकी s.f. Incense, the resin of the oblimum.

भावस्या s. f. Gum, olibanum.

पासन s. m. Bring up, preserving, guarding, protecting, cherishing, nourishing, rearing, breeding.

पानना v. a. To guard, preserve, protect, bring up, rear, cherish, nourish, breed, educate, patronise s. m. A cradle.

utes s.m. Frost, hoar-frost, snow, trust, charge; a heap of earth made by children to separate the two parties in a game called kabadi; leaves of a tree named Jourberi (a species of Zizyphus). Palaparna, v. n. To snow. Pale parna, v. n. To fall within the power of another.

the feet, reverence, respect, veneration.

पासास adj. Of a green colour; belonging to the Palas tree, made of its wood. &c. s. m. Green (the colour). पासासचार s. m. A country in India, the western part of Belar.

पालिस s. m. A cherisher, a protector, a guardian, a-keeper.

unfor adj. Cherished, neurished.

पाचित्र s. m. A sort of jasmine (Jasminum pubescens).

पालिको s. f. A plant, commonly called Teori (Convelvulus turpethum), the black sort.

quel adj. Who or what nourishes or protects, s. m. A cowherd, s. f. A battle between birds; a place where birds fight, a cockpit; a covering of a pot.

पात्र इ. m. A quarter, a fourth part. दावस adj. Who or what renders pure, a purifier, purificatory, s. m. Fire ; a saint, a person purified by religious abstraction; a tree, the wood of which is used to produce fire by attrition (Premna spinoss); leadwort (Plumbago zeylanics); marking-nut plant (semicarpus anacardium).

पारव adj. Purified, pure; purifying, expurgatory, purificatory. s. m. Water; penance, expisition, purification, by acts of austerity and devotion, the Eleocarpus seed; a kind of grass (Costus).

पावनध्वनि s. m. A conch shell.

पारना v. a. To get, acquire, find, enjoy, suffer, overtake, reach, accept, obtain, attain. s. m. Finding, getting, &c.; a plant growing in stagnant water.

पावमान adj. Purificatory, purifying. पावमा s. m. A quarter of coin (as of s

rupee, &c.). पात्रस s. m. The rainy season.

पानित adj. Purified.

पानी adj. Who or what purifies.

VIN s. m. A fetter, a chain, a eye, the string for fastening tame animals, or the net or noose for catching birds, deer, &c.; a noose as a weapon of combat.

पास इ. m. A die, particularly the long sort used in playing choapar.

चामनद adj. Noosed, snared, caught, or bound.

पाञ्चम ३. m. A noose, snare, a halter, a net, &c.

पामा s. m. A die; a throw of dice, पामा adi. Tied, fettered, bound,

पाणी s. m. One armed with a net or

ঘাষাৰ adj. Behind, being behind; subsequent; western. ঘামৰ s. m. An ornament for the feet, vives s. m. A heretic, an imposter, one who not conforming to the orthodox tenets of Hindu faith, assumes the external, characteristics of tribe or seet, a Jyn, a Buddha, &c.

पापछी s. m. A heretic.

पापाच s. m. A stone in general.

मावाणभेदी s. m. A plant (Plecti anthus scutellaroides).

पास s. m. A rope, a noose. adv. At the side, near, beside, about, at.

vivi s. m. A die (plur. pase, dice, the oblong dice with which choupar is played); a throw of dice.

util s.f. A net; a rope with which the legs of a horse are bound. s. m. A fowler; one whose lusiness it is to make or sell tari. (So named from the rope round his leg when he climbs the tar tree).

मादाव s. m. The mulberry tree (Morus Indica).

पाद्वाच s. m. A stone.

पाइन s. m. A guest.

याहुना s. m. A guest ; a son in-law. पाहुनी s. f. A female guest.

पाइ s. m. A person.

fus adj. Beloved, dear. s. m. Husband, sweetheart, lover.

fust s. m. The Indian cuckoo (Cuculus Indicus).

पिकाय मु s. m. A mango tree.

पिकाशकी ddj. Possessing a voice पिकामेनो slike the Kokils; an epithet of a female.

বিকাৰ s. m. A vegetable, and perfume, commonly called Rochuni (having rel blossoms).

भिजास इ. m. A small bird, called also Chatakiya,

विकानन्द s. m. The spring season. विका s. m. A young elephant. বিষ্টাল ত. n. To melt or to be melted, to be in fusion, to fuse, to flow (& metal).

বিষয়বাৰা v. a. To melt, to fuse; to soften (an angry or a hard person), assuage, mollify.

पिष्यवाब s. m. Fusion, flux.

fur adj. Of a tawny colur. s. m. Tawny (the colour).

पिक्रकपिशा s.f. A cockroach.

पिक्रचच s. m. A. crab.

(TWW odj.) Of a tawny colour, brown, yellowish. s. m. Tawny (the colour). a dull brown, or yellow; a fabulous being in the form of a Nag, or serpent of the lower regions, to whom a treatise in prosedy is ascribed, he is hence considered as a Muni, or inspired and divine personage; the 51st year of the Hindu cycle.

पिकालिका s. f. A sort of crane.

furrus. m. A sort of fish (Pimelodius nangasius).

पिक्रा s. m. A cradle.

पिचनना v. n. To be squeezed; to be shrivelled.

বিজ্ঞানা v. a. To squeeze, to press together, to shrivel, to wrinkle, to burst.

पिचवारी s. f A squirt, a syringe.

पिषक 8. m. The belly.

चिचिष्यका s. f. The instep.

विकश्चित adj. Big-bellied, corpulent.

বিৰ্দিশ adj. Flabby, watery, clammy. বিশ্বিক্ত s. m. The belly or abdomen. বিশ্বিক্তিক adj. Big-bellied, corpulent,

pot-bellied.

বিশ্ব s. m. A sort of leprosy.

पिचुक s. m. A plant (Vangueris spinosa). पिचुका s. m. A squirt.

पिनुमृद् } s. m. The Nimb tree (Melia पिनुमृद्) azad-dirachta).

বিষ্ক s. m. The tamarisk tree (T. Indics); la plant (Barringtonis acutangula); the diver or water-crow.

पिसूट s. m. Inflamation of the eyes,

चित्र s. m. The tail of a peacock; a tail in general. jujuba).

বিক্ষাৰ্থলা s. f. The jnjnbe (Zizyphus বিক্ৰাৰ adj. Tailed, having a tail.

पिष्कितिका s. f. The Sisn (Dalbergis Sisn).

fusers.f. The silk cotton tree (Bom bax heptsphyllum), a potherb (Base-Ua rubra and lucids); a timber tree (Dalbergis Sisu); an esculent root (Arum Indicum).

पिळलना v. n. To slip, to slide.

fue wit s. f. The ghost of a woman.

fuzzu adj. Hindermost, hind, hinder, latter, last, late, modern. Pichlich paon haina, To withdraw from one's agreement.

বিছ্কান্তাঃ m. } The rear, rearward, বিছ্কান্তাঃ f. } the back part. adj.

Hinder, hindmost, hindermost, in the rear, abaft.

पिदाकों s. f. The rear; the ropes by which a horse's hind logs are tied. adv. In the rear, behind, Pichkari marna, To attack in the rear.

पিক্তারা v. a. To know, to be acquainted with, to recognise.

पिकृत adv. Behind, afterward. s. m. Back of a house.

प्रिकेट s. m. The back of a house; a yard or enclosure benind a house.

पिकोरा s. m. A cloth or sheet worn round the waist or thrown carelessly over the head.

चित्री s. f. Diminutive of Pichhoura. चित्र s. m. The concrete rheum of the eyes. पिश्वन s. m. A bow used for cleaning cotton.

funt adj. Yellow or tawny, reddish yellow. s. m. A sort of colour, tawny brown, a reddish fellow, or a mixture of red and yellow; a horse, probably a bay or chesnut horse; yellow orpiment; a cage, the ribs or the cavity formed by them; the thorax.

full s m. A cage. Pinjra hona, To be or grow lean.

f ব্যৱকী s. f. Two blades of Kusa grass used as a vessel, or to take up articles with at sacrifices.

पिश्विका s. f. A roll of cotton, from which the threads are spun.

चित्रियारा s. m. One whose business it is to beat or separate cotton.

पिश्रम s. m. The wick of a lamp.

चित्रण s. m. The wax for the ear.

पिश्चेट s. m. The excretion, or concrete

पिटकाकी 8. f. Colocynth.

বিত্রাহার.m. A species of pike (Esoze scolopax).

पिटना v. n. To be beaten.

पिटिविटेशा बर्ता. Combing or carding (wool, cotton, de.)

fuzītī s. m. A large basket, a portmanteau. [manteau.

प्यारों s. f. A small basket, a port-प्रस्थ s. m. The tartar or excretion of the teeth.

पिकृताना v. c. To cause to press, squeeze or pound.

「中歌 s. m.] An oblation to deceased [中歌 s. f.] ancestors, as a ball or lump of meat, or rice, mixed up with milk, curds, flowers, sc., and offered to the names at the several Shraddia by the nearest surviving relations,

विकागीस s. m. Gum myrrh.

पिछतेलक s. m. Incense, olibanum.

হিজাবাদ s. m. Presentation of the obsequial cake.

পিডাপ s.m. The flower of the Asoca tree (Jonesia Asoca); the China rose; a lotus; a flower (Tabernæmontana coronaria).

पिकपुणक s. m. A potherb (Chenopodium album).

चिखपता 8. f. A bitter gourd.

विज्ञा s. f. A sort of grass (Cyperus pertenuis). [carota).

पिकस्त s. m. The carrot (Daucus पिक्को s. f. The calf of the leg.

বিজ্ঞান্ত s. m. A flowering shrub (Oleander odorum).

দিখা s.m. Body, person; a lump of clay; a bundle or ball of string, clew. দিখাং s.m. A tree) Trevies nudifora, (বিভাগে s.m. A plunderer, a pillager (among Marhattas).

দিখানু s. m. An esculent and medical root, described as sweet, cooling and diuretic.

चिष्या s. f. A. sort of encumber (Oscumis Madrospatanus).

fuels. f. A long gourd (Cucurbita lagenaria); a sort of palm Phanix dactylifars); a flowering shrub (Tabernamontana coro naria, flor ylen.); the upper part of a Shivling; a lump of any thing that may be contained in the fist; a small clue or ball of string; a small altar of sand a cubit square, on which oblations to the manes are offered.

fusias s. m. A tree (Vangueria spinose) a shrub (Tisbernamontana omonaria).

चिन्दोतनर s. m. A plant, a species of

पिकीर s. m. Cuttle-fish bone,

पिक्तुक s. m. A turtle-dove.

by the Hindus to cover or wash the walls of their houses with.

বিজ্ঞালি s.f. Orst, leavings of a meal, or fragments dropped from the mouth.

पिष्णाच s. m. Asafætida.

पिनपापका s. m. A medicinal plant (Obdenlandia biflora),

fun € s. m. pl. Fathers, fore-fathers. ancestors.

function from three generations. s. f. Verdigris.

पितरी s. m. dual, Mother and father,

पित्रसामा v. n. To be contaminated with verdigris (as food, especially of an acid qu slity, kept in capper vessels).

पिया s. m, Father.

funders. m. A paternal grandfather; a name of Brahm, the great father of all.

पिनामको s. f. A paternal grandmother. पिनामक s. m. Silk cloth of a yellow colour; (vulgarly) "a silk cloth.

पितिया s. m. A paternal uncle, a father's brother.

fue s. m. A father.

fuza adj. Paternal, ancestral, parental, obsequil, relating or belonging to parents or progenitors.

पिरुक्षमें s.m. पिरुक्तायं s.m. पिरुक्तिया s.f.

বিষয়ের s. m. A class of progenitors, the sons of the Rishis or Prajapatis,

पित्रकड़ s. m. A burial ground, a cemetry.

पिक्यातका रु. m. A parricide. पिक्कपंप ३. m. The part of the hand between the middle finger and thumb, sacred to the manes; gifts in honour of deceased relations, distributed at the Shraddhas or funeral ceremonies, the act of throwing water out of the right hand at sensons of ablution, by way of offering to the manes, or deceased ancestors in general.

पित्रतिथि s. m. Day of new moon, on which she rises invisible.

বিষয়নীই s. m. Gaya, the city so called, where the performance of funeral sacrifices is thought to be peculiarly efficacious and meritorious; the part between the fore-finger and thumb, sacred to the manes.

पिटदान s. m. Gift in honour of deceaseed ancestors.

বিষয়ের s. m. The first or dark fortnight of the lunar Asin month.

पिटपिट s. m. A paternal grand-father. पिटपस् s. f. A father's mother.

বিষয়ে adj. Received from a father, inherited patrimonially.

দিহ্বস্ s. m. A remote or cognate kinsman by the father's side, as the son of the paternal grandfather's sister, of the paternal grandmother's sister, and of the father's maternal uncle.

বিজ্ঞান্ধি s.f. Filial duty to a father.
বিজ্ঞান্ধি s. m. Food offered to the manes.

पिटनिष्ट्र s. m. The paternal mansion ; a cometry.

पिद्धक s. m. Obsequial rites.

বিশ্বভাষ s. m. The world or sphere of the manes; it is variously situated, but principally in the Bhuvar region or mid-heaven.

tuzer s. m. A cemetry, a place where dead bodies are burnt or luried.

पित्रम s. m. A paternal uncle.

पिटचाद इ. m. The obsequial ceremony of a father.

বিষ্ঠাৰ s. m. A guardian, a protector, the abode of the manes.

प्रस्ता s. f. An aunt, father's sister. प्रकार s. m. A parricide.

পিন s. m. Bile, the bilious humour. পিনৰ adj. Antibilious.

पित्तको s. f. A plant (Mdnispermum

चित्रज्ञ ह. m. Bilious fever.

furm adj. Bilious, relating to the bilious humour. s. m. Brass; the Bhojputra or Birch tree, of which the bark is used for writing upon &c.

ourk is used for writing upon &c.
বিদ্যাল s.f. A plant (Jossieua repens),
বিদ্যালাৰ v.n. To be contaminated with
verdigris (os food, espeially of on acid
puality, kept in copper vessels).

বিশা s. m. Bile, the gall-bladder; (ironically) anger, emotion of mind. Pitta nikalna, To chastise. Pitta marna, To subside, cool (anger).

पिन्नापद्धा ६. m. A medicincal plant (Oldenlandia biflora)

पिद्द्यी s.f. A. tom-tit.

fपहा s. m. Name of a bird.

furnes. m. A covering, a cover or concealment; a lid, a top or cover; a wrapper or cloak, &c.

पिन s. m. A sound.

पिनकी s. f. Intoxication from eating opium; drowsiness, nodding.

जिनक्षियारा s. m. One whose business it is to beat or seperate cotton.

चिनचिनाना v. s. To twang, to whiz. चिनचिनाइट e f. The whizzing of an ar-

row or shot. विजयाना ७. s. To clothe, to put on, to adorn, to dress.

विज्ञास 8 m. The bow of Shiv ; a trident

or three-pronged spear; the trident | form v. a. To have pain, to be painof Ship.

पिनाकी s. f. A. musical instrument. a sort of viol.

full s. m. A cake of mustard seed remaining after the expression of the oil and given to cows &c. for food.

full s. f. A kind of sweetment.

चिपाचन adj. Thirsty, thirsting.

पिपासा s. f. Thirst.

विपासित है ad. Thirsty, athirst.

पिरियम 8. f. The twelfth of the month Vysakh, when giving away water, is an act of merit.

पिपीलक s.m. A. large black ant.

पियो जिल्ला s. f. The small commou red

fuurzi s. f. A kind of sweetment. four s. m. The holy fig-tree (Ficas

religiosa).

पिपलाक s.m. A nipple...

Tuqui s. /. Long-pepper.

विषक्षीसक s. m. The root of long-pepper. fun adj. Beloved. s. m. A husband, a

lover, a sweetheaft. पिशाला v. ø. To give or cause to drink, to water. "

funt s. m. Love, affection, fondness Piyar karna, To fondle, caress.

funtt adi. m. Beloved.

funt adj. f. Beloved, pleasant.

पियाच s. m. A fruit (Chironjia sa pida : Buchanania latifelia).

पियास s. m. Thirst. Piyas marna, Applied to thirst without drinking. Piyas bujhana, To quench thirst, Piyas marna, To suffer thirst. Piyas lagna, To be thirsty.

funter adj. m. Thirsty. Piyage marna, To be very thirsty.

पियाची adj. f. Thirsty .

ful, to pain, ache, ake.

पिरीना v. a. To thread (as a nidle), to string (as pearls).

पिलाई s. f. The spleen ; a disease from enlargement or inflammation of the spleen.

पिलचना v. n. To adhere.

fuerel s. f. Forced meat.

पित्रमा v. s. To attack, to assault. v. n. To be bruised, thrashed, treated, pressed, ground.

पिचपिशा adj. Soft, flabby, flaceid.

पिस्तिपसामा v. a. To soften.

पिलपिकास्ट 8. f. Softness.

पिलाना v. a. To give or cause to drink. पिलचा s. m. A worm.

पिका s. m. A puppy, whelp, cub.

পিলু*s. m.* A. worm.

पित्रत } odj. Drinking.

funw adj. Of a tawny or brown colour. s. m. Tawny (the colour).

पिश्वकृता s. f. Tawniness.

पिशकी adj. Brown, tawny.

पित्राच s. m. A sprite, a fiend, an evil spirit of a particular class, a demon, a spectre, a malevolent being, something between an infornal imp and a ghost, but aways described as fierce and malignant.

पियाचयस adj. Possessed of a demon, a demoniac.

पिशाचद s. m. A tree (Trophis aspera). the favourite haunt of goblins.

पिशायनी s. f. A female sprite or fiend. पिश्वात s.m. Urine.

पिश्चिता s. f. Spikenard.

fund adj. Cruel, wicked; vile, low, contemptible; stupid, a fool, s, m. A spy, an informer.

বিষয়ৰ্থক s. m. Evil speech, abuse, a function, bad report, detraction, slander.

पियन। s.f. A gramineous plant (Trigonella corniculuta).

fgens. m. A disease of the eyes, opacity of the cornea. [universe. fueus. m. A world, a division of the fgens v. n. To be reduced to meal, to be ground, braised or broken to pow-

der; to be ruined or distressed; (met.) to be desperately in love.

fusik s. f. Price paid for grinding.

fusiw s. m. An evil spirit of a particular class, a demon, a spectre.

विश्वाचनी s. f. A female sprite or spectre. पिसान s. m. Meal, flour.

বিভাৰ s. a. To reduce to meal, to grind. বিভাৰ s. m. The act of making water.

पिस् } s. m. A. flea.

qi adj. Beloved. s. m. A lover, a sweetheart, husband.

पोक s. f. The juice of the betel-leaf chewed and spit out. Pikdán, s. m. A vessel for holding betel spittle, a spitting pot.

पंकित adj. To ripen, grow, le produced.

viw s. f. Rice-water, water in which rice has been boiled, rice-guell.

rice has been boiled, rice-guell.

पास् s. m. The fruit of the Caparis. पोस्ट s. f. Rice-water, water in which rice has been boiled, rice-gruel.

पीक्ष adv. After, in persuit.

पोक्षा s. m. The hinder part (of a saddle particularly).

The s.m. The hinder part, the rear; pursuit, persecution, following; absence. Pichha karna, To pursue, to chase, to follow; to recoil (a gun,

dc.). Pichha pherna, To leave, to withdraw. Pichha lena, To pucsue, to importune, to be obstinately persevering.

भोड़े adv. In the rear, after behind, ago, afterwards, astern, in the absence. Pichhe ddlna, To leave behind, to outstrip, to surpass. Pichhe parna, To dance attendance, to run after, to importune, to dun, to persecute, to torment, to be outstripped. Pichhe lagna, To pursue, to follow.

पीत्राचा v. a. To drink or to be drunk; to absorb; to stifle one's passions; to refrain from answering.

पाञ्चना v. a. To clean cotton from the seeds.

wizel v. a. To beat, thrash, dash, strike, knock, pound. Chhati pitua, To lament, regret, repent.

पीड s. m. A stool, a seat, a chair. s. f. The back. Pith he pichhe dal lena. To protect, to defend. Pith ke pichheh parna, To take refuge or shelter. Pith thokna. To animate, encourage. Pith dena, To run away, to flee, to turn tail; to turn, to shrink from, to veer, to turn away in displeasure. Pith par hath pherna, To pat on the back, to encourage. l'ith pherns, To turn one's back, to depart, to fice, to leave, to withdraw Pith laona. To have a sore on the back (a horse); to mount or to back a horse. Pith layana, To throw down in wrestling. [and flour. पीठा s. m. A kind of food made of rice

पौडियाडीं क adv. Closely. पीडा s. f. A stool, bench, 'seat,

pedestal. पीडौता s.m. Page (of a book).

पाष्ट्र 8. f. Pain, labour (in childbirth).

प्रीकृत adj. What gives or causes pain.

पीकृत्यर adj. Giving pain, afflicting, termenting.

पीड़िन od). Pained, suffering pain or distress; sick, afflicted.

मीडा s. f. A stool or chair.

बोहायम s. m. A preface or introduction to a book.

पीडी s. f. A stool, a chair; a generation of progenitors.

uon or progenitors. मोस्ड s. m. A. roller.

vis sdj. Of a yellow colour. s. m.
Yellow (the colour). s. f. Love,
affection, kindness, friendship. Pit ki
pit rake our mit ka mit hath lage,
Let friendship continue and the
sweets or benefits of it will be obtained.

पीतवर s. m. The carrot.

Thank s. m. Yellow sanders.

पीतजीवा s. f. A sort of creeper with yellow flowers.

पीतपद्ध s. m. A yellow fragrant wood, considered as a yellow species of Sandal wood.

दीतवा s. f. Yellowness.

जीतनुष s. m. The taylor-bird (Sylvia sutoris).

पीतराब s. m. A sort of pine (Pinus Devadaru); another kind of pine (Pinus longifolia).

योतन s.m. The hog plum, (Spondias magnifera); a tree (Pentapiera tomentosa); the waved-leaf fig-tree.

thauff s.f. A plant, commonly called Bichhati: a name applied to the nettle, or a plant of the same class Tragia involucrata).

पीतपादा s. f. A small bird, the Myna (Turus salica).

पीतपुष s. m. A species of Kurnikara । a sort of Tabernemontana.

शैतपुषी s.f. Yellow barleria. पौतपुषी s.m. Trophis aspera.

पोत्रम adj. superl. Most beloved, s. m.

A lover, a sweetheart, a husband. पंतर्भाष ३ m. A yellow gem, a topaz.

पौत्रमसङ्घ s. m. A small tird (Loxiaophilippensis.).

पीतमुख s. m. A gallinule.

प्रोतकार s. m. A silk cloth of yellow colour; (vulg.) a silk cloth.

पीतवृथी s. f. Yellow jasmine.

पीतरक s. m. A yellow coloured gem, perhaps the topaz.

चीतरस s. m. Turmeric (Curcuma). पीतल s. m. Brass.

पीसला *aá*1. Brazen.

पीतली इ s. m. Yellow brass, queen's metal, or a mixed metal.

पीतवाल s. m. A tree (Pentapters). पीतवार s. m. Sandal; a yellow gem, a topaz; a tree (Alangium hexapsialum). [topaz,

पीतस्त्रिक s. m. A precious gem, the पीताचर s. m. Silk cleth of a yellow colour; (vulg.) a silk cleth.

पीति s. f. Love, affection, kindness, friendship.

पीइडी s. f. A tem-tit. [large. पीम adj. Heavy, fat, bulky, corpulent, पीनव s. f. Intoxication and drowsiness from spium.

www.s.m. Cold, catarrh; cold, affecting in the aose, inflammation of the schueiderian membrane. s. f. Chair or litter.

पीन्सी adj. Having a cold.

THIN a. To drink; to smoke (tobacco). s. m. Drinking, &c.; the dregs or refuse (of lingerd, &c.), the oilcake. भोपर s. m. Pepper tree.

vives s. m. The holy fig-tree (Ficus religiosa). s. f. Long-pepper (Piper longum).

पीपखा s. m. The point of a sword.

पीपनास्त s, m: The root of the long-pepper tree.

पीपा s. m. A pipe, barrel, cask.

पीन s.f. Pus, matter, corruption, purulent running.

पौवियाना v. n. To suppurate.

पौविधाइट. s. f. Suppuration.

पौयू adj. Beloved, dear. s. m. Husband, sweetheart, lover.

मोय्य s. m. The food of the gods, ambrosia, nectar; the milk of a cow during the first seven days after calving.

पोर s. f. Pain, ache, sickness; feeling, pity, compassion, mercy.

भीरा adj. Yellow.

पीराई s. m. A tribe or caste who beat a kind of dram called dhol.

पीला adi. Yellow.

पीचाई s.f. Yellowness.

पौचाम s. m. Batin;

पौजी s. f. A gold-mohar.

पैलोमीय s. prop. The name of a town in Robilkhand.

rie s. m. A tree, applied in some places to the Careya arbores, and in others to the Salvadora persica; it is very commonly assigned also to all exotic and unknown trees; the blossom of the Sadcharum sara; an insect.

पोक्षपणी s. f. A plant (Bryoniu grandis). पोचक्क s. m. A tippler, a toper, a dinker.

पीवर s. m. (s.) Fat, corpulent.

भेगरी s.f. A plant (Asparagus racemosus). पीभा s. f. Water,

पोसना v. s. To grind, to triturate, to bruise, to powder; to gnash (the teeth).
s. m. The corn or grain for grinding.
पोसर s. m. Mothe, 's house:

पोइर s. m. Mother s nouse:

पंज s. m. A heap, a quantity, a collec-पुरिष s. m. The male organ; the masculine gender (in grammar).

पुंचिक s. m. The penis.

years, m. The first of the essential coromonics of Hindu initiation; a religious and domestic festival held on the mother's perceiving the first signs of a living conception.

yes. m. Semen virile; manhood, virility.

इचार s.f. Bawl, calling, calling out aloud, cry, call. [call. इक्सरहर्मा v. a. To proclaim publicly, to-उद्यादना v. a. To call aloud, to bawl, tocry out, exclaim, shout.

years, m. Pond.

STATU : s. m. A. thin coat of claysum : for laying on a wall; the sponge of a gum. Puchara dena, To lay a thin coat on the walls of clay on the walls of a house; to whitewash a wall. Puchara pherna, Tosponge a gum.

पुष्क s. f. A. tail. [hangs behind, पुष्का s. m. Tail (of a kite) what follows or पुष्किया s. m. An inquirer.

ysterial v. a. To eause to worship; to-

पुत्राना v. s. To cause to worship; tofill, to complete. [pings पुत्राचा s. m. The apparatus of worship-पुत्र s. m. A heap, quantity, collection.

gg s. m. A menstruum, solvent, flux.

TEA 8. f. A small bundle.

ger s. m. The buttock, the hip (of an animal).

पुद्धा s. m. A large parcel (of physic, \$c.). पुद्धिका s. f. A parcel (of physic, \$c.). पुद्धी s. f. A skin with which a drum is made.

gustings. m. The elephant of the southeast quarter; a sort of snake (Amphistocons); a sort of leprosy; a white lotus.

पुष्करीयक s. m. A flower (Hibiscus mutabilis) : a drug commonly called Pundariya.

gu adj. Virtuous, pure, righteous.
s. m. Virtue, moral or religious merit;
a good action.

प्रवासकी adj. Pions, virtuons.

guns s. m. The Champake flower (Michelia champace).

पुंष्यतीयं s. m. A holy shrine or place of pilgrimage.

पुष्पत्य s. m. White Kusa grass.

पुरासक s. m. The reward or consequence of good actions.

Tweets. f. The holy land of the Hindus; the central part of Asis, bounded on the north by the Himaloya, on the south by the Viadhya mountains, and on the east and west by the see.

प्रमाणि s.f. The holy land of the Hindus, the mother of a male child.

পুজাৰ s. m. Heaven, paradise. পুজাৰ adj. Virtuous, pious, righteous.

प्रकाशिक adj. Vittnous. प्रकाशिक as m. A sacred place, holy ground.

THE s. f. The commencement of collection for the new year. (Used by landholders).

west a. f. A virtuous action, performed

(according to those who held the doctrine of the meteupsychosis) in one state of existence, the reward of which is received in a future transmigration; merit of an ancestor rewarded in his descendants.

yenan adj. Holy, pions.

पुरुषीद्य s. m. Good fortune, as the result of virtuous acts in a former life.

37 s. m. A hell to which the childless are said to be condomned.

पुरमा s. m. An idol, image.

पुत 8. m. A. son.

grants.f. The pupil of the eye; an image, a puppet, an idol, a doll; the freg of a horse's hoof, Putil ka tera karna, To honour or esteem as the apple of the eye. [paid, sark s.f. The act of plastering; price

पुत्रकाव्या s. f. Wish or affection for progeny.

yamla s. m. A tree, from the fruit of which necklace are made of supposed prolific efficacy (Nigella Putranjiva).

पुत्रपौद्याच तक्षेत्र. Descended from son to son. [cullata.

पुनविषो s. f. A plant (Sulvinia cal-पुनिषा s. f. A daughter; a doll, a puppet.

yfamiga s. m. The son of a daughter, appointed to raise issue for her father; one of the twelve heirs acknowledged by the old *Hindu* law; a grandson,

पत्री s.f. A danghter; a plant (Siphononthus Indica).

gales. f. A sacrifice performed for the purpose of obtaining children.

पुत्र: पुत्र: } adv. Repeatedly, again and पुत्र:पुत्र: } again.

99:991 e.f. The Pumpun river in Behar.

प्रमु adv. Again.

प्रमुख्या adj. Repeated, said over again. s. m. Tautology, repetition.

पुनदक्ति s. f. Repetition, tautology.

पुनक्यान s. m. Resurrection.

पुनर्जना adj. Re-born, born again.

पुनर्नेश s.f. Hog-weed (Bocrhavia diffu-

पुत्रम् s. f. A virgin widow re-married. पुत्रम् s. m. The seventh of the lunar asterisms.

प्नामा v. a. To cause to be abused or reproached by another.

प्रेनि ado, Again.

प्रमीत adj. Pure, clean.

प्रदान s. m. An asterism under which males are procreated.

पुत्रा v. c. To abuse.

yana s. m. A tree, from the flowers of which a yellowish dye is prepared (Rottleria tinctoria).

gt s. f. A city.

grs. m. A town, a city; a place containing large buildings surrounded by a ditch, and extending not less than one kos in length, is called a city, a pur or Nagar; if it extends not less than half a kos, it is called a Khet, or town; if loss than that, Karvat, or small market town; and any cluster of houses less than that, is a Grams, or vi lage.

पुर:घर adj. One who goes first or before. s. m. A leader, a preceder.

इर्बिया है n. prop. Name of a district प्रतिवार्ध and town, Purneah in Bengal. इरदेशा s. f. The tutelary deily of a town.

पुरशार s. m. A city gate. पुरशिया s. m. An old man, an elder; a patron.

पस्त्र s. m. A sort of pepper (Piper change).

पुरवासी adj: Inhabiting a city or town. पुरव्यास s. m. A sort of grass (Sacchsrum cylindricum).

पुरस्तार s. m. Honouring, respecting, worshipping.

yers. m. A large village, a town, an assamblage of habitations.

पराच s. m. A sacred and poetical work, supposed to be compiled or composed by the poet Vyas, and comprising the whole body of Hindu theology : each Pwan should treat of five topics especially, the destruction and renovation of worlds, the genealogy of gods and heroes, the reigns of the Manns, and the transactions of their des enlants; but great variety prevails in this respect, and few contain historical or genealogical matter. There are eighteen acknowledged Purans: 1, Brahma; 2, Padma, or the lotus; 3, Braismanda, or the egg of Brahma; 4, Ugni, or fire ; 5, Vishnu ; 6, Garur, his bird or vehicle; 7, Brahmarypart, or transformations of Brahme, i. e. of Krishna, identified with the Supreme : 8, Shive : 9, Linga ; 10. Narad, son of Brahma; 11, Skand, son of Shiv; 12, Markandev. so called from a Muni of that name; 13, Bhavishyet, or prophetic: 14. Motsyah, or the fish: 15. Varaha, er boar; 16 Kurm, or tertoise; 17. Vamon, or dwarf, and 18, The Bhagavat, or life of Krishna; which last is by some considered as a spurious and modern work : the Brahma-vyvart is also of very mordern origin. The Purans reckoned to contain four hundred thousand stanzas. There are also eighteen uppurans, or similar poems of inferior sauctity, and different appellations: the whole constitute the popular or poetial creed of the Hindus, and some of them or particular parts of them, are very generally read and studied.

बुराचा बुरातम } adj. Ohi, ancient. बुरातम

प्राण v. a. To fill. adj. Old. पुरी s. f. A city, a town.

पुरीनीष s. m. The thorn-apple (Datura). प रोष s. m. Fæces, excrement, ordure. इंद s. m. The name of a king, the sixth

gq s. m. The name of a king, the sixtn monarch of the lunar line; the farina of a flower. s.f. The name of a river, said to run a little north-west of the Sarsuti.

geur s. m. An old man, an elder, an ancestor.

ted s. m. Ancestors, ancestry.

jau s. m. A man, generally or individually, a male, mankind; God, the Supreme Being.

पुंचपकार s. m. Manly act, virility; effort, exertion ; any act of man, man-hood: पुंचपका s.f. Manhood, manliness ; va-

इंद्रश्य s.m. Manhood, virility, manly nature or property; valour, prowess. दुवर्षेती edj. Man.hating, misanthropic. दुवर्षेतिया s.f. An ill-tempered or factions woman.

gramm adj. Of the height or measure of a man.

पुंचपवर्षिय करो. Desolate, destitute of human beings.

क्रमण: s. m. pl. Ancestors, the ancients, predecessors.

कृत्याचन s. m. A low man, an outcast,

इंदर्शाधकार *s. m*. Manly office or daty. दुवराषु *s. m*. Life of man, human existence.

gratification of desire, acquirement of wealth, discharge of duty, and final emancipation. adv. For or on account of man.

पुरुषात्री s. m. A Rakshas, a cannibal.

पुंच्योत्तन s.m. An excellent or superior man.

प्रशास n. prop. The son of Buddh, and second king of the lunar dynasty. [the lotus.

प्रति s.f. The placenta; the plant of प्रतेशा है s.m. The family or domes-प्रतेशिक है tic priest, conducting all the ceremonials and sacrifices of ahorso or family.

पुरीहितानी s.f. The wife of a Parohit, or family priest.

graf. s. m. An old man, an elder, and ancestor.

क्षेत्र s.f. Deceit, trick, coaxing.;

पूर्व s. f. An easterly wind.

प्रतीमा v. u. To cause to fill. प्रतिवा s.f. Easterly wind,

u si s. m. An old man, an elder, an

को s. m. Ancestors, ancestry.

q st. adj. Of man's height, s. m. | The extent of a man's reach in height when extending the arms and fingers, a fathom,

Pul bandhna, v. a. (lit. To make a bridge), To limit; to abound:

प्रविश्व ady. Joyful.

s. m. A sort of Kadamb (Nouc-

u ugen adj. Soft, flabby, flaccid.

guigates v. n. To fear, to dread; to

'take a morsel into the mouth, and from the want of teeth, being unable to chew, to turn it about.

yayangs. f. Fear; the act of turning

about a morsel in the mouth. प्रदाना v. s. To persuade.

(1977), m. An island of alluvial formation, or one from which the water has recently withdrawn, or a small island or bank left in the middle of a river, upon the falling of the waters; any island.

पुंचिन्दा s. m. A bundle.

yfar s. m. The masculine gender (in grammar).

प्रवास s. f. Straw.

Fire adj. Nourished ,nurtured.

gars. m. The sky; heaven, atmosphere; a lotus (Nelumbium speciosum, or Nymphasa nelumbo); drug (Costus speciosus); a celebrated place of pilgrimage now called Pokar, in the province of Ajmer, about four miles from the city of Ajmer, consisting of a small town on the bank of a lake, whence its name; one of the seven great dwips or divisions of the universe; a pond or lake; a mountain in Pushkardwip.

वुकारस्वक s. m. The root of the Costus speciosus.

पुकारियों s. f. A square or large pond; a piece of a water, a piece of water, lake.

ge adj. Nourished, cherished; fat; restorative, provocative.

get adj. Restorative, provocative. gen s. f. Fatness; invigoration, restorative power. gerw adj. Fat, fattened.

gle s. f. Cherishing, nourishing.

greats. m. Any food or drng of a nutritive qualitive, provocative.

पुष्टिइ adj. Nourishing, cherishing.

पुष्टिइ। s. f. A plant (Physolis flexuosa).

yws. m. A flower in general; the menses; the vehicle or car of Kuver; a disease of the eyes, specks on the eye, albugo.

पुषस र. m. Calx of buss; the chariot of Kuver a disease of the eyes, albugo, specks on the eye; a bracelet of diamonds or jewels; green vitriol.

पुंचकरखक s. m. Aventi or Ujyn, or the grove in its vicinity considered as sacred to Mahadev.

पुषकाशीम s. m. The green sulphate of iron. [flowers.

पुषकीह s. m. Any insect affecting पुषकीत s. m. Calx of brass.

पुष्पाम् इ. m. A plant (Artemisia); a fragrant plant (Pandanus odoratissimus), having a large bushy flower.

पुषद्ता s. m. The elephant of the northwest quarter.

पुष्पण्य s. m, The vulva.

yayı n. prop. Pataliputra, or Palibothra.

पुष्पक्त s. m. Elephant or wood apple. प्रवास s. m. Spring.

पुष्परक्ष s. m. A shrub (Hisbiscus phæniceus) . [flowers.

पुष्परस s. m. The nectar or honey of प्राप्त s. m. The dust or faring of flowers.

पुष्रीचन s. m. A plant (Mesus ferres). पुष्यत edj. Having flowers, flowery. पृष्यति s. f. A flower garden.

प्रमुख क्ष्यों. Not bearing flowers, flower-

प व्यवस्य s. m. Spring.

flowers.

प्रशास adj. Flowerless, not flowering. प्रशास s.f. The glomerous fig-tree; a woman whse menstruction has ceas-

ed, a barren woman. प पासन s. m. The calx of brass.

मुचाधनी s. f. Presenting a nosegay of flowers, held in both hands opened, and hollowed.

u funt s. f. The tartar of the teeth, the mucus of the glans penis or urethra.

प विषत adj. Flowered, in flower.

पृथिता s. f. A woman during menstruation.

पुणियाश s. f. A form of metre; the line consisting, of four or six short syllables, a pyrrhic, or a dactyl, two truchees and a spondee.

प् चो adj. Flowering, bearing flowers.

qus. m. The eight lunar asterism, comprising three stars, of which one is Cancer; the month Pous (December—January).

पुष्प व s. m. An adopted son, Pusput karna, To adopt.

प्रसार s. m. A book, a manuscript.

पुड्मी है ह. f. Ground,

uw s. m. A pancake.

Y s. m. A sound of letting wind.

पूंजी s. f. Flute, pipe; a kind of pipe played on by jugglers.

y w s. f. A tail."

पूर्वना v. a. To wipe.

Tailed.

पूंजी s. f. A capital in trade, stock, principal sum, fund.

पूत s. m. The letel-nut tree (Arece पीनका

faufel, or catechu); a heap, a quantity, a multitude; the fruit of the faufel, the betel-nut.

प्रमुख s. m. The areca nut.

until s. m. The marshy date tree Phanix, or Elate paludosa).

Y≅ s. f. Inquiry, investigation. Puchhpachh, s. f. Inquiry, interrogation.

पुद्धना v. a. To ask, inpuire, question, interrogate.

पूछी s. f. The tail of a fish.

पूजक adj. Worshipping, a worshipper.

पूत्रन s. m. Worship, worshipping.

पूत्रवा v. a. To adore, reverence, worship, venerate.

पुजनीय रे adj. To be worshipped or पुजनाम speet, venerable.

ysi s.f. Worship, culture, respect, homage of superiors, or adoration of the gods.

पूत्रारी s. m. A worshipper.

प्राचन adj. Worshipped, adored, reverenced.

पूजा adj. Worshipful, venerable, fit for or deserving adoration, &c. s. m. A. father-in-law.

पूज्यमान adj. Being reverenced or respected. [a cow.

पुट s. m. A bone lying over the tail of पूरको s. f. The anus; a term of abuse.

ys s. m. The buttock, the hip.

y31 s. m. The paper or paste board cover of a book,

Y s. m. A kind of cake made of pease-meal.

ৰুজী s. f. Rolls of cotton prepared for spinning.

पूत s. m. A son.

प्तका है s. m. Baby-cloths, clouts.

y man s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Termins lia chebula); the name of a female demon killed by Krishn; a disease, atrophy and wasting in a child, ascribed to the malignant operations of the female fiend Putns.

पुत्र सच s. m. The jack fruit.

पूतरा s. f. } A puppet, an image.

पूतली s. f. A small puppet or image; the people of the eye.

पुताका s, m. A saint, an ascetic, a pure or purified person; a man of a cleanly person, or purified by ablation.

पृति s. f. Purity, purification. पृतिक s. m. Grey bonduc (Casalpinia

bonducella). [ear. पूतिकर्णक s. m. Fetid ulceration of the प तिकासुख s. m. A bivalve shell.

प्रतिसाष्ट s. m. A sort of pine (Pinus Devadaru). [folia].

प्रतिकता s. f. A plant (Psorales corili-प्रतिकतो s.f. A medicinal plant (Serratule anthelmintica).

प्रतिष्ठ इ. m. A plant (Bignonic Indics).
प्रतिप्राप्ति इ. f. The pole or civet cat.
प्रत्य इ. m. The musk-deer; an insect
with a fetid smell, the winged bug.
प्रोगं इ. m. Garden mint (Menths

sativs). पुत्रस्ताई s. f. A thin roller on which

cotton is prepared for spinning.

The state of the spinning of

पूनी: } s. f. The day of full moon.

पूप s. m. A cake, पूपका s. f. A sort of sweet cake, fried with chi or oil.

प्राची s. f. A sort of cake or biscuit, made of meal or barley, haif baked or fried. प्य } * m. Pus, matter, discharge प्यम } from an ulcer, wound or sore, प्राचन s. m. Suppuration at the joints, white swelling.

प्रक ार्थ. Falling, completing, or that which fills or completes.

que adj. Falling, completing; full, filled, complete, perfect, accomplished, entire, total, exact, ripe. s. m. Act of filling, completing or making up; multiplication (in arithmetic); a fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus). Tunt s.f. The cross throads in weap-

ing a piece of cloth.

THE east, adj. Eastern; former, prior, preceding.

VI adj. Full, complete, entire, exact, perfect, sufficient, just, total ripe, powerful, Purcharna, v. a. To fill, to fulfil, to accomplish, to complete; to re-imburse.

प्रार्ध s. f. Falness, completion.

पूर्व adj. Filled, full, complete. पूरिया s. f. A musical mode or rayini. पूरी s. f. A kind of fresh cake fried in

butter, or ghi.

पूर्ण adj. Full, filled, complete, perfect; accomplished; all, entire, total; strong, powerful, able; exact, ripe. प्राचान adj. Satisfied, satiated.

with holy water, used at the consecration of a king; a full cup or jar.

vessel filled with clothes or ornaments, which are scrambled for by the guests and relations at a festival; a vessel full of rice, presented as a sacrifice to the superintending and officiating priests: it is properly a measure of 256 handfuls of rice: it may also be composed of as much as will satisfy one great eater.

म चुँसा मूर्णमासी s.f. The day of full moon.

पूर्णमास s. m. A monthly sacrifice, performed on the day of full moon.

पूर्ण v. n. To weave (as a spider). v. n.
To be filled, Chonk purns, To make chequers or squares.

Yulvas. f. The oblation presented at the conclusion of a religious sacrifice, the final oblation; the burnt offering which completes any ceremony.

पूर्णि s. f. Fulness, completion.

पूर्त ad). Filling, completing.

ua adj. Anterior, prior, former, preceding; east, eastern.

पूर्वाचे ady. The former or prior half.

adj. Eatern, from the cast; a kind of rice from the cast or Bengal.

पूर्वे adj. First, former, prior, preceding, initial, east, eastern; before, in front of.

युषेक adj. Prior, lefore, preceding. '

पूर्ववाशीन ady. Ancient, belonging to former times.

प्रकत adj. Done formerly, or in a prior existence.

प्रमा s. f. The Nermado river, formerly called the Ganges,

ष्ट्रेष adj. Born or produced before either in time or place; castern, born in the cast; elder. s. m. An elder brother.

Time e.m. pl. The defied progenitors of mankind; ancestors, progenitors in general.

पर्वेदिक है s. f. The eastern region.

प्रदेश 3. m. The eastern country, or eastern part of India.

प्रदेश s. m. A former body, a prior existence.

प्रेपच s. m. A proposition, half of a lunar month.

पूर्वेगरेंत s. m. The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise.

व वेसन्तर्गी s. f. The eleventh lunar asterism; the first Phalyani, the twelfth Nakshata, being termed Ultara, or subsequent: this asterism figured by a couch contains two stars, one of which is Leonis,

प्रवेभाइपदा s. f. The first of the two lunar asterisms, and twenty-sixth of the whole, containing two stars.

पूर्व ज्ञात s. m. The first part of the night. पूर्व ज्ञाच s. m. Indication of something about to occur, as sickness, &c.

पूर्वभिज s. m. The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise.

पूर्वभाषा s. f. Dawn, day-break. पूर्व s. m. A small village.

पूर्वाफाल्युनी इ. f. The eleventh lunar asterism. (asterism.

पूर्वाभाइपद s. m. The twenty-sixth lunar पुर्वाभा**इन्ह** adj. Facing the east.

पूर्वभ्यास s. m. Former practice, or experience. [thing.

प्रशेष s. m. The first or east half of any univerself and two constellations, each called Asharhs, and the 20th of the lunar asterisms containing two stars, of which one is Sagitard i. e. one of which is D. Sagitarii. univerself and the day, the forenoon.

will adj. Enstern, from the east; a kind of rice from the east or Bengal.

s. f. A ragini sung before evening. प शैतर s. m. The north-east.

THE S. M. A bundle or truss of grass or straw. Pule tele gueran karna (lit. To live under a bundle of straw), implies a very destitude condition.

पूली s. m. A small bundle of any grass or straw. &c.

q a s m. The eight mansion of the moon comprising three stars in Cancer; the mulherry (Morus Indics).

u u s, m. The ninth solar month, the full moon of which is near Pushyah, three stars in Cancer.

s. f A gramineous plant (Trogonella corniculata).

पुरुष s. m An inquirer, an investigator, an inquisitive person.

पुष्ट्य s. m. Asking, inquiring.

মুক্তা s.f. Asking, questioning, a question or inquiry.

Tanis. f. An army; a small army or division consisting of 243 elephants. as many chariots, 729 horse, and 1215 foot.

प्रयक्त adj. Separate, apart, adv. Separately, severally.

प्यकरण s. m. Separating, distinguishing. प्रकृत adj. Separated, sundered, made distinct. [Severalty.

प्रमास s. m. Individuality, separateness, प्रमासमा s.f. A plant commonly called Murva (Sanseniera zeylanica).

प्रमहण्या 8. f. A plant (Hemionites cordifolia).

प्रशासा s. m. Individualised spirit, or that of an individual as detached from universal spirit or the soul of all.

इश्युस adj. Having distinct properties. इश्रास्थ adj. Various, multiform, diversified. पृथाी } s. f. The earth.

हणिवीत्तल 's. m. The surface of the ground.

पृथिनीनाथ) s.m. Aking, a sovereign, पृथिनीपति a ruler.

van. prop. The fitth monarch of the solar dynasty in the second age: an ancient Raja, son of Ven, Raja of Beltw: he was married to a form of the goddess Lakshmi, taught men to cultivate the earth. &c. s. f. A pungent seed. (Nigella Indica); medicinal substance, commonly called Hingupatri.

१घदर adj. Large-bellied, stout, corpulent. s. m. A ram.

ঘণীs. f. The earth; a pungent seed (Nigella Indics); a medicinal substance and condiment, perhaps the leaf of the asafeetida plant Hingupatri. [metre.]

पृथीसर s. m. A species of the Atyasti पृथिका s, f. An acquatic plant (Pistia stratioites).

पृत्रिपची s. f. A plant (Hemionites cordifolia: Hedysarum lagopodioides).

ye adj. Asked, inquired.

yws. m. The back; the rear, the last, the back or hinder part of any thing.

THE E. m. A bear, from looking behind him. [tean.

พัช s. f. A small basket, a portman-ซึ s. m. An imitative sound.

va. f. The exertion made by people in a swing, who two persons keep the swing in motion without assistance from by-standers. s. m. A bird (Gracula chattareah).

पंजानी s. f. Little bell fastened round the feet of pigeons and of children. Was, f. A market.

w s. f. Pace, step; a rising ground, an eminence.

भेतना s.m. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.

पदा s. m. The bottom (of a vessel, box, pot, \$c.)

पेखना s. m. A play, farce, sham, comedy, v. a. To sec.

पेखिनशा s. m. A player, an actor.

पंचक है. m. Anowl.

वेबु s. m. An esculent root (Arum solocasia).

92 s. m. The belly ; the womb, pregnancy: the bore (of a gun, &c.); cavity, capacity. Pet ana, To be purged. Pet katna, To pinch one's belly, to starve one's self; to be griped. Pet ka duk dena, To starve. Pet ka parda, s. m. The omentum. Pet ka pani nah hilna, is applied to the steady motion of a horse which does not agitate the rider. Pet ki ag, s.f. Maternal affection. Pet ki ag bujhana, To eat something. Pet ki baten, s. f. Bosom secrets. Pet ke paon báhar nikalna, To"practise | aseness or vitiousness. Pet gargarana, To have borborygmi, Fet girna, To miscarry (a female), abortion, miscarriage. Pet girana. To cause an abortion. Pet chalna, or chhutna, To be purged, to have a diarrhoa or flux. Pet jalna, To be very hungry. Pet jari hona, . To be fluxed, to be purged. Pet dalna, To procure abortion. Pet dikhana. To complain of poverty and hunger. "Pet pakna, To burst with laughter. Pet puni hona, To be violently purged, to have watery stools. Pet palna, To be able to live decently; to be selfish. Pet pith ek hona, To be greatly emaciated. Pet pith batana, To implore (?). Pet ponchhan, The last child of a woman. Pet posu, adj. Glutton. Pet phulna. To burst with laughter. Pet barhana, To eat voraciously; to encroach on the share or rights of another. Pet bandhna, To eatless than one's appetite demands. Petbhar, adv. Bellyful. Pet bharna, To fill one's belly ; to be satisfied. Pet marns, To commit suicide, to stab one's self Pet men pythna, To worm one's self, into the secrets of another, to become intimate. Pet men lena, To endure, have patience. Pet rakhana, To get with child. Pet rahna, To be pregnant, Pet lag jana, To be starving with hunger. Pet lag rahns, To be very hungry, Pet wali, adj. f. Pregnant, Pet se, adj. Pregnant. Pet se hona. To be pregnant. Pet harbaráná. To have a griping or inclination to stool.

पेटक s. m. A basket for holding clothes, books, &c.

पैटा है s.f. A basket, a large basket.

पेटारा s. m. A large basket, a portmanteau.

पटायाँ क्षेत्रं, Gluttonus, epicurean. पेटाय s. m. A. pension, daily food, board.

Part s.f. A belly-band, a girth; a portmanteau; a box, a tumbril, a case; the thorax, chest. Peti larna, or marad, v. s. To copulate.

पेट बर्गु. Gluttonous, epicurean. पेटोबा s. m. A looseness, purging, flux. पेटा s. m. A kind of gourd. To plant trees.

पेखना v. a. To press (oil by means of a mill), to squeeze, to rack.

पेडा s. m. A kind of sweetmeat made with surds; a globular mass of leaven prepared for baking.

पेड़ो s. f. A kind of sweetment made with cards; a kind of betel-leaf; the indigo plant after being once cut; the trunk of a tree.

पेड s. m. The belly below the navel, the pubes.

पेन्दा s. m. The bottom (of a vessel, box. pot, &c.).

पेनी adi. f. Sharp.

पेस s. m. Love, friendship.

पेनी adj. Affectionate, lover.

पेव s. m. Water, milk. adj. Drink able. drink.

पेड़ी s. f. A small basket, a portman-पेयुष } s.m. The milk of a cow which has calved within seven days, biestings.

पेद s. m. A turkey.

पेरीका 8. m. The turquoisc.

s. m. A testicle. येल्डा ।

पेलना v. a. To shove, to push ; to stuff, to cram ; to express, to squeeze out. पेलपाल part. Shoving, pushing, &c. पेला s. m. A testicle ; fault, oppression ; a prop, a support.

चेन adj. A wrestler.

पेन ही s. f. A kind of yellow colour (said to be obtained from the urine of a cow, fed on the flowers of Butea frondosa, or according to others, on the leaves of the mango tree). पेनसी s. f. The milk of a cow which

has calved within seven days.

पेड s. f. A tree, a plant. Per lagana, | पेशाव s. m. Urine, Peshab-band, s. m. Strangury. [si).

पेत्री s. f. Spikenard (Voleriana jotaman-पेषच s. m. Reducing to dust or powder; a hand-mill, a stone and muller, any apparatus for grinding or pounding ; a plant (a sort of Euphorbia with three lobes, commonly called Tekanta sij).

पेषको s. f. A stone, slab, on which condiments, &c. are ground with a muller.

पै s. m. Milk, water, adv. on, upon, over, at, to, nevertheless, vet. coni.

पेंचना v. a. To winnow.

पेंचा s. m. Return, retribution, a loan, repayment of a loan.

पेंजनी s. f. Little bells fastened round the feet of pigeous and of children. पेड s.f. Pace, sted ; a rising ground,

an eminence. पेंद्रा s. m. A road, highway. path. Pynda marna, To stop a road; to

rob in the road. प्ताना s. m. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.

पैतालीस adj. Forty-five.

पैत्रीय adi. Thirty-five. पेंसड adj. Sixty-five.

पैकासा s. m.) Iron chains on a cul-पैक्रड़ी s. f. prit's legs. fettors ; ornamental rings worn on the ankles.

पैकी s.m. One who carries about, o hukka for hire at a fair or in a camp. पैयू s. m. A sort of green-coloured

stone (brought from Pegu). पैन v. c. A vow, a promise. Pyi karna. v. c. To make a vow.

पैंड s. m. A duplicate (of a bill of exchange); entrance, ingress, admission, access.

पैठना v. n. To penetrate, enter, rush or run into, pervade.

पैडाबना v. a. To force in, to make to penetrate, to thrust, to run in, to introduce, to insinuate.

पेको s.f. A ladder, a staircase; a flight of stens.

पैद्ध a. f. Pace, step ; a rising ground. w s. m. A road, highway, path. Pynda marna. To stop a road ; to rob in the road.

पैतरा s. m. Flourishing about before cudgelling, &c.

पैतला adj. Shallow.

uta adi. Paternal, ancestral, belonging or relating to the father or toprogenitors, hereditary, inherited from a father.

पंतक्रमुसि s. f. Father-land, the country of one's ancestors; a paternal state. पेशिक adj. Billiary, billious.

पे विश्व adj. Paternal, ancestral.

पैदल adv. On foot. s. m. Infantry. चैन s. m. A reservoir of water ; a rill. पेना s. m. A. goad. adj. m. Sharp.

पेनाना v. a. To sharpen.

पैनाला s. m. A gutter, a spout.

पंचा s. m. A wheel.

पैयान s. m. Departure.

पैयास 8. f. Straw.

चेर s. m. The foot.

Bente. n. To swing.

पैराई s. f. Place of swimming or distance over which it is necessary to swim; art of swimming; wages for teaching to swim,

पैराक s. m. A swimmer.

पैराकी s. f. Act or art of swimming.

पैशाना v. a. To cause to swim. पैराइ adi. Beyond man's depth, where

it is necessary to swim. Tlegs. पेरी s. f. An ornament worm on the | पीक्ष s. m. Wiping ; a rag, &c. with

देश n. prop. A sage, the promulgator of the Rig Ved. पैंका s. m. A. vessel for measuring पैक्टोबेर s. m. An engrafted ber (Zizyphus jujula).

पेशाच adj. Internal, demoniacal, relating or belonging to a Pisach or goblin, s. m. A mode of marriage. the ravishment of a girl by her lovers.

पेश्च s. m. Depravity, wickedness.

पैसा s. m. A copper coin, a pice ; money, eash. Pysa urana, To spend extravagantly; to take the money of another by theft or deceit. Pysa khana. To spend extravagantly, to waste; to subsist by wages or the produce of labour; to take bribes; to embezzle. Pusa dubona. To sink money. to lay out money without return. Pysa dubna, To be sunk (money). Pysa pher phar karna, To turn the penny. Pyse lagana, To lay out or ' expend money. Pyse wala. adj. Moneyed; worth one Pysa. Pyse son darbar bandna, To bribe, to give bribes.

चैसार s. m. Access, ability, admission. चोषा s. m. A very young serpent; a nurshing of any animal; a plant.

पीचाना v. s. To warm by the sun or the steam of water, to bask.

The interj. Ho! holla ! (calling to people in the road to get out of the way), have a care !

चौत्रमा v. n. To be fluxed.

with s. m. The ship-worm (Teredo navalis).

will e. m. A blockhead; a sort of drum ; a thin joint of bamboo. adj. Empty.

which any thing is wiped ; say thing) thrown away after wiping. च्चोकना v. a. To wipe.

mizi s. m. Snot.

पाँठी s. f. A kind of small fish (Cyprinus chrysoparius).

पीखर s. m. A pond, a lake.

पोट s.f. A bundle, a ball, a package ; a spout.

पेंटनज s. m. A reed (Arundo tibialis) ; a sort of grass (Saccharum spontaneum).

मोटना s. m. A large bundle.

चे द्रशिका s. f. A bundle or packet.

wiz I s. f. A bundle, a parcel.

पीटा s. m. A unfledged bird; the eyelid; the crop or craw (of birds); the stomach; the mucus of the nose, snot, s. f. A woman having a beard.

पीडा adj. Strong, firm.

चीडाई s. f. Strength, firmness.

win s. m. I The young of any ani-मोक्षी s. f. ∫ mal.

पीत s.f. A vessel, a ship, a boat. s. m. Nature, disposition, quality; glass beads, beads.

क्रीतनी s. f. A potherb (Basella lucida). पीतन s. m. An animal that produces young at once without the intervention of any medium ; elephants and some other animals being supposed in Hindu physiology to carry the young without the aid of an ovarium or uterns.

winger s. m. Baby-cloths, clouts. पोत्रको s. f. The afterbirth. भोतना v. a. To besmear, to plaster. पीतरा s. m. Baby-cloths, clouts. चीता s. m. Grandson, son's son. wifagr s. m. A cloth worn at the time of bathing ; plaything. चीनी s. f. (frand-daughter, son's daughपीध s. m. A small glass bead.

चोचकी s. f. Red pimples on the eyelids. पोषा s. m. A large book.

पीची s. f. A book.

पीइना s. m. A bird (Sylvia olivacea). पीइनी s.f. Female of Podna.

पीना v. æ. To string (pearls), to thread (a needle).

पीपनी s. f. A wind instrument (of music), made by children, of the seeds of mango and the leaves of the Borassus : any wind instrument.

पीपचा adı. One whose teeth are fallen out, toothless.

पोय s. m.) A kind of vegetable Ba-पीया s. f. } sella alba and rubra).

पीर s.f. The space or interval between two joints or articulations (of the body, or of a bamboo, sugar-cane, &c.) Por-yor, adv. Every joint.

पीरी s.f. A joint of bamboo, sugarcane, &c.

पोक्षा s. m. A joint or phalanx of the fingers; a joint of the tamarind.

बीसक s. m. Straw hands at the ends of a staff, used with a charkhi, to frighten and restrain a furious elephant.

पीका adi, Soft, hollow. पोची s. f. A term of abuse, simpleton.

पीष s. m. Nourishing, cherishing. पीषक s. m. A nourisher, cherisher.

पीषण s. m. Nourishing, cherishing breeding, rearing.

पोषणा v. a. To breed, to foster, to nourish, to tame. [of.

पोष्य adj. To be cherished or taken care पीष्यपुत s, m. An adopted son.

पोष्यां s. m. A class of persons or objects to be cherished, as parents, children, guests, and the sacred fire.

पीयना v. a. To breed, rear, foster, nourish, tame.

पोड s.f. Dawn of day. पोड़ना v. a. To make bread.

षो s. f. The one or ace on dice; a stand where water is provided for passengers. Pca phaina, To dawn (morning).

पाडा s. m. A kind of sugar-cane.

पेंस्सन s. m. One of the Sanskars or essential ceremonies of the Hindu religion; a religious observance, held when signs of a living conception take place.

भोदना v. n. To repose, to lie down, to rest.

पोडा वर्तें. Strong, firm ; wide, broad. पोडार s. f. Strength, firmness; breadth. मोख्द s. m. The pale straw-coloured species of sugar-cane; a man of a mixed caste, from the Vysyah and fomale of the distiller caste, whose business it is to boil sugar.

पीक्षकं s. m. A country, one of the divisions of central India (Behar), पीचलिय s. m. A worshipper of idols, पीत s. m. A son's son, a grandson. मीलिय adj. Belonging to a son or a grandson.

पीनो s.f. A grand-daughter, either in the male or female line, though more usually implying a son's daughter. पीधा s.m. A young tree, plant, sap-

भौत s.f. Air, wind, adj. A quarterless (than one or any given number); three quarters.

गीनदक्त s.m. Tautology.

ling.

पौनभेदा s. m. One of the sons or heirs admitted by the old *Hindu* law; the son of a twice-married woman.

पीनइ है s. m. A spoon with holes in it like a colander for skimming with, &c. पौने adj. One quarter less (either of one or of the aggregate number which may follow).

पीर s. m. A fragrant grass, s.f. A gate, a door.

गोरसस्य s. m. Connexion or equality by inhabiting the same city for the years, fellow citizenship.

पीराणिक adj. Of or belonging to the Purons, s.m. A Brahman well read in the Purans.

पौरिस s. m. A door-keeper, a porter. पौरो s. f. A gate, a door,

नेष्य adj. subs. m. The measure of a man, equal to the height to which he reaches with both arms elevated, and the fingers extended. adj. The property of manhood, virility, maniness; action, or action incidential to the state of humanity; seme villet.

पोद्यसा s. f. Mamhood, manly strength or spirit,

पौरी दिख s. m. The character or functions of family priest.

गौर्षना s f. The day of full moon. गौर्षिमा s f. The day of full moon. पौर्ष्यदेश्विक adj. Belonging to a former body or existence.

पौजिब adj. Prior, primary, former.

पीली s.f. A gate, a door.

पौरा s. m. A quarter; a weight or measure of a quarter of a see.

and some The ninth Hindu solar month, the full moon of which is near Pushyah, three stars in Cancer, December-January.

पौकारिको इ. f. A large pond or reservoir. पौडिक adj. Preservative, protective, nutritive, &c. nutritious, fattening.

पीच adj. Flowery, floral, relating or belonging to flowers, &c. पौधा s.m. The oxide of brass, considered as a collyrium.

पौषी s. f A name of Palibothera.

ules, m. A stand where water is kept ready for travellers.

धाना । v. a. To give or cause to धावना drink, to water.

चार s. m.f. Love affection, fondness. चारा adj. m. Beleved. Pyara janna, To

प्याची adj. f. Beloved, pleasant.

আৰ s. f. A Iruit (Chirongis sapida);

षान s.f. Thirst. Pyss bujhand, To quench thirst. Pyss marna, applied to thirst, which vanishes without drinking. Pyss marna, To suffer thirst. Pyss lagna, To be thirsty.

चाना adj. m. Thirsty. Pyase marna. To be very thirsty.

ष्यासी वर्ता, f. Thirsty.

W prep. in compos. Forth, for, forward; fore off, abroad. away: (English pre-, for.

NAZ adj. Displayed, unfolded, manifest, apparent.

দশ্ভিন adj. Manifested, displayed; evi dent, apparent; opened, expanded, দলহীয়ন adj. Made manifest, open or visible.

book, a place of pausing or stopping.

""" " " " (In grammar) The effect of
the prefix " (prah) upon roots.

Hartes s. m. The stem of a tree, the

part between the root and the branches; excellence, happiness.

яття. m. Sort, kind, species; way, mode, method, manner.

WHIN adj. Open, manifest, blown, expanded; famous, celebrated; public, adv. Openly, publicly. s. m. Sunshine, lustre, light; expansion, diffusion, manifestation; the world being equally applicable to physicalor moral subjects, as the blowing of a flower, diffusion of celebrity, the publicity of an event, or the manifestation of a truth; publicity.

Refirm adj. What irradiates, what makes open or apparent, &c. s. m. An illuminator, an expounder, an illustrator.

प्रकाशना s. f. Manifestation, visibility;

पत्राणन s. m. Illuminating, giving light; making clear or manifest.

प्रकाशभाग ady. Splendid, brilliant, radiant.

্যজাগিল adj. Evident, apparent, manifest, visible; published, promulgated, দুজাগী's. m. A discoverer.

क्षीचें adj. Spread, abroad, published, promulgated; expanded, open. s. m. A Chouri, a cow-tail used as a fan; a chapter, a section. [tion. wभीकि s. f. Fame, celebrity; declara-

प्रश्नीच adj. Declared, explained, said, revealed; celebrated, renowned.

प्रकृषित adj. Enraged, incensed.

प्रज्ञात वर्ता. Made, completed, accom-

usin s. f. Nature; in philosophy, the passive or material cause of the world, as opposed to the active or spiritual; and in mythology, a goddess, the personified will of the

Supreme in the creation, identified with Maya or illusion, and in an especial manner the prototype of the female sex ; in some systems Prakviti is considered the same with the Supreme Being; the natural state or condition of any thing ; a form of metre, consisting of a stanza of four lines, each line containing twentysyllables. (In anatomy), Temperament the predominance of one of the humours at the time of generation.

प्रकृतिवर्ण वर्ता. Volatile, fickle. unfam adj. Natural, gennine, unmixed : inherent, innate.

une adj. Chief, principal, pre-eminent. प्रश्नम्ब s. m. Eminence, superiority. प्रकीय s. m. Arritation, provocation, enraging.

प्रकीपन s. m. Irritating, provoking. प्रकीपित adj. Irritated, provoked. ung s. m. Proceeding, going ; leisure,

opportunity.

ufact s. f. Bearing royal insignia. प्रचालन s. m. Cleaning, washing. प्रवासित adj. Washed, cleansed. मृद्धित adj. Thrown, cast, hurled. प्रतीष adj. Decayed, wasting. unt adj. Very hot or acrid. REGIN adj. Celebrated, famons, notomone.

प्रकाति t. f. Publicity, notoriety; praise, enlogium, fame.

unz adj. Ohvious, notorious, public, issued out, apparent, manifest. [festation. visible. प्रमहता s.f. Visibility, publicity, mani-

प्रगटना e. n. To issue forth, to become

manifest, to appear. व्राप्त s. m. Progress, advance.

क्रवस adj. Bold, confident; prompt, प्रचीदन adj. Prescribed, directed; sent.

rendy, resolute ; energetic ; strong, able.

प्रवासना s. f. Energy, resolution ; confidence, boldness; power, eminence.

प्रवाद adj. Much, excessive ; hard, difficult ; hard, finn. s. m. Pain, privation, penance.

पत्नीपन s. m. Protection, preservation, salvation.

प्रवृत्त s. m. Taking, siezing, assuming. मचट adj. Obvious, notorious, public, issued out, apparent, manifest, visible.

ਸਬਣੀ s. f. A mould in which silver or gold is cast previous to working it; apparency, clearness.

ung s. m. A sort of bean (Phaseolus mungo).

wars adj. Excessively hot or burning ; intolerable, insupportable; wrathful, passionate : violent, strong. s. m. A. sort of Nerium with white flowers प्रवस्त्रमार्शि s. m. A. tree (Tapia crotæva). unfig adj. Pursued, practised (as an

पश्चलन adj. Prevailing, circulating, being customary or current; being recognised (as authority or law, &c.) पश्चन s. m. Circulating, being customary or current.

unfeja adj. Current, customary, com lating ; recognised, received (as anthority or law, &c.)

uere s. m. Custom, usage ; conduct ; currency ; appearance, manifestation. प्रचित s. m. A species or metre.

प्रकार करो।. Much, many.

art or business).

un s. m. A yellow fragrant wood. प्रचीदन s. m. Saying, enjoining, prescribing; a rule or law; sending, directing.

मचीदिनी s. f. A prickly night-shade (Solanum jacquini). ing. प्रकार s. f. Asking, addressing, invit-

पक्द s. m. A wrapper, a cover.

मक्त adj. Covered, clothed; unavowed, disguised; private, concealed, secret. s. m. Private door within a house ; a lattice, a loop-hole; private door, प्रचान adj. Fallen from, deviated from. प्रजा s. f. Progenv. offspring : people, subjects; a subject, tanant, renter. प्रकाधन s. m. The duty of children or of subjects.

वजापनि s. m. A name of Brahma; the epithet common to ten divine personages, who were first created by Brahms : some authorities make them only seven in number ; others reduce them to three; and others make them twenty-one; king, sovereign, lord of subjects, prince; father; son-in-law, daughter's husband; potter.

प्रजाहित adj. Favourable or good fo children or subjects, &c., kind of them, useful to them, &c.

प्रजीवन s. m. Livelihood, subsistence. un adi. Wise, learned.

ил s. f. A clever or sensible woman ; understanding, wisdom, knowledge. ਸ਼ਬਾਰ adj. Known, understood; famous. notorious.

unim adj. Wise, learned. s. m. Knowledge, wisdom.

अश्वानीय adj. Wise, intelligent,

प्रवासित odi. Blazing, radiant.

ич s. m. Promise, agreement, vow, resolution.

मचित s.f. Salutation, reverence, obeisance, courtesy,

मदाब s. m. Affection, friendly or fond regard; acquaintance; asking, begging ; affectionate solicitation : final emancipation or beatitude; trust, confidence ; reverence, obeisance.

प्रचयी adj. Affectionate, kind ; intimate, familiar. s. m. A husband or lover.

मचर र s. m. The invitical name of प्रणाम the deity, or syllable Om.

मबाइ s. m. A disease of the ear, s noise or buzzing in the ear fromthickening of the membranes, &c.

प्रयाम s. m. Respectful or reverential salutation, addressed especially to a Brahman or deity.

प्रवास s. m.) An issue from a pond; a प्रणाली s.f. drain, a gutter, water-course, a conduit.

म्याम s. m. Loss, destruction.

प्रवासी adj. Destroying.

प्रविधान s. m. Great effort, stress, energy: profound religious meditation : access, entrance.

मणिपतन s. m. Saluting, bowing or. doing homage to.

पिषपात s. m. Salutation, reverence, obeisance.

मणी adi. Resolute.

मतल s. m. One of the seven principal divisions of the lower regions.

मतान s.m. A disease, fainting, epilepsy. मनाप s. m. Majesty, dignity, glory, the possession of rank and power, the high spirit arising from the possession of these; spirit, energy; splendour, brilliancy.

प्रतापण s. m. A hell.

मतापनान adj. Majestic, glorious, potent. मतापन s. m. A species of gigantic Asclepias with white flowers.

भवापी adj. Shining, splendid ; dignified, powerful; glorious, potent-मतारक s. m. A cheat.

मतारण s.m. Fraud, cheating, deeeit, over-reaching, trick,

सवारित adj. Chented, deceived, tricked. प्रति prep. Again, against, back again, ton in exchange, instead, each.

प्रतिकती s. m. Retaliation, requital; remedy, redress,

দ্বিকাৰ s. m. Revenge, retaliation; remedying, counteracting.

मतिक्ल adj. Country, adverse, cross grained, reverse, inverted; contradictory, cross, perverse.

प्रतिकृत्वता s. f. Opposition, hostility. प्रतिक्रिया s. f. Return, requital, retaliation; remedying, counteracting.

प्रतिचय adv. Momentarily, every moment.

দ্যান্ত্ৰ adj. Echoing, reverberating. দ্যান্ত্ৰ s.m. Proper donation to Brdhmans, whatever is a fit present to a Brdhman at suitable periods; the acceptance of such a gift.

प्रतिवान s. m. A return blow, repulse, rebound; warding off a blow; preventing, prohibiting.

प्रतिचातन s. m. Killing, slanghter. प्रतिचाती adj. Repelling; repulsing; hostile, opposed to.

प्रतिचित्रण s. m. Thinking repeatedly, considering, meditating upon.

प्रतिकाषा s. f. An image, a statue, a bas-relief, a picture.

मतिनिज्ञा s.f. The uvula, or soft palate. मतिनीवन s. m. Resuscitation.

মবিষা s. f. Promise, agreement, engagement, assent; admission, acknowledgement. (In logic) The proposition, the assertion to be proved. সবিষাৰ adj. Promised, agreed; ad-

mitted, acknowledged; propounded, asserted.

प्रतिज्ञायसक s. m. A bond, a written contract.

प्रतिसम्ब s. m. A kind of air or melody. प्रतिसम s. m. The return or redelivery of a deposit; barter, exchange; giving back or in return for.

দ্বনিহিল adv. Day by day, every day.
দ্বনিহিলা adv. Every where, all around:
দ্বনিজ্ঞাল s. m.
দ্বনিগাৰ s. m.
দ্বনিগাৰ s. m.

ufafafa s. m. A resemblance of a real form, an image, a statue, a picture, &.; a surety; a substitute.

प्रतिचित्र adv. By night, every night.

দান্যন } s.f. The first day of a lunar দান্যন্ত fortnight, the first of the moon's increase or wane; rank, consequence.

पतिवर्षि s. f. Fame, reputation; knowledge, determination, ascertainment. प्रतिषद् adj. or adv. Step by step, at each step; continually, every moment,

महिषद adj. Known, understood, ascertained, determined.

प्रतिपादन s. m. Gift, donation; ascertaining, determining, rendering clear or intelligible.

प्रतिपालक adj. Who or what protects or defends. s. m. A king; a protector, a cherisher, a patron.

मतिपासन s. m. Protecting, defending, cherishing, patronising, protection, fostering, rearing, breeding.

प्रतिपालना v. a. To preserve, to keep, to cherish.

দনিবৃদ্ধ odv. Every man, man by man. দনিবৃদ্ধ a.m. A reverer, one who does homage.

प्रतिपूजन s. m. Exchange of civilities, mutual obeisance or reverence; offering howage or respect. 取締取号3 s. m. Precept for an act which under other circumstances is bidden. 有句明 s. m. Return, requital, retaliation

मतिकस s. m. Obstacle, impediment. मितिकस adj. Impending, obstructing,

प्रतिवस्त adj. Impending, obstructing, an obstructer or opposer. s. m. An impediment.

क्रितिब्ब s. m. An image or picture; the reflection of an image or figure from a mirror.

प्रतिभव adj. Formidable, fearful, frightful, s. m. Fear.

ибант s. f. Understanding, intellect, especially, as opening or expanding; sharpness, brilliancy of conception; light, splendour.

प्रात्तभात s. m. Corresponding character or disposition.

प्रतिभिन्न adj. Separated, divided. प्रतिभ s. m. A. surety.

प्रतिभेदन s. m. Piercing, cutting, penetrating; separating, dividing.

সবিদা s. f. A resemblance, a figure, an image, a likeness, a picture; an idol, a statue.

प्रतिमान s.m. Resemblance, an image, a picture.

प्रतिमास adv. Every month, monthly. प्रतिमृषिका s. f. A kind of rat.

मित्योग s. m. Opposition, contradiction, controversy; co-operation, an association.

प्रतियोगिता s. f. Mutual co-operation ; opposition.

प्रतिवीगी s. m. An opponent ; a partner, an associate.

प्रतिर्वा s. m. Preserving.

स्तिष्य s. m. A picture, an image, the counterpart of any real form.

मित्रिक क. Opposition, impediment.

प्रतिरीधका । s.m. A. thief, a robber. प्रतिरीधी ∮ s.m.

দবিজ্ঞান s. m. Consure, reviling, abuse. দবিজ্ঞান adj. Left, not right; reverse, inverted; law, vile, base, deprayed.

मतिवचन s. m. A reply, an answer, as

मतिवाका s. m. A reply, an answer.

प्रतिवाच s. f. An answer, a reply. प्रतिवाचि s. f. An answer : a rejoinder.

प्रतिवादी s. m. A defendant, a respondent. [ing.

प्रतिवासी ady. A neighbour, neighbour-प्रतिविच्च s.m. A resemblance or counterpart of real forms, as a picture, animage, a shadow, &c.

प्रतिनिषा s. f. A plant (Betula).

प्रतिमञ्जा s. f. Constant fear or doubt. प्रतिम्हा s. f. Catarrh.

मतिषिष adj. Forbidden, prohibited. मतिषेष s. m. Prohibition, forbidding, exception, contradiction.

प्रतिष्ठ adi. Famons.

দৰিষ্কা s. f. Fame, colebrity; a form of metre, consisting of a stanza of four lines, of four syllables each; consecration of a monument erected in honour of a deity, or of the image of a deity; endowment of a temple, portioning or marrying a daughter. &c.

দবিস্থান s. m. Site, situation; the capital of the early kings of the lunar dynasty, opposite to Allahabad; the capital of Salivahan, in the Dakhin. দবিছিল adj. Famous, celebrated; con-

प्रतिष्ठित adj. Famons, celebrated; consecrated; endowed, portioned; placed, situated; established, fixed.

मतिषर s.m. Cleatrizing or healing, as a sore; a form of magic or incentation; a string worn rounn the hand at nuptials. white is. m. The portion of a Puran, which treats of the destruction and renoration of the world; secondary creation, or the creation of the world by the agency of Brahma, and other divine beings as the agents of one Supreme Being.

দলিকার্থ s.f. Emulation, rivalry, the wish or effort to excel or overcome. দলিকার্থী adj. Envious emulous, a rival; refractory, rebellions.

प्रतिस्थाय s. m. Catarrh.

หกิงส adj. Disappointed; opposed, obstructed; fallen, overthrown.

ufaufa s. f. Disappointment.

प्रतिष्ठांच s. m. A shrub (Nerium odorum). प्रतिष्ठिंच: s.f. Retaliation, revenge.

मतीक adj. Contrary, adverse; inverted, reversed, against the natural order er state. s. m. A limb, a member; a part, a portion.

मतीकार s. m. Revenge, retaliation ; obviating, correcting ; remedying, administering medicines.

सतीयम adj. Expecting; looking at. सतीयम s. m. Looking to or at, considering, referring to; respecting; expecting, waiting for.

प्रतीचा s. f. Reference, regard to, consideration, looking to or at; hope, expectation.

मतीची adj. Expecting, looking or waiting for.

प्रतोची s.f. The west quarter.

प्रतीचीम } adj. West, western.

सरीत spj. Famous, celebrated, renowned; known. s.f. Faith, confidence, trust. Pratit karns, To examine; to believe; to trust.

इतीति s.f. Knowledge, understanding ; fame, notoriety. प्रतीयनान adj. Being believed or trusted. प्रतोर s. m. A shore or bank.

सरीशा s. m. Calcining or fluxing metals; throwing one substance into another to alter its form or state; adding any thing to a medicine during or after decoction; a public danger or calamity, as a plague, &c.

प्रतृषी s. f. Pain shooting from the rectum along the bowels.

प्रत्यक्षपूर्वी । s. f. A plant (Achyron-प्रत्यकपूर्वी) thes aspers).

प्रवक्षेणी s. f. A plant commonly called Danti : a plant (Salvinia cucullatta).

দশ্ব adj. Perceptible, perceivable, present, cognizable by any of the organs of sense. [ness.

দ্যালয়ৰ s.m. A witness, an eye-wit-দ্যালয়ৰ s.m. Ocular or visible proof. দ্যালয় adj. Seeing. perceiving, consciousness of what is perceptible.

দৰ্ঘীয়ৰ adj. Manifested, displayed, made present or visible.

দৰক s.m. An organ of perception. adv. On the body, or the limbs severally.

प्रवास adv. Next in succession.

und vdj. Bordering, skirting, contiguous. s. m. The country of the Mlechchhus or savages.

সম্বাহ s.m. Trust, faith, belief, confidence; knowledge, apprehension; an affix to roots and words forming derivatives and inflections.

प्रवासित adj. Trusted, confidential.

प्रवासी adj. Trusting, believing, having faith in.

प्रजात s. m. Disappearance, either of what exist.

प्रवासन् s. m. Red chalk.

प्रवाहण s. m. adv. Day by day, every day. प्रवाहण edj. Removed, set saide ; isformed, apprised; warned, cautioned; declared (as from heaven).

प्रवाहेश s. m. Information, apprising, informing, warning, cantion; heavenly annunciation or declaration.

भवाशा s. f. Hope, expectation, desire. महाभी adj. Hoping, expecting.

HAURIE s. m. (In grammar) Combination of two or more letters of the alphabet to form a class of letters.

प्रस्काह s. f. Answer, reply. भव सर s. m. A rejoinder, a reply to an

answer, an answer. प्रवास s. m. Rising from a seat. as a

प्रवास s. m. Rising from a seat, as a mark of respect.

सञ्ज्यम adj. Reproduced, regenerated; (in arithmetic) multiplied. s. m. Multiplication; the product of a sum in multiplication.

पल्डमन s. m. Rising from a seat as a mark of respect, &c.; going forth or out, going to meet any ono, &c.

प्रमुखार s. m. Requital of aid or assistance, mutual assistance.

प्रस्पादी adj. Requiting a favour or kindness.

на у s. m. The morning, dawn, daybreak. [a time.

मस्य adv. Singly, one by one, one at प्रथम adj. First, prior, before, initial; chief, principal.

प्रवससाइस s. m. The first or lowest de-

way s. f. Custom, manner.

प्राथत e. f. Fame, celebrated ; made known, declared.

স্থিতি a.f. Celebrity, notoriety. সম্ভাত a.m. The young of any animal. সৰ্বিভাত adf. Reverential salutation, by circumambutating a person or object, keeping the right side towards them.

NET s. m. A disease of woman (Menorrhagia).

प्रदर्भक s. m. A teacher, an expounder; a prophet.

महर्भेष s. m. Shewing; explaining generally, not exclusively; explaining or specifying; porphecying.

प्रदर्भित अर्थुः. Mentioned, specified ; shewn : prophecied.

मदान s. m. A gift, denation.

महिन् है s. f. Intermediate, point of महिन्द है the compass, or half quarter, as north-east, south-west, &c.

प्रदी*म s. m.* A lamp.

प्रदीपन s. m. A sort of mineral poison, of a red colour, and caustic operation.

प्रदेश s. m. A place in general, a country, a district, &c. ; a foreign country, abroad.

मदेश s. m. Unguent, unction.

प्रहोष s. m. Evening, the first part of the night; fault, offence, defect, transgression.

Numera. m. Nature, the natural state of any thing, or the cause of the material world; the Supreme God; chief. principal, the first companion of a king, his minister, his eunuch, or confilent. &c.; a president, courtier, noble leader, chief, minister or counsellor of state.

मधानता s.f. Excellence, superiority, supremacy.

मधानवातु s. f. Semen virile.

प्रधानमा s. m. Prime minister.

प्रशासीत्तन adj. Eminent, illustrious. प्रश्नेस s. m. Destruction, loss.

प्रवास adj. Destroying, annihilating.

प्रमाख s. m. } A water-course a canal; प्रमाखी s.f. } a gutter, a drain, a • conduit. nus s.m. Opposition; delusion, deceit, trick, or fraud, imposition, treachery, artifice; prolixity, copionsness, in style or composition; error, illusion,

प्रवृद्धित adj. Erring, mistaken ; tricked, deceived, begniled ; declared fully, explained, treated, at length.

प्रपृष्ठी adj. Insidious, fraudulent, artful. प्रपृत्यम् इ. m. Flight, running away. प्रपृत्त्यम् adj. Routed, defeated.

प्रभावी s. m. A fugitive, one who deserts his cause.

प्रतिवास s. m. A parternal great grandfather. [mother.

प्रतिवासही s.f. A paternal great grand-प्रवृत्ताङ् s.w. A sort of Cassia (C. tora). प्रवृत्ताः s. f. A sort grass (Hedysarum

प्रपृत्का s. f. A prickly nightshade (Solanum Jacquini).

মণ্ডিনে e. m. A small herbaceous plant, used in medicine, and as a perfume, commonly called Punderyo; in medicine it forms the basis of applications to ulcers and bad eyes.

सपीव s. m. A great grandson.

प्रपोनी s. f. A great grand daughter. प्रमुख adj. Blown, as a flower; smiling; glad, pleased; shining.

प्रभूतनयन adj. Having full or sparkling eyes.

मजुलाइन adj. Having a cheerful or smiling countenance, looking gay or happy.

मफ्दिन adj. Blooming, in blossom; gay, lively, cheerful.

was s. m. Continuous application or action, continuance, uninterrapted ness; a connected discussion, or narrative; a kind of song; style, composition (of a discourse),

वनभवना s. f. A feigned story, a work of imagination, whether founded in fact of not.

प्रवृत्त adj. Strong, powerful, predominant, prevalent, violent.

प्रवास s.m. Coral.

प्रवास s. m. Travelling, journey, journeying, sejourning in a foreign country, abroad.

मबासी s.m. A traveller.

प्रवाह s. m. Stream, flood, flow, current,

प्रवीष adj. Skilful, intelligent, accomplished, knowing, clever.

प्रशेषता s. f. Skill, accomplishment, cleverness, knowledge.

иза adj. Wise, learned.

प्रदेश s. m. Entrance, admittance, access. प्रदेशी adj. Penetrating.

uthu s. m. Vigilance, wakefulness, active or vigilant state of being; intellect, understanding; knowledge, wisdom; sense, consciousness; demonstration, consolation, persuasion; awaking, either, from ignorance or sleep.

দন্ধি s. m. Awakening, arousing, exeiting, reviving; instructing; persuation, persuading, production of conviction.

मनीविता s. f. A species of the Utijagati

иня adj. Born, produce; superior, powerful; the operative cause, or immediate origin of being, as the father or mother, &c.

WHI s. f. Light, radiance, splendour,

प्रशाहर s. m. The sun; the moon.

प्रभाकीट s. f. The fire-fly. •

प्रमाचन s. m. A tree (Hyperanthera morunga).

иния s. m. Morning, dawn, day-break.

च ना

सभान s. m. Light, radiance, shining. अभाग s. m. Majesty, dignity, magnanimity, high spirit; power, strength, influence ; spirit.

HUIE s. m. A place of pilgrimage, in the west of India.

ин s. m. Strong, able; always, eternal; a superior, an owner, a proprietor, a master or mistress, &c. s. m. A master, a lord, principal.

भश्ता s. f. Greatness, power, government, supremacy, lordship or sovereignty, superiority, influence,

инна adj. Faithful, devoted,

समृति s. f. Manner, kind; etcetera, others, rest, remainder (in composition).

मनेद s. m. Kind, sort, difference.

मन्य adj. Immersed, drowned.

सनया s. f. Yellow myrobalan (Terminalis chebula).

मनवास्य s. m. Hell, or abode of pain. मनद adj. Mad, intoxicated, figuratively with passion or literally with liquor; impassioned. s. m. pleasure, delight, rapture.

धनदा s. f. A woman, a handsome woman.

सना s. f. True knowledge, or knowledge exempt from all error; consciousness, perception.

मनाप s. m. Cause, motive ; limit ; proof, testimony, authority, verification, attestation : instance, example : measure, quantity; detail; a scripture, a work of sacred authority. adj. Authentic, actual, substantial, real, approved of, admissible, agreeable, acceptable, Praman charling, To rise to a high rank.

tor, a judge.

प्रभी

भनाचामात्र s. m. Want or absence of proof or authority.

प्रमाणिक adj. Proper, creditable ; reverend, s. m. Chairman of an assembly. प्रमाणिका s. f. A species of the Anusktubh metre.

प्रमाचीकरच s.m. Establishing or admitting as authority or proof.

षमातामह s. m. A maternal great grandfather. mother.

पनासामको s.f. A maternal great grand-षमाद s. m. Inadvertence, carelessness, error, inaccuracy.

प्रभादो adj. Heedless, enreless, indifferent, incautious, inconsiderate, unreflecting.

प्रसित्त ady Known, understood, established, proved; measured.

प्रसिताचरा s. f. A species of the Jagati metre.

May adj, Chief, principal ; best, most excellent; first. s. m. A chief, a sage, any respectable man : a tree used for dyeing (Rottleria tinctoria).

प्रसुखल s. m. Superiority, predominance. adj. Pleased, glad, content. प्रमुद्दिन 🕻 happy.

प्रमेष s. m. Urinary affection, as change in the colour, quantity, or consistence of the urine; twenty-one varieties are enumerated, including diabetes. gonorrhæa, &c.

प्रभोचन s. m. Liberating, setting free. प्रमोचनी s. f. A sort of cucumber.

प्रभोद s. m.: Pleasure, happiness, delight. प्रनीदित adj. Happy, delighted.

प्रमोदी adj. Happy, delighted; delighting, making happy.

प्रभी इ.s. m. Fascination ; fainting, insensibility.

rans. m. Continued and persovering effort, exertion; act, action; (in logic) active effort of three kinds, engaging in any act, prosecuting it, and completing it; caution, care.

अवस्थान् adj. Active, zealous, enterprising, assidous, persevering.

प्रशान s. m. Sacrifice, obligation ; a celebrated place of pilgrimage, the confluence of the Ganges and Jamna, with the supposed subterraneous addition of the Saraswati, the modern Allahabad. The term in composition is applied to many places of reputed sanctity, situated at the confluence of two rivers, as Devprayay, Rudra-prayay, Karna-prayay, and Nanda-prayag in the Hindu mountains, which with Prayag or Allahabad, constitute the five principal places so termed, and where worship is deemed peculiarly efficacious. Alla habad is one of the places where Brahma is supposed to have consummated ten Aswamedhs or sacrifices · of the horse, in commemoration of his recovery of the four Veds from Sankhasur.

मयान s. m. Going forth or to a distance; departure; death; march of an assailing force, attack, invasion.

प्रयाचकाल s. m. Time of departure ; death,

प्रवास s. m. Trouble, labour, fatigue; desire for or pursuit of any object. प्रमुक्त adj. Endowed with, possessing as

an attribute, &c.; associated or connected with, compact, closely united. หลุกร. m. Occasion, cause, motive, object, consequence, result; device, contrivance; example, comparison;

act. action.

मधीरी adj. Having some object in view, calculated for some particular purpose.

ম্বালৰ adj. Who or what causes or induces any act; who or what deputes or appoints. s. m. A founder, or institutor of any ceremony; a law-giver a legislator.

प्रयोजन s. m. Cause, occasion; motive, crigin; purpose, object, intention, design; use, exigence.

प्रयोजनी adj. Necessary, requisite.

प्रशीतनवान् adj. Designing, purposing. इयोज्य s. m. Capital, principal; a servant, a slave.

NWH s. m. The end of a Kalp, or destruction of the world; death, dying, loss, destruction, dissolution, annihilation; fainting, syncope, loss of sense or conciousness. s. f. A general destruction, such as at the flood or resurrection; (met) vexation, fatigue, oppression, langour, disgust.

प्रजाप s. m. Unmeaning or incoherent speech; discourse, coversation.

प्रश्लेषक aáj. Who or what amoints, smears, &c. प्रलोडन s. m. Rolling on the ground.

heaving, tossing (as of the ocean (, মলীতির adj. Rolling, heaving, tossing. মলীম s. m. Desire, cupidity.

ঘণ্টামন s. m. Allurement, inducement; attraction, attracqing,-seducing.

प्रश्त s. m. Offspring, descendants ; family, race, kindred. [met:e. प्रश्तावास s. m. A species of the Ashti

भवत्ता का स्थापन का का Engaged in undertaking : excitement, stimulus.

प्रवर्षेक adj. Inciting, stimulating, inducing, who or what sets in action. s. m. The original instigator of any act, the author, the principal. कस्त s. m. Going abroad, sojourning in a foreign country.

winds. One of the seven Vayus or

naice s. m. Prohibition, objection, op-

स्वास s. m. A temporary or foreign residence, a habitation away from home.
स्वास्त्र adj. Dwelling or being abroad, or absent.

प्रवासन s. m. Dwelling abroad, sojourning, lodging; exile.

मामी adj. A traveller, a sojourner, one living away from home.

पशाइ s. m. Stream, current, flow, continuous passage.

प्रशाहिका s. f. Diarrheea.

प्रतिक्याति s.f. Celebrity, reputation. प्रतिमत्त adj. Partitioned, divided, separated, shared.

प्रशिमाग s. m. Division. a part.

mfa € 8. m. A yellow fragrant wood.

पविष्य adj. Entered, gone in or into; entered upon (as an affsir), engaged in.

म शेष adj. Skilful, clever, conversant. प्रवीचना s.f. Proficiency, skill.

सरीर adj. Best, most excellent. s. m.
A hero, a warrior; a chief, a person
of rank or distinction.

प्रश्न बर्dj. Fixed, settled, determined, done; engaged in, undertaking, occupied,

WITE s. f. Activity, occupation, active life, as opposed to contemplative devotion; prosecution, perseverance; addiction to; predilection for, tidings, intelligence; continuous flow, stream, current; Oujsin or any holy place; (in arithmetic) the multiplier.

वैचप s. m. Foreseeing.

पर्वेश्वन adj. Foreseen, anticipated.

प्रवेचान् बर्कु. Foreseeing, anticipating, प्रवेट s. m. Barley.

प्रवेदिष s. f. The hair twisted, and andecorated, as worn by woman in the absence of their husbands.

प्रवेणी s. f. Unornamented hair.

प्रवेश s. m. The yellow variety of kidney bean.

प्रवेश s. m. Entrance.

ष्मनेशक adj. Who or what enters. s. m. An entry.

भवेशम s. m. The entrance to a house ;. entering, entrance.

प्रांधन } s. m. Praising, eulogising.

मर्गना s. f. Praise, eulogium.

प्रशंसकीय adj. To be praised, praiseworthy.

प्रशंस s. f. Praise, applause, flattery,

प्रशंसित adj. Praised, eulogised.

प्रमाम s. m. Killing, slaughter; pacifying, tranquillising.

भगस adj. Happy, well, right; good, excellent, best.

प्रसृत्ति इ. f. Excellence, eminence; eulogy.

प्रशास adj. Calmed, calm, tranquillised. प्रशासाका adj. Peaceful, calm, composed.

प्रमानित s. f. Calm, quiet, tranquillity, moral or physical.

प्रशासन s. m. Governing, ruling.

मञ्ज s. m. A question, a demand, an inquary.

मञ्जूती s. f. A riddle, an enigma, an intricate or enigmatical question.

দরী s. f. An aquatic plant (Pistics stratioites).

иет adj. Asking, demanding, an asker or questioner.

HE adj, A leader, a conductor, one who goes first or before; prior, preceding; chief, principal, best,

मरो s. f. The wife of a leader or chief. मश्रम वर्गु: Eternal, constant, continual; obtained, gained, attained: attached to, devoted to (person or thing), engaged in: adv. Continually, incessantly, eternally.

प्रसन्ति s. f. Adherence or attachment to. प्रसन्द s. m. Introduction, insertion; association, connexion.

ини adj. Pleased, rejoiced, del ghted; complacent, gracious, favourable, kind. Prosanna karna, To please. Prosanna hona, To be pleased with to like.

प्रसन्त s. f. Favour, kindness, being pleased with.

प्रसम्भा । adj. Agreeable looking, मसम्भा । smiling, looking pleased.

बस्द s. m. Bringing forth, bearing (as young); birth, production.

Piya (Buchanania latifolia).

प्रस्वत adj. Bearing.

प्रसंबन्ती s. f, A woman in labour.

प्रश्ववस्था s. m. The foot-stalk of a leaf or flower.

দ্বনী adj. Having or bearing young.
মধার s.m. Favour, kindness, blessing,
gift, propitiousness. approbation;
food that has been offered to an idol,
or of which a spiritual teacher has
partaken.

प्रसादी adj. Offered to idols.

प्रसाचन adj. Who or what accomplishes or perfects.

मसाधन s. m. Accomplishing, effecting. प्रसाधनो s. f. A. drug, commonly called Siddhi. [done.

मनाधित adj. Accomplished, completed,

मसार है s. m. Spreading, extending, पसारक sexpanding.

प्रसारिक adj. Stretched, expanded, extended.

प्रवासी कत्रे. Spreading, expanding.

प्रतिष adj. Famons, celebrated, noterions; adorned, ornamented.

मसिंहि इ. f. Fame, colebrity ; notoriety. मस् s. m. A mother. [Born.

प्रस्त s. m. The whites, fluor albus. adj. प्रस्ता s.f. A woman who has borne a

child, or one who is recently deliver-

प्रमृति ट. f. Bringing forth (as young) ; tirth, production ; offspring, children, a son or daughter.

प्रवृत adj. Born, produced. s.m. A. flower, a bud, a blossom ; fruit.

प्रसीती s. f. Puerperal women.

प्रस्तव्य s. m. Purging, diarrhoea.

प्रसर s. m. A stone or rock ; a jewel, a precious stone.

प्रसाव s. m. Opportunity, occasion, season; occasional or introductory enlogium. [tion.

प्रस्तावना s.f. Commencement, introduc-प्रसावित adj. Suited to the occasion, appropriate, seasonable.

प्रस्त adj. Said, declared; praised, panegyrised; accomplished, done.

प्रस्त adj. Expanding, spread. s. m. A. measure of quantity, forty-eight double handfuls; table-land on the top of a mountain.

musgu s. m. A sort of Tulsi, or Basil with small leaves.

प्रसान s. m. Going forth, proceeding, departing; march of an assailant; march.

प्रस्थापन s. m. Sending away; appoint ment on an embassy.

प्रसापित adj. Sent, despatched. मस्तद adj. Blown, expanded. मक्ति a.f. Forgetfulness, forgetting.

प्रसाव s. m. Urine.

BET s. m. A watch, an eighth part of the day, or a division of time consisting of eight gharis, or about

three hours.

सहरचकानिका s.f. A species of the Sarkari metre.

8. m. A watchman, a bell-महरिया & man, a sentinel.

प्रहिष्णो 8. f. A species of the Atijagati metre.

uufun adi. Delighted, very happy. महस्त adj. Laughing, laughing heartily.

महसन s. m. Loud, violent or hearty laughter; mirth, merriment; sarcasm, satire ; reproof, ridicule, irony.

प्रदस्ती s.f. Arabian jasmine.

WEST 8. m. Striking, wounding, killing ; a blow. a stroke.

usil s. m. A striker, smiter, destroyer, debaser, humbler.

HEIT s. m. Loud laughter.

प्रशासी adj. Laughing aloud ; diverting, causing laughter.

महेचिका s. f. An enigma, a riddle, a puzzling or enigmatical question. nav adj. Pleased, delighted.

wate s. m. Pleasure, joy, happiness ; the name of Hirnyaksha's pions son and regent of one division of Patal. unifer adj. Rejoiced, delighted.

wim adv. Before, prior, preceding, in place or time; east, eastern; at dawn, early in the morning.

ब्राबार s. m. An inclosure, a fence, a rampart, particularly a surrounding wall, &c., elevated on a mound of earth.

thence especially applicable to a provincial and peculiar dialect of the Sanskrit language; natural; belonging to or derived from the philosophical Prakriti, illusory, material. &c. s. m. Any dialect not Sanskrit. it is especially spoken by the female characters and the inferior personages of plays.

und will fever. occurring from affections of the wind, bile, and phlegm, severally, in as many seasons, or the rains, antumn, and spring.

प्राजनपद्म s. m. The total dissolution of the world.

प्राक्ततिम s. m. A natural friend or ally. प्राक्षाच s. m. Former age or time.

माकालीन adj. Anterior, ancient, of a former time.

प्राक्तन adj. Old, ancient; prior, anterior, preceding, former.

प्राक्तनका s. m. Fate, destiny : any act formerly done.

भाकपत्तवाणी s. f. The eleventh of the lupar asterisms.

मानगान s. m. Antecedent privation, the non-existence of any thing which may yet be. In law, the non-possession of property that may be pos-

प्रावस्था s. m. Confidence, boldness, determination; arrogance, effrontery.

भाषामी adj. Going before, a precursor. प्रामुखीतिष s. m. A. country, Kamrup,

part of Assam, being the scene of Brahma's penance.

ининя s. m. Prior existence; superiority, excellence.

माग्य adj. Chief, principal.

मानम adj. Low, common, vulgar, मानार कर्युं. Contrary to rectitude, de-

viating from the ordinary institutions and observances.

प्राचार्थ s. m. A. scholar, a pupil.

प्राची adj. f. East, eastern ; former, prior, ancient, old, of former times, ancient. s. f. A boundary hedge, a fence, a wall.

प्राचीनता s. f. Antiquity.

प्राचीनपनम s. m. A tree (Ægle mermeles). endro). मानीना s. f. A plant (Cissampelos hex-

प्राचीनामकत s. m. A fruit (Flacourtia cataphracta).

पाचीर s. m. A boundary hedge, a fence, a wall, an inclosure, a rampart.

ula adj. Eastern, easternly. s. m, The eastern country, the country south and east of the Sirswati, which flows from the north-east to the southwest.

मानापल s. m. A form of marriage, the gift of a girl respectfully, by her father to her lover : a name of Allahabad or Prayag a sort of penace, eating once a day for three days in the morning, once in the night for three days, subsisting three days on given as alms, and fasting three food days more : a particular sacrifice performed before appointing a daughter to raise issue in default of male heirs : the asterism Rohini.

प्राजापुरुष s.f. Giving away the whole of one's property before entering upon the life of an ascetic or mendicant.

un adi. Patient in investigation; wise, clever, sensible. s. m. A pandit, a learned of wise man; a skilful or clever man.

पात्रव s. m. Learning, wisdom.

प्राथमान s. m. Respect for learned men.

माजनानी adj. Respecting learned men-MINI s. f. Knowledge, understanding.

шты ₹ s. f. A clever or intelligent प्राची woman.

with s. f. The wife of a Brahman,

प्राचित s. f. Putting the hand together to the forehead, a mark of respect. प्राचित्राच s. m. A judge, a magistrate.

ur s. m. Air inhaled, inspiration, breath; air, wind; life, vitality, soul ; poetical talent or inspiration ; of Brahm, the Supreme Sprit; and aspiration in the articulation of letters; sweetheart, mistress. Pranpati, Sonl's lord.

प्राचक s. m. An animal or sentient being ; a plant (Cellis orientalis).

प्राचलकात a. m. Abandoning life, dying, snicide. MINUTE S. m. Sustenance, supporting

माचनाथ s. m. A husband.

माचन s. m. A sort of collyrium.

प्रापन्ती s. f. Sneezing ; hickup. प्राथमतिष्ठा s. m. The ceremony of imparting life to an idol.

ureuer s. f. A medicinal plant, commonly called Riddhi.

माचनाभ s. m. Extreme peril or distress, fear of life.

माचमव adj. Living, breathing, endowed with breath or life.

प्राचनश्रकीय s. m. (ne of the cases or investitures of the soul, the vital or organic case.

शांचवाता s.f. Support of life, subaistence.

प्राचलव s. f. Death, expenditure of life. मापसंदम s. m. A peculiar religious exercise; suspending the breath.

minum s. f. A wife, considered as equal to, or as life. many adj. Destructive, taking-away माणहारी adj. Mortal, deadly.

माणाधिनाथ s. m. A husband, as lord over life.

प्राचान s. m. Death.

प्राचानिक adj. Fatal, destructive of life; capital (as punishment). s. m. Murder, assassination.

माणापहारी adj. Deadly, fatal.

wiviging s. m. Breathing in a peculiar way through the nostrils, during the mental recitation of the names or attributes of some deity, It is differently performed: the Vydyss or followers of the Ved close the right nostril first with the thumb, and inhale breath through the left, then they close both nostrils, and finally open the right for exhalation: the followers of the Tantras close the left nostril first, and exhale also through it.

দাখী adj. Living, breathing, having life. s. m. An animal, a sentient or living being, an animated being.

मायोपीखा s. f. Cruelty to animals. मायोगासा इ. f. A mother.

माचीहिंसा s. f. Doing harm to any liaving creature.

माचीहित adj. Favourable or good for living beings.

मार्थेश s. m. A husband, as sovereigns of life.

आणेश s.f. A wife.

प्राटः प्रातःचान प्रातःसम्ब

s. m. Early morning, daybreak, dawn of day.

HINT adv. Morning, dawn.

म्रातभीतन s. m. Breakfast, the morning meal.

मानिपरिकार. m. A crude noun, a noun before any of its inflections are formed with appropriate affixes. मालिविक adj. Trusty, confidential, having faith in. s. m. A surety.

मार्थानक adj. First, of the first, initial, initiative.

पाच्च s. m. Firstness, priority.

प्राद्धिक s. m. Circumam ulation,

मादुर्गात s.m. Appearance, manifestation.

मादेश s. m. Place, country.

प्राधान्य s. m. Supremacy, superiority.

मान s. m. Edge, border, end.

प्रापस adj. Procuring, causing of obtain; obtaining, who or what obtains.

पापण s. m. Obtaining.

प्रापित adj. Procured.

ин adj. Obtained, gained, received procured; fixed, placed; proper, right.

সামৰাৰ adj. Fated, destined, one whose fated time has come; opportune, in season.

দামব্যদ adj. Enlightened, instructed, intelligent; recovering, becoming conscious (after fainting).

माश्चारं adj. Successful having gained an object.

দামাৰ্ক adj. Opportune, sensonable, taking or finding occasion.

माति s. f. Gain, profit, income, produce, advantage, benefit, acquiring, getting, obtaining; improvement, success.

प्राप्त adj. Attainable, of tainable.

मावल s. m Power, vigour ; predominance.

инт s. m. Superiority, preeminence.

minition adj. Exercising or proceeding from some evidence or anthority, &c.; being of authority, s. m. A president, the chief or head of a trade, &c. A learned man, one who supports his arguments by reference to books, &c.

भागास्त s. m. Authority, proof.

দাদাৰ s. m. A tree (Justicia adhenatoda). s. m. Madness, frenzy, fury, intoxication.

wie adj. Like, 'cesembling (used in composition), s.m. Fasting to death, as a religious or penitentiary act, and especially after abandoning all worldly goods, and desires; quantity, abundance.

मनाष s. m. Death, voluntary death. मार्थाषत s. m. Expiation, penance,

নাৰ্থিব কি s. f. Rules for penance or expiation.

मारव adj. Begun, beginning. s.f. Fortune, fate, lot, destiny, predestination, venture, chance.

मारका s. m. Beginning.

मार्थन adj. Asking, an asker, a solicitor. मार्थना s. f. Asking, begging, petition, prayer.

मार्चनीय adj. To be asked or begged. s. m. The third or Dwapar age of the world.

দাবির adj. Asked, begged, solicited. দাবাৰ s. f. Fortunc, fate, lot, destiny,

predestination, venture, chance.

witz s. m. Barley.

मानीसा s. m. Cleverness, skilfulness.

иня в. m. A veil, a wrapper, a cloak

माइति s. f. An inclosure, a fence, a bound hedge.

miss s. f. The rainy season, two months, about July and August.

माहबायको s. fr Cowach (Carpopo gon pruriens). [lea Cadamba).

पाडवेका s. m. The Kadamba tree (Nauc-पास s. m. A bearded dart.

षावक s. m. A die, dice.

मार्चिकक adj. Innate, inherent; inseparably connected with. भाराइ s. m. A temple, a palace, a building consecrated to a deity, or inhabited by a prince.

fur adj. Beloved, dear, desired. s. m.

A husband, a lover; a sort of drug, commonly called *Riddhi*.

(Nauclea Codambo); a tree (Pentoptera tomentosa.

प्रियकार adj. Kind, favourable, affectionate. doing good to, or treating kindly.

पियकत adj. Kind, friendly, a friend, a benefactor.

भिषड् s. m. A medicinal plant, and perfume, described in some places as a fragrant seed, panick seed (Panicum italicum).

तिवसम adj. Dearest, most leloved. s. m. A favourite friend, beloved, lover, sweetheart, husband.

प्रियत adj. Dearer, more dear. प्रियता s. f. Love, affection.

पियद्शंत adj. Handsome, lovely, good looking. s. m. A tree (Mimusops kauki).

प्रियमायण s. m. Speaking kindly. प्रियमान adj. Beloved, affectionate.

मियनातुक adj. Become dear to or be-

loved by. मियभावृक्षता s. f. Amiability, becoming

beloved, the state or condition. fमयवर्षी s.f. A creeping plant, (Echites

प्रियवादी adj. Sweet or pleasant spoken, flattering, a flatterer.

frutescens).

प्रियमच s. m. A tree (Mimosa catechu). प्रियमची s. f. A female friend or com panion, confidente.

नियमचेष s. m. A tree bearing a fragrant flower (Michelia Champaca).

fur ady. f. Beloved, dear; mistress, sweetheart. He priyeh, My dear!

भित्राच adj. Announcing good tidings. भित्राच s. m. A tree, commonly called Piyal (Buchanania latifolia),

मीत adj. Gracious, kind, affectionate; beloved, dear to. s. m. Pleasure, delight.

भोतम adj. superl. Dearest, most beloved. s. m. A favourite, friend, beloved lover, sweetheart, husband.

मेति s.f. Love, affection, regard; the second of the twenty-seven astronomical nua.

मीतिहान s.m. A kind of friendly present. मीतिहास s.m. A gift or token of affection.

प्रीतिपूर्वत adv. Through favour or kind-मीतिमान adj. Kind, affectionate,

দীব্য s. m. Any public show or spectacle, sight.

में चा s. f. Seeing, viewing, observing. में चित adj. Seen, beheld, looked at,

भेत adj. Dead, deceased s.m. A departed soul, a spirit of the dead, a gost, goblin, a sprite, an evil spirit, fiend.

भेतनी s. f. A female gost; demon or evil spirit.

में तककं s.m. Funeral or obsequial rites. में तरह s.m. A cemetery, a burial ground.

मेतनदी s. f. The river of hell.

manus, m. The dark half of the month.

স বজাৰ s. m. The region of disembodied spirits, in which they remain for one year, or until the obsequial rites are completed.

w ч. г. m. Love, affection, friendship, kindness, tender, regard. Premrang reta, adj. Coloured with the die of love, strongly attached, or in love, loving. प्रेमपर adj. Affectionate, loving. constant.

पेनी odj. Affectionate, lover.

मेर्च s. m. Sending, directing.

में रित adj. Sent, directed, despatched. में ड adj. Most or very dear.

में था s. f. A wife.

पीस p. p. Said, declared.

where s. m. Effort, exertion ; stimulus, incitement.

पीलाइन s. m. The instigator or adviser of any act, or, in law, of any crime.

प्रोत्साइन s. m. Instigating, exciting, stimulating.

प्रीकादित adj. Incited, instigated, stimulated, encouraged.

मोष्ठ s. m. A sort of carp (Cyprinus Pansius).

पोष्ठपदा s. f. One of the constellations, the twenty-sixth or twenty-seventh, containing stars in the wing of Pegasus.

मोहित s.m. A family priest conducting all the ceremonials and sacrifices of a house or family.

भोषण s. m. Killing animals in sacrifice, immolation of victims; killing, slaughter; sprinkling with water, &c.; a text to be repeated when animals are offered.

मीचित adj. Sprinkled; killed, slaughtered; offered in sacrifice.

मीड adj. Full grown; confident, bold, arrogant; able, clever.

प्रोदण s. f. Strength, firmness; breadth. पीदा s. f. A woman from thirty years of age to fifty-five. adj. Strong, firm.

पीढ़ि .. f. Enterprise, zeal, confident or audacious exertion; investigation, controversy, discussion.

पीष्ठपृष्ट् s. m. The month Bhadra (August: September). मीहपदी s. f. Full moon in Bhadr,

yy s.m. Waved-leaf fig-tree (Ficus infectoria). the holy fig-tree (Ficus religiosa); one of the seven Dusips or continents, into which the world is divided.

IN s. m. A diver or bird so called (Pelicanus fusicollis); waved-leaf fig-tree (Ficus infectoris); a sort of grass (Cyperus rotadus); fragrant grass in general, or another sort.

য়বৰ s. m. A deluge, an inundation. য়াৰ s. m. The fruit of the Hibiscus populneoides.

III s. m. Submersion.

The spleen.

श्रीपञ्च s. m. A medicinal plant (Andersonia robitaka).

The spleen; the organ or the disease of it, as in English: in the latter sense, however, it is equally applied to the enlargement of the mesenteric glands, &c.

जीवन s.m. A medicinal plant, commonly called Rohers or Rohini (Andersonis rohitaka).

situates. m. The holy fig-tree (Ficus religioss), deemed an enemy to the spleen.

yas. m. The third sound given to vowels, protracted or continuous sound, being three times the length of the short vowel, and occupying three moments in its utterance.

q.

The twenty second consonant of the Nagari alphabet, the aspirate of the preceding letter; and expressed by ph.

viwi. s. m. A handful (or rather monthful) of any thing enten by being chucked in the mouth. Phanka murns, To eat by chucking into the mouth, to chuck food into the mouth.

परंगा s. m. A grasshopper.

फंदना v. n. To be imprisoned.

प्रदेशाना v. a. To ensnare, to entrap.

witt s. m. A noose, a net, a snare ; perflexity, difficulty.

when v. n. To be entangled, to stick, to be involved (in calamity, fc), to be ensuared, noosed or entrapped, to be caught.

फंसदाना v. s. To cause to noose, stran-

wiess s. m. Entanglement.

फांस्थारा s. m. A footpad who strangles passengers or travellers.

कारी ह, f. The act of treating with rudeness.

किया s.f. A slice, a piece of fruit. कवीड़िया s.m. A fop, an absurd part-

ler, and indecent talker. मजीवियास s. f. Absurdity.

中歌 s. m. Wrangling, mutual abuse, brawl, raillery. Phakkar-baz, An abuser, an indecent chatterer.

फिका s.f. A sophism ; a trick ; illusion ; fraud.

समुष्य s. m. The season of the holi; presents made during the holi holidays.

कहा s.m. A handful (or rather met s. f. s. f. mouthful) of any thing eaten ly being clucked into the mouth. Phanks merna, To cat by chucking into the mouth, to check food into the mouth.

भाषा s.m. A grasshopper. व्यक्ति s.f. A plant (Siphonanthus Indics); a species of Hedysarum (H. ata).

कश्चित्रका s.f. A plant (Salvinia cucul फटक s. m. Czystal,

कटजना v. a. To winnow; to dust, to shake or knock off any light thing which slightly adheres (as crumbs from a table-cloth or dust from a tuble). v. n. To be separated s. m. The tape in a pellet-bow which strikes the ball.

फटनरी s. m. Alum.

कटको s. f. A fowler's net; a large cage : a rope tied to a tree to frighten birds with its sound.

फटना v. n. To be torn, spilt, rent, broken, cracked, to brust, spilt.

कटपडना v. n. To be produced plentifully; to become fat suddenly; to be confounded with too much business.

कटकटाना v. a. To shake or flap or clap the wings as birds just going to fly ; to give a sound as the shoes of a person walking.

WEI s. m. A crack. Phate men paon dena, To interfere in any thinh.

फटिक s. m. Crystal.

WE s. f. A gaming-house where dice are played; a place where hoods are exposed for sale; the shafts or pole of a carriage, Pharbaz, s. m. A. player at dice, a gamester : a prater a talkative fellow. Phar-bazi, s. f. Gambling, playing at dice. कंडन verbal n. f. Fluttering, flutter,

vibrating, throbbing, palpitating.

पाइयाना v. s. To flutter, to vibrate with convulsive involuntary motion as the eyelids or other muscles; to throb, to palpitate; to writhe (the shoulders, &c.

अक्ष्माना v. a. To cause to flutter, tocause convulsive motion in the muscles, &c; (met) to shew.

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प्रकी s. f. A coarse screen.

फडकडाना v. n. To flutter, to wave, to twinkle, to move with convulsive motion. swift.

फडफडिया s. m. A flutterer, adi. Quick. कड़ाना v. a. To cause to be torn, split or cleaved.

फिक्का s.f. A. cricket.

का खिया s. m. A. pedlar, a retailer ; the keeper of a gaming-house or dice table.

पाच s. m. The expanded hood or neck of the (Cobra de capello &c. Phan uthana, v. a. To spread the hood (a snake).

फायबर s. m. A snake, especially the Cobra de capello, or Coluber nafa.

पाणधर s. m. A snake.

फायमिंग s. m. A jewel supposed to be in the head of a snake.

फायाना s. m. A snake.

फणिकेष्ट ६. m. Mesua ferrea.

फाणिकोण s.m. A quail.

फविजभाव s. m. A. plant, called also-Marua.

फचित्रभक्ता s. f. A plant commonly called Rumduti, apparently a sort of Basil with small leaves. क्की s.m. A snake.

भवीद } s. m. 'The great serpent क्यों र र Andata.

फदफदाना v. n. To ferment (as sour milk, curds, &c.); to be inflamed with lust.

wo s. m. The expanded hood or neck of the Cobra de capello, &c. क्षत्रवा s. m. A grasshopper.

पानपाना v. n. To hiss (as a snake): to spring up suddenly (as a fastgrowing plant); to move about briskly (as a playful child).

मन्दन। v. n. To be imprisoned.

দৰ্শাশ v. s. To ensnare, to entrap. দৰা s. m. A noose, a net, a snare; perplexity, difficulty.

ক্ষানা v. a. To cause to jump or leap over.

भक्त adj. Swelled; insipid. भक्ती s.f. Mouldiness.

कारोचा } s.m. A blister, Phapha-चर्चचा रेख phutne, v. n. To be blistered; it is used to express the mind being blistered, to be afflicted. Phaphole dil ke phorne, To satisfy a revenge that has long been rankling in one's breast.

us s. f. Embellishment, ornament, dress. [plant).

करवा o. s. To shoot forth (ss s करता adj. Pertinent, fit.

wat a person is by his dress. Phabti kahna, v. a. To say what is conjectured by one's dress.

क्षण s. f. Embellishment, ornament. भाषाम v. n. To become, befit, fit.

wallen adi. Becoming, fit.

wr s. m. A shield; a fruit.

un s. m. A. shield.

with convulsive involuntary motion, as the eyelids and other muscles; to throb, to palpitate; to writhe (the shoulders &c.)

WITI s. m. Clearing away or dispersion (of clouds or of a multitude of people); fair weather; decision, definitive sentence (of a judge).

करपाना v. c. To decide, to give a final sentence.

Test odj. Pure, honest, fair, candid,

fair (not cloudy). Pharchha karna, v. a. To clean, to settle, to sweep.

करहाना v. o. To clean, to wipe, to settle, to clear away (the clouds fc.)

करकर s.m. Deceit, trick, wickedness. करकरिया adj. Deceitful, teacherous, wicked.

Wills. m. An axe, hatchet.

TATES 1 8. m. A. vane, a penant adj.

Half dried.

फरिया s.f. A kind of bordered vos tment worn by *Hindus*; a contractor for reaping.

करी s. f. A shield, target; one of several fishes.

पार्थ s, m. A betel-box.

was: s. m. An instrument for ranking together.

witz: s. m. A piece of bamboo a sound made by the flying of a flag or the breathing of a house.

मार्गना v. n. To fly (as a flag).

प्रापंच s.m. A tree (its leaves resemble those of the Cypress or of the Tamarisk, and make a whistling noise in the wind: whence the name)

mes. m. The fruit of any plant, fruit in general; fruit (metaphorically). result, effect, produce, consequence: children, progency, gain, profit, ac. quisition, advantage; recompense, reward; the blade of a sword or knife, the head of an arrow, spear; éc.; a sort of fragrant berry and drug, commonly called Kakoli; a nutmeg, a ploughshare; the quotient of a sun (is arithmetic). Phaldar adj. Fruitful. Phalpana, To reap the reward of (good or bad actions). Phalphalari, Fruits of various kinds.

water s. m. A shield; a bone, the os frontis, or bone of the forehead : a plant (Mesua ferrea.).

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फलवाभवा s. f. Desire of any consequence.

कलको adj. Having or being armed with a shield, &c. s. m. A sort of fish, 'commonly called Phalai,

फलकेषर s. m. The cocoa-nut tree.

फलकीवन s. m. The acrotum or testicles.

फलतच s. m. A. small fruit of a back colour (Carissa carandas).

फलवंडि adj. Fruitful, bearing fruit in due season.

प्रतिकार 8. m. Disappointing.

फलवनर s. m. The bark of the Indian fig. ground and eaten with curds, by way of penance.

क्षत्रजनक adj. Fruitful, producing fruit. क्रलत adi. Yielding fruit, profit, &o. फलताच s. m. The fruit bearing tar, the

female palm.

फलवय s. m. The three sorts of fruit collectively, the Parush and the Gmelina arbores; the three myrohalans

फलविक s. m. The three myrobalans collectively.

फलइ adj. Yielding or bearing fruit, results, &c. s. m. A tree.

पानदासा adj. Giving fruit, rewarding or giving the fruit of good or bad actions.

भावन s. m. Fructifying, bearing fruit, producing consequences.

फलना v. n. To produce or bear fruit, to result, to be produced; to be fortunate.

क्षत्रशिक्षति s. f. Cessation of consequences. Tresult.

क्षविष्ट नि s.f. Final consequence or

माजनिव्यक्ति s. f. Bearing fruit ; yieldin profit or desired results.

फलपाक s.m. The ripening of fruit : the fulness of consequences; the Coronda.

फलकाकाला s.f. An annual plant, dying after bearing fruit.

क्षापुर s. m. Common citron (Citrus medica \.

क्रजबाधि s. m. Obtaining the desired result or fruit

फासनुभारित s. m. A game (called also mankeld); "think of a number, double it, add ten to it, take five from it, &c. how much remains?" "twenty one," "the number was eight"

फलभीन s. m. Receipt or enjoyment of consequences; possession of rent or profit, usufruct.

फलमीनी adj. Who receives the profits, consequences, &c.

क्रजबान है adj. Bearing fruit ; yielding माजनत् f results, or consequences.

क्रवकेष ३. m. The mango.

क्षतसम्बन है s.f. Prosperity, success.

मकचिषि s. f. Realizing an object, reaping the fruit of any act.

क्रवहानि s. f. Loss of fruit or profit.

फलाकाकी 8. f. Hope or expectation of favourable consequences.

पाणाच s. f. A stride.

मताना v. c. To make fruitful, to fructify, to cause to produce.

समापेचा s.f. Regard to or expectation of consequences,

क्रवाबी adj. Living on fruits. मचास s. m. A step, a stride.

कवित adj. Fruitful, bearing fruit , successful, yielding a result,

क्षांचा है s.f. A cod, a pod (or the well) seed) of any leguminous plant, but particularly of peas; a loop.
Phali-kash, s. m. A hook for drawing the strings through the holes by which the walls of a tent are laced to the top.

कलियाना v. n. To bear fruit.

well s.f. A cod, a pod, (or the seed) of any leguminous plant, but particularly of peas; a loop. Phali-khas. s. m. A hook for drawing the strings through the holes by which the walls of a tent are laced to the top. s.f. A shield; a medicinal plant, commonly called Priyangu.

দাণী adj. Bearing fruit, fruitful; productive of consequences. s. m. A sort of fish, commonly called Phalai (Mystus kapirat).

फल्चा s. m. A knotted fringe.

nonia suave-olens).

क्रजीतना s.f. The fruit arising from sarred study.

क्षणीह्य s. m. Gain, profit; joy, happiness: consequence, result.

क्रवीहेंब s. m. Regard to results.

was s.f. The opposite-leaved fig-tree (Ficus oppositifolia); the name of a river which is said to run underneath Gya; a red powder, usually of the root of wild ginger, coloured with sappan wood, and thrown over one another by the Hindus at the Holl festival. s

कन्तुन s. m. The month Phalgun. कन्तुनो s. f. The constellation Phalguni. कन्त s. m. A bud, a flower.

ward s. m. A fish caught in ponds, commonly called Phassi (Mysius kapirat). with legs extended,

करका s. m. To split, burst, break.

भरकाण v. a. To burst, split, break; loosen, slacken.

weet v. n. To stick (as in mud or in a narrow passage), to be caught, to be noosed or ensured, to be imprisoned, to be impeded, to be entangled, to be imposed, incolamity, &c.)

मसमा adj. Flabby, loose, not rigid. मसम् adj. Bed tebacco.

weifer v. a. To cause to stick (as in a mad, &c.), to mire, entangle, embroil, catch, to cause, to be imprisoned, to squash.

फाइरका v. n. To fly (as a flag).

क्षांचा v. n. To fly, wave, stream (as a flay in the air), to flutter.

मांच s. f. A slice, a piece of fruit. मांच s. m. A fop.

फोक्स v. a. To chuck into the mouth from the plam of the hand (grain meal, gc.); to squander.

बांबी s. f. A slice or piece of fruit; an objection (in loois).

कांद है s. m. A noose, snare, net (met.) फ़ादा है perplexity, difficulty.

witer v. s. To jump over, to leaf over. wiरी s. f. A bundle of 50 or 100 sugar-canes.

कांपना v. s. To swell.

प्राप्त s. m. A hole, an orifice.

wite s. m. A splinter (of bamboo, ψc.); a ποσες: an impediment.

with v. s. To nose, to ensure, to entrap, to throttle, to strmgle, to cheak. v. s. To be impeded, to stick (as in mud), to be perplexed.

with s.f. A noose, an impediment. : with s.f. A noose, a loop, halter, strangulation. Phase dens, To stran(431)

gle. v. a. To strangle, to hang. Phansi parna, v. n. To be hanged. Phansi lagana, v. a. To kill ene's self by strangling.

will s.m. Red powder (sprinkled in the time of the Holi); the act of throwing coloured powders in the Holi, the gambols of the Holi.

स्नासन s. m. The name of the 11th month, the full moon of which is near Purvaphal-guni, February-March.

काटन s. m. A gate, a large shutter; an obstruction, impediment, a check; the bar of a court of justice, where the plaintiff and defendant take their station.

काटना v. n. To be torn, to be broken split, rent, torn asunder, &c.

फाङ्डाज adj. Ravenous; ravenous beast, &c.

काइडाना v. a. To worry.

काङ्गा v. a. To tear, rend, split, break, cleave (wood &c.), to tear open, burst, rip.

माक्षा adj. Cut, slit, torn, rent.

unite s. f. Flour or meal mixed with

काल s. m. The share of a plough. s. f.
A lump of betel-nut (Areca); a step.
कालचा s. m. A fruit (Grewia asiatica).

का अनुन s. m. A tree (Pentaptera Arjuna); the eleventh Hindu month, February-March.

कार्युकी s.f. Day of full moon in the month Phalyun, on which the Holi or great vernal festival of the Hindus is celebrated; a name common to the eleventh and twelfth lunar asterisms, distinguished by the cpithets first and last.

म्हाव s. m. A small quantity given

above the quantity purchased, to boot. .

कार्यका s. m. Mattock, spade, hoe.

सावकी s.f. A crutch on which a Jogi leans; a piece of wood or staff with a support at each, end, which is held in both hands and laid horizontally, in performing the exercise of danda; an instrument like a small rake or hoe for removing a horse's dung.

with s. m. A flock of cotton wet with

फिलाना v. n. To be thrown.

फिलामा v. a. To cause or teach to throw.

ि स्वारना v. a. To bare or uncover the head, to unplait the hair of the head,

फिकेत s. m. A thrower (of a spear, &c.) फिकेन s. m. The fork-tailed shrike.

fদ্ধান্ত s. m. Curse, malediction, adv. Fy!
Phit phit Curse on it! fy upon it!
দিন্তৰ্থী s. f. Alum.

দিৱনাৰ s. f. Curse, malediction, removing something to a distance.

फिटकारना v. a. To curse. फिटकिरी s. f. Alum.

फिटाना v a. To beat up and mix, to

fur adj. Again, then.

froth.

फिरकी s. f. A whirligig, anything turning as on an axis.

चित्रजाना v. n. To return, to revolt ; to be distorted ; to warp.

चित्रत s. m. Rejected things; 'money paid by a lewd woman to her para-

bulate, to walk about.

फिरना v. n. To turn, return, walk about, go round, circulate, roll,

whirl, to wheel, wander, travel, ramble, change, revolt.

fwest part f. or s. f. Returning, return, homeward-bound. Phirti ka bhara, The hire of a return boat, carriage, &c.

क्सिना ए. a. To cause to turn, whirl, wheel, make to go about, return, change, roll, shift, wander.

furth s. m. Return, restitution, rotation, turning.

ফিলী s.f. A whirligig, any thing turning as on an axis.

फिल्सना v. n. To slip.

फिक्की s. f. The leg.

fun interj. Pish ! pshaw ! tush ?

দিৰ্দ্যাণা v. n. To be terrified. দিৰ্দ্যা v. n. To slip, to slide, to err.

ody. Slippery.

जिन्दा adj. Slippery.

पिसवाना v. s. To cause to slip, slide or err.

फिसवाषट s. f. Slipperiness.

कोचना है v. a. To wash cloth, to कोचनाजना है rinse, squeeze.

wita s. f. The point of a scourge.

भीबा adj. Weak, vapid, tasteless, insipid; pale, sallow, light (in colour).

म् भार e.f. Hiss (of a snake).

मुंबारा v. n. To hiss (os a snake). मुंबारी s. f. Hissing (of a snake). Phunkari marna, To hiss (a snake).

मुंशी s.f. A sprout, a bud, the point of an ear of corn.

মুখাৰ s. f. The small drops of rain. মুখাৰ s. m. A mountain, a jet d'eau. মুখাৰ s. m. A bladder.

स्वनो s.f. A blowpipe; a fire-lock or pistol.

मृद्ध ब्युं. Odd, unpaired.

wzw odj. Odd, unpaired; separate, dispersed (as a horseman).

जुड़की s. f. A blot, spot, stain. adj. Odd, unpaired.

कुषिया s. f. A sore, a pimple, a boil, कुल interj. Expression of disregard or contempt (Phu. hut.)

मृतकार adj. Arrogant, contemptuous, disdainful,

फुरका v. n. To jump, leap, hop (apto plied small birds), to dance about in token of delight.

मुदबो s. f. A bird (Certhiatula). मुजनी s. f. A sprout, a bud, the point

of an ear of corn, &c.

मुनसी s.f. A pimple.

फ़्रांचिया फ़्रांची s.f. Penis puerilis. फ़्रांची

फुन्दना s. m. A tassel.

सुष्का s. m. The husband of a paternal aunt.

फुप्की s. f. A paternal aunt.

पुष्पाद s. f. The hissing of a snake. पुष्पादना v. n. To hiss (a snake).

कृषियासास s. f. The sister of a fatherin-law.

নুধা s. m adj. Descended from, or चুঁধা s. f. related through a paternal aunt. Phuphers bhai, The son of a paternal aunt; cousin. Phuphers bohin, Daughter of a paternal aunt.

पार adj. True, right.

wy s. m. The noise of a bird, as a partridge or quail, suddenly of taking wing; or of a small, quantity of gunpowder exploding.

मुरपुराना v. n. To tremble; to wave (as hair in the wind).

भुरभुरी s. f. Trembling, quivering, tremour, palpitation.

कुरकरी s. f. Horripilation.

भुंसर्जीनिया ∫

प्रस्तान) s. m. A coaxer, a wheed-

कर्ने रे s. f. Activity, quickness, alertness, agility. Quick, nimble, active, पत्तीं ला a ii.

smart, alert, expert.

फलका adj. Inflated, puffed up; light. s. m. A blister; a kind of cake or small loaf; an area or arena for wrestlers.

कलकारणा v. n. To inflate, to swell out (as a snake's hood), to expand.

कलकारी s. m. Flowered cloth. कावनी s. f. A cake or raised bread.

फ्रनभावी & f. A. kind of fire-work like a fountain.

कानगरी s. f. A. flower-gardon.

फलक्या s. m. Cudgelling.

का नाना v. a. To cause to swell, to inflate, distend, to fatten; (met.) to make proud or to puff up with flattery.

फलाबरा s. m. Flattery.

फलेल s.m. Oil impregnated with the essence of flowers by steeping them in it, essence (as a perfume).

क्रमीरी s.-f Bread or cake made of fruit and pulse, and fried in ghi or oil, a flower.

was alj. Blown, opened, expanded as चात्रदासन् s. m. A. species of the Utidhriti metre.

कश्चनवन adj. Full or large-eyed; smiling, looking happy.

सुद्धतीचन adj. Full-eyed ; looking pleased or happy. s. m. A large full eye; a species of the antelope.

भन्नगत् } adj. Blossoming, blowing. wall s. f. A disorder in the eye, the

albugo. कारपादाका v. n. To whisper.

мините s.f. Wispering, buzzing in the ear.

ler, a seducer. फश्लाना v. a. To coax, wheedle, cajole, flatter, instigate, entice, seduce.

क हैं

Mulfert adj. Disgusting, stinking. कला adj. Weak, without strength, slack (as a knot).

फर्चा s. f. Father's sister, paternal aunt; a lizard.

फ्य s.f. Act of blowing, a puff, a blast, blowing up (fire, &c.) Phunk dena. To set on fire. Phunk-phunk-kar paon dharna, To act or walk carefully and cantiously.

फ कना v. a. To blow with the breath ; to blow up (a fire &c.), to inflame, set on fire, kindle, to blow (s horn, trumpet, &c.)

फंकारना v.n. To hiss (as a snake), to snort.

मृही s, m. A small rain,

फकार मुख्या v. a. To blow.

明本(s. m. A fine sensible young fellow. Witz s. f. A. kind of melon (Cucumia momordica); a ripe cucumber bursting elastically (as the Cucumis utilatissimus : and Momordica mixta): odd, unpaired; difference of opinion. dissension, discord; separation; a flow, breach, break. Phut parna, To arise (dissension). Phut-phut, or phut-kar rong, To weep excessively. Phut bikhera, adj. Scattered, dispersed, Phut rahna, To be broken : to be dispered; to be unpaired. Phut hona, To be divided in opinion.

TR 27 8. f. Wrangling, disagreement. misunderstanding,

फ डना v. n. To be broken, to be broken into or broken down; to be dispers-

ed, to be separated, to separate, to separate, to be unpaired; to burst, split, to be made public, to transpire; to arise (as a small), or to burst forth; to get promotion or advancement.

कृदना adj. Bad (coin).

wat odj. Broken.

सूदी s. f. Disagreement, disparity.

पूजा s. m. Father's sister's husband. पूजी s. f. Father's sister, paternal aunt.

क्षा s. r. f. Father's sister's husband, or father's sister.

कुद s.m. A flower, a blossom ; bogs, stud banch of ribands, &c. a cockade; the menses, of which children are the fruit; a swelling; bones of a dead person after the fleshy parts are burned : lights or fire (seen at night); pl. a ceremony performed in honor of a deceased person on the third day after his death. Phul uthna, v. n. To be performed (a ceremony in honor of the dead), to complete the forty days of mourning. Phul jana, v. n . To swell, to be delighted, to be pleased : to become fat. Phul sharna ; v. n. To speak eloquently; to fall from a lamp (drops of burning oil), Phul parna, v. n. To break out (a fire) Phul bythna, v. n. To be glad.

कुलकीकी s. f. A cauliflower.

आविषा v. n. To blossom, to blow, to flower; to be pleased, to be in health and spirits, fle. to bloom, to flourish; to awell, to be inflated, to be puffed up (with pride, fc.)

mes samana, Not to be able to contain one's self from delight, to be overjoyed, to exult. म्लाव s. m. A swelling,

भूजी s. f. A disorder in the eye, the albugo.

we s. m. Old dry grass or straw. Phus men chingari dalna, To excite contention or strife.

भूषड़ा } इ. m. A rag.

प्रती s. f. Chaff.

stupid, obscene, foolish, rade (applied to women). s. f. A bad housewife, a slut or slattern.

क्रइपन s. m. Stupidity ; obscenity ; foolishness.

West adj. Talking obscenely.

wit s.m. A fictitious teat or pap, formed of cotton or other substance, by which milk is given to a young geat or the like, when unable to suck the mother.

कुषार है s.f. A small rain.

जैंस s. f. Throw, cast, Phenk dens, v. a. To throw away.

भें आवा v. s. To throw, to fling, to dart, to let fly (s hawk, &c. at yame), to set off (s horse) at full speed, to gallsp.

में बाद adj. Requiring to be thrown,

ws s.f. Waist-band, a belt. Phent bondhna. To get ready, to resolve.

WEN v. a. To mix, to beat (as eggs, &c.), triturate.

भेटा है s.f. Waist-band; a small tur-भेटा band.

मही s.f. A skin (of thread, &c.).

\$2 s. f. The waist when bound with a belt.

किटना v. a. To mix by trituration. किटा s. m. A small turban; waisiband without fringe. (495)

S. m. Froth, foam, cuttle-fish bone, supposed to be the indurated foam of the sea.

फानिक s. m. Cuttle-fish bone;

फैनका s. f. The soap berry.

पेश्वा s. f. Frothiness, vapour.

फैनल adj. Froth, foamy.

क्रमनत adj. Frothy, foaming, bubbling.

क्षी नाता है v. n. To foam, to froth.

के नायमान adj. Foaming, frothing.

斯 行兩 a lj. Frothy, foany. s. m. The soap plant (Sapindus detergens): the fruit of the jujube: the fruit of the Vangueria trinoss.

கி s. f. A kind of sweetmeat.

कीत्रज्ञ s. m. Biesting, the milk of a cow, &c. for some days after calving.

फिलाड़ी s. f. Inability to move.

wes. m. Turning, turn, return, change meander, maze, curvature, twisting. coil, fold. circumstance; equivosation, ambiguity; difficulty, distance. adv. Again, back. Pherkhana, To wind (as a river), to meander; to go round about; to meet with perplexities. Pher dena, To return, to restore, refund. Pher parns, To differ. Pher-phar, adj. Alternate. Pher-phar karna, To alternate. Pherman dalia, To throw obstacles in the way of another.

went v. a. To turn, turn, back, invert, reverse, avert, turn away, to make to walk backwards and forwards, to bring or carry back, to shift, repeat; plaster, stroke. Sir-par hath pherna, To deceive by coaxing. Hath pherna, To carees, to fondle.

कोरन odj. Fraudulent, crafty, a rogue or cheat ; malicious, injurious. at s. m. Turning, circuit, peramdulation; a roll; a wooden frame with which lime, sand, &c, is measured.

भेरामरी s f. Walking back-wards and and forwards, gbing and coming; returning, alternating, alternation.

भेरी s. f. Act of going round to the right by way of adoration, circumambulation, going about.

फ रीवाचा s. m. A pedlar.

फ द s. m. A jackal.

war s.f. Waist band; a small turban.

क नाना v. n. To foam, to froth.

দ্ধ ৰা v. n. To be spread, scattered, to spread; to be expanded, dilated, diffused. scattered or dispersed; to become public.

भेशाना To spread, scatter, expand, diffuse, widen, stretch out, extend, distend, dilate, publish, proclaim, tobranch out, Halk phylana, To beg.

un are s. m. Spread, expansion, extention, diffusion, publication, display, extent; plenty, prosusion.

m min s. m. Prolixity.

Hollow, not solid (particularly jewels).

कोंकी s.f. A pipe, a tube; any thing perforated or hollow.

कीशर s.f. Small raiv.

भीष s. m. Dregs, sediment, grains. sdj. Hollow.

क्रीवट s. m. An indigent person.

मोक्प s. m. Dress, refuse, trash, grains. मोक्गा v. a. To break, spilt, burst, disclose, divulge, or cetray (a scoret) मोक्ग s. m. A boil, sore, abscess, imposthume.

कीचा s. m. A blister.

7

The twenty-third consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to the letter δ, and often confounded with the analogous semi vowel w or υ, with which some grammarians consider it to be at all times optionally interchangeable.

ৰম্ভ s. m. A bending, a curvature, the reach or bend of a river:

ৰকাই s. f. A bending, curvature, the reach or bend of a river.

बंग s. f. Calx of tin given internally as aphrodisiack: a name of Bengal.

बंगकी s. f. An ornament worn on the wrist (properly made of glass), a bangle.

बंगसा s.m. A kind of thatched house, a summer-house; a sort of betel-leaf or pan so called.

वना s. m. A joint or bamboo root. बंगाचा n. prop. Name of Bengal.

बंबी s. f. A humming top.

बंबना v. n. To be read or persued.

बंभीटी s. f. A medicine taken to produce barrenness.

बंद्रवाचा v. a. To distribute, to cause to be shared.

बटवैया है s.m. A divider, a distributer बटेंग v. a. To share, divide, partisipate. [Jamah.

बढ़ी s. f. A short robe, a short full बंदेरी s.f. A ridge pele, the ridge of a house,

बंद है s. m. A whirlwind a devil.

वंश s. m. Race, lineage, family, offspring, descendant; a bambeo. ৰ্মণীৰৰ s.m. The manna or sugar of the bamboo: it has been found by analysis to contain saliceous earth.

चैद्रादकी s. f. A genealogy.

in comp.) Of the race or lineage.

समीबर s.m. The fig-tree under which
Krishna was accustomed to play the

va s. m. A crane (Ardea torra and putea). Bak dhayan lagana, To not with dissimulation. s. f. Prattle, chat, foolish talk, garrulity. Bak jhak, s.f. Prattle, chat, &c. Bak jhak karna, To prattle, to chatter, to gabble. Bak lagni, Talkativeness, garrulity.

and s.f. A plant, the seed of which is used to cure the itch (Conyza or Serratula anthelmintica).

vanue s. f. Prattle, chat, foolish talk,

क्याना v. n. To prate, chatter, chat, jabber, babble, cackle.

वसमा s.f. Prattle, foolish talk, babble. clack, gabble. Bak bak karna, Toprattle, chatter, gabble.

वकाकाणा v. n. To prattle, chatter, elack.

equit s. m. f. A goat (generally), a female goat.

agent s. m. Bark, skin, sind, shell (of a fruit), husk.

ware s. f. Prattle, foolish talk.

वसगरी s. m. One who talks feelishly, an idle talker, prater, eackler:

qualu s. f. Talkativeness.

क्याना है part, act. A chatterer, an

THE odj. Astringent.

वस्त्या s. m. The tengue of a buckle.

वकायन s. f. A tree (Melia sempervirens). THIST s. m. A forerunner, a harlinger: a traveller.

बिक्या s. f. A clasp knife, a pen-knife. बकान s. m. A tree (Mimusops elengi).

₹ # 8. m. The root of a grass of which rope is made.

बकोटना v. a. To lacerate with the nails. to claw, to scratch.

बक्स s. m. Sappan or red wood (Casalminia sampan).

बहल s. m. Bark, skin, rind, shell (of a fruit), husk.

बकी part. act. Talkative : a prater, chatterer, jabberer.

THI s. m. A. speaker in general, adj. Eloquent, loquacions, talkative.

बख s. f. The world.

वकरी s.f. A cottage, a house.

बखान s. m. Explanation, praise, description, definition.

7 v. a To praise, com-क्षान पर्ना र mend ; explain, define, relate.

बखाव 8. m. A storehouse, a granary. वसारी ग. 🖍 🐧

wowers, m. A kind of stitch, strong quilting.

निवाण v. a. To stitch, to quilt.

बखी s. f. The side under the armpit. west s. m: Wrangling, a tumult, broil, contention, dispute, quarrel.

वर्षेद्वा adj. Quarrelsome, captious ; a wrangler, a brawler.

क्षेत्रहरू o. s. To scatter.

чи s. m. A crane (Ardes torra and [crane). putea). assist a. f. Walking slowly (like a

range वा वागा v. s. To be stupified or petrified with fear at the sight of a ITo gallop.

नगन्द ह. f. Galleping. Begchhut deurna,

ष्ण s. m. A kind of rice.

वगङ्ग s. m. Trouble; cheat, deceit. Bugra karna, of avoid the payment of one's debts or the performance of one's promise.

बगिष्वा adj. A deceitful person.

बगदना v. n. To return ; to be spoiled. वगहाना v. s. To cause to return, to put to the rout.

वनपाती s. f. The side under the armpit. वनपान्ती s.f. A row or line of cranes.

बबरेन्द्री s. f. A plant (Jatropha curcas).

बनना है s. m. A crane or heron (Ardea वगुला ∫ torro and putea). Bagle blugget, A hypocrite.

बबर्च s.m. A bird, a grey goose.

बनारना v. s. To throw away ; to spread Over.

विश्वा है s. f. A little garden.

बबुद्धा s. m. A. whirlwind,

व्यवदा s. m. A medicinal herb with a fragrant root.

वधना s. m. The teeth and nails of a tiger which are hung round the neck of a child.

चचार e.m. The spices which are mixed with food to give it relish; reasoning, condiment.

वदारमा v. a. To sesson.

वर्षी s. f. A horsefly.

बचेल s. m. A tribe of Rainuts.

वर्षेता s. m. A. Rajputs of the Bhaghel tribe; a tiger's whelp, a young tiger. TWIN s. m. A bending, curvature, reach or bend of a river.

www s. f. Calx of tin given internally as an aphrodisiack; a name of Bengal.

वक्को ...f. An ornament worn on the wrist (properly made of glass) a bangle.

बद्धवा s. m. A kind of thatched house,

a summer house; a sort of betel-leaf or pan so called.

z#ř

or pan so called,
বৰুণ s. m. A joint of lambod-root,
বৰুণ s. m. A pop. A name of Bangat,
বৰুণবিষ্, f. A woman of Bangat,
বৰুণবিষ্, s. m. An inhabitant of Bangat,
বৰুণবি s. f. A humming top.

www s. f. Orris root.

event adj. Small (generally applied to shoes and clothes). s. m. A dancing hoy. [prostitute. avenue. A girl adopted by an old waft s. f. Residue, remainder, surplus. A m. Speech, talk, discourse, word, expression; promise, agreement. Bachan chhorna, To break one's promise. Bachan daina, To question, to ask, to inquire. Bachan torna, To break one's word.

Bachan dena, To promise, to agree.

Bachan nibhana, or,—pabna, To
abide by a promise. Bachan bandh
karna, To bind by promise. Bachan
bandh hons, To give one's word,
to promise, to be agreed upon.

Bachan manna, To obey. Bachan
marna, To conclude an agreement,
Bachan karna, To receive a promise.
Bachan harna, To promise, to agree,
to give or pledge or plight one's

word, to sffirm.

swage adj. Betrothed, esponsed.

swate. s. To be saved, be spared, to
escape, avoid, remain, unexpended,
recover.

recover.

The same of the same

वसा s. m. A child, the young of any animal.

बन्दनान s. m. A vegetable poison.

बक्क s. m. बक्क s. m. बक्क s. m.

बिख्या s. f. A. (female) calf.

बहेरा s. m. A colt.

बहेरी s. f. A foal, filly.

चन्ता v. n. To be sounded, to sound, to be famous. s. m. A rupee (used among brokers).

बजाजी s. m. One who plays on musical instruments. Brjan tri-mahal, s. m. The quarter inhabited by musicians; a brothel; taxes on musicians and female dancers.

ananial v. n. To effervesce with noise in putrefying,

untur s, m. A kind of fruit.

aner s. m. A boat for travelling in, a pleasure boat of a larger kind.

বজনানা v. s. To cause to sound, to cause to play on an instrument of music, নজাৰ s. m. A kind of serpent.

nation e. a. To sound, to play upon an instrument, to perform or execute (music), to beat (a drum .&c.).

वजावाग v. n. To perform, accomplish, execute, effect, obey.

विवर्षीया v. a. To be in earnest, to be importunate, to insist.

and s. m. A thunderbolt; a diamond.

odj. Hard. Bejra pere usper. May
lightning fall on him! (on expression used in cursing any one).

way s. m. A title of Hanuman.

made on a Hindu's forehead will red-land.

quest on n. To be insuared, to be caught (se game); to stick.

पश्चामा v. ते. To entangle, insuare (as | game), to entrap.

The Indian fig-tree (Ficus India); a single cowrie.

wet s. f. The art of making gold thread.

षष्ट्रसरा s. m. A weight.

ৰহনা v. a, To twist, to form by convolution (as ropes); to divide, share; gain, make profit. v. n. To be divided, to be twisted. s. m. An instrument with which ropes are twisted.

REGIT s. m. Highwayman, footpad, villain, cut-throat, assassin.

बदयारी s. f. Highway-robbery.

TRUE s. f. A silken cord adorned with three fringes, which women use to tie their hair behind; a narrow passage; a small measure of weight.

बहरी s.f. A small cup.

मुटबीदी s. f. A brass vessel in which Hindus dress their food.

बटनाना v. a. To cause to twist, &c. बटनान s. m. A tax-gatherer who collects a tax levied in kind.

बटवारा s. m. A share.

Tert s. f. Hire paid for twisting ropes, &c.

ৰৱাজ s. m. A traveller, a robber.

बहिया s.f. A narrow passage; a small measure of weight.

(generally used for holding betel-nuts, &c.); a brass vessel in which Hindus dress their food.

बहैर s. f. A kind of quail (Perdrix oli-

Tran . a. To gather up, collect, purse, accumulate,

बही है। s. m. A traveller, a way-farer. बहा s. m. Deficiency ; exchange or discount; defect, blemish, injury, offence; a ball (of wood or stone); a box in which gems are kept, a casket, Batta-dhar, and Bhatta-dhar, and Bhatta-dhar, and Bhatta-bat, A juggler, Batte-bati, The performance of a juggler, juggling, sleight of hand.

सङ् s.m. The Bengal fig-tree (Ficus Bengalensis, or (Indics); in comp.) a contraction of सञ्चा (Great; as Barbola, A noisy talkutive person, Barbhakua, A blockhead; Bar-peta, adj. Big-bellied; a great eater; greedy, avaricious

ब्द्रना v. n. To enter.

बद्धक s f. Muttering, the light headed talk of a person in a delirium.

बङ्गङ्खा v. a. To mutter, grumble, chatter noasense, talk light-headedly, rave.

terer, a grumbler.

or the personified asterism which is designated by a horse's head.

बद्धवाधि s. m. Submarine fire.

thology, a being consisting of flame, but with the head of a mare, who sprang from the thighs of *Urwa*, and was received by ocean.

व्यानुष s. m. Submarine fire ; the infernal regions,

नदम्ब s. m. A sweet and acid fruit of a yellowish red colour and nearly round.

ब्द्रहेला s.m. A wild hog.

14 adj. Large, great, big, greater, senior, elder, eldest, principal &c. Bara karna, To enlarge, exalt, promote; extinguish, put out (a

lamp, &c. as to use the direct phrase is deemed unlacky). Bara rasts paker; na, To die. Bare petwals hone, To be patient.

with s. f. Greatness, largeness, excellence, bulk, bulkiness, bigness; magnifying, boasting. Barai karna, or,—marna, To extol, magnify, boast, vaunt. Barai dena, To honour.

The state of the state of

बहायन s. m. Greatness, grandeur, dig-बहाया s. m. Grandeur, dignity, elevation.

बड़ो s. f. A dish made of pulse.

I s. m. A kind of sugarcane with long joints.

बड़े नीबा s.m. An old man; Sir! (applied to an elderly man).

43 8. m. A carpenter.

बदता s. m. } Increase, augmentation, बदती s.f. enhancement, overplus, more, promotion, aggrandizement, elevation.

बढन s. f. A carpenter's wife.

water o. a. To increase, enlarge, go on, proceed, advance, exaggerate, grow, rise, swell, to be promoted, to amount, lengthen.

बढनी s.f. A broom; advance made for cultivation or manufacture or a contract. [fruit

TEM s. m. A small round and acid
TEM s. m. A small round and acid
TEM s. o. To increase, augment, enlarge, lengthen, make advance, forward, exalts elevate, raise, promote,
aggrandize, rear up, extend, stretch
out, amplify, dilate; to extinguish;
to shut up (s skop); to remove the
table-cloth.

estate v. a. To bring forward, to lead on (an army).

ৰম্ভাৰ s. m. Prolongation, advancement, increase, enlargement. [flattery. বস্তাৰা s. m. Population; excitement, দ্বাধা sdj. High-priced.

बढेला s.m. A wild hog.

बढोतर s. m. । Interest, profit, advan-बढोतरी s. f. | tage.

विकापय 8. m. Traffic, commerce.

पणिकृत र. m. The son of is merchant, or young merchant or tradeer.

विषयापुत्री s.f. A young woman of the Baniya tribe.

विष्यात s.m. Traffic, trade, commerce, विषयु s.m. A merchant, a trader; tha sixth of the astronomical periods called Karan, corresponding to the half of a lunar day; trade, traffic.

विका s. m. Trade, traffic.

यशिवा इ. m. A shop-keeper, a merchant (usually a corn-chandler).

बन s. m. The worm which is destructive to shipping (Teredo).

THE contraction of THE A word, affair; or of THE Wind, generally used in composition; as, Bst-dahari. adj. External, foreign. Bat barkao. s. m. Prolixity, talkabreness, chicanery, wrangling. Bat-bans, An orator, a sophist. Bst-conka karna, To ventilate. Bat-kshao, s. m. Talk, conversation.

वतक s.f. A duck.

ৰৱশ্বৰ adj. Loquacious, conversible.
ৰৱশ্বৰ s. m. } Loquacity, conversiৰৱশ্ব s. f. } bleness, discourse,
dialogue.

चतक्क adj. Loquacious, talkative. चतराचा v. स. To talk, converse, spec-चतवाचा v. a. To shew, explain, pc...out, denote, teach, inform. express, signife, adduce, account for. THI s. m. A bamboo lath, a thin slip of bamboo; an oblong stone on which pewders are levigated.

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वतावा v. a. To point out, to shew, indicate, signify, explain, teach, tell to appear, s. m. An upper turban ; a small bracelet of metal.

बतास s. f. Wind, air, Batasa-pheni, s. f. A kind of sweetmest, sugar-cakes,

warm | s. m. A kind of sweetmeat, बताबा र्रे sugar-cakes (of a spongy texture, or filled with air, as the word implies) ; a bubble.

यतियाना v. a. To speak, talk, say, converse, discourse.

चती 3. f. A word.

and adi. A tattler, an idle talker. मतोली s.f. Buffoonery.

बहीरी s. f. A flatulent or cedematous, swelling.

बनी s. f. A. candle ; a wick, a match, n stick (of sealing-wax, &c.); a tent or bougie.

बत्तीस adi. Thirty-two.

वत्तीसा s.m. A medicine composed of thirty-two ingredients, usually given to mares after fealing,

वसीसी s. f. A set of teeth ; any aggregate consisting of thirty-two parts. Batti-si dikhana, v. a. To shew teeth; to laugh, to scoff or make faces at any one.

बद्धात adj. Affectionate, kind.

war s. m. A kind of rice.

बद्ध ह. m. A. kind of greens or potherbs (Chenopodium album).

TE s. f. A bubo.

बद्ध s. m. The mouth, face, countenway v. a. To water, to bet ; to settle, ato predestinate, to take (as witness), to obey, acknowledge, agree, not to refuse.

बदरीकदा s. f. A kind of perfume, apperently a dried shell-fish! a tree, apparently a species of the Zizuphus. बद्दीपत्रक s.m. A sort of perfume. a

lenf.

बदरीकचा s. f. A. plant, commonly called blue Sephálika or Nyctanthes.

बदरीभेल s.m. A part of the Himslaya range, and celebrated place of pilgrimage, the Badrinath of modern travellers, or a town and temple on the west bank of the Alukananda river, in the province of Shringaar.

बदल s. m. A cloud; exchange, substitution, adv. In charge, for.

बदंतवा v. s. To change, exchange, alter.

बद्धा s. m. Exchange, lieu, stead, a substitute, recompense, revenge, requital, Badls leng, v, a. To alter; retaliate, take revenge, Badleh, In exchange, in return for.

बद्दलाई s.f. Price of exchange.

बदसाना v. a. To cause to alter, to change.

बदली s. f. Exchange, relief (of watches) : cloudness; a small bit of cloud.

बहरता s. m. A hogety.

बदा adj. Predestinated.

बदाबदी ade. With emulation, or rivalship, cententionsly.

बहि है s.f. The dark half of the lunar month from full moon to new moon, the wane of the moon,

बहुत \$. m. A. cloud.

at adj. Bound, tied; checked, suppressed; fixed, firm; withheld.

बद्रकीय adi. One who governs or suppresses wrath.

asse adj. . Fast or firmly rooted.

बद्धिक adj. Young, a pupil, a child, one whose hair as not been shaven.

fance.

बद्धिका s.f. A sort of pungent rcot, called by some a kind of garlic.

ৰবাস্থাল adj. Saluting respectfully, putting the hands joined to the forehead.

नहीं s.f. An ornament worn round the neck, hanging down to the waist and crossing behind and before; a belt, a sash, brace (of a carriage, &c.).

aw s. m. Killing, slaughter, slaying, murder.

क्य त s. m. A slaughterer, a killer. व्यक्तको adi. Wishing death.

बधकाव्या s. f. Intent or desire to kill.

बधद्रख s. m. Capital punishment.

स्थाना v. a. To smite, to kill. s. m. A kind of pot with a spout to it, a vessel for drinking water from.

बधव्यान s. m. } A place at slaughter

वशार s.f. } A song in congratuayi वा s.m. } lation; presents, &c. carried to the house of a woman on the sixth or fortieth day after childbirth.

after s. m. A. huntsman, sportsman, fowler, killer, slayer, executioner.

aften s.f. A bullock, any castrated animal.

वर्षि adj. Deaf.

ৰয় s. f. A woman, a wife, daughter-inlaw, lady.

बंधीपाय s. m. Instrument or means of putting to death,

am sdj. Deserving death; condemned to death.

want s. f. Fitness to be killed.

बध्यम् नि s. f. } A place of public exe-बध्यसम्बद्धान s. m. } cution.

षण s.f. A forest, a wood, Bana-kands, or Bana-gontha.s.m. Cowdung found in the forests. Bana-játra, s. f. The pilgrimage through the 84 forests of Brajs. Bans jharns, or. -marns, or, -mayharns, To best the forests.

बनचंद्ध s. m. A forest.

बनचर s. m. A. monkey.

बनज s. m. Trade, traffic, merchandise, commerce.

बन्दार s f. Waste land.

बनजारा s. m. A grain-merchant, a carrier of grain.

ৰণলাবা s. f. A kind of tent use by Bungaras. adj. f. Half-boiled. (grain). বৰ্ষ s. f. Lace, a ribband studded with spangles.

बन्तराई s. f. A plant (Luffa).

बनपञ्जा v. n. To succeed, answer, suit, come to pass.

बनवास s. m. Living in the forest. बनवासी adq. Inhabiting the forest.

यणियान s. m. A wild cat.

बनभारता s.m. Wild (byngun) egg-plant (Solunum melonyena).

बनमान्य s. m. A man of the woods, a wild man, an ourang-ootang.

ननास s. f. A garland of various flowers reaching to the feet; usually of the flowers of the tuss: (Ogmum sanctum), kund (Josainum multiflorum), manda (Asclepies gigantea), parijat (Erythrina fulgens), and lotus.

बनरा s. m. A bridegroom.

बनरी s. f. A bride.

सन्तर्भ s. f. Price paid for making any thing.

from one's family; (met.) disinherited (a son).

बनवेशा s.m. A maker.

oren e.f. A fishing hook; (in comp.)

Of the race or lineage; flute. Banker,
bata, The fig-tree under which Krishna was accustomed to play the fine.

बना s. m. A bridegroom; part. Made, बन्दें s. m. A monkey. prepared, having made, &c.

बनात s. f. Woolen cloth, broad cloth. बनासी करों. Woolen.

बनाना v. a. To make, prepare, form, fashion, shape, do, fabricate, build, compose, perform, make to agree, adjust, adorn, reconcile, pluck (a four!) to dress (victuals) to mend,

repair, invent, rectify, mock, feign, житигите v. n. To be making, to be in hand.

ant s. m. Preparation, de oration, dressing, decking one's self; concord, understanding, reconciliation. Bando karna, To adorn, bedeck, decorate.

बनावड s. f. Make, invention, affectation, contrivance, fabrication, formation, fiction, sham.

बनायना v. a. To make, to prepare.

बनावरी s.f. Preparation.

बनासपत्ती s.f. Forest leaves.

बनिज s. m. Trade, traffic, merchandise, commerce.

बनिता s.f. A wife, a woman.

बनिया s. m. A shop-keeper, a merchant (usually a corn-chandler).

यनियायन s. f. Wife of a Baniya.

बनी a.f. A bride.

बनेसा adi. Wild.

बनेटी है s. f. A torch lighted at both बनेही ends and whirled round so as to form a double pircle of fire.

बर्गेको s. f. Wife of a Baniya (shopkeeper, &c.).

बनैयाक्षका 8. m. Cow-dung dried for fuel (not made up).

ानेसा adi. Wild.

न्दनवार s. m. A wreath or garland of leaves and flowers suspended across geteways on marriages or public festivals.

बसरबात. s. m. A sore that does not

heal; running sore, an issue.

बन्दरिया) s. f. A female monkey. बन्दरी

दरा [sm. Mistletoe, a kind of Epidendron (Epidendrum tesselatum).

बन्दी s. f. An ornament worn on the forehead; a dress shorter than the Jama. s. m. A tribe called Bhata who are generally bards or panegy ists; a bard.

बन्दीग्रह s. m. A place of confinement, a prison. [bard.

बन्दीजन s. m. A sort of ornament, a बन्दका s. m. A whirlwind.

बन्दीड s. f. A female slave.

बन्दीस s. m. The child of a slave.

बन ह. m. A pledge, a deposit. g. m. f. A binding, a bandage; a tie or fetter; bondage, imprisonment; binding, tying, Bandh men parna, ya ana. To become a captive.

THE S. m. Binding, confinement, apledge, a pawn; a deposit.

बन्धकी s. f. An unchaste woman, a harlot, a wanton : barren woman.

बन्दन s. m. A. complete army, or one with its four divisions, of chariots, elephants, horse, and foot,

बन्दन s. m. Binding, tving, confining, fastening; bandage, bond, bondage, imprisonment; obstacle, hinderance. बन्धनवन्ति s. m. The knot of a ligature.

बन्धवरक s. f. Any rope or string used for tving.

बन्धणा v. n. To be tied, fastened, bound, continuous or uninterrupted, kept, enclosed, laid, formed or composed. Bandhi muthi, An undisclosed intention

बन्धकास्य इ. m. A prison.

क्यार s. f. Bond, binding, fastening. क्यान s. m. Pension, h fixed allowance made to any one.

ক্ষাদী e. a. To bird, fasten, shut, &c.
ক্ষাদী s. m. One whose business it is
to carry stone, timber, &c. slung
over his shoulder; a pensioner; a
gunner, artillery-man.

Fig. m. A kinsman, a relation, but especially a distant or cognate kinsman, and subsequent in right of inheritance to the gentile or Sagotra; the Bandhu, is of three kinds; the kinsman of the person himself, of his father, or his mother, as his father's brother's son, and his mother's sister's or brother's son; and the same reckoning upwards, as his father's father's sister's son, &c.; a friend; a brother; a flower (Pentapette phanica).

बन्द जन s. m. A relation, a friend. बन्दुजीव s. m. A flower (Pentapetes phænicea).

ৰা s.f. A multitude of relations or friends; relationship, friendship. ৰাম ল s.m. Relationship, friendship.

बस्य कर्यो. Given by a kinsman. s. m. One kind of female property, that given to a girl at her marriage by her own relations.

बस्द e. m. A flower (Pentapetes phanices); a drug commonly called Birung; a crane; a drug commonly called Rishabha.

THE ST & m A prisoner one hound.

बन्धुना s. m. A prisoner, one bound, s captive.

ৰশ্বীৰ alj. Friendless, relationless. ৰশ্ব s. m. A. shrub bearing a red flower (Pentapetes phænices); but also applied to the Ixora Bandhuc); a tree (Pentaptera tomentosa).

क्ष्युक्ष s.m. A tree (Pentapiera tomentoecr).

क्लेज s. m. Parsimony; stability, steadiness, persistence.

arm adj. Barren, unfruitful, not bearing fruit in due season; detained, confined under arrest.

ৰন্ম s. f. A childless woman; a barren cow; a perfume, commonly called Bala.

THE T. N. To be made, to be prepared, to be mended or adjusted; to chime, to agree, to fall in with, to do, answer, to serve, to be, become, to agail, to counterfeit, to succeed. e.m. A bridegroom. Band chuna, Dressed, decked out, arranged. Banna thanna, To be fully adorned, or prepared, to be decked out. Bana banaya. Finish-hed, ready made, complete, entire, perfect. Bana rahaa, To remain waiting.

बन्नाफिर s. m. A tribe of Rajputs.

कड़ा s. m. A conjurer.

**** s.f. A female conjurer, an enchantress.

बपम s. m. Patrimony, heritage.

बपा शीना v. n. To be raised, established or pitched.

बपुरा है adj. Helpless.

क्पोलों s. m. Paternal estate ; patrimony, heritage.

चपारा s.m. Vapour, vapour bath. सवर s.m. One who crops the manes of horses.

auti at s. f. Quarrelling, dissension.

and s. f. Cropped hair, tresses; the act of eropping (especially the manes of horses).

बद्दात s. m. A clown, a lout, bumpkin, clumsy young man.

ब्बार s. m. A child, a boy (a term of

बबर | s. f. A tree of the Mimosa kind (there are several species, but the commonest is Arabica); the Acacia tree.

बर्षास्था adj. Talking nonsense. s. m. A catamite.

बबेसी s. f. The piles.

बबै s. m. The seed of a sweet-scented herb (Ocymum pilosum); a sort of hird.

बच्चो s. f. A. kiss.

बस बता. Large, great; tawny, &c., bald headed through disease, s. m. A large ichneumon; the name of a sage; a tawny or brown colour.

बन 8, f. A spring (of water) : a fathom : a measuring rod.

बन An interiection addressed to Shiv (much used by pilgrims to the temple of Byjnath or Vydyanath).

वनकना o. a. To swell.

बसन s. m. Vomit, emetic. Baman karna, To vomit.

बमीख s. m. A sort of grass.

बया s. m. The little bird that learns to fetch and carry, &c., and which the Hindus teach to snatch the ornamental patch or wafer from the forehead of their mistresses (Loxia Indica): an assizer.

चवार s.f. Wind, air.

बवाका बर्जु. Flatulent.

बवाकीस adj. Forty-two. बयाची adj. Eighty-two.

adj. Best, excellent. s. m. A boon,

a blessing, a choice, a good; a bridegroom, a son-in-law; the Indian figtree. s. f. Asparagus racemosus, conj. But, moreover, even. Bar dai, Giver of a choice or blessing.

at conj. Moreover, but, even, rather.

बरचार s. m. Abstinence.

बर्द s. m. A seller of betel-leaf, a cultivator of betel.

बरका v. n. To rain.

बरमत s. m. The Indian fig-tree (Ficus Indica).

बरवा s. m. A refter.

बरगेल s. m. An ortolan (Alauda). बरक्तिया s. m. An innocent kind of snake

बरकाना v. a. To forbid, to prohibit. बरणो s. f. An eye-lash.

बरन s. m. A meritorious act, a fast, a vow, a religious rite or penance; use, s. m. A thong, leathern girth, rope, part. Flaming, b'azing.

बरतन s.f. A dish, plate, basin &c. vessel, utensil.

बरतना v. s. To consider, to reflect. बरना part. pass. That which has been used.

बरताना v. a. To distribute. s. m. Old clothes

बरह s. m. A. bull, a bullock.

बरदान s. m. A wedding gift (to a bride); the answer to a prayer addressed to God or to a saint.

बरकार adj. Wide, broad (cloth).

बरदी s.f. A drove of cattle loaded. बरहेत s. m. A panegyrist, a bard.

बरध s. m. A bull, a bullock.

To bull a cow.

बर्ज s. m. Colour, sort, class; tribe (among the Hindus), as Brohnan, Kshattryah, Vyshyah, and Shudra; a letter of an alphabet : praise, description. conj. Moreover, but even, rather. Baran karns, To hire a priest

for the performance of a sacrifice or any religious ceremony.

बर

nation, praise, Burnon karna, To explain, describe, extol, praise.

the north of Benares, s. m. A fruit tree (Cratera tapia). v. a. To marry. v. n. To burn.

बरनो s.f. An eye-lash.

बरण करना v. a. To raise, pitch, establish, produce, set on foot, cause, occasion, introduce.

वरणा रहना v. n. To continue firm or standing,

बरपा दीना v. n. To be raised, set on foot, pitched, estal lished, produced, occasioned.

बरमरी s. f. A peculiar kind of goat (from Barbary). [bravery. यसव s. m. Strength, vigour; prowess, वरमध्या adj. Affectd, an old person who affects the manners of youth:

ब्रम्मा adj. Public, conspicuous. ब्रमा इ. m. A kind of gimlet or borer

worked with a string.
बरदार adj. Strong, violent.
बरदार adj. Strong, violent. s. m. A
medicinal herb so called.

बरराना v. s. To talk in one's sleep or in a delirium.

बरवह s.m. A tumonr in the belly. बरवह s.f. A kind of snake.

atts s. m. A bird that feeds on fish.

atts s. f. A ragini or musical mode by
which deer and serpents are said to
be tamed.

we s. m. Rain; a year; an intoxicating drag made of opium. Baras-panth s. f. The ceremony of thing a knot on the anniversary birth-day of a child; birth-day. बरसेका adj. Annual, anniversary... बरसेको s.f. Annual tax or rent.

TTTI s. m. A field where cows feed.

बक्रिका s.m. A wild hog.

fried in oil, or ghi. adj. Large, great.

बरास s. f. The marriage procession.

बराती s. m. The company and attendants at a marriage.

बराजा v. n. To abstain. to with-draw. बरास s.f. A thong, a rope (particularly of a swing).

बराव s. m. Abstinence.

or mythological incarnation of Vishnu in the form of a boar.

वरिवाई s. f. Boast, exultation.

बरियार adj. Strong, violent.

बरियारा adj. Strong, violent. s. m. A. medicinal herb so called.

बरी s. f. Quicklime; a dish made of pulse; wedding garment, adj. Strong, powerful.

वरीस s. m. A year.

(Cratava tapia, or Copparis trifoliata).

बरेज s. m. A betel-garden.

बरेडन s.f. A washerwoman.

बरेडा s. m. A washerman.

बरेरा ह. m. . A. wasp.

at s. m. A seller of betel-leaf, a cultivator of betel.

बर्ज s. f. A (female) seller of betelleaf, or rather cultivator of betel.

बरीडा } s.m. A washerman ; a vesti-

ave. m. An assembly of people of one class, a multitude of similar things; a class of letters pronounced on the same part of the mouth (as the gattarals, palatals, &c.); the square of a number.

बर्गी s.m. The Marhattas are so called.

ৰক্তা s. m.] A (long slender) spear, a ষক্তা s.f.] javolin, dart. Bar-chhibardar, A spearman.

बद्धित s. m. A spearman.

awis. m. Colour, sort, class; a tribe (among the Hindus) as Brahman, Kshattriyah, Vyshyak, Shudra; a letter of an alphabet, praise, description.

वर्णन s. m. Description, recital, explanation, praiser Barnan karna, To explain, describe, extol, praise,

वर्षना v. a. To explain, describe, praise. वर्षना श. f. An alphabet.

वर्षसंबद s. m. A person of a tribe originating in the intercourse of a man of one tribe with a weman of another.

one tribe with a weman of another. वर्ते s. m. Use, practice.

वर्षेत्र s. m. A dish, plate, bason, &c.; vessel, utensil. वर्षेत्र To use.

बर्तभान adj. Present, existent; the present tense.

वर्षो इ. m. A kind of gimlet or borer worked with a string.

बर्माणा v. a. To bore.

am n. prop. The people of Ava are so called.

वर्षच्ड s. f. Chattering, prate, rant.

वर्ष s.m. Rain ; a year.

बर्वेदा ady, Annual, anniversary.

s.f. The rains, the third season (of the six), from the 15th of Asharh to the 15th of Bhadu

aufa } part, act. Raining.

awin s. f. The rainy season, the rains.

बर्षोत्तो s. f. A disorder in horses, the farcy,

वर्षाना v. a. To cause to rain, to shower down; to rain.

बर्षामत १. m. Yearly pay or subsistence. बर्षेड्डा १. f. An anuual tax or rent. बर्धेडा ७. n. To rain.

बर्शत s. f. The rainy season, the rains. बर्शतो s. f, A disorder in horses, the farey.

बर्धी ग v. a. To cause to rain, to shower बर्धी s.f. An annual ceremony in commemoration of deceased relations.

बहीं s. f. A peacock.

an s. m. A coil, twist, crook, convolution; side, direction. Ball klana,
To be twisted. Ballar; adj. Crooked,
twisted, coiled, convoluted. Bal dens,
v. s. To twist.

बलकना v. a. To open; to speak indistinctly from excessive joy or intoxication.

वस्त्रना s.m. A. sob.

बलताङ्ग s. m. The male palm or toddy tree (Borassus flabelliformis).

ৰন্ধনী ছ s.m. A pimple, a sore, a small boil (supposed to be caused by the breaking or pulling out of a hair, as the word imposed).

ৰণাই s.m. A bullock that carries a burden.

बलदाज बलदिया driver, a drover, a grainmerchant. ৰ্লইন s. m. A name of Balram. ৰলইন s.f. A medicinal plant commonly called *Trayaman*.

बलगा v. a. To burn.

बलनियह s. m. Weakening, reducing strongth or power.

वजनकरा s.m. A pgrson who dies in a battle, &c. without doing any thing. वजनकरा o.m. To forment (as gowmith, curds, &c.); to be inflamed with lust; to make a noise (a camel) from lust.

बलभद s. m. A strong or robust man बलभागा v. s. To allure.

बलम बलमा है s. m. A lover, a husband.

and while very young.

वतराम n. prop. The elder brother of Krishna.

बजनसा s. f. Strength, power.

बलवन बलवान bodied, stout, lusty.

बलगहन adj. Strengthening, ennobling. बलग s. m. A tumult, riot, sedition, mutiny, alarm.

बत्दान s. m. Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour.

बलड़ी s. f. A faggot.

बन दीन ady. Weak, infirm.

वनकोनतः s.f. Exhaustion, weakness, prostration of strength, infirmity from fatigue or age, &c.

Ten s. m. An aquatic and medicinal plant (Side rhombi olic, rhomboidea, and cordifolia).

बनाईका र ०.०. To draw the hands बनाए बना र over the head of another in token of taking all his misfortunes upon one's self (generally practised by women),

बलाबा s.f. A sort of crane.

वजाचिता s. f. A sort of Vin or lute, called also Ram's lute.

बवाड s. m. A sort of bean.

**TIMETERS . m. Violence, oppression, exaction; (in law) the detention of the person of a debtor by his creditor, and the violent measures taken by the latter (Rogging, &c.) to recover his debt.

बसाबिका s, f. A sort of sunflower (Heliotropium Indicum).

बसान्ति adj. Strong, powerful.

बनाबन adj. Strong and weak.

बदाय s. m. A plant Capparis trifo-

बलाखक s. m. The caronda (Carissa carandas).

बदाश s. m. The phlegmatic humour.

बिं s. m. An oblation, a religious offering in general; presentation of food to all created beings, one of the five great sacraments of the Hindu religion: it consists in throwing a small pracel of the offering, ghi or rice, or the like, the open sir at the back of the house; an animal, or one which is fit for an oblation; a king and Dytych, also Maha Bali, the virtuous sovereign of Mahabalipur, tricked out of the dominion he had obtained over earth and haven, by Vishnu, in the Vamon or dwarf Avatar, and left, in consideration of his merits, the sovereignty of Patal, or the infernal regions.

विवास s. m. An act of sacrificing, or offering victims in sacrifice to God.

विषय adj. Shrivelled, wrinkled, flabby,

बिक्शर s.m. } Sacrifice. Balihar. बिक्शरी s.f. } na, To be sacrificed.

and adj. Strong. powerful, robust,

stont, s.f. A wrinkle, skiu shrivelled by old age; the fold of skin in stout persons, especially females, upon the upper part of the telly, or between the ensiform cartilage and the navel.

बाज़ बाज़ } adv. But, moreover.

बन्धा ady. Sandy.

पक्रमा v. a. To scratch, to tear with

बन्ना s. m. A bubble.

बर्भेड्डा s. m. A whirlwind ; a ridge-pole (of a cottage).

बर्भे हो s. f. A ridge-pole (of a cottage). बर्भेया खेला v. a. To draw one's hands over the head of another in token of taking his misfortunes on one's self (yenerally practised by women).

बस्कल s, m. The bark of a tree. बस्स adj. Strong, vigorous, s. m. Semen virile.

नजान adj. Dear, beloved. s. m. A favourite, a friend; a superintendant, a master. [spearman.

बक्कन s.m. A spear, Ballam-bardár, A

बन्नी s. f. A prop, a pole, a long pole to steer or move a boat with. Balli marna, To push or move (a boat).

बदंडर s.m. A whirlwind, a devil.

बवंद है s.f. Any croeping plant,

बाई s. f. A kibe, blister or chap on the foot, chilblain.

वराषीर s. pl. The piles or hemoryhoids. वराहा adj. Pocky, affected with Lues. vonerea.

bler, s. m. A catamite.

बिश्व } s, m. Son of Brahma.

बणान s. m. Description, explanation, definition.

RUINNI v. a. To define, explain, describe.

S. m. Power, will, command, advantage, authority. Bas ana, To be obtained, to come into one's power.

Bas ksrna, To be repower, to bring to submission.

वसनिम s.f. Residence.

बसन s. m. Cloth; a dress, a habit, a suit of clothes, apparel, attire.

बसना v. n. To dwell, inhabit, settle, reside, abide, to be peopled.

बसनी s. f. A purse.

स्थल s. f. The spring; one of the musical modes of the Hindus; the first of the six scasons, comprising Chytra and Bysakh; the small-pox; a phrase peculiar to the Benyalts. Bissants phulna, v. n. To put forth the blossoms of mustard plants. Ankhon men basanta phulni, To dazzle. Basants ki khabar, Knowledge of, or care about, futurity.

बसनी adj. Of yellow colour.

**RECORD IN . To come to an end; to succeed, to get away from. Busarkarna, v. n. To bring to an end, to finish, accomplish, execute, spend, pass. Busar jana, v. n. To be finished, to pass away. Busar leyana, v. a. To bring to an end, finish, accomplish, execute, sequit one's self of, out trip. Busar hana, v. n. To be finished, ended, spent, or passed.

[Siva's bull.

वषष s. m. Bull, ox, bullock, appied to बसाबा To people, to colonize, to cause to dwell, to bring in tocultivation, to settle a country.

बसीठ s. m. Angel, messenger,

बसीडी s.f. The office of a messenger.

agus &. f. The world, the earth.

penters, and adze.

बहुती s.f. An instrument for outting bricks.

परेशा adj. Stinking.

agu s. m. A time before evening when birds return to their nest; a night's lodging; a bird's roost, a bird remaining on its roost. Basera karna, To roost.

बहैश s. m. Inhabitant, a dweller.

बसीबास s. m. Home, dwelling-place, residence, country.

an s. f. Thing, matter, substance, chattels, goods, baggage.

बसर s. m. Clothes, garments, stuffs.

बना s.f. Settlement, colony, village. बन्न s. m. Reality, essence, property, stuff, ingredients substance, wealth.

बस s. m. Cloth, clothes, raiment, apparel [cana).

ৰন্ধা s. m. A plant (Callicarps Ameri-বন্ধী s. f. An abode, a village, a peopled or inhabited place, a population.

बसा s. m. Cloth, a wrapper, pack-cloth. बस्यसम् v. n. To be halked, to be disappointed, to be deceived, to stray, to be intoxicated.

बहुत्ताग v. a. To balk, disappoint, mislead, deceive, beguile.

awwi s. f. A bamboo stick with ropes hanging from each end for slinging baggage to, which is carried on the shoulder.

बरकाना है o. n. To flow, pass; to go बरिकाना or swim with the stream; to be ruined, to be destroyed.

atten part, act. Running (water), afloat. Bahte pani men hath dhona, To pay attention to one's friends, or to attend to one's own duty or affairs while the opportunity is favourable; to make hay while the sun shines.

बहत्तर adj. Seventy-two.

hindrance, prevention.

बहन { s.f. A sister.

श्रहना v. n. To flow, to glide; to float; to blow, to pass away, drive.

ষভনীজ { s. m. A sister's husband, a মভুনী বুঁ brother-in-law.

बह्रनेती s. f. An adopted sister.

बह्बडा adj. Flowing, gliding along; brave, bold; public, notorious.

चहर s. f. A fleet.

बहरा adj. Deaf. बहरिया adj. A stranger.

बहरों s. f. A falcon, a female hawk (Falco calidus), Bahree-bacha, s. m. The male of the Bahri.

and s. f. A two-wheeled car (for riding in, not for baggage), a coach, a carriage. [amused.

ৰছন্ত্ৰা v. n. To be diverted, to be ৰছন্ত্ৰায় v.a. To divert, amuse, recreate. ৰছন্তিয়া s. m. A kind of servant armed with bow, arrow, &c., a huntsman.

ৰছৰী s. f. A two-wheeled car (for riding in, not for baggage), a coach, a carriage. [talk.

ৰম্বাৰণ v. a. To argue, dispute, debute, ৰম্বাইণা v. a. To set afloat, demolish, destroy, rain, impoverish, deprive of felicity or fortune.

बहाना v. a. To make flow, set affoat or adrift, float, launch, swim away.

বছা দিংলা ১ v. n. To wander,
বছা বছা দিংলা be in a distress
condition, to be intoxicated.

aut s. m. Spring, beauty, fine landscape, charm, delight. away ad, and adv. The good state or condition, estalished, confirmed, well, prosperous.

TETT 8. m. A flood, a flooding, flow, flux, aflux, effusion, fluidity.

बहिजाभा v: n. To flow, pass; to go or swim with the stream: to be ruined, to be destroyed.

afen s. f. A sister.

afteru ady. Epual to a sister.

बहिद चाना v. n. To issue, to come out. बहिरा adi. Deaf.

बहिदाना v. a. To divert, to amuse, to recreate.

बहिदेश s. m. Remote or foreign country. बहिम ख s. m. The neglect or violation of any moral or religious duty. adj. Impious.

बाइवा } s.f. Flood, inundation.

बहिना adj. f. Barren (generally applied to cattle).

as s. f. A book not stitched at the sides lut at the ends; a register, book of accounts, ledger.

and with s. m. Ledger account book. बहोर हे s.f. The baggage, &c. of an बहोक्क army.

बडीरीबना Idem.

wy adj. Much, many ; large, great. बहुद्ध s. m. A plant (Asclepias gigantea). ayawa s. m. A prickly plant (Hedy-

sarum alhagi); the marshy date tree.

ayara s. m. A long time. बहुकाखीन adj. Ancient, antique.

बहुबन्ध s. m. Olibanum.

ATTAN s. f. Arabian jasmine.

बहुन्य m. १ ady. Many times ; having बहुब्रवा f. | many good qualities.

ar s. m. Armlet,

adj. Much, many, more, most. Bahut yar hona, To become more intimate than formerly.

बहताई s.f. Muchness, abundance:

बदुसात s. f. Excess, abundance.

बहुतायस s. f. Abundance, plenty, multitude.

ayatı adj. Many, mach, very much, abundant, most.

सक्त adv. In many ways on places, &c. बह्न s. m. Plurality, multitude, muchness, abundance,

बहुल इ.m. The Bhoj, or Brich tree.

बहुद्शी adj. Experienced.

बहुद्धिका s. f. A plant, yielding a caustic milky juice (Euphorbia of various sorts).

बहुदृष्ट adj. Experienced.

अहरीय adj. Full of faults or defects. very wicked, very bad.

away adi, Wealthy, rich.

aver adv. In many ways, sorts, &c.,. usually, generally, mostly, often.

बह्मानत adj. Dispersed, scattered.

बहुपट adj. Very clever.

बह्दव s. m. Talc. [grecum). बहुपवी s.f. A drug (Trigonella fanum-

बार्या 8. f. A medicinal plant (Trigonella fonum-grecum).

agga adj. Having many children, s. m. A tree (Echites scholaris).

बबुपती s.f. A plant (Asparagus racemosus).

बर्पनाप adj. Flowing in many streams. बहुनचन s. m. The plural number (in grammar).

www adj. m. Fertile, fruitful. s. m. The Kadamba tree (Nauclea Cadamba).

बहु क्रती adj. f. Fertile, fruitful. s. f. The opposite leaved fig-tree.

बहुभाग्य adj. m. Fortunate. व इमान्या adj. f.

द्रमान s. m. Respect, reverence.

बह्मचि adj. Multiform.

बद्दल adj. Many-rooted, having many roots.

बह्रमुख्य adj. Costly, precious.

TET adv. Again.

बहरकी adj. Various, or variable (in colour); changeable.

वस्ता v. n. To return, to come back. वस्ताना v. a. To bring back, to cause to return.

बहरि adv. Again.

awfen s. f. A daughter in-law.

aven adj. Multiform. s. m. Mimicry. बहर्षा s. m. A chameleon.

बहद्रिया है s. m. An actor, a mimic य इंदिपी

बहुद्ध s. m. Mimicry.

.वहरेखा s. m. pl. Wrinkles, furrows marks of care or pain.

बहरी adv. Again.

ave adj. Much, many.

बहुद्भव s. m. Abundance.

बहुरचन s.m. The plural number (in grämmar).

THE S. m. A fruit (Cordia myxa). बङ्गिष adj. Various, multiform, of many sorts or kinds.

बहुरीज adj. Having many or much seed, s. m. The custaid apple (Annona squamosa).

बह्दीर्थ s.m. Belleric myrobalan (Ter-(minalia belerica).

बहुबीहि s. m. One of the forms of grammatical composition, the compounding two or more words to furnish an epithet or attributive ; as, बहनाल Bahumala, Having many necklaces.

stan adj. Having many enemies. walls adj. Having many branches or ramifications.

क्षुसना s.f. A plant (A paragus).

₹ s. f. A daughter-in-law, a son's wife, a wife.

TETERS. m. A. fruit (Cordia myxs. and Cordia latifolia).

बहेना) s. m. A fruit, the Belleric mywit | robalan (Terminalia belerica).

बहेत s. m. A vagabond, vagrant, wan-Hindus. derer.

क्ष्रीख्या s. m. A. fowler; a tribe of बच्चनेटा s.m. A young Brahman.

बहीरा s.m. Trader, food sent by the bride's family for the bridegroom; ceremony of the bride's dismissal with her husband.

बहोरि है adv. Often, frequently.

बाएं adi. Left-side, left.

बोक s. m. A clock, curvature, bending : a reach or turning of a river; fault offence, wickedness. s. m. A. *semicircular ornament worn on the arms; a kind of dagger; an exercise

with the dagger; a settee. atarus s. m. A kind of fencing with (wooden) dagger and cutlass.

वाकापन s. m. Foppishness, debauchery, disorderly conduct.

बांका s. m. A fop, beau, coxcomb, buck, brave, bully ; a knife or hook to cut bamboo with s. f. Name of a river. adj. Crooked, foppish, coxcombish, arrant.

बीकाच्य s. m. A fop, heau, coxcomb, bully, bravo.

बांग s. f. Voice, sound.

rta s. m. Barren soil.

utni adj. Liar, false.

बांबा s. m. Raw cotton.

बाचना v. a. To read. ates s. m. Calf.

बाका s. f. Wish, desire.

अपुत . f. The mother of many children. | वांचित adj. Desired, wished, longed-for.

ৰাজহ adj. Lying waste or fallow (land). । ৰাজ্য adj. Barren.

বাত s. m. Share, distribution; a weight (i.e. the standard by which things are weighted); food given to a cow while she is milked. Bant chont, Share, distribution.

बांद्रना o. a. To share, distribute, divide, participate, dispose.

वांडा adj. Tail-less. s. m. A serpent which has lost its tail.

बांडी s.f. A cudgel, a kind of dress.

बाटना v. To destribute, divide,

बाहा s. m. The name of a place in Bundelkhand; a parasite plant which grows on trees (Epidendrum, particularly tesselstum).

चारी s. f. A female slave, a bondmaid. बांच s. m. An embankment; confinement, imprisonment.

*Non v. a. To bind, tie, fasten, shut, stop water, embank, to invent, contrive, devise, stop, pack, aim, build, compose, form, put, settle.

ৰাখন s. m. A mode of dyeing in which the cloth is tied in different places, to prevent the parts tied from receiving the die slander, plot, plan; a kind of silk cloth, a kind of parrot. নাৰা কৰোত a. To prate idly, to talk foolishly.

rity s. m. A bamboo; a measure of about ten feet, used to measure tanks, ditches, and excavations in general. (A cube of one bans is called a chouks.) Bans par charhaa, v. n. To be branded with infamy.

बार प्रोप्त s.m. Name of a caste who work है) on bamboos.

बं।सरी ८. f. A flute, fife, pipe. बंगसनी s. f. A flute, fife, pipe ; a purse.

कोसलो s. f. A flute, fife, pipe ; a purs कोसा इ. m. The bridge of the nose. itel s. f. Flute, fife, pipe. adj. Made of bamboo.

बासुरी s. f. Flute, fife, pipe.

TW s.f. The arm; guarantee, protector or security (as when a man trusts himself in the power of an enemy, a third person, who engages to return him to his house or fort in security, is his banha). Banha pakarna, To protect. Banha tutha, To be destitute of friends or protectors. Banha dena, To assist. Banha qahna, To protect. Banhaha, To protect. Banhaha, To get ready, to prepare.

बाहियां s. m. A natron.

बा adv. Or. either.

बार्ष s. f. Mistress, lady (among Marhattas); a dancing girl. Bai-ji, s. f. The mother bawd.

बाईस adj. Twenty-two.

with s. f. The royal army (so called, because composed of the troops of twenty two subahs); a command of 22,000 men. Baisi tutna, To attack with one's whole force.

बाईडा s. m. Rheumatism.

याच s. m. Language, dialect, speech.

वाक्या s.m. A bean. वाक्य s.m. A bush of which charcoal

is made for the manufacture of gunpowder (Justicia adhatoda, or, gandarussa).

बाका s. m. A sentence, speech, a word.

ৰাজৰ } s. m. An area or court-yard : ৰাজৰ } several houses contained within one enclosure, a drug used as a ferment.

साम s. f. A rein, a bridle. Bag morna, To turn the reins: and this phrase is applied to the drying up of the small-pox; thus, when the pustules begin to blacken and dry up, they say, Sitla ne bay mori, on, Mata ne bay mori. Bay lena, To take the rein; to curb or pull up (a horse, &c.) Bay hath se chhutna, The reins to have slipped from the hand, denotes the loss of choice, power or control.

बाज्य डीर s. f. A long rein with which horses are led.

बाबा s. m. A vestment, honorary dress. बाबो s. m. A horseman.

बाब्द s. m. Net.

बाष s. m. A tiger.

बायम } s. f. A tigress.

बायमर s. m. A. tiger's skin.

TITE S. m. A tiger.

बाषी s. f. A bubo.

an explanatory particle.

बाचा s. f. Speech, language, word; affirmation, agreement, promise.

adj. Speakable, fit to speak.

ip. adj. Useless.

■ To choose, to select.

बाह्य s. m. A calf, or the young of any animal.

बाज Hawk.

वासवास s. m. The sound or clangour of various musical instruments.

वाजन हो. Musical instru-वाजन द्वाजा | ments.

ভাজাৰা v. n. To sound (as a musical instrument); to be published, to resound.

बाजनारी s. m. Musicians.

बाजपेय s. m. One who performs the sacrifice called Vajpey.

বাস্থ্য s. m. A kind of grain, Indian corn (Holous spicatus).

शका s. m. A musical instrument.

नावाराजा . m. The sound or clangour of various musical instruments.

ৰাবি

बाबार s.f. Market, Bazaar.

वास्त्री s. m. A horse.

वाक्रीवर a.m. A conjurer.

नाज्य s. m. An ornament worn on the arm, a bracelet.

बाज्बन्द s. m., Armlet.

बाट s. f. Road, highway, path. s. m. A. weight or measure of weight.

बादिका s. m. A villa.

बाह्य s.f. A habitation, dwelling-house, home, a garden-house.

बाटे बाटे adv. Somewhere or other.

with s.f. Edge (of a sword, knife, f.c.), verge, edge, margin, a fence a hedge, a line (of soldiers); a place below Patna. Bdr urdna, To fire a volley. Bdr chirwsna, or,—chirna, To sharpen Bar jharna, To fire a volley. Bar dilwsna, or,—charna, To sharpen, to grind; to excite, to instigate, to animate. Bar pakrånd, To encourage, to teach. Bar båndhna, To enclose a field with thorns. Bar rakna, To sharpen.

बाइव s. m. Submarine fire ; a Brahman. बाइवानल s. m. Submarine fire.

बाक्स s. m. An enclosure ; alms, charity. बाक्सि s. m. A whetter (of swords, knives, gc.)

गाई। s.f. An enclosed piece of ground, a garden, orchard, kitchen-garden; a house with the garden, &c., attached to it; cotton.

बाद e.f. Increase, promotion; a flood. बादमा v. n. To increase, enlarge, go on, proceed, advance, exaggerate, grow, rise, swell, to be promoted, to amount, lengthen.

weapon or tool, border, rim.

uifs s. m. One who sharpens tools. बाडे adj. Great, increased on merit.

TT 8. f. Temper, quality, manners. s. m. An arrow, a rocket used in battle; name of an Asur, son of raja. Bali; the bore or swell of the tide in the Indian rivers : a kind of rope made of Munj, used to form the bottoms of beds, as well as for other purposes.

बाजिय s. m. Trade, traffic, merchandise. बापी s.f. Speech, voice, language; name of the goddess Saraswati.

बाक्या adj. Tail-less. s. m. A serpent which has lost its tail.

WIN s. f. Speech, language, word, saying, report, discourse; account, subject, question, canee, business, affair, matter, circumstance, particular, article, Bat karna, To converse, to talk, speak, say, address. Bat katna, To interrupt, Bat ka batakkar karna, To multiply words, to talk much on little. Bat ki bat. Unmeaning order, commands not expected to be obeyed, words of course. Bat ki bat men, adv. Instantly. Bat kahao, s. m. Conversation, chitchat. Bat kursi nishin hona. To be acceptable or approved of, a word or speech. Bat garhna, To speak to the purpose, to (speak so that one's words) have effect or make impression. Bat chalana, To converse, to start a subject. Bat chit, s.f. Conversation, chitchat, confabulation, discourse, talk. Bat takna, To put off, to excuse one's self. Bat dalna. To throw away one's words, to ask in vain. But dharana. To persist in making excuses, to put off, to evade, But pana, To accomplish one's | दाइर s. m. A flying-fox, a bat.

wishes, to effect one's purpose. Bat phenkna, To jeer, to mock, to speak at (but not to). Bat pherna, to equivocate, Bat Barhana, To prolong a contest. Bat banana, To make up a story, to make excuses. Baten sunana. To abuse, to speak harshly. Baten sunna, To receive abuse or harsh reproof. Bat bandhaa, To sophisticate, to prevariente. Bat bigarna, To mar a plot, to spoil. Bat marna, To turn off, to evade, to divert a discourse, &c. Bat men kuch karna, To perform a business in a short time, to lose no time in doing any thing. Bat rakhna, To assist, to agree, to comply, Bot rahna, To make good one's words. Bat lagana, To calumniate to insinuate something maliciously. [ism. बात s. m. Pain in the joints, rheumat-

बाती s.f. A candle : the wick of a lamp; a tent or bougie put into a wound to keep in open.

बात निया s. m. A talkative, conversible, entertaining person.

बातनी adj. Conversible, talkative. chatty, entertaining.

बाह s. m. Accusation, dispute, assertion, affirmation; rhenmatism, Bad karna, To argue

बाइर } s. m. A cloud.

बाइका s.m. Gold or silver thread or wire, brocade,

बादानबाद s. m. Altercation.

बादली s. f. Silver cloth.

बादी s. m. A speaker, an accuser, a plaintiff an enemy, a mischief-maker. disputant, an arger, Badi-chor, An inevterate thief.

बाद adj. Great, increased on merit.

नायक adj. What hinders, opposes,

बाधन s. m. Pain; impeding, opposing. बाधना v. To prevent, restrain, hinder. बाधा s. m. Pain, distress, obstruction, hinderance, prevention.

बाधित adj. Obstructed impeded; pained, tormented.

and s. f. Temper, quality, manners, s. m. An arrow, a rocket used in battle; the name of an Asur, son of raja Bali; the high tide in the Indian rivers commonly called the Bore; a kind of rope made of munja, used to from the bottoms of beds as well as for other purposes.

बाननी s.f. A pattern, a muster.

ৰাপ্যক্ষ s.m. One who retires from the world with his wife and family, and is supposed to pass his life in devotion in the forests; an anchoret or hermit.

बानर 8. m. A monkey.

बाबवे adj Ninety-two.

and s. m. Habit, profession; fashion in dress, peculiar to individuals or to bodies taken individually (so, regimentals may be called bana), uniformity; a kind of weapon; a veil; the woof in weaving. Bana banahna, To be ready, to be determined.

बाबा v. a. To open.

ৰাল e.f. The price paid for a work; ashes the thread with which cloth is woven; speech, voice, language; name of the goddess Saraswati.

बानोबीनी s. f. The price of weaving.. बानुषा s. m. Name of a water-bird.

बानसा 8. m. बानसी 8. f. } A kind of cloth. बान्दा s. m. Name of place in Bandelkhand. [friend.

New s. m. A relation, a kinsman; a New s. m. Father. Bap karns, To consider as a father. Bap mero (my father) and. Bap re (O father!) are exclamations expressive of surprise, grief, &c.

बापदा । adj. Helpless, poor.

बाक s. f. Steam, vapour.

बावन } adj. and s. m. Dwarfish, dwarf, बाबन } the fifth avatar of Vishnu.

बादनी s.f. A snake's hole.

बाबर & m. A kind of sweetment-

वाबा s. m. Father, dad; sire! sir! child! Baba jan, Dear child!

बाब s. m. A child; a prince; Master a tille given by Hindus, equivalent to Mr. or, Squire).

बाम s. m. An eel (Ophidium simack). बामकांग s. m. The left side.

वासन s. m. A dwarf.

बाधानी } s.f. A snake's hole.

बाह्य s. m. A Brahman...

बासची s.f. The wife of a Brahman; name of a medicinal herb, the moonplant; a stye on the eye-lids; a lizard.

बाह्यनगरी s.f. Name of a plant (Ovieds verticellata).

ana s. m. Sweetmeat, cakes, &c. distributed at marriages and other ceremonies.

strange. Yih bat bayab hy, This is another thing.

rial adj. Left (hand, 10.) s. m. 1.

bass part in music, the base sound
(especially of tubla, dholuk, and pukhawaj), which are played on with

the left hand. Bayan paon pujna, To acknowledge the cunning of an autiul person.

Tri s. f. Time, occasion, delay; a girl not exceeding sixteen; verge, edge. s.m. A day of the week; door; water; child; hair; prohibition, obstacle. Bur lagana, v. a. To delay, to hesitate.

খাংইৰা v. a. To load, give charge; to impose, give trouble, encumber; to give admission, to give leave.

ৰাংখ s. m. Forbidding, prohibiting, preventing; an elephant.

वारपा n. n. To leave off, separate. v. a.
To forbid, prohibit.

बारना v. a. To kindle, light.

भारम्बार adv. Often, frequently, repeatedly.

ett adj. Twelve. Barah bat hona, To be vagabond, ruined, or harassed. Barah-dari, s. f. A summer-house.

ৰাবাৰ্থী s. f. The combination of the consonants with the symbols of the vowels.

पारहरी s. m. A summer-house,

बारास्ति s.m. A stag (Ceraus elaphus). बाराह s.m. A hog.

बारिद s. m. A cloud.

ard s. m. A window; the name of a caste of Hindus whose business it is to sell torches add leaves which are nsed as platters; an ornament worn in the ear and nose; a garden, an orchard, a house; a girl not exceeding sixteen; time, tour, turn. Bariki up. An intermittent fever. Bariwar, An attendant who waits in turn with others.

गक्षो s.f. Spirituous liquors. गुरू s.f. Land. s.m. Agaild, बाह्य है s.f. Gun-powder.

and adj. Ignorant, unwise, uninstructed; young, infantine, a child.

and s.f. An infant, a child; it usu ally means the young child, under five years old, but is equally applicable till sixteen years of age.

Tee é. m. Hair. Bal gopal, Family. Bal charitra, Tricks of children. Bal bandhi kowri marna, shoot at without missing, to act with great care, not to mistake. Bul bal, Hair by hair, every hair. Bal bika, A bent or disordered hair, is used to express "the smallest harm or inconvenience;" so, Bal bika na house, Let not a hair be disordered (let not be last harm be doue).

बाज s.f. An ear or spike of corn; a crack in a cup or glass, s.m. The thread on which sugar is crystalized. Báldár, A cracked vessel (of china, glass, &c.)

बान्द s. m. A boy, an infant,

वालकाल) s. m. Childhood, childish-बालकापन ∫ ness.

बालका s.m. A young follower of a Joyi or Sannyasi.

बालकीय adj. Childish, infantine.

बालकेलि s.f. Childrens games play.

बालगीपाल s. m. Offspring, family.

बाबचरित s. m. The tricks, games and general conduct peculiar to children, childish frolics.

नालक्ष् s. f. Name of a medicine or perfume.

वालती ए s.m. A pimple.

बालधी s. f. * Tail.

बाखना v. a. To kindle, to light.

बालवर्ष s. pl. Children.

बाजनीय s. m. An offering to Krishna presented early in the morning.

aleas.m. A lover or beloved person; a husband; a kind of cloth. Bdlam khira, s.m. A sort of encumber in senson in the rains (a variety of encumis satina).

बालमसीरा s. m. A species of cucumber. बालमीक s. m. Name of the author बालमीक of Ramayan.

মাজ্যনী s. f. Any ascetic whose passions have been subdued from childhood, বাজায়ত্ত s. f. A widow, who, when very young, lost her husband.

बालराज है है. m. Lapis lazuli. बालम्थं

यानकता s. f. Child murder, infanticide. बालकी s. f. A wig.

• A female child, a girl not exceeding sixteen; a medicinal and fragrant plant. s. m. An ear-ring; a male child, a boy, Bálachandra, The new moon.

क्षानास s. m. The rays of the rising sun. बाजापन s. m. Childhood, infancy.

बाकाभीला adj. Innocent, artless as a child. s. m. An artless child.

ৰাণি } s. m. A monkey, the son of ৰাণী | Indra, killed by Rame.

बालिका s.f. A female child, woman. बालिनी s.f. The constellation Aswini.

बालिस s. m. A pillow.

ৰাজী s. f: A female child; an earring worn in the ear passing through the centre of it.

ৰাজীয় s. m. Pain in making water, from gravel, &c. [Elsbaluk.

बाबु s. m. A drug commonly called बाबुक s. m. A drug and perfume.

बालका s. f. Sand, gravel.

बालुकामक s. m. A sort of fish (Chellodipterus culius and butis). बालुकामय adj. Sandy, gravelly. बालु s. f. Sand.

बाज्य s. m. A sort of poison.

बासूचरी odj. (Silk cloth), made in Boluchar near Murshedábád.

बालीय s.m. A plant (Siphonan-बालीयभाक s.f. f thus Indica).

बालीपवीत s.m. The sacrificial thread, or substitute for it as worn by children; a cloth covering the privities.

बाष्य s. m. Childhood.

and s. f. Wind, air; the veneral disease. Bao ka rukh batana, To cheat, to impose on, to deceive. Bao khani, To live in pleasure. and enjoyment; to court one's inspirations, i. e. to protract a miserable existence. Bao bandi, s. f. Sophistry, exaggerated panise of a worthless being. Bao bandhna, To prevail over an adversary by flattery or invective without argument. Bao bhari khal, Of light estimation. Bao sarna, Wind being discharged backwards.

बाबगीचा s. m. The colic, flatulency.

बावभन वर्ते. A prattler, trifling alahan talker, babbler.

ৰাব্য s. m. A flag or bauner, a sort of armlet worn by females.

बावड़ी s, f. A large well,

बादम adj. Dwarfish, diminutive. s. m. The fifth supposed incarnation of Vishnu in the form of a dwarf.

बावन adj. Fifty-two. बावना adj. Dwarfish.

बातवान s.f. Possession by a demon or devil, misfortune, calamity.

बावरा adj. Mad, insane, crazy.

बावरी s. f. A large well.

वादका adj. Mad, insune, crazy. वादकी s. f. A large well into which people descend by stops to get water; the drag (thing or anims! with which hswks, dogs. &c. are taught to hunt); a trick. Basli dena, To initiate, to train.

बावलेना s. m. Name of a defect in horses, बावसूख s. m. The colic.

बाह्य s. f. The female of a kind of hawk or falcon.

दास s. m. Abode, residence. s. f. smell, scent. odour.

वामक १ s.m. The chief of serpents, वामकी १ which is fabled to support the nuiverse, and which was used as a string to whirl the mountain Mundara in churning the ocean for the amrila, fc.

बारन s. m. A basin, plate, dish, goblet, pot, &c.

বাৰবা s. f. Desire, inclination, choice. v. s. To scent, to perfume.

वासर s. m. A. day.

वासा s. m. Lodging, abode, dwelling, temporary residence.

बासी adj. Salt; perfumed. adj. m. (used substantively) Inhabitant; as Ban-basi, Inhabitant of the woods. Basi karna, To make stale, to vomit. बाष s. m. f. The arm.

animal or other conveyance on which a person rides.

weapon; to comb (the hair).

बाहर वित्र Without, out, outside, affect abroad, away. adj. Foreign.

exercise, &c.)

mfrd adj. Outward, outer, outside, extraneous, foreign; stranger, foreigner.

बाष 8. f. An arm.

बाहुज s. m. Sesamun growing wild or spontaneously.

विभा

allyz: s.f. The name of a river, said to arise in the snowy chain of the Himalaya, and probably the modern Béhat, the classical Hydaspes.

बाहुभूका s. f. An armlet, an ornament worn round the upper arm.

बहसूल s. m. The arm-pit.

बाह्युद्ध s. m. Close fight, personal struggle, boxing, wrestling.

बाहुल्ब s. m. Plenty, abundance, quantity. बिचारी s. f. Supper.

चित्रन s. m. Sauce, condiments, particularly vegetables dressed with clarified butter, &c. and added to flesh or fish; (in grammar) a consonant.

बिंद्राज s. f. A medicinal herb.

Na s. m. The name of a tree bearing a red fruit (Momordica monadelpha, or, Buronia grandis).

विसना v. To curdle (as milk) to spoil.

विक 8. m. A wolf.

বিশ্বক adj. To be sold, saleable, for sale.

বিদ্ধz odj, Difficult ; terrible.

ৰিক্ষা v. n. To be sold, to sell. Bik jana (met.) To be dependent on, to be obliged.

विक्रम s. m. Power, strength.

विकरार है aig. Terrific, ugly.

ৰিকল adj. Restless, uneasy, troubled., বিজ্ঞানা v. n. To blow or expand (as a

flower); to be delighted, to smile. विकस्ति adj. Expanded, blown (as a flower); delighted.

विकास adj. Saleable, for sale.

विकामा v. n. To sell.

factor s. h. The change of any thing from its original state, deterioration; disease. fanie s. m. Afternoon.

विकास s. m. Shining, blooming, expansion, display; pleased, happy, delighted.

बिक्की s. m. A partner (at play, &c.). बिक्की s. f. Sale.

factal v. n. To be scattered, dispersed or dishevelled; to become angry.

বিশাস্থ্য v. n. To be spoiled, damaged or marred, to fail of success, miscarry, to quarrel, disagree, be at variance, be enraged.

বিষয়ী s. f. Spoil, damage misunderstanding between friends, war, battle. বিষয়ি s. m. Badness.

निगपा s. m. A quantity of land containing twenty katthas or 120 squar feet. दिनाषु s. m. Violation, difference, quarrelling, discord, misunderstanding, damage, injury. Bigár karna, v. a. To quarrel to borfeit friendship. Bigár par and, v. n. To be ready to quarrel.

বিবাছৰা v. a. To spoil, mar, damage, injure, ruin, bungle; to cause misunderstanding between friends.

विनाह s. m. Spoiler, injurer, destroyer.

विगोना v. a. To deery, vitiate, ruin, destroy.

faur s. m. Battle, quarrel, strife.

বিষণ s. m. Hinderance, stop, prevention, interruption.

विष adv. In, among, hetween.

विश्वकता v. n. To be disappointed; to be balked; to sprain; to run away, to retreat; to withdraw a consent which has been given.

বিশক্ষা s. m. An ornament worn in the anterior lobe of the ear.

नियकाना v. s. balk, disappoint, tobreak one's promise.

विषरमा v. n. To ream, to saunter.

विश्वता v. n. To turn, to bend, slip, break one's promise, infringe.

ৰিবৰ'ই s. m. A mediator, inter-কিবৰাণী poser, arbitrator, agent, ambassador.

লিবাৰ s. m. Consideration, reflection, contrivance, judgment, opinion, thought, apprehension, will.

विचारक part. act. Investigator, judge,

विचारत part. Reflecting, thinking.

think, investigate, comprehend, apprehend, conceive, judge.

विचारा adj. Poor, mild, meek, innocent. विचाली s.f. Straw. [derful.

বিশ্বিষ adj. Variegated, various; won-কিনীজিয়া s.m. A mediator, interposer, arbitrator, agent, ambassador.

few s. m. A scorpion, the sign Scorpio of the Zodiac.

विक्डना । v. n. To separate, to be विक्डुइना ∫ separated.

ৰিক্ডাৰ s.m. Separation.

विद्वना v. n. To be spread, to spread,

ৰক্ষ s. m. Fan, punkah, chowric. অল s

ৰিষ্কা ৈ w. w. To be senarated, to বিজ্ঞান ৈ separate, to slip, slide, to slip out of place, to sprain, to turn away the face.

ৰিক্ৰালা v. a. To cause to spread. বিক্লালা s. m. A stinging nettle (Urtica interrupta).

ৰিছা ইলা v. a. To separate, (metonim)
to knock down, to drub.

ৰিজ্ঞান্ত, a. To spread, to extend. বিজিঞা Ornament or ring worn on the

tue,

विक्रञ्जना v. n. To separate, to be sepa- | विकारना v. a. To drive away, to turn rated.

बिक्चा s. m. A sort of dagger; an ornament worn on the toes.

विक्रोडना v. d. To separate.

ৰিক্তীয় 🥻 s. m. Separation, absence.

बिक्रीमा है s. m. Bedding, bed clothes, विक्रोना 🕻 bed, carpetting.

विज्ञा 8. m. A. fan.

विजली s. f. Lightning ; a thunderbolt. ৰিপায়ত s. m. A bracelet worn on the arm, an armlet.

विजार adj. Sick, indisposed.

बिजाबा adj. Seedy, turned to seed.

विजिया s. f. Hemp (Cannabis sativa).

ৰিজ s. m. Triumph. Bijayá-dasmi (the victorious tenth), The tenth of Aswin shukla-paksha, the anniversary of Ram's victory over Ravan.

विजेयी adj. Conqueror, vanquisher. विभीग s. m. Separation, absence, (espe-

cially of lovers). adj. Separate, parted.

बिजीमी s. f. An unfortunate, or miserable person.

विभक्तना v. n. To be alarmed.

विकासामा v. a. To frighten, to scare, to alarm.

fazu s. m. A tree.

किटना s. m. A. son.

बिटाना v. s. To scatter, sprinkle.

बिटिया s.f A daughter.

faziar v. o. To scatter, sprinkle, s. m. A son.

बिटीना s. f. Little child.

बिटीरा s. m. A heap of the cakes of dried cow-dung.

বিতালা 🤰 υ. a. To cause to sit down, ,क्षेत्रवाना 🕽 to seat, set, settle.

fastant) v. a. To jeer, ridicule, satirize.

विकृरना v. α. To scatter, strew, spread.

away.

बिदर्श s.f. Pulse (of urd or mung) fried in oil or ghi, and dried in the sun, used as condiments.

बिद्दना v. d. To earn, to acquire.

बित s. m. Wealth, substance, thing ; ability, power, means.

बिसना v. n. To pass. Talms. बितरच s. m. Giving charity, donation,

बिसरना v. a. To bestow. विवान s. m. Awning, canopy.

anti v. a. To pass.

बितीत adj. Passed, gone.

वित s. m. Wealth, substance, thing ; ability, power, maans.

विता *s. m.* Alspan.

बितिया s. m. A dwarf (i.e. a. span high). बियकना v. n. To be astonished, terrified.

विषरना) v. n. To be scattered, to be विषरना 🕽 sprinkled, to be spread.

विषराना v. a. To scatter, to sprinkle. विषा s. f. Pain, affliction, distress.

विद्यारना v. a. To cause to scatter, to cause to sprinkle.

बियारी s. f. Cleansing the warp.

विष्यरना v. n. To be scattered, to be sprinkled, to be spread.

बिद s. f. A little pit into which children in play endeavour to throw balls or marbles.

बिहरी s. f. A kind of tutensg in laid with silver; used to make hukka bottoms, cups, &c. and, so called from Bider, the name of a city and province.

बिदा s.f. Dismission; taking leave, farewell, adieu bida karna, To bid farewell, to dismiss.

विदारन s. m. Tearing, rending, breaking, cleaving, splitting, severing, dividing.

factor v. s. To tear, rend.

विदाहना v. a. To turn the plough over a field after the seed is come up, to plough immediately after sowing for the purpose of povering the seed; to harrow.

बिहुस s. m. Goral, tree. [country. बिटेश s. m. A foreign country, another बिटेशी adj. Foreigner.

विदीरणा v. a. To screw; to mock at, to laugh at, to ridicule.

বিষয়ে s. f. Science, knowledge, intellect.
বিষয়েশ্ব s. m. A sort of demigod or attendant in the celestial courts.

विदार्थी s. m. A student.

वियानान adj. Scientific, learned.

farra adj. Learned in the Beds.

fau s. f. A sacred precept, rule, order, Jaw statute, direction, decree, injunction; manner, mode, kind, sort, s. m. Name of Brahms, providence.

विषय है s.m. Anersion, enmity, dis-विषय है respect. विषय v.n. To be pierced or perforated.

বিষয় s. f. A widow.
বিষয় s. m. The Deity.

ৰিধানা s. m. He who has predestinated, i. c. the deity Brahma; Providence. বিধান s. m. Common practice, precept, direction.

विधानट s. f. Perforation.

विश्रंस s. m. Non-existence, annihilation, slaughter.

ৰিল) alv. Without, except. unless; ferr i not. Bin-jane, Without knowing, unwittingly. Bin-dane pani, Without eating and drinking. Bin mare tauba karna, To fear without a cause.

विनता Wife of Kashap, 'mother of Garur. [request. fandî s. f. A request, solicitated,

विनवा To be picked, weave.

बिनवाई s. f. Price paid for weaving.

विजय s.f. Supplication, entreaty, modesty, courtesy. [perish. विजयना v. n. To spoil, deteriorate.

बिनिष्क adv. Without.

विना adv. Without, except, unless, not.

विनावट है के f. Weaving.

विनायक Gonesh, a kind of demon.

विनास s. m. Annihilation, disappearance, destruction. [land.

দিনীয়া v. a. To adore. venerate, revere, furing s. m. The seed of the cotton tree (It is said to be very fattening foodfor cattle). Binoula chabna, To say unpleasant things.

ৰিনীজী s. f. Hail (of a small kind). বিনা s.f. An apology, submission, solicitation.

बिन्द s. m. A drop, a spot, speck.

बिन्दावन s. m. A certain forest where Krishna was educated.

ৰিশ্বৰা v. a. To siting, bite, v. n. To be bored or pierced.

विस्त्राचन s. m. Mountains.

faur v. s. To knit; to weave. v. a. To be iced.

faur | s. f. Adversity, calamity, misfortune, distress.

बियरना v. a. To attack, to assault.

विषयीत part. Contrary, opposite. s. f. Mischief, ruin.

चित्र s. m. A. Brahmon.

विधित } s.m. Forest, wood.

fage adj. Sufficient, plenty.

विकारना v. n. To be perverse, refractory, disobedient, cross, obstinate, pert.

विके 8. m. Thursday. विवर Hole, bill,

विवराना Spreading hair in joint state. निवासी 8. f. Died, full paid.

fववाद Dispute, quarrel.

विवित्र s. m. Retired place, solitude.

विविध adi. Several kinds. विभंजन } s. m. Breaking, destroying.

विभचार } व्यक्तिचार } s. m. Falut.

faнa s. m. Power, wealth, property. विभृति 8, m. Majesty, dignity, glory, ashes.

विसाव adj. Step-mother. **बैमा**ब

विमल adj. Clean.

विमान s. m. A car or chariot of the gods (sometimes serving as a seat or throne and at others carrying them through the skies self-directed and self-moving).

विसच adj. Having the face averted. turned from, averse.

विया s. m. Seed.

वियाज s. m. Interest.

विवास m. a. Money man giving for interest.

वियारी s.f. } Supper. वियास ह. म.

विवाद s. m. Marriage. Biydh karna, To marry. Biya-ruchana, To celebrate a marriage. Biya-lana, To take in marriage, to bring home a wife, to marry.

विधाइता र्र.

Marrying, marriage, to marry, Biyahan jog, adj. Fit for marriage, marriageable.

दियाहना v. a. To give or take in marriage, to marry. [lovers).

बिधींग s. m. Separation, (especially of विधोगी s. m. A lover suffering the pain of absence

बिरं वि Brahma. विर जि

विरक्त s.m. A. kind of fakir who has relinquished the world, adj. Wearried, disgusted.

विरचन s. m. Flour made from the fruit of the ber (Rhamnus jujuba).

fatখনা v. To make, compose.

बिरत s. m. Desisted, stopped.

farm s. m. Substance, ability, power. बिरति s.f. Slopping, desisting.

faral s. m. Name of a plant (a species

of Panicum). fatu ad). Having no car or chariot.

बिग्द 8. m. Fame, reputation, panegyrick.

बिरदावली s. m. Repute, Fame.

बिरनी s.f. A wasp ; a small grain, बिरमना v. n. To stop, to remain, to delay.

बिरमाना v. a. To stop; to tame, to reduce, to obedience, to allure.

fater adj. Scarce, uncommon, rare, wonderful ; delicate, fine.

विर्वी s. m. A plant, a tree. विरवा (

बिरवा s. m. A plant, a tree.

बिद्याची s. f. An orchard, Birwahi karna, To make an orchard; to enclose with a hedge.

दिस्मा v. n. To stay, to remain.

fact s. m. Separation, parting, absence, especially the separation of lovers.

later adj. f. (A women) suffering the pangs of absence in love, (a female lover) separated from the object of her affection.

Section 2, m. Separation, parting, absence, especially the separation of lovers; a kind of song peculiar to washermen.

विरक्षिया adj. Amerous, sensual, suffering the pangs of absent love.

fatth s. m. Suffering the pangs of absence in love, separated from one's love.

ৰিব্যাল্যা v. n. To be conspicuous or splendid; to enjoy one's self; to live in health, ease, content, and independence.

FIGURE s. m. The embodied spirit. n. prop. Name of a sovereign.

বিংকো ady. Strange, foreign; belonging to another. v. a. To mock.

विराम adj. Uneasy, unquiet, agitated.

विरायना v, a. To vex.

विश्वि 8. f. Time.

विद्या s.f. Time, space of time.

विरोजा s. m. Galbanum.

बिक्ट्रेंस s. m. Reputer, one who makes reputation.

fact adj. Opposite, opposed to, contrary to; against.

face adj. Disfigured, deformed, ugly.

Birup hona, To be disgraced. विशेष s.m. Separation, absence.

विशोगन adj.f. Separated, distressed from separation.

বিশাস s. m. Enmity, quarrel, contention, dispute, contrariety, opposition.
বিশাস aaj. Quarrelsome.

ৰিবা } s. m. A hole, burrow.

(as a child); to long for, to desire eagerly.

ৰিজ্জনা v. a. To see, to look at, to perceive, to behold v. n. To be displeased.

বিজ্ঞৰ adj. Separate. s. m. Separation, disunion, difference. Bilag marna, v. n. To be displeased, to be angry or offended.

विजयना v. n. To separate, to be separated; to curdle, to turn (as milk).

विलगाना v. a. To separate, to disjoin. विलगान s. m. Separation.

बिलक्षमा v. a. To climb, to ascend.

बिलचना v. a. To extract, to select (as

passayes from books), to pick. বিশ্বস্থা v. a. To become bad.

ৰিজনী s.f. A stye or stithe, the disorder in the cyclids.

ৰিভৰিজালা v. n. To be restless, to be tormented with pain, to complain, from pain or grief, to lament, to blubber.

বিজম s. m. Delay, procrastination, tardiness.

विसमाना v. n. To stay, tarry, delay.

বিজয় s. m. A he-cat; a kind of cloth, বিভালায় v. n. To lament.

विकास adj. Foolish, simple, silly.

विश्वसना To be pleased, to be satisfied, to be delight.

बिल**स** s.f. A span.

বিবাছৰ'ৰ s. m. Settlement, regulation. বিশ্বস্থা s. m. A kind of basket (long

and narrow) generally used for holding pan.

a small basket for holding betel leaf.

Tent's. f. A she cat; a grater for scraping pumpions, &c.

विकादेवन्द s. m. Name of a medicine.

बिखांद s. f. A span.

family v. n. To vanish, to retire, to be lost v. c. To cause to vanish, dissipate, to dispose of, to distribu-

विचाप s. m. Lamentation, a complaint विचापना v. n. To lament, to be wail.

विलार s. m. A male cat. विसाव

विकायल s. f. Name of a ragini. facre s. m. Pleasure, delight.

विकासी adj. Voluptuous, addicted to

pleasure.

विश्वीकना v. a. To see, look at, behold.

बिलीना है v. a. To churn.

विज्ञार } s.m. A male cat.

विज्ञाना v. n. To weep or complain from grief or pain.

बिक्की s. f. A she-cat; the bolt of a door, a bar.

विक्री लोडन s. m. Valerian.

विजनी s.m. A rake, a debauchee, a lecher. ady. Delicate, nice, showy in dress.

विशेष s. m. Particular, circumstance. adj. Peculiar, special, particular, abundant. adv. Particularly, specially.

ৰিমীঘনা s. f. Abundance.

विश्रीक adj. Free from grief or sorrow, happy.

विशास adi. Rested, reposed.

ৰিম্বালি s. f. Rest, repose, cessation, from toil or occupation.

विश्वाम s. m. Rest, ease, repose, pause. a stop, a pause in writing Bishram tens, To rest, to repose, to pass the night (particularly used by wandering fakirs).

विष । s. m. Poison. venom ; (met.) it is sometimes applied to bitter thing Bikhdhar. A snake.

विषयपुर 8. m. The name of a medicinal plant (Trianthems pentandrs).

favelers . m. The name of an animal the lizard kinde about a yard long, and aid to be venomous (Lacerta iguana).

विषम adj. Unequalled (in a bad sense). difficult, bad, afflictive. Bisom-jwar, s, m. Ah inflammatory fever, a high fever.

বিষয় ৈ s. m. An objects of sense, any विषय 🕻 thing perceivable by the sen-s es; as, colour, sound, odour, flavour, and contact; an affair, matter, &c.

विषयी। adı. Sensual, worldiv. विषयी (

विषष्टा adj. Venomous (as reptiles). विषद्धा

विधेला adj. Venomous. विधिय है

क्षि 8. f. Rain.

विष्ठा s. f. Ordure.

fam n. prop. (in Hindu mythology). The Deity in the character of preserver.

विषापद s. m. A particular song in the name of Vishnu.

विश्वज्ञ s. m. An inflammatory fever, a high fever.

विश्वपदा s. m. The name of a medicinal plant (Trianthema pentandra). जिसकीपरा s. m. The name of an animal

of the lizard kind, about a yard long. and said to be venomous (Lucerta ianana).

विश्वन s. m. Evil, fault ; desire, lust.

विसनपट) s. m. A habit of indulging विसनपन desire.

विसमी s. m. A rake, a debauchee, a lecher. adj. Delicate, nice, showy in dress.

विस्विशाण v. n. To yield a sound as in the fermentation of putrefying vegetables or of vinous liquors.

विस्वार s. m. The name of a bush.

विसर्गा v. Forgetting. विसराना v. n. To forget, to cause to

forget, to mislead. বিধালা v. n. To forget, to be forgotten. factors. f. The name of the 16th mansion of the moon.

বিষয়ে s.f. Means, capital stock, estate. বিষয়ে s.m. One who sells every kind of things, a pedler, a haberdasher.

विशाय } s. f. Fetor, fetidness, stink.

विसान s.f. An offensive smell (as of fe, onions, &c.)

विसाना v. a. To purchase.

विसारन v. a. To forget.

fartier adj. Great, large.

विशाष s. f. Purchase.

विसाहन v. a. To buy, to purchase. विस्ती v. n. To cry slowly, to sob.

विसेणा adj. Venomous.

বিশ্বাৰ s. m. Spreading out, abundance, copiousness, prolixity, diffusion.

faulta v. a. To spread out, to extend, to diffuse.

विस्तुद्वा } s.f. A lizard.

बिडन s. m. A seed.

विद्येत s.f. A seed-plot, nursery (for plants).

विष्ण s. f. Thursday.

(average adj. Agitated, alarmed, overcome with fear or agitation, beside one's self, unable to restrain one's self.

किएरना v. n. To rejoice, to take pleasure. v. a. To enjoy, to take pleasure in, te rejoice, te delight.

निष्यो s.f. A subscription to raise a certain sum, assessment, quota, rate, share.

fruit s. f. A spirit supposed to tease infants by whispering alternately sad and pleasing flings in their ears which is the cause of their laughing and crying when asleep or awake. fruit s. m. Name of a regins. विशान s. m. Morrow, morning.

विद्याना v. n. To spend or pass (the time). विद्यानी adv. Early, soon.

বিশ্বাহ s. m. Diversion, amusement, sport. Bihar-asthal, Place of amusement. n. prop. Name of a province. বিশ্বাহী adj. Sportive. n. prop. A name of Krishn, also name of a Hindu poet. বী A vocative particle used in speaking to women; Lady. conj. Also,

बीडा s. m. A roll of paper.

बीधना v. a. To bore.

ৰীপড় s.f. Seed bed, seed-plot.

की घर s. m. A hole (of a snake, rat gr.) बीच s. m. A wolf,

alu s. m. A quanity of land containing twenty katthas or 120 feet square, and adv. In, into, among, between, during s. m. Middle, midst, centre; difference; quarrel, hostility. Bich ki anguli, s. f. The middle finger. Bich parna, v. n. To differ, to raise a quarrel between. Bich bich. o. Mediation, interposition, arbitration. Bich bichao karna, To mediate, interpose, Bichon bich, s. m. The very middle, the very midst.

बीका s. m. A scorpion; the sign Scorpio. बीज s. m. Seed, sperma genitale (viriaut mulieris).

बीजक इ. m. A ticket tied to goods or on bags to mark their contents, price, &c., a list, an invoice.

बीजवा s. m. An fan.

बीजाबर खन्छ s. m. A forest,

बीजार adj. Seedy.

ৰীলী s. f. A weasel, a mongoose (Vivera Ichneumon).

नीयाना v. a. To tear up the earth with the horas; to push, to shove, to shoulder. कैट s. f. Dung of any animal : a factitious salt containing sulphur.

बीटना v. n. To spill, to scatter.

बीडा s. m. An annular cushion put onthe head to carry a pot of water on: बीड़ा s. m. A betel leaf made up with a preparation of the areca nut, spices and chunam; a thong tied to the hilt of a sword by which it is retained in the scabbard, a sword knot, Bira uthana, v. a. To undertake a business. Bira dalna, To propose a premium for the performance of a task. (These expressions originate in a custom that prevailed of throwing a bird of betel into the midst of an assembly, in token of proposal to any person to undertake some difficult affair then requisite to be performed: and the person who took up the betel bound himself to perform the business in question).

बीच s. f. A. kind of stringed instrument, a sort of lute.

बीखा s. m. A roll of paper.

बीतना v. n. To pass, to come to pass, happen, befall,

कीन s. f. A kind of stringed instrument, a sort of lute.

बीनही s. f. The hair twisted or plaited behind : a tail.

वीसना v. a. To bore.

बीबी s. f. A lady, a wife.

नीमा s. m. Insurance.

बीर s. m. A hero; a brother; a jewel worn in the ear, s. f. A. tusk; a sister. adj. Brave.

बीरता s. f. Prowess, valour.

बीरन s. m. Brother.

बीरबस्टी s. f. A small insect with a back red and soft like velvet, scarletfly, or lady-fly.

बोरा s. m. A betel-leaf made up with a preparation of the areca aut, spices and chunam:

बोरी s.f. A betel-leaf made up with spices, &c.; the colour which adheres to the lips from chewing betel a a composition which being rubbed on the teeth stains their interstices of a red colour.

बीयं s.m. Sced ; sperma genitale (viri aut mulieris); power, strength.

बीस adj. Twenty.

बीसा s. m A dog which has twenty बीसी s.f. A measure of grain, adj. Twenty, a score.

ब्रंडा s. m. A point, a dot.

बुदिया s.f. A kind of sweetmeat like drops.

बुदेला s. m. A Rajput of Bandelkhand.

व्कट } s.m. A. olaw.

बना 8. f. Powder.

बक्तलाना v. n. To talk incoherently to one's self, to act or talk foolishly.

बका 8. m. Handfull.

बन्धी s.f. A cloth brought over the shoulders under the armpits and tied behind : a handful. Bukki marna. To pass a cloth under the armpits and tie it behind.

बजना s.m. A cloth used by menstruous women, a pessary.

बन्दरा s. m. A vessel for warm water. बक्तना v. n. To be extinguished, to be put out, to be quenched (thirst), to to damped or dejected (the spirits, &c.)

बुभाग v. a. To extinguish, to make to comprehend, to demonstrate, to push as with argument, to persuade, assnre, instruct, signify, to cause to believe.

ৰুৱা बड़ाना ». त. To cause to sink. बहुदा adj. Old. बुट्मस adj. Affecting in old age, the manners of vouth. बदवा adj. Aged. ' बढ़ापा s. m. Old age. बहिया s. f. An old woman. west s. f. An kind of ornament worn on the ears. बत s. m. A hazard table ; a blow with the first. बनाना v. a. To extinguish. बता s. m. Overreaching, fraud, trick, take in. Butta dena, To overreach. as s. m. A wise or learned man, a sage; the planet Mercury; Wednesday : the ninth Avatar or Hindu incarnation and the apparent founder of the religion of the Buddhas. afar s.f. Sense, knowledge, wisdom, understanding, intellect, discretion. बहिस्त adj. Wise, intelligent. बाबिमन adj. Wise, learned; famed known. ब्राह्मान 8. m. } adj. Idem. बहिदीन adj. Ignorant, silly, a fool. अविद्योगता 8. f. Folly, ignorance. बहोन्दिय s. m. An organ of intellect, as the mind, eye, ear, nose, tongue and skin. बुदबद 8. m. A bubble. बहबदाना v. n. To mutter, to grumble. wy s. m. The son of the moon, and regent of the planet Mercury, with whom he is identified; a wise or learned man, a sage. वधजन 8. m. A wise man. अध्यार s. m. Wednesday.

काधित vdj. Known, understood.

Mal v. a. To weave, to intertwine.

बभुचा s. f. Hunger. ब्भवित adj. Hungry. बर s. f. Pudenda fæminæ. बरवोला adj. Scurrilous. बरमसिया तदों. Affected, an old person who affects the manners of youth. बरला s. m. A wasp. act adj. Bad, worse, Burg manna, v. a. To take amiss or ill or as an affront. to be displeased or affronted. Burg lagna, v. n. To be unpleasant. बराई s. f. Mischief, badness, evil, wickedness. Burai par uthna, or Burai par kamar bandhna, To resolve on mischief. बर्जे s. m. A cable. वर्तरी s.f. A term of abuse (applied to a woman). बरे s.f. A term used at chess when the king only, on one side, remains on the board; (hence also) an opportunity of making some acquisition. बड़ों adj. Wicked, bad. बल s. f. Pudenda fæminæ. बनवसाड. m. Abubble. ब लावाना v. a. To cause to call or to send for. Inose. इसाक s. m. An ornament worn on the द्र खाना v. a. To call, invite, bid. ब लाभेजना v.a. To send for. बुकाकाना v. a. To summon. a area s. f. Calling, call, a summons, bidding. ब ह्या s. m. A bubble. ब इनी s. f. Handsel, first sale, बुद्दी s. f. Fried or parched barley. बुहारज s. f. Sweepings. बुहारमा v. a. To sweep. बुहारी s. f. A broom. TETE 8. m. A sweeper. way s. f. A sister; an aunt by the father's side.

बूदे s. f. A word used to frighten chii-

हृद s. f. A drop. Bund ki bund, Rectifled, twice distilled (spirit, &c.).

बुदा s m. A large drop. Bundo bandi, Small and interrupted dropping of rain.

ब्रॅंसी s. f. Drops of rain; name of a place; a kind of sweetmeat.

बूबना v. a. To reduce to powder, to powder, pulverize, grind.

क्ता s. m. Powder ; small pearls.

বৰ্ষা ৩. n. To sit in a confined posture, to crouch.

बुषा s. m. } adj. Ear-cropt, without

क्षा s. f. Understanding, comprehension, thought.

कक्षना v. a. To understand, comprehend, think.

कुमाई s.f. Teaching, instruction.

₹ s. m. A kind of pulse, chick-pea (Cicer arietinum).

ৰূব্য s. m. A flower (particularly worked on cloth or painted on paper, &c.), a bush, a shrub. Buta-kadd, Is applied to describe the small stature and exquisite proportion of a beloved person. Bute-dar, Flowered (cloth). ৰূপ্ত s.f. Drugs; flowers or springs (on

muslin). पुष्टना v. n. To dive ; to be immerged,

to drown, to dip.

बुड़िया s. m. A diver. बच्ची s. f. A point of a spear; a spike

ब्द्री s.f. A point of a spear; a spike in the end of a staff.

बुता s. m. Strength, power, ability.

mag s. f. A sister; (on the west of India) a lady, a favourite concubine or one of superior rank.

at adj. Barren (land), s. f. Chaff,

husk. Bur ka laddu, A sort of sweetmeat made with the husk of grain. (The confectioners arow the imposition and cry out to passengers, "you will repent if you eat it, or regret not tasting it, Hence great men are sometimes called Bur ka laddu, when they make a practice of encouraging their devendants to hope, but do nothing for them at last, as dancing attendance on them and neglecting them are each likely to produce regret. The term also means any person or thing, which is fair without and foul within, or that promises well but turns out ill); a well-looking, but stupid fellow.

ब्रा s. m. A coarse kind sugar; sawdust; powder.

sig s. m. A heap, a multitude, a quantity, an aggregation.

Fig. s.f. A plant worshipped by the Hindus commonly called Tulasi (Ocymum sanctum, or sacred basil; this shrub is said to be a female metamorphosed; the circumstance however is variously told).

ভাষাৰ s. m. Name of a place in the vicinity of Mathura, and the scene of Krishna's sports with the Gopis; a wilderness of Tulasi trees.

₹ 8. m. A wolf.

s. m. A tree in general.

इया adj . Abortive, vain, in vain.

adj. Old.

Jupiter identified astronomically with the planet: in mythology he is the preceptor of the gods; Thursday.

इडरमिनार a, m. Thursday.

A vecative particle used contemptuously, you fellow! you rascal! sirrah! O! चेंग s. m. A frog, paddock, toad. में 2 s. m. A handle.

केश adi. Crooked, athwart, awry. बेंधना v. a. To plait, braid.

वेब s. m. Celerity, haste, rapidity ; (adverbially) with haste, quickly, soon; dung.

वेगार s. m. A person forced to work with or without pay.

वेगारी s. f. The act of pressing or forcing to work. Begari lena, To take forcibly or press, with or without pay.

बेगी adv. Quickly.

बेक s. m. A frog, paddock, toad. बेचना v. a. To sell.

बेज s.m. The name of an animal that feeds on carcases (Ursus Indicus) Indian badger \.

बेश्ना s. m. A lutt or mark for archers. बेटा s. m. A son, a child. Beta kar lena, To adopt a son.

बेटी s. f. A daughter.

बेडन s. m. The envelope, in which cloth purchased is folded up, to which the purchaser is entitled; packcloth, wrapper.

बेड्ड s. m. An enclosure. Ber bandi karna, To enclose a field,

बेखा s.m. A raft, a float ; the raft which is floated by the Mahomedans in honour of (Khwaja Khizr. (Besides the anniversary bera offered to propitiate him, hundreds of smaller ones with lamps may be seen on Thursdays of the month Bhadon particularly, which are offered by the Mahomedons to this saint). Bera par karns, or lagana, To relieve from distress, to remove difficulties, to help one through a business (lit. to ferry over a raft). Bera par hona, To obtain deliverance from misfortune or distress, to succeed.

विश्विषया s. m. The name of a caste of Hindus ; dimin. of bera.

and s.f. Irons fastened to the legs (of criminals, elephants, &c.), fetters ; a asket used to irrigate fields with.

बेदना v. a. To enclose with a fence, to surround ; to pound (cattle, &c.) ; to drive away cattle.

बेडा adj. Crooked. s. m. Paling, railing.

बेख है s f. A flute, pipe, fife.

बेत s. f. A cane, a ratan (Calamus rotang).

बतास s. m. A dead body supposed to be occupied and animated by an evil spirit : name of a demon.

at s. m. A Ved, or the Veds in the aggregate. The original Ved is believed by the Hindus to have been revealed by Brahma, and to have been preserved by tradition until it was arranged in its present order by a sage, who thence obtained the surname of Vyas or Vedvyas, that is, compiler of the Veds. He distributed the Indian sacred books into four parts, which are severally entitled. Rig. Yajush, Sam and Athvar; and each of them bears the commonname of Ved.

ेदम } s.f. Pain sickness, ache.

बेदवा s. m. A reader of the Veds.

बेहाल s.m. The name of particular Hindu philosophical system.

बेटान्ती s. m. One who is conversant in the Vedent system.

बेहिया की. An altar, platform,

बेदी e.f. An altar.

मेप a. m. Bore, crack, hole.

बेधस्य १ adj. Without fear or doubt, बेधडका fearless.

बेधना v. α. To pierce, to perforate, to bore.

बेधिया } s.m. A borer, one who per-बेधी forates gems, &c.

बैन s. m. A flute, pipe, fife.

बन। s. m. Name of a grass, Khas (Andropogon muricatum); a fan.

बेनी s. f. The hair twisted behind.

बें र s. f. A sort of grass.

व भाव s. f. A step-mother, Bemat bhai, A brother born of a different mother by the same father, a half-brother by the father's side.

बेर s. m. The name of a fruit, that of the jujube (Zizyphus jujuba); also the name of the tree. s. f. Time, turn, bout, vicissitude, delay, while. बेरबेर adv. Often, frequently, over and

over, repeatedly, again and again. बेरी s. f. The tree of Zizyphus juguba.

ब स s. m. The name of a fruit (Cratæv : or Eagle marmelos) s. f. A creeper, climber ; tendril (of a vine) ;

descendants, offspring.

बेलन s. m. A rolling pin. बें सना s. m. A rolling pin. v. a. To spread out, to laminate.

बेखनी .. m. A branch.

बे खब्दा s. m. A shrub, bush or creeper : flowers (on cloth).

बेखा s. f. A. while, a time; name of a shrub (Jasminum zambac); a cup; an instrument of music resembling a

ब्रील हे s. f. A creeper, climber; ten-बेली (dril (of a vine).

बेख Rolling.

and adj. Dispirited, heartless,

बनपारी s. m. A merchant.

बेदरा 8. m. Difference, distinction : account, explanation, history, detail | heaven or paradise of Vishnu.

of circumstances, an account of particulars or detailed account (in book-keeping).

बेनरेनार adv. Explicitly, distinctly.

वेव इ.स. A loan. •

बेवहरा s. m. A creditor, a lender.

बेवडार s. m. Profession, calling, trade, negociation, transaction, practice, custom.

बेदान s. m. The vehicle or self moving car of a Hindu deity; a Hindu bier. बेसन s. m. The flour or meal of pulse

particularly of Chuna, Cicer arietinum). बेसनी adj. Made of or mixed with besun.

बेसनौटी s. f. A cake made of pease-meal, बेसर s. m. The small ring worn in the nose. (nisus).

बेसरा s. m. A kind of falcon (Falco बेसरा alj. Out of tune.

बेंसा } s. f. A courtezan, harlot, बेंसा } prostitute.

बेइ s. m. A hole, a perforation.

में इस adj. Uneven, abrupt, rugged. बेडिना s. m. A. comber, a carder (of

cotton). चेंगन s. m. The egg-plant (Solanum melongena).

ब गनी (adj. Purple (the c 'our of the बॅझनी Solsnnum melanyena).

wers. m. The handle of an axe or hatchet.

चैंदा s, m. A mark placed on the forehead as a preparative to devotion among the Hindus.

बेंही s. f. An ornamental circlet made With a coloured earth or ungueat on the forehead and between the eyebrown; an ornament worn by woman on the forehead.

बें बास s. m. Afternoon.

वैश्वेड e.m. A name of Vishnu; the

क्रम s. m. The egg-plant (Solanum melongena).

चे गली s.f. A sort of wood. चे अपनी s.f. A flag or standard; the

st indard of Vishnu.

भ जानेपादा s. f. A necklace especially worn by Vishm in his several forms, and composed of the following jewels, produced from the five elements of nature; namely, the sapphire, from the earth; the pearl from water; the rutby, from fire; the topaz, from air; and the dia-

नेटस s.f. } A seat, a place where चंडला s.m. } people meat to sit and converse, a bench. s. f. Act or state of sitting, sitting; a kind of exercise.

mond, from space or other.

भेडना v. n. To sit, to be unemployed or idle; to ride (on a horse); to visit a person in grief for the purpose of condolence; to sit in dharna, or as a dun.

बैठवां adj. Flat.

बैठा s.m. A paddle.

बैटाना । v. a. To cause to sit adject | down, seat, set, settle, place, station, apply, plant, calm, becalm.

word, speech.

से तरको s. f. A river, according to the Hindus, which is to be crossed by the dead on their way into the world of spirits, like the Styz of the ancients s. a river in Orissa. #

बेनरा s. f. Dry ginger.

🕯 < s. m. A. physician.

बेह्ब s. m. The practice or science of physic.

बेदिक s. m. A Brahman well versed in the Ved. बैन s. f. A flute, pipe, fife, s. m. f. A word, speech.

रे रा

बैना s. m. An ornament worn on the forehead.

बेना s. m. Sweetmeats, cakes. &c. distributed at marriages and other ceremonies.

बेदा s. m. A mark placed on the forehead as a preparative to devotion among the Hindus.

बे ची s./. An ornamental circlet made with a coloured earth or unguent on the forchead and between the eyebrows; an ornament worn by women on the forehead.

बैपार s. m. Traffic, trade, business, labour.

बैपारी s. m. A merchant.

बेमाब s. m. A brother born of a different mother by the same father.

*¶ is. m. The name of the little bird that learns to fetch and carry, &c., and which the *Hindus* teach to snatch the ornamental patch or wafer from the forehead of their mistresses (*Loxio Indics*); an assizer.

बैयाकरच 8. m. Grammar.

बैयाकरणो s.m. A grammarian.

सेवान s. m. Birth, act of parturition. Char byan gaed, A cow that has calved four times. Ek byán jamak, Having produced two calves at a birth.

वेबाना v. n. To be delivered of young (applied to animals only), to calve, foal, farrow, litter, pup, yean.

derer adi. Flatulent.

बेर s. m. Enmity, hostility, animosity, revenge. Byr lens, s. a. To revenge. वेरच s. m. Banner, easign, colours.

देश s.f. A female enemy. देशमा s.f. A female byragi. ann s. m. A small crooked stick, or which a byragi places under his arpit to lean upon as he sits.

देशकी s. m. The religious ascetic, or he who abandons terrestrial objects, thoughts, passions, &c., a kind of wandering fakir wno practises certain austerities.

बैदास्त s. m. Penance, devotion, the act of leaving the pleasures of the world. बेरी s. m. An enemy, a foe. (head. बंब s. m. A bull, an ox ; (met.) a block-बेला s. m. A species of bird.

and adj. Of or relating to Vishnu s. m. A follower of Vishmu.

a s. m. The third of the four Hindu tribes or varns; name of a tribe of Rapputs; (a prince of that tribe reigned at Dounria-Khera; his dominions which extended over a great part of Oude, on the north bank of the Ganges are still called Bys-wara); age. बेंबहर s. m. Fire, or its deity.

वं सनो s. f. A female of the Bys caste. THE Testidence of Bys, the nativity of Bye.

बैदास s. m. The first solar month of the Hindus, the full moon of which is near. Vishokha (four stars in Libra and Scorpio); April-May.

बेसाचा s. m. A crutch ; a club armed with iron; a club consecrated in the month of Bysakh. "

बेसाका adj. Growing in the month of Bysakh, or relating to that month. s. f. A large kind of Myrobalan or citron fruit; the day of full moon in the month Bysakk; the day on which the sun enters the sign Aries. बोधाक adj. Sedentary, idle.

की भारे s. f. Sowing, the act of sowing. seed time.

बीचाना v. a. To cause to sow. v. n. To stink, to emit a smell, to smell,

बोवर '

बीचारा s. m. Seed time.

बोईया s. m. A small basket.

बोड s. m. A stalk,

s. m. A he-goat, a ram. वीकरा 🕻

बोक्सी s. f. A she-goat.

बीच s. m. An alligator. [palki. बीचा s. m: A kind of sedan, a chair

बीक s. m. A load, burthen. Bojh pakerna, To affect consequence or to give one's self airs (generally spoken in raillery). Bojha sir par kona. Is applied to a task, the performance of which is become indispensable.

बोध्नना v. a. To load; to scald or parch rice.

बाज्य } adj. Loaded, heavy.

बोडी s.f. A morsel or lump of meat.

बीडना v. a. To cause to dive, to immerse, drown, sink,

बोक्डो s. f. The germ of a plant after the flower is shed.

बोत s. m. A he-goat.

बोइसी adj. f. A simple woman, a trollop; a woman who lives with a benuwa fakir, and dresses like a man.

बोदा adj. Weak, faint-hearted, lowspirited. ¶sible.

बोद्दा adj. Intelligent, ingenious, senalt s. m. Wisdom, intellect, understanding, knowledge.

बोधक s. m. A teacher.

बोधन s. m. 1 Knowledge : teaching. बीधनी इ. र्र. informing; awakening, arousing.

बीधना v. a. To wheedle.

बोबा v. a. To sow.

बोबी s.f. The season of sowing.

बीश s. m. Goods and chattels, property : a lundle.

the adi. Deep. s. m. Stude of golds or \ ates adj. Toothless. silver.

बीरा s. m. A canvas bag (particularly for holding two mounds of rice), a sack; a kind of bean like French beans (Delichot cattong).

बीरी s. m. Rainbow; the name of a kind of rice which is cut in March.

बोच s. m. Myrrh; word, speech, talk, conversation; words of a song.

की बचाच s. f. Conversation, confabulation, diction.

बीयता part, act. (Used substantively). The faculty of speech ; soul, life.

बीसना v. s. To speak, talk; to sound, emit sound, to articulate; to tell, to say. Bol athea, To speak out, to exclaim. Bol chalna, To conv. \$1 speak together. Bole so bolns. speak repeatedly.

बीतवादा s. m. A kind of benediction. Bol bala hona, To prosper.

बीकी s. f. Speech, dialect, language; conversation, talk, saying. Boli karna. To jeer, to jest,

all s. m. A creeper, a vine.

बीक्षा v. n. To intwine: (creepers or vines).

वौदियाना v. s. To twine ; to run irregalarly or in a crooked path with turnings and windings. fdrift. बीकार a.m. Driving rain, wind and rain.

बीह s.m. A Buddhist.

बीबा adj Dwarfish. s. m. A dwarf; the fifth supposed Avatar or incarnation of the deity. فأي

बीबी s. f. A female dwarf.

adj. Mad, insane. बीराना ए. n. To be mad, to madden. बौरापव s. m. Madness. atour adj. Mad, insane.

बीश adj. Pocky.

बीकाई s. f. A woman afflicted with venereal disease.

व्याकरच s. m. Grammar.

व्यावरची s. m. A grammarian.

चान्नव adj. Perplexed, confounded, restless, agitated (in mind), uneasy.

ब्दाच s. m. A hunter, a fowler.

व्याधि s.m. Sickness, disease in general, ail, ailment, pain, anguish.

चान s. m. Birth, act of parturition.

व्याना v. n. To be delivered of young (applied to animals only), to calve, foal, farrow, litter, pup, yean.

व्यापना v. a. To pervade, occupy, effect, rate, work, act, affect

Man Man Supper der be Abrahamend saint and author, the sosed othe iginal compiler of the hand hand fans; also the form weds and And fans; also ophynder of the Vedeus to Philos-

marry, Marriage. Byah karna, To माइ 8. 71. a marris yah rachana, To celebrate n was To take in marriage, to bring home a wife, to marry.

व्यापन s. m. Marrying, marriage, to marry, Byakan jog, adj. Fit for a marriage, marriageable.

आएमा v. a. To give or take in marriage, to marry. Byahi jana, To be married (a woman).

व्याचना ८.*५.* स्याचा ४.*स*. ह adjaMarried.

जीवा s. m. The instrument with which leather is scraped and cleaned. Byongs phira nakin, His hide has not been carried yet (said of a spoiled child, ge,).

all s. m. Shape, fashion, the act of cutting out clothes.

WW.

भीतमा ७. ज. To cut or shape clothes. भोगार s. m. Traffic, trade, business, labour.

ब्बीपारी s. m. A merchant.

count, explanation, history, detail of cricumstances.

লীয়াৰ s. m. Profession, calling, trade, negociation, transaction, practice, custom.

For s. m. Name of a district, containing the several villages of Mathura, Gokal, Brindsvan, &c., being about 168 miles in circumference.

सन s. m. A meritorious act, a fast, a vow, a religious rite or performance; use. s. f. A thong, leathern girth, rope; fiaming, blazing. Bresti, s. m. One who fasts.

त्रवा बत्रे. Abortive, vain, in vain. त्रवस ३. m. A bull.

www s. m. God; the all-pervading, the · divine cause and essence of the world from which all things are supposed to proceed and to which they return; spirit, the very soul. Brahma-astrah, A fabled weapon, which, consecrated by a formula addressed to Brahma, deals infallible destruction to those against whom it is discharged. Brahma dayiya, An apparition, Satan. ghost. Brakma-bkoj, Feeding of Brahmens. Brahme-rakhes, A kind of demon. Brahma-ratri, s. f. A night of Brohma, comprising a thousand ages of the gods or \$16,000,000 of those of mortals Brahm-ish. The leavings of Brahmans. Brahm-hatya, The murder of a Brahman; sacrilege. Brohma-hatyara, s. m. A murderer of

a Brohmón. Brohmó-halyari. s. f. A murderess of a Brahman.

नक्ष है. m. The profession or way of life of a religious student, or Brahmachari.

बश्चारियों s.f. A woman leading a life of continence.

Brahman from the time of his investiture with the sacordotal thread, till he becomes a householder, aperson who continues with his spiritual teacher studying the Ved, a pandit learned in the Veds, an ascetic; by Tantras, it is assigned to persons whose chief virtue is the observance of continence; and it is assumed by many religious vagabonds.

जिसम्ब s. m. Second or spirital birth, investiture.

बच्च क. prop. The Brahman.

TWATER S. m. A fabled weapon, which, consecrated by a formula addressed to Brakes, deals infallible destruction to those against whom it is discharged.

नमा s.m. A sage, one who has spiritual wisdom.

नकाचान s. m. Spiritual wisdom, divine knowledge.

water s. m. The true knowledge of Supreme Spirit.

बच्चल s. m. Godhead.

इसर्क s. m. A curse, an anathems.

बच्चभाँ s. f. A plant (Ligarticum ajwasn). [Indica)e

त्रसदाब s. m. The mulberry (Monut सम्मिकाच s. m. Absorption into or identification with the Supreme.

nuga s. m. A kind of poison; the Baramputer river; a place of pilgrimage, probably the source of the stream.

angal s.f. The Saraswati river.

সম্ভাজ s. m. A division of the universe, the supposed eternal residence of the spirits of the pious.

Furth s. m. A follower of the Vedant system of philosophy, one who maintains all things are Spirit; a defender or expounder of the Veds.

THRIEF S. m. An ediet or grant, &c. addressed to Brahmans.

The same essence as the Godhead,

The Deity in the character

of Creator, or matter personified.

nuive s.m. The globe, the world; (in creation there are said to have been annumerable Brahmands or worlds); the top of the head.

west of Delhi, lying between the rivers Sarasseti and Drishadssetti.

बद्धाचन s. m. A posture suited to devont and religious meditation.

बाह्य s. m. A. man of the first Hindu tribe, a Brahman

NING s.f. The wife of a Brahman, a female of the Brahman caste.

RING S. m. The state, quality, or business of a Brahman, brahmanhood.

IN s. m. The worship or veneration of Brahmans: astonishment.

u

स The twenty-fourth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, and aspirate of the last letter, or bh.

भंडनांच s. m. Name of a grain, the fruit of the Kei or water lily. 8. f. A butterfly...

अंभीरण v. d. To bite and mumble (as a dog), to worry.

श्रदर s.m. A whirlpool, eddy, vortex, श्रदर हे s.m. A large black bee; a श्रदर हे elimbing plant, a creeper. श्रदरक्षी s. f. A collar or halter (for a

deg, geat, हैc.). भंगवा v. n. To float.

nt post tense or part, of the verb, subs. Was, became, become.

দৰ্শী s. f. A dungeon, a dark room. দৰ্শা adj. Foolish.

সকুষাৰা v. n. To be stupified.

सबीचना e. a. To devour, stuff; eat.

सन्न adj. Attached or attentive to, devoted to, engrossed by; pious, desirous, s. m. An adorer, a devotee, a votary, a zealot; a Hindu performer
for entertainment, a dancer, a player.

Bhakta-ray, s. m. King or lord at the
devout, an epithet of the deity,

भक्षता s. f. Devotedness, implied faith in and attachment to.

নাৰ s. f. Faith, devotedness, religion. দলি s. f. Religion, faith, devotedness, religion.

wis s. f. Religion, faith, devotedness, attachment, desire; service, worship; belief.

সন্ধিন্দ m. adj. Faithful, devoted to. সন্ধিন্দ m. j. adj. Faithful, devoted to. সন্ধিন্দ m. j. devoted, religious, pious, nam s. m. Adorer, a gerotes, a rotary, a zealot; a Hindu performer for entertainment, a daney, a player. adj. Pious desirous, Bkagat khelaa, v. n. To net (a play), to junitate, to mimick. Bhagat hora, v. n. initiated as a devotes, to be affiliated to a religious order.

समसन s. f. Wife of a Bhagat; (romically) a lewd woman, a prostitate, a whore. [ness. अवसार s.f. Piety, devotion, religious-

भगतिया s. m. A dancing boy,

भद्रम् s. m. A fistala (in ano).

সমান s. m. Affectation, hypocrisy, trick, deception. Bhagal nikalna, v. a. To affect, to play a trick, to pretend poverty.

भगविषा s. m. Trick, cheat, imposture; impostor, cheat.

सनवी नहना s. m. False jewels, trinkets. भवरत | adj. Respectable, worshipful, सनवान | adorable, divine, glorious, illustrious. s. m: God, the Deity, the Supreme Being.

सन्तरण adj. Divine, s.m, God, the Deity. सन्तर्ग s.m. Cloth dyed with geru (s kind of red chalk or other).

भनवान adj. Divine, glorious. s. m. God, the Deity, the Supreme Being.

সন্মান্ত v. a. To cause to fiee or escape, to cause to run away, to drive away. স্থিকী t.f. A sister.

सनीरम s. m. A king whose austerities, it is said, brought Ganga, the river, from heaven.

भवेष s.f. Overthrow, defeat. s. m. A. runaway, a deserter.

भगोदा s. m. The reddish colour extracted from germ.

भगीणा } s.m. A runaway, a deserter, भगा } a fugitive.

www add. Torn, broken; overcome,

भवास adj. Disappointed.

भन्नी s.f. A sister.

w. s.f. Hemp (Canadis sation). s. m. Breaking, shitting; defeat, discomfiture. sdj. Broken, torp, overcome; defeated. संस्था s.m. Name of an herb (Eclipta or verbesina prostrata).

unger s. f. The wife of a halakhor or sweeper; a female drinker of bhong. अक्षा s. m. A kind of fish.

भक्तराज है s.m. Name of a bird.

अञ्चल 8. m. A sort of fish (Cyprinus Banagana).

www s.f. Fracture, division, separation;
frand, deception, trick, disguise. s. m.
A cast of sweepers or halalkhors;
a drinker of bhana.

ਸਵੇਧ s. f. A female seller of bhang. ਸਵੇਧ s. m. One who sells bhang.

Hww adj. Alarmed, aghast, starting Bhachak rahna, To be amazed or astonished at a sudden or unexpected event. [[amazed.

भवाजा v. n. To be astonished or भवाज् adj. Serving, waiting upon; enjoying carnally.

num s. m. Service. adoration, worship; a hymn; possessing or enjoying carnally. Bhajan karna, To say prayers, to worship.

भवाना है ए. स. प्रति fice, to run away.

अजजा v. s. To worship, to count one's beads, to adore.

भागीय s. m. A singer, an adorer. भाग adj. Who or what breaks, severs, divides, destroys, &c.

सद्भा adj. Breaking, destroying.

www ady. Breaking, destroying; afflic-

Number of the Total State of the Party.

ng z. m. A. warrior a slodies, a combatant; a barbarian, or outquet of a particular tribe. e.f. As. oven, a furnace, a kiln.; ourse, misfortune. Bhat parna, v. n. To guzsed, to be unfortunate, to be lost (lit. to full into the fire).

wat s. f. Praise, panegyric, the encomiums of a Bhat or bard,

अहमदार १ a.f. The name of a prickly अहमदा। plant (Solomum jacquist). अहमदा 4. a. To go astray, to stray, wander miss the right path, lose (the way).

भटका adi. Astrav.

भट्टपाका v. o. To mislead, bewilder, deceive, scare, cause to wander.

सटप्रका a. n. To be cursed, to be unfortunate, to be lost (lit, to fall into the fire).

महिवारपक् s. m. The business of a bhatiyara.

wigara s. m. A sutler, an inn-keeper, one who prepares victuals for travellers in a sura.

महिवादिम है s. f. A female bhatiyara महिवादी or sutler,

we interj. O sister !

We s. m. A philospher, a learned man, especially one conversant with the philosophical systems; a title of Markatte Brahmans.

MEI'vis s. m. The most learned of the learned.

wit s. f. A furnace, a kiln,

MEI s. m. A furnace, a kiln, oven, brick-kiln,

मही s. f. A furuses, a kilu,

महिवाचा v. u. To go down the river ; to ebb (the tide).

wisere adj. With the current, i.e. down the river and not with the flood tide, v. m. A king of marriyed or elegial verses some in the state of Hasen and Husyn.

ηψ s. m. A large boat, a lighter.

www . f. Splendour, blaze, flash,

glare, allow; perturbation, agitation, alarm, starting, shyness (is animals).

repart v. n. To start, to shrink, to be seared, to be slarmed; to be blown up into a flame.

मक्काका v. s. To frighten, to scars, to blow up in inte s flame, to kindle (a fire).

समुजीक adj. Splendid, glittering, flashy, gandy. [untamed. समृजीक adj. Shy, skittish coy, wild, सम्बद्ध adj. Simple, undesigning, silly, srtless, having the quality of telling secrets without reserve.

नक्षण adj. Simple, candid, without guile. [grain. नक्षणका s.f. A woman who parches

भक्षां s. m. A man who parches grain, सक्रिया s. m. A conjurer. अक्षा s. m. A pimp, one who lives on

what a prostitute earns,

www.s.f. Pandarism, pimping; the
wages of prostitution.

भर्षत | s.m. A tenant, a lessee.

was s. f. A low sound, a distant sound, hum.

ufur adj. Hounded, spoken; uttered.

मदा s. m. The egg-plant Solanum melongena).

NW s. m. A mimic, a jester, a baffoon, an actor; confusion, spoiling, Bhand hone, To be destroyed, do be speiled. NWW s. m. A wastell.

Heart . s. f. The provision which is reserved for years.

भवाषी s.m. One who reserve provi-

pot. Bhoadd phishia, To be disclosed (a secret).

goods are kept, a storehouse.

अखारा s.m. A feast of Jogis, Saintyasis, &c.

সম্বাধী s. m. A house-steward, one who has charge of the store-house, a treasurer, purveyor.

अखोरिया है 8. m. An actor.

भक्षेत्रक s.f. An actress.

अचीना s. m. Batire, ribaldry.

THE TALL OF LABOUR, FIDERIUS

अह s.f. A slap, a crash. अहसद s.m. Sound made by the fall of

a fruit or by the walking of a person, &c.

লহ্মহালা ৩. a. To make a sound by striking two bodies together; to strike repeatedly.

अवस्थादा s. f. Sound made by the fall of fruits.

अदास s. m. A crash, the noise made by any thing falling; as, Bhadak se gir para, It fell with a crash.

अङ्का s. m. A sound.

সংখ্য adj. Ill-shaped, ugly, awkward, clumsy.

महा a ij. Stupid, senseless, dull.

ng adj. Happy, prosperous, lucky, propitious. s. m. Prospenty, fortune, happiness; a fragrant grass (Cyperus); a wagtail. Bhadra hona, v. n. To be clean or purified by shaving one's head and beard after mourning or in a holy place.

NRW adj. Beautiful, plessing, agreeable; respectable, worthy, estimable; lucky, fortunate s. m. A sort of grass (Opperus perténus); a sort of pine (Pinus [devaderu). s. f. Advantage, produce; nature, genius, reason; beauty, goodness, pleasantness.

महत्त्वाची s. f. A fragrant grass (Cyperus pertenuis, or, rotundus).

भद्रपश्चित 's. f. A creeping plant (Asclepies pseudosorsa, the norrow-leaved variety). [tirucalli].

সমুদ্ধ s. m. A sort of Euphorbia (E. সমুদ্ধ s. m. A sort of pine (Pinus devataru).

महन्त्रामा s. m. The wood-pecker.

अद्भादा s.f. A name given to the 26th and 27th lunar asterisms.

সম্বর্জ s. f. A shrub (Pæderis fætida). সম্বর্জ s. f. A tree (Gmelina arbores) ; a shrub (Pederis fætida).

अत्रमुखन s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus pertenuis).

সম্বৰ । s. m. The seed of the Echites সম্বা । or Wrighten antidysenterics.

मञ्जली s. f. Arabian jasmine (Jasminum zambuc); the large Bengal creeper (Gaerinera racemose).

সরা s.f. An unlucky moment; the 2d, 7th, and 12th days of the lunarmonth.

সহাৰ্থত s. m. Shaving.

ngice s. m. One of the eighteen minor Dwips or divisions of the world.

NAME a. m. One of the four Maha Durips, into which the known world is divided, according to some systems; or according to another system, one of the nine Khande, or smaller divisions of the continent; in either case it is the east division.

WRIGH c. m. A throne; peculiar posture, in which abstract meditation is performed by the devotee; the legs bent, and crossed underneath, and turned so as to bring, the ancles in contact with the perineum, whilst the soles of the feet are held close to the sides. अक्री s. m. An astrologer, a palmister. अक्रीरनी s. f. A plant (Sida cordifolia).

water v. n. To be enraged, to rush on with rage; to catch fire; to run with great rapidity (a horse).

भवजा s. m. An alembic, a still; a kind of drinking vessel with a large mouth.

भवकाषा v. a. To kindle, light; to provoke, exasperate, enrage; to spur a horse.

भवशी A.f. Threat.

भग्गर s. m. Solicitude, alarm. Bhabhar parna, v. n. To be alarmed, to be frightened.

भवभक्ष adj. Fat.

www.s. A Sudden bursting forth of flame; forcible expulsion of water from a fountain or pipe; smell aris ing suddenly.

अभवाग v.m. To simmer, to bubble; to emit steam, fame, boil.

www.s.m. Solicitude, alarm. Bhabhar parna, v. n. To be alarmed, to be frightened.

NATURE of the solicitous, to be alarmed, to be frightened.

HHEINI v. n. To swell (particularly the face).

NUME s. m. Blaze, flame, explosion.

adj. Bed (as a coal, sometimes applied to the splendour of a beloved person's countenance); splendid, beautiful.

समूत s, f. Ashes of cowdung which fakirs rub over their lodies.

अवभा v. n. To revolve.

अवभेरी A butterfly.

want s.f. Revolution, whirling, going round, wandering.

wes. m. Fear, alarm, fright, dread, terror; the flower of the Tlana bis-

pinosa. Bhay khana, To be afraid, to be frightened.

चवचार adj. Terrifying, frightening. भवकर adj. Fearful, formidable, frightful, horrible, terrific.

সংখ্য adj. Alarmed, aghast, starting. Bhaychak rahna, To be amazed or estonished at a sudden or unexpected event.

सबद्धी adj. Fearful, frightful.

अवनान adj. Frightened, alarmed, terrified, afraid.

अवसान ब्रजु. Seat or part exposed to peril or hurt.

wax s.f. Sister-in-law, younger brother's wife.

भवा { part tense or part, of the verb के फ्रें /om. } subs. Was, became, become, भवातुर auj. Afraid, distressed or distracted with fear, terrified.

भवानक *adj*. Frightful, formidable, terrific, terrible, fearful, dreadful. alarming, dismal.

भवावा । s. m. Brotherhood, friend-भवाबा । ship.

भवाच ady. Frightened, afraid.

भवावना adj. Terrible, frightful. भवी part. Was, became, become.

wt adj. Full as much as, as far as, up to, whole, all, bulk, size, every, each. As, Unar thar, All lifetime. Kos bhar, A Kos; whereas, Bhar kos, would mean a full kos. Bhas bhar, The height or length of a bamboo. Bhar makdur, or Makdur bhar, To the best of one's power, with all one's might, Ser bhar, A. eser.

सरका s.m. Slaked lime.

সংযাদা e. a. To alake (line). সংযাদা p. n. To be filled; to he lined (a bitch); to be broken-winded (a horse from severe exercise). with s. m. Cherishing, maintaining, nourishing, supporting.

lunar asterism, containing three stars (Masca) and figured by the pudendum muliebre.

映画 n. prop. The younger brother of Ram. Bharet khand, s. m. One of the nine divisions of the world, between Lanka and Sumeru; India. wen. A. mixed metal composed

with s. m. A mixed metal composed of copper and lead.

घरतवर्ष s.m. India (Bharat, the son of Dushyantah, is supposed to have been the first emperor or monarch of all India).

भारदेना v. a. To pay; to fill, to reimburse; to darn.

भरदाज 8. m. A sky-lark.

was adv. Up to, to, till; filling, satisfying.

দ্যাল v. a. To fill, load, charge, satisfy, perform, daub, pay, liquidate or discharge (a debt, fine, gc.), to undergo, suffer. v. n. To be filled, to abound, heal (a wound).

भरमी s.f. Weft, woof.

भरपाना v. s. To be paid, to receive the full amount'; (mst.) it is used when a person is disappointed, Mynne bhar paya, I am paid.

भरपूर adj. Brimful, overflowing, quiet full, replete.

भरभराना e.n. To swell and be glossy (particularly the face, as in fever). भरभरी s. f. A swelling, a sore.

Herite s.m. The name of a prickly poppy (Argemone Mexicana).

ити s. m. Error, mistake suspicion, apprehension, perplexity, doubt; credit, character, reputation. Bharam ganwana, v. a. To lose character. भरमाना v. a. To deceive; to excite by throwing out temptation; to perplex, to alarm.

भरमी adj. Suspicious.

भरनीता adj. Ambigueus, donbtful, confounded, scrupulous.

भरताना v. a. To cause to fill, to cause to load, to cause to charge.

मरा adj. Full, replete.

भराना v. a. To fill, to cause to fill. भरानट s. f. Filling, stuffing,

with s. f. The weight of one sices weight or one tola.

भरेत } s. m. A tenant, a lessee.

भरोसा s. m. Hope, dependance, reliance, faith assurance, confidence, Bharosa karna. To hope to rely (on).

พลัs. m. A mixed metal composed of copper and lead; the name of a bird (a species of lark), a skylark.

भती } s. m. Vegetables boiled or fried and broken in the hand.

अर्दिया s. m. A brasier, a worker in the metal called bhart.

พล์ s.f. Completion; filling; loading, lading, cargo, burden (of a ship, gc.)t (vulgarly used for) promotion Bharti karna, To recruit, load.

भवी adj. A cherisher, nourisher, protector, holder, supporter. s. m. A. husband; a lord, master.

अर्थेना s. m. Threat, menace. s.f. Reproach, abuse, cursing, reviling.

wit s, m. A panic. Fouj men bharra para, The army was seized with a panic.

He adj. Good, well. Bhat ghoriya, Having a good horse; cavalier. s. w. Side, direction. Sirks bhat, Headforemost, headlong. nose ring; a kind of bamboo; dawn of day.

सन्तर s.f. A shrub (Pæderia fætida). सन्तर्भवात s. f. Humanity, benignity, civility.

भ्रमामनी s.f. Good-nature, benevolence, भना adj. Good, excellent, benevolent, kind, healthy, well, virtuous, righteous, sound; strange, wonderful, admirable, comical, droll. Bhala admi, s.m. A person of respectability, a gentleman; (iron.) a silly fellow. Bhala mans. To take well.

भवाई s. f. Goodness, good health, welfare.

weren adj. In good order, in health, perfect, hale, well.

www s. m. A bear.

अतुष्की s. f. A plant (Hedysardm lagopodioides).

wines s. f. Marking nut.

अंतर्क है, m. A bear.

was.m. Being, existing, existence, the world; a name of Shiv. Bhavsh sagar. The ocean of the world or of

existence.

place of abiding or being, scite, field, spot, &c.

भवनाधिनी s. f. The Sarju river, which runs from the Himalayah chain and falls into the Goggraf, with which it is then confounded.

अवानो s. f. The goddess Parvati or Durga, in her pacific and amiable form.

अधिमध्य adj. To be or become, what is to be.

अवितव्यता s. f. Fate, destiny.

अविष्य sdj. Future, what will be

अविधात adj. What is to be, what will be, future.

মবিষ্যার s. m. A prophet, one who foretells things to come.

भवेषा s. m. A dancer. [lensis). भविषा s. f. A sort of boet (Beta Benga-भव s. m. Ashes.

सम्बद्धा v. n. To fall. [veneris. सस्द s. f. Pudendum, muliebre; mons भसना v. n. To float.

NEWE adj. Flabby, loose (as met.)?

भसम } s./. Ashes.

भवाना v. a. To launce, to set affoat.

war s.f. Ashes.

भवक s. m. A disease of the eyes, thickening, of the membranes, and indistinctness of vision; morbid appetite, constant craving for food, with general decay.

भव्यभगे s. f. The Sisu tree, or a varisty of it (Dalbergia Sisu).

अधाना s. m. Ashes.

अधीकरण s. m. Calcining. भचीकत adj. Reduced to ashes; cal-

cined (as a metal). भहराना v. n. To shiver, tremble, totter, stagger.

নবন্ধ adj. Gluttonous, voracious, genrmand; a feeder, an cater, who or what eats.

मचप s. m. Eating.

भचवीय adj. Entable, to be cateu.

মাধিন adj. Eaten. মন্ত্ৰা adj. Eatable.

মান s. f. Hemp (Cannabis section), of which an intoxicating liquor is made. মান s. f. Twist, twisting.

with v. a. To put into circular motion, to twist to turn on a lather to wave to brandlish; to break, destroy.

with s. m. A sister's son, a nephew. मानी s. f. A sister's daughter, a niece ; interruption ; hinderance ; tale-bearing. Bhanji khana, v. a. To give malicious intelligence. Bhanji-khor, s. m. An interrupter, a tale bearer. Bhanji dena, or marnd, v. a. To interrupt, to put a stop to, break in unons

atz s. m. A medicinal plant (Olerodendron infortunatum; Volkameria infortanata).

मादा s. m. The egg-plant (Solanum melongeno).

wis s. m. An earthen pot; a mimic, an actor.

with v. o. To abuse.

with s. m. A large earthen pot : estate equipage. Bhands phutna, v. s. To lose one's character.

आंडीर s. f. The India figtree. भांडेती s. f. Mimiery, buffoonery.

भारत है s. f. Manner, mode, method, wift Kind, sort, Bhant-bhant, adj. Various.

with & s.f. Revolution, circulation. wird & Bhanwar parna, or Bhanwri phirna; v. n. To circle, to circumambulate; to be sacrificed.

आई s. m. Brother ; comrade.

with s. m. Brotherhood, fraternity, quality or property of brother.

with adj. Terrible, awful. मादेवन्द s. m. Brotherhood, relations,

kindred, friends, comrades.

आवशी s. f. A kilin.

wim s. m. A follower, a dependant, one to whom food is regularly given, wifaw s. m. One who is fed by another,

a dependant, a fetainer.

wiwer v. a. To speak, say, tell, call. with s. f. Speech, language, dialect. will s. m. A portion, a share, a part'; fate, fortune, destiny, lot, luck; a degree; the 360th part of the cirumference of a great circle; a fraction. Bang jágna, v. n. To be very fortunate or prosperous. Bhag bharosa,. Consolation.

will wright u. n. To run, away, to flee,. to abscond:

भागड़ s.f. Flight, a general emigration, escape, immediate danger,

भागमा v. n. To flee, to run away. भागमान adj. Fortunate.

भागमानी s.f. Good fortune, prosperity. भागसपुरी s. m. A. kind of cloth from Bhagalpur, made of silk and cotton.

आ। गायस s. m. A celebrated poem. भागवान adj. Fortunate, rich.

भागाभाग s. m. Flight, running away. भागिनेश s. m. A sister's son.

भागी) adj. Who or what, shares ; भागिनो } a co-heir or heiress.

भागी s. m. A partner, sharer, partici-pator, adj. Fortunate.

भागीर्थ s. m. A. pious monarch at whose intercession the river Ganges. it is said, first descended from lieaven:

भागीरची s.f. The Ganges.

wire s. m. Destiny, fortune, good or ill luck.

भाग्यवन } adj. Fortunate rich.

भाग्यहीन adı. Unfortunate, wretched, poor.

भाजान s. m. Any vessel, as a pot or cup, a plate, &c.; (in arithmetic) division. To frv.

साञ्चला v. त. To flee, to run away. v. a. भाजार *s. f. F*light.

भाज adj. Divisible, to be portioned or divided, s. m. A portion, a share,

an inheritance; (in arithmetic) the dividend.

ਜਾਣ s. m. Name of a tribe; a bard, ਜਾਣਵ s. f. The wife of a Bhat,

wist s. m. A current or stream, the ebb-tide.

wifsujes adj. Down, below, down the river, with the stream.

माडी s.f. Down, the river, with the current.

HIS s. m. A furnace, kiln (particularly for parching grain).

witt s. m. Hire, fare.

with s. m. An earthen pot; a mimic, an actor.

भाष्ट्रना v. a. To abuse.

rist s, m. A large earthen pot; estate, equipage. Bhands phuina, v. a. To lose one's character.

भाइरा s.m. A place where household goods are kept, a storehouse.

who has charge of the store-house, a treasurer, purveyor.

भास s. m. Boiled rice.

HINI s. m. An extra allowance to troops on service.

शहर है. m. Name of the fifth solar month, August September, when the moon is full near the wing of Pegasus.

MISTES, m. The month Bhadra.

साहयदा s.f. A name common to the twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh lunar asterisms, distinguished by the epithets prior, and subsequent, or prova and utlata.

भाजमती s. f. A female, juggler, au actress.

to suit, to fit. [woman.]

Will s. m. The sun. s. f. A handsome

भातुमको adj. Beautiful, handsome. भातुनार s. m. Sunday.

will v. a. To put into circular motion, to twist, to turn on a lathe, to wave, brandish; to break, destroy.

भाष s.f. Steam, vapour, exhalation.

भाषमा ७. त. To conceive, guess, comprehend.

बाबी ady. Future, about to be, predestined.

मामा s. f. A brother's wife.

सामिन् adj. Angry, passionate.

भाषिकी s.f. A passionate woman.

are s. m. A load, a weight, a burthen; a weight of gold equal to two thousand value; weight, gravity, fagot.

with s.m. Bharstvarsh or India proper, so called from Bharst the son of Dushyantah, whose patrimony it was; the great sacred opic poem of the Hindus, which contains the account of Judhishthir's war.

भारदाज s.m. Askylark.

भारताइ s. m. A porter, a bearer of burthens.

भारतच s. m. A fragrant substance commonly called Katshi considered variously as a vegetable or mineral product,

MITI s. m. A load, burthen.

with adj. Heavy, weighty; of importance, valuable; big, great, fat, large; grave, steady, patient; strong, loud, thick burdensome, troublesome, a.m. A porter, carrier of burthens. Dharibhorkum, adj. Grave, sedate, Bharipatthar chúmkar chhorna, To withdraw from a difficult or impracticable undertaking.

सामें। s.f. A wife, espensed, according to the ritual of the *Veds*; a married woman; a musical mode, the wife of a Deity presiding over a musical mode.

সাধাহিত s. m. A henpecked, husband, one overruled by his wife. [wife. দাৰ্থান s. m. The condition or state of a দাৰ s. f. The point of an arrow; the forehead; fortune. s. m. A bear. মাৰা s. m. A spear (about seven cubits

भाजा s. m. A spear (about seven cubits long).

भागाङ s. m. A sort of fish, commonly called the Rohi Cyprinus Rohita); a sort of potherb.

भाष्त्र } s.m. A bear. भाषेत s.m. A spearman.

WHY S. m. Sate of being; natural state of being, innate property, disposition, nature; meaning, purpose, intention; sentiment, passion, choice, liking. will, notion, idia; blandishment; gesticulation, acting, pantomime, expressing a meaning by signs; a sudden idea or emotion of the mind; living, being; existence, thing Bhaobatana, v. a. To gesticulate.

भाव s. m Price, value, rate ; friendship. भागो odj. About to be, future, predestined.

सायज s. m. The external expression of amatory sentiments; friend, lover. सायज s. f. A brother's wife.

with adj. Amiable, dear, beloved,

love, MINTS. m. Mental perception, recollection, the present consciousness of past ideas or perceptions; imagination; religious and abstract meditation; looking about (literally or figuratively), observing, investigating; consideration, suriety, apprehension, contemplation, doubt, thought, concerns भावष s.f. A younger brother's wife. भाविष adj. Natural, innate; sentimen-

tal, relating to feeling, और. भारित वर्तो, Animated, inspired; thoughtful auxious approbancies alaymed

ful, anxious, apprehensive, alarmed. भागे adj. Future, what will be or what is about to be, proximately future.

भावे postpos. mas. In the sentiment, perception, mind, notion or idea.

भाव्य adj. What must, will, or ought to be.

সাধা s. f. Speech, dialect, language; common or wernacular speech; one of the Raginis.

माचित adj. Spoken, uttered, said.

भारता v. n. To be known, to appear. असुर s. m. A species of Costus (C. spe-

ciosus); a husband's elder brother.

wisst adj. Resplendent, shining. s. m. The sun; the name of a celebrated Hindu astronomer, author of the Siddhant Shiroman and other works.

wiet adj. Shining, radiant. s. m. The sun; a day; a sort of Costus (C. speciosus).

নিস্থাী s.f. An unfilled grain, a shrivelled grain.

भिकारी s. m. A beggar.

भियाना v, a To wet, moisten, steep.

विकाराना v. a. To cause to send.

সিন্ধান v. a. To cause to be wet, to wet, moisten, steep; to cause to send.

भिष्टको s. f. A nipple.

to join battle, to come together, to be joined, to shoulder, to join, to be placed together, touching each other, to be continuous.

fragrat v. α. To join, to place close to, to close, to cause to fight.

HEIS. M. A wolf.

দিন্দী s. f. The name of a vegetable (Hibiscus esculentus).

মিলি s. f. A wall of earth or masonry.

भिनक्षा v. n. To blizz (as a fly); to be covered with flies, to swarm.

সিৰ্মিশাৰা v. n. To buzz (as a fly), to hum (as a bee, &c.)

भिवभिकास्ट s. f. Buzzing (of a fly), buzz; hum (of a bee).

fun adj. Separate, apart, distinct, other, different; (in arithmetic) a fraction. Bhinna bhinna, Various, one by one, severally.

finer s. m. A heterodox sectary, a Rouddh, a secoder.

भित्रमुखन s. m. Multiplication of frac-

भित्रवन s. m. Cube of a fraction.

भित्रभागकर s. m. Division of fractions.

भित्रवत adj. Divided, scattered.

भित्रव्यवक्षित s. m. Subtraction of frac-

সিল্লন্থক s. m. Addition of fractions. সিল্লান্থ v. n. To have a singing in the ears, to be giddy; to sound (as shot, brass pots, &c.)

शिक्षार s. m. Dawn of day.

সিজাৰা) s.m. A nut used for mark-সিজাৰল | ing clothes, &c. (Semicarpus anacardium).

भिवास s.f. The seed of the bhitowan. भिवा s.f. Begging, asking; the thing obtained by begging, alms.

शिषापात s. m. A beggar's bowl, a vessel for collecting alms.

भिष्य s.m. A beggar.

on conj. Also, too, even, and.

with s. f. Begging, charity, alms. Bhikh mangne, to ask alms, to beg. भौजना । v. n. To be wet. Rat bhigna, भौजना) is applied to the night pass. I ing in mirth and musical entertainment. [crush.

भोषना v. a. To squeeze, compress,. भोजा adj. Wet, moist.

will s. m. An old house, a former residence (provided some vertige remain).

भोष s. f. Multitude, crowd, mob, throng; a press of work, trouble, difficulty.

सीत adj. Afraid, frightened, fearful, timid. s. m. Fear, alarm, apprehension. s.f. A wall, or breadth of a wall, Ochheh ki prit jon balu ki bhit, The friendship of the mean is like a wall of sand (i, e. unstable).

भीतर adj. Within,

भौतिरवा adj. (used substantively), The people who live in a house, not straugers, domestic: men who preside at a temple (i. e. bhandari, a steward; pujari, a priest; rasoiya, a cook); those among the guests at a wedding feast who eat in company with the relation of the bride (those who pertake of the feast without being called bahariya).

भीतरी adj. Inward, inside, internal, inner, inferior.

भौति s. f. Fear, apprehension.

भीना adj. Wet. s. m. Sister's husband; brother-in-law.

भोग n. prop. One of the five Pandu princes. adj. Horrible, fearful, dreadfel, terrible, terrific. s. m. Horror, terrer.

क्षीनश्चेत्री s. f. A kind of camphire.

बीद s.f. A timid woman; a plant (#sparagus racemosus); a sort of prickly nightshade. with s. m. A barbarian of a particular tribe, a savage, race dwelling especially along the course of the Narmada (Nerbudda), and subsisting chiefly by plunder.

भीषण adj. Horrible, terrific, fearful. s. m, Horror, terror, the property that excites fear; the olibanum tree

(Boswellia thurifera). সীম adj. Horrible, terrific, fearful.

s.m. Horror, horribleness. মূল adj. Eaten, eating (either that which is eaten, or the person who has eaten).

सुबतना v. a. To enjoy, suffer, receive the reward of virtue or the punishment of crime, to be required.

सुन्तमान adj. Fit to enjoy, deserving punishment.

सगनाग v. a. To cause to enjoy, to distribute, require.

भुगग adj. Simple, foolish.

y adj. Barbarous, ignorant.

भूजंग s. m. Name of a bird (Lanius carulescens).

श्चिषा s. m. Name of a tree (Kampferia rotunda).

um s. m. f. The arm (above the elbow); the perpendicular or shortest side of a right-angled triangle, Bhuja bandha. s. m. An ornament worn in the arm, an armlet. Bhuja bharna, To 'embrace. Bhuja mula, The upper part of the arm near the shoulder.

भुकार } s. m. A serpent.

संबद्धा s.m. A kind of shrike (Lanius carulescens). Bhujangeh urana, To be in great distress and poverty; to spread false reperts.

शुक्रमा s. m. Parched or scorched grain. शुक्रा s. f. The arm (above the elbow). भुजिया s.f. Greens.

सुद्दा s.f. Indian corn (Zes may s).

सुखनो s.f. A kind of worm covered with hair, the palmer-worm.

सुतना s. m. A small devil, an imp, a demon, a ghost.

भुतनी s. f. A female devil.

भूतहा adj. Devilish, peevish, fierce.

भुतियाना v. n. To be like a devil.

सुत्रा v. n. To be parched, grilled, fried, broiled; to be changed (money).

सुभुचित adj. Hungry.

सुरस्या *adj.* Dry and in the state of powder. सुरस्याचा v. a. To throw or sprinkle

salt or sugar upon meat.

भुराना v. a. To wheedle.

सुलसना v. n. To be singed or scorched. सुलना v. a. To cause to forget, to cause to be forgotten; to inveigle, mislead, bewilder, deceive, fascinate, coax, amuse,

भुनावा s. m. Deception, fraud, cheat, deceit, feint. Bhulaws dena, To deceive, to play trick. [phere.

भुद s. m. Heaven, ether, sky or atmos-भुद्र s.-m. A snake.

भुष्ण s. m. A world ; water ; heaven ; man, mankind.

सुस s.m. Bran, husk, chaff. Blus par barat, An assignment on chaff; i. s. that from which nothing can be obtained.

भुवेरा } s.m. A place where corn or भुवेखा } chaff is kept.

मुसीच्या s.m. A hole or place to put chaff in.

y s. f. The earth; place, site, the place of being or abiding.

मूर्त बचा s. m. A kind of fire works like a flower-pot resembling those commonly called Anar). भूरे होत s. m. An earth-quake. भू s. f. Ground, land, earth.

** s.f. The earth, ground ; a kind of caterpillar covered with hair and destructive to ber trees.

सुंचन्या s. m. The name of a plant (Kæmpferia rotunda).

भूसमा v. n. To bark.

भूषा s.f. Father's sister; a worm, a caterpillar.

सुकद्भ s. m. A plant (Ligusticum

अक्रम s. m. An earthquake.

ye s.f. Hanger, appetite. Bhukhon marna, To die with hunger, to famish, to starve.

भूषन s. m. Ornament, embelishment, decoration, an ornament, a jewel, dress.

Tearth.

भूबा adj. Hungry.

स्मीस s. m. The terrestrial globe, tho स्वक s. m. The equinoctial line.

भूकन s. m. An earth-worm.

भूजन s.f. Wheat; the fruit of the Vikanta (Flacourtia sapida).

भूजेंद s. m. A species of bird.

www s.f, Sandy ground, soil in which much sand is mixed.

सूरत s. m. Talc, mica. सूद्धपैरा adj. Unlucky, illomened.

ing adj. Been, become; being, existing; gone, past, s. m. A demon, a
goblin, a fiend, a ghost, an apparition, a malignant spirt haunting
cemetries, lurking in trees, animating carcases, and deluding or devouring human being; the past preterite
tense; an element (the Hindus
reckon five elements, earth, fire, water,
air and akas ether).

भूतज्ञ s. m. A class of sprites or goblins.

भूतगरा s. f. Murs, a sort of perfume. भूतजरा s.f. Indian spikenard (Valeriana jatamonsi).

भूतनाश्चन s.m. Marking-nut plant (Semicarpus anacardium). the Eleocarpus seed.

भूतजो s. f. A female demon or goblin. भूतज s. m. The earth, the face of the earth.

सूत्राप s. m. Beleric myrobalan (Terminalia, belerica).

भूमविक्रिया s. f. Epilepsy, possession by evil spirits.

भूतवेशी s.f. A species of Nebari (Nyctanthes tristis).

মুবাজন s. m. A tree (Trophis aspers) ;
a species of Bignonia (B. Indica).
মুবাজনা s. m. Possession by evil spirits,
মুবাজনা s. m. The body; the elementary or vital principle, or the proximate cause of life and action.

भूतारि s. m. Asafætida.

भूतानिष्ट adj. Occupied or possessed by a devil. [evil spirit,

भूतावेश s. m. Possession by a devil or भूदार s. m. A hog.

भदेव s. w. A Brahman.

भूषर्ड. m. A mountain. भूजाग इ. m. An earth-worm.

भूतिक s. m. A species of Gentian, commonly called Cherayta (Gentiana cherayta).

mar v. n. To parch, grill, broil, toast, frv. inflame.

संघ s. m. A sovereign, prince, a king.। संपत्ति र s. m. A king, a sovereign ; a संपाच landlord, a Rajo.

भूपाची s. f. Name of a ragini.

মুখ s. m. Hot ashes, embers. মুখি s. f. Land, earth, the earth; place, scite in general; the base of any

figure in geometry.

चूनिकन्य s.m. An earthquake.

स्मित्रस्य s. m. A plant (Kampferia rotunda).

স্থানি জ্ব s.f. A tree (Premna herbaces). স্থা s.f. Charity given to poor people, alms; a spring, a fountain. Bhur bantna, v. a. To give alms to a numerous assembly of the poor,

wit adj. Fair, auburn of brownish (as hair).

मूर्द adj. Much, many. [trious. भूर्यामच् adj. Splendid, bright; illus-भूरेलास adj. Very profitable or beneficial. s. m. Great gain.

भू कर्डो s.f. A sort of sunflower (Heliotropium Indicum).

মুস্থৰ s. m. The Bhojpatra, a tree growing in the snowy mountains, a kind of birch; the bark is used for writing on, and very generally for hukka snakes.

লভ s.f. Forgotfulness, error, mistake, miss, blunder.

भूतता s.f. A worm, an earth-worm.

भूलना c.n. To forget, err, go astray, be misled or deceived, mistake, blunder, miss, omit, stray, to be forgotten.

स्वाधित di Missing the road, भ्वाधित si (generally a person) calling another in consequence of some accident, &c., not intentionally to pay a visit.

भनोक) s. m. The earth, the habita-भूनोक f tion of mortals.

भूषण s. m. Ornament, embellishment, a dress, jewel, decoration.

भूषित adj. Adorned, decorated, dressed. सुरा s. m. Husk, chaff.

भवी s. f. Chaff, bran.

भूक्ष्में s. m. The mountain Sumeru (a heaven on earth).

भूजामी s.m. A landlord, a landholder, भज्दी s.f. The eyebrov ; a frown, a contraction of the eyebrows.

Muni.

यह s. m. A large black bee, the humble bee.

ৰন্ধৰ s. m. A bird, a sort of shrike Lanius Malabaricus).

ৰম্বাস s. m. A spreading shrub (Eclipta or Verbesina prostrata, or perhaps more properly, Verbesina scandans); a sort of bird, apparently the variety of shrike termed Malabar (Lanius Molabaricus).

महो s.f. A kind of wasp (Verpa solitaria); a large black bee, a humble bee.

सकीकत s. m. The hog-plum.

सत s. m. A servant, a hired labourer. सति s. f. Wages, hire; noutishment, maintenauce.

भूत्य इ. m. A dependant, a servant, a slave. भृत्या इ. f. Hirc, wages.

ਬਦ adj. Fried.

भेगा adj. Squint-eyed.

भेंट s. f. Interview, visit ; a present. भेटना v. a. To meet with, to visit.

भेक s. m. A toad, a frog.

भेकी s. f. The female of the frog, or a small frog; a kind of oreeper (Hydrocotyle Asiatica).

sim s. m. Disguise, assumed appearance, semblance. Bhekh-dhari, adj. Putting on the dross, assuming the appearance.

भेजना v. a. To send, transmit; utter, ejaculate.

भेजा s. m. The brain.

भेट s. f. Meeting, interview; a present to a superior. भेटन verval s. To meet, meeting, &c. भेटना v. a. To meet, join ; to make a | भेपन s. m. A remedy, a drug, a medipresent (to a superior).

મેં ટી ઢ. f. A stalk, a stem. મેટ ક. જા.

ચેક ક. m. A ram, a ship.

भेडना v. c. To shut, close,

में €ा s. m. A. ram.

भे दिया s. m. A. wolf, Bheriya dhasan. s. m. A multitude crowded together like sheep in a pen, the act of following the example of another.

भेकी s.f. An ewe.

भेड़ s. m. A secret, secrecy, mystery ; separation, distinction, kind, sort, species, difference : disunion, disagreement. Bhed lena, To spy. to pry into, to work one's self into confidence, to sound.

भोटक adi. A breaker, who or what breaks or divides, s. m. A mischiefmaker.

भेट्यर adj. Separating, disuniting ; causing disunion.

भेदिकिया] भे दिया s. m. A scout, a spy.

मेही s. m. Ratan.

भेडी ? adi. Intelligent. s. m. A भ दिया scont, a secret-keeper.

भेड़ s. m. A secret keeper, a confidant. भेगा s.f. Sister.

of s. f. A kind of pipe, a musical instrument, a kettle-drum.

भेरी s. m. A piper.

भे ला s. m. Semicarpus anacardium. भे औ s. f. . A lump of coarse sugar (or

our).

wis s. m. A state or condition of being innate property, nature, disposition. भेष s. m. Disguise, assumed likeness. counterfeit dress semblance, guise, garb.

cament; a kind of fennel (Nigella Indica).

भेंस s. f. A female buffalo.

भें सा s. m. A male buffalo.

भें तियादाद } s. m. A kind of ring-भें तियादाद } worm.

भेषहर् adj. Terrific, terrible, horrible. भेषात्र adj. Distressed or distracted

with fear, terrified, भे बानक adj. Frightful, terrible, formid-

able, fearful, dreadful, alarming, dismal. भेचक ad). Alarmed, aghast, starting.

भैगान ad). Frightened, alarmed, terrified, afraid,

พื้ม s.m. Brother.

भेबाचा s. m. Brotherhood, friendship, भेद adi, Formidable, horrible, terrific, s. m. A name of Shiv, but more especially an inferior manifestation or form of the deity, eight of which are called by the common name Bhyravah, and are severally termed Asitangah, Ruru, Chandah. Krodha, Unmatta, Kupati, Bishan, and Sanghar, all alluding to terrific properties of mind or body; the name of a river; a musical mode, that which is calculated to excite emotions of terror.

औरवी s. f. The name of a ragini. will s. f. The name of a ragini.

w d s. m. The name of a musical mode . sung at dawn in autumn : (It is represented by Mahaden with the Ganges flowing from his head, and the rag issuing from the deity's mouth); a name of Shiv.

में ¥ 8. f. Sister-in-law, younger brother's wife.

af s. f. The evebrow.

wifus adj. Very-fat.

भौतना v. a. To thrust, to drive (as a nail).

श्रीवर्ध s. m. A wizard who proys upon children (or men or women) till he brings them to the grave.

सोंचरा s. m. A vault, a cavern a cellar. सोंडा adj. Ill-shaped, uncouth, misshapen, useless, bad, ugly, unlucky.

भीवा } adj. Blunt, obtuse:

भौदू adj. Silly, quiet, mild, artless, simple:

भीषू s. m. A horn, wind instrument: भोषे s. m. A chair porter, a palki bearor, a bearer; a white cat.

भोक्स s. m. A wizard, sorcerer, magician. भोखना v. c. To bark.

দৌন s. m. Pleasure, enjoyment, satisfaction; suffering; possession; eating, victuals; (in arithmetic) the numerator of a fraction. Bhog karna, To enjoy, to suffer.

भीग s. m. Abuse, rudeness.

भीगना v. n. To enjoy, to suffer.

भोगा s. m. Fraud, trick, deceit, illusion, deception, imposition, treachery roguery, cheat.

भीगी adj. Jovial, jolly.

भोग्य adj. To be enjoyed.

দীব s. m. A country, Patna and Bhagalpore; the name of a sovereign of Ujein, who is supposed to have flourished about the end of the tenth century: he was a celebrated patron of learned men, and of the nine gems or poets, and philosophers, often ascribed to his era; cating, feast.

মীলন্ধত s.m. The country of Bhoja, the present Bhojpore, or the vicinity of Potna and Bhagalpore.

লীজন s. m. Eating, food, victuals. Bhojan kārna, To ont, to feed. भीजनीय रे adj. To be eaten, edible. भीज्य 🗲 s.m. Food:

भोजपज s. m. The bark of a tree, said to be a kind of birch used in making hukka snakes.

भोजपूर n. prop. A country near Chhapra.

भीट) s. m. A country, probably भोडाङ्क Butan.

भीदिया s. m. An inhabitant of Butan.

भो जुल s. m. Talc, mica. भोता adj. Blunt, dull.

भीषा s. m. A kind of fakir, a magician. भीमीश s.f. Coral.

wit s. f. Dawn of day. Bhor hona, To be finished, to be terminated.

भीषा adj. Simple, artless, undesigning, innocent, harmless, meek.

भोनी adj. f. Innocent, artless. Bholi baten, Innocent prattle.

मीं चड़ा s. m. भीं चड़ी s. f. भींचा s. m.

wits. f. The eyebrow. Bhoan terhikarna, v. a. To scowl, frown, browbeat, look angrily raising the eyebrows. Bhoan tanni, To knit the eyebrows.

भौजना v. n. To bark; (met.) to talk foolishly.

भौचाज s. m. An earthquake.

भौर s. m. A whirlpool.

भौरा s. m. A large black bee enamoured of the lotus.

भौरियाना v. a. To whirl, to turn.

भौरी s. f. Feathered hair, name of se defect in horses.

দীব্যক্ষণী s. f. A kind of halter (forhorses or dogs).

भौसना v. n. To bark,

भी s.m. Fear. भी पद्म adj. Aghast. भौजाई है s. f. A brother's wife.

भौतिक adj. Relating or appertaining to evil spirits.

भीना v. n. To revolve.

মীৰাম s. m. A post driven into the ground for chaining an elephant to.
মীনী adj. Earthly, terrestrial, produced in completion to the court.

in or relating to the earth.

भंस E. m. Falling, declining from a height, or from propriety; falling from or off.

अम s. m. Error, ignorance, mistake, misaprehension ; perplexity, doubt.

अभण s. m. Whirling, going round; wandering, literally or figuratively; going about, perambulation.

समत adj. Going round, whirling, revolving; roving; erring.

भगर s.m. A large black bee; vertigo, epilepsy.

याचि s.f. Error, blunder, mistake. सभी adj. Whirling, going round or

about.

Re adj. Fallen, lost; vicious, depraved, fallen from virtue, debased, polluted, arominable, dissolute, Bhrasht karna,

v. s. To pollute, to seduce. Bhrashta
hona, v. n. To be polluted; to car-

cine. [kingdom. মহয়েল ddj. Deposed, deprived of a নাতঃ. m. A brother, a uterine brother.

भावक } adj. Fraternal, brotherly, of साबीय ∫ or belonging to a brother. भागा adj. Whirled, revolved; blundering, mistaken.

सानि s.f. Error, mistake, ignorance; going round, whirling, revolving; going about wandering.

बाजिनान ndj. Erring, mistaking; wandering.

भागक s. m. A cheat, a rogue.

भागर s. m. Epilepsy. भागरी adj. Epileptic. भ s. f. An eyebrow.

संख इ. m. The embryo or feetus, a child. सुष्या s.f. Murder of the feetus, procuring or causing abortion.

अभक्ष s. m. A frown.

स

ল The twenty fifth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to the letter m.

भंजन s. m. Tooth-nowder, dentifrice; cleaning the person by wiping, bathing or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents.

संजना v. n. To be polished, to be cleaned, to be scoured.

मंजीरा s. m. A musical instrument, a kind of cymbal.

मंद्रीका adj. Middle, middlemost, middling.

संभोजी s. f. A smallish sort of car or carriage on two wheels.

मंड चा s. m. } Name of a grain (Cynoser's s.f. } surus corocanus).

सक्डा s. m. A kind of grain; a spider. सक्डाना n. s. To move by winding about or crookedly; (met.) to be averse or act contrary.

মন্ত্ৰী s.f. A spider. Makari kajala, s. m.
A spider's web; hence (met.) any
thing very fine and slender.

NAT s.m. A marine monster, confounded usually with the erocodile and shark, but properly a fabulous animal: as a fish it might be conjectured to be the horned ghark, or the unicorn fish; but it is often drawn, as in the pictured signs of the Zodiec, with the head and fore legs of an

antelope, and the body and tail of a fish: it is the emblem of the god of love; one of the signs of the zodiac, corresponding with Capricorn, and like the Greek representation of that sign, being an animal in the foreparts, and ending in the tail of a fish.

सक्तरव्ह s. m. The nectar or honey of a flower; the kokila or Indian cuckoo; a fragrant kind of mango: a kind of Jasmine (Jasminum pubescens).

सक्तरन्दवती s. f. The trumpet-flower (Bignonia suave-olens).

मकरीना v. a. To wet (slightly).

ৰয়ত s. m. A crest, a head-dress, a crown, a tiara.

मकी s. m. A. species of Solanum (S. nigrum).

मकी खा s. m. A large ant. मकीए s. m. Sarsaparilla.

मकखन s. m. Butter.

मक्खी s. f. A. fly; the sight of a gun. Makkhi urána, To flatter or perform servile offices for any one; to have ulcers on the body (so as to be constantly employed in driving away the flies from them); to be a good marksman (so as to hit a flu with a ball or arrow). Makkhi-chus, A miser, a niggard, a skinflint. Makkhi jhalua, To have venereal ulcers. Makkhi márna. To idle, to be unemployed, to trifle, to food.

मध s. f. Sacrifice, oblation,

जखन s. m. Butter.

मुख्या s. m. A kind of elephant which has no tusks; a cock without spurs. समाधिश s. m. Butterman. '

मकी s.f. A fly.

भग s. m. A road. Mag dekhna, To expect, to wait for.

unu s. m. A country, South Behar : | 441 s. f. The tenth lunar asterism,

an inhabitant of that country : a bard, whose peculiar province is to sing the praises of a chief's ancestry in his presence, a family bard or minstrel.

नगन } adj. Plunged, dived, immers-ed; sunk. drowned 1-1-1-1pleased, glad, happy, cheerful, joyful. सगनमा s. f. Transport, rapture, cheerfulness, vivacity, delight.

8. m. An alligator.

मगरा adj. Proud, haughty, presumptuous, fastidious, arrogant, insolent, cross, obstinate, stubborn, impatient. refractory.

सगराई s. f. Obstinacy, stubbornness, insolence.

यगरापन s. m. Haughtiness, obstinacy, refractoriness.

मगराष्ट्री s. f. Arrogance.

मगरेका s. m. A small blackish, triangular, pyramidical shaped seed of a very pungent smell (Nigella Indica).

सनसिर s. m. The eighth solar month. संबंधी adj. Belonging to Magadh (s

सगहेबा s. m. Inhabitant of Magadh : a caste of Brahmans.

सगाना v. c. To send for.

मगुरी s.f. A fish, a species of Silurus (S. pelorius).

सप adj. Plunged, dived, immersed : sunk, drowned.

मक s. m. One of the dwips or divisions of the universe; a country, that of the modern Mags, or Arracan ; a drug.

सपन adj. Odoriferous.

सक्या s. m. Inhabitant of Magadh; a caste of Brahmans.

containing five stars figured by a house, a Leonis, Regulus.

मधी adj. Belonging to Magadh (a thing); s.f. A sort of grain.

FIFE s. m. A rosary, a bead (of gold?) the vertibre of the neck. Manka dhalakna (lit. the bending of the neck), To be at the piont of death.

महत्त है s. m. A beggar, a borrower. महत्ता है s.f. Betrothing, asking in marri-

nge; a loan. Mangni dena, To lead.

Twe adj. Auspicious, propitions, conferring happiness, propieions, conferring happiness, propieions, cc.; beautiful, pleasing, agreeable. s. m. Welfarc, happiness; the planet Mars or its defied personification; Tuesday. Mangal-achar, s. m. Festivity, rejoicing, congratulation, a song of congratulation, a marriage song or

Epithalamium. भन्नजादी e.f. A sort of carpet made at Mangalkot.

मझखबार s. m. Tuesday.

भड़ जसमाचार s. m. Glad tidings, the Gospel.

भवजाञ्चची s. m. f. A musician or singer. भवजी adj. Triumphant, rejoicing. Mangali log, People employed on rejoicings.

नक्षाना v. s. To cause to ask for, to send for,

awfet s. m. Name of a month, the first of the Hindu year, according to some systems, or the eighth.

नकाना है v. a. To send for, to ask नकाभेजना for, to call for.

नडामेजना for, to call for. नड्डां s. m. A small tassel.

सक्तर s.m. One to whom a man or woman is betrothed

num s. f. Pain in the joints.

नेचकना v. n. To have pain in the joints; to creak (as a bedstead, &c.) मचकाना v. a. To wink.

सचना v. n. To be made, to be committed, to be perpetrated, to be produced.

भवनच An imitative sound.

मचमबामा v. n. To creak (as a bedistead or other thing heavily laden).

संबद्धा ज. n. To be perverse, refractory, disobedient, cross, obstinate.

सबस्य s. m. Pertness, perverseness, सबसाई s. f. obtainacy.

নৰবা adj. Perverse, refractory, disobedient, cross, obstinate, restive, pert. নবৰানা v. n. To be sick at the stomach, to feel nauses; to pretend ignorance.

संपत्तापन s. m. } Stubbornness.

सचलाहा adj. Squeamish, stubborn.

सचान s. m. A platform, scaffold, stage, raised seat.

नवाना v. o. To make, cause, stir up, excite, commit, perpetrate, produce.

मचासच adj. Filled up, stuffed full.

मचिया s.m. A. stool, a chair. मचियान s.m. Honey.

twisting.

नचीक्ना v. a. To twist, to break by

of the first Avatur or incarnation, when Vishnu is said to have appeared in the shape of the small fish scapker, to Salyawrate or Huysgriv, to warn him of the general delage, and desire him to place the four Veds in the boat which he (Vishnu) would preserve. The fish was first taken up by Hayagriv in his hands when bathing, being then of the size of the saphari (or poshli), but it grent too large for being contained

in a tank, river, &c.; and was carried to the sea, where, after wards it supported the ark with its hora. Saty-avrata lived about 3000 years before Crist.

सन्दर s. m. A musquite, a gnat. Machchiar ki jhul ka cher, One who would steal the minutest thing a petty pilferer.

मच्छी s. f. A kiss.

सक् s. m. A. fish in general.

सङ्ख्र n. prop. Name of a Jogi. s. m. A rat. adj. Stupid.

मळ्ली s. f. 'A fish.

मक्रा s. m. A fisherman.

शक ady. Ripe, mellow.

सजीत s.f. A drug used for dying red (Rubia manjith).

भजीत adj. Cheap, that which is sold at an under price; bought at second hand.

मनीरा s. m. Small cymbals.

পজা s. m. A labourer, carrier, porter.

सम्बद्धा s. m. The middling.

THE s. m. The middle, centre; in the middle, in.

मभारी adj. In the midst.

मभाजी s.f. A small cart.

मभा चा adj. Middling.

सभोजी s.f. A smallish sort of car or carriage on two wheels.

and s.m. A bed, a bedstead; a platform, a scaffold; an elevated shed raised on bamboo in a cornfield, &c. where a watchman is stationed to protect the corn from cattle, birds, wild beasts, &c.; a sort of throne or chair of state, or the platform on which it is raised, the dais.

कक्षन s. m. Tooth-powder, dentifrice; cleaning the person by wiping, bathing or rubbing with oil or fragrant unguents.

নম্বনা v. z. To be polished, to be cleaned, to be scoured.

मञ्जर s.f. The blossom (of a tree).

মন্ত্ৰা s. m. A bedstead; a sort of throne or chair of state.

मशार 8. m. A cat.

मझीरा s. m. A musical instrument, a kind cymbal: (it consists of two small brass cups tied together with a string, and played upon by striking one against another).

सटका है s.f. Coquetry, ogling.

मट्कामा s. m. A small vessel for taking water out of a larger.

मट्रक्ता v. n. To wink, ogle, coquet. मट्रका s. m. A large earthen jar or pot. मट्रकाना v. c. To wink, ogle, twinkle.

NEW 1 s. f. A child's coral, or plaything which infants suck; a small earthen pot or jar; a twinkle, closing the eyes.

सदकी हा s. m. A house of earth.

HEC s. m. A pea (Pisum sativum.).

मटरा s.m. A kind of pea; a kind of silk cloth.

ਮਟਵੀ s. f. A kind of pea.

महरीला ad). Mixed with peas.

मटियाना n. n. To wink at, connive, suffer, tolerate.

দাহিষাবা s. m. A rable land, rich soil. দাহি যাৰ s. m. Sufferance, toleration.

with s. f. Earth. Matti karna. To rain or destroy. Matti kharna, To eat flesh. Matti dalna, To conceal the crime or fault of another. Matti dana, To bury. Matti pakarna, To bite tile ground; to be overcome or overturned; to be perverse or obstinate, to resist, Mitti par larna. To

dispute about land. Matti men milána.
To be ruined or disgraced. Matti hona
To become weak or faint, to be ruined.
s. m. Buttermilk.

ষত s. m. A school, a college, the residence of young Grahmans, prosecuting sacred studies; a building inhabited by ascetics of the same, order; a pagan temple.

सडड़ी s. f. A sort of sweetmeat. सडा adj. Slow.

महोर्*s. m.* A jar.

मठीखी s. f. Onanism.

मिंडियाना v.a. To paste.

सङ्गेड़ s. f. Twist, flexion, turn, writhe, convolution, contortion. Maror báz, An affected person.

महोद्भना v. a. To twist, writhe, contort, distort, gripe, yearn.

सङ्गेङ्ग s. m. A twisting of the bowels, pain in the bowels, flux, gripes.

महोद्धी s. f. Twisting, twist, flexion, writhe, convolution.

सदन s. f. Lining. heading (of a drum, gc.)

भद्गा v. a. To cover (as a book with leather or a drum with parchment), to gild, to case.

बदा ब्लां. Lined, headed, covered or topped (as a drum with parchment).

भड़ी s.f. A cottage, a temple.

मदेशा s.f. A cottage, a hut.

मधि s. m. A gem, a jewel, a precious stone.

मधिमय adj. Composed of gems.

मधिनाचा s. f. A necklace, a zone. a fillet, &c. of precious stones.

foam, barm, &c.; pith, esence.

संख्न s. m. Ornament, decoration, jewels trinkets, &c.

news. m. A temporary building, an open shed or hall adorned with flowers and erected on festival occasions, as at marriages, &c. an open temple or building consecrated to a deity.

of the sun or moon, halo, circumference: a round tent; an officer employed in villages, an exciseman, a province, a region, a district, extending twenty, or according to some authorities, forty Yojans every way: the country or empire over which the twelve princes termed Chakrvartis are supposed to have ruled, perhaps the peninsula of India.

संख्वाना v. n. To make a circuit, to hover (as birds, &c.), to be enve-

loped.

मञ्जलिया s. m. A tumbler pigeon.

संख्या s. f. An assembly, a corporation. संख्या s. m. An alcove, an arbour, a bower, a shed.

मखा s. m. A kind of sweetmeat.

मंदिन adj. Ornamented, adorned, overlaid (with gold, gc.); covered (with dust),

मिस्ट्याना v. a. To starch.

नकी s. f. A market, a particular market for any one thing.

संख्या s. m. An alcove, an arbour, a bower, a shed.

सञ्ज्ञ s. m. A. frog; a. flower (Bignonia Indica).

মজুৰী s. f. A female or small frog; a plant (Siphonanthus Indica, or, Hydrocotyle Asiatica).

ester v. a. To cover ('as a book with leather, or a drum with parchment), to gild, to case. भद्धप s. m. A small round temple or cell. भद्धभाग o. c. To cause to cover (s book, drum, &c. with perchaent).

eners s. m. A temporary building, an open shed or hall, adorned with flowers and created on festive occasions, as at marriages, &c.

मखाया adj. Starched.

मक्षियाना v. o. To starch.

west s. f. A jogi's hat or place of abode.

was. m. Purpose, intention, wish, mind
(as to have a mind to any thing);
knowledge, dootrine, tenet, belief,
opinion, s. f. Manner, method, way,
mode, system; wisdom, understanding, intellect, Mathim, Void of under-

standing. neg, part. No, do not.

मतवा s. m. A kind of sugar-cane. सत्रामा v. s. To persuade.

मतलानाजीका v. n. To be sick at stomach, to feel nausea.

मतनम adj. Drunken, like one intoxicated.

भनशामा adj. Intexicated, drunken, drunk.

सतकीन के adj. Stupid, ignorant, सता s. m. Counsel, advice,

सर्व s.f. Understanding, itellect; wish, desire, inclination.

नितथन s. m. } Error, mistake, mis-नितथानि s.f. } apprehension.

नितमान adj. Sensible, clever, intelligent.

मस adj. Intoxicated (drunk with liquor) intoxicated (with pride, passion, gc.) मबामा v. s. To persuade.

सद्धार adj. Envious ; niggardly, covetous. सद्धारा s. f. Envy, empatience of another's success or prosperity ; passion, anger, a gnat, a musquite. नकरिची f. } adg. Wicked, deprived, मकरी m. } bad ; envious.

cular fish, probably the saphari, or the fish in which Vicknu is said to have been incarnated in his fish Audtar; a country, enumerated, amongst the midland divisions of India (Dinaipur and Rangpur); one of the Purans.

सवाराज s. m. The Rohi, a sort of fish (Cyprinus Rohita); the country called Matsua.

मचन s. m. Churning.

नथना v. a. To churn; to knead, to work. s. m. A churn-staff.

मधनिया s. f. A churn.

मधनी s. f. A churn staff.

सवा s. m. The forehead.

watery admixture.

पणिन s. m. A churning stick.

HEM. s.f. A town in the province of Agra, celebrated as the birth-place, and early residence of Krizhna, and still an object of pilgrimage amongst Hindus.

नपुरिया s.m. A casts of Brakmans of Mathura (Mattra).

নধ্যা s f. The female of Matheriya.
দহার s.m. Contribution, subscription;
capitation. [Freela.

सरीरा s. m. A parasol, paraplnie, um-सह s. m. Spirituous or vinous liquor; inchricty, intoxication; pride, arrogence.

พรุท s. m. Love, lust; Kamdev, the Hindu Cupid; a medicinal plant, Datara; the plant called mynphal (Gardenia dumetorum; Vanqueria spinosa). Madan ban, s. m. Name of a flower.

सदमात्र adj. Subdued by love, in love. adj. Drunk, intoxicated. सदार s. f. A plant (Asclepias gigantca).

महादिया s. m. The followers of Madar. a Mahomedan mendicant.

मदारी s. m. A juggler.

महिका adj. Proud.

मृद्धि s. f. Wine, spirits, spiritnous-or vinous lipuor.

मद्रासी s. f. A sort of fish.

मद्भ s. m. Wine, vinous or spirituous lianor.

मदापीत adj. Drunk, a drunkard.

सम्माता adi. Intoxicated, drunk, ay s, m. Spirituous liquor; the nectar

or honey of flowers; honey; the season of spring; the month Chyt March-April).

अध्वार s. m. A bee; a plant Achuranthes aspera); a fruit, the round · sweet lime.

मधुकी ब s. m. The honeycomb or hive. मधुस्प s. m. A sugarcane.

मधप s. m. A bee.

मध्यक ह. m. A dish of curds, ghi and honey, to be offered to a respectable guest on his arrival.

अधुमय ad). Sweet, Inscious.

मधुमासी s. f. A honeybee.

मधुमात s. m. A Ragini or musical mode. मधुमाना adj. Intoxicated, drunk.

सम्बास s. m. The month Chyt (March-April). fliked.

सपुर adj. Sweet; pleasing, agreeable, सपुरम s. m. • Sweetness (in flavour); sweetness (in speech).

मध्री adi. Sweet.

सपक्री s. f. A kind of bread baked on live coals (used among the fakirs); victuals given in alms to pilgrims,

स्थलक s. m. A sort of Bassia, growing in watery or mountainous situations ; sweetness.

मध्य adj. Middle, intermediate, adv. Amongst, amidst, amid. s. m. The midele, centre

सध्यदेश s. m. The middle region ; part of India, bounded by Kurukshetra on the north, Allahabad on the south, the Himalaya mountains on the east and the Pindhya mountains on the west; comprising therefore the modern provinces of Allahabad, A.ra, Delhi, Oude. &c .: the northern limit is elsewhere defined to be the disappearance of the Saraswati,

सध्यमाग s. m. The centre.

मध्यम adj. Middle, centrical, intervening, intermediate, middling, temperate. s, m. One of the seven musical notes, the fifth note of the Hindu gamunt. मध्यमजीक (s. m. The earth the world of मध्यलीक (mortals.

मध्यमा s.f. The middle finger.

मध्यवर्ती adı. Contral, middle ; being amongst or amidst, s m. A mediator. मध्यस्य adj. Centrical, middle. s. m. A. middle man, an umpire, and arbitra tor a mediator.

अध्यक्षता s. f. Middle state or character. मध्याङ्ग s. m. Midday, noon.

मन s. m. Mind, heart, soul, spirit, inclination. Man chor, Heart-stealer. Man-darawardi, ad). Fanciful, inven ted (sneech or story). Man-puran, Confidence, satisfaction of mind, adv. Man-bhana mundiya hilana, To shake the head at what one approves of, to pretend to refuse that which one secretly desires. Man-man, s. m. Heart's desire; choice. Man-manta, or Manmana, adi. Agreeable, pleasing, satisfactory, to one's heart's wish or content. A mistress, sweetheart. Manmane. As the mind may desire. Manmar rahna, To suffer grief with patience. Man-lagana, Heart-attachment, heart-engaging. Man laga, To fix the mind upon, to be attentive, to apply to. Man-hin men, In the very soul.

सन.

सन s. m. A weight (10 seer or) seventyeight pounds.

দলকা s.m. A rosary, a bead; the vertebra of the neck. Manks dhalakna,
To be at the point of death.

सनकासना s. f. Desire, wish.

मनगङ्गा adj. Powerful.

भनपदा s. m. The raised masonry round the mouth of a well.

मनचला adj. Assiduous, intent, cager, active, bold.

নগলন s. m. Tooth-powder, dentifrice: cleaning the person by wiping, bathing, or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents.

सन्त s. f. Acknowledgment.

स्त्रम s. m. Minding, understanding.

सनभावन } adj. Acceptable, agreeable, apreeable, ing.

सनस्य s. m. Cupid.

सननारना v. s. To resist one's own inclination, to be grieved or troubled in mind:

सनसीइन (heart ravishing), s. m. A sweetheart, mistress; a name of Krishna.

मनमी अ s. m. Self-conceit.

ममनीकी adj. Self-coceited.

सन्द s. m. The mind or considered as the seat of perception and passion, the heart; the intellect, the understanding. मनसरवा s. m. A man, a male.

मनसा रेशे र s. f. The goddess of the मनसारेशे र serpent race, and the particular protectress against their venom.

भनसा s.f. Wish, desire, intention, design, purport, purpose.

मनसिज } adj. Mental, intellectual.

सनसेद 8. m. A man,

सनकार s. m. The attention of the mind to its own sensation, consciousness of pleasure or pain.

मनसाप s. m. Mental distress.

सन्हर्ण s. m. Heart-stealing.

मनदारी adj. m. Heart-stealer.

দৰত্ব adv. Suppose, as if, like.

พทเท v. a. To persuade, cause to agree (to any thing), conciliate, propitiate, sooth, coax, assuage, appease, put in mind; to do, act, perform make. Manana-danana, To appease, conciliate.

सनाये s. m. Intention, desire, purpose. सनि है s. f. m. A gem, jewel.

सनिहार s. m. A person who makes or sells (churis) the glass bracelets, which the women wear on their wrists.

सनिष्कारी s. f. The trade in jewels, &c. सनीयनी s. m. A blemish in horses.

ng s. m. Menu, the legislator and saint, the son of Brahma, or a personification or Brahma himself, the creator of the world, and progenitor of mankind; the name is however a generic term, and in every Kalps or interval from creation to creation, there are fourteen successive Menus presiding over the universe for the period of a Manusantara, respectively: in the

present creation there have been the six following Menus: Menu called also Swayambhuva, the supposed revealer of the code of law possessed by the Hindus, Swarochisha, Uttam, Tamas, Rayvat, and Chakshush, the seventh or the present Menu is Vauvaswat, or Ravat the second. A man in general.

मतुज s. m. A man in general.

सनुजा s. f. A woman.

भनुषी s. f. A woman, the wife or female of the man.

नतृष्य s. m. Man, a man, mankind.

मनुष्य s. m. The state or condition of man, manhood, humanity.

मनुद्वार है daj. f. Charming, fascinat-बतुषारी ing, delighting, captivating the mind.

मन्चा s. f. A kind of cotton, s. m. Puss (a cat), mind soul, life,

मनी adv. Like, as if.

ननीनत adi. Seated in the mind.

नकी युप्त adj. Thought or meditated on secretly.

मनीच adj. Beautiful, handsome, lovely, pleasing, agreeable.

भनीनीत adj. Chosen, preferred.

सकोरच s. m. Wish, desire, design, intention.

सनीरम adi. Beautiful, lovely, pleasing. मनो ली स s. m. Fancy, caprice, whim.

मनीहर adj. Heart-ravishing, beautiful, lovely, pleasing,

मनोशारिको । odj. Beautiful, pleasing, मनो हारी agreeable, lovely.

मनीती s. f. Buil, security, a person referred to pay the debt, &c. of another, surety, assurance, acknowledgement.

min s.m. A division of the Ved; a mystical verse or incantation; a | मन्द्रा adj. Squat, dapper.

formula sacred to any individual deity; a charm, philter, spell, incantation; sacret consultation, private advice. Mantra-jantra, Incantation, exorcism.

सन्त्रमृक्षिक. f. Secret counsel.

नवण s. f. Advising, counselling in private, advice.

सन्ता s. m. A. counsellor or adviser, a king's counsellor or minister; enchanter.

मन s. m. A churning stick ; a dish made of barley-meal with ghi and water, a sort of grael or porridge: a disease of the eyes, entaract or opacity; rheum, excretion of the eyes.

सन्दर्भ s. m. Agitating, stirring, churning.

मन्यनी s. f. A churn.

wa adj. Abated, slow, tedious, dull, foolish; bad, ill; low (as a stone). s. m. The planet Saturday, Mandgoti, Slow (in) pace, adv. Slowly, softly, Mand-mand, adv. Gently, softly.

बन्दता s. f. Dulness, littlenes, slowness, feebleness, badness.

मद्दा adj. Stupid, foolish.

मन्साम adj. Wretched, unhappy. unfortunate. hension.

बन्दनति adj. Dull, stupid, slow of appre-नन्दबनान adj. Slow, tardy.

नदर adj. Large, bulky. s. m. The mountain Mandar, with which the ocean is said to have been churned by the Surs and Asurs, after the deluge. for the purpose of recovering the sacred things lost in it during that period; the Mandra tree or one of the trees of paradise; Swarg or the paradise of the Hindus.

সক্ষান s. m. A smile, a gentle laugh. কৰা adj. Gentle, mild, affable, cheap, abated, allayed; slow, trady, little. নবানা adj. Slow of apprehension, dull. নবাবা adj. Disregarding, neglecting, disrespecting.

सन्दायमान adj. Delaying, going tardily. सन्दार s. m. One of the five trees of Swarg; the coral tree (Erythrina fulgene); swallow wort (Asclepias gigantea).

मन्दिककुर s. f. A sort of fish. मन्दिर s. m. House, dwelling, temple. सन्नत s. f. Acknowledgment.

দরা v. n. To be soothed, propitiated. কৰায় s. m. A name of Kam, the god of love; love, amorous passion or desire. [love.

मन्त्रयी adj. Amorous, impassioned in भन्तकर s.m. The reign of a Menu, a period equal to seventy-one ages of the gods, or 806,720,000 years of mortals, or with its Sandki or interval of universal deluge, 308,448,000 years; fourteen Manantaras constitute a Kalpa, the grand pepiod of creation and destruction, or 4,320, 000,000 years, each Manwantara is governed by its distinct Menu, and Is provided with its own Indra, and minor deities; according to Hindu cosmogony there have been innumerable Mamoantaras since the first creation of the world.

मन्दान adj. Thinking, conceiving ; minding, regarding.

ing, regarding. नवस्थान : f. Measure, जयमा v. s. To be measure, वयमा v. a. To cause to measure, वयमा v. a. Measure, जयामा v. a. To cause to be measured, जम pron. My, mine. स्पता 's.f. Pride, arrogance, sell-sufficiency; the interest or affection entertained for other objects from considering them as belonging to, or connected, with one's self, affection.

नमसायुक्त adj. Selfish. s. m. A miser, a niggard.

समियासुर s.m. Husband or wife's maternal uncle. [nal aunt. समियासाइ s. f. Husband or wife's mater-सदेश adj. Relating to the maternal uncle; as, Mameri bhai, Mother's brother's son, cousin. Mameri bahia, Mother' brother's daughter.

मनीष्ट्रा s. m. Twist ; ache, pain, (particularly, in the bowels).

संघ (in comp.) Composed of, chiefly; consisting or made of.

नयना s. f. A bird, a kind of jay (Coracias Indica).

सवा s.f. Kindness, pity, sympathy, compassion, mercy, feeling, affection. सवी s.f. A harrow; a ladder.

नयूच s.m. The pin or gnomon of a sun-dial.

सब्द s.m. A peacock; a flower, the coxcomb (Celosia cristata); a plant (Achyranthes aspers).

मयूराइ s. f. Coxcomb (Gelosia cristata). मयूराइ s. m. A chameleon, a lizard.

सब्रो s. f. A peahen,

भरक s. m. Epidemic or pestilential disease.

न्रक्षण s. m. The ridge of a house. न्रकट s. m. A monkey, an ape.

भ्राप्त s. m. An emerald. भ्राप्त (lit. having died,) adv. With

difficulty.

नरवार | ody Addicted to beating नरवार | striking, or butting (a man नरवारा) or onimal), नरवारा v. n. To die, बद्बल adj. Fried (fish).

HITE s. m. The place where Hindus

म रजाना v. n. To die.

सरकाया 8. m. A. diver.

मरण :. f. Death, dying.

मरद्राम्या s. m. pl. Attendants whose business it is to rub oil, perfumed paste, &c. over the body.

TAME v. n. To dic, expire, cease; (met.) to dosire vehemently, to set one's heart upon any thing, to dote, s. m. Dying.

[ated. Rotten, fermented, macer-

न्याच adj. Rotten, fermented, macer-न्याचना v. n. To suffer pain or sorrow; to labour excessively.

सरभूबा adj. Starved to death, greedy, voracious, ravenous. स्रम s. m. Secret meaning or purpose, a secret, any thing hidden or re-

सरमर s. m. Sound made by treading upon dry leaves, &c.

मरम्रामा v. a. To creak as a new shoe

मररहना v. u. To be dead ; to be deeply in love.

सद्याना v. a. To cause to be beaten, to cause to be killed.

सरपा s. m. A pot-herb (Amaranthus oleraceus).

बर्दहा s. m. A Marhatta.

Piter s. m. A sort of goose with red legs and bill, or perhaps the Flamingo; a duck.

मृद्धि s. f. Pepper.

condite.

मरियल adj. Lean, emaciated, much reduced by sickness.

मरी s.f. The plague.

सरीच s, f. Pepper (Piper nigrum). सरीच s. f. A ray of light a sun-beam.

s. m. A saint, the son of Brahma,

and one of the Prajapalis, and Brahmadikas, or first created beings and sovereigns of the world; a niggard, a miser.

सरीविका e. f. The mirage, vapour which in hot and sandy countries especially appears at a distance like a sheet of water.

सद s. m, A region or soil destitute of waters, sands, a desert; the province of Marrows.

मर्चा s. m. A strong-scented plant (Artemisia valgaris) ; Ocymun pilosum. मर्चा s. m. The province of Marwar.

मदस्य s. m. A desert, a dry and desert tract. adj. Barren, dry, without water, desert.

मरोष्ट्र s. f. Twist, flexion, turn, writhe, convolution, contortion. Maror-baz, An affected person.

स्रोड्ना v. a. To twist, writhe, contort, distort, gripe, yearn.

सरीड्याकी s. f. A plant (Helicteres isoro), the fruit of which is used in medicine.

मरोड़ा s. m. A twisting of the bowels, pain in the bowels, flux, gripes.

मरीको s.f. Twisting, writhing.

स्रोधि s. m. The Mskar, a marine monster, apparently the Monodon or Unicorn, and usually confounded with the crocodile or shark.

नरीष s.f. Affection, kindness, humanity, pity.

मरीको adj. Affectionate.

मर्केट s.m. A. monkey-orape.

सकेटी s. f. A small or female monkey. सकटेन्द्र s. m. A sort of abony (Diospyros

melanoxylon). सर्भेच्य adj. Mortal, what must or should die.

मना s. m. A man, a morial.

भर्मश्वाक s.m. The carth, the world, the habitation of mortals.

नहेन s. m. Rubbing, anointing, braising, trampling, treading down, grinding.

माइत adj. Rubbed, anointed, &c.

सर्थ s. m. Secret meaning or purpose, n secret, any thing hidden or recondite.

म्क्रें s. m. The rustling sound of cloth on dry leaves.

सर्वारी s.f. A sort of pine (Pinus De-

स्केंच s.m. A learned or intelligent man or Brahman. [man. स्केवेडि s.m. An acute and intelligent

समाद & m. An actuo and interligent संघाद } s. f. Station, rank, dignity, . संगद। f respect, continuance in the right way, propriety of conduct, steadiness, rectitude,

मधादिक adj. Respectable.

For s. m. Excretion of the body, as serum, semen, blood, marrow, urine, faces, car-wax, nails, phlegm, tears, rheum, and sweat; dirt, filth; dreg, sediment; rust.

मलकना v.n. To walk like a chairman, &c. (trotting and raising the shoulders). [bird.

ders). [Dira. मनुद्र s. m. A kind of dervish; a kind of

सखत s. m. A worn rupes or other coin, सलदल s. m. Rubbing, grinding. सल्ब s. m. Rubbing, grinding. &c.

মজনা v. a. To rub, tread on, trample on, anoint.

मल्या s. m. Rubbish.

मुल्लास s.f. Muslin.

सकता ड.ग. An interculary month. सकते द ady. Ruined; decided (in dispute).

Matnet karna, To destroy, raze. Malmet hona, To be rvined, to perish. range, from which the best Sandal wood is brought, answering to the western Ghats in the peninsula of India; the country that lies along the Malaya range, or the west const of the peninsula, Malayalim, or Malaber; one of the minor ducips or divisions of the world.

मन्त्रयञ्ज s. m. Sandal wood,

मनवा s. f. A plant commonly called Teori (Convolrulus turpethum).

मलयागोरी ह. m. The colour of Sandal wood.

मसमाचल s.m. The mountain Malaya.

मलवाई s. f. Price of scouring, rubbing, &c.

मक्दे s.f. Cream.

सनागिर s. m. A mountain or mountainous range, from which the best Sandal wood is brought, answering to the western Ghats in the peninsula of India. [wood. मनागिरों s. m. The colonr of Sandal सनागा v. a. To cause rub, grind, or scour.

THE S. f. A Ragini or musical mode sung during the rains.

with adj. An unclean race, those wild make no distinction between clean and unclean food, a barbarian or one speaking any language but Sanekrit and not subject to the usual Hindu institution.

দৰিল { adj. Dirty, filthy, foul, vile, দৰিলা } bad; foul (hywratively), soiled with orime orvice, sinful, depraved, effenants.f. Filth, impurity; vileness. দৰিলন্ত্ৰ adj. Cruel, fierce, savage;

vile, wicked: निजनी s. f. A woman during menstru-

ation.

দৰিষ্য s. m. A small vessel of wood or of the shell of a cocca-nut, for holding the oil used in unction.

দ্বিত্ত s.m.] edj. Very foul or unদ্বিত্ত s.f. } clean; very wicked.
e.f. A woman during menstruction.
ৰক্ষাৰ edj. Filthy, foul, dirty; sad,
vexed, indisposed, disturbed, troubled.
সম্ভ্ৰ s.m. A kind of worm.

we adj. An unclean race, those who make no distinction between clean and unclean food, a barbarian or one speaking any language but Sanskrit and not subject to the usual Hindu intitutions. [horse).

सबेपंत्र adj. Aged above ten years (a सबेग s. m. Name of a mountain.

सस adj. Strong, stout, athletic, robust. s.m. A wrestler, a boxer by birth, ससस s.f. A palæstrum, or arens, a place for athletic contests; it is also applied to the site of any conflict, as

n field of battle, &c. सञ्चयाता s. f. A match of wrestling or boxing.

सम्बद्ध s. m. Wrestling, boxing.

नजार है.f. One of the Raginis or जजारों divisions of the musical mode Megh sung during the rains,

wifest s. f. Arabian Jasmine (Jasminum zambac).

मज़िनन्दि s. m. Aloe wood.

सङ्ग s. m. A. bear.

सवास s. m. Protection, refuge, asylum, retreat.

सम s. m. A musquito.

স্ক্ৰ s. m. A gnat, a musquito ; r kind of cutaneous cruption, the formation of small pustules or warts; a leather water-bag.

नमस्रो s. f. Musquito curtains, bed curtains of gauze, or of any thin substance, used to keep off masquitoes.

मवरंगी s.f. A kind of pulse fried.

मवी s.f. Ink; the stalk of the Nycianthes tristis.

नर s.f. Silence. Mast marna, To remain silent.

सबस s. m. A gnat. [burst. सबसा v. n. To be torn, split, rent, सबसार v. n. To tear, rend, split, burst. सबस s. m. A medicinal fruit ratsta anthelminitics).

मसविषे s. m. A wart, a fleshy excres cence or swelling.

सदनहाना v. n. To suppress one's sentiments from fear.

अस्तना v. a. To braise, crush, break with the hand.

सस्यो s.f. Curtains (of a bed), musquito curtains.

सदा s. m. A wart, a fleshy excrescence. सदाज s. m. A place where a dead body is burnt or buried, a cemetery. सदाद s. m. An emerald.

मचि s. m. } Ink.

मसिधान 8. m. } An inkstand.

मसी s. f. Ink.

ससीन s.m. A vetch, pulse.

सबीच s.f. Linseed (Linum utilitissimum). सबीच n. prop. Messiah, Christ, the Anointed, the Saviour of the world.

দ্ধীয়াই } adj. Of the Mcssiah. s. m.
দ্বীয়া A follower of Christ, a
Christian.

समृक्षा s. m. The gums (of the teeth). सस्र s.f. A sort of pulse or lentil

(Eroum hirsutum, and Cicer lens).
समृद्धिः
इस्ते } s. f. A kind of small-pox.

สนั s.f. pl. Down, small hairs on the lips before the grows.

मसीना v. a. To twist; to squeeze, wring; to regret, to grieve.

भशीश adj. Twisted ; grieved, afflicted. s. m. Affliction, renown, regret.

सवास s. m. f. The head, the skull; the forehead; the head or top of any thing.

मक्ष s. m. Mast of a ship.

सदा s. m. A wart, a fleshy excrescence. सहना adj. m. Dear, high-priced, expensive.

महंगी s.f. Death, scarcity, famine adj. f.
सहज s.f. Odour, porfame, fragrance.
सहजा v. m. To exhale agreeable smells,
to emit odour, to perfume.

सद्दाना v. a. To exhale (agreeable scent)
to perfume,

सहस्रोता adj. Odoriferous, fragrant, spicy, aromatic.

www s. m. Diffusive fragrance.

सद्दत adj. Great, glorious, large, bulky; excellent, illustrious. s. f. Greatness, grandeur, dignity.

स रही s. m. A person employed by the land-holder to collect the rent from a village, a land bailiff.

महतारो s. f. A mother. [rank.

মন্তন s. m. Greatness, either in bulk or মহবাৰৰ adj. Dependent upon or attached to the great.

सहसा v. s. To churn.

महत्त s.m. A monk, an abbot, prior, a religious superior, a chief of the fakirs.

नइनाई s. f. The business of a Mahant. भाषर s. m. A chief. s. f. A woman, wife, female.

stati s. m. A palki-bearer.

watth s.f. The business, of a palkibearer; a kind of song among the cowherds.

HER s.f. A woman.

संशोध s, m. A division of the universe : a region said to be one crore of yojans above the polar star, and to be the abode of those saints who survive a destruction of the world. [rum, 478 star. A cunuch employed in a Hatter of Great, illustrious; very, extremely.

भड़ाबाद s. m. Garlic; a very large esculent root, a sort of vam.

मशासाय adj. Large, bulky, stout.

FRIME s. m. A name or rather a from of Shiv, in his character of the destroying deity, being then represented of a black colour, and of aspect more or less terrific. Shiv or Makskal may be considered as a personification of time that destroys all things.

महाकाली s.f. The wife of the preceding deity, and a terrific form of Durga.

महाकल adj. Eminent by birth, of good family or extraction.

महाकुलीन adj. Of good family.

महाकृष s. m. A large or deep well, महाकृष adj. Of a good family.

महाकोंड़ s. m. A species of leprosy. (great leprosy), perhaps the elephantiesis.

নত্বাৰ s. m. A banker, moneydealer, merchant; a good or trust-worthy person. [interest.

নত্বাসৰী s. f. The business of a Mahajan ; নত্বাসাৰ adj. Very wise.

महाज्ञाच s. m. A. seinc.

নয়াত্তীৰ s. m, A large and splendid sort of sedan or palki.

नषातम s. m. Greatness, grandeur, rank, dignity; the benefit supposed to be derived from any good work.

मध्रतमग्रमा s. f. The lowermost division of Narak or hell.

नदानज s. m. The fifth in descent of the seven patals or regions under the earth, said to be inhabited by various races of evil beings, as the Nags, Asurs, Dyts, &c.

नशासित adj. Very bittor. a. n. The large Ninb tree (Melia sempervirens), गश्सीय adj. Very sharp (as favour), or literally (as a vespon) or figuratively (as perception देंc.),

नहातेजा adj. Very bright; very energetic or vigorous.

नदात्रा adj. Liberal, lefty-minded, magnanimous.

শহাছৰ s. m. An elephant with large tusks; an elephant's tusk.

सक्षादेव s. m. Shiv, one of the principal Hindu gods.

भहाभातु 8. m. Gold.

सद्दानच s. m. Eternal emancipation or beatitude.

-সন্থাদকে s. m. One of the hells or divisions of Tartarus,

अष्टानिहा s. f. Death, dying. अष्टानिष्य s. m. A large ki

संशानिक s. m. A large kind of Nimb tree Melia sempervirens),

भड़ाचिमा s. f. Midnight.

नहानीस s. m. The emerald.

सहामुक्तात adj. Magnanimons, liberal. सहाभूची s. f. An owl.

नषाय s. m. The principal path or entrance to a town or house, &c., a main road, a highway; the end of life, the way of all flesh,

समापातम a. m. A crime of the highest degree, as, killing a Brahman, stealing gold from a priest, drinking spirits, adultery with the wife of a spiritual teacher, and associating with persons who have committed these offences; great crime in general.

महापादकी s. m. An offender in the highest degree.

ous crime or sin in general.

नदापापी Atrocious, great sinner.

লয়াঘানক s. m. A religious mendicant. নয়ামুম্ম s. m. A great man, a holy man. নহামুম্ম s. f. A flower (Clitoria ternatea). নহামুম্ম s. m. A holy man, a saint; a

king.

***HITMS s. m. A destruction of the
world said to occur after every period
of 4,830,000,000 years; a total
destruction of the universe happening after a period commensurate
with the life of Brahma, or 100
years, each day of which is equal to
the period first stated, and each
night of which is of similar duration;
at the expiration of this term, the
seven, Loks, with the saints, gods,
and Brahma himself, are said to be
annihilated.

नदानपाद s.m. The meat which is offered to the deity (especially to Jaggunnath) and afterwards distributed. सहायको adı. Very powerful.

পছাৰাক্সত s. m. A priest who officiates at funeral ceremonies; and is first fed after the mourning for a dead person.

महाभाग adj. Virtuous in a high degree, pure, holy; eminent, exalted.

महामागल s.f. Possession of the eight cardinal virtues, clemency, &c. exalted station or merit.

Vyas-dev, containing an account of the dissensions and wars of the Kurus and Pandus, two great collateral branches of the house of Bharst, so called from Bharst its founder; great war of the descendants of Bharat.

बदालीत adj. Very timid, pusillanimous, cowardly.

बहाभीता s. f. A sort of sensitive plant (Mimosa pudica):

numing s.m. Human fleshi. (one who takes money on giving his daughter in marriage is said to sell mahamans, human flesh).

नहानाया s.f. Durge ; worldly illusion or unreality.

नहामाय s. nv. A kind of been Dolichos catjong). [ruby.

नशास्त्र adj. Costly, precious. s. m. A नशास्त्र s. m. The coral tree (Erythrina Indica); a drug, classed amongst the principal drugs, and described as a tonic, and stimulant.

strates, m. An essential sacrifice, a sacrament of the Hindu religion; five acts are enumerated of this description, severally considered as due to the Veds, to the gods, to man, to the manes, and to all created beings; they are respectively, study of scripture offering of sacrifice to gods, hospitable-treatment of guests, libation of water, &c., to deceased progenitors, and the casting of food on the ground or in water as an offering to the gods, te spirits, &c.

नदावल s. m. A great mechanical work, as a lock or dyke.

सदायका odj. Illustrious, celebrated.

नहाद्वन s.m. A great Jug; the aggregate of the four ages, or a period of four million, three hundred and twenty thousand years.

नद्वाराज s. m. A soverign, an emperor; great king, excellency.

लहाराजा s.m. A Hindu emperor. नहाराजाधिकाज s.m. A paramount sovereign, an emperor, मशाराज s. m. Midnight.

महारानी s. f. An empress.

सराज्य s. m. God, the supreme Being; a place of refuge, a sanctuary, anasylum:

महासोड s. m. The loadstone.

লয়াৰত s. m. Rain which falls in themonth of the Magh. Keeper. নয়াৰত s. m. An elephant driver or

सञ्ज्ञ s. m. A large forest.

महावर s. m. Lac, the red animal die so called extracted from lac insects.

सङ्गविष-s. m. A small venomous, snake, supposed to be two-headed.

सप्रविष्य s. m. The Sankranti or moment of the sun's entering Aries the vernal equinox, but varying several days from the European computation.

सङ्गरीच s. f. One of the divisions of Tartarus.

HEIRE'S. m. A thousand millions.

नकाम्य adj. Magnanimous, liberal muni-

मदासल adj. Good, virtuous, just.

naturages s. m. A sort of penance; subsisting for six successively day respectively, on cow's urine, cowdung, milk, curds, ghi, and water lawhich Kusa grass has been boiled, and fasting on the seventh days; instead of one day some authorities assign a period of three days to each, considering the first as the common Suntapan penance; others omit the two last periods, making it last fifteen days.

मदासाइस s. m. Excessive violence, brutal assault.

सहासका s. m. Copulation.

महासूक adj. Subtile, fine, minute,

महाहास s. m. d. horse-laugh.

महिमा s. f. Greatness in general, literal or figurative.

महिष 8. m. A buffalo.

महिवाच s. m. A plant, supposed to be the Bdellium tree.

महिषो s. f. A female buffalo.

पड़ी s.f. The earth; a river, the Mahi which rises in the province of Malwa, and after pursuing a westerly course of about 280 miles, falls into the upper part of the gulph of Cambay.

महोदल s. m. The surface of the earth. महोना s. m. A month; monthly pay. Mahina charhna, To be in arrears. Mahina-dar, A monthly servant.

महीय महीयति महीयति

महीमय adj. Earthen, made of earth or clay.

महोदह s. m. A tree.

महीलता s. f. An earth-worm.

ৰম্মা s.m. Name of a tree Cassis
unit latifolis) bearing flowers
which are sweet, and from which a
spiritous liquor is distilled. The nuts
afford an oil used instead of butter.

महरत है s. m. A division of time, महर्च है equal to 12 kshans or 48 minutes.

মন্ত্র s. m. Indra, the ruler of swargs; a gauge of mountains, one of the seven principal chains in Bharat Varsha or Iudia, and apparently the northern part of the Ghats of the peninsula.

मध्य s. m. A dish, consisting of rice मध्ये s. f. or other grain, boiled in some milk,

महेला s.f. A food given to horses, consisting of boiled kidney beans (Phaseolus max), a mash.

मर्डम } s. m. Shiv.

নত্বীত s. m. A large bull or ox.

महीबा s. m. A bird (Cuculus castaneus). महीबार s. m. A great festival.

महोब्राइ adj. Persevering, diligent, making strenuous and unremitting exer-

tion. s. m. Diligence, effort, exertion.
महोद्य s. m. Kanous, the ancient city and district; final beatitude, emancipation from vitality and absorption into the divine essence, prosperity,

elevation, eminence. महोदार adj. Mighty, powerful.

नहीवन alj. Diligent, persevering, making strenuous and unremitting effort s. m. Great effort, energy, exertion.

महोसा ३. m. A frickle.

महोषध s. m. Garlic; a plant (Betula); long-pepper.

संशोषिष s. f. A sort of grass, commonly called Dub; a kind of sensitive plant (Mimosa pudica).

महीवधी s. f. Dry ginger; a potherb (Hingsta renens).

मधी s. m. Buttermilk,

निकाड, f. A bee.

मा s. f. Mother; a name of Lachhmi. मार्द s. f. Mother,

मार्च s. f. Aunt.

मा postpos. In. s. f. Mother.

सांग s.f. A line on the top of the head where the hair is parted; a betrothed damsel; prow; division. Mang ni-kaina, To divide the hair in a straight line on the top of the head.

मांगिषकानी s.f. Name of a bird.

मागदेना v. a. To borrow for another, to ask for and give.

भागना v. a. To ask for, require, demand, beg, pray, crave, solicit, want, desire

seek, betroth, will, Many tany karna, To ask for. [riage. मागभी s.f. Asking or betrothing in mar-सांगतीना o. a To borrow.

मांगी s. f. A loan, what is borrowed. part Betrothed (a woman).

माख s. m. Pus. matter, serum.

भाजना v. a. To scour, scrub, clean.

Fire s. m. The middle, in the middle. in : a Ragini or musical mode; a kind of verse, Manihdhar, s f. The midstream.

मामत s. f. State, dignity.

with s. m. A paste mixed with pounded glass, and applied to the string of a kite, to cut that of another with; a feast given by a bridegroom previous to 'the wedding; the trunk of a tree. मांभो s. m. Master of a vessel, a boatman, sailor, steersman, helmsman. मांड s. m. Rice-water, rice-gruel, starch,

paste. मोद्धना v. a. To rub. tread or trample down ; to knead ; to make, stir, excite commit, perpetrate, produce; to starch. •

मांदा s. m. Film, speck (on the eye); a kind of bread.

मांन्ही s. f. Starch (made of rice flour), मंदा s. m. A temporary building, an open shed or hall, adorned with flowers and erected on festive occasions, as at marriages, &c.

मांद s. f. Faded, a dull colour ; a dunghill; the den of a wild beast.

कांस s. m. Flesh, meat.

मानी s. f. Indian spikenard (Valeriana jatamansi).

मासम adj. Eating flesh, carnivorous. नाकद s. m. The mango.

माबन्दी s. f. Emblic myrobalan.

माखन s.m. Butter.

HING adj Belonging to, or produced in the province of Magadh or south Behan s. m. A bard, a minstrel, whose duty it is to recite the praises of sovereigns, their genealogy, and the deeds of their ancestors, in their presence, and to attend on the march of an army, and animate the soldiers by martial songs. The minstrel forms a particular caste, said to spring from a Vysa father and Kshatri mother ; in mythology they are said ito have been created at once by the will of Shiv. Under the name of Bhats. they are still numerous in the west of India, where they are a priviledged tribe.

कागधा s. m. pl. The inhabitants or people of Magadh.

कामधी s.f. A kind of jasmine (Jasminum auriculatum) ; long-pepper (Piperlongum); a sort of Cardamoms grown in Guzerat; a dialect of Sanskrit, one of the principal forms of Prakrita, and nearly the same as that used in the sacred books of the Bhoudhis and Jyns.

मागना v. a. To ask for

माच s. m. One of the months of the Hindu year (January-February). बाची s. f. A potherb (Hingsta repens).

माञ्चलिक adj. Propitious, tending to good fortune.

बाइण्ड s. m. Welfare, propitiousness. माचा s. m. A large bedstead or platform ; a frame or stage on which they sit to drive away birds, &c. from corn fields. Machator, adj. A lazy person who never stirs from his bed; a kind of soldier among the Rajputs very indolent and much addicted to opium. but active and brave when roused.

सारी s.f. A harrow; a small bodstead, 1 भाषीम s. m. Name of a country, China. Trats. m. A mosquito. माकी s. f. A fly.

माजाई f.) adj. Born of the same मात्राया 📶 🕽 mother.

भाज्यल s.m. A gall-nut. WINTER S. f. Mid-stream.

माजिष्ठ m. } adj. Of a red colour.

माटी s. f. Earth.

भारा s. m. Buttermilk, adj. Perverse. lazy, obstinate.

wis s. m. A buffoon (a term of reproach) म: खनी s. f. Paste.

माखिया adj. Lean, thin.

काषद s. m. A child; a man (in a contemptuous sense), a manikin. .

सायास s. m. A child, a boy not exceeding sixteen years of age, a manikin. माचिका s.m. A ruby.

भाग s. f. Accent, vowel, mother.

चातक s. m. An elephant.

सातना v. n. To be intoxicated.

भाग s.f. Mother; the small pox. adj. Drunk, intoxicated.

साताचित m. du. Mother and father. बाताबह s. m. A maternal grandfather. सातासही s. f. A maternal grandmother.

चातुच s. m. A maternal uncle. मातुलपुदक s. m. The son of a maternal uncle.

s. f. The wife of a maternal uncle, &c. मातली

चार s. f. A mother.

माद्यानम s. m. A matricide.

षात adv. Only, so'ely, (exclusive and identical, the very thing). .

wina adj. Mere, only, solely.

wiai s.f. A vowel (point or Symbol); a dose, imangredient,

मासर adj. Envious, or impatient of anothe's prosperity.

म अप्ये s. m. Envy, malice.

कादा s. m. The forehead; prow; the ridge of a thatch. Matha thanakner (lit. ringing or throbbing of the forehead), implies a presentiment of the! conclusion, from certain marks observed in the commencement of air affair: and it is generally understood to indicate an unfortunate termination. Matha ragarna (lit. to rub the forehead viz. on the ground), To implore humbly (of the deity, a saint, or s king). Mathe parcharhna, v. a. Totyrannise, to oppress.

काषोत्तेका v.a. To make even (particularly a thatch).

सावर s. m. An inhabitant of Mathura (Muttra); a caste of Kayasthas, also of Brahmans.

बादक adj. Intoxicating.

भारकता s.f. Intoxicating.

माधनी s.f. A large creeper (Gærtneræ racemosa).

माध्ये s. m. Sweetness of flavorr or disposition. fish.

माधी s.f. Spirituous liquor ; a sort of माध्वीब s. m. Spirituous liquor, distilled from the blossoms of the Bassia latifolia ; wine, spirit distilled from grapes.

WIT s. m. Character, dignity, honor. respect; arrogance, haughtiness. pride ; blandishment ; measure in general, whether of weight, lenght or capacity. adj. Like. Man-guman. s. m. Dignity, state, . honour, Mangoan, Respect.

जान adv. Suppose, grant,

जानक s. m. A plant, of which the root is sometimes eaten (Arum indicum). WINNI 4. f. Vow, promise. साननीय adi. To be respected or revered.

wiwis. m. A man, man; a boy. सामवत् s. m. ddj. Proud, haughty, सामवत् s. f. high-spirited.

मानविक्ति *३. ण.* १ मानविकता *३. र्र.* \$ adi. Humble, lowly. मानवी s. f. A woman.

आवस adi. Montal, s. m. The mind, the seat or faculty of reason and feeling, the lake Manas or Manasarowara in the Himalana mountains.

सानमुख s. m. Thoughtfulness.

कामसन्दान s. m. Welcome.

भागक adv. Suppose, grant, as if like, resembling.

आतिक 8. m. A kind of gem, ruby, Lid ka mani, A horse.

ৰাণিৰলীত s.m. A bird (Ardea leucocephala).

चानिता s. f. Pride, dignity.

आमिनी adi. Proud, arrogant, haughty. मानी s. m. A man.

भावप s. m. A man.

चानुषी s. f. A woman.

बानुष s. m. Manhood, manliness, humanity, the state or quality of a man or mortal.

चानी adv. Suppose, grant, as if, as. s. m. A cat.

भाषा v. a. To respect, regard, mind, attend to, observe, obey, heed, believe, accept, acknowledge, receive, experience, agree, allow, accede, assent, confess consent, grant, admit. take, assume, trust, yield, submit. suppose, own, permit, to be set on Bura manna, To take amiss, to take as an affront, Bhala manna. To take in good part,

मान्य adj. Respectable, venerable. भाप s. m. Measure.

मापन s. m. Measure, measuring.

मापना v. a To measure, Mara shorba our gipi daliyan, is applied to express scarcity of provision, also penurious economy.

मानाप s. m. Parents.

मामक adj. Selfish. s.m. A miser, a niggard.

मामा s. m. A maternal uncle.

मामी s. f. An aunt, maternal unele's

मामीफीना v. a. To shew partiality.

माम s. m. An uncle, mother's brother; a snake. (Phrase used at night when it is deemed unlucky to call a serpent by its proper name).

WIST s. f. Kindness, pity, sympathy, compassion, mercy, feeling, affection; fraud, trick, deceit, illusion : philosophical illusion, idealism, unreality of all worldly existence. Mayapatra, adj. Rich, opulent, wealthy.

सायापट adj. Delusive, expert in deceiving.

भावाभव adj. Illusive, deceptive.

भागावी s. m. A juggler, a conjurer.

माविक adj. Illusory, deceptive,

भार s. f. Beating : battle : a blow : (in comp.) killing, killer. Mar kutsi, s. f. Beating and bruising. Mar khani, To get a drubbing. Mar girana, To knock down, Mar dana, To kill, smite. Mar dena, To smite, to beat. Mardhar, s. f. Thumping and beating severely. Mar parna, To be beaten, Mar pit, s. f. Beating and bruising, drubbing, Mar marna, To commit suicide; to fall in battle after killing some of the enemy. Mar laha, To rob, to take by robery. Mar lena, To smite, overcome, conquer, Mar sakna, To be alle to beat. and drive back. Mar harna, To beat severely. .

wit } s. m. Plague, pestilence, epide-मारक mic.

with adi. Emerald, of the colour of an emerald.

भारत s. m. A road, path, way ; the anus. मार्च s.m. Killing, slaughter, Maranhara, s. m. Smiter, slayer.

भारता v. a. To smite, strike, hit, kill, slay, beat, bang, drive, shoot, punish, mortify, cast, mar, blight, blast, spoil, ruin, conquer, crack, destroy, break, fine, take, set, smother, stamp, sting, stop, calm, throw, toss, quench, run. s. m. Striking, &c.

बारवा } s.m. A musical mode.

मारा adj. Beaten, smitten, slain ; foundered or overturned (a boat, &c.) s. m. A victim. Mara parna. To be killed or slain. Mara mara phirna, To wander. Mara mari, Mutual beating, scuffle, fray, bickering, broil,

आराजाना v. n. To be slain; to be overcome; to be overturned or sunk (a boat, &c.) ; to be cut off (a caravan, detachment, &c.).

witime adj. Murderous.

Wifen odj. Killed, slain.

मारी s. f. Plague, epidemic.

WIE s.m. A warlike musical instrument, a kettledrum. adj. (in comp.) Smiting, striking ; striker, killer,

wit subst. mas. inflect. (By) reason, (on) account, (for) the sake, for.

सान s. m. A road, path, way; search, seeking, inquiry; the anus.

मार्गिद्र s. m. The month Ayrohayana (November-December).

Mar halana, To overcome, to beat | मार्जन s. m. Cleaning, clornsing, wiping: cleaning the person, by wiping, bathing, or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents : sprinkling with water for purification before the performance of religious ceremonies.

साजीर s. m. The common eat; the wife s. m. Wrestler, boxer, prize-

fighter. s. f. A necklace, a garland. बालकक्षमी s.f. Celastrus (Staff tree). सालका s.f. A garland.

माजनोस s. m. A musical mode.

मासती s. f. Great-flowered jasmine (Jasminum grandiflorum): a bud, blossom; a flower (Bignonia suaveolens); a shrub (Echiets caryophyllata); a creeper (Gærtnera race-[pancake. mosa).

बालपुषा s. m. A kind of sweetmeat, a सास्त्र s. m. The province of Malus or, m. pl. The people of that province. मालसो s.f. A Rágini or musical mode. माला s. f. A garland, a necklace, a string or wreath of flowers; a chaplet of flowers; a string of beads, a Hindu rosary : a book.

बालाबार s. m. A flower-seller, a florist, a gardener.

कालाफन s. m. The seed of the Eleocarpus, of which common rosaries are made.

मालिन) s. f. The wife a flower-gather-साहिनी er, or a female vender of garlands, &c.

माली s. m. A florist, a gatherer and vender of flowers, a gardner.

काल्ल s.m. A garland, a wreath; a chaplet, a garland for the forehead.

कारवाद } s.m. A mountainous range, described as one of the माल्यान् 🕽 smaller mountains of India proper; lying eastward of mount Meru.

with s.f. The conjunction of the sun and moon, the change of the moon. with s.f. Substance; starch; the yolk of an egg; leaven; milk inspissated by boiling.

भाष s. m. A sort of vetch or kidneybean (Phoseolus max, or, -- radiatus). भाषपची s. f. A sort of leguminous shrub (Glucine debilis).

WHI s. m. A joweller's or goldsmith's weight, variously reckoned at five, eight or ten ratis or seeds of the Abrus precatorius: the weight in common use is about seventeen grains troy.

भास s. m. The month, a month, the twelfth part of the Hindu year, it is usually a lunar one, consisting of thirty Tihis but it may be a Soura or solar month, being equal to the sun's passage through a sign of the zodiac; there is also a Sawan month, consisting of thirty risings and setting of the sun; a Nakshatra month, or month regulated by the lunar asterisms: and a fifth description of month called Varhaspatyah, depending on the motions of the planet Jupiter: the lunar month also being of two kinds, as reckoned from the new or from the full moon, completes six different modes of monthly computation.

WIE s. m. Flesh, meat.

मासकार s. m. The last day of a month. मोसन s. m. A medicinal seed (Serratula anthelmintica).

बासा s. m. A small weight consisting of eight rattis.

सामाल s. m. Day of new-moon. साहित adj. Monthly, relating or lelonging to a month; payable in a month (a debt, &c.); hired by the month (a servant); lasting for a month; happening or occurring at the end of a month, what will occur a month hence, &c. s. m. A particular Shradh, or obsequial sacrifice performed every day of new moon.

[aunt, will s.f., Mother's siter, maternal]

সাধীন adj. Of a month, a month old. মাহাজুল adj. Of a respectable family. মাহাজনিক adj. Fit for or suitable to great persons.

साशासिक adj. Glorious, majestic; magnanimous; of great sanctity or honour.

HIGHL S. m. Majesty, greatness, might the peculiar efficacy or virtue of any divinity or sacred shrine. &c.: a work. giving an account of the merita of any holy place or object,

माहाराजित adj. Imperial, royal, fit for

wife adv. In.

माइ६ s. m. Loison.

মাজ a.m. A kind of Scolopendra or julus which is said to get into the brain through the ears, and by its bite to occasion excessive pain and even death.

सिंह s. m, Rain.

भिक्षनी अ.f. Goat's or ship's dung.

श्चित्रकारना v. a. To rinse.

furgi v. n. To shut, to close.

स्विदाना v. a. To eat without an appe tite. Michar-michar karna, Eating without an appetite.

भिन्नोत्तना v. a. To shut or cover the eye. सिटना v. n. To be effaced, to expire.

বিরাম্থ, a. To efface, erase; obliterate, blot out, abrogato, abolish. বিবিয়া s.f. An earthen pot.

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Fuft s.f. Earth. Milli pskarns, To bite the ground; to be overcome or overturned; to be perverse or obstinate, to resist. Milli dens, To bury. Matti par larns, To dispute about land, Milli dans, To conceal the crime or fault of another. Matti karns, To ruin or destroy. Matti men milns, To be ruined or disgraced. Matti khans, To at flesh. Matti hans, To become weak or faint, to be ruined. fuzi s. m. A kiss. adj. Sweet; slow.

चिडरी s.f. A sort of sweetment,

ਚਿਣਾਏ 's. f. A sweetmeat; sweetness.

बिटाच s. m. Sweetness.

fun adj. Measured.

measured speech. भिनामन adj. Abstemions, moderate in

diet, eating little and sparingly.
जिल्ला क. f. Measuring, measure; proof,
evidence.

चित्री s. f. Date; interest,

चित्रता है s.f. Friendship, friendliness.

निवद्द 's. m. A false or treacherous friend.

निवसें इ. m. Breach of friendship.

fraulw s. m. Aquirement of a friend or friendship, forming friendship, &c.

नियम् adv. Mutually, reciprocally.

faur s. m. A couple, a pair, a brace, male and female; copulation; union, junction. s. m. The sign of the zodiac Gemni.

निष्योक्षाव s. m. Amorous inclination. निष्या adv. Falsely, untruly. adj. False, counterfeit.

নিজাতার adj. Acting falsely নিজাতি s. f. Denial of future existence, atheism, heresy.

দিআগরিত adj. Treacherous, guilty of a breach of promise.

भिष्यामित s.f. Error, ignorance, mistake. निष्यानादी adj. Lying, a liar.

লিনী s.f. An apology, submission, solicitation.

নিমা s. m. Sir lan address expressive of kindness, master. Miyan admi, A respectable person.

भिनी s. f. The epilepsy.

দিন্ধি: s. m. One afflicted with the epilepsy, one epileptic.

[ma s. f. The pepper Gol mirch, Blackpepper. Lal-mirch, Capsicam or red pepper.

নিৰা) s. m. Chili pepper (Capsicum funts) frutescens).

भिषा adj. False, lying, untrae.

free s. f. A kind of drum, a tabour.

(A kind of long drum, much longer
than the dhol and broader at the middle than at either end).

निर्देशिया s.m. A benter of the mir-निर्देशी dung, a tabourer.

fruits. m. An officer employed by government in villages, an overseer, excessman.

free e.m. Mixing with, being in contact with, associating with, &c.; agreement; encountering, meeting; to meet, to mix, &c.

FRONTER adj: Civil, affable, sociable, friendly, familiar, intimate, convivial.

Mitansari, e.f. Sociableness, friendliness, affability, civility, concord, agreement.

FRENT v. n. To be mixed or confounded, to blend, meet, join, to be met with, to attain, occour, to be got. to associate, agree, accord, fit, tally, suit, to be nuited, to become connect(515)

ed (with), to coalesce, correspond Milita julia, or Milita julia, To meet cordially, to have unrestricted intercourse. Milita hilta, v. n. To act together, to coalesce, to be together, to join. Milit julic rained, To live together in harmony.

দিববাৰা v. a. To cause to mix, &c.
দিবাৰা v. a. To mix, to blend; to cause
to meet, to join, attach, connect, adjust, accord, fit, unite, apply, introduce, coment, close, compare, reconcile, assimilate, agree, find, get, meet,
visit.

frame s. m. Agreement, reconciliation, accommodation, mixing, coalescence, combination, union, concord, understanding, adjustment, pacification, visit, meeting.

निवापी adj. Civil, affable, sociable, friendly, familiar, intimate, convivial.

নিবাৰ s. m. Mixture, mixing, accord, unison, assimilation.

দিভিন adj. Mixed, united, combined or connected with; found, met with, encountered.

निमो s.f. A sort of fennel (Anethum panmorium); Indian spikenard; commonanise.

Fix adj. Mixed. mingled, blended. s. m. Mixing, mixture, a title of Brokinans, who were trought to India from Sd-ka-dwip by Krishna in order to cure leprosy of his son Sambak; also a title of some Brakmans from Mithila fc.; a Hindu physician; a respectable person.

नियण s. m. Mixing uniting ; (in Arith-

fulan adj. Respected, respectable; mixed, mingled; added. নিয়া ৈ . m. Fraud, trick, deception; নিয়া pretence, sham, stratagem; envy.

विभी s. f. Spikenard (Valerisna Jatamansi); a sort of fennel (Ansthumpannorium, &c.)

five adj. Sweet, sugary.

বিহার s. m. Sauce, gravy, seasoning, a mixture of sugar and acids, &c. eaten with bread or rice.

विश्वना v. n. To be ground, to be pulve-

[will s. f. A sort of fennel (Anethumpannorium); another kind (A. sowa); spikenard (Vateriona Jatsmasi); se sort of lovage (Liqueticum ajvosen); common anise (Pimvinella anisum).

দিল্লী ৈ s. f. A powder (made of দিল্লী) vitriol, &c.) with which the teeth are tinged of a black colour. adj.
f. Made of vetches. Missi-dan, A box of gold, silver or other metal for holding misi.

বিশ্ববী ঠ s. f. A plant from the leaves বিহুণী ঠ of which a red die is prepareed, with which the natives stain their hands and feet (Lawsonia inermis).

বিষ্ণা s. m. Sarcasm. Mihna phenkna, To sneer.

विष्ण है। m. A man who appears in thehabit of a woman.

सिहराद } सिहरिया है s.f. A woman:

भिष्ठाना v. n. To grow damp. मिष्ठानी ह. f. A churn.

मीको s.f. Marrow.

मीं जना v. a. To rub, sconr.

मीच s.f. Death.

मीचना है v. c. To close the eyes, shut, मीखना है wink.

मोजना v. a. To rub with the hands.

मीजू s. m. Lentil.

লীতা ady. Sweet; slow. s. m. A very active vegetable poison; name of a fruit; a kiss.

मोडिया s. m. } A kiss.

भौषा s. f. A caste of Hindus professed-

ly thieves.

नीत s. m. A friend, a lover; d cup. नीतन s. f. A female namesake or friend.

भोता s. m. A namesake; a pitcher; a porriuger, a cup.

দীৰ s. m. A fish; the sign of the zodiac Pices; the name of the first incarnation of Vishnu.

मीनरहा s. m. A kingfisher.

मोना s. m. A caste of Hindus professedly thieves.

मीन। घासी इ. m. A crane; a fisherman. मीनास्त्र इ. m. Fish-spawn, roe. milt.

मोमासक s. m. A follower of the Mimansa philosophy.

भौनांचा s. f. One of the philosophical systems of the Hindus, or rather a twofold system, the two parts of which form two of the six Dursans or schools of philosophy; the first part, the Purv Mimánsa, or Mimánsa simply, originates with the Muni Jaymini, and illustrate the Karma kanda of the Veds, or the practical part (the ritual) of religion and devotion, including also moral and legal obligations. The second part, or uttara Minánsa, ascribed to Vyas, is the same as the Vedant, founded on the Jnan kamil or the theological portion of the Veds, and treating of the spiritual worship of the Sup-. reme Being or soul of the universe, मीनियाणा v. n. To bleat (a kid).

नीक्षण s. m. Twinkling, blinking, winking. मीबा s.f. The worm of the intestines, Ascarides, &c.

मीकी s. f. A kind of leather, chamois. भीसना v. a. To swind, pulverize, tweet

भीषना v. a. To grind, pulverize, tweak, twitch, rumple, crumple.

** s. m. Mouth, face, countenance, presence, aspect, orifice; respect, complaisance; (met.) power, fi ness, qualification, pretence, ability.

संहताल s. m. f. The mouth-piece of a

सक्तरका v. a. To denv.

Hand s.f. A kind of short poem of frequent use in the Breja dialect, the peculiarties of which are these. It consists of four lines, each composed of four trochees. In the three first, the speaker, a female, appers to takk of her lover: but on the question being put by a friend, applies the whole to some other object. Hence name from mukara, To deny.

सुकुट s. m. A crown, crest, diadem. सुकुद s. m. Gum elibanum ;-a precious gem ; quicksilver.

सुक्रर s. m. A mirror.

सुक्त s. m. An opening bad,

सुन्नाधित adj. Hulf-closed (as a bud); half-shut (as the eye), blinking, winking.

सुका s. m. \ A thump, a blow with the सुक्ती s. f. \ fist, buffet.

qm adj. Roleased, liberated, loosed, let, go; liberated from corporal existence, finally kappy s. m. The spirit released from mundane existence, and re-integrated with its divine original.

qw s.f. A pearl. s.f. Release, pardon, absolution from fin, salvation, deliverance of the soul from the body and exemption from further trans-

micration, adi. Released, absolved, feed from corporal existence, finally happy.

सूत्र

सुका । सुकाफल } s. m. A pearl.

सत्ता adj. Much, many.

सकारती s.f. pearl necklace.

Him s. of. Final beatitude, the delivery of the soul from the body and exemption from further transmigration; the (imaginary) reabsorption of the emancipated spirit into its great primary source, identification (according to Hindu ideas) with God : liberation, setting or becoming free or loose.

He s. m. The mouth, the face. odj. First, initial; chief. pre-eminent, principal.

Hugen s. m. A monthful.

सुवाधि s. m. Fire put into the mouth of the corpse at the time of lighting the funeral pile; a sacrificial or consecrated fire.

nfwui ady. Chief, primary principal.

संख्या s. f. Pre-eminence, being best or chief.

HALT s. m. A mallet; a club used to exercise with in the manner of dumbbells.

any adj. Lovely, beautiful: stupid. ignorant, an idiot, a feel; simple.

great s. f. Loveliness; ignorance, studdity : simplicity.

बुक्त s. f. A young and lovely female. way s. m. A. large lump of flesh or meat.

सनरा s. m. Allewance, premium, deduction; obeisance, respects, visit, audience, Mujra karna, To make obeisance, pay respects, wait on. visit. Mujre-gah, Place of visiting, audience, salutation, &c.

सभा prop. Me.

Hw s. m. A sort of grass, from the fibres of which a string is prepared. of which the triple thread worn by the Brahman as a girdle should be formed (Sachharum munja); the Brahminical girdle, or in common use, the sacred string or cord.

Brit. s. f. } Fatness, plumpness, Fig-HZIVI s. m. | ness, bulkiness.

सुरी s.f. Fist, grasp (of the hand). clutch, hand, handful-

He s. f. The first, blows with the first. clutch, grasp. Muth-mard, s. m. A. robber a ruffian.

सुद्धिया s. m. A handful.

हुडीली s. f. Onanism.

सकता v. n. To be turned back, to be bent, twisted, tarned, to turn, bend, twine.

सुद्धियाना v. n. To be twisted, to be writhed.

ne adj. Shaved, bald, having no hair on the head; low, mean. s. m. The head, the forehead, a bald pate; the trunk of a lopped tree; a head-man. Mund-mal, A necklace of human heads.

मणकारी नारना To lie round with the knees to the belly.

नखड s. m. A barber.

संख्य s. m. Shaving, the first shaving of a child (a religious ceremony among the Hindus) ; shearing, cutting.

HEEL v. n. To be shaved.

सुख्या adj. Shaved.

सुद्धवाना v. त. To cause to be shaved.

Her s. m. The head, the head of a paper kite, s. /. Bengal madder (Rubia manjeth). odj. Shaven, bald, uncovered; a kind of uncovered pálki.

सुष्पाक्ष v. a. To shave. सुष्पास s. m. A kind of small turban. सुष्पत adj. Bald, shorn, shaven. सुष्पत क्युं. Blad-plated, shaven-

headed. सुक्रिया s. m. The head.

pust s. m. A barber, s. f. A medicinal plant (Spharonthus indicus).

स्वारी s.f. A plant, described as a creeper, bearing a red and yellow flower, and commonly called by the same name, Mundiri.

ne s. m. A sanyasi, a gosain.

सुखेर } s.f. The coping of a wall.

स्तजा adj. One who pisses much, a piss-a-bed.

सुनास s. f. Desire or inclination to piss. सुनास adj. Desirous of pissing.

Have e. m. Straw, &c. mixed with horse's urine.

स्तिहरी s.f. A hole in which the dirt of a stable (particularly urine) is collected.

सुष् s.f. Pleasure, delight, joy. सदा s.f. Happiness, joy.

सुद्धि adj. Pleased, delighted. s. m Pleasure, happiness.

Fix s. m. A sort of kidney-bean (Phasectus munoo).

net s. m. A mallet, a mace, a weapon formed like a carpenter's hammer; a staft, armed with iron, and larger at the lower extremity, used for breaking clods of earth, &c.; a carpenter's hammer; a sort of flower, said to be a kind of jasmine, perhaps Jasminum tambac, the wild variety; at s. f. A seal; a signet; a seal ring;

the mark of a seal or similar impression, a stamp, print, coin, medal. &c.; a riag worn by Jogis, in their ears.

नुद्राधिन adj. Stamped, sealed. नृद्धित adj. Sealed; marked, stamped, struck.

जुका s. m. A species of raisin.

स्त्रम् इ. m. Pack pack, a mode of calling a cat.

mig a case.

"A holy man, a sage,
"A spious and learned person,
endowed with more or less of a
divine nature, or having attainedit by rigid abstraction and mortification; the title is applied to the
Rishis, the Brahmsditz, and to great
number of persons distinguished for
their writings, considered as inspired,
as Panini, Vyas, &c.; an ascetio, a
devotee.

wifners. f. The female of the little birds called amadavats (or lal, Fringila amandava).

न्निस्थान s. m. A hermitage, the abode or retirement of holy sage.

सुनीश s. m. A saint, or chief of the saints or saiges.

नुष्टना v. n. To be shut, closed, contracted v. a. To close.

सुद्धा s. m. A ring, a collar.

मन्द्री s. f. A ring, a finger-ring.

बुबाकी s. f. A honey-bee. [wife-बुबानी s. f. An aunt, mother's brother's बुबाने s. m. A man at the point of death, a dying man.

get s.f. A radish.

सुरवाना a. n. To twist, to writhe.

हरती s.f. An ornament worn in the ear; the trages of the ear. क्लीवाला s.m. A poulterer.

ntaw's. f. A jew's harp.

नुरक्षाण v. n. To wither, fade, pine, droop to be dejected or dispirited.

west of Hindustan, called also Lampak, and no Lampan. m. pl. The inhabitants of Lampan.

मुरच्या करना o. a. To tie.

नुरत्त s. m. A kind of food, rice pressed flat and eaten raw. (So named in imitation of the sound which it gives in chewing).

षुरचा adj. Toothless. s. m. A peacock. सुरची s. f. A flute, pipe, a fife. Murlidhar, s. m. A name of Krishna.

मुरहा s. m. Convolution. adj. Twisted. मुरहो s. f. A twist, contortion, writhe, convolution.

बुराई s. m. One whose business it is to grow and sell vegetables.

सुरेला s. m. A peachick.

सुर्ग s. m. A squib.

मुखनाको s. f. A musical mode. adj. Of Mullan, Mullani Matti, s. f. Armenian bole (lit. earth of Mullan).

सुबार s. f. A medicinal root, liquorice. सुबार s. f. Appraisement, valuation. सुबाबा v. c. To appraise.

चुमके बंधना है p. c. To pinion, to tie चुमके बढ़ाना है the hands behind the back.

जुबज s. m. A club, a mace ; a pestle for cleaning rice.

मुचित adj. Stolen, robbed.

The scrotum; the testicle.

जुटनार s.m. A pilferer robber Mushtmar kar bythna, To sit with the knees प्रेम् up, by the arms clasped round them, sowards the face.

, जुशल्हीं s. m. Thumping, and pulling, fisticuffs, boxing. मुडी s.f. The first, the closed hand; filching, stealing.

सृष्टीवात, s. m. Pummelling. boxing. . सृष्टीवन्ध s. m. Clenching the fist.

मुडीमुडि adv. Fist to fist (fighting), fisticuffs.

सुचवान s. f. A smile, a grin.

नुसकामा थ. n. To smile, grin, smirk.

न्यक्रापे } s. f. Smiling, grinning, न्यक्रापट } laughing, smile, smirk, न्यक्रापा v. n. To smile, grin, smirk, simper.

मुख्य s. m. A pestle, a wooden pestle used for cleaning rice; a club.

मसलमान s. m. A. Mahomedan.

मुखलमानी s. f. The Mahomedan religion; circumcision; a female Musalman; of or relating to a Musalman.
महाना v. a. To cause to steal.

सुसन s. m. A fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus); a sort of poison,

सक्दा s. m. Van, vanguard.

मुक्ती s.f. The cuff of the sleeve of a jacket, or the extremity of the leg of a pair of trousers, the bore (of a gun, &c.).

मुद्दाना s. m. The mouth (of a river, &c.), inlet, outlet. [youth].

नुष्राहा s. m. A pimple (of the face in नृष्य s. m. A division of time, the thir cieth part of a day and night, or an hour of forty-eight minutes,

सुधा adj. Dead, lifeless, dull. Muabadal, s. m. Sponge. Mua-sho, A washer of dead bodies.

ज्की s. f. A blow with the fist.

mungo). Mungo-phali, s. f. The ground-nut of pig-nut of the West Indies (*Arachie hypogæa).

Adiah made with mung,

Will s. m. Coral.

क् विया s. m. A colour (red coral-coloured)

a s.f. Whiskers.

मृह

मृज s.f. A grass (f which ropes are made (Saccharum munia).

w s. m. The head Mund pans, To coax, to wheedle. Mund bhers, Batting (as rams).

भूषचा s. m. A kind of pillar.

vert, or make a disciple of; to wheedle out of any thing. Utle usture se mundno, To cheat one.

मंडला adj. Shaved.

म् डो s.f. The head.

सहा s. m. The shoulder, a lump, a stool, a footstool.

मूदना v. a. To shut, cover, close, imprison, involve.

मृद्री s.f. A ring for the finger.

₩ s. m. Mouth, face, countenance, presence, aspect, orifice; respect, complaisance, power, fitness, qualification, pretence ability, Munh andhera, Twilight; evening; dusk. obscure. Munh-akhri. ady. Verbal. Munh apnusa leke phirjana, To return disappointed from any enterprise, to fail of success. Apna-sa munh ana, is used to denote failure of success. Munh ana, Salivation, Munh-a-munh, adj. Brimful. Munh utar jana, To have the face shrunk or withered by weakness and emaciation. Munh karna, To confront, to compare ; to give abuse; to burst or open (as an abscess); to make the dirst attempt at seizing game (a young hound or other animal used in hunting); to turn one's face, direct one's steps towards

any particular object or place. Munh ke nawels. Any thing easily attained Munh ka phuhar. Abusive. Munh kals, s. m. Disgrace. Munh kals karna. To incur disgrace : to punish, to disgrace. Munh ki loi utarne. To lose the sense of shame. Munh ke kawa ur jana. To look blank or any occassion, Munh kholna, To abuse. Munh chang, A jew's-harp, Munh charkna. To become intimate with, to attach one's self to: to face. to confort. Munk chalana, To bite (or to be inclined to bite, as a horse) Munh chirana. To make mouths. Munh chor, Shame-faced, bashful, timid, sheepish. Munh chori, Bashfulness. Munh chhipana, To hide one's face (from bashfulness). Munh terha karna, To make wry faces. Munh thathana, To slap one's face, to box the ears. Munh dalna, To beg to request. Munh takna. To be astonished or afflicted. Munh torna. To harass. Munh to dekho, Look at the face! (applied to a person who pretends or aspires to something beyond his power or capacity). Munh topa, & m. Bribe. Munh thathana, To make mouths or faces, to fashion the face. Munh dikhai, s. f. A present given by the friends of the family and the woman of the neighbourhood on their first visit to a bride. Munk dikhana, To shew one's face, to appear with confidence and satisfaction. Munh dighkar bat karna. To flatter, to speak what one supposes will be agreeable to one's hearers. Muniquaekhno, To look up to (for aid gc.); to have a regard for one; to be astonished or helpless. Munh dekh rahna, To sture

at with surprise. Munk dekhe ki prit, Apparent friendship or affection, shew of friendship before a person whom you pay no regard to in absence. Munk par garm hona, To behave disrespectfully in the presence of a superior. Manh par lana, To tell, relate. Munh par hawai urni (lit. To have a squib or rocket discharged against one's face, To change colour. Munh pasarna, To gape (with surprise, &c.) Munh pana, To get into one's good graces; to presume on the favour of another. Munh phirna, To turn away from, to be displeased with, to be disgusted. Munh pherna, To abstain from. Munh phylana, To presume, to desire much, to gape. Munh band karna, To hold one's tongue. Munh banana, To make mouths or faces, to fashion the face. Munh bana, To open the mouth, to gape, Munh barna, To refrain. Munh bicarna. To be displeased; to have the taste blunted or depraved. Munh biggrag. To frown, to make faces. Munk-bola, adj. Nominal, in name or appellation. Munh bola bhai, or Munh boli bahin. An intimate friend (lit, one called brother or sister). Munh-bhori, s. f. A bribe, a sop. Munh manga, (as) demanded, requested or asked for by word of month, Munh marna, To stop one's mouth, silence; to feed, to bite. Munh men pani ana, To desire with eagerness. Munh morna, To turn away, to abstain or desist from any thing. Man rakhna, To keep on good terms with. Munh lagna, To have the mouth burned by any pungent substance; to become intimate.

to be familiarized, to become a favourite. Mush lagna, To familiarize, to be intimate with inferiors, to favour, to countenance. Mush latkana, To be down in the mouth, to make a long face. Mush leke rah jana, To be silent from shame. Mush sukana, To change colour. Mush se phul jhana, To abuse, to reproach, It is. m. Soreness in the mouth, the apthhee or thrush, salivation. Mushan-mush. Tote-a-tete, face to face.

Altercation, squabble, wrangle, स्त adj. Dumb.

च्चा s. m. The fist; a thump, blow; a spy-hole.

brimful, topful. Munhan-munhi s. f.

सूबी s. f. A thump, a blow of the fist. स्था s. m. The ridge of a thatch, the topping or coping of a wall.

म्खो s. m. A kind of pigeon. s. f. A. thump.

स्गरी s. f. A mallet for beating clothes with.

सूचकाना v. a. To sprain.

स्वना s. m. Pincers, tweezers. v. a. To pinch, shut, close.

現象 s. f. Whiskers. Muchh marora roti tora, One who is proud of eating the bread of idleness.

म्हाकर s. m. Stiff and bushy whiskers. मृहोत adj. Having large whiskers.

सुड s. f. Handle, hilt, fist, hand, handful; name of a game. Muth-ki-muth, Handful after handful, repeated handfuls.

were s. m. A kind of printing consist ing of spots on cloth, leather, &c.

मुद्धा s. m. A handle.

बृडिया s. m. A handful,

सूडी s. f. The fist. सुद्ध s. m. The head.

wz odi. Foolish. stupid. ignorant. brutal, s, m. An idiot, a fool, a simplaton, Murhman, S. upid in mind. सुद्रता s. f. Folly, silliness, ignorance. सदसा adj. Foolish, a fool. सुत s. m. Urine, piss. सुत्रज्ञा v. n. To piss. सूत्र s. m. Urine, piss. सुबक्क s. m. Strangury : urinary affection in general, as gravel, &c. सबदीय s. m. Gonorrhæa, considered as an urinary complaint. सत्तमार्क s. m. The urethra. सवयक्ष s. m. Milky urine, depositing a thick white sediment, सुवाचात s. m. Suppression of urine. सवातीक s. m. Difficulty or slow passage of urine. सूना v. n. To die. मृत् adj. Little. मुख्य adj. Foolish, ignorant, stupid. idiot, fool, Murakh-ganth, The insisting of an ignorant fellow upon what he says, stubbornness. मरखता रि. s. Barbarism, folly, igno-गरवतार /. rance, stupidity. मूरपखना m. सूरत s.f. A statue, image, an idol, a picture, a resemblance, form, figure, body; a person (term used by Byragis). fidiotic. ## adj. Foolish, ignorant, stupid, सुर्वता रे s.f. Barbarism, folly, igno-मुखेनाई rance, stupidity, मुक्त adj. Fainting, swooning. s. m. Fainting, syncope, swooning. मुक्तां s. f. Fainting, loss of conscionsness or sense. fsible. मृष्टित adj. Fainting, fainted, insen-

मुक्षी s.f. A. swoon, stupefaction. Mur-

chho ona, To swoon. सन्दित adj. Fninted, in a swoon, insen-

sible, entranced,

in general, or any definite shape or image. मृत्तिमान adj. Material, substantial, having shape or substance : incarnate. मर्का s. m. The head. सल s. m. Origin, root, race, generation, principal or capital sum of money; text (of a book, opposed to comment); name of the nineteenth lunar mansion. adj. Really. मुखिया adj. Born while the moon is in mul (Scorpionis, which is considered unlucky). मनी s. f. A radish. मख्य s. m. Price. सद s. m. A rat, a mouse. सबक s. m. A rat, a mouse : a thief. सवण s. m. Stealing, pilfering. मिश्र s. m. A rat, a mouse; a thief, a plunderer. मनित adj. Stolen. ससना v. a. To piller, steal, fileh, defraud : snatch or seize by force. म सरा s. m. A rat. मुचरी s. f. A monse. स्यख s. m. A wooden pestle. सम्बा s. m. A taproot; the fusiform receptacle of a many-seeded fruit (as of the Artocarpus, Annona, &c.) Musladhar barasna, To rain very heavily. मदा s. m. A mouse, a rat. कसाई s. f. Indaism (following of Moses). **च्या** 8. m. A deer, an antelope; the fifth lunar constellation Mrigasiras. Mrigo-chira, s. m. Name of a small bird. Mrig chhála, The skin of any antelope worn and used as a bed by devotees. Mriga-nabhi, s. m. Musk, a bag of musk. Mrig-nyni, Deer-eyed. Mriga mad Musk. Mriga lochani,

Having an eye like the deer. Mriga-sála, A deer park.

भगवष् s. f. Vapour floating over sands or deserts, and appearing at distance like water; sultry vapour, mirage.

समिती s. f. A woman with beautiful eyes, or eyes like a deer.

धगभी आनी s. f. Bitter apple or colocynth.

क्षमधा s. f. Chase, hunting.

स्वराज्य s. m. A lion.

eafact s. m. The fifth lunar mansion, containing three stars.

संगादनी s. f. Colocynth (Cucumis coloquintida). [epilepsy.

धनो s.f. A doe, a female deer; the सनेद s.m. A lion.

चत adj. Dead, expired, extinct, defunct. s. m. Death.

सतक s.m. A dead body, a corpse. सतकस adj. Insensible, fainted.

ন্ধান ats. Timesalote, tanteus. ন্ধান s.m. Funeral, ablution, bathing after morning.

मृतिकरा s. f. An earth worm.

सत्ताल s. m. A sort of fragrant earth, also called Swat earth.

स्तिक s.f. Earth, clay, soil.

यस्य s.f. Death, dying.

হৰাছাত s.m. A name of Shiv, as the conquerer of death.

double drum.

सदिक्या है s.m. A beater of the mri-सदिकों है danga, a tabourer.

wg adj. Soft; blunt, not sharp; gentle, mild.

बदुता s. f. Softness.

way adv. Falsely ; uselessly, in voin.

adv. In, among, between, at. Men seh, From within, out of.

भें गनो s. f. The dung of goats, sheep, camels. &c.

w s.f. A bank (raised to separate fields), a border, bank (of a pand, river, ≰c.), dam, dike. Mend parna; The rising of waves in the sea.

भंडक s.m.) A frag; the rump of a भंडकी s.f. | horse, Mendki ko zukam hons (lit. a frog having caught cold), express pride or consequential airsassumed by worthless persons.

में द्वा s, f. The brim of a well.

में डियाना v. n. To skrit, to enclose with a bank.

में डा s. m. A ram; the swell of the tide called the boar.

में इ.m. Rain. Menh chhutna, To rain hard, Mench barasna, To rain.

संबदी s.f. A plant, from the leaves of which a red die is prepared, with which the natives stain their hands and leet (Lawsonus inermis).

भेज s.m. A ram; the sign Aries; a tent pin, a peg, a nail.

the sacificial string of Brahman when made of deer skin; a triple zone or string worn round the loins by the three first classes; the gird of the Brahman should be of the fibres of the musj or of kusa grass, that of the Kshattri of a murva, or bowsting, and that of the Vys of a thread of the tan.

मेखनी s.f. A sackcloth.

AW s. m. A cloud; a fragrant grass (Cyperus rotundus); a musical mode appropriated to the west season and last watch of the night before dawn of the day, and said to have proceeded from the heap of Braling, or else from the sky, Meyl-pati, s. m.; Lord of the clouds, Meyl berns, ad.

Of the colour of the clouds Megh-raj, s. m. The thunderer.

मेचनाच । s. m. The rains, the rainy नेधायन । season.

नेघगर्ज न s. m. Thunder.

सेंचन्योशिस s.m. A flash or lighting or the fire of it.

नेवितिनर s. m. Cloudiness, cloudy or rainy weather.

मेचहीप s.m. Lightning.

नेपदार s. m. Sky, heaven, ether,

नेपनार s.m. The noise or grumbling of clouds; the Patas tree (Batea frondess); a sort of Amaranth (Amaranthus polygamus).

नेष्माका s.f. A gathering or succession of clouds. [music.

क्षेत्रराज s. m. One of the six modes of क्षेत्रक s. m. Sulphuret of antimony.

भेटना v. a. To effect, erase, blot out, wipe out, annihilate, annul, cancel, expiate, atone for to thwart.

नेहजा s. f. A tree (Spondies mangifera). नेहफ्ती s.f. A milky plant, the fruit of which is crooked, and therefore compared to a ram's horn (Asclepies gemingts).

मेदा s.m. A ram.

नेची s.f. The plant fenngreek (Trigonella fenugræcum).

नेह s.m. Adeps, fat, the supposed proper seat is the abdomen; morbid or unnatural corpulency.

नेद्भो adj. Robust, stout, strong ; fat, corpulent.

Ret s. f. A drug, described as a sort of root resembling ginger, brought from the Marson district; it is one of the eight principal medicament, and is said to be of cooling and emollient properties, and of particular use in fever and consumption. मेहिनी s.f. The earth.

मिदोधरा s. f. A membrane in the abdomen, containing a fat, the omentum. मिदोशिंव s. f. Corpulence; enlargement of the scrotum.

सेथ s. m. Sacrifice, offering, oblation. सेथा s.f. Appehension, conception, understanding.

नेधायों adj. Intelligent, comprehending, of ready comprehension or conception.

Afts.m. A post fixed in the centre of a threshing-floor or barn, to which the cattle are attached, as they turn round it to tread out the corn.

नेपिर adj. Intelligent, possessing a ready and just apprehension.

মনী a.f. A plant, from the leaves of which a reddieb dye is prepared, with which the palms of the hands, tips of the fingers, soles of the feet, and finger-nails are stained (Lousenis inermis).

मेमगा s. m. A kid. [mine. मेरा pron. 1st pers. poss. masc. My, नेइ s. m. The sacred mountain Meru, in the centre of the seven continents. compared to the cup or seed-vessel of the lotus, the leaves of which are formed by the different Dwips: its height is said by the Hindus to be 84, 000 Yojans, sixteen thousand of which are below the surface of the earth; the shape is variously described, as square, conical, columnar, spherical, or spiral; and the four faces of it are of various colours, or white towards the east, yellow to the south, black to the west, and red towards the north : the river Ganges falls from heaven on its summit, and flows thence to the surrounding

world in four streams; the southern branch is the Ganges of India, the northern running into Tartary, is the Bhadrasoma, the eastern is the Sita. and the western the Chackshu or Oxus: on the summit of Meru Brahma resides, attended and worshipped by the Rishis Gandharvas, &c. : the regents of the points of the compass occupy the corresponding faces of the mountain, the whole of which consists of gold and gems; considered in any but a fabulous light; mount Meru appears to mean the high land of Tartary, immediately to the north of the Himoloya mountains.

भेदस s.m. Fragrant resin, incense. भेद s.m. An axis.

मेरी pron. My, mine.

agreement, combination, intimacy, concord, reconciliation, union, association, mixture, mixing, meeting, assemblage; a meeting or assemblage of people, a set, a fair, a court of justice, a counterpart.

मेलना v. c. To thrust in, stuff in, cram, penetrate, force in.

सेषा s. m. A fair, a large concourse of people collected at stated periods for religious or commercial purposes, as at Hardwar, a mixed assemblage of fakirs or sadds. Mels thela, s. m. A crowd, a concourse of people. Mela milna, To meet full in the face.

भेकी s. m. A partaker. adj. Friendly, sociable.

बंद हैं .m., A tribe inhabiting the सेवणा क्षेत्रकार के mountainous province of सवाती: Mewat, much addicted to robbing. [of drug. सेव s.m. A ram; the sign Aries ; a king

मेपी*s. f*. Ain ewe.

नेष s. m. Urinary disease, especially inflammatory affection of the urethra including gonorthesa, &c.; utine, piss.

मेहतर s. m. A sweeper.

मेश्वरानी s.f. Female of mehtar; also a female inn-keeper.

मेड्ना s. m. A tannt. Mehna marna, v. a. To tannt.

नेंद्रका s. m. A taunter.

में pron. I. [family. नेवा s. m. Kindred, relations, mother's

मैंब adj. Of or belonging to a friend, friendly, amicable.

मेबी s. f. Friendship; the seventeenth lunar asterism. [Mithile.

मैंचिन vdj. Belonging to, born in, &c. मैंचन s m. Venery, coition, copulation; union, association: marriage,

मैनफ्ल s. m. A fruit need in medicine (Vanguerio spinosa).

मैनशिख s. m. Red arsenic (Realgar).

नेना s.f. A bird, a kind of jay (Coracias Indica).

मेभा s. f. A step-mother.

नेवा s. f. Mother,

ลิส s. f. Dirt, filth, rust, scum, Mylkatna, To refine, to purify. Myl chhontns, To fine, strain, purify, clarify. Myl bythna, To gather a crust.

wei adj. Dirty, nasty, foul, defiled. Myla karna, To dirty, tarnish, foul. Myla kuchyla, adj. Dirty. Myla hojana. To tarnish, to become turbid, to be dirty.

ने दिका s. m. A male buffalo.

में दियों s.f. A female buffalo.

को pron. (in Braj.), Me. Me-koon, To me, me.

নারা s. m. The shoulder; a lump; a stool, a footstool.

सींहरी s, f. A kennel, a drain.

मोखा s. m. A small hole in a wall for admitting light and air, an air-hole, an aperture.

भोगरा s. m. A mallet, a pounder, a rammer; flower, great double Arabian or Tascan jasmine (Jasminum zambac Magorium).

भोगरी s.f. A mallet for beating cloths, &c. with.

सीघ adj. Vain, useless, fruitless. s. f. Trumpet-flower (Bignonia suave olens).

मीचचान adj. Cultivating vain knowledge or any but religious wisdom.

भीषात्र adj. Indulging vain hopes.

नोच s. m. Strain, sprain, twist; a tree (Hyperanthera morunga).

দীখৰ s. m. The silk-cotton tree (Bombaz heptaphyllum); the plantain (Musa sapientum); a liberator.

দীখন s. m. Liberating, setting free: release, aquittal; theft, robbery. s. f. A saddler's or shoemaker's wife. দীখনা v. a. To let go, in set free, to

shed, put off extinguish. भोषरस s. m. The gum of the silk cot-

ton tree. शोषा s. m. A large lump of flesh; a

plantain tree (Mass saptentum).
নীখাত্ত s. m. A kind of pungent seed

(Nigella Indica).

बोचिनी s.f. A prickly night-shade.

नोची s.m. A saddler, a shoemaker. a cobbler

লাছ s. m. Release, liberation, deliverance, absolution, salvation, beatitude, final and eternal happiness, the liberation of the soul from the body, and its exemption from further transmigration.

सीड s.f. A package, bundle, bale, a

load; amount, total; a leather bucket for raising water; vetches, lentils.

দীহলী s. f. One of the Raginis or female personifications of the musical modes; a mattock, pickaxe, a fat woman.

सीटरा s. m. A bundle.

मोटरी s. f. A small bundle, parcel, knapsack.

मीटवा } adj. Fat, plump, corpulent, मीटा thick, coarse, great, large, big, bulky, gross.

मोटाई इ. f. भोटापन इ. m. भोटापा इ. m. Fatness, coarseness, bigness, bulk, bulkiness, grossness,

मोटिया s. m. A porter,

দাত e.f. A bundle, package, bale, a load; amount, total; a leather bucket for raising water; vetches, lentils.

नीड़ s. m. A turn, twist, convolution, writhe, sprain, fistula.

कोइना v. a. To twist, turn, bend, screw. बोहा s. m. A stool; the shoulder. बोहा s. m. Spavin.

मोतिया s. m. A flower (Jasminum zambac).

नीतियाबिन्द s. m. A kind of blindness, (Guta serena).

দীবী s.m. A pearl. Moti kisi abutarni,
To be disgraced. Moti kut.kur
bharni, To be very bright (applied
to an eys). Moti pirani, To string
pearls; (met.) to speak eloquently;
to weep (the tears being compared to
pearls).

भीतोष्र s. m. A kind of sweetmeat; s certain description of eye among pigeons.

क्षिप्र s. m. A disease in horses, splint,

शीपा s. m. A kind of grass the root of which is used in medicine (Cyperus rotundus).

भोद s. m. Joy, delight, happiness pleasure.

शोदक ady. Delighting, rejoicing, causing happiness or delight. s. m. A sort of sweetmeat.

मीदित adj. Pleased, delighted. s. m. Pleasure, delight.

দীরী s. m. A merchant, a shop-keeper, a grain-merchant, steward, providore. Modi-khona, A pantry, a grain-mer chant's shop.

मीधू adj. Guileless, artiess, simple,

भोनी s. f. Point, end.

शोस s.m. Wax. Mom ki nak, A person of a fickle disposition. Mom-jama, s.m. Wax-cloth, cere-cloth, Mom-dil, adj. Tender hearted. Mom-batti. s. f. A wax-candle. Mom-roghan, Wax and oil mixed together.

मोमिया s. m. A mummy.

सीनियादे adj. Of or like a mummy. s. f. A medicine.

भोगो adj. Waxen; of the colour of wax; (applied to chintz) prepared after stamping by covering the flowers with wax to prevent their being spoiled by other colours afterwards applied.

wit s. m. A peacock; twist, turn.

Mor-pankht, s. m. A kind of pleasure
boat, a barge. Mor-mukut, s. m. A
crown or crest like that of the
peacock.

मोरचक s.f. A jew's harp.

नोरक्ष s. m. A fan for driving away flies (especially of peacock'feathers), a brush.

मोरनी s. f. A peahen.

मीरा pron. Mine, my.

मोरी s. f. A pipe or subterraneous passage (for water).

त्रोज s. m. Purchase; price, Molthahrana, To appraise, estimate, value. Mol-tol, Fixing a price; traffic, purchasing. Mol-barhans, v. a. To enhance, Mol-lena, v. a. To buy, to purchase.

मीषक s. m. A. thief,

मीवस s. m. Stealing.

मोषा s. f. Stealing, theft.

मोमना v. a. To pilfer, steal, filch, defraud, snatch or seize by force.

ness or sense; ignorance, folly, foolishness; it is applied especially to that spiritual ignorance which leads men to believe in the reality of worldly objects, and to addict themselves to mundane or sensual enjoyment; error, mistake; bewilderment, distraction; pity, compassion, sympathy, kindness, affection, allurement, fascination, love Moh men ana, To faint, as at the sudden appearance of a friend or mistress. Moh lena, To attach: allure, fascinate, charm, captivate.

भोषम adj. Fascinating, stupifying, depriving of sense or understanding. s. m. Copulation; temptation, seduction, the overpowering of reason and reflection by worldly or sensual allurements. Mohau-bhog, s. m. A kind sweet-meat Mohau-mala, s. f. An ornament, a string or necklace composed of gold beads and corals.

শীখনা v. d. To fascinate, enchant, charm, afture, delude, adj. Fascinating, captivating, charming, winning. ধীখনী s. f. An enchantress; fascination, a charm, a philter. adj. f. Fascinating, depriving of the powers of reflection, stapifying.

कीशाजा s. m. The mouth (of a river &c.), inlee, outlet.

wife pros. To me, me.

मोदिस adj. Faint, senseless; charmed, fascinated ; beguiled, deceived.

দীছিলী f. } adj. Illusive, fallacious, দীছী m. } beguiling. s. f. An enchantress, a whore.

सीडियो s.f. A kind of jasmine, called also Tripura-mali.

wit s. m. Final and enternal happiness, the liberation of the soul from the body, and its exemption from further transmigration, death; liberation, freedom.

बीचक s. m. A deliverer, a liberator. बीचित odj. Let go, liberated, at large.

की s.m. Honey.

नीका s. m. Pre-eminence.

बील s. m. Simplicity, silliness; ignorance.

भी की s. f. The girdle of a Brahman made of three strings of munj grass.

की सोवश्यन s. m. Investiture with the distinguishing cord.

होइ s. m. A kind of high crowned hat, worn by the bridegroom at the time of marriage.

जीइव s. m. Ignorance, folly, especially spiritual folly.

मीन s. m. } Silence, taciturnity.

দীবা s. m. A large jar; a basket. দীবা adj. Sflent, taciturn. s. f. A small round basket, a work-basket. s. m. A class of mendicants who observe perpetual silence, an ascetic, a hermit, a religious sage, one who has overcome his passions and retired from the world.

नीमाची s. f. A honey-bee,

जीर s. m. "The blossom of a tree, especially of the mango.

बीरामा v. n. To blossom (as the mango

मोर्च s. m. Stupidity, folly, fatuity.

দীলনা v. n. To bloom, bud, blossom (the mango tree); to intoxicate (a bhung, &c.)

मीलचरी s.f. A tree (Mimusops elengi). मीलिक adj. Of inferior rank or caste among.

দীপী s. f. A lock of hair on the crown of the the head; hair ornamented and braided round the head; a diadem, a tiara; the head; the earth.

मोसा s. m. An uncle, mother's sister's husband.

मीसी s. f. An aunt, mother's sister.

गोधरा adj. m. Belonging or related to the mother's sister's husband; as Moastra, bhai, A consin, son of a mother's sister. Moastri bahin, Daughter of a mother's sister.

चान adj. Foul, dirty ; languid, weary ; faded, withered.

सानि s. f. Weariness, languor; fulness, filth; fading, decay.

www.m. The generic term for a barbarian or foreigner, that is, for one one speaking 'any language but Sunkirit, and not suject to the usual Hinds institutions; a sinner a criminal.

ৰ আলার s. m. A barbarian, or a man of an outcast race, 'The tribes eurmerated under this head by Manu, but who are by him said to be properly degraded Khattris, appear to से सहित s. m. The countries bordering on India, or those inhabited by people of a different faith and language; defined to be any where the black antelope is not found.

चे च्हानी जान s. m. Wheat. [lect.

को चाना adj. Speaking a harbarous dia-

चे चित्र adj. Spoken incorrectly or barharously. s. m. Foreign of barbarous language; ungrammatical speech.

य

a The twenty-sixth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, or semivowel y: in some provinces it is pronounced j.

unsile. m. An employer of priests at a sacrifice, the person who institutes its performance, and pays the expense of it; a customer, a person to whose custom, Brahmans, barbers, and some other's have a legal claim. (The hereditary Brahman, or barber, &c. of a village must be paid his fee, whether you choose to employ him or another person).

यनुवेद s. m. One of the four Veds.

बस्स s. m. The Yajur or Yajus. one of the four Veds: it is divided into two principal portions, the white and black: both portions of this Ved are very full on the subject of religious rites, and the prayers peculiar to it are chiefly in measured and postical prose.

যায় s. m. A sacrifice, a ceremony in which oblation are presented.

be chiefly the inhabitants of the 可有者 f. m. Any sacrificial act or countries bordering immediately up-

धते

राष्ट्रपा s. m. A horse ; any animal offered in sacrifice.

बञ्चपाल s. m. A sacrificial vessel.

यत्रपुद्ध s. m. A name of Vishno.

वसमृति s.f. Place prepared for a merifice, or where it is offered.

यहिन्दि s. f. Performance, of sacrifice;
obtaining the objects of a sacrifice.

वजसूत s.m. The characteristic thread, worn by the three principal classes of Hindus.

মন্ত্রাৰ s. m. A place of sacrifice.

विज्ञय adj. Proper for or suitable to a sacrifice.

ঘণিবাইল s.f. The country of the Hindus: those districts in which the ritual and institutes of the Hindu system are enforced; properly the country in which the black deer or antelope is native.

यञ्चमाजा s.f. A temple, a shrine, a

यशीपनीत s. m. The sacrificial cord, originally worn by the three principal castes of Hindus.

यशीपनीतो s. m. A Brahman, &c. invested with the sacred thread.

यतन s. m. Striving, making effort or exertion; carefulness, remedy, care, effort endeavour.

यतनीय adj. To be exerted or persevered, to be made as an effort. [vow.

यत्रज्ञ adj. Firm to an engagement or वित s. m. A sage, whose passions are

completely under subjection; a religious mendicant, especially one of the Jyn sect.

यती s. m. A sage with subdued passions. यतेन्द्रिय adj. Chaste, pure, of subdued passions. www. Effort, exertion preseverance, energy.

यवनत वर्गी. Persevering, diligent, making effort or exertion.

an adv. Where, in what place.

वया क्षेत्र As, according to.

बदाबने adj. What is right or proper to be done.

बयाबका adv. As designed.

यधालात adv. At pleasure, as you please. यथालामो adj. Wilful, independent, uncontrolled, following one's own inclinations.

स्वाजम adv. Inorder, orderly, successively, methodically.

यदात्रणा adv. In any way, any how. अवाभिनत adv. According to one's wish

क्यानिमत adv. According to one's wisl or purpose.

क्षास्त्रीन adj. Like, resembling, shewing similarly or reflecting.

षषाचे adj. Right, proper; according to the sense. adv. properly, suitably. यणाचेता s. f. Rectitude, propriety, fitness. [nity.

यथान्यास adv. According to opportu-यथानत adv. Truly, exactly, as it was, according to law or usage.

ववानसर adv. According to opportunity.

वधार्मात adv. Extent of capability. as much as possible.

auran alo. According to the Shastras, agreeably to scripture.

यथानुष adv. Happily.

वयाखित adv. Circumstantially, relating a thing as it happened.

बदा adv. When, at what time.

यदि adv. If.

ancestor of Krishna, and the eldest son of Yayati, the fifth monarch of

the lunar dynasty; a country on the west of the Jamna river about Mathura and Vrindavan, over which Yadu ruled, and named after him.

बद्दमाच s. m. A name of Krishna, as lord of Yadu.

यद्वीय s. m. The tribe of Yadu.

यदुकंकी s. m. A descendant of Yadu. यदापि adv. Although.

uns.m. A machine in general, any implement or apparatus; a musical instrument; a dial; an observatory; a diagram of a mystical nature or astrological character; an amulet, Janta mantra, s. m. Juggling, conjuring enchanting by figures and incantations.

यन्त्रण s.m. Pain, anguish, affliction.

wire; a conjurer, a juggler, a wizard.

um adj. Twin, fellow, one of a pair or
brace, s. m. The deity of Narak or
hell, and judge of departed souls;
he is often identified with death and
time. Jam-diya, s. m. A candle or
illumination sacred to Jam, lighted
on the 18th of Kartik, Krishn-paksh,
i. e. three days before the devali.

यसक adj. Twin, fellow, one of a pair or twins.

unga.m. An infernal spirit, the messenger or minister of Jom, employed, it is said, to bring the souls of the dead to Jom's indgment-seat, and thence conduct them to their final destination.

যদর s. m. A musical mode; a Yasan, which formerly meant an Ionian or Greek, but is now applied to both the Mahomedon and European invaders of India, and it is often used as a general term for any foreign or barbarous race. বৰ্ষ s. m. A pair, a brace, a couple.
বৰ্ষা s. f. The Jamas, river, which rises
on the south side of the Hinalitya
range, at a short distance to the
north-west of the source of the Ganges, and which after a course of
about 378 miles falls into that river
immediately below Allshabad.

क्ताफूँच adj. Unconfined, extended, spread, at ease.

avs. m. Barley (Hordeum hexsatichon); the measure of a barley corn, considered as equal to six mustard seeds; the mark between the joints of the finger. Joa joa hisab lens, To take a strict account.

यसहार s.m. Saltpetre, nitrate of potash, यस s.m. A country, probably Bactria, or it may be extended from that colony to Ionia (to which word in bears some resemblence), or still further to Greece; by late Hindu writers, it is most commonly applied to Arabia; a Yavan, apparently originally a Greek but since applied to both the Mahomadan and European invaders of India, and often used as a general term for any foreign or barbarous race.

ৰব্যাস্থিত s.m. An astronomical writer, frequently quoted by ancient Hindu astronomers; perhaps Ptolemy, or the Greek astronomers collectively. সুষ্যায় s.m. A sort of grass, very

generally cultivated, and the grain extensively eaten (Andropogon or Holcus bicolor).

बानी n. prop. A female Yavan, धनमञ्ज s. m. A medicinal plant (Wrightea antidysenterica).

भवनध्य s. m. A form of penance, diminishing the food daily during the dark fortnight, fasting on the new moon, and gradually augmenting the food till the full moon.

यदानी s. f. A plant (Ligusticum ajvosen). यदास s. m. A flower (Hedysarum alkagin यस s. m. Celebrity, reputation, glory, fame, renown, name, character, luck;

fame, renown, name, character, luck; splendour, lustre; praise, eulogium.

Jas-apjos, s. m. Good or bad (name; fame or character).

Jas pat, adj. Reputable, renowned.

यमसर adj. Rendering famous, conferring celebrity.

यमस्तान adj. Ambitious, desirous of fame or glory.

यञ्खान } adj. Famous, celebrate], यमस्रो } renowned, famed.

यहि s. m. } A staff, a stick; a staff वहो s. f. } armed with iron, &c. used as a weapon, a club, a mace.

as a weapon, a club, a mace. यष्टिका s. m. A bird, the lapwing.

यष्टिमधु s. m. Liquorice, or the root of the Abrus precatorius, which is used for it.

aw pron. This, he, she, it, these, the, of this degree.

avi adv. Here, hither; at the above, near, with Yuhan-ka-yahin, In the very same place, exactly here. Yahun-tak, To this pitch, to this degree, thus far, hitherto.

at adj. This very, in this very place, bere.

बहरी s. m. A Jew, a Hebrew. बच s. m. A demigod.

याचिषी s. f. A female fiend.

यका s. m. Pulmonary consumption.

या pron. This. [hither. या ads. Contraction of Yahan, Hers, यात्र s. m. A sacrifice, any ceremony in

which offerings and oblations are presented. याचन adj. Beggar, mendicant, asking, one who asks or solicits.

याचना s. m. Asking, begging.

বালিন adj. Asked, begged, solicited. বালক s. m. An officiating priest, a Brahman who conducts any part of

Rrahman who conducts any part of a sacrifice. হালদ s.m. Conducting a sacrifice. or

causing its performance.

याजिन s. m. A sacrificer, an institutor of a sacrifice.

यात्रिय adj. Fit for sacrifice.

arms. s. m. Property or presents derived from officiating at sacrifices.

यातना s. f. Pain, agony, sharp or acute pain; the pains of hell.

बाताबात s. m. Coming and going; transmigration.

enars. f. Going, moving, proceeding, marching, travelling; departure, march, journey; a festival but especially the procession of idols, &c.; going on pilgrimage.

शाबाबरण १. m. Seiting forth on a journey, a march, &c.

যারিম্ব s m. A pilgrim, a traveller.

दानी } s.m. A pilgrim.

चाचाविक odj. Just, true, right.

बाह्य s. m. Krishna, as descended from the family of Yadu.

याज s. m. Any vehicle or form of conveyance, as a carriage, a litter, a horse, an elephant, &c.

यापन s. m. Spending or passing away time.

याद् s. m. A pony, a galloway.

याभनी adj. Of or relating to Yavans.

arfinal s. m. Night. Yaminj-bhasha, s. f.
The language or dialect of Yavans.

बारक s.m. The red colour procured from the lac insect.

यावण्यीव } adv. For life, as long as बावण्यीवन } life.

यु ह

बावत adv. As much as; as many as; as long as; unto, as far as; until.

वादन | adv. Belonging or relating to सामनी | a Yawan, Ionian, Mahomedan, fc. [this.

बाडी pron. dem. object. case, This, to

fur pron. This, he she, it these, the, to this degree.

विको pron. This very, the same, itselt. युक्त adj. joined, combined, united,

identified; right, fit, proper; possessing, endowed with, as virtues, qualfties, &c.

युकारसा s. f. A plant (Mimoso octandra).

gfm s. f. Union, connection, joining; propriety, fitness; contrivance, dextority, art, skill, policy, project.

gq s. m. An age of the world, or great period, as the Sat or Krit, Treta, Dwapar, and Kali; a term used in the game of Choasar, the opposite of a blot, two orner men standing on the same square); a pair, a couple, a brace. Jug-jug, ado. Constantly eternally. Jug phorna, v. a. To cause a difference between friends, to fall out. Jug-an-jug, Ages of ages, from age to age, for ages.

युक्तपुत adv. At one time, at once ; together, conjointly.

युग्च s. m. A pair, a brace, a couple.

युवान्त s. m. A destruction of the universe; the end of an age.

युवानावान s. m. A real friend, a friend in need,

gw s. m. A pair, a couple, a brace.
gw sdj. Joined, combined, conected;
endowed with, possessed of.

37 s. m. War, battle, contest, conflict.

yfifet s. m. The elder of the five Pandsv princes, and leader in the great war between them and the Kurus, in the beginning of the Kurus, in the beginning of the du, whom he succeeded in the sovereignty of Iadia.

तुषान adj. Fighting, warring.

युवती s.f. A young woman, one from sixteen to thirty.

हुरराज s. m. A young prince, especially the heir apparent, associated to the throne.

बुवराज्य s. m. The dignity of heir apparent and associate in the throne.

gur s.m. A young man or one of the virile age, or from sixteen to seventy.

adv. Thus, in this manner. Yun ns yun, One way or other, somehow or other. Yun-hin, In this very manner, thus, accidentally, by chance, causelessly, easily, cursorily.

beasts, a herd, a flock.

यूची s.f. A sort of jasmine (Jasminum ouriculatum.)

usually made of bamboos, or the wood of the Khadir, to which the wictim at a sacrifice is bound; a trophy, a column erected in honour of a victory.

the water in which pulse of various kinds has been boiled.

t pron. plur. These, they.

शोग : m. Junction, joining, union; combination, association, meeting, conflux; fitting; a fertunate moment, opportunity, occasion; penance, devotion, religious meditation, spiritual worship of God, or union with the Supreme Being by means abstract contemplation: certain divisions of a great circle, measured upon the ecliptic; propriety, fitness. edg. Possible, capable, fit. Jog-may*, s. f. A deceptive power which Jogis are supposed to possess.

योगनादिक s. m. A sort of fish (Silurus ascita).

योगपुर s.m. A cloth drawn round the lower extremities of the ascetic as he squats to perform religious abstraction.

सोगवाची s. m. Amenstruum or medium for mixing medicines. s. f. Alkali; quicksilver.

योगसेना s. f. Practising religious abstraction.

वीगासन s.m. A religious posture, the position in which the devotee sits or performs the religious exercise called Jog.

वीशिनिहा s.f. Light sleep, wakefulness. वीशिनी s.f. A female fiend or sprite. कीनी s.m. A devotee. an ascetic in

general ; a magician, conjurer. योगेषर s. m. A principal sage or as-

cetic; a magician; a deity; the object of devout contemplation. योख adj. Clever, accomplished, skilful;

powerful, able ; fit, proper, suitable. वोध्यता s.f. Fitness, suitableness, pro-

priety, capability, ability.

the soul of the world; a measure of distance equal to four kros or kos, will be exactly nine miles; other computations make the Jojon but about five mile; or even no more than four miles and a half; joining union, junction.

शीवा s. m. A warrior, a soldier, a combatant.

योधन s. m. Fighting, warring, battle. बोधायन s. m. Heroism, bravery, prowess.

सीधो s. m. A warrior.

योगि s. f. The vulva.

दोनिनासा s.f. The upper part of the vulva, or the union of the labiæ.

योजिलक s. m. The clitoris.

योज्यक्ती s. m. An affection of the vulva, Menorrhagia, or prolapsus uteri.

योचित s. f. A woman in general.

all adv. Thus, in this manner.

ধীৰজ ৈ m. A nuntial gift, presents বীৰজ ৈ made to a bride at her marriage by her father or friends; some consider it also implying a gift to the bridggroom.

बोग s. m. d adj. Relating to the बोगो s. f. womb or place of origin, nterine; connected by female alliance, marriage, &c.

योगन s. m. Youth, manhood.

बीवनदर्प s. m. Pride of youth, rashness,

बीवनदक्षा s. f. The period of youth, adolescence.

बीरमस्ती f. } adj. Youthful.

₹

The twenty-seventh consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to the letter r.

₹₹ s.f. A churning staff, bran.

iws. m. A poor man.

ive s. m. A wheel for drawing water with.

₹ s. f. A ray, a sun-beam.

w adj. Red, of a red colour. s. m. Blood. Rakt-chandan, s. m. Red

sandul-wood, red sanders, or sapanwood:

ংক্ষাই s. m. A kind of leprosy in which the part affected is red.

रसमुख s.m. A disease, a hard lump in the abdomen of the female after conception, perhaps scirrhus of the ovarium; a clot of blood;

रक्तचर्ण s. m. Red lead.

रक्षता s. f. Redness.

মেখার s. m. Red chalk or red orpiment; copper.

रक्षपा s. f. A leach.

रक्रमान s. m. Spilling of blood.

twifter s. m. Plethora, spontaneous hemorrhages from the mouth nose; rectum and cuticle, accompanied with fever and head-ache, vomiting, purging, &c.

रक्षपितो s.f. A painful and itchy erupt on supposed to arise from excess of blood and bile; a plant used for the cure of the disease.

रक्षमक adj. Bloody, full or consisting of blood.

रक्षकीचन adj. Red-eyed.

रत्तरण adj. Red, of a red colour.

रताहोच adj. Bloodless, cold-blooded.

TRIMET a.m. Any vagrant devotes

wearing red garments.

purparea).

रख्डोड्ड v. a. To place; to keep; to have; to give in charge.

रवाहेगा v. a. To put down, to place ; to keep, to put by.

Ter s. m. Keeping, charge, protection.
Teq: v. a. To keep, put, place, have,
hold, possess, preserve, reserve, save,
lay, set, station, apply, ascribe, im-

mute, esteem, consider, have, own, stop.

take into keeping or service, to engage.

रचनार s. f. The price paid for keeping, रचनाना v. s. To cruse to keep, place, &c. Rakhwa lens. To take in charge.

বজাবা বজাবাল বজাবাল ভেনাআ

रवानी s.f. Keeping, guarding, custody, grazing cattle.

to keep, put, place. Rukh lena, To take in charge.

रिश्वया s. f. Protection, keeping. रची s. f. A tribute paid to a Sikh chief for protection. s. m. A protector, guardian. adj. used sub. Grass which

guardian. adj. used sub. Grass which has been preserved for cattle, cut down and dried, hay.

रचेया s. m. Keeper, protector.

বসত্ত s.f. Attrition, friction, rubbing, abrasion.

राष्ट्रना v. s. To rub, scour, grate, fret, abrade, exceriate.

राष्ट्रा s. m. Quarrelling; rubbing, polishing; a collyrium.

रवकाश्वतका s. m. Quarrel, debate, discussion. रवना v. a. To be attached to, to be in

love with. रोद s. f. Pursuit, chase.

रनेदना v. a. To pursue, chase, hunt,

Rys. m. A sovereign of Oude, the great grandfather of Ramchandra; the family or descendants of Raghu.

रष्ठभेष s. m. The race or family of Raghu; hence also the name of a poom by Kalidas, which treats of the ancestors of Ram, from Dalip to that prince, and his descendants to Agnivern.

w adj. Niggardly, avaricious, a miser. s. m. A poor man.

TW s. m. Paint, colour, tint, dye, hue, dancing, acting, signing, amusement, merriment, pleasure: suit (at cards). Rang ur jana, To change colour, to be afraid. Rang utarna, To become pale; to be grieved. Rang karna. To enjoy, to lead a life of pleasure. Rang charlna, To be elated with liquor. Rang dekhna, To look at or examine the state, condition, result, concusion or consequence of anv thing. Rang-bhang, Spoiling of sport. Rang-mahall, An apartment for festive or voluptuous enjoyment. Rang marna, To win (in gaming: an expression taken from the game of choupar). Rang raliyán, s. f. pl. Merriment, pleasure, mirth, pleasant society of a lover. Rang ratua, To be affected or imbued (with love) to become attached to any one. Rang rup, s. m. Colour, form, appearance. Rang lagána, To colour ; To excite a quarrel.

रक्षम १. f. Colour.

रहना v. a. To colour, to die.

सम्भृति s. m. The day of full moon in the month Assoin (September-October), on the night of which Lakehmi descended, promising wealth to all who were awake; the night is spent in playing ancient chess, in naches, oc.

रक्षभृषि s. f. A field of battle; a stage, a theatre, a place where dancing is exhibited.

रक्षर s. m. Delight, melody, pleasure, रक्ष्मार s.f. The price paid for colouring (particularly for dyeing). रक वैधा s. m. A dyer.

रक्षाला s. f. A hall for public exhibitions, as naches, plays, &c., a ballroom, a theatre.

The price paid for dyeing; a certain space of time during which a cloth is dyed.

THE r. o. To colour.

TELTE 8. f. Colour, colouring.

wi adj. Impassioned, having propensity or passion. s. m. A dyer. s. f. Chintz, the colour of which will not stand washing; a kind of cloth peculiar to Khyrabad.

Trier s. m. A rake. adj. Gaudy, fine, showy, airy, buxom.

₹₹ s. m. A maker, a composer.

to be prepared; to be set to work, to be employed, to be about (a businest); to stain, to colour; to love, to like; to keep time in music; to penetrate; compose, perform. s. f. Forming, composing, creating, making, invention; created thing, work, workmanship.

(Nint v. a. To set to work, to set a going; to make, to do; to make merry; to stain the hands, feet, &c., with menhiti, &c.; to celebrate.

ব্ৰিন adj. Made, manufactured; written, composed.

watchman, redeemer.

val. f. Protection, guarding, keeping, preservation, defence, patronage, safety.

two.m. Dust; the pollen of flowers; the menstrual excretion; the secondary property of bumanity, the quality of passion, which produces sensual desire, wordly coveting, pride and falsehood, and is the cause of pain.

रजन s. f. A washerman.

বেশী s. f. A washerman's wife or a washerwoman.

रजङ्गामा o. n. To be satisfied.

বোন s. m. Silver.

रजनी s.f. Night.

रअपनीका (s. m. The moon,

বঙ্গনীসন্ধ s. m. The tuberose (Poliunthes tuberosa).

रजनीचर s. m. A rakshas, a ghost, goblin; a thief; a watchman.

रखनीस्ख s. m. Evening, begining of the night.

रजनीकास s. f. A flower (Nyctenthes arbor tristis), which blossoms at night and diffuse a powerful scent after sun-set.

रजवाषा s. m. A kingdom, a country under the control of a raja.

vegs. m. The second condition of humanity, the quality or property of passion; that which produces sensual desire, wordly coveting, pride and faisehood, and is the cause of pain; dust; the dust or pollen of a flower; the monstrual evacuation.

বেষজ s.f. A woman during menstrua-

रिवत ady. Affected, moved, attracted, or excited by.

Talty s.m. One of the three characters or dispositions assigned by the Hindus Sstwsh, goodness, benevolence; Rajsh, Passion or love of sensual enjoyment or of pleasure; Tamah, Darkness, ignorance, delusion, promptitude to the vindictive passions. These are all exhibited in the Hindus Triad; in Brahmu, rajsh prevails, in Vishau, satwah; and in Shiv, tsmsh.

रजीविन s. m. Suppression of menstrastion.

was. m. A rope, a cord, a tie, a string.

was any. What excites or affects;
what colours, &c. s. m. A colourist,
a painter, a dyer; a stimulus, an inciter of affection, &c.; biliary humour
on which vision depends. s. f. Priming powder. Ranjak urna, To flash
in the pan (priming). Ranjak urdna,
v. a. To burn priming, to flash in
the pan. Ranjak dan, s. m. Priming
pan or fire pan. Ranjak pilana, v. a.
To prime.

vus s. m. Colouring, dyeing, painting, &c.; affecting the heart, exciting passion, &c.; red sanda3 or sapan wood.

Tien adj. Moved or affected.

vs s. f. Repetition, iteration.

पदना v. a. To repeat, iterate, order or demand repeatedly.

ve s. m. War, battle.

रचवामी adj. Desirous of war, wishing to fight.

रचनदः s. m. Lines of entrenchment. रचान s. m. A wilderness.

TURN s. m. A trophy, a pillar.

रणाइण्ड s. m. A field of battle.

Tu s. m. A tree (Palms christi; Ricinus vulgaris).

TEST s. m. A barren tree.

weeds. Widow's dress, widow's weeds.

ver.s.f. A plant (Salvinia cucullista);

रकापरी } s.m. Widowhood.

रिक्या s. f. A widow ; a woman.

Randi-bas, A whoremonger, Randi-basi, s. f. Whoring, fornification.

गण्डचा s. m. A widower.

wadj. Occupied or engaged by, actively-intent on, s. f. Coition, copulation.

रतकेख s.m. Venery, coition.

रतनग s.m. Watching all night on religious occasions (a female ceremony), vigil.

www.m. A jewel, gem, a precious stone; the pupil of the eye. Retan-Set with jewels. Ratan-singhasun, s.m. A throne adorned with precious stones.

रतनार s. m. Red colour.

रतिशिध s.m. A wagtail.

रत नियां s.m. A kind of rice,

বৰাতী s.f. An attack in the night; a concubine who comes at night.

रवाना v. s. To rut, to be lewd.

रतायनी s.f. A whore, a harlot

रसाधिमी s.f. A. libidinous woman, s wanton, harlot.

स्तादी adj. m. Libidinous, lascivious.

रशाचु s. m. A yam (Dioscorea).

বলি s. f. Passion, desire; coition, copulation.

रतिक्रिया s. m. Copulation.

रविश्वरा s. f. A plant (Trigenilla corniculate), perhaps considered as an aphrodisiac.

s.f. A weight equal to eight barleycorns; fortune. Rati chamakni, To begin to prosper, to flourish.

रतीयत } &dj. Fortunate, prosperous, स्तीयत } flourishing.

বনীষা s.m. Blindness at night, nyctalopia.

रतेंगिया adj. Blind at night.

vell s.f. A weight equal to eight barley corns; fortune Ratti chamakni, To begin to prosper, to flourish. N s. m. A jewel, a gem, a precions stone; any thing the best of its kind, or figuratively, the jewel of the species.

रवकद्ध s. m. Coral.

বৰণীয় s.f. A plant; a medicine, said to be good for the eyes.

रवनंत्ररी s. f. Nume of a flower!

 сыны абр. Gemmed, full or made of gems.

रबनाका s. f. A necklace of precious stones; a book in astronomy; a flower.

रवान adj. Having gems.

खडच s. m. Cora].

ংৰভিত্যভাৰ s. m. A throne adorned with precious stones.

रताबर s. m. The ocean ; a jewel mine. रवावजी s.f. A necklace of gems.

To s. m. A car, a war chariot; a carriage in general, any vehicle or mode of conveyance; a four-wheeled carriage (not used for baggage), a coach, chariot.

त्रवाहर s. m. A maker of cars, coachmaker.

TURINT s.f. A festival at which the chariots go in procession: in Bengal an Orissa it is applied to the procession of the car of Krishna, as Jagyannath, on the second of the light fortnight of Ashárh.

रचनान् s. m. A coachman, charioteer. रचनानी s. f. Coachmanship.

(Anas caterce).

रथो s. m. The owner of or rider in a car.

RET S. m. A tooth.

ver i. m. A layer of a wall, the work of a day.

s. m. Rejected things, especially waste paper.

vy s. m. Battle, war, combat, Rangbhumi, s. f. Field of battle.

रनवन t. m. A wilderness.

ৰেণাৰ s. m. The seraglio of a rája, the female apartments.

ert s. m. A hole; a loop-hole, an embrasure, an air hole.

रअना v. n. To be boiled (nictuals).

ৰ s. m. A hele, a fissure, a cavity, a

TUZ s. f. Fatigue, hard labour; slipperness; chase.

रपटणा v. n. To slip, slide.

रपरपाना v. n. To gallop hard.

THE s f. Fatigue, fruitless labour, trudging.

रवड़ना v. n. To fatigne one's self, to run about fruitlessly.

रबड़ा adj. Fatigued.

पाइना v. a. To fatigue, to cause to run about uselessly.

रवड़ी s. f. Thick milk.

ta s. m. The sun. Rabi-bar, s. m. sunday.

रमचेरा s. m. A common appellation of a slave.

ব্যব s. m. Sporting, playing ; dalliance, amorous sport ; coition, copulation.

रमची s.f. An agreeable woman, a wife. रमची*स adj.* Pleasant.

रमचीय adj. Beantiful, pleasing.

रमचीयता s.f. Agreeableness, pleasantness.

বৰৰ s. m. Sport, pleasure, wanton sport or dalliance.

रमत adj. Playing, sporting.

(or tag, rug, and biblial).

रमना v. n. To turn; to roam, go, range, wander, s. m. A pack or chase (for

nexion with,

रकाका v. s. To entice; to beguile ; to take possession of.

Can s. f. A plantain; a harlot; a whore; delight,

रमक s. m. One of the minor dwips or divisions of the world, lying to the north of Ragrit.

रजना v. s. To be mixed.

Territo, a. To mix. ſ &c.

₹₹ s. m. Sound in general, cry, noise, THEY s. m. A servant who attends at the gate of the woman's apartments to purchase articles that are required. रवा s. m. Gold or silver filings; a grain or particle of sand, dust, gunpowder, [sincusis]. &c.

रवास s. m. A kind of beam (Dolichos The sun. Crystal. रविकाल s. m. The sun-stone, a sort of द्विसकात s. m. The disk of the sun.

Trans s. m. The sun's path. tawn s f. The tongue; a woman's girdle or zone.

रिका s. m. A ray of light.

₹₩ s. m. Juice, humour, essence; Havour, taste, as sweet, salt, pungent, bitter, sour, and astringent; taste, sentiment, or emotion, as an object of poetry composition; eight sentiments are usually enumerated, Singar or love, Hasyah or mirth, Karuna or tenderness, Roudra or anger, Vir or heroism, Bhyunak, or terror, Vi-Shates or disgust, Adbhut or surprise, Sant, tranquillity or content, or Varsalya, paternal tendermes, is sometimes considered as the ninth; affection of the mind, passion; exudation, a fluid, a liquid ; semen virile ; relish, enjoyment; quicksilver, mercury.

game), v. a. To enjoy, to have con- | रक्कपूर s. m. A white sublimate or a muriate of mercury, made in close vessels with sulphur, mercury, and common salt; the crystals formed in the first operation are sublimed a second time, which seem to be the only essential difference between this and the preparations called-Rosopushpah.

> रचड adj. Discriminating or acquainted with tastes, sentiments, &c. s. m. A. poet, a writer, who understands the different Rasas or sentiments to be described, an alchymist, one who has obtained a command over the magical properties of mercury; a physician, a medical preparer and administerer of mercurial and chemical compounds.

TURNES S. J. Poetical skill or taster. knowledge of flavour; alchymy.

रसभा } s.f. The tongue.

Tungs. m. Quicksilver.

रविकास s. f. Loss of taste, flavour, &c.

THEY s. m. A preparation of mercury, a kind of muriste formed by subliming in close vessel, a mixture of sulphur, mercury, and common salt.

रसभ्यान s. m. Clax or oxide of mercury. tunes adj. or part. Wet with perfumed essences or perspiration.

रसमस्ता v. n. To wet with perfumed essences or perspiration.

THUS. m. A rope.

anthorrhiza.

रसराक s. m. Quicksilver.

रसरी s. f. String, cord. vers s. f. A kind of collyrium, extracted from the root of the Amonum

ture odj. Exciting quarrels.

रचनात् ad). Well-flavoured; tasteful, applied to a composition, &c.

refere s. m. A sort of factitious cinnabar, made with zinc, mercury, blue vitriol, and nitre fused together; the compound is used as an escharotic.

THIM'S. m. A sort of collyrium, prepared either with the clax 64 brass, or with the Amomum anthorrhico.

regions under the earth, and the residence of Negas, Asurs, Dyts, and other monstrous and demoniacal beings: this inot to be confounded with Narak or Tartarus, the proper hell or abode of guilty mortals after death; the lowest of the seven divisions of Patat.

रसामा v. o. To solder.

TRIEF s. m. Alchymy, chemistry; the employment of mercury in medicine; a medicine composed of mercury and other metals; slowness, mildness. Reseapens; s. m. A chemist.

ANTH s. m. The sugar-cane; the mango tree (Mangifera Indics).

Turns s. f. A tubular vessel of the body, a nerve, a tendon, &c.

THINK m. A kind of dish (rice and the juice of sugar-cane boiled together).

thur adj. Flavoured, having taste or flavour; tasteful, as a composition. de.; sentimental. s. m. A libertine. adj. Witty.

truit s. f. Cunninguese, shrewdness, amorousness.

राध्या s. m. A rake, one who enjoye life, a voluptuary.

रचिवास e.n: To be moist; to be juicy ; to commence ripening, to coze, रची बर्जा: Humorous ; impassioned. रहीदा adj. Juicy, luscious; voluptuous, rakish.

रमुन s. m. Garlick. इति adv. Softly.

sopher's stone the touch of which turns iron to gold;

vertus s. m. A cook.

स्तोर s.f. Victuals; cookroom, kitchen. रचीत s.f. A kind of collyrium, extracted from the root of the Amonum on therrhize.

va adj. Juicy. s. m. blood.

Ters s. m. Rope, cable.

s. f. String, cord, rope.

रश्चाना v. n. To wait, stay, delay, desist, give up.

रकट है s. m. A wheel, for drawing रकटमरीका / water with.

रण्डा s. m. A spinning-wheel.

two s. m. A cart.

twa s. m. Staying, remaining.

रहत adv. (In the) remaining ; in the presence, during, notwithstanding

Two s. f. Manner, method,

τψει υ. n. To stay, stop, remain, be, exist, last, stand, continue, lie, live, inhabit, dwell, reside, escape. Rubine-wala, Inhabitant.

THAT s. m. A robber, high wayman.
THAT s. m. A kind of pulse, chanse
(Ciger orietinum).

TTT s. m. A slave (not purchased).

vyter s. m. An inhabitant, dweller.

vyter adv. Solitary, private, in private,
secretly, privily. s. m. Waggery,
merriment; trampling, treading un-

der foot; solitariness, privacy; co-pulation.

বছৰা v. n. To be pleased, to rejoice.
বছৰ adj. Private, secret. s. m. A
secret, a mystery, any thing hidden,
recondite or mysterious.

ব্যাহে s. f. Stay. halt, delay, abode, ব্যাহ s. m. seridence, ontinuance. বহিন adj. Free from, devoid of destitute, void of.

रचक s. m. A guardian, a protector.

test s. m. Preserving, protecting, defending. [tecting.

रचन adj. Preserving, guarding, pro-रचन् s.m. An evil spirit.

rul s.f. Protection, guarding, keeping preservation, defence, patronage, safety.

বিষ adj. Preserved, protected, defended : kept, detained.

ৰ s. m. Preserving, guarding, defence, protection.

रचामाच adj. Preserved.

शहे s.f. A kind of mustard seed with small grains (Sinapis ranoes), Reikai, Broken to small pieces or atoms. शहेश s.m. Chaff of wheat, bran; a species of mustard with large seeds. राष s.m. A Hindu title, prince, chief,

Rish-rayon, s. m. A Hindu title, (it.) the chief of princes; the Dewan of the Khalisa, or chief treasurer.

river s. m. Pumpkins, &c. pickled in sour milk.

राएतीस s. m. A kind of spear.

रएरेज s. m. A flower so called. यांग s.f. रे Pewter, tin.

रांगा s. m. }

tinutt s. m. A toyman.

times | s.m. Sweetheart; Leander, the lover of Hero (who is called in Hindi Hir).

tts s.f. A widow; a woman. Rand he sand, Son of a widow, a spoilt child.

vision adj. Barren. (The mango fish without ross are so called; and the word is particularly applied to unproductive trees such as the male point, &c.).

राजापा s. s. Widowhood,

गोहनी s.f. Parsley.

राइपक्रीस s. m. Neighbourhood.

tives v. s. To cook, to dress food.

रांची s.f. An iron instrument for scraping leather, scraper for leather.

रोजना ७, त. To low, bellow, cry out. राजन ३. m. A demon, an evil spirit.

THE s. f. Full moon, or the day of full moon.

Tim s. f. Ashes.

नाक्षमा v. a. To keep, to put,

राषी s.f. An amulet, or string which Hindus tie round their arms on a certain festival, held in the full moon of Srawsa, or Sawan, in konour of Kriskas.

No. s. m. A mode in music (there being six in number), music, song, tune; the modes are, Bhyrau, Malsv, Sarang, Hindol, Vasant. Dipak, and Magh; anger, passion; love. Ragehhana, v. n. To be in concert. Ragmala, e. f. A treatise on music (seing nothing more than a collection of pictures, embibiting the traditional history of the primary and subordinate modes and the subjects appropriated to each). Rag rang, s. m. Music, Ragsagar, s. m. A song composed of many Rags or musical modes.

ent read or extract, the wood of which is used in dying (Mimesa catechu).

दानवा v. a. To begin to sing. राविनो s. f. A mode in music (there being thirty of the Reginie in number). velt adi. Passionate, impassionate. s. m. A singer ; a libertine, a lover. TIWE s. m. A sort of fish. Trent v. n. To be affected or imbued (with love), to be strongly attached. TIE 4. m. Apparatus. vist s. m. Government, sovereignty, royalty, reign, kingdom, (In comp.) Prince, king. राज s. m. A mason, a bricklayer. राजकवा s.f. A princess. times s. m. Tax or tell imposed by (perus). the king. राजकोद s, m. A fragrant grass (Cy-राजकार्क s.m. Royal duties, state, affairs. rranta edi. Royal, kingly. - राजप्रमार s. m. A king's son, a prince. Trans s. m. A toyal race, a prince, a king. राज्यादी a. f. King's cushion or throne राजवुद s. m. The king's spiritual pref fish. ceptor. राजवीय s. m. A sort of flat fresh-water transaus, m. The royal mark on the forehead, coronation राचतेक्स s. m. Majesty, kingly, dignity. vina s. m. Sovereignty, royalty. Transment ordered by the king : a baton, a sceptre, · राक्षक्षेत्र s. m. A levee, an audience. Tracer s. m. The gate of the palace. tingly s. m. Oppression, tyranny; rebellion. राजहोत्रों s. m. A rebel, a traitor. राज्यम s. m. Royal revenue or right to property. rej. THE S. m. The prime minister of a traces s. m. Royal duty; the duty

of the military tribe.

a metropolis. रा धरा s. m. Regal state or function, gevernment. €1 Am e. n. To shine, to be adorned. र मनीवि s. f. Regal polity, civil and military government; the art of government, the duties of a princeboth in peace and war. राजनीख s. m. The emerald. राजपह s. m. A gem; said to be an inferior kind of diamond brought from Virat Des. a country in the northwest of India; a tiars or royal fillet. s. f. King's cushion, throne. राजपत s. m. A Hindurtitle, prince. राजपनी z f. A cueen. राजप्रव s. m. A. Kshattri or man of a military tribe. राजपुत s. m. A descendant of raja; the name of a tribe. राजपती s. f. Courage, prowess in war. राज्यकी s. m. Descendant of a raje: a Rainut tribe. राक्षमनम 🤰 s. m. A roval residence, п राजधान रे palace. राज्यकोष a. m. Vietuals placed before idols at neon. Idence. राजनिवर s. m. A palace, a royal resi-Transfer m. A royal road, one passable for horses and elephants, and forty cubits broad. Transition s. m. An enemy, a rebel, one making war against a prince. राजधीन adj. Proper or suitable for a sovereign; princely, royal. Craction s. m. An emperor, an universal monarch, or kink of Kings. tratta s. m. A mortal disease : a consumption. CHANG & m. Royal insignin ; any

natural mark indicating royalty.

Trada s. m. A royal letter or order. राजवंबी s. m. The descendant of a raja ; a tribe of Raiputs. Feent. राजवंदा adi. Of royal parentage or des-

राजान adj. Royal, kingly.

दानदाका s. m. The country of rajas. राज्यीको adj. Springing from a royal

राजागायन s. m. A royal edict.

race.

राजस adj. Relating to, or derived, &c. from the quality of passion,

राज्यसा s. f. Majesty, royal dignity. राज्यसभा s. 🚣 A. royal assembly or court

राजासर्पे s. m. A large kind of snake (Boa), the king of snakes.

राजसय s. m. A sacrifice performed only by a universal monarch, attended by his tributary princes.

राजसेवस s. m. A courtier, a royal attendant. [duty, tax.

Trans s. m. Royal revenue, impost, राजाइंस s. m. A. white goose with red legs and bill, or more properly perhaps the flamingo.

राज्यशास्त्र 8. m. A sort of large fish (Cyprinus niloticus).

TIME a. m. A. king, a prince.

बाजाचा s. f. A royal edict or command. राज्याधिराज s. m. A paramount sovereign.

राजाइन s.m. A gem, described as an inferior sort of dismond, brought from the country Virat.

राजावजी s.f. A line of kings, a royal dynasty or genealogy.

राजी s. f. A row, a line.

दाबीद s. m. A large fish (Cyprinus niloticus).

राजेन्द्र s. m. An emperor.

दाजेयर s. m. A. sovereign, lord, a governor.

राज्य s. m. A goverment, a country. s principality, a kingdom ; administration or exercise of sovereignty or government.

राज्यका s.m. A prince who has lost his government.

राज्यचाति s.f. Deposal, loss of sovereignty. *

राज्यभङ्ग s. m. Subversion of a sover-राज्यकंत s. m. Deposal or loss of a kingdom.

राज्यसप्ट s. m., A. deposed sovereign, राज्यरचा s.f. Protection or defence of a

kingdom. राज्याधिकार s. m. Government of a king-

dom : right or title to a sovereignty. राइ s. m. A country or district, part of a Bengal west of the Hughly

TITI s. m. A Hindu title of a prince. or raja.

राषी s. f. A Hindu queen or princess,

Vin s.f. Night. Adhi rat, Midnight. Rat theri our sang bahut, Is applied to express a hurry of business with little time to perform it in; also great expense with a small income. Raton-rat, In the middle of the night.

रातका v. a. To dye (with colour), to stain. v. n. To be strongly attached or in love (lit. stained with the die of love).

₹131 adi. Red, died, coloured.

दावाषा s. m. Nyctalopia, night blindness

रावि } e.f. Night.

राविकर adj. Going or moving at night. s. m. A geblin, a fiend, a ghost or evil spirit; a thief, a robber; a guard patrole.

TRE s. f. Pus, matter.

रायानगरी s.m. A kind of silk cloth made at Radha nagar.

THI s. m. A Hindu title of a prince or rays.

বাদী s. f. A Hindu queen or princess. বাৰ s. f. Sirap.

रावकी s. f. A kind of food like pap.

THE s. prop. A name common to three incarnations of Vishnu, or Parsuram, the son of the Muni Jamadayni, born at the commencement of the second or Trets Jug, for the purpose of punishing the tyranical kings of the Kshattri race; Romchandra, the son of Dasgrath, king of Ouls, born at the close of the second age. (or 1600 years B; C.) to destroy the demons who infested the earth, and especially Ravan, the Ditya sovereign of Ceylon; and Balram, the elder halfb-rother of Krisha, the son of Rohini, born at the end of the Dwapar or third age, Ram kahini, s. f. The Ramayan; a long story. Ram duhai, s. f. An asseveration, by Ram, by God. Ram-bhati, s. f. Calling out for redres, complaint, Ram | Ram | A Hinds form of salutation.

বাৰ্থনী s.f. One of the Regimis or female personifications of the musical modes.

variants s. m. The name of a mountain, variously applied, but especially assigned to a mountain called Ramts or Chitrkut in Bandelthand, and to another thear Nagpur called now Ramtek.

रामजनी s.f. A Hindu dancing-girl s prostitute.

tingtt s.f. A vegetable, Ochra (Hibiscus esculentus). रामतुषाधी s. f. A plant (Ocymnin grafissimam).

राषद्व s. m. A kind of gout.

tinte s. f. Kind of relion Earth used for caste marks.

रामरच s. m. Salt, [reed, रामचर s. m. A sort of wood ; a kind of रामामची s. m. A class of Hindu medicants. followers of Romanand.

THIGH s. m. The first epic poem of the Hindus, recording the adventures of Ram, the son of Dagrath, sovereign of Oude, written by the poet V-sl-miki; a name of several poems on the life and adventures of Ram.

THIGH s. m. System of Hindu medicants.

TH s. m. A Hindu title, prince, chief.

Rech-rdyan, s. m. A Hindu title, (lit)

The chief princes; the Diwsn of the

Khalita, or chief treasures.

sour milk.

दावरांच f. m. A kind of spear.

रायवेख s.f. A flower so called.

रायमणिया है s.m. A. kind of rice (in रायमणी के the husk.).

रार्ष है s. f. Wrangling, quarrel, fray.

TW s. m. Resin, the resinous or fragrant exudation of the Shores robusts, rosin, pitch; saliva.

adj. Quarrelsome, contentions.

TIT 6. m. A prince.

(19414 s. m. Gaiety, amusement, dalliance, merriment, mirth; affection, endearment.

पानहो s. f. A kind of tent.

Caylon, said to have been killed by Ramchandr.

ticular caste).

বাহি s. m. A heap, a quantity; a sign of the zediac; a part and its divisor, or numerator and denominator.

राजित्रज्ञ s.m. The zodiac.

राशिभाग s. m. A fraction.

राधिनोग s. m. Passage of a planet through a sign of the zodiac.

राणि एव s. m. Heaping, piling, gathering.

राशिकत adj. Heaped, piled, gathered, राष्ट्र s. m. An inhabited country or realm, a region.

বাছিলা s. f. A prickly sort of nightshade (Solanum jucquini).

TH s. m. Reins of a bridle; usury; adoption, Ras-ans. To be agreeable.

Ras lena v. a, To adopt a son.

THE s. m. A festival among the cowherds, including songs and dances, especially the circular dance as performed by Krishna and the Gopie or cowherdesses; a heap; a sign of the zodiac.

रास्चल s. m. The zodiac.

रास्थारी e m. A dancing boy, who imitates the Ras of Krishna.

ব্যালা s. f. A festival in honur of Krishns on the full moon of Katic. দেল adj. Of middling breed (a horse); indifferent, so so.

THIS. f. A plant (Mimosa octandra); another plant (the serpent Ophioxylon?); a sort of perfume.

Trent o. a. To roughen a millstone (by digging little pits in its surface with a small pickare).

(1) s. m. Typhon or the dragon that is supposed to devour the sun or moon during an eclipse; the ascending node. राइवास s. m. Immersion of a planet in an eclipse.

राष्ट्रयाच s. m. An eclipse of the sun or moon.

An evil spiris, a demon, a vampire, a find, but who appears to be various descriptions and is either a powerful. Titan or enemy of the gods in a superhuman or incarnate form, a Rávan and others.

াজ্যনাত s. m. A form of marriage, the violent seizure and rape of a girl after the repulse or destruction of her relatives.

राचमी s. f. A female flend, the female of Rakhsas. adj. Demoniacal, devilish. [a vacuum.

रिजा adj. Empty, void. s. m. A vacuity, रिजाबा s. f. Vacuity, void, space. रिजाबा adj. Empty-handed.

रिचा s. f. A magical invocation, a mystical prayer of the Veds. रिअवेशा adj. Having the quality of

being pleased.
ftwing v. α. To please; (met.) to plague,
tense, perplex.

रितामा v. s. To cause to empty.

fig s. /. Season, weather. The Hindus
divide the year into six seasons, vis.,
Vosanta, Grishma, Varsha, Sarad,
Him, and Sisir.

दिश्चि s. f. Increase, wealth, prosperity. दिश्च s. m. An enemy.

रिषुता s. f. Hostility, enmity.

रिवि s. m. A saint.

ften s. m. The soap-berry plant (Sapindus of several species).

frege adj. Fat.

रिस s. f. Anger, passion, vexation. रिसमा v. n. To drop slowly.

रिसपा adj. Passionate.

হিষাৰা ৈ v. n. To be displeased, vex-থিয়াৰা ed, angry, provoked.

if f. A vocative particle used by way of disrespect or admiration generally, (in addressing females), holla! brave 1 O!

रीजना v. n. To creep, to plod.

रींख } s. m. A bear.

বীধনা v. a. To dress (victuals) to cook. বীধা f. Choice, approbation, love, desire, wish; pleasing, satisfying. Rijh-pachau, s. m. A person who conceals

chau, s. m. A person who conceals his inclination. Rijh-pachana, v. a. To conceal one's gratification.

रीकता v. n. To be pleased, to be gratified, to be delighted.

₹81 s. m. A fruit, soap-wort, soap nut (Sapindus saponaria).

रेबिटवा s.f. A small Ritha (fish).

रोड़ s. f. The back bone. रोड़ो s. f. A young mango.

रीता adj. Empty.

fifa s. f. Usage, custom, practice, rite, 'habit, regulation, rule, local or traditionary observance.

Rt s. m. Noise.

रोरियाना v. n. To cry (as a child); to murmur, v. a. To importune, to beg earnestly.

रीस s. m. Anger, passion, vexation.

হ'বন v. n. To be trod or trampled on. হ'বলা v. n. To be confinend, restrain-

ed or afflicted (in mind).

₹ s. m. Stoppage.

बचन s. f. Stopping.

दबना v. n. To stop, to be hindered, to be enclosed, to be prohibited.

बनवेशा s. m. A preventer.

ब्याना v. a. To cause to enclose, surround, stop, hinder.

दकाव s. m. } Prevention, hinderance, aकावट s. f. } detention, backwardness.

रवार s.f. Plainness, dryness; unkind looks, indifference.

रष adj. Bent, erooked, curbed ; diseased, sick, infirm.

Tw. s. f. Desire, wish, availity, desire of or pleasure from eating; light, lustre.

বৰণ To excite desire; to be agreeable. ববি s. f. Hunger, appetite, tuste, sentiment.

🗺 s. m. A headless body.

दरन s. m. Weeping, wailing. इड adj. Obstructed, stopped, shut up; opposed, stopped, impeded.

বদাঘ s. m. A tiee (Eleocarpus ganitrus). হথিব s. m. Blood.

रुपना v. n. To be at bay, to stop. स्वस्था adj. Of silver.

वपैया s. m. A coin so called, a rapec.

ৰূপৰা v. n. To roll, be rolled or pulverized.

दलाना v. a. To cause to cry, to vex, displease, afflict.

बसना v. n. To be angry, to be displeased, to have a misunderstanding with a friend.

ब्द adj. Angry, displeased.

বৰ ady. Harsh, unkind; rough, hard; rugged, uneven.

** s.f. Cotton. Rui-dar, adj. Quilted with cotton, stuffed with cotton.

STE s. m. A seller of cotton.

Runyteh khareh hone, v. n. The standing of the hairs on end (from cold, fear, &c.)

Tazs. f. Dirt, filth.

S'uni c. a. To surround, to enclose (as with a hedge); to watch. v. n. To be restrained; to be confounded, to be astonished. s. f. To hoot!

See. s. m. A tree. adj. Plain, unseasoned. Rakha-charha, s. m. A monkey.

क्या

www.x. m. A sort of devotee.

विकास s, m. A small tree.

was adj. Dry, plain, rough, harsh. unkind, unfriendly, pure, simple, unseasoned, Rukha sukha, adı, Plain: blunt, harsh (word, &c.).

wark s. f. Roughness, plathaess, dryness unfriendliness.

दखानी s. f. A carpenter's chisel.

च्या s. f. A squirrel,

ves adj. Stern. s. m. A violator.

▼S * m. An insect very troublesome to birds

wat ad). An animal (or bird more particularly) much teased by the insect ru1.

จรราย. n. To have misunderstanding with a friend, to be cool, to quarrel, to be angry or displeased.

इडनी adi. Quarrelsome. s. f. A species of sensitive plant (Mimors natans). erierl s. f. Mutual coolsess, misunderstanding.

wa adj. Hard, stiff, rough, grim, dross. wy s. m. Countenance, form, shape, figure, appearance, facé; picture, beauty, manner, mode, method; silver. Rup-nidhana, Receptacle or

abode of beauty. Rup ras, Killed or ealcined silver, Rup-sagar, Ocean of beauty.

KINNS n. Pewter.

क्रप्रती adj. f. Well-shaped, elegant, beautiful, handsome (a woman).

कापनान कती. Well-shaped, beautiful. handsome. silver. sayen odi. Silvered, made of silver. Kurs. m, Silver.

इपी (used in compos:) In form or figure, having the shape or figure of. क्रमहो s. f. Subterfuge, trick, wrangling. क्रमी s.m. 'A Grecian, Rumi-mustki, s.f. Gum mastick.

क्दसना v. n. To be angry, to be displeased, to have a misunderstanding with a friend.

दसी s. f. Beurf.

ts. m. A vocative particle used by way of disrespect or admiration generally, holla | bravo ! O !

रेंक s.f. Braying (as of an aes).

रेकना v. n To brav (as an ass).

रेंगना v. n. To creep, to plod. रेंगनी s: f. A medicinal plant.

tzs. m. A wheel for drawing water with : snivel, snot.

its s. m. Snot, snivel.

(3 s. m. L' Palma christi (Ricinus vul-रेंडो s. f. 🕻 garis). Rendi ka tel, s: m. Castor-oil.

रही s.f. A small melon:

a) s. f. Writing, line, mark, fate, रेक्सा (destiny.

रेषारी s.f. A furrow.

₹v s, f. Dast.

s. m. Semen virile.

Ras. f. Sand : filings.

Ran v. a. To file, polish, thrum.

रतज adi. Sandy. s. f. Sand, sandy ground.

खेनला aid. Sandy.

tar s. m. Sand. ling. tart s. f. Price paid for filing or polish-रेतियाना v. a. To file, to polish.

रेली s. f. Sandy ground on the shore of a river : file,

रेतीसा ads. Sandy.

रेत्या s. m. 'A fileman, a filer, a polisher. ₹₩ 8. m. The letter r, with the inherent short vowel.

रेलना v. d. To shove, push, rush.

- रेलपेल इ. f. Abundance, plenty ; erowd; bustle.

Cars. m. A flood; a line or string of animals; rushing, rush, push, shove, assault.

tre s.f. A kind of sweetment. Revri keh pher men parna, v. n., To be inwolved in difficulties.

Cans. f. The last of the lunar asterisms containing thirty-two stars, figured dy a taber.

देश a. f. The Nerbadda or Narmada river, which rises in the mountain Umrkut or Americantak, in the province of Gondwana, and runs nearly due west about 750 miles, when it falls into the sea below Baroach. ₹ s. f. (mitti) Fossil alkali, used for

washing and making soap,

₹इड s. m. A sled, a sledge. रेहजा s. m. A vetch.

रेड़ी s.f. Fossil alkali.

रक्षण s.f. Abundance.

ইন্ধা e. a. To bray (as an ass).

रेटाच s. m. The leader of a Hindu sect. रैन s. f. Night.

पीपाई s. f. Lamentation.

रोचां s. m. Hair of the body, down, wool. रीयाना v. a. To make cry, to vex, displease.

री पास s. f. Inclination to cry.

बीपासा adi. Inclined to cry, vexed, displeased, afflicted.

Wes. f. The hair on the arms. &c.. bristle, pile, nap, down, Roen badalna, To become sleek and fat (a horse) to change his coat.

बीबडी । s. f. Wrangling, subterfuge, भीटनी | trick, cheat.

die s. f. Trick subterfuge.

बीडमा ग. a. To deny.

रीटिया adj. Trencherous.

रोपना v. c. To plant, to transplant.

रोक s. f. Prevention, prohibition, stop. restrain, let, hinderance, Ruk-tok. Let and hinderance, opposition: resistance.

रोज s. m. } Ready money, cash.

रीकड़िया s. m. A cash-keeper, treasurer. रीकन s. f. An obstacle.

रीयना v. a. To enclose, surround, stop. block, fend, prevent, restrain, hinder, detain, interrupt, prohibit.

रोक s. m. A preventer.

रीय s. m. Sickness, disease in general. or a disease.

रीगपस ady. Sick, diseased.

रोगभू s. f. The body.

रीगराञ्च a. m. Consumption.

रोनखचण s. m. The symptoms or sign of a disease, or of its progress,

रीगशासम s. m. A physician or alleviator of sickness.

रीगुभानि s.f. Cure or alleviation of disease.

रीमक्द adj. Curative, medicinal.

रीनकारी adj. Curative, medicinal. s. m. A physician.

रीनियो f. adj. Diseased, 'ill, sick, रीजी m. affected with sickness or disease.

दीनिया odj. Sick, diseased, ill.

रीचक s. m. A stomachic, carminative, any medicine, fruit or fossil, supposed to strengthen the tone of the stomach and restore lost appetite.

रोचना s. m. A yellow pigment, supposed to be the concrete bile of the cow, or according to some authorities, to be found in the head of the animal, used as a medicine, a dye, and perfume.

रोज } s. m. Lamentation.

रोभा s. m. The painted or white-footed antelope (Antelope picts).

itz s. m. Thick broad; (met.)
itz: Sweetmeats offered to Hanum.n.

रोटी s. f. Bread.

रोड़ा s. m. A stone, a fragment of stone or brick, a brickhat.

रोदन s. m. Weeping, crying; a tear, tears.

रीध s. m. A bank, a shore.

ilun adj. Impending, that which impedes or obstructs, an obstacle, a hinderer or hinderance. s. m. Impeding, obstructing.

w. n. To cry, to weep; to be displeased, to be melancholy. adj. Addicted to crying. s. m. Lamentation, grief, Ro dena, To cry, to weep; to be displeased, to be filled with indignation. Roni surat, adj. Of a sad conntenance. s. f. A melancholy or rucful countenance.

रोपक adj. Who or what plants, raises,

रीपना v. a. To sow, to plant; to defend, block, fend.

शीपन adi. Planted ; raised.

रोस s. m. Down, small hair of the body. रोसकृत s. m. A pere of the skin.

बीसवत् } adj. Hairy, woolly.

infrant s. m. Horripilation, erection or rigidity of the hair of the body, conceived to be occasioned by, and to express exquisite delights.

cremium adj. Having the hair of the body erect, considered as a proof of exquisite pleasure; enraptured, delighted.

पंताबती s. f. A line of hair across the middle of the belly or navel.

शि. s. f. Noise, clamonr, outery; fame. शिक्ष adv. With difficulty, labour and pain.

रोचना v. a. To roll, plane, pelish, smooth; to select, pick.

रोबा v. a. To cause to cry, weep. रोबी s.f. A mixture of rice, termerick

and alum, with acid, used to paint the forchead.

Os s. m. Anger, wrath, rage Ros karna.
To be angry, to be displeased.

रीयण } adj. Angry, passionate.

रोषपाषण adj. Angry, feeling and displaying wrath.

रोहना v. n. To be marry, to be displeased, to have a misunderstanding with a friend.

रीइय s.m. The name of a mountain, Adam's peak in Ceylon.

रोष्ट इ. f. Weeping, erying, tears.

figured by a wheeled carriage, and containing five stars.

रोडिस है s. m. The Robi fish (Cypri-

Rives. m. A sort of grass; the Rohi, a kind of fish; a deer said to resemble an ass.

रींदन s. m. Trampling, treading under foot.

रींदना है v. c. To tramle on, to tread रोधना बे down, to ride over. रोड बेलो. Formidable, fearful terrifie;

रोहता र violent wrathful, irascible. s.m.
Wrath, rage; heat, warmth.

रीज्ञा s. f. Fiereness, fermidableness. रीजा s. m. Bringing home a wife to consummate a marriage.

रीनक } s.m. A kind of salt, ac-रीनकारण } cording to some authori-

'ties, brought from a mountain in Aimere, but in fact procured from a salt lake near the town of Sambhar, about twenty miles west of Junuar. शैर s. f. Noise, clamour, outery; fame, adj. Formidable, horrible, terrific. s. m. One of the divisions of hell. रौरा s. m. Noise, tumult, sedition.

alarm

रौडिय s.m. Sandal wood.

रीडिचेंग s. m. An emerald.

रीडिय s. m. A sort of deer; the Roki fish; a kind of fish; a kind of grass,

The tweny-eighth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, the letter I.

unu) s. m. A species of the breadfruit tree (Artocarpus Lacucha).

www s. m. Wood, a cudgel, beam, bar. Lakar-baz, A cudgel-player. Lakarbazi, s. f. Dudgel-playing, fencing. जब्द्धारा s. m. A. wood cutter, woodseller, wood-monger.

सक्ता s. m. A hyena; large piece of wood.

खबड़ी s.f. Wood, timber, a staff, stick. (met.) adj. Stiff.

लकीर s. f. A line, lineament, streak. WEZ s. m. A staff, a stick, a club.

लखना v. a. To see, look at, perceive, behold; to understand, v. n. To disappear.

साधिपनी adj. Rich.

बद्धावा v. n. To gasp, or pant with heat or thirst (as birds).

क्षवट adj. Extravagant.

अवा s. pl. Hundreds of thousands. প্ৰাক adj. Significant,

wars s. m. Act of seeing or perceiving. fagrs. m. A spectator.

TT s. m. A varnisher.

बद्धीटा adj. Besmeared with lac. Eakhonta karna, To smear with lac, to glaze.

जब adv. To, as far as, near, till, until up to, close to, whilst, during.

लगचलना v. n. To follow closely, to court friendship.

लगड़ 8. m. A kind of hawk.

स्तान ? s. f. A moment, the rising of चय } a sign of the zodiac ; affection, attachment, friendship, love : espousal, appointing the day of marriage. s. m. A large flat hollow copper utensil in the form of a bason.

जगना v. n. To be applied, to apply, to begin, to be fixed, to be attached, to be close (to), adjoin, to touch, to be employed, to be imputed, to lattain (10), to reach, to suit, to join, toclose, to be, to belong, to become, to happen, to befall, to seem, totaste, to be connected (with), to regard. Lag rahna, To continue without interruption, to continue fixed. Laga rahna, To be occupied or busy (in).

खगभग adj. Close, near, about, almost, by, thereabout.

जनवाना v. s. To apply, to fix, to cause to apply, to cause to put or plant.

सनातार adj, Successive, incessant.

बनाज s. m. Stopping or making fast (a boat, &c.)

सनाना v. a. To apply, to close, to attach, join, fix, affix; ascribe, impose, lay, add, place, put, plant, set, inflict, shut, spread, fasten, connect, plaster, put to work, employ, engage,

...

wase, impute, report any thing to the way of scandal or malice. Lagana bughana, To excite quarrels. Laga marna, To calumniate. Laga lena, To attach to one's self, to conciliate, to win.

लगात s. m. Application, connexion, contact, adherence, symmetry, series, relation, intercourse.

ল্যাবহ s. f. Connexion, application.

चानित adj. Connected with, attached to. सगुद्ध s.m. A staff, a stick; an iron club, or one bound with iron.

खगर s. m. A club, a stick.

लगुरस्त s. m. A man armed with a stick. सगु स adj. Pleasing, beautiful, delightful, alluring.

लगुषा s. m. A paramour.

will s' m. Affection, attachment; a pole with which a boat is impelled. Lagga na khona, To be incompatible inconsistent (with), not comparable (with).

खरगी s. f. A pole, a staff, gibstaff.

an asj. Attached to, intent on ; joined to, connected with, s. m. The rising of a sign, its appearance above the horizon; the oblique ascension, or the divisions of the equator, which rise in succession with each sign in an oblique shere; also defined as the are of the equator, which passes the meridian in the same time with each sign of the celiptic; in popular acceptation it is the moment of the sun's entrance into a zodiacal sign.

wu s. m. A bard, a panegyrist,

wy adj Light, not heavy; small, little; insignificant, mean, low; short (as a cowel. Laghu-dith, Short-sighted. Laghu-bele, adv. Shortly.

लपुन्ते : m. A kind of fish, probably a variety of the Pinclodus.

लड

अपुचेता adj. Low-minded, frivolous.

লপুনা s. f. Lightness; meanness, insignificance.

लघुद्रस्भी s. m. A small kettledrum.

नचुमान s. m. The Francoline partidge. अञ्चलित s. m. A friend or ally of little power or value.

অন্তর্ক s, m. In algebra, the !east root with reference to the additive quantities.

লবুকাৰ s. m. Reducing in weight or consequence; thinking little of, contemning.

सम्बाहार adj. Temperate, abstemious.

₩ s.f. The reins, the loins.

The capital of Ravan in Cenlon; the name is extended also to the island, which according to the notions of the Hindus, is much more considerable in size, and lies further from the continent than in reality: it is described as being equal to 1-12th of the equatorial circumference of the carth, and is one of the places lying under the first meridian. whence the longitude is computed ; it is thus placed in the Eastern ocean, south of Ceylon, and according to Wilford is the peninsula of Malacca : according to some Hindu accounts also, it is distinct from Ceylon, from which island Lanka is said to be just visible.

लङ्काधिका s. f. A plant (Trigonella corniculata).

लकाखायी s. m. A plant (Euphorbia

बङ्गीपिका 2, f. A gramineous plant (Trigonella corniculata).

₩ s. m. Limping, lameness.

चक्क | adj. Lame, cripple.

चक्क खाना v. n. To limp.

way s. m. An anchor. Langar athana, To weigh anchor. Langar dálma, To cast anchor. Langar par kona, To be at anchor.

পদ্ধ s. f. A large shallow pai, made of metal, and generally used to knead bread in, or at meals for serving rice. আছু বা s. m. A sausage.

www.ts.m. A baboon.

ৰম্বাত s.m. A cloth worn between বাদীতা s.m. the legs to conceal the বাদীতা s.f. privities, Langot band, s.m. A bandage to which langot is fastened; one devoted to celibacy. Langotiya-yar, s.m. An old friend (from chillhood), a very intimate friend, a crony.

eres. m. Fasting, abstinence; leaping, springing, going by leaps or jumps; jumping over or beyond; exceeding, transgressing, disregarding propriety, going beyond proper bounds.

ment v. n. To be jumped over, to be passed over, to pass. v. a. To jump or leap over.

सम्बो s. f. Fast, fasting.

स्यक s. f. Spring, elasticity, bending. स्यक्षण odj. Elastic.

सम्बद्धा v. n. To spring, to bend.

सम्बा s. m. Jult; a barge, a kind of bont. part. Bent.

लकाना v. a. To jolt, to strain.

सदना v. n. To bend, to bow.

জন্মনার o. n. To be clammy, or glutinous: to be elastic.

ষ্ট্য হ. m. A foolish follow, a simpleton. অধ্যান। e. a. To bend, to bow. to brook. অধ্যান s. m. Sign, mark; symptom, feature. or skein of thread, &c.

चक्रकारिका s. f. The sensitive plant (Mimosa pudica).

समस्त्रा adj. Clammy, glutinous, vis-

सजस्त्रज्ञामा v. a. To soften.

लजनाज n. pron. Name of the inventor of chess.

सजवाना v. a. To shame, to cause to blush.

जनाना v. n. To be ashamed, or abashed, to blush.

लनाल् । s. m. A kind of sensitive लनवनी } plant (Mimosa nataus, or pudica). adj. Bashful.

कियाना v. n. To be abashed, to be ashamed.

खजीबा adj. Bashful, modest.

चन्त adj. Being ashamed, blushing, shrinking.

सन्त्रमान adj. Being ashamed.

सञ्जा s. f. Shame, modesty, bashfulness. सञ्जाकर | adj. Shameful, causing or सञ्जाकारों | occassioning shame.

चव्याचित adj. Ashamed, bashful.

बजानान } adj. Ashamed, modest, बन्जित } abashed.

सच्चारिहर adj. Shameless, immodest. सच्चास s. m. A sensitive plant (Minesa)

pudica).

सच्चावती f.) adj. Modest, bashful.

लव्यामील m.)

क्षकाद्दीन adj. Shameless, impudent.

चित्रज्ञन adj. Ashamed, modest.

कारणा s. f. Modesty, bashfulness.

Taugled hair, a clotted lock (of hair); a tadpole. Lut jana, To become entangled.

MZ s. m. A blockhend, a fool, one speaking ignorantly or foolishly; fault, defect. sets. f. Hanging, dangling; an affected motion in blandishment and coquetry.

ecquery.

**REATH ** .f. Affected gait, coquetry.

**REATH ** .m. Any thing hanging; drops

worn in the ears; a pendant; ringlet; a fruit with which clothes are
dyed yellow; name of a green handsome bird, which often remains hanging by the feet; a stand for waterpots; the drops of a crystal lustre.

ल्ट्रक्रना v. n. To hang, to dangle.

चटना s. m. Incantation, conjuring rod, a philter, a quack medicine or nostrum.

SZ 1171 v. a. To hang, dangle, append, suspend.

चटनाव s. m. Suspension, hanging.

स्ट्रपट adj. Staggering, tripping; folded, tangled.

লহ্মহা adj. Playful, wanton, frisky, humourous; irregularly folded (a turband).

स्वयदाना v. n. To stagger, to trip. सदयदो s. f. Stumbling, staggering, swaggering.

TEI adj. Reduced (by sickness, &c.), lean, emaciated.

चटाई s. f. A kind of roller on which the string of a kite is wound.

स्टापटा s. m. Baggage, furniture, effects. स्ट्रो s. f. A small curl or lock of hair. Laturiyan, s. f. pl. Tangled, short hair.

ভাইবিৰা s. m. Name of a bird (Lanius). ভাষু s. m. A child's top. Lattu hona, v. n. To fall in love, to be enamoured. ভাইবিৰ adj. Slack, remiss.

लहडा s. m. A beam.

93 s. m. A stick, club, cudgel. Lathbazi, s.f. Cudgelling.

wags adj. Wet, soaked drenched.

ন্তানতী s. f. Mutual beating with endgels. কহিমান v. a. To be labour, endgel, cane. অৰু s. f. A string (of pearls, &c.), a thread, a row; a strand of a rope or cord; a party. Lar men rahna, To be in one's party.

लङ्कपन s. m. Childhood, boyhood.

रुक्क बुद्धि s.f. Childishness, the wisdom of a child.

ন্ত্ৰা s. m. A boy, child, infant, bace. Larka bala s. m. Child. Larka-Larki, Boys and girls, children.

লক্ষাই s. f. Childhood, boyhood, the being of a child or children.

लड़कापन s. m. Childhood, boyhood.

लड़की 8. f. A girl.

लड़सडाना v. n. To stagger, trip; to stutter, stammer.

battle, war. s. m. Fighting.

जड़न s. f. Fighting, contending.

लड्डड़ाना v. n. To stutter, stammer ; to stagger, reel.

ल्ड्बावला adj. Mad, foolish.

लड़ाई s. f. Battle, quarrel, war, fight, fighting, Larai karns, To war, fight, give battle.

खड़ांका adj. Quarrelsome, warlike.

लड़ाक { adj. Quarrelsome, goodlighter.

सङ्गाना v. a. To make fight, to fight, to bait; to play,

जिल्ह्याना v. a. To thread, to string.

कही s.f. A string (of pearls &c.).

षड्डा s. m. A class of sweetmeats, or a sweetmeat; a sort of ball made with flour fried with oil or ghi, and mixed with sugar and spices, and distinguished into different kinds according to some slight varieties in its essential ingredients.

was s. m. A kind of sweetmeat, nade chiefly of sugar, with the addition of cocoanut kernel rasped, and, cream, and formed into the shape of large boluses or balls. Man ke laddu khana. To build casties in the air, Than ke laddu kha bythna. To be distracted, foolish, or intoxicated, (Spoken of one who talks or acts absurdly in opposition to his usual good sense:) an allusion taken from sharpers who join a party of travellers; and having got into their confidence, entertain them with sweetmeats impregnated with Datara, or other intoxicating drug, that they may rob them with impunity while under its stupifying influence.

चढा s.m. } A cart.

लहियाना v. a. To double hem a garment. लही s.f. A small cart.

ers s. m. Penis,

without friends, forlorn.

without triends, toriorn.

The s.f. Bad habits, whim, whimsey.
(in compos.) contraction of let, kick.

Lat-khora, adj. Kicked, beaten; contemptible, mean. subst.) A slave, a threshold. Lat-kundan, Ignominious treatment. Lat-koh, adj. Beating, cudgelling. Lat-khana, To suffer a kick or beating. Lut-zada, adj. Of bad habits, vicious. Lat mardan kanna. To trample or tread on. Lat-mardan men parna, To be trampled under foot or disgraced.

The hanging branch of a creep-str. f. The hanging branch of a creep-str. f. An old shoe.

The first foot of discrete distributions of the creep-str. f. An old shoe.

भवरी s. f. An old shoe; a kind of vetch. सता s. f. A creeper, a vine, a creeping or winding plant in general; a vegetable and medicinal substance, the musk-creeper said to grow in the Dakhin. [woman.

জনানান n. prop. Name of a mest famous জন্মত্ব s. f. Calcumny, labour.

ধনাত্ৰা v. a. To work, to cause to toil, exhaust by labour, fatigue, jade, bring down. affront. insult.

लताहुम s. m. A timber-tree (Shorea robusta).

खतिका s. f. A twining plant.

लतिया adj. Of bad habits, नित्याना v. a. To kick,

लचा s. m. A rag, tatter, scrap of cloth. लची s.f. The string of a child's top; a cloth tied to the end of a pole to direct the flight of pigeons; a kick when swimming. Latti karna, To run away,

संबद्धा v. n. To be draggled.

लघेड़ना v. a. To draggle or besmear with dirt.

चदमा v. n. To be loaded, to le laden. जटफदा s. m. Packing and loading.

सदाना v. s. To load. Ladwana, v. a.
To cause to load or lade.

सदाव s. m. A load; an arched roof or terrace.

ল্প s. f. A handful, the space in the palm of the hand closed so as to hold water.

खपक s. f. A flash (of lightning, &c.), bounce, snatch.

चयकना v. n. To flash (as lightning), to spring, bounce or rush forth or upon, to attack.

जपका s. m. A. snatch; nimbleness; s lad custom or habit.

लपकी s.f. A stitch. लपकी s.f. A scate.

www adi. Nimble.

ways s. f. Odour; warmth, glow.

जपटना है ए. म. To cling, stick, ad-

equal s. m. A kind of molasses; relation, connexion; a sort of grass (Panicum verticilatum).

चपटो s. f. Pap, any glutinous liquid food.

सपसप adj. Nimble, quick. Lap-lap khana, To eat quickly.

लपसी s.f. A glutinous kind of food, pottage, pap, spoonmeat.

लपाटिया s.m. A tattler, a liar.

खपाडो s. f. Lying, tattling.

खपानक adj. Slender, thin.

eq z s. m. f. A fold, a play, envelope, twist, bandage, fillet. Lapet-jhapet, or supet, s.f. Evasion, subterfuge.

खपेटन s.f. A rollar on which cloth is wound in the loom, a button, &c.

लपेटना v. s. To wrap up, to fold, enclose, pack, roll, furl.

लपेटन adj. Twisted, ornamented with gold or silver thread wound round it. सप्पा ह. m. Brocade, gold or silver cloth.

सबद्धना 8. m. } A mischievous child.

लक्षणहाई s. f. Giving the breast to a

অৰভ্ৰেছ s. m. Tittle-tattle, nonsense. ভ্ৰন্থ s. m. A liar, a tattler. adj. Lefthanded. [woman].

सबद्धों adj. f. False and talkative (of सबनी s.f. The pot in which tari is collected from the tree.

सबस्पद्दा a lj. Fastidious, fretful, touchy. सबसवा s. m. The pancreas. Clummy, Gluttinous.

चन्त्रीय adj. Naked, shapeless. s. f. Flattery.

eran s. m. A lier, a talker,

लगे s.f. The Juice of the sugarcane when boiling into sugar.

लबेदा s. m. A club.

लबेश s. m. A fruit (Cordia myxa).

लक adj., Gained, acquired. obtained, received, got.

सम्बेता adj. Recovered, restored to one's senses, come to right mind. सभ्य adj. Attainable, procurable.

जनकाना .e. n. To stretch out the hands to take any thing.

लमकाना लमहा ड. m. A hare, a rabbit.

लमकड़ s. f. A long musket.

खनकड़ा adj. Tail.

লম্ভ adj. False, lying, dissolute, lecher, libertine, s. m. A lecher, a libertine, a whoremonger, a gallant. Kachhalampat, adj. Incontinent, dissolute, lewd.

सम्पद्धता s. f. Libertinism, dissoluteness. सम्बद्ध s. f. A fox.

खबा adj. Long, tail. Lamba karna, Tolengthen, to extend, to beat, to drub.

सवार्ष s. f. } Length, Lambai chourai, स्वान s. m. } s. f. Size, length and breadth; (met.) pomp, glory, pride.

लम्बाना v. a. To lengthen,

কৰিবা s.f. The uvula or soft palate. কৰিব adj. Suspended, depending, falling or hanging down.

सन्बियां करना v. a. To prance.

we'l adj. f. Long, tall; a kind of bounding pace in a horse. Lambi karna, To make a horse capriole, or throw out his fore legs. Lambi sonsbharni, v. n. To regret, to lament.

लल adj. Long, tall.

लमा s. f. A sort of chain enclosure or fence.

खब s. f. Bqual time in music and dancing, tone, melody, modulation, symphony, singing in tune; ardent affection or desire, immersion or absorp- বৰ ঃ m. A minute, division of time;

खबारी s. m. A wolf.

en s. m. A skein,

বাৰক s. f. A sudden gush of water, &c.; (met.) whim, fancy, caprice.

ललकाना v. n. To attack.

ससमाग v. a. To excite, quarrel, to set on to fight.

halloo after, challenge, set up the war hoop. v. n. To bawl out insultingly.

खनगड्डा s. m. A monkey.

खलगण्डी s. f. A female monkey.

জন্মানা v. n. To be tantalized, to long.
v. a. To excite desire, to tantalize,
to covet.

लबदम्ब s. m. A flower (Nerium odorum). लबन s. m. Pleasure, sport, pastime.

ललना s. f. A wanton woman.

ससा s, m. A boy.

स्थाद s. m. The forehead ; fate, destiny, fortune.

ৰব' হবৈৰা s.f. A line on the forehead, supposed to indicate long life; a coloured sectarial mark on the forehead.

বলাহিশ্বা s. f. An ornament worn on the forehead, a jewel or star suspended there, or a kind of tiara bound over it: a mark made with Sandal on the forehead.

लिंबन s. f. A Ragini or musical mode. adj. Beautiful, lovely.

लिला s. f. A woman in general; a wanton.

खिल्याना v. a. To conx, wheedle, beg earnestly; to redden.

खनी s. f. A girl. ady. Impotent.

जनीपत्ती s. m. Wheedling, coaxing, flattering, adulation. the sixtieth part of the twinkling of an eye; a larger division of time, er 36 twinklings of the eye, or about \(\frac{1}{2} \) a second; (in arithmetic) the numerator of a fraction.

खबक adj. Who or what cuts, reaps, &c. बबक्र s. m. The clove tree (Myristica caryophyllata); cloves, the fruit.

ৰৰ্থ adj. Salt, saline. s. m. Sea salt, rock or fossil salt; factitions salt or salt obtained by boiling clay found near the sea-shore, or any earth impreemated with saline particles; the saline or salt taste, saltness.

जरणजानि s. m. A salt mine in general, or the district of Sambhar in Ajmere, celebrated for its fossil salt.

जन्यसमुद्ध s. m. The sea of salt water.

खनणा s. f. A small river in Tirhut.

खनपाकर s. m. A salt mine.

लगणास s. m. The sea, or salt water. लगणात्म s. m. Nitre; rock or river salt. लग्ब s. m. Reaping.

लग s. m. A kind of quail (Perdix chinensis).

লবাজ } s. m. A sickle, a reaping-লবাজন } hook.

लगटन पण्डन adj. Topsy-turvy, with difficulty, with much ado.

जग्र s. m. Garlic (Allium satioum);

eq s. m. Tenacity, viscosity, glutinousness, clamminess. Lasdar, adj. Viscous, glutinous, clammy. Lasdari, s. f. Tenacity, viscosity, glutinousness.

लसकना v. n. To become viscons, to become moist (or stiff, as a field).

ব্ৰদাত. n. To become, to be fit; to shine.

त्रवरा adj. Viscous, clammy, or glutinous, adhesive, ropy. बरवाना v. n. To be clammy or glutinous, to agglutinate.

चरित adj. Seen, evident.

लिखाना v. n. To be viscous, to be clammy.

चमीव्हा s. m. A glutinous fruit, (Cordia myxa).

सम्बो s. f. Milk and water.

सहेगा s. m. A petticoat (or a mereskirt, which is tied round the loins and extends to the feet or ground).

खड़न s. f. Glitter, flash.

লছনদা v. n. To be kindled or lighted, to rise up into a flame; to glitter, flush, glance, shine; to wave (as herbage before the wind); to warble, quaver.

অহলানা v. a. To warble, to quaver; to cause to shine or glitter; to blow up a fire.

षडकारना v. a. To fondle, to pat and encourage a horse &c.

चहकावट s. f. Glittering, flashing. चहकीया adj. Glittering.

लडकीवर s. m. Rico-milk eated by bride and bridegroom.

एर ग. a. To find, get, experience. v. n. To avail, answer, boot, signify, accrue. s. m. Outstanding debt; fate, destiny.

लहबर s. m. A kind of parroquet. सहवेरा s. m. Name of a plant.

বাছং s. f. A wave, a large wave or surf, undulation; whim, faney, vision, the effect of the poison of a snake; a waving pattern in embroidery; emo-

सहरका v. n. To wave, to undulate.

evi s. m. Quaver, shake, trill (in music).

खडराना ". n. To tantalize, to undulate,

fluctuate, wave; to play loosely, to put off.

चण्याचगाना, v. a. To evade, to avoid performing an agreement.

च इरिया adj. Waved, a mode of dyeing or painting.

बद्धी ady. Inconstant, capricious, whim-

सहरों s. m. Name of a grain, Bajra (Holcus spicatus).

सदसदा adj. Blooming, flourishing.

सहसदाना v. n. To bloom, to be verdant, to flourish. [ing.

वहतीट adj. Borrowing and never pay-बहतन s. m. Garlic (Allium satioum); a freekle

चहरानिया s. m. Name of a precious stone. चहरोद्धा s. m. Name of a glutinous fruit (Cordia mixa: Cordia latifolia).

सह s. m. Blood. Lahu-luhan, Covered with blood, bloody.

कद्रभा s. m. Name of a plant.

অব s. m. A lak, one hundred thousand.

অব s. m. A mark, a spot; an indication, a predicate, any thing by which
an object is designated or distinguished; a symtom or any indication
of a actual disease.

चरित adj. Scen ; marked.

the half brother and faithful companion of Ramchandra.

mwil s. f. One of the principal female deities of the Hindus, the wife of Vishnu, and goddess of wealth and prosperity; fortune, success, prosperity; beauty, splendour.

सक्तोवान adj. Prosperous, fortunate, wealthy, thriving; beautiful.

au adj. To be seen or noted. s. m. A mark, a butt; a mark, a sign; a lak, a hundred thousand. ৰাই s. f. Parched rice mixed with sugar. ৰাজ s. f. Quantity, measure; the loins; bird-lime; chaff.

खांचना v. a. To overleap, to pass over. खांप s. f. Bound, leap, spring.

हास s. m. Gum lac, a kind of wax formed by the Coccus lacea, adj. A hundred thousand. Lakh lagana, To shut up or conceal.

सायना v. a. To apply lac.

बाबी s.f. A red colour procured from

ৰাণ s. f. Striking, hitting, fixing, a stroke; enmity, rancour, spite, grudge; affection, love; cost, expenditure; a secret; approach. Lag lagna, To fall in love.

खानत s. f. Expense, cost.

खानी s. f. A mark, butt; affection, love. बान adj. Desirous, adhering to.

जाव s. m. Health ; lightness, delicacy. minuteness; meanness, insignificance frivolity.

बाक्रज s. m. A plough ; the penis.

আৰু বিৰুত্ত m. One of the thirty-four species of the fixed, or mineral and vegetable poisons.

जाइ ज s. m. A hairy tail (os a horses's,

ৰাজ s. f. Bashfulness, modesty, shame. ৰাজ্যৰ adj. Modesty, bashful, chaste, decent.

खाका s. m. Viscosity, tenacity, glutinousness.

shabby (as clothes, ornaments, &c.). s.f. An obelisk, a pillar.

etc: s. m. A kind of food eaten by the poor (Mahua, pounded with grain).

etc: s.f. A dillar, an obelisk, a club or staff; the vertical part of an oil mill.

und s. f. A staff, club, stick, crutch.

Lathi pathi, Beating with sticks, a club or stick.

可以 s. m. Lovingness, coaxing, caress, play, sport, playfulness of a child.

Lar larana. To fondle (a child).

लाइबा adj. Darling, dear.

ভাষ s.f. A kick. Lat marna. To kick. ভাষ্ s.f. Load; bowel. Lad-phand, s. f. Loading and packing.

जादना v. a. To load, lade, freight.

लादिया s. m. A loader.

बादी s. f. A small load (particularly a washerman's).

wig adj. Fit to carry a load. Laddw karna, To mount a horse or colt for the first time.

जाना v. n. To bring, adduce, induce, introduce, persuade, apply; to breed, produce, make.

नामना v. n. To jump.

will s. m. Gain, profit, produce; gain in general, acquirement, acquisition. Labh karna. To attain.

जामाकाभ s. m. Profit and loss.

স্থাৎ s. m. Saliva, spittle.

sire adj. Darling, deat. s. m. An infant boy, a son; spittle, saliva; name of a bird (the male of Fringilla amandava). Lat-buyhak-kar, An intelligent person, one who comprehends quickly, or who readily divines what has happened or is to happen from certain symptoms; but the term is generally used ironically for a wiscare, an ignorant foolish person who pretends to more sense than his neighbours.

greediness, selfishness, avarice, occasion, view, want. Lalach karns, To covet, to long for. ৰাৰণী adj. Covetous, interested, selfish.

ৰাণ্ডী s.f. A kind of ruby; false stone
resembling a ruby.

सासन adj. Wheedling, coaxing. s. f. A mistress, sweet heart.

सासपा s. f. Ardent desire; regret, sorrow, missing, wishing for any person or object absent; soliciting, asking; the longing of pregnant women.

जाना s. f. Saliva spittle. s. m. Sir, master, school-master.

बानाटिक adj. Relating to fate or destiny.

सासाभिड s. m. Passing mucous urine. सामित adj. Loved, desired; cherished, treated tenderly; coaxed, wheedled, seduced.

सासिस s. m. Beauty, loveliness; gaiety; gracefulness.

बाबिन } s. m. A seducer.

सासिनी s. f. A wanton.

साधेपस्या v. n. To be extremely desirous and unable fully to express one's wishes.

লাৰ odj. Cutting down. s. m. A rope (particularly that drawn by bullock's st a well); the cable of a boat.

बार्गको adj. f. Lovely, beautiful. आवस्य s. m. Saltness, the taste or property of salt; beauty, loveliness.

जावजाव s. m. Covetousness, avarice.

सारमार s. m. Profit, advantage.

आवा s. m. Parched grain. s. f. A sort of quail (Herdix chinensis).

सारासुदा s. m. A tale-bearer.

आब् s. f. A pumpkin gourd (Cucurbita lagenaria).

आसा s. m. Any thing clammy or glu(inous; the milk of plants, size.

gauze; advantage, welfare; lac.

सामा s. m. Advantage.

चाडो s. f. Name of a plant; a fine sort of cloth.

जावा s.f. Lac. a red dye, or an insect which is analogous to the cochineal insect, and like it forms when dried and prepared, a dye of a red colour; the nest is formed of a resinous-substance which is sealing-wax and is usually termed shel lac.

ৰাবাৰৰ } s. m. The Palas tree (Butes ৰাবাৰৰ } frondosa).

ৰাষ্যব্ৰ s. m. The red Lodh, a tree from the bark of which an astringent infusion is prepared, which is used to fix colour in dyeing.

चिकुच s. m. A sort of bread-fruit tree (Artocarpus lacucha).

चिका s. f. A nit, a young louse.

লিজন s.m. A writing, paper, deed. লিজন adj. Writing. s.f. Writing, in-! scription.

विश्वन s. f. Scripture, writting; a writing, a written document.

लिखना υ. α. To write.

লিখনী s. f. A pen. Likhni das, s. m. A writer an amanuensis, copyist.

जिसन s. m. Predestination, fate.

श्चिष्विमा v. a. To copy, to write.

লিবাs. m. Fate, predestination, destiny, writing. adj. Written.

निवादे s.f. The wages of writting; the labour of writting; the art or business of writing.

লিখালা v. a. To cause or teach to write, to get written.

बिखाव s. m. } Act of writting.

fust adj. • Written. s. m. Scripture, writing; a writing, a manuscript, a written book or paper. faw s. m. A sign, a token; the penis; the phallus or Shiv under that emblem; gender.

चिक्रन s. m. Embracing.

লিক্ষণাহ s. m. Loss of the penis.

जिक्कार्य न s. m. Worship of the Linga or

ভিত্তিক বিষয় জ. m. The dress or the insignia of a religious student, the skin, staff, bowl, &c.; the dress or appearance of a follower of Shiv.

ৰিক্ষী s. m. A worshipper of Shiv in the phallic type.

निकड़ो s. f. Afterbirth, placenta.

লিয়ানা v. a. To cause to lie or repose, to lay.

বিহী s. f. Balls or thick cakes of bread baked on coals.

लिधडना v. n. To be draggled.

बियाउना v. a. To draggle.

बिपदना v. n. To cling, adhere together, stick.

বিষয়াণ v. n. To cling, stick, adhere together.

खिपटाव s.f. Adhesion.

लिपड़ी s f. An old ragged turband.

বিষয়া v. n. To be plastered, smeared or washed over.

जिपनामा v. a. To cause to plaster, smear or wash over.

जिपाई s. f. Smearing, plastering.

लिप है s.f. Writing in general, hand-जिपी writing; a writing, a written paper or book, &c.

farfinar)

लिपिकार } s. m. A scribe, a writer.

লিম adj. Smeared, anointed, plastered, spread, embraced, united, connected with, &c.; defiled or contaminated by.

श्चिमा s. m. The pancreas. शिमा s. m. A slap. जिम s. f. Unjust, censure, calumny; indication, trace.

जिन्दर s. m. A lecher, a whoremonger. खिये adv. For, on account of.

ৰিবাত) s. m. The forehead ; fate, des-বিবাৰ) tiny, fortune, বিবাৰ গ o. n. To log for,

बियाना v. a. To cause to take.

खियाचाना v. a. To bring.

सिवैधा s.m. Taker.

निसीं इ.m. Name of a glutinous fruit (Cordia myxa). [tible,

লিছাড়া adj. Vile, base, mean, contemped as. f. Marks of a carriage wheel, rut, path, track, trace, stain, ignominy, disgrace.

জীজ s. f. A knit, the egg of a louse. জীজনানা v. a. To submit, to succumb, to subside,

महीचड़ adj. Stingy.

जी ची s. f. A china fruit (Soytalia litchi). जी भी s. f. Dreg (of a dye, of any thing

that has been chewed), sediment. जीवरा s. m. An old shoe.

सौद s. f. The dung of horses and elephants.

होन adj. Embraced, clung or adhered to; melted, dissolved; absorbed, immerced.

जीपड़ी s.f. A rag; a small turband. जीपना v. s. To plaster, to besmear.

भीवड़ s.m. Rheum (of the eyds).

चीम s. m. Concord, peace. चीमू s. m. A lime, a lemon, also the (Citrus medics).

बीर s. f. A strip, or slip of cloth. बीब s. f. Indigo, adi. Blue.

चीलवष्ठ s. m. A bird (Coracias Bengalensis).

जीवना v. s. To swallow, to gulp. जीवन s. f. Play, sport, pastime in gener-

ral; amorous or wanton sport.

लीलाबती s. f. A wanton or sportfulwo man; a work on arithmetic.

जुन s. m. A falling star ; varnish. खुनाया v. n. To lie hid, to be concealed.

南南 s. m. A rake, a profligate,

च जा adj. Hid, concealed. च जाञ्चन s. m. An ointment, by applying which to a man's eyes he is said

to become invisible. इ. जाना v. a. To hide, to conceal. खगाई s. f. Woman.

सुच adj. Pure, merc, stark naked. Luch-

bahadar, s. m. A vagabond.

ৰ বং s. m. A spider, জুৰা s. m. A vagabond; a libertine, a

rake, a profligate, adj. Low, mean. ভূষাদী s.f. Libertinism. ভূসভূসা adj. Clammy, glutinous,

viscous. ज्ञा adj. Lame of a hand or hands,

having lost the use of hands and feet. [squandered.

जुड़ना v. n. To be plundered, to be जुड़िया s. m. A squanderer, a prodigal, spendthrift, plunderer.

जुड़क } s.m. Plundering, ruin, devas-चुड़क } tation.

a giai e. a. To squander, spend or expend, to cause to plunder or be plundered; to cause to wallow or roll about. Luta-luta-kur marna, To beat severely.

m fra s. f. A small pot.

s m. A squanderer, prodigal, spendthrift, plunderer.

सुद्धा s, m. A. Hindu ornament worn in the cars.

off, to slip, to slide:

wheedling, fawning.

ल दुब्ब । v. n. To roll, to be spilt. ल दुवा } Lurh jana, To die.

बुढ़ाका v. a. To cause to roll, to spill. बुढ़िवा s. f. A stone postle with which materials are triturated on a stone. बुढ़ियाना v. a. To double hem a garment, बुढ़िया s. m. A sort of potherb (Chivonia contauvoides, &c.).

चुचा adj. Tail-less, tail-cropt, docked. धुतरा s. m. A sycophant, a tell-tale, a babbler, a tattler, backbiter.

खुपरी *s. f.* Pap.

खुपलुप s. m. Lapping (us of a dog drinking).

লয় cdy. Gone, lost, disappeared. জুমবা s. f. Disappearance, nonexistence. লখাই s. f. Poultice, cataplasm.

ৰুষ্ণ adj. Covetous, greedy, desirous, cupidinous. s. m. A lecher, a libertine. বুমৰ s. m. A hunter; a libertine, a rake, whore-monger; a covetous or greedy man.

जुभावा v. a. To excite desire, tantalize, allure, entice.

TEST s. m. An iron pot.

लुइरा s. m. A younger, junior, cadet. लुइगक्षी s. f. A staff armed with iron. लुइगन adj. Bloody.

MEIC s. m. A blacksmith.

बुद्धारिन s. f. The female of Lukar. ब s. f. A hot wind.

ज्ञाह adj. Half-burnt (wood), a brand. क्षे s. f. A round lump of dough prepared for making into bread or cakes.

₩# s. f. A hot wind.

wat adj. Half burnt (wood), a brand. अ बारी s. f. A. wooden poker, or stake. burnt at one end; a fox.

or not wind, to have a coup de saleil v. a. To see.

want s. f. Conflagration.

way s. m. Pieces of burning matter thrown out from a conflagration. Luka lagana, To inflame or excite quarrels, åс.

w s. f. A flame. Lukh chalána, To charm, fascinate.

सुट s. f. Plunder. Lat-baz, A plunderer, a murderer.

w zwz s. f. Plundering and ravaging. च दना v. a. To plunder, pillage, spoil ; to squander.

च टपाट e. f. Plunder and sacking.

ब टान ट s.f. Plundering.

war ady. Salt, brackish.

च को s.f. The salt that effloresces from walls, &c. ; butter.

ख स s.f. A spider ; local inflammation produced by the urine of a spider.

mms, m. Salt.

च निया वर्त्युः. Salt, brackish. s. m. Purslain (Portulaca oleracea); a pioneer; a salt maker ; name of a tribe or caste of Baniyas.

क की s. f. The salt that effloresces from walls, &c. ; butter.

अन्त s. m. A. tail; a hairy tail, as a horse's, a monkey's &c.

a m adi. Lame of the hands.

सन्दा s.m. A paw.

ws. f. A hot wind.

a part. Having taken. imper. Take. adv. Till, to; from, interj. Come! well !

At s. f. Paste.

a s. f. Goat's dung ; a cur, a country dog.

₹ s. m. Smut, mildew; a flock of goats or ship, a pack of dogs.

केन्द्र s. m. A letter, an epistic. 🤉

= um s. m. A writer, a scribe, a clerk ; a copyist, an amanuensis, accountant.

चे खबी s. 7. The kusiness of a writer. भे सन s. m. Writing, scripture ; the bark of the Bhoj tree, which is used for writing on in Nepal and Upper Hindustan.

से सनी s. f. A pen, a reed.

के चा s. m. Account, reckoning.

चें इस s. m. A letter, nn epistle.

चे क्यपन s. m. A written paper, a writing; a letter.

को स्वास्थान s. m. An office, a countryhouse, &c.

क्षेत्राणा v. a. To take away, carry, convey, run away with, export, submit, refer, win.

चंट s. m. Mortar, plaster, chunam.

से टना, v. n. To repose, lie down, lie, rest,

खेत s.m. Plaster, paste, batter.

ची प verbal. n. To take, taking.

बोनदेन s. m. Traffic, trade, barter, bnying and selling.

चीना v. a. To take, accept, assume, get, hold, pick, win, receive, buy, Leána, v. n. To bring, fetch.

क्षेप s. m. Plaster, ointment : plastering. smearing; mortar, chunam,

s. m. A bricklayer, plasterer, चे पी

चेपक्रना v. a. To lie with; to involve another in one's disgrace.

चेपन v. a. To plaster, besmear.

जेपालक s.m. An adopted child, adopta fosterchild.

ed, a fosterchild.

को पालना v. a. To adopt, rear, bring up; father.

चेषालेप s. m. Complete plastering. -

was s. m. Plastering, spreading or smearing ointment, mortar, &c.

जीमरणा v. c: To calumpiate,

within v. a. To provide, keep ready. procure, reserve.

[ing.

चेरहना v. n. To cheat, to pilfer.

8 m. A calf.

जेबाs. m. Alamb.

से सह adj. Borrowing and never pay-से से ना v. a. To take receive, accept of,

take by force, extort, bereave.

Ta s. m. Plaster falling from a wall.

s are. m. Taker; plaster, that which is spread on the outside of a new pot; udder.

चें तहेरे s. f. Traffic, trade, taking and giving. [with).

खेबार s. m. Mud (to pluster a wall खेबास s. m. Plaster.

संवेश s. m. Taker.

जे ब s. m. Mark, sign. effect. adj. Small, little. s. m. Smallness, littleness; n little.

के सभा v. s. To plaster, spread, daub; to kindle; to foment (s quarret).

Surdu s. m. Plastering.

aves. m. Licking, testing with the tongue.

Tung s. m. Pasture, provender.

लेक्टिन s. m. Borax.

am adj. To be licked. s. m. The food or beverage of the gods, nectar, ambrosis.

de adj. Ready, brought s. m. A kind of vinegar; an arrow for practising with; a spring.

लो imper. Take, hold. interj. Lo, look, see, there now.

wit s. f. Blanket, flannel; splendour of the countenance, honor.

off allo. Till, to, up to.

ৰাৰ s.f. A clove (Caryophyllus aro-ৰাৰ maticus). Loung-chara, s. m. A kind of dish prepared from pease meal.

effer s. m. A lump of clay, cold.

जीब s. m. Man, mankind : pcople : a world, a division of the universe; in general three Loks are enumerated, or heaven, hell, and earth; another classification enumerates sever, exclusive of the fafernal regions; or Bhur-lok, the earth, Bhuvar-lok, the space between the earth and the sun. the region of the Munis, Siddhis, &c. Swarg-lok, the heaven of Indra, between the sun and the polar star, Mahar-lok, the usual abode of Bhrigh and other saints; during the conflagration of these lower words the saints ascend to the next, or Jan-lok, which is described as the abode of Brahma's sons; above this is the sixth world or the Tape lok, where the deities called Vuragis reside : the seventh world Satya-lok, or Brokmlok, is the abode of Brahma, and translation to this world exempts beings from further birth: the three first worlds are destroyed at the end of each Kulpa or day of Brahma; the three last at the end of his life. or of 100 of his years; the fourth Lok is equally permanent, but is uninhabitable from heat at the time the three first are burning. Another enumeration calls these seven worlds earth, sky, heaven, middle region, place of births, mansion of the blest, and abode of truth, placing the sons of Brahma in the sixth division, and stating the fifth or Jan-lok to be that, where animals destroyed in the general configration are born again; sight, seeing.

खोखना v. a. To catch.

बीबहात s.m. The creator, Brahms, जीबजित s.m. A conqueror of the world earth, and hell.

क्षां इ. m. A sovereign of the universe,

च:ब्बीय adj. Visible, to be seen. ...

siteurs s. m. A kings, a sovereign; a divinity who is supposed to prosect the regions, or the sun, muon, fire,

wind, Indra, Yam, Varun, and Kever. स्रोक्षप्रस् adj. Notorious, well known, स्रोक्षप्रस s.m. Pomilarity gaining pub-

कोकरञ्जन s. m. Popularity gaining public confidence.

कीकरा s. m. Tatters, torn clothes. खीकालर s. m. Another world.

होतानी क s. m. A mountainous belt surrounding the outermost of the seven seas and bounding the world.

जोखर s. m. Tools, old iron pots, pans, hardware.

स्रोग s. m, People, folk.

winis s. f. Woman.

জীকা । s. m. A ball or lump of flesh জীবনা | or meat; stibium or lampblack, &c. so used,

सीचन s. m. The eye.

स्रोचनकर्षेट है s.m. A flower (Celosia स्रोचनमञ्जू Ciristata).

को प्रशासन s. m. Diseased affection of the eve. Oblithalmis.

of pigeon, tumbler; a bush.

जोटना v. n. To wallow, roll about, flounce, sprawl.

सोटनापीटना v. n. To wallow, to roll or turn over.

elzyfear s. m. Water-crosses.

Gizviz adj. Wallowing, tumbling and tossing, rolling about, restless. Lot-pot-hons, To be in love.

a pipkin, a small metal pot, generally of brass or tinued iron.

जोटासजी s. f. A kind of earth containing fossil alkali.

ন্ত্ৰার. m. A stone pestle with which materials are triturated on a stone.

(land). Salt, brackish; barren or salt (land). s. m. Parslain (Portulaca eleraces); the salt that effloresces from &c.

चीच s.f. A corpse, dead body,

बीयरा s. m. बीयरी s. f. A lump of flesh

सीचा s. f. A bag, a sack, stupe.

बोबी s. f. A staff, club (knotted).

जोही s. m. A caste among the Pathans. जोष (s. m. A tree, the bark of which

ৰাশ (s. m. A tree, the bark of which elim) is used in dyeing (Symplocos racemosa); a medicine.

जोधा s. m. Name of a tribe, a husbandman.

सोधिया s. m. Name of a tribe.

बीन s. m. Salt. Lon mirch lagand, To speak hyperbolically or in lofty diffuse language,

सोगा adj. glat, brackish; barren or salt (land). s. m. Purslain (Portulaca oleracea); the salt that effioresces from walls, &c.

खीनापन s.m. Saliness.

জীবাত s. m. Salt lands, a place where salt is produced, a salt-pit.

ভাগ s. m. Rejection, cutting off in general, especially used as a grammatical term for dropping letters, sylla-

bles, &c.; disappearance, destruction erasure; (in compos: with a verb) vanished disappeared.

afturn s. f. A lump of any thing moist; a poultice composed of flour, turmeric, and oil or clarified butter.

benzoin (resin). [sinensis).

The figure s. m. A kind of beau (Dolichee

कोभ s. m. Avarice, covetousness, eapidity, intense or greedy desire.

स्रोभना v. n. To be enamoured.

होननोड़ित adj. Beguiled or overcome by cupidity.

सामविरम adj. Free from cupidity.

লাদী adj. Desirous, cupidinous, covetous, greedy, avaricious.

জীল s. m. A tail, a hairy tail; the halr of the body; the base of a triangle, &c.; a piquet, out post, or sentry. ভীলক্ষ s. m. A hare.

लीमक्प s. m. A pore of the skin.

स्रोमड़ी s.f. A fox.

মান্থিয় s. m. An animal whose hair is supposed to be poisonous, as a tiger, &c.

जीवन adj. Hairy, covered with or made of hair; woollen.

बीममपियो s.f. A plant (Glycine debi-

जीनमनार्जार s.m. The polecat.

জীন্যা s. f. A plant (Leea hirta) Indian spikenard (Valeriana Jatamansi): cowach (Carpopogon pruriens); green vitriol; Orris root.

मीनचार s. m. The emerald.

लोसप्रवेश s. m. Horripilation, erection of the hair of the body.

खीयन s.m. The eye.

सोर s. m. An ear-ring, drop, pendant; a tear.

Tears, the fluid in which the eyes appear sometimes to be overwhelmed, undulation, glimmer.

जीवस s.m. An ear-ring, drop, pendant. जीवा s.m. A suppository, a kind of solid clyster.

(Rumex vesicarius).

लीखप adj. Very deirous or covetous,

wishing, longing for, greedy, insatiable.

बीट s. m. A clod, a lump of earth; rust of iron or iron filings.

बीटमय adj. Made of a cled or of earth. जोट s.m. A lump of earth.

बीइ s. m. Iron, either crude or wrought; steel p Aloe wood or Agallochum.

कोषकद्भ s. m. A thorny shrub. जोषकान s. m. The loadstone.

सीक्सार s.m. A blacksmith, or ironsmith.

electes s. m. Rust of iron, or iron filings,

सीहर्ष जीहर्ष बीहर्ष

ৰীছল s. m. Bell-metal ; rust of iron or iron filings.

ৰীছজিব s. m. The diamond (conquering in hardness the iron).

बोहजा s. m. An iron pot. बोहजाबी s. m. Borax (as fusing metals). बोहजाब adj. Made of iron.

बोदमारक s. m. A plant (Achyranthes triandra).

चीपुसार s. f. An iron mine.

TY Iron. Lok-lath, s. m. An iron mace or club. Loka bajana, To fight with swards.

सीकान adj. Bloody.

चीडानी s. f. Name of a caste among Pathans.

effective s. m. Lustration of arma, ceremonies performed on the 9th of the light half of the month Assets; formerly a campaign, but now usually confined to the domestic decoration and worship of the soldier's weapons.

with a m. A.blacksmith.

wifer s. f. The female of Lohar.

wiffen adi. Red, of a red colour. s. m. | wife par s. f. Worldliness : worldly Red, the colour ; blood.

खोडितब s. m. A ruby ; calx of brass.

साहितानम adj. Red-faced. s. m. Au ichneumon.

बोडिया ad). Of iron.

सोदो s. f. A lump, a mouthful ; a kind of silk-cloth; dawn just before sunrise.

स्रोइ s. m. Blood. Lohu dalna, To spit blood. Lohu phatns, To have leprosy. Lohu bythna, To pass blood by stool. Lohu luhan, adj. Covered with blood, bloody.

do. Till, to, up to.

सौन s. f. A clove (Caryophyllus aromaticus).

आँगुच्छा s. m. A dish prepared from pease-meal.

चौदा s. m. A boy, a slave boy, lad, brat, Lounda-bazi, s, f. Sodomy. जीत्या ह s. f. A girl, a slave girl, a

servant girl, bond-maid. all a. f. The flame of a candle, any pointed flame. Lou lagana, To be constant in prayer, devotion, &c. Lou lagni. The frequent and long continued repetition of any saying (particularly of a lover calling on his mistress, or of a dying man on God), to have a constant desire or craving (for any thing).

सीयणा v. a. To see.

क्रीका s. m. A kind of pompion (Cucurbits lagenaria); lightning, flash, glitter, coruscation.

जीकावतिज s. m. An atheist, a materialist, a Bouddho.

wifes odj. Mundane, worldly, human, what prevails amongst or is familiar to mankind; ceremonial, ceremonious. currency, or custom.

भीका s. f. A kind of pompion.

ent s. m. Turning over, inverting : returning.

जीटना v. n. To turn over, to turn lack, return.

जोडाना v. a. To turn over, to invert : to turn back, to return, give back, reject.

चीपपा s. m. Name of a medicine.

जीवा s. m. Balancing, making scales equal. v. s. To reap.

चीनी s. f. Wages in kind to reapers in harvest time.

जौद s. m. An intercalary month.

ent adj. Iron, made of iron, s. m. Iron. चौदार s. m. A trance.

खारी s. m. A wolf.

The twenty-ninth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, or more properly the semivowel v; it is often confound. ed with the labial consonant or with which it is also optionally interchangeable.

in s. m. Race, lineage, family.

रंबद s. m. A. small fish (Cunoglosus lingua).

वंत्रपरित s. m. A genealogical table or list, the history of a race or dynasty, &c.

वंशपरव्या ३. f. Family lineage, descent. बंधभीक्य s. m. Hereditary estate.

influen ? s. f. An earthy concretion duction of a milk white colour,

formed in the hollow of the bamboo. waste s. f. Prosperity of a family.

daughter s. m. Family usage.

चंत्रायका s. f. A pédigree, a genealogy. offew adj. Belonging or relating to a family, a bamboo, &c.

in s.f. A pipe, fife, flute.

पंत्रीधर s. m. A piper; a name of 'वचा s.f. Orris root (Acorus calamns)' Krishna. वच adj. Hard, impenetrable, adamen

THE S. m. A crane (Ardea nines); a tree (Sesbane grandiflora).

वसपुष s. m. A tree (Æschynomene grandiflora).

वजुल s. m. A plant (Mimusops elengi), वज्राच्य adj. Fit or proper to be said or spoken.

वका s.m. A speaker.

am adj. Crooked, curved, bowed or bent; indirect, evasive.

वक्षगामी adj. Who or what goes tortuously; fraudulent, dishonest.

वनता s. f. Orookedness, wickedness; craft, cunning; evasive or indirect speech.

वक्षेष s. m. The Sesban a grandiflora.

बन्नोभाव s. m. Curvature, curve; fraudulent or dishonest disposition.

unifise. f. Equivoque, evasion, pun the covert expression of somethings else than the words used naturally imply, either from the manner in which they are uttered or some other sense of which they are susceptible; hint, insinuation; sarcasm.

the winding course of a stream; crookedness.

of the modern province.

वर्ष ह. m. Speech, speaking; a sentence, a text, a dictum, an aphorism, a rule. व्यवसार ततुं. Obedient, s. m. The author

or enunciator of a precept. वयमसन a, m. Discourse, order of worde, वयमसन के odj. Compliant, conformable, submissive, humble.

awania s. m. More words, assertion unsupported by facts, स्वार:). Orns root (Acorns catamas) । स्वार तथा है। Hard, impenetrable, adamantine. s. m. A thunderbolt in general, orthe thunderbolt of Indra; the diamond (the sem being considered analogous in hardness to the thunderbolt, or in fact to be the same substance).

विवास s. m. A thunderbolt, a stroke of lightning,

বঅপুৰ s. m. The blossom of the sesamum.

বজাৰা s. m. Death by lightning; cross multiplication.

बजनब adj. Hard, adamantine ; hardhearted.

बजबकी s. f. A species of sun-flower (Heliotropium).

वजावात s. m. A thunderbolt or stroke; a sudden calamity.

व्याध्यास s. m. Cross multiplication.

adj. Fraudulent, crafty. s. m. A jackal; a regue, cheat.

वचन s.m. Cheating, fraud.

बंधित बर्जा. Tricked, deceived, cheated. बंधुब बर्जा. Crafty, fraudulent, dishonest. बंद s. m. The large Indian fig-tree: (Ficus Indics).

student, after his investiture with the sacred thread; a lad, a youth in general; a flongs (Bignonia Indica). The s. m. A lad, a young man in general.

aut s.f. Pulse, ground and fried with oil or butter.

विषयी कर्ज A fish-hook.

to the prepared who is discumpled or

an ade As, like similar, that is more

generally considered as an affix to words; as, Pasku-vat, like a beast. was a.m. A calf; a year. ... ungu e.m. A. child, calf ; a medicinal plant (Wrighten antidysenterica). बाबुतर् इ. m. A steer. 🛀 🦂 ummin s. m. Am active poison, also called Mitha sahar, the root of the aconite ferex brought from Nepal. 188 € 8. m. A year, पक्षरीय adj. Annual, yearly. war ady. Affectionate, kind. s. m. Affection, fondness. पत्म सत्ता s. f. Tenderness, affection. aga s. m. The mouth, the face. वदास s. m. A sheat-fish (Silurus Boolis). 44 s. f. A son's wife ; a wife in general. यत s. m. A forest, a wood, a grove. पश्चाप s. m. A species of arum (A. Calogasia). प्राची adj. Forester, savage. वनराक s. m. A. lion. बनदास s.m. Living in the weeds, as a hermit, &c. anaual s. m. An anchoret, a hermit; f caracal). वनविश्वास s. m. A sort of wild cat (Felis क्ष्मानी adi: Being or abiding in a wood. s. m. A hermit, an anchoret, कारिका adj. Situate or being in a forest. वन्यति s. m. A tree that bears fruit but no apparent blossems, as several shecies of the fig, the jack, &c.; a trre in general : an ascetio. वनान्व s. m. The skirts of a wood. वनायद s. m. Dwelling in a forest Tient a f. A woman in general; a beloved woman, a wife a mistress. वन्दन s. m. Obeisance to a Brakmen or superior by touching the feet, &c. बन्द्रम् s.f. Praise, praising, especially the gods or great men.

बन्दनी s.f. Reverence, worship, adoring. बन्दनीब adj. Praise-worthy, to be eulogized or praised.

drum tessellatum, &c. any parasite plant,

and s. f. A captive, a prioner, a man or beast confined. s. m. A panegyrist, a bird, a herald, a servant whose duty it is to proclaim the titles of a great man as he passes along for a poet, who sings the praises of a prince in his presence, or accompanies an army to chaunt martial songa; a praiser a flatterer. [laudable. and adj. To be praised, commendable, and adj. Forest, savage, wild, produce-

quantity of water, a flood, a deluge; a plant(Physolis flewcoss), [men virile unr. s. m. Sowing, sead; shaving; se-

ed in a wood, &c.

शहा & m. A sower, a planter, &c.; a father, a progenitor. [an emetic. समा s. m. Vomiting, causing vomiting, सभी adj. Vomiting, sick a.f., Vomiting. समा s. m. Ago, time of life.

A contemporary, an associate or companion.

aves adj. Aged, relating to age. s. m.
A friend, a contemporary all associate
or companion. a. f. A woman's female
friend or confidente.

at t. m. A boom a blessing, especially the gift of a Brahmen or deity; no bridgerount add; Best specialism. Are it f. A rivulet; running pass, the north of Beneva, late the Ganges, now called the Barna, [new community] around the Barna; [new community] on The easter oil tree (Riciary, and Tranting a prayer, conforming

a boon, propitions, favourable, बरहान s. m. Granting a boon. बरपदान s. m. Conferring a boon. बररफना v. a. To be victorious, to have

the advantage, to gain.

बर्ख s. m. A wasp.

बर्भा adv. On this side of a river, &c. बराटक s. m. The small shell called a Courie, and used as a coin.

वराषमो s. f. Benares.

THE S. m. A hog : a name of Vishnu, in the third Avatars or descent, in which he is said to have assumed the shape of a boar; one of the eighteen smaller Dwipas or divisions of the nniverse.

विष adj. Best, dearest, most preferable or beloved.

बरीयान s. m. The eighteenth of the astronomical periods called Yogs.

बद्दा s. m. The deity of the waters and regent of the west.

बरे adv. On this side, near. Vere girna, To fall short.

वर्ग s. m. A class, a tribe, a multitude of similar things, whether animate or inanimate; as, Kah-varga, the class of guttural letters : Trivara, a class of three objects, as love, duty, and wealth; the Sudra-varga, the Sudra tribe; a chapter, a book, a section, a square number (in arithmetic). वर्गेषन s. m. The square of a cube.

वर्जन s. m. A square root.

वर्जन s. m. Quitting, abandonment, shunning, avoiding.

विकास adv. Improper, censurable, wieked, proper to be avoided.

विकास adj. Abandoned, avoided : excluded, excepted.

w s. m. A tribe, a class, a caste, an order; colour, hue, tint; a letter of the alphabet; (in arithmetic) a coefficient,

वर्षेक्स s. m. Order of caste or tribe ; alphabetical arrangement, the alphabet.

वर्षेगत ody. Algebraic.

वर्षभे s. m. The particular occupation or duty of each caste or tribe.

वर्णन s.m. Describing, expatiating, explaining, pointing out qualities or excellencies, &c.

वर्षना s. f. Praise, panegyric.

वर्षनाचा s. f. The alphabet.

वर्षा s. f. A white aluminous fossil often confounded with chalk, of which it is considered a species.

नचेंचेड adj. Of a good tribe, caste, kind, &c. s. m. A Brahmana.

वर्षेसद् s. m. Mixture or confusion of castes; a man or tribe of mixed origin, or from a father and mother of different castes.

वर्ण दीन ad). Untenste.

वर्णायम s. m. The class and state of a person.

विषय adj. Described, explained. वर्त्तन s. m. Livelihood, subsistence.

रचेनान adj. Being, existing, living. being present; dwelling or abiding in : (in grammar) the present tense.

s: f. The wick of a lamp.

विषेका s. f. A quail; the wick of a lamp. बनेब ady. Round, circular, globular, spherical.

वर्षन adj. Growing, thriving. s. m. Increasing, growing, thriving ; augmenting, causing to increase.

वर्षभाग adj. Prosperous, thriving; increasing, growing.

विश्व adj. Grown, expanded, increased; thriven.

And adv. On this side of a river, &c. वर्षेटी s. f. A sort of bean (Dolichos catiana).

mq s. m. A year; a division of the known continent, of which nine are reckoned, viz. Kuru, Hiranmay, · Romanak, Havrut, Hari, Ketumala, Bhadrasvah, Kinnar, and Bharat; Jambu Dwip, or India.

वर्षेष s. m. Raining, rain.

वर्षत adj. Raining, showering, sprinkling.

वर्षप्रकृत s. m. A mountainous range, supposed to separate the various Varshas or divisions of the globe from each other; six ranges are enumerated from south to north, viz Himayan, Hemakuta, Nishaddha, Nila, Swet, and Sringi, or Sringavan Meru constitutes the seventh.

वृद्धत s. m. A century.

क्षेत्रक s. m. A thousand years.

नवा m, pl. The rain or rainy sea-वर्षावाच s. m. son. contrict months, according to the Hindu classification of the seasons, which some systems consider to be Sravana and Bhadrs, and others Bhadrs and Aswina ; the duration of the monsoon is however longer, being reckoned from Asarha to Kartika, or from the middle of June to the beginning of October.

वर्षायुक्त s. m. Ten thousand years. वर्षावसान s. m. Autumn, the autumnal sesson. #

वर्षेच adj. Yearly, annual. at s. m. A peacock. amy Near, hither.

यवाका s. f. A small kind of crane. वस्त्र इ. m. The bark of a tree.

and latifolia).

ब्रुमी क s. m. The poet Valmiki. वसनीवाद s. m. The celebration of the

बन्नभ वत्ते. Beloved, desired, dear. s. m. A lover, a husband, a friend: a superintendant, an overseer.

an adj. Humbled, subdued, tamed, overpowered; enthralled, subdued by charms and incantations, fascinated, charmed, enchanted. s. m. Authority. supremacy, mastership; subjection, submission, the state of being completely tamed and overpowered.

विश्वता s. f. Fascinating, bewitching ; subjection, holding in order or subiection.

ৰ্জিভ s. m. A Rishi or divine sage of the first order; he is also a Brakmedhika, a Prajapati, and one of the seven stars of Ursa Major.

वमी s. m. A sage with subdued passions. वज्रीकरक s.m. Subduing or overcoming by drugs, charms, &c., enchanting, charming; subduing in general.

बभीसत adj. Bewitched, fascinated, subjected to another's will.

बन्नोभ्रत adi. Subjugated, sulject to another's will.

बनीर s. m. A pungent fruit resembling pepper (Pothos officinalis \.

बच्च adj. Docile, tame, humble, governable.

वश्वता s. f. Humility, subjugation, disposition to, or fitness for subjection.

वम्बाका adj. Of a subdued mind.

बसती s. f. A house, a dwelling ; abiding, abode, residence.

वसन s. m. Cloth or clothes.

वसन s. m. The season of spring, or its deified personification; dysentery, diarrhosa; small-pox. .

वसन्तकुत्तम s.m. A tree (Cordia myxo

retun of spring, formerly held on the | full moon of Chytra, but now on the full moon of Phalguna, being identified with the Dollatra or Holi. वसीड है s. m. An agent, an ambassador. ₹# s. m. Wealth, thing, substance. वस्य s. m. A fossil salt, brought from a district in Aimere, Sambhar salt. ther s. f. The earth. बसुदेव s. m. The father of Krishna. वस्त्रान् adj. Wealthy, rich. and s. m. Sambhar salt; the Sesbana grandiflora. a s. m. Thing, matter, substance. बंदों adv. In fine, in fact, essentially, substantially. statement. m. Outline of any subject, · skeleton of a discourse. वर्षा कि f. Loss of substance or proaws. m. Cloth, clothes, raiment. auftel e. m. A tailor. unitary s. m. The end or hem of a garment. ₹ s. m. Cloth, clothes. www pron. That, he, she, it, the ; (occasionally like ve), they, those. tot s. f. Bide, quarter, way.

TENT s. m. Attack, onset.

Him, her, that.

(in speech);

at adv. There, that place.

Aut ade. There, thither, yonder. Vahan ka cahan, In that very place. afecus. m. A foreign country. विश्वत adj. Expelled, excluded. and pron. He himself, that very. afy s. m. Fire, or its delty Agni. ar adv. Or, whether, conj. and. pron. बाबी s. f. The manns of the bamboo. ats s. m. Word, language, speech. बासम्बद्ध adj. Frivolous, inconsistent

वाकावापका s. m. Gossipping, chattering. idle or improper talk. ৰাৰ্ছৰ s. m. Frevarication, equivocation. बाक्तपट adj. Eloquent, able in speech. वाक बटता s.f. Eloquence, वाका s. m. A sentence : a rule or aphorism; speech; a word. वाकाखखन a.m. Refusing or criticising, an assertion. वादन adi. Promised. बान्द्रमा s.f. A virgin betrothed. वान्दोष s. m. Speaking ill, defamation. ahuse. काच s. f. Speech ; speaking ; a phrase, a proverb or a lage. वाचक s. m. A word : a speaker. वाचनिक adi. Verbal. वाचा s. f. Speech. वाचाट । adj. Talkative, chattering, gabbling, talking much and idly or blamably. वाचित्र adj. Verbal. s. m. News, tidings, intelligence. वाचित्रपन s. m. A. letter, a despatch ; a newspaper, a gazette. वाहिइ s. m. pl. Praising, 'applauding; bravo ! well done ! aha! वाकिएस s. m. Globe amaranth. बाज पेय s. m. A particular sacrifice. बाकी s. m. A plant (Justicia adhenatodo). बाजीबर adj. Aphrodisiac. बाजोबरच s. m. Stimulous or excitement of amorous desires by aphrodisiacs, &c. काव्हन s. m. Wishing, desiring. बाब्दा s. f. Wish, desire. बाङ्कित adj. Wished, desired, longed for. पाविष्यनी s. 🥂 A libidinous woman, & wanton. ब अकी ady. Wishing, desirous.

WIZ s. f. A road.

atizat s. f. The site of a house or

₹T#

and s. f. A house, a building ; a garden, an orchard, a plantation.

are s, m. A termination (in composition), denoting place or enclosure.

बाकी s.f. An orchard. a courtyard for trees and plants.

atu s. m. An arrow.

वाणिक s. m. Traffic, trade.

बाची s. f. Speech, sound.

and s. m. Air, wind; rhenmatism. gent, inflamation of the joints; air, wind, as one of the humours of the body.

बातक s. m. A plant (Marsiles quadrifolia).

बातकी adj. Rhenmatic, gonty.

बातकार s. m. Fever arising from vitiated wind.

वासिक s. m. Rheumatism attended with fever.

arawa adj. Inflated, puffed up with wind.

बातरक s. m. Acute gout or rheumatism. बात्रीन s. m. Rhenmatism, gont.

बातरीनी adj. Rheumatic, afflicted with gout or rheumatism, especially of the sente kind.

बाताविक s. f. Swelled testicle.

बातव्याचि 8. f. Any morbid affection attributed to disorder of the wind.

बातवेरी s. m. The castor oil tree.

वृह्नमूख s. m. Cholic with flatulence.

बासादि s. f. The castor oil tree ; a plant (Asparague racemotus).

And adj. Windy, relating or belonging to wind, &c.

sings adj. Gouty, rheumath, s. m. A whirlwind, a gale, a hurricane. [ness. grames s. f. Tenderness, affection, foud-

बाद s. m. Discourse, dispute, assertion. discussion; a plaint, an accusation. बादबुष s. m. Controversy, dispute.

मान

वादशाधन s. m. Argument, maintaining

a controversy.

वाहानुवाह s. m. Attack and rejoinder, plaint and reply.

बादी adj. Speaking, discoursing; asserting, declaring, s. m. A sage, an expounder of the law and Shastras; a plaintiff, an accuser.

बादा s. m. Any musical instrument.

बाद्यभाष्ट्र s. m. A multitude of musical instruments, a band.

बाज s. m. A heavy sea, the rolling of water from wind, &c.; hence the high tide in the Indian rivers, commonly called the Bore (partiele in compos.) Possessing, endowed with, &c., as Dhanaván, Possessing wealth. rich.

वानप्रसा s. m. The Brahmana of the third order, who has passed through the conditions of student and householder, and has left his house and family for lonely meditation in woods and wilds : the hermit, the anchoret : a tree (Bassis latifolia); the Palas tree (Butea frondosa).

बानर् s. m. } An ape, a monkey. वानरी इ. 🗗 🕻

बापण s. m. A kind of holy basil, distingnished as the black species of Tulesi (Ocumum sanctum).

पापी s. f. A large oblong pond, a pool, a lake.

बास adj. Left, not right : vile, base, wicked.

बाबता s. f. Perverseness, contrariety; wickedness.

बासन बत्तुं. Short, dwarnen, a dwarf; low, vile, base, e. m. Vishnu in his

character of the dwarf, in which he | wit s. m. A day of the week; a multiis said to have appeared on his fifth descent from heaven, to prevent Ball, from obtaining dominion of the three worlds.

नामनी s. f. A female dwarf. बाबा s. f. Woman.

बाबाबाद s. m. The doctrine of the Tantras, according to one system; the left hand ritual, the use of flesh, spirits, &c. forming part of the Vamachara ceremonies.

वामाचारी s.m. A. follower of the left hand portion of the Tantras.

वायन s. m. Sweetmeats or cakes, forming a light refreshment, which is not supposed to be any breach of a religions fast, sweetmeats or cakes part . of an offering to a deity, or prepared on particular occasions, as marriages, &c., and sent as presents to . friends and acquaintances.

बायन adj. Windy, relating or belonging to wind.

बायती s. f. The water or region of the wind; the north-west.

बाख s. m. Air, wind, or its personified deification: the air of the body; morbid affection of the windy hu mour.

angualtus. m. The north-west.

बायुवस s. m. Flatulence, indigestion.

बावगरम s. m. A whirlpool, an eddy; a whirlwind, a hurricane.

बायुक्त adj. Affected by wind, flatulent.

बायुनिहरित s. f. Calm, lull; cure of windy disorders.

Trawer s. m. Fasting, living on air. grang odi. Like wind, unsubstantial: swift.

are s. m. A blow, wound, gash, assault,

tude, a quantity, a heap; the near bank of a river, on this side. s. f. Leisure; delay; waiting, patience; time.

बारक adj. Opposing, obstructing, an obstacle or agent of resistance.

बारण s. m. Resistance, opposition, prohibition, obstacle or impediment; defence, protecting, guarding; warding off a blow, guarding, warding.

बारण s. m. Offerings, oblations : sacrifices.

बारमा v, a. To surround, encircle, go round; to offer (in sacrifice, &c.) Vari pharirhona, To go round any body (as a sign of being an offering or sacrifice for his welfare), to devote one's self for any one (a practice chiefly of women).

TITI s. m. Cheapness, thrift; benefit, gain ; a victim. adj, cheap,

बाराचमी s. f. The holy city, Benares.

बारापार ? adv. On this side and that. बारपार on both sides; through and through, across, s. m. Bounds.

वादि s. m. Water.

वारिकारक s. m. An aquetic plant (Pistia stratioites;) another plant (Trapa bispinosa \.

वारिकाप र s. m. The Ilis or Hilsa fish (Cluponodon Ilisha).

बारियर adj. Aquatic. living or moving in water. s. m. A fish.

वारिक adj. Aquatic, born or produced in or by water. s. m. A conch-shell; any bivalve shell.

बारित adj. Hindered, prevented, imneded. cloud.

wifte adj. What yields water, s. m. A s. m. The ses, the acean. गारिगिषि है

वादिपची | s.f. An aquatic plant (Pis- | बावदूकता s. f. Garrulity, loquacious-बारिमृत्ती / tea stratioites).

पार्ट्यपाष s. m. A cascade, a water fall : a current or flow of water.

वारिएक s. m. A raft, a float.

बार्विद्य s. m. A fruit (Flacourtia cataphracta).

बाइची s. f. Any spirituous liquor, or more properly a particular kind prepared from hogweed ground with the juice of the date or palm, and then . distilled; the west, the region of Varung: the 25th lunar asterism, of which Varuna is the ruling deity.

बार्च s. b. Tidings, news, intelligence; rumour, report : a word.

वार्णिक adj. Relating to news : commentary, explanatory. s. m. A. gloss, a commentary, especially a supplementary explanation.

बादेख s. m. Old age : the infirmity, &c. of old age.

बाबिस adj. Yearly, annual; growing, &c. in the rainy season, or fit for or suited to it, &c.

बाइत s. m. The fruit of the Solanum jacquini.

वास s. m. Revenge.

THE ? s. m. Denotes (in compos.) बाखा र agent, doer, keeper, man, inhabitant, master, lord, possessor, owner: as Rokhwal, or,-wala, A. keeper: Nao-wals. A boat-man; Dilli-wal, or-wals, An inhabitant of Delhi, Ghar-wals, Master or keeper of a house. Likhne-walk, Writer, Hone-wale, Becoming, about to he.

and . f. Feminine of wala.

बारंबीक s. m. The author of the Romavona.

arese adj. Talking much, galalini prattling.

ness.

बाधा s. f. A plant (Justicia ganderussa). बाबिस adi. Perfumed, scented.

वाशिष्ठी s. f. The Gunti river, which rising in the Kemaon hills, pursues a winding and south easterly course. and passing Lacknow and Jonpur. falls, into the Ganges below Benares.

बास s. m. A house, a habitation ; site, situation, abode, or place of staying or abiding ; perfuming.

बायन s. m. Cloth, clothes : abiding. abode.

वासका adj. Vernal, relating to the season of spring, suitable to it, produced in it. &c.

वासर s. m. A day.

वाचित adi. Perfumed, scented ; peopled, populous, flourishing (a country).

वासी adj. Abiding, staying,

are s. m. A name of Vishnu; the soul, or the Sporeme Being considered as the soul of the universe.

बाह्य adj. Determined, demonstrated. fixed. substantiated : real. stantial.

बासाब्य adi. To be abided or dwelt in, to be fixed as a habitation.

वास व s. m. A potherb (Chenopodium album: and other edible species).

urur s. m. Vapour ; tears. arte s. m. A horseman; a porter, a ara s. m. A vehicle, a conveyance of any kind, as a horse, an elephant, a carriage.

uffe pron. object. case, sing. Him, het, it, that, to him, to her, to it, to that. वारिनी 4.f. An army ; a body of forces consisting of 81 elephants, 81 cars, 243 horses, 405 foot, a cohort, a battalion.

वाचिनीपति s. m. A general; a commanding officer:

TW och Outer, external.

fr prep. Denoting disunion, separation,

fs prep. Denoting dismaion, separation, division, distinction; away, apart, distinct.

feez adj. Large, great; formidable, frightful, hideous, horrible.

বিজ্ঞান্ত s. m. A herbaceous plant (Hedysarum alkagi).

বিশ্বনিষ্কি ady. Trembling, tremulous, agitated; palpitating, heaving.

रिवाधिक s. m. Saraswat, a district in the north-west of Hindustan, Generally considered as part of the Panjab, though sometimes confounded with Cashwir.

विक्रमंत्रिया s.f. Illegal or immoral act, विक्रस adj. Confounded, agitated; the 1-30th of a Kala, the second of a degree.

fames s. m. Error, ignorance, mistake; doubt, indecision; (is rhetoric) antithesis of opposites; (in grammar) admission of more than one form or vale.

বিশ্বনিত্ব adj. Blown, as a flower, budded, opened.

funct a, m. Change of form or nature, alteration or deviation from the natural state; sickness, disease, change from the state of health.

विकास s. m. Twilight.

বিলাম s. m. Display, manifestation, open or splendid appearance.

বিজ্ঞাননা s. f. Appearance, display. বিজ্ঞানৰ s. m. Manifestation.

fem adj. Averse, estranged. s. m. Disgust, aversion.

factured adj. Changed in aspect, form or appearance.

विकली s. f. Change of any kind, as of

purpose, mind, form, nature, &c. either permanent or temporary; sickness, disease, change from the natural or healthy state.

[नक्स s, m. Heroism, prowess, heroic valour; great power or strength; overpowering overcoming.

Pamnigan n. prop. The name of a celebrated prince, the sovereign of Ougein and reputed founder of an æra still in use amongst the Hindus, commencing 56 years before the Christian æra,

विकासी s. m. A lion ; a hero.

विकय s. m. Sale, selling, vending. विकयो s. m. A seller, a vender.

विकास adj. Valiant, mighty; overcoming, victorious. s. m. A hero, a warrior.

विज्ञीस adj. Sold,

বিজ্ঞান adj. Known, notorious, famous. বিজ্ঞানি s. f. Fame, celebrity, notoriety. বিজ্ঞানে s. m. Explaining, expounding. বিশ্বৰ adj. Bad, worthless.

विष्कृ adj. Concealed, hidden.

faur s. m: The body; extension, diffusion; war, battle; opposition, encounter.

विकास s. m. Impediment, obstacle.

विश्व ह. m. Obstacle, impediment. विश्वचारी adj. Impeding, obstructing.

বিল্লনামৰ ady. Who or what removes difficulties, &c.

বিশ্বনাম্য s. m. Removing obstacles. বিশ্বনিথি s. f. Removal of obstacles.

future adj. Stopped, prevented, obstructed, inpeded.

free adj. Unsteady, unfixed, moving, going.

বিষয়ের s. m. Fickleness, unsteadiness. বিষয়ের adj. Clever, able, wise, sensible. বিষয়ে s. m. The exercise of judgment or reason on a present object, investigation, consideration, deliberation.

विचारक } s. m. An investigator, a विचारकर्ता } judge.

বিস্থাবিৰ adj. Judged, discussed, determined, decided.

বিশাস adj. Intervening, intermediate. বিশিষ adj. Variegated, spotted; painted, coloured.

face s. m. Separation, disjunction; prohibition, prevention.

विश्वन adj. Private, lonely, solitary. विजय s. m. Victory, triumph, conquest. विजयमान adj. Victorious, triumphant. विजया s. f. Hemp (Cannabis sativa),

or the tops of the plant used as a narcotic.

ৰিল্মী adj. Victorious, triumphant, conquering.

বিজ্ঞানি s.f. A different species or tribe. বিশিল্প adj. Conquered, defeated.

বিজিনীন্দ্ৰ adj. Of subdued organs or passions.

fam adj. Skilful, able, clever, conversant; wise, learned.

famai s. m. Wiedom, learning.

বিষ্যান adj. Celebrated, famous, known, notorious; known, understood.

faura s. m. Knowledge, science, learning worldly knowledge or wisdom.

f সাধ্য s. m. Teaching, instruction, communication of knowledge not religious; representing, informing. বিকাহ adj. Exempt from decay: free

from fever.

fazy s. m. A new shoot: a branch.

तिरुवारिका s. f. A bird, a sort of thrush; a variety of the bird, usually though inaccurately, called Myns in Bengal. दिखना adj. Afflicting, distressing.

विद्याल adj. Ameting, distressing. विद्यालय adj. Low, poor, abject, distressed. विकास s. m. A cat.

विज्रम s. m. The lapis lazuli.

funer s. f. Controversy, argument, the aubversion of another's epinion, or interpretation and establishment of one's own; criticism.

বিষয় s.f. The name of a river, said to be situated in the Punjab.

বিৰুপে s. m. Gift, donation; abandoning, quitting; passing, crossing.

from s. m. Reasoning, discussion.

বিশ্বভ s. m. One of the seven divisions of Patal, the second in descent below the earth.

farfars. f. A long span measured by the extended thumb and little finger; considered equal to twelve fingers.

বিষয়ে s. m. An awning, a canopy.
বিভাশ adj. Content, satisfied, free from

desire. विदयना s.f. Satiety, satisfaction; con-

tent.
[an s. m. Wealth, property, thing, substance.

विश्ववान adj. Rich, wealthy.

विश्वान adj. Poor, indigent.

burnt, s. m. A libertine, a lecher, an intriguer; a learned or clever man, a scholar, a Pundit.

विद्यासा s. f. Sharpness, shrewdness, cleverness.

विद्र s. m. The Indian prickly pear (Cactus Indicus).

fact s. f, Dismission, taking leave, farewell, adieu.

factor s. m. Tearing, breaking, splitting, severing, dividing.

বিহাবো v. a. To tear, to rend. বিহিন adj. Known, understood.

fefer s. f. An intermediate point fefer of the compass.

विद्राञ्च s. m. The lapis lazuli.

বিইম s.m. A foreign country, abroad; any place away from home.

विदेशनमा s.m. Travelling, going abroad. विदेशका adj. Foreign, exotic.

বিইম adj. Foreign, foreigner, exotic.

विद्यमान् adj. Being, being present or in existence.

বিষয় s.f. Knowledge, learning, science, whether sacred or profane, though more especially the former.

विद्यादाम s. m. Giving knowledge or science.

विद्यागिष्ठि : f. Acquirement of knowledge; acquisition made by or through learning. [cation.

विवास्त्रस्य s. m. Study, diligent appli-विवासी s. m. A pupil, a student.

বিমালয় s. m. A school, a college.

বিশ্বালাম s. m. Acquisition of learning; acquirement by or through learning. বিশ্বাৰাৰ adj. Learned, possessed of

learning or science. विवाहीन वर्त्युः. Ignorant, uninstructed.

तिखुत s.f. Lightning.

विद्वस s. m. Coral.

विदान adj. Intelligent, wise ; learned. विदेश s. m. Enmity, hatred.

विशेषी adj. Inimical, hostile, hating. s.m. An enemy.

fau s. m. Form, formula, rule; manner, kind, sort.

fawai e. f. A widow.

विधवाविद्य s, m. Marrying a widow.

faving s.m. Act, action, general or particular, though more especially the performance of such acts or rites as are prescribed in the sacred books of the *Hindus*; rule, precept, ordinance, injunction; form, mode, manner.

rafig s. m. A sacred precept, an act or rite prescribed by the Vedas for effecting certain consequences; rule, form, formula.

fayt s. m. Separation; agitation of mind from terror or distress, &c.

विषेय adj. Compliant, tractable, governable; to be done, what is or ought to be practised.

विध्य स s. m. Aversion, disrespect, enmity, dislike; destruction. [ing. विध्य सी adj. Hostile, adverse; destroy-वित्र pron. 23rd pers. pl. (same as un),

বিষয় adj. Bent, bowed, stooping; crooked, curved; humble, modest.

বিষয়া Name of one of the wives of
Kasyap, mother of Arun and Garud,
a sort of basket. [modesty.

विनति s. f. Bowing, bending; humility, विनती s. f. See बिनती ॥

fare s. m. Affability, modesty, humility, mildness; reverence, obeisance; decorum, decency, propriety of conduct or behaviour.

বিশ্বী s. m. Ganesh.

Them, those,

विकास adj. Lost, destroyed.

বিশ্বতি s.f. Disappearance, destruction. বিশ্বতি adv. Without, except.

ৰিণায় adj. Deserted, unprotected, unowned.

বিৰ্যেশ্ব s. m. (fika) (A remover of obstacles) a Buddha, the Gonesh.

বিৰাম s. m. Disappearance, destruction, loss, annihilation.

বিদায়ৰ adj. Destroying, a destroyer. বিদায়িন adj. Destroyed.

विनाबी adj. Destroyer, destructive ; perishing, being destroyed ; undergoing change or transformation.

विनिपास s. m. Falling, falling down, (literally or figuratively, as from a height, or from dignity, virtue, &c.); calamity, unavoidable evil.

तिनिपानशंशो ady. Portentous, announcing misfortune or destruction.

বিলিম্বর s. m. Barter, exchange. বিদীন adj. Modest, humble; compliant. বিদীনালা adj. Well-behaved; humbled,

lowly. विकोश s. m. Eagerness, vehemence; play, sport, pastime; pleasure, grati-

fag s. m. A drop of water or any liquid; a spot, a dot; a mark; the dot over a letter representing the nasal termination.

faul s. m. The Vindhya or Bindh mountains, or the mountainous range which runs across India from the province of Behar, nearly to Gazerat, and properly divides Hindustan from the Dekhin. [tains.

RAHITER e. m. Vindhya range of mounfamiliza s. f. The great Vindhya forest, which appears to have spread at one time from near Mathura to the Nermada.

frequential s.m. A name of Durga; a village and temple sacred to Durga, under the forms of Yog maya and Bhoy maya, and a place of great resort amongst the Hindus, situated about three miles from Mirzapur on the Gauges.

বিষয়েক s.m. A tree (Echites scholaris).
বিষয়াম s.m. Assemblage, collection, collecting or depositing any thing, site, place, receptacle, that in or on which any thing is placed or deposited.
বিষয় pron. 3rd pers. sing. (same as un-

hen). Them, those, to them, &c.
नियमकाल s. m. Time of calamity or misfor tune, adversity. [fortune.

faufer s. f. Adversity, calamity, mis-

विष्णियुत्र कर्ताः. Unfortunate.

विपानिरहित ad). Prosperous, happy.

विपन्नागर s. m. Heavy calamity.

विषय s. m. A bad road.

विषद् । s.f. Calamity, adversity, mis-विषदा fortune.

বিশহস্কাহ s. m. Extrication from misfortune. [in calamity.

विषद्गम adj. Overtaken by or involved विषयक्ष adj. Unhappy, unfortunate.

विषद्रहित वर्ताः. Prosperous.

contrary.

fauthan s. f. Contrariety, reverse or opposite state or condition.

বিশ্ব adj. Opposed or adverse to, contrary, inimical, s. m. An enemy, an adversary; a disputant, an opponent.

নিম্বার.f. Hostility, enmity, opposiion; controversy; contradiction in argument.

figura adj. Indifferent, impartial.

either a Pal or second; a simple breathing.

fault s. m. Cooking, dressing.

तियाजा s. f. The Vipása, or Beyah river in the Panjab.

fasque s.m. A wood, a forest.

fayer adj. Large, great; broad; deep, profound.

fagent s. f. Magnitude, extent.

fuu s. m. A Brahman.

fara adj. Vain, idle, unmeaning, fruitless, useless. [lessness.

বিষয়ের s. f. Unprofitableness, fruit-বিষয়ের adj. Divided, portioned, partitioned; separated, parted; distinct.

funfars. f. Part, portion; a division, a partition; inflexion of nouns, declaration.

বিষয় s. m. Substance, thing, property, wealth; supreme or superhumanpower.

বিশাৰ s. m. Part, portion, share; partition of an inheritance; (in arithmetic) the numerator of a fraction.

favilau adj. Fearful, formidable, terrific, horrible. [always, eternal.]

horrible. [always, eternal.

विश्वता s. f. Power supremacy. विश्वति २. m. Superhuman power; power, dignity. dominion.

विभाविमान adj. Superhuman.

fawam s. m. Ornament, decoration.

faufan adi. Adorned, decorated.

विसम १ m. Error, mistake, blunder; hurry, flurry : doubt, apprehension. क्रिमानि १ m. Error, confusion.

विमल adj. Clean, pure. (either literally, as clothes, देव., or figuratively, as the heart or mind).

विमक्तमाचि s. m. Crystal.

विम्याका adj. Pure, undefiled.

विमास है s. f. A step-mother, a fa-

faura s. m. A car or chariot of the gods, sometimes serving as a seat or throne, and at others carrying them through the skies self-directed and self-moving; any car or vehicle.

विभाग s. m. A bad road : a wrong road, literally or figuratively, evil conduct.

विश्वक adj. Loosed, liberated. विश्वकि s.f. Liberation, especially final

emancipation from future existence. fring adj. Averted, having the face cast down or turned away; opposition. friend: s. f. Turning away; opposition. friend: adj. Averted, turned away:

hostile, averse to or from, विमुद्र part. Confounded, bewildered,

foolish, stupid. fresimi adi, Begniled, foolish, বিদীয় s. m. Liberation, freedom, being or letting loose.

विमोश्यम a.m. Liberating.

विमोवित adj. Liberated, set free.

विसोधन s.m. Seducing, tempting, confounding the mind and exciting the passions (the act).

विमीदनी adj. Fascinating, seducing, bewitching, tempting, (the instrument or agent).

finifen adj. Fascinated bequiled.

fam s. m. The disk of the sun or, moon an image, a nicture, s shadow, a reflected or represented form; the gourd of the Momordica monadelpha.

विश्वान adj. Fresh. pure, free from soil or decay : refreshed.

विशोग s. m. Absence senaration especially of lovers; dismnion, disjunction, विशोगी adj. Separated, absent, remote, apart, s. m. The ruddy goose.

বিষয় alj. Averse, indifferent, free from inclination or affection; stoical, void of attachment to worldly objects.

বিশ্লমাৰ adj. Disinclined to, disliking. বিংলি s. f. Aversion, disinclination; absence of affection.

বিৰ্থিত adj. Made. prepared, effected; written, composed.

বিষ্কা s. f. A plant; a sort of grass, commonly called Dub.

विरच s.m. A fragrant grass (Andropogon schananthum).

farm adj. Stopped, ceased, rested. farm s. f. Stop, cessation, term, rest.

fixe m. { adj. Fine. delicate, thin fixen f. { (but with interptices); looses relaxed; a part, wide, separated by an interval; remote, rare, occurring at distant or repeated intervals of time.

fore adj. Insipid.

fare s. m. Separation, parting, absence, especially the separation of lovers.

fatfer adj. Void of, exempt or free from.

বিৰাছখী f. daij. Separate, sundered, বিৰোধী m. absent or apart from. s. f. A woman absent from Her husband or lover.

factor s. m. The absence of desire or passion, indifference, philosophy, the disregard of all sensual enjoyment.

विरामी adj. Void of passion or lesire. विराम्बस adj. Shining, splendid, hand-

some. [some. [some. farisfier adj. Splendid, brilliant, hand-

face s. m. A country, one of the midland divisions of India, probably Berar.

factors s. m. An inferior sort of diamond, said to be found in the country of Virat.

facia s. m. A cat.

fatt adj. Opposed, hindered; reverse, contrary, opposite; inconsistent (in argument), incongruous, a nonsequitur; hostile, averse.

বিষয়ের s. f. Opposition, contrariety; incongruity; enmity.

fact adj. Deformed, monstrous; unnatural.

fagur adj. Frightful, hideous; deformed mis-shapen.

विरेख s. m. A purgative.

father s.m. Enmity, animosity; opposition, contradiction; war.

বিশাণা adj. Inimical, adverse, hostile; opposing; obstructive; contradictory, inconsistent; quarrelsome, contentious. s.m. An enemy, an opponent,

face s. m. The hole of a rat or snake, a chasm, vacuity; a cave, a cavern. বিশ্বৰ adj. Shameless, impudent, unabashed.

विकास s. m. Slowness, tardiness, delay. विकासना s. m. Delaying, retarding.

বিকাষ s. m. Destruction of the world; destruction in general; liquefaction.

विकास s. m. Destroying; corroding, eating away; liquefying; attenuating (as the fluids of the body); an attenuant; an escharotic.

विश्वसन s. m. Sporting, dallying.

facily s. m. Lamentation, the language of grief and distress.

বিস্থান s.m. Sport, pastime, play, especially amorous pastime, dalliance, wantonness.

विचासिको s.f. A woman; a whore, a harlot.

विलासिनी f. } adj. Wanton, sportive, विलासी m. } dallying.

বিজ্ঞানী s. m. A sensualist, an enjoyer. বিভাগন s. m. Sight, seeing, looking.

বিভান্ধলা v. a. To see, to look, to view. বিভান্ধনীয় adj. Agreeable, beautiful, fit to be seen or looked at.

विजीवित adj. Seen, beheld.

विलोक्षम s.m. The eye.

বিভাবিদ্যাল s. m. A glance, a look. বিভাতিক s. m. A sort of fish (Cupea cultrats).

विक्रीसना v. a. To shake, to churn.

বিশ্বীমৰ s. m. Allurement, attraction, temptation, seduction; beguiling, perplexing.

विजीस adj. Reverse, opposite, contrary, backward.

विजीसन्तिया s. f. Rule of inversion. विजीसनेदासिक s. m. Rule of three in-

verse. विश्वीस्विधि s. f. Rule of inversion.

विकीवना v. o. To churn.

fam s. m. A pit, a hole.

fast s. m. A fruit tree, commonly named Bela (Ægle marmelos); the fruit of the Bels.

fart s. m. A hole, a chasm, a vacuity; fault, defect.

fagures. m. Explanation, exposition, gloss, comment; detailing, describing.

विषयोग s. m. Abandoning, leaving, विषयोग adj. Left, abandoned, avoided, shunned.

रिषण र. m. A man of a low caste, one of degrading occupation, an outcaste. दिन्स adj. Independent; uncontrolled, unrestrained, unsubdued; sedate at the period of death, or having the soul free from worldly cares and fears

nears.
fasam adj. Unclothed, naked.
fasam s.f. Wish, desire.
fasfas adj. Wished, desired.
fasfas s.m. Contest, contention.
fasfas adj. Disputing, contending, a
litigant.
fastas m. Exile, banishment,

faring s. m. Marriage.
faring m. } adj. Married.
faring adj. Various, multiform, of many

sorts.

ৰিবিল্ল s. m. Discrimination, judgment, বিবিল্লা s. f. Judgment, discrimination, the faculty or property of judgment, বিবিল্লী adj. Judicious, discriminative.s. m. A. sage, a philosopher, a judge.

fadam e.m. Discrimination, judgment, diatinguishing truth from falschood. fam discrimination. Judgment, diatinguishing truth from falschood. fam dj. Fearless, undannted. fam. adj. Disarmed, unarmed.

fantus s.m. A plant (Euphordia of various kinds).

family: s. f. The sixteenth lunar asterism.

বিমাস .adj. Great, large; great, eminent, illustrious.

বিমালনা s. f. Magnitude, bulk; eminence, distinction,

বিশিত adj. Endowed with, possessed of, laving, inherent or attached to.

feels s. m. Sort, kind, manner; excellence, superiority.

विशेष adj. Discriminative, attributive. विशेष adj. Principal, primary, chief. s. m. eA name, a substantive.

विश्रीच adj. Without grief, happy.

বিশাল adj. Rested, reposed; calm, composed.

বিশ্বালি s. f. Rest, repose, cessation from toil or occupation.

বিষয়ে s. m. Rest, repose; pause, stop, cessation; tranquillity, composure. বিষ adj. All, entire, whole, universal. s. m. The world, universe; a deity of a particular class, in which ten are enumerated, who are worshipped particularly at the funeral obsequies in honor of deseased progenitors in general, and receive an oblation of clarified butter at the daily and domestic Shraddha.

विश्वकोर s. m. The son of Brohmo, and artist of the gods.

fauri s. f. A sort of gull (Larus ridibundus).

বিষয়ন s. m. The creator, the maker of all things.

विश्वसन s. m. All men, mankind.

विश्वतित adj. All-subduing.

विष्यदेवा s. f. A plant (Hedysarum lagopodioides).

तिकसारी दे adj. All-sustaining. विकास के. m. A universal sovereign. faury adj. Taking all forms, existing in all forms, universal, omnipresent.

বিশ্ববীখন s. m. An esculent root (Arum - colocasià).

विश्ववापक adj. All-pervading, everywhere diffused.

विश्ववामी adj. All-diffused or pervading. विश्ववाहित s. f. Universal diffusion or permeation.

विश्वसारक s. m. The prickly pear (Costus . Indicus).

বিষয়ত s. m. The creator of alls God. বিষয় s. f. A tree, the bark of which is said to be used in dyeing red, commonly called Atis (Betuls).

विकास s. m. The soul of the world, the universal spirit, God.

franse s. m. A Muni, the son of Gadhi, originally of the military order; but who became by long and painful austerities a Brahmarshi, in which character he appears in the Ramayan, as the early preceptor and counsellor of Ram.

विश्वास s. m. Trust, faith, confidence. विश्वासत्रत बर्जु. Inspiring confidence or faith.

বিশাল্যাল s. m. Violation of trust, trea hery.

विश्वसम्बासक s. m. A traitor, one who betrays confidence.

विश्वासपात s. m. A confidential agent, one worthy to be trusted.

বিশ্বাভয়ত্ব s. m. Breach of faith, violation of confidence.

first adj. Trusting, confiding in ; honest, trusty.

faure s. m. Shiv, under a from or appellation in which especially he is worshipped at Benares, where a celebrated temple is appropriated to him in the character of lord or god of the universe.

fau s. m. Poison, venom.

विवस्ति adj. Antidotic, an antidote. s.m. A tree (Mimosa sirisa).

विषिष s. m. A sort of snake.

fasut adj. Venemous, poisonous. s. m. A snake.

विषकासक s. m. A tree (Mimosa siries); an antidote; removing or curing poison.

विषयाणी adj. · Antidote,

विवसचव s. m. Taking poison.

विषसुत्रक s. m. A poisonous snake.

fuun adj. Difficult (of acces), rough, uneven; difficult, &c. (of comprehension), as a book; painful, difficult, troublesome (in general); odd (innumbers), fearful; frightful, awful.

विश्वनकार s. m. A violent fever ; irregularly remittent fever.

faunas. m. A snake-catcher, one who by pretended charms, &c. attracts snakes and cures the bite; a charm for curing snake bites,

विषमसाइस s. m. Temerity, daring.

furus, m. Any object of sense, any thing perceivable by the senses, as colour, form, flavour, odour and sound; an object in general, as of affect on or desire, &c.; worldy object or pursuit, affair, business, transaction, &c.

foul s. m. An epicurean, a sensualist, one heedful of objects of sense or attentive to worldly objects; a materialist, one who defice the existence of any thing which is not an object of sense; a man of the world.

furferm e.y. The administration of antidotes, the cure of poisons by drug; or charms.

्रियमेस s. m. A dealer in antidotes, one | विश्व पद s. m. The sky, heaven, atmoprofessing by charms, &c. to cure the bite of a snake.

विषमचन s. m. The Greek partridge (perdix rufa). Frenom. विषक्ष adj. An antidote, removing

विषक्षदय adj. Malicious, malignant, cherishing hatred or hostility,

विषाच s. m. The horn of an animal; the tusks of an elephant; the tusk or fang of the boar.

विषाणो s. m. Any snimal with horns. faure s. m. Lassitude, dejection, lowness of spirits, want of energy.

विषादी adj. Dejected, disconsolate, sorrowful.

faurus adj. Antidotic, antidote. faurage s. f. A kind of birth wort (Aristolochia Indica).

faure adj. Venemous, poisonous.

विषव विष्य । s.m. The equinon.

विवरकाया s. f. The shadow of the gnomon at noon whon the sun is in the equinoctial points.

निषयदिन s. m. The day of the enquinox. বিহম s. m. A disease, obstruction of urine or fæces, ischury, constipation ; paralysis, loss of motion.

fart s. m. A seat, stool, chair, couch ; the seat of the Brahman, either real or in effigy, as presiding at a sacrifice.

fafe s. f. The seventh of the variable Kurans, or astronomical periods so termed, each answering to half a lunar day.

faut s. f. Fæces, ordure.

far s. m. One of the three principal Hindu deities, and the preserver of the world. [ternates). विषान्नाना s; f. A flower (Cliforea |

sphere.

विचापही s. f. One of the twelve Sankrantis or periods at which the sun enters a sign of the zodiac, especially the first sign after the equinox. वणवासमा s. f. A plant (Echites caryophyllate); a small fragrant shrub (Ocumum sonctum).

विस pron. 3d pers, sing, inflect. (same as oos), Him, her, it that, &c.

faun s. m. The soft aspirate, marked by two perpendicular dots (:), and as the substitute of the letters wor a' the termination of various inflexions both of nonns and verbs.

विश्वज्ञन s. m. Gift, donation ; quitting, relinquishing, dismissing, sending away.

बिसे pron. 3d pers : sing, (same as oose) Him, her, it. to him, to her, &c.

f188 € s. m. A led.

farre s. m. Spreading, extension, diffusion; vastness, expanse; breadth, amplitude.

विसीर्च ad). Spread, expanded.

विश्वत adj. Spread, diffused, extended. विस्ति s. f. The diameter of a circle.

বিষয়ত adj. Apparent, manifest, open ; plain, intelligent.

বিষ্কীত s. m. | A hoil, a pustule ; थि**स्की**टा क f. ∫ small-pox.

विश्वय s. m. Wonder, surprise, astonishment.

विश्ववी } adj. Astonished, surprised.

विकास adj. Forgotten.

fau fa e.f. Forgetting, forgetfulness. faux adj. Discordant, inharmonious. frene adi. Insipid, flavourless.

বিশ্বস্থ s. m. A bird. about for pleasure or exercise.

fault s. m. Play, sport, pastime.

faulth adj. Playful, sportive; taking pleasure or relaxation.

fatin adj. Abandoned, left, deserted, deprived of.

বিভিন্ন adj. Thrown, cast; agitated, bewildered, perplexed; foolish.

विश्रेष s. m. Casting, throwing; confusion, perplexity; celestial latitude.

ৰীস s. m. Seed (of plants, &c.); cause, origin in general; semen virile; algebra, analysis.

वी जकी क s. m. Any seed-vessel.

वीजकोशी s.f. A pod, a legume.

बीजनचित s. m. Algebra.

वीज s. m. A fan.

নীহেলা s. f. The betel plant (Piper betel); the preparation of the Areca nut with spices and chunam, and enveloped in the leaf of the Piper betel, betel, paun.

*Nur s.f. The Indian lute, a fretted instrument of the guitar kind, usually having seven wires or strings, and a large gourd at each end of the finger board: the extent of the instrument is two octaves; it is supposed to be the invention of Narad, the son of Brahma, and has many varieties, enumerated according to the number of strings, &c.

बीर asj. Heroic; powerful, mighty. s. m. A hero, a warrior, a champion. वेरवा s. f. Heroism.

बीरमङ् s. f. A distinguished warrior.

नीचे इ. m. Strength, vigour, power; semen virile; heroism, valour; seed (of plants, &c.)

बीर्क्यवान adj. Strong, stout, robust.

वीकंबिरिक्त adj. Devoid of power or vigour, &c.

बीयंबिणिष्ट adj. Possessed of courage, vigour, &c.

ৰীআঁম্বাদি s. f. Loss of vigour or courage; impotence.

बीकेडीन ady. Seedless ; cowardly.

3 T adv. That very (time, place, &c.), immediately, exactly, there, on the spot, in that very manner.

बुतना } odj. That much.

From That, he, she, it the ; (occasionally like ve), they, those.

ast adv. There, thither, yonder.

ger adv. That very (time, place, &c.), immediately, exactly there.

as s. m. A wolf.

हाँज s.f. A country, probably that to the west of *Delhi* and *Agra*, or the modern *Braj*.

and adj. Practice, profession, means of gaining a subsistence; a circle.

इत्त्वक s. m. Sector or segment of a circle.

इतान Tidings, rumour, intelligence; a tale, a story.

sfn s. f. Livelihood, profession, means of acquiring subsistence; circumference of a circle.

saj adv. Useless, fruitless ; in vain.

adj. Old, aged, ancient. s. m. An old man, or one past seventy.

star s. f. Old age.

इन्नेश s. f. Reverence for old age.

swi s. f. An old woman, either one past child-bearing or one with grey hair.

retreen s. f. The condition or period of old age.

sit s. f. Increase, augmentation in general, as in bulk; consequence,

wealth, &c.; rise, ascending; mounting; prosperity, success; the eleventh of the astronomical Yogs, or Yog star of the 11th lunar mansion; the increase of the digits of the sun or moon; enlargement of the scrotum, either from swelled testicle or hydrocele or other morbid affections; interest, usury, especially returning the principal (as in the case of seed corn lent), with a proportionate increment.

हिंदिमान adj. Augmented, increased; rich; prosperous.

ৰিমাৰ s.m. A sacrifice to progenitors on any prosperous occasion, as the birth of a son, &c. [quantity. হন্ত s.m. A heap, a multitude, a হনা s.f. Holy basil (Ocymum sanctum). হিম্ম s.m. A scorpion; the sign Scorpio.

क्ष s. m. A bull; the sign of the zodiac Taurus.

ofe s. f. Rain.

इंटिकाल s. m. The rainy season.

बहजान s. m. A great or illustrious man. इस्त adj. Great, large.

FURENCE S. m. A country, described as lying behind the Vindhys, mountains, near the province of Malma, and perhaps comprising Bundelkhand, or the adjoining district,

क्षस्ति s.m. The regent of the plant Jupiter, identified astronomically with the planet.

इडस्पतिचन s. m. The cycle of 60 years, इडस्पतिवार s. m. Thursday.

vos. m. A tree in general.

हच्चर s. m. A monkey.

इच्छाया s. f. The shade of a single tree; the shade of many trees, or a grove. इत्याप s. m. Turpentine. इत्याप s. m. The Indian figuree, as lord

of trees. इचनव adj. Abounding with trees.

इचरीपण s.m. Planting trees.

वेकट s. m. A sort of fish (perhaps the common Blekti).

वेग s. m. Speed, dispatch, velocity. adv. Quickly, speedily.

वेतवान adv. Quickly, speedily.

वेशिता s.f. Speed, quickness. वेशो adj. Swift, fleet, rapid.

RWI s. f. Unornamented and braided hair; assemblage of water, as the conflux of rivers &c., as at Allahabad, where the Ganga, Yamuna, and, as is supposed, the Saraswati, all coning from the north, unite; this and other similar places, thence receive the name of Triveni.

वेष s. m. A flute, a pipe.

वेषुदाइ s. m. A player on a flute.

वेतन s. m. Hire, wages.

वेतना adj. So much, that much.

नेताज s. m. The ratan (Calamus rotang). नेताज s. m. A sprite, a goblin, especially one supposed to haunt cemeteries and animate dead bodies.

and adj. Knowing, understanding, acquainted with s. m. A sage, one who knows the nature of the soul and God.

क्रेंग s. m. A reed, a cane, the ratan.

देवनती s. f. The *Betwa* river, which rises in the province of *Matwa*, and following a north-easterly course for about 340 miles, falls into the *Jamas*, near *Calini*.

3₹ s. m. A Ved, the generic term for the sacred writing or scripture of the Hindus, supposed to have been revealed by Bruhma, and after being preserved by tradition for a considerable period, to have been arranged in the present form by Vyasa; the principal Veds are three in number, the Rich, Yaju, and Sam, to which a fourth, the Atharoa, is usually added; the Itihds and Purans, or ancient history and mythology, are sometimes consedered as a fifth.

बेहज s. m. A Brahman skilled in the Veds.

बेदन s. m. } Pain, smart, agony.

वेदस्य s. m. The sanctity of the Veds. वेदमासा s. f. The mystical prayer or Gayatri, personified as the mother or source of the Veds.

देहवास s. m. The Mum Vyasa, the compiler and arranger of the Veds.

as subordinate to, and in some sense, a part of the Veds: six sciences come under this denomination, vix. Siksha, or the science of pronunciation and articulation; Kalpa, the detail of religious ceremonies; Vyakarana or grammar; Chhund, prosody; Jyotish, or astronomy; and Nirukti, or the explanation of the difficult or obscure words and phrases that occur in the Veds.

The theological part of the Vcds; considered collectively it is contained in the numerous passages or chapters of the Vcds termed Upanishada which inculcate an abstract and speculative monotheistical worship; these have been further explained and illustrated by later writers: the founder of the school is Vyaca, and subsequently Sankaracharya is its most enginent teacher.

बेदानी s. m. A follower of the Vedania philosophy.

वेदाध्यास s. m. The repetition of the mystical syllable om; study of the Veds.

Real s. f. A quadrangular open shed in the middle of a court-yard, erected for various purposes; ground prepared for sacrificial coremonies, a rude kind of altar.

बेदी s. f. Ground for placing the vessels used at an oblation, or for binding the victim, or lighting the sacrificial fire; it is more or less raised and of various shapes; an altar, &c. s. m. A Pandit, a learned Brahman, a teacher.

बेदीन adj. Scriptural, taught or declared in the Veds.

is s. m. Perforation, piercing; depth (in measurement).

नेपक adj. Sharp, piercing, a piercer of perforator.

बेधना v. a. To pierce, perforate.

देषनी s.f. An instrument for piercing au clephant's car; a small gimblet or perforating instrument used to pierce gems, shells, &c.; an auger, a gimblet, &c., or any similar instrument.

विधित adj. Pierced, perforated. वेधी adj. Piercing, perforating,

थे ला s.f. Time,

वेम s. m. Dress, decoration.

बेमदान s. m. The sun-flower. वेमधारी s. m. A hypocrite, a false devotee.

वेश्वर s. m. A mule.

• A harlot, a prostitute, a whore; a plant (Cissampelos hew-andra).

वेष s. m. Ornament, dress, decoration. वेष्टन s. m. Surrounding, encompassing. The adj. Surrounded, encompassed, enclosed; bound round, enveloped, wrapped up.

वेसर s. m. A mule.

ลัสสาย. a. To skin.

वैकाल s. m. Evening, afternoon.

बैहाएड s. m. A name of Vishnu; the paradise or world of Vykantha or Vishnu: its site is variously described, either as in the northern ocean, or on the eastern peak of mount Meru.

asses s. m. A kind of gem, said to resemble a diamond, and to be of similar properties; it is also considered to be a burnt diamond, and to be the common loadstone or magnet.

वैक्ति s. m. A lutist, a player on the Vina or Indian lute.

वैतर्णी s. f. The river of hell.

बैदिक adi. Scriptural, derived from or conformable to the Veds

बैहर्क s. m. A gem of a dark colour, the lapis lazuli.

बैदेशिक adj. Foreign, a stranger. बैदा s. m. A physician.

वैभव s. m. Grandeur, wealth.

वैशाकरण adj. Grammatical, relating to grammer. s. m. A grammarian.

at s. m. Enmity, hostility.

वैश्व s. m. Absence of worldly passion or desire.

बैरागी s. m. An ascetic, a devotee, one who has subdued his worldly desires: at present the term is commonly applied to a particular class of religious mendicants.

वैरान्य s.m. Subjection of the appetite and passions, absence of worldly desires.

वैरिता s. f. Enmity.

वैशियों /. ad). Hostile, immical.

बैरी s. m. . An enemy,

वैभाष s. m. The month in which the moon is full near the southern scale (April-May), the first month in the Hindu Calendar.

बैशाखी s. f. The day of full moon in the month Vyshakha.

भैम s. m. A man of the third or agricultural and mercantile tribe. बैश्विक्षा s. f. Trade, agriculture.

बैद्यानी s. f. A woman of the Vyshya caste.

वैषय s. m. Inequality, unevenness; solitariness, sinoleness,

वे जब adj. Relating or belonging to Vishnu. s. m. A flower of Vishnu.

बैचेबी s. f. A flower (Clitoria ternatea): sacred basil (Ocymum sanctum).

बैसा adv. or adj. In that manner, so. that like, such, Wusa ka wusa. Such as before.

बैभाड़ी adv. In the same manner.

वै से adv. Freely, without cost. gratis. af adv. In that manner, so, Won ka

wonhi, Exactly the same as before or originally.

बीद adj. Wet, moist, damp.

वीडाल s. m. A sheat fish (Silurus Boalis).

नील s.m. Gum myrrh.

अवस adj. Wise, learned; evident, manifest, apparent ; individual, specific.

व्यक्ति s. f. Individuality; appearance. manifestation; case, inflection, or the proper form of any inflected word. Fed.

व्यय adj. Bewildered, perplexed, distract-व्ययमा s. f. Perplexity, anxiety.

व्यक्ष थ s. m. The both part of a digit or Angul.

व्यज्ञन s. m. A fan.

ब्युक्त s. m. A sign, a mark, a symbol.

स्र≉

व्यक्त s. m. Sauce, condiment; a consonant.

स्मृतिज्ञाम s. m. Inverted or retrogade order, inversion, reverse; contrariety, opposition in general.

व्यतिदित्त adj. Different, distinct.

व्यतिरेक s. m. Difference, separateness. व्यतीत odi. Past, gone.

व्यतीपात s. m. Great and portentous calamity, or a portent; the seven-

teenth of the astrological Yogs. व्यथा s. f. Pain.

व्यथाकर adi. Painful, excruciating. व्यथारहित adj. Free from pain.

स्मित्राह s. m. Following improper courses, doing what is prohibited or wicked.

व्यभिचारियों s.f. A. wanton woman, an unchaste wife.

अभिचारी adj. Following or doing what is improper; going astray.

ब्यद्य s. m. Expenditure, expending ; destruction, disappearance.

आपं adj. Useless, vain, unprofitable; unmeaning.

ब्ययेता s.i f. Unprofitableness, uselessness; absence of meaning, nonsense. व्यवस्थान s. m. Subtraction.

व्यवक्टेंट s. m. Dividing, separating. व्यवधान s. m. Intervening, intervention,

space.

व्यवधायक adj. Intervening, intermediate, separating.

क्यवसाय s. m. Effort, exertion, perseverance, industry; following any business or profession; plan, device, trick.

व्यवसायी adj. Active, energetic; engaged in business.

saves s. f. Separating, placing remote

or apart; a decree, a written declaration of the law, applied in practice to the written extracts from the codes of law, stated as the opinions of the Hindu law officers attached to the courts of justice; an engagement, an agreement, a contract.

व्यवसार s. m. Usage, custom ; profession. business: the practice of the courts. or civil and criminal law, judicial procedure, administrative justice, as the examination of evidence, &c.; contests at law, law-suit, litigation.

खबद्दारिक adj. Customary, usual; engaged in customary duty or avocation ; connected with or relating to legal process; litigant, being party to a suit.

व्यवद्वारी adj. Litigant, litigating, engaged in a law suit; relating to legal process; customary, usual; following one's ordinary affairs or avocation.

व्यवस्थितो. To be observed or practiced, as a duty or avocation; customary, usual: actionable, subject to legal process.

च्या adi. Confounded, confused, bewildered; pervaded, penetrated, spread.

व्यक्ता s. f. Agitation, bewilderment; inherence.

व्याकर्ष s. m. Grammar ; explaining, expounding.

व्यक्तर्थी s. m. A grammarian.

व्याकुण adj. Confounded, bewildered, perplexed, overcome with fear, &c.

ब्लाकु बता s. f. Perplexity, agitation, alarm.

म्बाश्चमना adj. Agitated, flurried, be-[plexed. wildered.

ब्याकुलित adj. Agitated, flurried, per-

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ब्याखा \$. f. Exposition, explanation. gloss, comment.

आक्षान s. m. Explaining, expounding. ब्याचास s. m. Obstacle, impediment; the thirteenth of the astronomical Yogs. आवासी adj. Who or what opposes,

resists, beats, &c.

क्याच s. m. A tiger.

व्याचनकी s. f. A tiger's claw, a sort of perfume; a scratch or impression of the finger nails.

ब्याज s. m. Deceit, fraud, craft, cunning ; disguise, either of purpose or person; wickedness.

will s. m. A hunter, one who lives by killing deer, &c.: a low or wicked man.

च्याचि s. m. Sickness, disease in general. व्याधित adj. Sick, ill, diseased.

व्याधिरद्वित adj. Free from disease, convalescent.

चान s. m. One of the five vital airs, that which is diffused throughout the body.

ब्यापक adj. Diffusive, comprehensive, spreading or extending widely.

व्यापकता s.f. Diffusion, pervadence. ब्यापना v. n. To spread through or

throughout, to pervade, penetrate. aggg & m. Occupation, business, trade, profession; exercise, practice.

व्यापारी adj. Busy, occupied ; exercising, practising.

व्यापी adj. Diffusive, comprehensive,

win adj. Pervaded, occupied or penetrated by ; celebrated, famous ; filled, full. wifn s. f. Pervading, inherence; universal permeation, omnipresence.

च्याप्तिमान् adj. Diffusive, pervading. ब्याध्यता s.f. Capacity of being penetrated

or essentially affected by.

tween the tips of the fingers of either hand when the arms are extended.

व्यायाम s.m. Fatigue, labour ; gymnastics. च्यावश्रारी adj. Usual, customary ; juridical, judicial, legal. s. m. A counsellor, a minister.

खास s. m. A celebrated sage and author, the supposed original compiler of the Veds and Purans, also the founder of the Vedanta philosophy; diffusion, extension; the diameter of a circle.

व्यत्क्रम s. m. Inverted order, irregular arrangement.

ब्यक्ति s. f. Science, learning ; formation of words, derivation, etymology.

व्यत्पन्न adj. Learned, conversant or proficient in literature; derived, formed as a derivative word; generated, begotten.

www s. m. Military array, the arrangement of troops in various positions.

ज्य s. m. A tumour, a boil; an ulcer, a wound.

MR s. m. Any meritorious act of devotion, the voluntary or vowed obser_ vance or imposition of any penance, austerity, or privation, as fasting, continence, exposure to heat and cold. &c.

mal adi. Engaged in or observing a religious vow or obligation. s. m. An ascetic, a devotee, one engaged in the observance of a vow or penance.

grees, m. A. Bruhman, or man of the three first classes, in whose youth the customary observances have been omitted, and who has not received his investiture with the sacrificial thread.

बाला s. f. 'A female of a fallen Brokman, ģc.

आस s. m. A fathern, or the space be- | नीष्ट्रा s. f. Shame, bashfulness, modesty.

ब्रीड्रित adj. Ashamed, modest. ब्रीड्रिs. m. Rice of various kinds.

श

The thirtieth consonant of the Nagari alphabet; and corresponds to sh pronounced softly, as in shun.

মার m. A sovereign, any prince who gives his name to an era, especially applied to Shalivahan; a particular caste, the followers or descendants of Shaka, or Shalivaham.

ज्ञ ह . m. A cart.

शक्रिता s. f. A small cart, a toy-cart. शक्रमता s. m. A kind of sweetmeat made of rice, butter and sugar.

शहन s. m. Any lucky or auspicious object or omen.

मनुनि s. m. A bird; one of the astronomical periods called Karans.

शकुष इ. m. A fish. शकुषतक इ. m. A kind of fish, the gilt-

hend. यज्ञवाभेष s. m. A sort of gilt-head (Sparus emarginatus).

सत्त odj. Able, capable, strong, powerful.

মলি s. f. Power, ability, strength, prowess; the energy or active power of a deity.

श्रामान् adj. Powerful, mighty.

মানিছীৰ adj. Powerless, impotent.

যকা adj. Possible, practicable, to he effected or done.

भ कासा s. f. Possibility.

षक्रनीप s.m. An insect of a red colour (Coccinella or lady-bird of various species).

ARTHUS . m. The bow of Indra, the rainbow.

ग्रामभाग अ.f. Colocynth (Cucumis colo-

মনামৰ s. m. A medicinal plant (Wrightes antidysenterica).

ngt s. m. Name of a musical mode.

ngts. m. The name of a celebrated teacher of the l'edant philosophy.

बस्राभरण s. m. Name of a musical mode. बहा s. f. Fear, terror, apprehension; doubt, uncertainty.

यक्रामय adj. Fearful, afraid.

মন্তাদীৰ adj. Free from doubt or apprehension.

यदित adj. Alarmed, frightened; doubtful, uncertain.

Note: a javelin; a pin, a stake, a pale; the gnomon of a dial, usually twelve fingers long; the scate fish (Raise Sankur).

nels s. m. A scate fish.

ws s. m. The conch shell used by the Hindus; a large number, ten or a hundred billions.

মহিলী s. f. A description of woman, one of the four classes into which females are divided in erotic writtings; the Shankhini is described as tall, with long hair, neither stout nor thin, of irascible disposition and strong passions.

ws adj. Wicked, depraved, perverse, dishonest.

acar s. f. Wickedness, depravity.

New s. m. Hemp (Cannabis sativa); Bengal San, a plant from which a kind of hemp is prepared (Crotolaria junces and other kinds).

nume s. m. The fibre or flax of the San plant, or string made from it; cordage; twine.

अवीर s. m. A rock or small island in

the midst of the river Sone; an insular spot inclosed by the branches of Sarju, where it falls into the Ganges above Chhapra, at Bhrigur asram or Bhagbashram: called also the bank of the Dardari.

3,1

Mas s. m. A bull at liberty. was. m. A. hundred.

भ्रतगुष adj. A hundred times, a hundred fold.

mag s. f. Satley river, which rises in the Himalaya mountains in the vicinity it is supposed of the Ravanhrad or lake, and running to the S. W. unites in the Panjab with the Beya or Vipasa, when it forms the Hyphasis of the Greeks, and falls into the Indus below Multan.

भ्रतपदी **}** भ्रतपदि **{** s.f. A centipede, jaulus.

श्रविषा s.f. The twenty-fifth lunar mansion, containing 100 stars.

भ्रतम् की s. f. A plant (Asparagus racemosus).

হ্ৰপ্ৰত s. A hundred Lakhs, ten millions. भ्रत्वर्षे s. m. A century.

श्रुतविधी s. m. A sort of dock or sorrel (Oxalis monadelpha, or Rumex vesicarius).

श्रतप्रस्त s, m A hundred thousand.

ma s. m. An enemy, a foe, an adversary. श्रव ना s. f. Hostility, enmity.

Mf s. m. The planet Saturn or its regent.

mfafuu s. m. The emerald or sapphire. mfaurt s. m. Saturday.

भनेशने adv. Slowly, tardily.

क्रमेश्वर s. m. The planet Saturn or its mythological personification.

mus s. m. An oath, asseveration by oath or ordeal, an imprecation, a curse.

श्वन s. m. An oath, confirmation of the truth by oath or ordeal; abuse, imprecation, cursing, malediction.

शर

My adj. Cursed, anathematized.

s. m. A sort of grass (Saccharum culindricum).

MUI s. m. A butt, or mark for archers. अपरी s. f. A small fish (Cyprinus Sophore).

मद s. m. Sound, word, voice : (in grammer) A declinable word as noun ; pronoun, &c.

श्रदकार adj. Sounding, sonorous.

श्रद्धीर s. m. A plagiary.

शब्दग्रीन s. m. A root, a radical word.

मञ्जाख s. m. Philology, grammar, &c. भ्म s. m. Quiet of mind, stoicism, indifference; abstract meditation on brahma, or God; quiet, tranquillity. rest, calm, final happiness, emancipation from human existence.

भूगन s. m. Killing animals for sacrifice. immolation; mental tranquillity, calmness, indifference.

श्रामित adj. Pacified, appeased; quiet, tranquil sedate, calm,

श्मी adj. Tranquil, pacific, tranquillized. s. f. A legume or pod, a tree (Acacia Suma) ; a shrub (Serratula anthelmintica).

श्मीपत्नी s. f. A sort of sensitive plant (Mimosa pudica).

श्मीर s. m. A small variety of the Mimosa Suma.

श्चन s. m. A bivalve shell; a conch - shell; a snail.

भ्या s. m. Sleep ; a bed, a couch ; copulation.

मयाच adj. Sleepy, slothful, sluggish. म्पा s. f. A bed, a couch, a sopha.

ut s. m. A short of reed or grass (Succharum Sara) ; an arrow.

mez s. m. A lizard, a chameleon; safflower, (the plant.)

ate s. m. A house; preserver, a protector, what or who protects or preserves; preservation, protection, defence.

सरवानत adj. Refugee, appellant, one who comes for protection or refuge.

ম্বারী adj. Unfortunate, wretched, inwolved in calamity or ruin, and dependant on others for protection or aid.

num adj. To be protected or aided, poor, miserable, helpless, s. m. A protection, a protector, that which or who affords refuge and defence; a house protection, defence.

ग्रतकाल s. m. The autumnal season, भरतकाञ्चीन adj. Autumnal,

nve s. f. The reason of autumn or the sultry season; the two months succeeding the rains; according to the Vydikus, comprising the months Bhadra and Aswin, and according to Pouranikus, Aswin and Kartik, fluctuating thus from August to November.

NAM s. m. A fabuous animals, supposed to have eight legs, and to inhabit particularly the snowy mountains.

সংগল্প s. m. A small bird, considered as variety of the Salic or Myna (Turdus aceslica).

श्रद्ध s.f. The Saraju river. श्रद्ध adj. Upright, honest.

भरतता s.f. Uprightness, sincerity.

ATIZI s. m. Sound, noise, voice.

भरादि | s. f. A sort of bird (Turdus भराति) yinginianus).

बराबोर adj. Soused, dripping wet. बराव s. m. A lid, a cover; a shallow cup or dish; a latter. ह्रश्**वन s. m.** A bow.

मरीर s. m. The body.

श्रीरवस्त्र s. m. A hostage.

मरोरसंस्कार s.m. Purification of the body by various ceremonies at conception, birth, initiation death, &c.

श्रीरो adj. Embodied, corporeal having body. [(the disease).

मर्करा s. m. Clayed or candied sugar, मर्का adj. Happy, glad, s. m. A name or appellation common to Brohmans.

श्रुकेशी s. f. Night; a woman, श्रुक्तीन s. f. Vice in a horse.

иен s. m. A grasshopper : a locust.

মজাৰ্জ s.f. A thin slip of bamboo, serving when tipped with sulphur for a match; a ruler; a fibrous stick used as a brush or pencil.

মন্ত্ৰীনা s. m. A canvass sack, &c. in which baggage is fastened previously to heing loaded on cattle.

श्लुका s. m. A child's bib.

श्राच्यासन्त s. m. That part of surgery which treats of the extraction of extraneous substances lodged in the body.

म्ल्योब: ए s. m. Extration of foreign substances from the body.

शक्त s. m. A plant (Bignonia Indica), शक्त s. f. The gum Olibanum tree (Boswellia thurifera).

शक्त कीद्रव s. m. Incense, Olibanum.

my s. m. A dead body, a corpse.

स्पर s. m. A. barbarian, one inhabiting the mountains districts of India, and and wearing the fathers of the peacock, &c. as decorations.

ससाधन s. m. A mystical and magical ceremony performed with a dead body.

named s. f. The Doob, the country between the Ganges and Junna rivers. अभिलेखा s. f. A digit of the moon,

अभी s. m. The moon.

सस s. m. A weapon in general; (or especially such as is used in the hand) a sword a soymitar, Shastra-dhari, adj. Armed.

यक्षकार s. m. An armourer.

बद्धान्यास s. m. Military exercise or practice.

मस्तिया s.f. The science of arms.

New s. m. Corn, grain in general.

असमज्ञ adj. Graminivorous.

भवत्व s. m. The mulberry tree and fruit.

महनाई 8. f. Flute, clarion.

net S. M. A potherb in general, or any leaf, flower, fruit, stalk, root, &c. used as a vegetable; one of the seven Duips or divisions of the world; the sixth, surrounded by the sea of milk or white sea; an era, a period usually commencing with some celebrated prince, as Yudhishthir; Vikmmadityuh, Sslivahan, &c. thence denominated Sakesaras &c.; the term in ordinary use is aplied especially to the era of Sakwahan, commencing 76 or 78 years after the Christian era.

भाक्ष s. m. Entireness. s. f. The things used in ceremony called "homa."

मानचरी s. f. A city, supposed to be the modern Sambhar.

शासभारीय s.m. A fossile salt brought from a lake in the vicinity Sambhar, a town in Ajmere.

সাৰিলী s.f. Female demon or sprite. মাল s.m. A worshipper of the female principle.

मास s. f. Branch, line of ancestors or decendants. [tree.

बाखा s, m. A branch, the branch of a शाखासन s. m. Monkey. शाखी e. m. A tree.

भारतीचार s.m. Stating a pedigree at the marriage ceremony.

शाटक s. f. A petticont.

भारा Wickedness, villainy.

WIV s. m. A touchstone; a whet or grindstone.

मान adj. Calm, tranquil, pacified; allayed, alleviated; stilled, hushed (as wind, &c.); meek, humble. [ness. सामाता s. f. Quietness, calmness, meek-

भागता s. f. Quietness, calmness, meek-भागता adj. Calm, composed, of resigned or composed spirit.

श्रान्ति s. f. Quiet, tranquillity stoicism ; rest, repose ; remission. alleviation.

भाष s. m. Oath, affirmation by oath or ordeal; curse, imprecation.

भाष्यच adj. Having incurred or suffering under curse.

भाषित adj. Swoin.

ম্বাদীধাৰ s. m. Diliverance from a curse or its effects.

माफी s. f. Cloth used for cleaning liquors.

MIH n. prop. A name of Krishn.

गाना s. m. A little brird ; a grain (Panicum colonum, or frumentaceum).

मानी खगाना .v a. To shoe with iron. ग्राम्ब क s. m. A bivalve shell.

mix s. m. Brother-in-law, substance, gist or matter of ony subject.

मार्ग s. m. Beasts and bisds.

मारंगी s.f. A female deer; a kind of musical instrument.

s.f. The goddess Sarswali.

mits s. m. or f. A kind of crane.

भारी s.f. A talking mynah; a cleth worn by women.

मारीरिक adj. Relating to the body, corporeal,

भाइंड s. m. A tigar ; a panther, a a Rakshas.

MIM s. m. A kind of fish (Ophiociphalus wrahl); a tree (Shores robusta).
s. f. A Shawl.

भाषपास s. m. Species of black quartzose stone worshipped by the *Hindus* as representing *Vishnu*.

शालपणीं s.f. A shrub (Hedysarum gangeticum).

misis. m. A house; a hall.

nife s. m. Rice in general, but especially in two classes; one like white rice growing in deep water, and the other a red sort, requiring only a moist soil.

शास्त्रिश्च ह. m. A sovereign of India, an institutor of the era now called S.k.a, beginning 76 or 78 years after Christ, whose capital was Prattishthana in the Dakhia.

शाली adj. Made of shawl.

मास्मलो s. f. The silk-cotton tree (Bombax heptaphyllum).

भावन s. m. The young of birds.

ছায়ৰ s. m. An order, 'an edict, a command; a writing, a deed, a written contract or agreement; governing, ruling, government.

शासनपत्र s. m. A plate of copper, stone or sheet of paper, &c. on which an edict or grant is inscribed.

शासनीय adj. To be governed or directed. शास्ति s. f. A command, an order; governing, ruling; correction, punishment.

शास s. rs. An order or command; scripture, science, institutes of religion, law or letters, especially considored as of divine origin or authority; used singly it implies works of literature or science in general, and

it is therefore customarily connected with some other word to limit its application, as the Vedanta Shastras or treatises of philosophical theology, the Dharma Shastras, books of law, &c. : it is also applied to less important branches of knowledge, as the Kavya Shastras, or poetical works, Shilvi Shastras, works on the mechanical arts, and Karma Shastrsa, or erotic compositions; in the singular number it is also used comprehensively to signify the body of all that has been written on the subject, as Dharma Shastra, the institutes or code of law, Kavya Shastra, poetry, Alunkar Shastra, rhetoric, &c.; a book in general.

गासन adj. Acquainted with the Shastras; skilled in the knowledge of law and religion especially.

शास्त्रविद्य adj. Contrary to law or religion, illegal, forbidden.

भास्त्राचे s. m. The purport of a book; argument.

शासानुसार s. m. Conformity to sacred ordinances. शास्त्रो s. m. A pandit, a teacher of holy

science, or one skilled in it. शास्त्रीय adi. Scriptural, authorized by or

conformable to sacred institutes. মান্দ্ৰীয় adj. Said or declared in a work of sacred authority.

मास adj. Punishable, descrying punishment.

fing s. f. A tree (Dalbergia Sisu '.

fuers. m. The peak or summit of a mountain; point, end, top in general.

fauti ady. Crested, peaked, pointed.

faur s. f. Point, top in general; a crest; a lock of hair on the crown of the head; flame. शिकारण adj. Crested, pointed.

fuel adj. Crested; having a lock of hair on the top of the head. s. m. A peacock.

शिनद s. f. The Satlei river-

त्रितिरव s. m. A sapphire.

সিনিম হয় s. m. A cort of ebony (Diospyros glutinosa).

মিখিল adj. Loose, lax, flaccid, flabby : Innguid, inert, feeble.

ज़िश्चित्र s. f. Relaxation, looseness.

সিখিলৰৰ adj. Weakened, relaxed, fac s. m. The head.

भिर: तपाली s. m. A devotee carrying a human skull as his emblem.

श्रिरकस्प s. m. Vertigo; awimming of the brain.

भिरका s. m. Vinegar.

शिर: भीडा s. f. Pain of the head, head-

fact s. f. Any vessel of the body, really or supposed to be, of a tubular form, as a nerve, a tendon, a gut, &c.

जिराज adj. Veiny, tendinous, skinny. showing the tendons or veins.

शिरीय s.m. A. kind of tree (Acacia Sirisa).

शिरीमणी s. f. A gem worn in a crest, शिरोरब s. m. or on the top of the head.

किरोरीस s. m. Disease of the head.

firen s. f. A stone, a rock; a flat stone on which condiments, &c. are ground with a muller.

famina s. m. Bitumen: red chalk. शिकावित s. m. Bitumen.

francis s. m. Chalk : red chalk : a white fossil substance: an aluminous earth of white colour, and thence considered to be a kind of chalk.

शिवापण s. m. Storax or Benzoin.

शिलामन adj. Made of stone.

शिकारण s. m. Incense, Benjamin or Olibanum.

भिलायक्का s. f. A. medicinal substance said to be of cooling and lithouthriptic properties, commonly termed Silabak; a soft of lichen or moss.

भिल्प s. m. Any art, any manual or mechanical art.

शिक्षकर्ष s. m. Manual labour, handicraft. গিত্ৰা s. m. An artisan, a mechanic.

भिष्यविद्या s. f. Art, mechanical or manual skill.

बिल्पिनी s. f. A drug or herb, a kind of grass said to be known by the name of Lahanasipi, and described as sweet and cooling, and bearing seeds of tonic and restorative properties.

बिलियाला s. f. A. workshop, a manufactory.

विलियास s. m. A treatise or set of treatises on works of art

भिष्यी adj. An artist, an artificer or artisan; belonging or relating to a mechanical profession or art.

fun s. m. The deity Shiv, the most formidable of the Hindu triad, the destroyer of creation; the adoration of which he is the object, is of a more gloomy nature in general than that of the rest, and he is the particular god of the Tantrikas or followers of the books called Tantras.

शिवधातु s, m. The milk-stone, opal or chalcedony.

शिवपरी s. f. A name of Benares : the mountain Kailas.

फ्रियावि s. f. A celebrated feftival in honor of Shiv on the fourteenth of the moon's wane or dark fortnight in Moah.

fuel . f. The wife Shive ; female jackal,

ब्रिशालय) s. m. Any temple dedicated to निराह्म } Shiv.

बिदिका & f. A palankin.

fufut adj. Cold, frigid, chilly, 'freezing, s. m. Frost;

লৈ বিষয়ে s. m. The cold season; comprising two months from about the middle of January to that of March. বিষয় s. m. The young of man or any

fun s. m. The young of man or any animal, a child, a calf, a pup, &c.; a pupil, a scholar.

fungs s. m. A porpoise; another fish resembling a porpoise.

fauri s.f. Boyhood, pupilage; childhood, fauris s.m. The sovereign of a country in the central part of India or Cheedi, opposed to rishna and slain by him.
fauris s.m. A porpoise; kind of

animal of the lizard species.
fwe adj. Obedient, docile; ordered, com-

manded, disciplined, trained.

furnites, f. Good behaviour, urbanity,

civility; docility. भिष्यभा s. f. A council of state, an as-

sembly of chief officers. भिट्यमाचार s. m. History or tradition of eminent persons.

fuerest adj. Well-behaved. s. m. Good manners, proper behaviour.

िष s. m. A pupil, a scholar.

शिवक adj. A learner, a teacher.

fine s. f. Learning, study, the acquisition of knowledge.

विचायति s.f. Dexterity, skill.

গিলিব adj Skilful. clever, conversant; disciplined, exercised; docile; studied, learned.

भोकर s. m. Thin rain, or rain driven by wind.

श्रीच adj. Quick, speedy. s. m. (in astronomy) Parallax. adj. Soon quickly, swiftly, speedily. श्रमामो क्युं. Going quick or expeditionsly. श्रीवता कर्त. Quickness, speed.

মীন adj. Cold, chilly, frigid. s. m. Cold, coldness; cold weather or the six months of the rainy, dowy and cold sensons.

योतकाल s. m. Cold weather, winter.

भौतवा s.f. Cold, coldness.

शीतज adj. Cold, chilly, frigid. s. m. Cold coldness.

शीतलता s.f. Coldness, coolness. शीतहर adj. Removing cold.

श्रीसांग्र s. m. Camphor.

शीताच adj. Cold, chilled, shivering, funering or shrinking from cold.

भीनामन् s. m. The moon gem, crystal. भीच adj. Thin, small, slender; wasted, withered, decayed.

भी जैता s. f. Emaciation, withering.

भीव s. m. The head.

भीवेच्छेद s.m. Decapitating.

ষ্ঠান adj. Well-behaved, well-disposed. s. m. Good conduct or disposition. মালবাৰ adj. Of a good or amiable dis-

position. भोगम s.f. A kind of wood (Dalbergia

Sisu). 項表 s. m. A parrot.

যদ্ধি s. f. A pearl oyster; a small shell; a cockle.

यित्रमान् s. m. One of the seven principal mountainous ranges of India.

um s. m. The planet Venus; semen virile.

चलवार s. m. Friday.

wa adj. White, of a white colour. s. m.
White (the colour); one of the astronomical Yogs.

गुज्ञक्यक s. m. A kind of gallinule or water-hen.

umar s. f. Whiteness.

uave s. m. The light half of a month,

the fifteen days of the moon's increase, of from new to full moon.

uf adj. White; clean, cleansed, purified; pure, pious, exempt from passion or vice.

युचिता s. f. Purity, cleanness.

ग्राचिमचि s. m. Crystal.

पुष्डी s. f. Dry ginger.

us s. m. An elephant's proboscis or trunk.

us odj. Pure, purified, clean, cleansed; faultless, correct.

प्रसा s. f. Purity, cleanness, freedom from soil or defect.

यत्रमधि adj. Of pure and sincere purpose, honest, free from guide ; intelligent.

uf s. f. Purity, purification; innocence established by ordeal or trial, acquittal.

सण adj. Empty, void. s. m. A cypher. सम adj. Happy, well, right, fortunate, auspicious; handsome, beautiful, s. m. Good, good fortune, auspicious, happiness; one of the astrological Yogs.

ग्रमकर adj. Propitious, producing

यभन्नकं s. m. Pious or virtuous act; reputable occupation or employment. यभव adj. Fortunate, propitious.

THE odj. Propitions, auspicious, conferring happiness or fortune.

प्रमहत्ती s. f. The female elephant of the North-West quarter.

NHET s.f. Sister of Krisha.

पुश्रम्भ s. m. Happy result or consequence.

प्रसन्ध s. m. An auspicious moment, प्रमणिक adj. Of a good disposition.

uniw adj. Handsome, elegant. s. f.
A handsome woman,

श्वनाचार adj. Virtuous.

uniun adj. Prosperous and fortunate, good and evil. s. m. Good and illfortune.

us adj. White; shining, s.m. White (the colour).

पथकत s. m. The thirty-sixth year of the Indian cycle.

TWHY s. m. A city and district, perhaps the modern Sambhalpur, in the district of Gondwana.

याकारपा v. n. To encourage or stimulate a dog to the chase, by the sound shusha.

यमकारी s. f. Impelling a dog to the पक्त adj. Dry, dried.

ग्रज्यता s.f. Dryness.

uver s. m. A rake, prodigal, debauchee, backguard, scoundrel, vagabond. Shuhadha shikasta, Ruined and wretched.

पदरापन s. m. Raking, rakishness, debanchery, dissoluteness.

WET s. m. Rumour, fame.

पदानी s. f. A kind of large cake made] of flour and ghi.

युवकीट s. m. A caterpillar.

युक्तर s.m. A hog.

যুক্তানুহ s. m. A gem, perhaps amber.

বাজ adj. Minute, small, fine, subtile.

যুক্ত s. m. A man of the fourth or
servile tribe.

पूड़ी s. f. The wife of a Shudra.

स्य adj. Empty, void. s. m. Heaven, sky, ether; a cypher; a vacuum.

प्रश्ता s. f. Vacuity, emptiness; unreality, the false or illusory nature of all existence.

युन्बाही s. m. A Boudha; an atheist. यूर s. m. A hero; a boar.

and s. m. An esculent root (Arum campanulatum); a plant (Bignonia Indica).

भूगता s. f. Heroism, prowess.

युक्त s. m. The grandfather of Krishna. पूर्व s. m. A winnowing basket.

भूपेनखा s. f. The sister of Ravana.

www. s. m. Sharp pain in general, or especially in the belly as cholic, &c., or in the joints from rheumatism or gout; a weapon, a pike, a dart; an astrological Yog, that of the 9th lunar mansion.

शुख्यत s. m. The castor oil plant (Ricinus communis).

Taras. m. Asafoctida.

पनी adj. Suffering sharp pain, having the cholic, &c.

भ्रमाख s. m. A shakal or jackal.

used s. m. A belt or chain worn round a man's body; a chain, a fetter in general.

श्व s. m. A horn; the top of a mountain, प्रशाद s. m. Love; copulation, coition; red lead.

ছয়াৰী adj. Feeling or relating to the passion of love; stained with red lead. s. m. Dress, decoration.

चित्र s.f. A sort of sheat fish, (Silurus Singio).

प्रश्ने adj. Homed; crested, peaked. श्रेवर s. m. A garland of flowers worn on the crown of the head; a crest.

त्रेफालिका s. f. A. flower (Nyctanthes arbor-tritis).

ब्रेक्स है s. m. A fakir, a flatterer, deceive.

सेच s. f. A kind of javelin made of iron. सेच t. m. Remainder, leavings, rest, balances

भेषकाल s. m. The last term, the time of death.

सेवराबि s.f. The last watch of the night. सेवायव्या s.f. The last state or condition of life. भैख s. m. Cold, coldness.

मेचिका s.m. Looseness, laxity; flaccidity. मेच adj. Mountainous, mountaineer, &c.; stony, rocky. s.m. A mountain; Bitumen; storax; a sort of collyrium.

भेव s. m. A worshipper of Shiv.

भेगा s. m. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria octrandra).

মীকার s. m. Sorrow, grief. [sorrow. মীকার s. m. Dissipating or removing

मीन } s. m. Grief; affection; thought, मीच } conception, idea.

भोकार्च adj. Pained, afflicted by sorrow. भोजित adj. .Sorrowful, afflicted.

जी की s. m. Thoughtful (man).

nus. m. The Sone river, which rises in the table-land of Amerkantak, and running first northerly and then easterly for 500 miles, falls into the Ganges above Patna; a flower Bignonia Indica); a red sort of sugar-cane.

शीवरव s. m. A ruby.

भोषित adj. Red, crimson, purple. s. m. Blood; saffron.

मी चितीपच इ.m. Aruby.

मोच s. m. Swelling, intumescence. मोचच adj. Discutient, removing, swel-

মাখন adj. Discutient, removing, swellings. মাখনী s. f. Hogweed (Boerhavia diffusa).

त्रायश्चा इ. र. Hogweed (Doernavia aigusa). शोधक adj. Who or what cleanses, purifies, &c. (In arithmetic) The subtrahend.

where s. m. Cleaning, cleaning, purifying; correcting, freeing from faults or errors; correcting, as a writing; subtraction (in arithmetic); payment, acquittance; green vitriol.

য়ীসৰ adj. Beautiful, handsome; propitious, auspicious, s.m. The fifth Yog. ছীধনাৰ adj. Fair, splendid, shining. জীনা s. f. Light, lustro, radianco, splendour; beauty.

মীধাল্লদ e. m. A tree the Sajina or Saka, as (Hyperanthers moranga); the legumes, blossoms and leaves are esculent, and the root of the young tree is used as a substitute for horse-radish: in medicine the root is used as a rubefacient externally, and the expressed oil of the seeds is employed to relieve arthritic pains, &c.

मोभिन adj. Beautiful, decorated.

the wood of which, being very light and spongy, is used by fisherman for floating their nets; a variety of toys, such as artificial birds and flowers are made of it; garlands of those flowers are used in marriage ceremonies; when charred it answers the purposs of tinder.

श्रीष s. m. Pulmonary consumption; drying; intumescence, swelling.

মাৰ্থ s. m. Suction, sucking; drying up. মাৰ s. m. Purification by ablution, &c. from personal defilement; purification at given periods from defilement caused by the death of a relation, &c.; purity, cleanness, freedom from defilement.

श्रीखित s. m. A distiller and vender of spirituous liquors.

দ্মীব্দুরা s. f. A female keeper of a tavern or dram shop.

মীখ s. m. Valour, heroism, prowess. মানাৰ s. m. A cemetry, a place where dead bodies are burnt or buried.

प्रमानवादी adj. A ghost, a goal, a sprite, male or female, abiding in cemeteries, &c. भाग adj. Black or dark blue. s. m. A sacred fig-tree at Prayag or Allahabad.

स्वानभर्ष s.m. A kind of horse with black ears used in the ccremony of the asumed sacrifice.

श्यामता s.f. Blackness.

खानभास adj. Black as jet, of a glossy black hue.

खामल adj. Of a black or dark blue colour.

खामा s.f. A small singing bird with black plumage, called Shama.

আদাক s. m. A kind of grain generally eaten by the *Hindus* (Panicum f. umentaceum, also P. colonum), called also Sanwan.

ফাভেক s.m. A wife's brother.

म्बालकी s. f. A. wifé's sister.

खेन s. m. A hawk, a falcon.

खेनी s. f. The female hawk.

यहपान adj. Trusting, believing; venerating, respecting.

মধা s. f. Respect, reverence; wish, desire; faith, belief, purity.

यहाकत adj. Done with faith.

यहान्यित adj. Believing, faithful.

यहामय adj. Believing, full of faith. यहायुक्त Having faith, believing.

সবাংগিল adj. Distrusting, unbelieving, rating adj. Faithful, believing; wishing, desirous. s. f. A pregnant woman longing for any thing.

त्रशान odj. Believing, trusting, having faith.

ষন s. m. Weariness, fatigue; labour, exertion, toil.

বৰ্ষ s. m. A religious character; an ascetic, a Yati, one devoted to meditation for the purpose of emancipation from existence, probably the Sarmanes of the Greek writers.

नगान adj. Exhausted, overcome with

त्रमी adj. Wearying, tiring, undergoing or incurring weariness or fatigue; laborious, diligent.

সাৰ s. f. The ear ; hearing.

ৰাখা s. f. The twenty-third of the lunar asterisms, represented by three footsteps, and containing three stars.

त्रवर्षेन्द्रव s. m. The organ of héaring, the ear.

ৰবিষ্য s. f. The twenty-fourth lunar asterism.

यात adj. Faithful, believing, s. m. A. funeral ceremony observed at various fixed periods and for different purposes, consisting of offering with water and fire to the gods and manes, and gifts and food to the relations present and assisting Brahmans: it is especially performed for a parent recently deceased, or for three paternal ancestors; or for all ancestors collectively, and is supposed necessary to secure the ascent and residence of the souls of the deceased in a world appropriated to the manes.

ষাল adj. Wearied, fatigued; calmed, tranquil.

সালি s. f. Weariness, exhausted. সালক s. m. The lay votary of a Buddha. or Jyn.

বাৰৰ s. m. The month Sravan (July-August).

भावणी s. f. Day of full moon in the month gravan.

ৰী s. f. Fortune, prosperity, success, thriving; wealth; beauty, splendour, lustre; light; the three objects of life collectively, or love, duty, and wealth. योखख s. m. 'Sandal of.

ৰীখন s. m. A magical diagram; the circle of the globe or earth.

श्रीपति s. m. Vishnu.

বীদাল s.m. A fruit tree (Ægle marmelos).

श्रीवस s. m. Mark of feet of the saint Bhriqu on the breast of Krishna.

ন্ত্ৰীমন m. } adj. Wealthy, opulent; মাননি f. } pleasing beautiful; prosperous, fortunate, thriving; famous, illustrious.

श्रीमती a.f. Full of lustre or beauty.

श्रीमान o.m. Full of Instre or beauty. श्रीमुख s.m. The seventh year of the Indian cycle.

বীয়ুন } adj. Famous, illustrious; for align } tunate, wealthy.

चोरस s. f. Turpentine.

সীনাৰ s. m. The third of the personified musical modes.

বীছলিনী s. f. The sun-flower (Heliotropium Indicum).

युन adj. Heard; understood. s. m. Sacred science, holy writ, &c.

সুলি s.f. The Veds.

त्रेषो s. f. A line, a row, a range.

त्रेशः s. m. Final happiness; good fortune, auspiciousness, prosperity.

ষ্ট adj. Best, excellent, most, excellent, pre-eminent; oldest, senior.

बेहता s.f. Superiority, exceellence.

সীব s. m. The ear; the current of a stream.

त्रीतव adj. To be heard or listened to. त्रीता s. m. A hearer.

आवा s.f. Praise, panegyric, flattery, eulogium.

याच adj. Venerable, respectable, praiseworthy, entitled to praise or veneration. with s. m. The phlegmatic humor, one : of three principal humors or fluids of the body,

wila s. m. A verse, a stanza.

त्रपत्र s. m. A person of the lowest rank, THE s. m. A father-in-law, a wife's or husband's father.

यम s.f. A mother-in-law.

मानं s, m, A dog.

यानी s.f. A bitch.

आस s; m. Breath, breathing.

fag s. m. Whitness of the skin, vitiligo. শিলী adı. Affected with vitiligo or whiteness of the skin.

बेत ads. White, s. m. White (the colour); the planet Venas or its regent Sakra; the sixth range of mountains dividing the known continent, the white mountains separating the Vershas of Hiranmay and Romanak one of the minor Dwips or divisions of the world; in fable the White Island, identified geographically by Wiltord with Britain.

श्वेतदीप s. m. The white island, or a minor division of the universe so called; also termed Chandra Dwip, and supposed by Wilford to be

त्रेनधातु s. m. Chalk; the milk-stone, opal or chalcedony.

बेतसर्प A tree (Tapia cratava); n white snake.

श्वेत इस्ती s. m. A white elephant. चेताक s. m. Gigantic swallow-wort

(Asclepias gigantea), with white flowers.

ष

The thirty first consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to | 中有 & s. m. Vexation, misfortune, pany. sh, pronounced in some schools kh.

92 adj. Six.

पटक्षा s. m. The six acts proper for a Brahman (collectively), or teaching the Veds, holy study, offering sacrifices, conducting them for others, giving, accepting gifts; six acts allowable to a Brahman for subsistence, or gleaning, accepting gifts. asking alms, agriculture, trade and tending cattle, or according to some lending money at interest; the six acts taught in the Tantras, or killing, infatuating, enthralling, expelling, exciting animosity, and the stopping or privation of any faculty. षट्कीण s.m. A hexagon, a six-angled figure.

घडङ s. m. Six parts of the body collectively, as the two arms, two legs, and the head and waist; the six supplementary parts of the Veds, or grammar, prosody, astronomy, pronunciation, the meaning of unusual terms, and the ritual of the Hindu religion,

पखनुष adj. Six-fold, six times. s.m. An assemblage of six qualities or properties.

पंक्षेत्र adi. In six ways, of six kinds. ष्ड 3. m. A bull at liberty.

ष्य 3. m. A ennuch.

₹

स The thirty-second consonant of the Nagari alphabet, corresponding to s. # adv. (In compos.) With, together with, &c.

संकची s. f. A scate,

agony, pain, anguish, Sank th-chouth,

A Hindu holiday, in the month of Magh, sacred to Ganesh.

संबा s.f. Fear, terror, doubt, suspicion. संबाद s.f. A sign, nod, wink, beckoning, Sankarna, v. n. To beckon, nod, wink or make a segnal, to hint,

संकोच s. m. Shame, bashfulness, reserve, diffidence : a scate.

सकोचन s.m. The act of shrinking. संत्रीची odj. Bashful, reserved, diffident.

संक्राको s. f. The sun's entering into a new sign.

संबद्ध s. m. A solemn vow or declaration of pu.p.se. Sankalpna, v. a. To give alms (by making a religious vow), to vow.

संख s. m. A conch which the Hendus blow, a shell; a kind of ornament. adj. Simple, artless. Dapol sankha, adj. Promising much and performing nothing.

संवाहकी s.f. A medicinal plant (Andropogon aciculatum?), संविधानी s.f. A description of women. (The Sankhini are described as tall, with long hair, neither stout nor thin, of irascible disposition and strong possions).

संस्था s. f. A number, s. m. Arsenic, सन् adv. Along with.

संतत s.f. Coition; collection, congregation, company, society, a place where the Sikhs celebrate their religious ceremonies. adj. Apposite, proper. Sanyati, s. m. f. Companion, comrade.

संगम s. m. Coition ; meeting, conflux, union.

संगर s. m. Lines, entrenchment. संगरी s. f. Pincers, forceps.

संबी s.m. A companion, a comrade, an accomplice. संगोत s. m. The exhibition of a song, dancing and music as a public entertainment; the art and science of music and dancing. Sangit darpana, A book on music. Sangit-nach, A kind of dance.

संवद s. m. A compilation.

संगहणी s. m. A disorder, an irregular state of the bowels, costiveness alternately with a diarrhosa.

संवाम s. m. Battle, war.

मंदात s. m. Companionship, society, assemblage. Sanjhati, s. m. A companion, a friend, an associate.

संचिया s. m. A companion.

संचय s. m. Purse, capital, stock, saving, heaping up, hoard.

संवार s. m. Entrance, penetration; beginning, commencement; the entering of the planets into a new sign, संवारिका s.f. A bawd, a procuress.

मं(चन ad). Hearded, collected.

सक्ष adj. Abridged, short. Sanchhepan, s. m. Abridgment, abbreviation, conciseness, brevity.

朝司 s. f. A noun; a metaphor, an idiomatical phrase,

संचासी s. m. A Brahman of the fourth order, a religious mendicant.

संपत s. f. Affluence, wealth, riches, prosperity.

संपन adj. Perfect, complete, endowed with.

संपूर्ण adj. Persect, sull, complete, all,

inn s. m. A year; an era. Sambat bandhna, To establish an era.

संबंध s. m. Connection, affinity, relation; rhyme, metre. Sambandhi, s. m. Relation; son or daughter's father-inlaw.

संबोधन 8. m. Comfort, soothing, en-

conragement, the act of consoling; vocative case.

संसद adj. Possible, fit, right, proper, suitable.

संगलना v. n. To be supported, to stand, stop, to be firm, to recover one's self, from a fall, &c.

संतालना v. a. To support, prop, sustain, hold up, assist, help; to shield, protect, stop, retain, restrain, check, repress.

संभावना s. f. Probability.

मंशीन s. m. Enjoyment ; coition.

संभम s. m. Esteem, respect, honour,

संभाग s. m Respect, esteem, reverence, regard. Sanmani, adj. Polite, civil; respectful.

संमुख adj. Opposite, confronting, in face, over against.

संगम s. m. Restraint, forhearence, soberness, abstinence from particular food on certain days. Ssnjami, adj. Who or what checks, restrains, curbs, &c., sober, temperate, abstemious, s. m. A saint, a sage, one who subdues or controls his passions.

संग्रम adj. Joined with connected, attached; mixed, blended; endowed with, possessed of.

संगोत s.m. Intimate union or association; adherence, junction, conjunction; accident, event, occurrence, chance, hap, luck.

क्षंगीमी s.m. An ascetic who does not observe a vow of continence, but has a family.

संबद्ध adj. Joined, united, adherent. संबद s. m. A year; an era. संबद्धर s. m. A year.

संत्रा v. n. To be dressed, prepared or

arranged, to be decorated, to suit, prosper.

र्भगद } s. m. Communication of in-संबाद } telligence; information, news.

संवारना v. a. To prepare, dress, deck, decorate; adjust, adorn, arrange, accomplish.

संग्रह s. m. Doubt, uncertainty; dread,

संज्ञाका s.m. A sceptic.

संत्रवान ad j. Dubions, uncertain.

संग्रापम adj. Affected with doubt, hesitating, dubious; doubtful, uncertain. [cal.

संस्थान adj. Dubious, doubting, scepti-संस्थान v. n. To jingle, to ring; to faint; to simmer, Sansanahat, s. f. An imitative sound, ringing, jingling; simmering; fainting.

संसद s. m. Doubt, apprehension fear, anxiety.

संसर्व s. m. Union, proximity, approximation, contact; acquaintance, familiarity, intercourse; sensual attachment.

संगी adj. Familiar, friendly, keeping company, acquainted, an acquaintance.

संसार s. m. The world, the habitation of mortals.

मंसारी बर्ता. Worldly, mundane.

被新 z. m. Completing, accomplishing, finishing, perfecting; an essential and purificatory rite or ceremony amongst the Hindus; purification, consecration.

ting adj. Wrought, made, artificially produced; excellent best; decorated, ornamented. s. m. Language formed by perfect grammatical rules, the classical and sacred language of the Hindus.

- संख्यान s. m. A place where four roads meet; form, figure, shape; fabrication, construction; a vicinity, a neighbourhood, a common place of abode.
- संख्या s. m. Touching. contact, laying hold of.
- संहत adj. Compact, close ; collected, assembled.
- संइतरा s.f. Compactness; approximation, contact.
- संप्रति s.f. Assemblage, collection, heap; union, junction; compactness.
- संदार s. m. Destruction, loss; the destruction of the world; making away, killing, murdering. adi. Killed.
- संद्वानी o. a. To kill, to make away with. संद्विता s. f. An arrangement of the text of the Veds into short sentences; a comprendium, a collection more or less compressed of laws, legends, &c.
- सक्ट adj. Bad, vile. s.m. A small tree (Trophis aspera); a cart; the name of a Hindu holiday
- सक्तरक adj. Thorny, prickly; troublesome, perilous. s. m. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria)
- eams. f. Power, strength, ability; the energy or active power of a deity; the female organ as the counterpart of the phallic personification of Shiva, and worshipped either literally or figuratively by a sect of Hindus, thence termed Saktas.

सकता v. n. To be able.

- सक्ता adj. Small (not having room enough), harrow, strait.
- क्षराई s. f. Smallness, want of room,
- until v. a. To straiten, to deprive of necessary room; to cause to accept (bill, 3c.).

- सकाम s. f. The entering of the sun into a new sign,
- सक्षेत्र s. m. (In grammar) The transitive verb.
- सक्त adj. All, whole, entire.
- सञ्जाना v. n. To be sorrowful, to be wearied.
- सकार s. m. Dawn of day, morning.
- सकारण adj. Having a cause, originating from a cause.
- सकारणा v. a. To accept (a bill of exchange, &c.)
- सकारी s.f. Dawn of day, morning.
- লন্দ adj. Betimes, early in the morning.
- सक्ष s. f. Shrinking, awe, fear, shame. सक्षमा v. n. To fear, to be afraid of, to be in awe of, to be abashed, to apprehend, to be apprehensive.
- सक्चाना v. n. To be abashed, to be afraid. v a. To abash.
- सक्ख s. m. A kinsman, one of the same family name and common origin.
- सकेत adj. Narrow, strait. s. f. Want, distress.
- सकेतना v. a. To tighten, to straiten. सकेलना v. n. To shrink, to shrivel, to gather up (the limbs, as a tortoise).
- सकेला s. m. A kind of iron.
- सकी र s. m. Regard, respect, esteem.
 - सञ्जोकना v. n. To shrink, to draw up (the limbs), to gather up, shrivel, tighten, contract. v. a. To contract, draw up.
 - सकीप aaj. Angry, displeased.
 - सुब्होरा s. m. A small earthen vessel.
 - सकारी s. f. A saucer. सकक s. m. A species of poison.
- सक्त क है. A species of poison. सक्त पद्धा s.f. A tree (Mimosa Suma).
- सञ्चा s. m. A friend; an associate, s companion.

सिल s. m. Friendship.

दक्षी s. f. A woman's female friend or companion a confidente, &c.

सञ्जीजन s. f. A female friend or confidante.

संख्य s.m. Friendship.

सगर adj. Fragrant, odoriferous.

समयहता s. m. Greens dressed with pulse.

सगर adj. Poisonous. s. m. A sover-eign of Ajodhya.

सगर्ने adj. Prond ; elated.

समा adj. Related (of the same parents), full, own; a relative, a kin. s. m. Kin. Saga bhai, Own brother.

स्वारं } s. f. Relationship by the स्वारत } same parents, consanguinity, relationship, kin; betrothing for marriage; second marriage, of a woman of low tribe. Sagai karna, To contract a marriage, to affiance, to betroth.

सगुष adj. Having or endowed with properties, qualities, &c.

समुत 8 m. Augury, omen.

समोती s. f. Animal food, meat, flesh. समोव adj. Being of one family, of kin, related. s. m. A distant kinsman.

संदन adj. Thick (as s head of hair, clouds, wood, &c.

THE adj. Narrow. contracted. s. m. Difficulty, trouble, vexation, misfortune, pang, agony, pain, anguish.

HEV s. m. Mixing, blending, confounding: a mixed caste or race, one proceeding from the promiscuous intercourse of the four tribes in the first instance, and again from their commorce with the descendants of such a connection, or the indsicriminate cohabitation of those descendants amongst one another; most Hindus.

of the present age or of one of the many branches of this 1acc, the highest of which is impure and inferior to the Sudra; under this term (Sankar) two kind of men are included according to the Ramayan, the one denominated yonisankar, mixed of degraded by birth, and the other, acharsankar, degraded by conduct.

सङ्ग्लेख s. m. Attracting, drawing.

सङ्ख s. m. Collection, quantity; adidition (in arithmetic).

सङ्ख्य s. m. Contact, junction ; addition

सञ्जान adj. Heaped, piled, arranged, added. s. m. Addition (in arithmetic). सङ्ख्य s. m. Volition, will, resolve,

mental determination; a solemn vow or declaration of purpose.

सङ्ख्या v. a. To give alms (by making a religimuo vow), to vow.

सङ्गोर्च adj. Crowded, confused,

सक्तीर्चन s. m. Celebrating, praising ; honour, glorification.

सङ्ख्या adj. Unblown, unopened; abashed. सङ्ख्या adj. Crowded, confused, filled

with so as to be impervious. सदेत s. m. Engagement, agreement, sign, gesture, gesticulation.

स्रोतस्थान s.-m. A place of assignation.

सहोच s.m. Shutting, closing contracting, contraction; shame, bashfulness, reserve, diffidence; a sort of fish, a scate (Raia Sancara).

सहीचन s. m. Astringing; causing to shrink or close; the act of shrinking. सहीची adj. Bashful, reserved, difficient; तहम s. m. Going, moving, travelling; the passage of a planetary body through the zodiao. ৰছাৰ adj. Entered (into a new sign).
বছাৰি s. f. The actual passage of
the sun or other planetary bodies
from one sign of the zodiac into
another.

सङ्घेष s. m. Abridgement, abbreviation, conciseness, compression.

errat s.f. Number, numeration, counting.

THIN s. f. Number in general, or a number, a numeral, s. m. Arsenic.

■▼ s. m. Meeting, encountering ; joining, uniting.

स्कृत s. m. Friendship, acquaintance; union, meeting.

ewfa s. f. Meeting. union; association, intercourse; coition; collection, congregation, company, society; a place where the Sikks celebrate their

religious ceremonies.

www s. m. Meeting, union, junction, the encounter of persons, the association of friends or loves, the confluence of rivers; coition; (in astronomy) Planetary conjunction.

www.s.m. War, battle; misfortune, calemity, promise assent agree.

calamity; promise, assent, agreement, lines, entrenchment.

, सङ्ग्सी s. f. Pincers, forceps.

eri ddj. Uniting with, going to or with attached; libidinous, lustfull desirous s. m. A companion, a comrade, an accomplice.

erra s. m. The exhibition of song, dancing, and music, as a public entertainment; the art or science of music and dancing.

सहीयन s. m. Hiding, concealment. अकृष s. m. A compilation and abridgment; quantity, collection, कहु पर s. m. Collecting, compiling-सह पर s. f. Diarrhos, dysentary, चन्नाम s. m War, battle,

et s.m. Flock, multitude, number, s collection of living beings either of the same or different species; s sheap, a quantity in general.

es adj. True. s. m. Truth. adv. Indeed; in earnest, actually, truly.

सच्छ बतीं. or adv. True, truly.

स्पराचर adj. All, whether animate or inanimate.

स्वारं s. f. Truth, veracity, honesty, probity, authenticity.

सचि s. m. Friendship, intimacy, connexion.

सचेत adj. With circumspection, with caution, with reflection or consideration, mindful, conscious, attentive,

cautious. सचैतन adj. Rational ; conscious, sensible.

संचेट odj. Active, making effort, समीडो s.f. Fidelity, rectitude, honesty,

ew odj. True, genuine, real, honest, just, sincere, faithful, sure.

संबद्ध s. f. Truth. veracity, honesty, probity, authenticity.

सिंबराज्य s. m. Brohmo or the Supreme Spirit.

ধন s. m. Shape, ornament, appearance, preparation. Sajdar, Well-shaped, handsome.

समाज s. f. Preparation and appearance. समाज s. m. f. A respectable person, a sweetheart, mistress.

सभाग v. n. To be prepared; to fit, to become, to beseem v. s. To dress, to ornament, to accourte, to adjust, to rectify. s. m. Respectable person, a sweetheart, a mistress.

wat adj. With water, wet, filled with or containing water.

सम्बा s. m. Third brother of four or more.

सनवाना v. a. To cause, to prepare.

सभाई s. f. The price paid for making belts or scabbards; preparation.

सञ्जाति ad). Of the same sort or species, of the same tribe, &c.

सञ्जाना v. c. To cause to prepare.

মুজাৰ s. m. Preparation, ornament.

सनावध s. f. Preparation ; contrivance. सजीना adj. Well-shaped, handsome. graceful.

सनीव adj. Alive, living.

स्कान adj. Of good family, well-born ; respectable, reputable ; good, virtuous. s. m. f. A respectable person, a sweetheart, a mistress.

सञ्चा ady. Armed, accountered : ornamented, decorated. s. f. Dress, decoration; armour, mail.

सन्तो s. f. A kind of mineral alkali, natron, impure carbonate of Soda.

समय s. m. Heap, quantity, number, multitude; purse, capital, stock, store, saving, heaping up, hoard.

संख्यी adj. Who collects, guthers, heaps or hoards up,

THIC s. m. Difficult progress : a gem supposed to be in the head of a serpent.

सञ्चारिका s. f. A female messenger or go-between ; a bawd.

सृद्धित adj. Accumulated, collected, gathered.

विषया s. f. Plant (Sulvinia cucullata). सञान adj. With knowledge; knowing, intelligent, wise. Sayyani, ady. Wise, intelligen t.

HEW &. f. An elastic rod, thick at one end and thin at the other.

सदक्षणा o. n. To run away, to disappear, to flee, to sheer off.

सटकाई s. f. Taperingness, vanishing of a tapering body at the extreme point, disappearance.

सदकाना v. a. To balk, to disappoint, to cause to disappear.

चटना v. n. To join, to adhere, to stick, to unite. [surprised.

बटपटाना van. To be confounded, to be WZE s.f. Foolish prattle, falsehood.

Satali, s. f. Chattering nonsense; falsehood.

भद्रामा v. a. To unite, stick, make adhere. WZINZ 8. f. Sticking or striking together, adhering, uniting.

स टिया s. f. A stick,

WZI s. f. Zedoary (Curcuma zerumbet, but applied also to the Curcuma amada).

षटी बढ़ी adj. Joined, glued, stuck together crowded.

सहाक adj. Accompanied or explained by

a commentary. [collusion. सहाबहा s. m. An amour, combination. as adj. Cunning ; ignorant.

सदियाना v. n. To be turned of sixty years; to be decrepid, or in one's dotage, to be superannuated.

सठी का s. m. A sweetment, consisting of meal, sugar, ginger, spices, &c. (particularly given medicinally to child-bed women, and distributed, as caudle is. to gossips).

स्टब्स s. f. A. road .

was s. f. Rottenness, rot, putrefaction. सञ्जा v. n. To rot; to ferment.

ur odj. Rotten, musty, stinking.

क्षाना v. a. To cause to rot; to make ferment, to steep.

WITE s. f. Rottenness, mustiness. wife € . f. A disagreeable smell, fetor, stench. Saráhand márna. To

give forth a fetid odour. stink.

annas, m. Packthread. पुण्ड s. m. A eunuch.

सुद्धनी s. f. Tongs, pincers.

nos adj. Strong, fat, stout, s. m. hardened excrement, Scybala.

सण्डास s. m. A necessary, a water closet (opening into the streets), a sink. संबद्धामा s. m. Large pincers.

सन्दर्भी s. m. A class of Hindu mendicants.

सत adj. True ; right, actual ; good, virtuous. s. m. The true God, the always present and all pervading spirit; power, strength, essence the principal of goodness; juice, sap; virtue : truth, adv Actually.

BRAIET s. m. A feast given in the seventh mouth of pregnancy.

भवनी s. f. The seventh lunar day.

स्तरह adj. Seventeen.

पनराना v. n. To be angry.

सत्तवडा adj. Seven-fold, of seven strings or rows (a chain of pearls, &c.)

स्तन्द्रों s. f. A necklace of seven string. सुताना adj. Virtuous, chaste, honest, adhering to truth.

सतस्य auj. Sixty-seven.

सत्तर्था s. f. The name of a book written . by Bikeri Lál (an inhabitent of Gualior), containing 700 distiches or dohasin Brija-bhakha.

स्तहत्त्वता, Seventy-seven.

RATE v. a. To tease, vex, fret, trouble, . afflict, ail, harm, interrupt, annoy, grieve, harass. Satau, s. m.f. Vexer, teaser, tormentor.

wat adj. f. Chaste, virtuous, constant. s. f. A virtuous wife; in ordinary use applied especially to the wife who burns herself with her husband's corpse.

सर्वास s. m. Virtuousness or purity in a । सत्त्र प्रकार s. m. The property of goodness.

सती ब s. m. A. fellow-student, the pupil of the same spiritual preceptor.

सतीजा adj. Powerful, strong.

सतीवाष s. f. A tomb, grave, burning ground, the place where a suti is burned.

सत्या s. m. Parched grain, reduced to meal and made into a paste adj. (Applied to a kind of ginger). Pulverable, free from threads or fibres. Satua sankrant, The entering of the sun into Aries, on which day the meal of parched grain is distributed to the Brahmans.

सन्बर्भ s. m. A good act, piety, virtue ; hospitality; funeral obsequies.

सत्कार s. m. Reverence, respect; hospitable treatment or reception; doing good, a pious action.

सनिकया s. f. Funeral or obsequial ceremonies; doing good, charity; virtue, &c.; salutation; welcome, courtesy: hospitality.

सत्तम ady. Best, excellent ; very venerable or respectable; most virtuous. ETT ad), Seventy. Sattara-bahat tara,

ady. Old, decrepid, doting.

सता s. f. Being, existence, goodness, excellence, s. m. power, strength.

सनाईस adı, Twenty-seven.

समान adi. Ninety-seven.

समावन adj. Fifty-seven.

सत्तासी adj. Eighty-seven.

चत्र. m. An enemy.

क्ष s. m. Parched grain, reduced to meal and made into a paste.

um s. m. One of the three Guns or properties of man and nature, the quality of excellence or goodness; substance, thing; vigour, power; essence ; a substantive noun.

सचना s. f. Purity, goodness.

स्त्र s. m. A good road; correct or virtuous conduct, doctrine, &c.

चलात s. m. A worthy or virtuous person.

सन्युव s. m. A virtuous son.

सन्पूर्व s. m. A worthy or spirited man.

सन्दर्भ s. m. The pomegranate.

सल adj. True ; sincere, honest, speaking the truth. s. m. Truth : an oath : the first Yuj or age, the golden age, comprising one million seven hundred and twenty-eight thousand years, the uppermost of the seven Loks or worlds, the abode of Brakma, and heaven of truth.

सन्यता s. f. Truth, trueness.

सत्यम adv. Judeed, verily,a particle of interrogation, and asseveration.

सन्ध्या s. m. The first of the four Yuys or ages, the period of general virtue and purity, or the golden age, comprising a term of I, 728, 000 years.

सुव्यक्तिक s. m. The uppermost of the seven Loks or world, the abode of Brohme, and heaven of truth.

सन्धवन s.m. Speaking truth. सलाही adj. Who speaks truth.

सन्यमाची s, m. An unexceptionable witness.

सन्याका s. m. A virtuous and upright man.

सत्यानाच s. m. (A term of imprecation signifying) Depravation, destruction. Satuanas karna, To make the ruin. destruction, or mischief (of any one or any thing). Satyanas jana, or, hona. To be the depravation, destruction, ruin, &c., (of any one or any thing). to be destroyed or ruined.

सन्दानामी adj. Depraved, bad, destroyed damaged; a thorny plant,

सन्धावन s. m. Commerce, ttrade, traffic

being a mixed practice of tunth and lies).

He s. m. The quality of excellence or goodness.

सलर क lj. Quiek, expeditious. adv. Quickly, swiftly.

सलरता s. f. Quickness, speed.

सवाइ s. m. Association with the good. सवासा adj. Child born in the seventh mouth.

स्थवार s. m. A heap of slain.

सथवारा s. m. A sweetmeat given to a childbed woman.

क्षिया s. m. A. surgeon ; a mark in forma of a cross, the four arms of which are bent at right angles; prefixed in vermilion by Hindus to their account books at the commencement of a new year; the same figure is formed on the ground with flour, at marriages and other ceremonies.

सदन s. m. A place, house, mansion.

सदय adj. Benevolent, compassionate.

सद्या s. f. The female of the little bird called Amadavat; a kind of mendicant सदस्य s. m. Any person present at an

assembly, a spectator, an assessor. a member, &c.

सदा adj. Always, at all times.

चदावित s. m. Final happiness, emancipation from life; the Supreme Spirit.

सहाचार s. m. Virtuous conduct.

सदाला adj. Good, virtuous,

सहानन्द adj. Always happy. सदानचं s. m. A wagtail.

सदापुषी s.f. A shrub, gigantic swallowwort, the white variety.

सहायस इ. m. The cocoanut tree ; the glomerous ofig-tree; the jack (Artocorpus integrifolia ?) ; the Bel (Ægle marmelos).

सदाजत s. m. Alms, or food distributed daily to the poor, travellers, &c. सदाजिव s. m. Shioa.

सदासभाग s f. A bird (Trogon dilectus) a flower (Hibiscus phæniceus, the white variety); skind of mendicant dressed like a woman.

सद्या s.f. The female of theelittle bird called Amadavat.

सदसर s. m. A proper or good reply.

सहस्रता s. ∫. Likeness, sameness.

सदेश adj. Near, proximate; of the same country or place.

सदेष ady. With body, adv. Bodily.

conduct.

ex adj. Good, pure, virtuous; ex cellent, eminent.

esia s. m. A pure or holy disposition or nature, a good temper; amiability, kindly feeling; the property of goodness.

स्थला v. n. To be fully instructed or or disciplined.

सभक्षी adj. ()hserving the same customs or laws.

स्पद्ध s. f. A wife, whose husband is living.

सधाना v. a. To train animals; to perform.

en s. m. Name of a plant (Crotalaria juncea), a kind of flax; a tree (Pentaptera tomentosa).

सनस्ताना v. n. To jingle, to ring, to faint.

सनस्व s. m. Packthread, or a net made of it.

anum s.m. A disease in which the body is seized with universal chilliness, deliquium: it is explained by the Hindu physicians to be that in which the three humours, bile, phlegm and atrabilis are corrupted.

सना s. m. Senna.

सनातन ady. Eternal, continual, perpetual; firm, fixed, permanent.

सनाया s. f. A woman whose husband is living.

सन्या s. m. A kind of Tasar cloth.

सनीचर s. m. Saturn, Saturday.

सनीचरा ady. Unlucky (fellow). s.m. Name of a mountain near Gwalior.

सन s. m. A kind of devotee, a saint.

सन्तरित s. f. Race, lineage; a son, a daughter, offspring, progeny.

सन्तर adj. Distressed, afflicted, wretched. सन्ता adj. Depraved; miserly.

सलान s. m. Family, race, lineage ; offspring, progeny, a son or daughter, children.

হলাৰ s. m. Heat, burning heat ; offliction, sorrow, pain, distress, misery, repentance.

सनायी adj. Sad, sorrowful.

सन्ते s. m. A succedaneum.

सन्द adj. Satisfied, gratified, delighted, content, pleased.

सन्ते adv. Instead, stead.

ষনীয় s. m. Content, putience, satisty, satisfaction, joy, pleasure, delight, happiness, gratification. Santosh karna, To be patient, to be content. মুলীয়া adj. Patient, contented; con-

soled, comforted, gratified.

सन्दिष adj. Doubted, questioned, doubtful.

सन्देश s. m. News, tidings, information ; a message.

सन्देशी s. m. A messenger.

स्टेइ s. m. Doubt, uncertainty, suspicion, apprehension, hesitation, anxiety. सरेडी adj. Doubtful, scrupulous, distrustful, suspicious.

ভাষাৰ s. m. Spying, prying into secrets.
Sandhan pans, v. a. To trace, to
discover.

सन्धाना s. m. } Pickles, &c., acid pre-सन्धानी s. f. } Paration of the Bel and other fruits.

ধনি s. m. Union, junction, connexion, combination; peace, making peace, pacification; a hole, a chasm.

सन्धा s. f. Twilight, either morning or evening; a period of time, forenoon, afternoon, or mid-day.

सन्धाकाल s.m. Twilight.

सन्धासमय s.m. Evening twilight.

सन्नित s. f. Reverence, obeisance, reverential salutation.

理報 v. n. To be impregnated; to be stained, soiled, smeared or defiled; to be kneaded, mixed up (as flour, dough, earth, &c.)

THE TABLE S. m. The roaring of the waves, rumbling noise made by wind and rain at a distance, sound, bluster.

দরিষ্ণ s. m. বরিষাৰ s. m. বরিষা s. f. Proximity, approximation, nearness.

सित्राय s. f.) wind state of the three humours.

सिंदित adj. Near, proximate, at hand, present.

सन्धान s.m. Respect, for the good; respect, esteem, reverence, regard. सन्धानी adj. Polite, civil; respectful.

समाज adj. Opposite, confronting, in

सद्राप s. m. Abandonment of all worldly affections and possessions.

eaned s. m. Brahman of the fourth order, the religious mendicant; an ascetic, a devotee. सपण s. f. An oath, an asseveration. सपदि ato. Instantly, in a moment, quickly, swiftly.

सपना s. m. A dream

हम्भ है s. m. A dream. Sapudosh s. m. सपना है Nocturnal pollution. Sapuabichari, s. m. An interpreter of dreams.

Hung adj. With spiouts, shoots, or twigs (a pot, &c. in times of rejoicing).

सपच s. m. A partisan, a follower, an adherent, one of the same side or party.

सपुत्र $\left. \begin{array}{c} s.\ m. \end{array} \right.$ A tractable and dutiful सपत्र $\left. \begin{array}{c} s.\ m. \end{array} \right.$

चपोना } s.m. A young snake just चपोत्तिया } hatched.

सप्तनो s.f. The seventh day of the fortnight.

सप्ताइ s. m. A week,

समरी s. f. A small glistening fish, commonly termed Punthi, a sort of carp (Cyprinus Sophore).

सफ्त adj. Productive, fruitful, learing fruit, yielding a profit, &c.

ea adj. All, every, the whole, total. (In the infliction of the plural this word generally becomes Subbon). Subkuchh, Every thing, all. Sabkoi, Every body, every one. Sabkhouws, Omnivorous, one who eats all kind of food without exception. Sab misriki hym datiyan (all are pieces of suyar), is applied to denote equality or similitude of state, form; &c.

सनकार्षे s. f. Power, force, strength. सबेर adj. Early, soon, in good time. सबेरा s. m. Morning, dawn.

सबीत adv. In the morning early, soon. सबीतर adj. "Everywhere.

e≅ s. m. Sound in general; a sound, a word; (in gram.) a declinable word, as a noun, pronoun, &c.; a song (among Nanakpanthis).

सभव adj. Fearing, fearful. .

uwi s.f. An assembly, meeting, company. [sembly.

सभापति s. m. The president of an as-सभासद s. m. One of a company, an assistant at an assemble of meeting; (in law) an assessor.

स्था adj. Trusted, confidential, faithful. s.m. An assistant at an assembly; an assessor.

स्थाता s. f. Politeness, refinement in

सम adj. All, whole, entire; like, similar. s. m. A tone in music.

www s.f. Understanding, comprehension, knowledge, opinion, conception, thought, mind.

स्यक्षना v.a. To understand, compresuppose, think, conceive, consider, deem, fancy perceive, apprehend, know, come to an understanding (with).

सम्भादार adj. Prudent, wise, considerate. सम्भादा v. a. To make comprehend, to explain, to account for, to convince, describe, inform, safety, nudeceive, warn, admonish, instruct, apologize.

समभावा है.f. Act of explaining, समभाति convincing or giving confidence.

Property fitness.

सम्ता s. f. Sameness, similarity, equality, similitude, parallelism, resemblance, comparison, parity.

समदर्भी s. m. Impartial, equally viewing both sides.

समदःश्व adj. Sympathizing, feeling for another's woc.

समधन s. f. Child's mother in law. समधी महावा s. m. The mutual embracing of two Sambhis.

ससमियाना s. m. The family of a child's father-in-law.

समधी s. m. Child's father-in-law.

समात adj. Of like nature or property. s. m. Equability; sameness.

समभूमि s. m. Even ground.

समय s. m. Time; leisure, opportunity; season, fit or proper time for any thing.

सन्द s. m. War, Lattle, conflict. सन्धे adj. Strong, powerful; able, adequate to, capable. s. m. Strength, power.

समयेक s.m. Aloe wood (Amyrisagallocha). समयेता s. f. Strength, power, poweress; ability, capability, adequacy.

समयी adj. Strong, powerful.

समर्पेष s. m. Delivering, consigning, committing, entrusting to another.

ममप्रिंत adj. Delivered, made over, consigned. समयोद adj. Correct in conduct.

समल adj. Dirty, muddy, filthy. समल adj. All. whole, entire, complete.

समा । s. m. Time, season; plenty, समा । abundance; state, condition; concord, harmony, unison. Sambondhna v. n. To be in concert समार्थ » f. Endurance; patience; capa-

bility.

समाञ्चात adj. Famed, celebrated; notorious, public.

समागत adj. Arrived, approached, met, encountered; united, joined.

समावित s.f. Arrival, approach; union, joining; encountering, meeting; similar condicion or progress.

समागम s m. Union, junction; arrival,

approach; association, acquaintance, intercourse; encounter, meeting.

ষ্টাখাৰ adj. Equal or like in virtuous conduct, s. m. Information, tradition, news, tidings, intelligence, advice, account of circumstances or health, &c.

समाज s.m. A multitude, a number (of any thing except bessts); an assembly; a meeting; apparatus; society. समाजी s.f. Musicians that attend dan-

समाधान s. m. Religious meditation; promising, declaring; consolation, comfort, solace; pacification; adjustment, the act of satisfying.

cers.

Unifus. f. Tomb of a Jogi, particularly where Hindus, from religious motives, submit to be buried alive; deep and devout meditation; an exercise of austerity among Jogis, whereby they are supposed to acquire the power of suspending during their pleasure the connextion between their soul and body.

समान adj. Like, akin, alike, similar, equal, adequate; one, uniform, same. s.f. Equality; level, rank.

समानकासीन adj. Occuring or produced at the same period.

समानजन्ता adj. Of equal age.

समानता s. f. Sameness, resemblance, equalidy, likeness; community of kind or quality. [into.

समाया v. n. To be contained in, to go समायन s. m. Conclusion, completion, finish.

समापन adj. Finished, done, completed, concluded.

समापित | adj. Finished, done, con-समाप्त | cluded, completed, accomplished, perfected. समाप्ति s.f. End, conclusion, completion, perfection, finish.

समाजो s. f. A collection of flowers, a nosegay, &c.

समाजू s. m. A plunt (Vitex trifolia and negundo).

सभाव s. m. Room, space.

समावेश s. m. Entrance.

समास s. m. Contraction, abridgement, conciseness; compositions of words, formation of compound terms (in grammar).

समित s. f. Sameness, likeness, equality. समित s. f. Fuel, wood, grass, &c., employed to kindle or light a fire.

सभीकरण s. m. (In arithmetic) Equation. सभीप adj. Near, contiguous, proximate, at hand. postpos mas. Near.

सभीषता s. f. Proximity, contiguity. सभीषी s. f. Proximity, nearness.

सम्बित adj. Fit, right, proper.

सस्चय s. m. Assemblage, collection, either in thought or fact; conjunction of words or sentences.

समुत्रक्ति s. f. Origin, production, birth.

समुत्पन्न adj. Born, produce.

समुक्तव s.m. Festivity.

समुद्द्य s. m. Ascent, rise; rising (as of the sun, &c.)

समुदाय s. m. Multitude, quantity, number, heap. adj. Aggregate.

चनुद्ध s. m. A sea, an ocean.

समृद्रकम s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.

समुद्रतह s. m. The sea coast. समुद्रतीर s. m. The sea-shore.

समुद्रफोन s. m. The dorsal scale or cuttlefish bone (Sepis officinalis).

समुद्रस्वयण s. m. Sea salt.

समुद्रबद्धि s. m. Submarine, fire.

समुद्रसीख s. m. A medicine (Convolvulus argentius).

बसुदान s. m. The sea shore, adv. As

far as the ses.

समुद्राना s. f. A shrub (Hedysarum alhagi); the cotton plant; a gramineous plant (Trigonella corniculata).

समुद्राह s. m. A shark; a large fabulous fish, perhaps intending the whale, hyperbolically described.

समृद्धिक s. f. Palmistry, fortung-telling, the art of physiognomy.

समृद्धिको s. m. A fortune-teller, a physiognomist, a palmister.

समृद्रिष alj. Marine, oceanic, maritime. समुद्रा adj. Entire, whole.

समूह s. m. Assemblage, aggregate in general, heap, number, multitude, quantity, &c.

कर्ने धर्मे समेग्रा

समेद s. f. An astringent, a medicine used by women for constringing purposes; contraction.

समिटना v. a. To collect together, to a mass; to constringe, contract, compress, brace, to cause to shrivel or shrink. [with.

समेत adv. With, along with, together समो s. m. Season, time.

, समीना v. a. To cool warm warm by mixing it with cool water.

समान s. f. Prosperity, success, iucrease of any favourable kind, or of wealth, fame, power, &c.; advancement in good qualities, perfection, excellence; a necklace of pearls, &c.

सपत्र adj. Accomplished, completed, affected, obtained; drosperous, fortunate, thriving, happy.

सम्पन्त श. m. Mixture, mingling, contact, union, junction ; copulation.

इत्पाइक adj. Who or what fulfils, accomplishes, &c. समादन s. m. Gaining, acquiring ; accomplishing, effecting.

सम

सम्पादित adj. Attained, obtained, gained, gotten; effected, accomplished.

सम्बद्ध a.m. A casket, a covered box. सम्बद्ध adj. Whole, entire, complete,

सम्पूच बद). Whole, entire, complete, finished.

सन्पर्यंता s. f. Fulness, completiou.

सन्प्रति adv. Now, at present, at this time.

समादाज s. m. Gift. donation; (in grammar) the dative case.

सम्बद्ध s m. Traditional doctrine what has been transmitted from one teacher to another, and is established as of sacred authority.

समाधन s. m. Effecting, accomplishing, performing well or completely.

सम्प्रस्थान s. m. Setting out on a journey. सम्प्राप्त adj. Attained, obtained, getten. सम्प्राप्त s. f Obtaining, getting, acquisi-

tion. सम्प्रीत adj. Well pleased, delighted. सम्प्रीत s.f. Attachment, affection; de-

light.

umais. m. Connexion, affinity, relation;
connexion by birth or marriage, re-

tionship; rhyme, metre; (in grammar)
the possessive case.
ভামনী adj. Related to, a relation, a

connexion; connected with, belonging or relating to. s. m. A relation; son or daughter's father-in-law. सम्बाध s. f. The vocative case.

सन्तीयन ३. m. Calling, addressing, calling to; the vocative case; comfort, soothing, encouragement, the act of

समाना o n. To be supported, to stand, stop, be firm, recover one's self from a fall, &c.

consoling.

way s. m. Capacity, appropriateness,

adoptation; possibility; consistency. compatibility.

सभावना v. a. To support, prop, sustain, hold up, assist, help; to shield protect, stop, return, restrain, check, repress.

सक्षातना s. f. Considering, reflecting, fitness, suitableness; adequacy, competency; possibility; probability; (in grammar) the sense of the potential mood.

सम्प्रानित adı. Possible.

सभावण s. m. Conversation, discourse.

सम् s. m, A parent, a progenitor.

समा ग s. m. Enjoyment, pleasure, delight; coition, copulation.

सम्भोगी adj. Sensual, sensualist.

सभोजन s. m. A meal partaken together, a convivial party.

समान s. m. Esteem, respect, reverence, honour, awe.

समान adj. Assented or agreed to, concurred in, approved of; conformable to. s. m. Opinion, sentiment.

समाति s. f. Wish, desire; agreement, assent, similarity of opinion or purpose; approbation.

सन्मान s. m. Respect, homage.

स्कान adj. Respectable, honourable. सन्दित adj. Like, similar, same ; of equal measure or extent; meted, measured.

सम्बद्ध adj. Encountering, facing, in front of,

सन्म खोन adj. Before, in front or in face of.

सम्भ adj. Fascinated, bewildered; stupified, astounded.

समोद s. m. Pleasure, delight.

स्कीइ s. m. Ignorance; folly; beguilement, fascination; stupefaction.

सको दिन adj. Beguiled, fascinated; enrapture, overcome with delight. स्यक adv. All, wholly; properly, fitly, in the right manner.

सवन s. m. Sleep, repose.

सवान s. m. Cunning, shrewdness.

स्थाना ady. Cunning, artful, shrewd, sly, knowing, sagacions, clever, prudent! mature (in understanding), grown up.

सर s. m. An arrow; a lake, a pool. सरकडा र s. m. A reed (Saccharum pro-

सरकड़ा } s.m. A reed (Saccharum pro सरकछा } cerum).

सरकना v. n. To be moved, to remove, move, stir, to get out of the way, budge.

सरकाना v. a. To move, put on one side, to move out of the way.

सराम adj. All qualities, possessing all qualities (an epithel of the deity).

€₹2 s. m. A lizard, a chameleon.

सरद s. m. A kind of musk-melon.

सरन } s. f. An asylum, shelter, pro-सरना } tection.

सरना v. n. To be performed, to be carried on, to issue, to be ended.

सर्नागत s. m. A refugee, one who has come for protection or refuge. सरकागतनकाल adj. Merciful to those come

for sanctuary, an epithet of the Deity.

RAUS. M. A serpent. RAUS s. f. Galloping. Sarpat phenkha. To set off in a gallop.

Raya s. m. A kind of reed, or reed-grass (Sucharum procerum).

uta s. m. Every thing, whole property. uta sdj. Plain, artless, honest, sincere, simple, candid, upright; perpendicular, straight, s. m. A sort of pine (Pinus longifolia); a bird (Pavo bicalcarata).

A variety of the plans called Teori.

सरवर s. m. A lake, pond, tank. Sarwar, adj. Equal.

abundant, plenty.

सर्भराजा v. n. To creep along as a snake, to make the noise a snake does when creeping.

ever adj. Best, excellent, prime; more, abundant, plenty. [lence. सरसाई s. f. Increase, abundance, excel-

सार्ची s. f. A species of mustard (Sinavis dichotoma .

सरस्त adj. Elegant.

सर्खनी s. f. The wife of Brahma, the goddes of speech and eloquence, the patroness of music and the arts and the inventress of the Sanscrit language and Devnagri letters; a river, the Sarsaty, which rivers on the mountains bounding the morth-east part of the province of Delhi, whence it runs in a south-westerly direction, and is lost in the sands of the great desert in the Bhatti, according to the Hindus the river only disappears in this place, and continuing course under ground, joins the Ganges and Jamns at Allahabal. ut s. f. An earthen cover of a pot.

सर्दे s. f. A small cover. 'HTIG s. m. Curse, imprecation. Saran

dena, To curse. सरापना v. a. To curse.

सराव s. m. A lid, or a shallow cup or saucer used as such.

सरावक s. m. A. Hindu tribe ; the followers of the Jyn religion; the laity. सरावन s. m. A harrow.

सराह s. f. Praise, commendation. सराइन s. m. Praising.

सराचना v. a. To praise, commend, approve, appland, celebrate.

सर्गम s. m. The gamut; sol-faing, solmization.

सर्व adj. Best, excellent, prime ; more, | सरी s. f. The shaft of an arrow : a reed of which arrows are made.

सरीचा adj. Like, resembling : so.

usu adj. Like, resembling, s. m. Own or natural shape, or form, appearance, identity, shape, form, a spectacle; with form, with appearance. चड्या s.f. Likeness, resemblance.

सद्यी adj. In its own shape, as it really appears.

सरेका s.f. The ninth mansion of the moon, consisting of five stars, probably in Cancer, adj. Cunning, sly. सरेश s. m. Glue, starch.

सरीज s. m. A lotus.

सरीता s. m. A kind of scissors for cutting betel-nut.

सरीय adj Sick, diseased.

स्रीवर s. m. A lake or large pond, any piece of water deep enough for the lotus to grow.

सरी ही s. f. A kind of scimitar.

सरें। ज s. f. A kind of seed. सचिं s. f. Natron, alkali.

gý s. m. A snake, a serpent.

सप्राचा s. f. A plant, perhaps the same as the scrpent ophioxylon.

สบัสส s. m. A mushroom.

सर्पक्ष कृत s. m. The snake-stone, a gem or pearl said to resemble in form the berry of the Abras precatorious ; and to be found in the head of the snake. सूर्यम्ब s. m. The snake-stone or carbuncle, or a jewel said to be found in the head of a snake, possessing also alexipharmic properties.

सपुष्ट ह, m. An ichneumon, a mangoose.

सुबंबहुण s. m. A total eclipse.

va adj. All, whole, entire, complete, universal.

सबेदारी ady. The maker of all things.

सर्वास t. m. All seasons or times सर्वासीय adj. Of all times or seasons. समय adj. Going every where, all prevading.

सर्वेशत adj. Omnipresent, universally diffused.

पर्नेत्रभ s. m. A class of four aromatics, or Kskkol, cloves, agallochum and gum benjamin.

सर्वेजनत् s. f. The universe, the whole world.

মৰীসন adj. All-subduing, irresistible; all-surpassing, excellent incomparable, s. m. The twenty-first year of the cycle.

सर्वेश adj. Omniscient, all-wise.

ษจักสา s. f. Omniscience.

संबेशका s. m. All splendour or power.

सर्वेश्वामय adj. Made, comprising or consisting of all-splendour or power, सर्वेशोभर adj. Every where auspicions. s.m. A temple or palace of a square form, with an entrance opposed to

each point of the compass. सर्वेड adv. Every where, in all places; always, at all times.

सर्वेषा adv. In all ways, by all means ; assuredly, certainly.

सर्वेदमन adj. All-subdning, irresistible. सर्वेदमी adj. All-seeing.

संदेश odv. Always, at all times.

सर्देश वस s. m. Final emancipation from transmigration.

सर्वेषस् s. m. Whole wealth or property; (in arithmetic) total of a sun in progression.

सर्वभारी s. f. The twenty-second year of the cycle.

सर्वेनाम :. m. A pronoun.

संनास s. m. Total destruction, destruction of all.

वरेषूर्वता s. f. Entire completion or

fulness, complete preparation or pro-

ष[§]पिय adj. Generally or universally beloved; generally friendly, loving all. धर्मेम adi. Omnivorous, eating all or any thing, all-degouring.

हवेशाव s. m. Whole disposition, all one's thoughts and purpose.

सर्वभूत s. m. All the elements; all created things.

सर्वेस्य adj. General, universal, comprehensive, comprehending.

सर्वराज s. m. The whole night.

सर्वेस्रीक s. m. The universe.

सर्विद् } ady. Omniscient, all-wise.

सर्वेसमहा s. f. Sameness or identity with all things; equanimity, equal regard

for all.

uses adj. All-enduring, bearing all
things with patience and firmness.
s.m. Bdellium.

सर्वेस s. m. Whole property or possessions; substance, whole essence of any thing.

सर्वेद्यस्थ adj. Fined in all one's property. s. m. Confiscation of property. सर्वेद्यस्थ s. m. Confiscation of a whole property.

सर्वेद्धानी s. m. A universal monarch; the owner or master of all, सर्वेद्धार s. m. Total confiscation.

सर्वोक्त s. m. The whole body.

चर्नाका s. m. The supreme or universal spirit; all beings collectively.

सर्वोधिकार s. m. General control or superintendance.

सर्वधिकारी s. m. A general or head superintendant.

सर्वार्थम् adv. For or on account of all. सर्वात्रय adj. Giving shelter or protection to all. चर्चेक् s. m. Supreme or universal monarch; the Supreme Being.

सर्वीविषग्य s. m. A class of certain principal drugs, consisting of Mura Valeriana Jatamansi, Orris root, Benzoin, Zedoary, Kurk, or Coeles speciosus, red saunders, and Cuperus.

सर्वेषिसर s. m. The juice or infusion of a number of plants as used at a royal inauguration.

चर्च s. m. A sort of mustard (Sinapis dichotoma); a kind of poison,

सक्च adj. Bashful, modest, ashamed.

संबद्धा v. n. To pierce, prick, perforate, enter. s. m. A rivulet.

सक्तालना v. n. To creep (as a snake), to make the noise a snake does when creeping.

समाई s. f. A needle, or piece of wire for tinging the eyelids with a collyrium: also used for depriving people of sight which is effected by drawing it while hot, close over the eyes of the sufferer : a lead pencil.

संसाचा s. f. A rule, a ruler ; a probe. स्विता s. f. A river.

स्वित s. m. Water ; liquid,

संखनी s. f. The full moon in Sawun, at which time the ornament called rakhi is tied round the wrist,

संखप s. m. A little.

संशोन adj. Salted (food). s. m. Name of a district.

स्थीना adi. Salted, salt, seasoned ; tasteful ; beautiful ; expressive (a countenance).

चजीनी adj. Seasoned, tasteful ; beautiful · (when applied to a mistress).

सम्बो s. f. The gum Olibanum tree (Boswellis thurifern).

THE s. m. A kind of coarse cloth.

TE c. m. A thong, narrow slips TETE c. m. A companion, a follower.

of leather with which shoes are stitched.

चन्नी adj. Foolish (a woman).

स्वर्ष adj. Like, resembling ; of the same tribe or class ; of the same kind, homogeneous,

Ray ady. With a quarter, a quarter more. warts. m. A title of the Rajah of Jeypore : a quarter more.

water s. m. Minnickry, acting, imitation, disguise, sham. Suwanglana, To imitate, &c.

स्थानी s.m. An actor, a minick.

स्वाचना v. n. To try, to prove,

सुबाइ s. m. Relish, flavour, taste, sweetness ; pleasure.

सराधा | संवैद्या ad) A quarter added.

सविकास adj. Wanton, sportive. सृदिक्षय adj. Astonished, surprised.

सब्द adj. Left, left hand ; south, southern : reverse, contrary, backward.

सद्भ adj. Fearful, doubtful.

सशीक ad), Sorrowful, sad. adv. Sorrowfully.

ससंजय adj. Doubtful, uncertain.

सन्ता ady. Cheap.

सन्तार्क s. f. Cheapness. समाना v. n. To rest.

समा s. m. A hare.

सस् s. m. Father-in law.

स्थ s. m. Fruit ; corn, grain.

सच्चार s. m. A fragrant sort of mango; assistance.

सहसारिता s. f. Co-operation, assistance. सम्बद्धी adj. An assistant or associate. s. m. A helper.

सद्यम् s. m. Going with, accompanying; a woman's burning herself on the funeral pile with her deceased husband.

संपत्ती s. f. A wife : a woman's female friend or confidante.

सहचारी क्ये. A companion, an atten-

चडन adı. Easy, not difficult, facile. adv. Easily. Sahaj-subhachi, With natural case.

सम्भाग s.m. A tree, the root of which supplies the place of horseradish (Guilandin+ morunga; Hyperanthers morunga,

सङ्ख s. m. Sufferance, endurance ; association union,

सम्म adj. Patient, enduring, suffering, bearing, s. m. Bearing; enduring.

सङ्गृहार adj. Sufferable, bearable, tolerable.

सहना v. n. To hear, endure, support. सहनरण s. m. Concremation, a widow's

burning herself with the corpse of her husband.

चहराना o. n. To thrill, have the hairs stand on end. v a To stroke, rub gently; ti-kle, titillate; to tire, harass, tense.

सदरावन s. f. Titillation.

सहरी s. f. A fish, the small carp (Cyprinus chrysopareus).

सद्दर्भाग v. s. To stroke, rub gently, tickle.

सहसाहर s. f. Gentle, rubbing, stroking, titillation.

संदर्गेश s. m. A sufferer.

The month Agrahiyana (November-December); the winter season; strength, power.

स्था adv. Quickly, precipitately, inconsiderately, without consideration or pause.

सप्रसाम apj. Patient, enduring.

ever s. m. The month Pousha (December-January). सइस s. m. A thousand.

सरवहन s. m. A sort of skate fishr (bitarus pelorius), fages; सरवहन s. m. A period of a thousand-चरवान adj. Thousand-eyed; used figuratively, vigilast, all-perceiving, all-inspecting, all-powerful.

बहसी s. mg. Commander or prefect of a thousand.

सहाई s. m. Aider, assistant, helper. . सहाज adj. Tolerable.

सहायो s. m. Bearing, endurance.

समाप s. m. A companion, a follower and adherent : a helper.

सहायत s. m. A succourer, aider, ally. सहायता s. f. Aid, help, assistance, friendship.

सङ्ख्यान् adj. Befriended, assisted, accompanied.

समारा s.m. Assistance, aid, help, association. Schara karns To abet. सहाये adj. Synonymous, having the same meaning.

pany with, associated with, adv.
With, toge her with.

सहिताना v. n. To thrill, have the hairs, stand on end. v. a. To stroke, rub gently, tickle, titillate; tire, harasa; tease.

सहिष्यार्थाः Patient, enduring, resigned. सहिष्यार s. f. Patience, resignation. ्राप्ताः सहो An emphatical particle. (.it is)

true or correct or good; very well, p.

REST : v. a. To try; to adjust; to
provide.

स्थिनो s. f. A woman's female companion, a handmaid damsel, concubine, ः, सभीद्र s. m. A brother of whole blood; one by the same father and mother.

Sahodar bhai, Full brother.

सरीत s. m. A plummet.

संदेश s. f. A kind of door-frame.

um adj. To borne or suffered.

Wi adj. Like, resembling (most commonly by way of adjunct; like the English ISH), as Kals-sa, Blackish; an adjunct the meaning of which is at times scarcely perceptible, though often it seems to give intensity to the preceding word, as Bahut-sa, Much, many, very much.

साज adj. Tractable. s. m. A relation. साज गी s. f. A support on which the pole of a cart is prouped.

संगर्ध s. m. Lord, master; (met.) a mendicant; the deity; an imitative sound, as of wind.

first s. f. Fear; the asthma; a lump of a sweetmeat (particularly of Julebee).

शंकर } s.f. A chain, a kind of female ornament; a strait, a narrow lane; (met.) difficulty. adj. Tight, narrow, close, strait, strict.

संदास s. f. A chain.

संस्कृत m. A bridge; a kind of wood (Shores robusta).

tim s.f. A spear or javelin, all of iron.
s. m. Disguise, mimickry, sham,
acting, imitation; a secene. Sang
korns, v. a. To act foolishly. Sang
lana. To imitate. to mimick.

काजो s. f. A support on which the pole of a cart is propped.

संगोत s. m. The exhibition of song, dancing and music as a public entertainment; the art or science of music and dancing.

साजूम s.f. A scate.

संबर s.m. A wife's son by a former husband. [real.

tivadj. True, proper, correct, exact,

संदाह. m. A mould,

संस्था s. f. Evening.

संक्षा s.m.] Image of cow-dung संक्षा s.f.] made by children in the month of Asin, krishna-paksha, to represent idols,

संद १ s. f. Joining, sticking; con-संद १ federacy, collusion; a stick for threshing corn with, a flail.

dizi s. m. A stick or whip with which elephants are beaten at the time of fight; a spur.

संदिश v. a. To join thread, to join, splice, to stick together.

संख् है s. m. A bull; a stallion; (met.) संख् का independent, extravagant fellow.

संहिती s.f. A female camel, a dromedary. Sandni-sawar, One who rides on a camel.

साहा s. m. Name of an-animal resembling a lizard) the oil of which is said to have restorative powers).

सात actj. Calm, tranquil, pacified, appeased. Sant kerna, To be appeased or parified.

माती prep. Instead. s. f. Stead.

साप s. m. A snake, a serpent. सापन s. f. A female snake.

where s. m. The name of a town, near
Amere, in the vicinity of which is
a lake, from which salt is extracted;
the salt itself.

संदर्भ adj. Of a dark or sallow com-संदर्भ s. m. A very small grain (Panicum frumentaceum).

wite s. m. Breath, sigh. Sdns ulti lmi,
To gasp or draw in breath (or a
person in agony) Sansa bharna, To
sigh, to regret. Sansa rakna, To
se smothered or throttled. Sansarakna,
v. a. To suffocate, to stiffe.

संस्था v. a. To snub, distress, threaten. संर्था s. m. Imagination, reflection, fancy, fear, apprehension.

संाचारिक adj. Worldly, of or belonging to the world.

establish an era. Sika karna, To establish an era; (met.) to distinguish one's self by heroic actions. Sike-bandh, s. m. A king who has established an era.

सावार adj. Having form or shape. साव s. f. Trust, credit, reputation ;

utur s. f. A branch.

season.

चाची *. f. An evidence, a witness ; an eye-witness.

शास्त्रात adj. Evident, conspicuous. sdv. Before, in the presence of.

हात है. m. Green, edible vege-स्थान के tables, culinary herbs, potherb. Sagpat hona, To become soft.

wire s.m. The ocean; to bathe the bones of Sayar's 60,000 sons the Ganges is said to have been led by Bhayirath, his great-great-grandson, to the ocean, at the place now called Ganga-sayar.

साजून s.f. Teak wood or tree (Tectona grandis).

Biere s. f. A chain,

**HEII adj. Numeral, relating to number.
**e. m. A system of philosophy, ascribed originally to the Muni Kapil
**W adj. Haying all the members.
**e. m. Disguise, mimickry, sham acting, imitation; a scene. Sáng karns. v. a. To-act foolishly. Sáng lana, To imitate, to mimic.
**W adj. True.

Will s. m. Preparation, harness, accontrements. साजन s. m. A sweetheart, lover.

साजना v. a. To prepare, dress, decorate, bedeck, regulate. v. n. To become, fit, snit.

WINT s. m. Partnership, association.

सामते s. m. A partmer, associate.

साटबाट s. f. Combining, leaguing, confederating.

साउ adj. Sixiy.

end s m. A kind of rice produced in the rains (so called, because it ripens; in 60 days from the time of sowing).

(iii) s. f. A dress consisting of one piece of c'oth worn by Hindu women round the body and passing over the head.

सादी s. m. The spring harvest or grain cut in the spring.

बाद s. m. A wife's sister's husband.

सर्वे adj. (used with nouns of number denotes) With a half (of one, or of the aggregate number in addition to the number specified).

est adj. Seven, Sdt panch karns, To be in doubt, to be unable to decide what to do. Sat samunder, The name of a game.

सातना adj. Seventh.

सातिसार वर्ता. Dysenteric, afflicted with dysentery.

सानित adj. Spontaneous, sincere; relating to or proceeding from the Setwah quality, honest, true, good, gentle, amiable, &c.

erw adv. With, together, along with.
s. m. Society, company. Sáth iske,
Along with this; besides, moreover.
Sáth usks, Along with that, although, notwithstanding. Sáth-dens,
To join. *associate with. Sáth-wala,
A comrade, a companion. Sáthontáth, Together with, along with.

साधिन s.f. A female companion.

सायो s. m. A companion, comrade, ally, accomplice, associate. Sathisath, Together, in one company.

साहर ady. Respectful. adv. Respectfully.

सादरा s. m. A kind of song.

mendicant. s. f. Desire.

साहस s. m. Resemblance, similarity. साथ adj. Virtuous, righteous, good, holy. s. m. A religious person, a

सामा adj. Completing, perfecting, finishing, who or what effects or completes; holy, devotee. s. m. A practiser.

साधन s. m. Accomplising, effecting;

equert v. a. To familiarize gradually to any habit, to teach, learn, habituate, accustom, to use, practive, regulate pacify, correct, rectify, settle, fix or determine, accomplish. s. f. The act of familiarizing by habitude, practice; accomplishment.

सामारण atj. In common ; common. सामारणपर्य s. m. Common or universal

sture use s.m. Common or universal duty, conduct to be observed by all castes or orders, as humanity, &c.

Hy adj. Pious, virtuous, good, pure, honest. s. m. A merchant; a kind of mendicant.

wight s. A. Goodness, honesty, correctness, plety.

साधुष्य s. m. A flower (Hibiscus mutabilis).

चापुडच s. m. The Kadamb tree (Nancless Cadamba).

साम्रक्षील adj. Virtuons, righteons, wisely or virtuously inclined.

राज adj. Accomplishable, attainable; practicable, easy. s. m. The twentysecond astronomical yog. सान s. f. A whestone, a grindstone. सानवृक्षाना v. a. To make one understand by hints.

साने s.f. Chaff or straw mixed with grain (particularly that from which oil has been expressed), as food for cattle.

सान s. m. Table land, level ground on the top or edge of a mountain.

पान्तन s. m. Conciliation, reconcilement. पाषा v. s. To knead, to mix up (flour, dough, earth, fc.), to impregnate, stam, soil, snear, defile; to whet.

सदिश्य s. m. Proximity, vicinity. भाष s. m. Imprecation, curse.

सायन s. m. A disorder in which the

सापना v. a. To curse.

unger odi. Faulty, offending.

मापिन a. f. A female snake.

सामाण adj. Productiveness, fruitfulness. सामाण adj. Attentive, cautions.

साबर adj. An elk; a leather of elk's or any kind of deer's hide for bedding; a small anvil.

साजानंत s. m. A spell composed in colloquial language.

चावृत adj. Whole, entire.

साम s. m. The third of the four Veds, the prayers of which composed in metre, are always sung or chanted.

सामग्री s. f. Furniture, tools, apparacus articles, materiels, sconery.

सामर s. m. A kind of salt.

सामगं s f. Ability. power.

सामग्री adj. Powerful, mighty, able, capable.

सामर्थ s. m. Ability. power.

चामा s. f. Apparatus, provisions, furniture, articles.

सामाजिका s. m. An assistant or spectator at an assembly, &c. सामाच adj. Common, general, generic, universal.

सामान्यस्य s. m. A generic or specific character.

श्वानाया s. f. A female who is common to all men, a harlot.

सामी s. f. A ferrule. adv. In front, fronting, before, confronting, opposite.

सामीच 3 m. Proximity, nearness.

सामहिक s. f. Palmistry, chiromancy,

fortune-telling, physiognomy.

हान्द्रवा है s. m. Encountering, con-चान्द्रवा है fronting, facting, front, opposition. Samna karna, To confront, oppose, encounter.

बाचे } adv. In front, fronting, be-साम्हमें fore, confronting, opposite.

सामार s. m. An elk.

सायंकाल s. m. Eventide, evening. साया s. m. Shade.

erc adj. Best, excellent. s. m. The pith or sap of trees, &c. strength, vigour; the essence of any thing, the essential or vital part of it, quintessence; value, worth; manure; iron; the piece used in playing choupur.

TITE s. m. A musical mode; a peacock a snake, a serpent; a cloud; the cry of a peacock; a deer; a woman; water; the name of a country; a lamp; the Nymphea lotus.

सार्क्षिया s, m. A fiddler,

सारको s. f. A musical instrument like fiddle.

- सारता s. f. Strength, substance ; essence सारता s. m. A. charioteer.

सार्या v. d. To perform, accomplish, effect, complete, make, mend.

चारकी ह s. m. Steel,

सुरस adj. Substantial, having pith, substance, strength, &c. सारविक त adj. Pithless, sapless.

सारस ६. m. } The Indian crane, male सारसी ६. f. } and female, (Ardeo Sibirica).

Saraswat country, or the north-west part of the province of Delhi.

GITI adjo All, whole. s. m. Wife's brother-in-law.

साराये १. m. Abridgment.

पारिका s. f. A bird (Turdus solics); also a myna (Gracula religiosa).

GIR s. f. Cream; a dress consisting of one piece of cloth worn by Hindu women round the body and passing over the head.

साद . f. A bird, a starling.

with s. f. The ninth lunar as terism.

मायेभीम s. m.- An emperor, a universal monarch.

सावेलीक adj. Universally known prevailing throughout the universe.

सार्ववर्षिक adj. Of every kind or sort, belonging or relating to every tribe. &c.

FIG. s. m. A common timber tree (Shorea rogusta), a thorn; perforation bore, mortise, a hole made by driving a pin into the ground, &c. s. f., A honse; place; a school. s. m. A jackal.

सालवास s. m. A stone, a species of Ammonite common in the Gmaduk river, and worshipped by the Vyshnuvs, as a type of Vishnu.

ালৰ } s. m. Ment or fish, &c. ভাৱৰা | eaten with bread or rice.

साजना v a. To penetrate, perforate, bore, prick, pierce, drill. v.n. To ache to be in pain, to smart.

सामपूर्ण s. f. A shrub (Hedysarum ganyeticum). साग्रप s. m. A shrub (Hibiscus mutabilis). • पाइन s. m. Society, association, connection, combination. [pine.

सामात s. m. The resinous juice of the Sal tree.

सामगाइन s. m. The sovereign Salivahan.

सालका s. m. Sarsaparilla.

মানা s. m. A wife's brother, brother-inlaw; (in copos. mostly), house, place থালা s. f. Sister-in-law, wife's sister, especially younger sister.

বালু s. m. A kind of red cloth (tyed with Morinda).

साबीतरी s. m. A horse-doctor.

₹14€ ε. m. A child, the young of ani mals.

सारकास s. m. Leisure, opportunicy.

game (i. e. wild animals for the chose).

सावधान adj. Careful, cantions, attentive. सावधानी s. f. Cantion, attention.

सावभावा s. f. Cantion, attention. सावज s. m. The name of the fourth Hin

du month, July-August. Saran hare nah Bhadon sukhe (Flourishing in summer and not fading in suluum), is applied to express continuance in the same state or situation.

सावन adj. Brave, heroic, s. m. A hero. सावनी s. f. Valour, heroism, bravery. सास s. f. A mother-in-law.

सासन s. m. Order, edict, comand ; a patent, a grant.

सामना v. a. To chastise, admonish.

WIV s. m. A merchant, a shop-keeper; an innocent person.

सारस s. m. Violence ; courage, spirit, valour, resolution.

सामनो adj. Violent; resolute, brave, bold, undaunted, determinted, daring. सामाब s. m. Friendship, fellowship; help, succour; alliance. साहित s. m. Society, association, connection, combination. [pine. साहित s. m. A plumb-line; a porcu-

RINGIS s. m. A great merchant.

साहकारी s. f. Traffic, trade, commerce. साहक s. m. A plummet,

सःचात adv. Before, in presence, in sight as, like ; evidently manifestly.

ere atj. Witnessing, seeing, an eyewitness; attesting, testifying, evidence, s. m. A witness (in law), an evidence, an eye-witness.

साचा s. m. Testimony, evidence.

বিষয় s. m. A powder-horn.

fसंबद्धा s. f. A small powder-horn for priming with.

सिंगिया s. m. A sort of poison.

सिवे:हो s. f. A polishing tool made of horn; an ornament of metal on the horns of a bullock.

सिंध: इ। s. m. Trapa notans ; a handkerchief folded diagonally.

few s. m. A lion; Leo, the sign of the zodiac; a title used by Hindus. Singhpour; The grand entrance gate (to a paluce &c.).

सिंहकोहर s. m. A lion's name ; a plant Mimusops elengi).

सिंपपार s. m. A gate, an entrance, especially the chief gate of a mansion or palace.

বিশ্বনাহ s. m. War-cry, warhoop, shouting or roaring upon making an onset. বিশ্বনাহৰ s. m. The roar or yelp of a lion;

war-cıy. सिंहनादका s. f. Hedysorum alhogi.

सिक्नी s. f. A lioness.

शिष्टपणी s. f. A plant (Justicis adhenatoda).

विषयुष्टी s. f. A plant (Hedysarum lagopodioides). firm s. m. Tin : brass : Cassia bark ; . Ceylon.

सिंडासन s. m. A throne.

सिकसा s. f. Gravel or stone (the disease). famal v. n. To be toasted or parched.

सिक्रों s. f. A staple (of a lock).

for s. m. A disciple, a scholar, a pupil, an apprentice; a people living in the Paniab.

श्विष्त | 14द 8, m. Tuition.

faces, m. Three or more strings tied together forming a support to hang any thing on : the cords of a bahangi, in which the baskets rest top, summit, peak, pinnacle,

शिखरन s. m. A kind of dish made of coagulated and milk sugar.

बिखाई s. m. Teaching, instruction.

शिकाश v. a. To teach; (met.) to admonish, chastise.

fent adj. All, every, the whole.

furi s. m. A trumpet. विकार s. m. Dress, ornament, embellishment, decoration. Singar-ras, s. m. ()ne of the nine Ras or senti-

सिङ्गारना v. a. To dress, decorate, embellish.

ments, that of love.

THE WILL S. m. The weaping Nytanthes (Nuctanthes arbor-tristis).

चित्रारिया s. m. One whose business is to dress an idol.

चित्रीही 8. f. A polishing tool made of horus; an ornament of metal on the horns of a bullock.

feeres s. m. Tropa natans ; a handkerchief folded diagonally.

विकात s. m. A preacher, teacher.

few: s. f. Tuition, sermon, doctrine. teaching.

विकास v. a. To tan, boil, seeth, melt. fezera adi. Fusiform, tapering.

बिही s. f. Whistling.

बिही s. f. Dross. lees.

fulli s. f. Insipidity, tastelessness.

fur s. f. Madness.

चिडन adj. f. Mad (women).

सिखनिक्तिमा aaj. Mad.

सिंडा इ. m. १ सिंडी इ. प्र.

सित adj. White. s. m. White (the colour); the planet venus,

स्तिक s. m. Palsy, numbness, being chilled with cold.

श्चितको adj. Palised, paralytic, numbed. श्चित क s. m. A sort of fish (Lacerta scineus).

चित्री s. f. Sweat.

श्विताद s. m. A kind of fish (Lacerta

चितोपल s. m. Chalk, or a mineral substance of similar appearance, considered as a variety. s. m. Crystal.

वियल adj. Cold, cool ; stupified, benumbed (with fear, &c.).

fur adj. Accomplished, effected, completed; celebrated, famous; valid (in law) ; demonstrated, proved (in logic); finished, s. m. A. divine personage of undefined attributes or character; a sort of demigod or spirit inhabiting the middle air, or region between the earth and sun : an inspired or prophetic writer, as Vyas and others, or one to whom the past. present and future, are supposed to be known; a sage, a seer; the twenty-first of the astronomical yogs; an adept, a magician, one who by the performance of certain mystical and magical rites has acquired superhuman powers; an ascetic who by mystical and austere practices has effected, one or all of five purposes, viz.

the affluence, the form or the society
of the gods, residence in the divine
Loks, or identification with a deity.
चित्रपातु s. m. Quicksilver.

भित्रस्य adj. Mineral, metallic. s. m. Quicksilver.

Taunum s. m. The performance of magical rites, &c. or the materials employed in magical or alchemical processes.

ferms. m. Demonstrated conclusion, established truth, result, consequence a system of science.

बिहानी s. m. A follower of the Mimunsa philosophy; a demonstrator, one who establishes his conclusions.

Fire s. f. Fulfilment, accomplishment; a yog, either the sixteenth of the astronomical periods termed yogs, or the nineteenth of the twenty-eight astrological yogs prosperity, success; accuracy, correctness; validity (in law); the result or fruit of the adoration of the gods or of ascetic severities; the supposed acquirement of supernatural powers by the completion of magical, mystical, or alchemical rites and processes.

, ছিমানো s. m. To go, set off. depart. ছিমানত s. f. Candour : simplicity. ছিনক s. m. Blowing the nose, snot. ছিনকা s. m. To blow the nose.

Indus the country along the Indus or Sindh.

चित्र पृष् : A conch. दिश्र वं : Rock salt. दिश्र : ... A river near Usin. दिश्र : ... f. Act of collecting, condensing or constringing; tone, leasticity, Simat ing. To shrivel, to shrink. चित्रका v. n. To be concentrated, to shrink, to be contracted or drawn together, to shrivel.

चित्रत s. m. Cunning, shrewdness. Syanpan, s. m. Cunning, art.

चित्राना adj. Cunning, artful, sly, shrewed knowing, sagacious, clever, prudent; mature (in understanding), grown up.

विद्यास है है, m. A jackal.

FUT s. m. The head, the top. Sir uthatchi paimal hona, To be crushed in the commencement of one's undertaking Sir uthana. To rebel, to rise up against one. Sir kata, Beheaded decapitated Sir karna, To begin. Sir karhna, To become conspicuous. Sir ke zor, With all (one's) might, Sir ko kadam karna. To go quickly but with respect. Sir khujana, To court punishment, Sir churkke marna, To lay the guilt of one's blood at the door of another. Sir charles, adj. Proud. haughty. Sir charhang, To exalt ; to assume, to be arrogant; to shew respect. Sir dulana or Sir dhunna, To shake the head from affliction. Sir dub, ad, Perfectly wet, Sir torna To subdue, Sir dharna, To be obedient, Sir nawana, To be humble, to be obedient. Sir papolna bheja khana, To shew kindness externally and harbour enmity in one's breast. Sirper khak dalna. To lament, Sir par charhana. To spoil (a child, &c.); to raise an inferior above one'sself; to shew respect. Sir-parasti kurna, To protect, to aid. Sir pitna, To lament, Sir phirana. To labour in vain. Sirpherns, To revolt from obedience. Sir marna, To take great pains, to search

deligently. Sir munland, To quit one's conexions and adopt a life of mendicity, Sir sekufan bandhaa, To engage in a desperate undertaking, giving up all regard to one's own sofety. Sir se sirus, The conducting of an affair depends on the leader or head.

चिरको s. f. A kind of reed of which mats are made, reed-grass (the upper joint of Saccharum procerum); a sort of mat to keep off rain.

सिरखप adj. Resolute (soldier), adventurous.
[enterprise. सिरखपी s. f. Resolution, perseverance,

सिरक्षना v. a To creat, produce, form. सिर्मटेशर s. m. Wrangling; affection of civility with internal hatred.

भि भीत adj. Rebellious, mutinous.

স্থিং হালা s. m. The head part or side of any thing (as of a tomb or bedstead), the place where the head rests or reclines.

fut s. m. Head, extremity, end.

सिराजाल s. m. Enlargement of the vessels of the eye.

चिराव adj. Cold, becoming cold.

ferrer v. n. To cool. n. a. To make cold to cool; to set afloat, to afloat to set off, to despatch.

च्छिरस s. m. A tree (Mimoso serisa). चिरोजात s. m. Redness and inflam nation of the eyes.

बिरो adj. Mad, insane.

ষিলা s.f. A stone, a rock; a flat stone on which condiments, &c. are ground with a mill.

हितपट करों. Smooth, even, level.

चित्रबद्दा s. m. To stones with which spices, paint, &c. are ground.

श्चित्रवाजा v. a. To cause to sew or statch.

चित्राइ s. f. The price of sewing ; seam, sewing,

विवाक्तित s. m. Storax.

सिलाना v. a. To cause to sew or stitch. सिलानस s. m. Storax.

चिनी s.f. A whestone; a small kiln; the trunk of a tree; plank; a teal.

चित्र s. m. An Indian deity, Mahadev. चित्रपानी s. f. A festival held on the

14th of the dark fortnigt in the month of phalyan (February-March), in honor of the birth of the Ling or phallus.

भिगाना s. m. Verge, limit, boundary,

सिगर s. m. Green vegetation at the bottom of pools or other water (Vallisneria spiralis or octandra).

सिरासा s. m. A temple of Mahadev.

सिसाना v. a. To sob.

विसक्ती s. f. Sobbing. Siskiyan bharna,

सिहनों v. n. To shiver, to shake with cold.

सिहरना v. n. To shiver, shake with cold, to crape.

West s. m. A chaplet, a garland, wreath worn on the head by a bridegroom and bride at the marriage ceremony).

fustin adj. Tiresome, tedious.

भित्राणा v. n. To thrill, to have the hairs stand on end. v. a. To stroke, rub gently, tickle, titillate; to tire, harnss. tease.

स्रोंस s.f. The culm of the grass (An, dropogon maricalum) of which brooms are made.

सींबर s. m. The flower of the Sink,

सौंका अ फा. A groove.

सींकिस tadj. Striped.

सींग s. w. A b irn.

चींगड़ा s. m. A powder-horn.

सींगा 8. m. A horn (musical).

सींगिया s. m. A kind of poison.

pangentissimus), a cup for cupping; a small horn (musical). Singi lagana, To cup.

सीचना v. a. To irrigate, to water.

बॉबाई s. f. The price paid for irrigation or watering.

होंची s. f. The season for watering fields, &c.

wits. m. A hedge-hog,

सोसरी s. f. A wire-chain.

सोच s. f. Admonition, learning, study.

बीखना v. a. To learn, to a quire.

चीचना v. a. To water, to irrigate.

सीज s. m. A species of Euphorbia, the milky hedge-plant (Euphorbia nerifolis or antiquorun).

सोजना v. n. To exude, filtrate, sweat; to seeth, boil, dissolve or become soft by boiling; to be received (as money), liquidated (as a debt).

খীতী s.f. Whistling. Siti bajana, To whistle. Siti bandhna, or,—gum hona, or,—bhuha, To be distracted or ean founded, to become senseless. Siti baz. A whistler

रीह) s. f. Dregs of betel, or any thing that has been chewed. बीडमा . m. \ Abusive songs sung by

सोडनी s f. \ women at weddings. सीडा adj. Tasteless, insipid, woak, vapid, pale, pithless, sickly, faded.

vapiu, paie, pitniess, sickly, faded. बोडो s. f. A ladder, stair, step; degree. बोत s. f. Cold or chilness, dew, wet,

wetness.

स्रीतकास s. m. Winter.

सीत मर s. m. Ague.

स्रोतरह s. m. The flux, dysentery:

चीतज adj. Cool, cold; stupified, benumbed (with fear, gc.), सीतलबीगी s. f. Allspice (Myrtus pimenta). सीतलपाटी s. f. A kind of fine, cool mat. सीतला s. f. Small pox.

स्रोता s.f. The daughter of Janak and wife of Ramchandra.

स्रोताङ्क s. m. Palsy.

सीताक्षत s.m. The custard apple (Annona squamosa).

Rui adj. Straight, right, direct; opposite; simple; fair, candid, upright. s. m. Provisions, victuals (undressed), forage. Sidha karna, To straighten.

सीधाई s. f. Straightness, dtrectness; simplicity; candour, uprightness.

सीधो s. f. Straightness,

सौना v. a. To sew, to stitch.

सीप s. f. A shell; a kind of mango. इपो s. f. A shell,

सोमा s. f. A boundary, a limit, restriction, a landmark, or mound; &c., serving to fix the limits of estates, &c.

सीमाइच s. n. A tree serving as a boundary mark.

भीमासन्ति s. m. The meeting of two boundaries.

सीरा adj. Cool. s. m. A kind of sweetment made of meal and sugar.

सील s. m. Nature, quality, disposition; good conduct or disposition, steady and uniform observance of law and morals. s. f. Cold. dampness. Ankhon men sil hons, To be polite, generous.

सीखनान् adj. Of good or amiable disposition, benevolent, well-conducted.

सीला adj. Damp, wet, cool.

सीरन s.m. Sewing, Stitching, a seam.

सीवनी s.f. The frenum of the prepuce.

होदली s. m. Name of a caste whose business it is to draw juice from the date tar trees.

चीस s.m. The head, Sis-phul; s.m. An ornament for the head (worn by females).

सीसा s. m. Lead.

सीचों s. m. A kind of wood, or name of a tree (Dalbergia sisu).

सीइ s. m. A hedge hog.

w adv. A particle and prefix analogous to good, well, &c., and implying reverence, worship, honour. (In Braj) adv. From, by, with, of, as. Ja-su, From or of whom: it is also some-times used for so. He, she, it, they, &c.

मुंचाना v. a. To cause to smell.

सुकचाना v. n. To be abashed, to be afraid v. a. To abash.

सुत्रहा adj. Lean, thin, dry, emaciated सुत्रहो adj. f. Lean. thin, dry, emaciated. s. f. Dried fish.

सुकड़ना v. n. To be shrunk or contracted, to shrink; to draw in, collect, gather up, constrain, shrivel, dwindle.

सुक्तर adj. Easy, practicable, attainable. s. m. The planet Venus; Friday.

मुक्तवार adj. Delicate, feeble.

सकाच s. m. Goodness of seasons; plenty, abundance.

सुकुचना v. n. To fear, to be afraid of, to be in awe of, to be abashed, to apprehend, to be apprehensive.

सम्भार adj. Soft, delicate, smooth, tender: youthful, young.

tist adj. Virtuous, pious; done well, well performed, properly, ably, &c. s. m. Virtue, a good action, moral merit; kindness, bounty.

सुक्रती adj. Virtuous, pious, good; benign, benevolent.

सुक्तिया s. f. A. good action, a good

work; a moral or religious observance.

सुख s. m. Ease, tranquillity, pleasure, delight, easy circumstances, content, happiness. Sukh pana, To get ease, leisure, rest, &c.

मुखचैन s. •m. Ease, rest, leisure, tranquillity.

स्थतसा s. m. A piece of leather placed on the sole within the shoe.

मुखद adj. Salubrious, pleasant; conferring or affording pleasure, &c.

सुद्धान s. m. A shrub, the juice of which is given for the ear ache (Crinum A staticum and zeylanicum).

संखदाई } adj. Ease affording, comforter, giver of case or content.

सुखदान s. m. Giving of ease or of comfort or of content.

सखदास s. m. A kind of rice.

सुख्धाम s. m. Abode of happiness, &c. मुख्यप्रेक adv. Easily, without difficulty. सुख्याग s. m. Happiness, good fortune, सुख्याग adj. Happy, delighted.

स्थमय adj. Full or consisting of happiness, delightful.

स्वसाध्य adj. Easy of accomplishment or attainment.

सञ्चाना) v. a. To dry; to emacinte, संख्याना) to cause to pine away; evaporate.

सुसार्थ adn. For the sake of ease, happiness, &c. [happiness. सुसार्थ adj. Seeking or wishing for सुसारा adj. Easy not difficult facile.

मुकासाद adj. Well-flavoured; delightful, agreeable. s. m. Enjoyment, flavour.

सुचित सुचित्रा सुचित्रा सुचित्रा शुच्च adj. At ease, happy, tranquil, contented, comfortable, pleasant, possessing happiness or pleasure. सु खस्त्रभाव s. m A happy or contented disposition.

स्बेच्छा s. f. Hope or desire of happiness. सुवादय s. m. Realization or decurrence of pleasure.

सन्दात adj. Celebrated, famous.

सञ्चाति s. J. Fame, celebrity.

हनस adj. Fragrant, sweet smelling. s.m. Good smell, fragrance, odour, perfume. Sugandh-rae, Name of a flower.

स्वाध्याः s f. Fragrance, pleasant scent, such as is produced by the trituration of perfumes

स्तम adj. Accessible, good (as a road); easy, practicable; plain, intelligible, सुत्र adj. Secret, well hidden or kept

secret. adv. Secretly, privily. समृत्रि s. f. Closeness, secrecy.

स्पर्दे s.f. A musical mode sung in the afternoon. [tiful.

स्वज्ञ adj. Elegant, accomplished, beau-स्वज्ञार s.f. Elegancy, accomplishment. सच्च adj. Pure, undefiled, unpolluted, clean.

सुचकना v. n. To be astonished or startled.

सुनित adj. Thoughtless, easy, at leisure, disengaged; attentive, careful, occupied.

सुविना s.f. Due reflection or consideration.

स्केत adj. Attentive, mindful, careful, aware, cautions.

स्जन alj. Virtuons, good, respectable ; kind, benevolent.

सुजनता s. f. Goodness, benevolence, kindness,

सुजसी adj. Renowned.

सुत्राति adj. Of a good tribe or species. सुत्रात adj. Intelligent, wise, knowing. सुत्राता v. n. To cause to swell. सुभाग v. a. To shew, to make. understand. [city.

स्त्रान s. m. Wisdom, intelligence, saga-स टक्कन s. f. A rod.

सुर्कना v. a. To swallow by gulps and with a noise.

सुडकी } s. m. Act of suddenly slacken-सुड़की ∫ ing the string of a paper kite.

सुद्धव s. f. Sipping, or sucking up (as broth), or the noise made thereby.

सुद्धपना ग. n. To sip.

क्ट्रक्ता o. a. To swallow by gulps.

सुडील सुद्धन ed, elegant, graco-ful.

सुडीलदेही s. f. Gracefullness of bodily shape, handsomeness.

स्त 8. m. A son.

स्ता s. f. A daughter.

सुवाक s. m. A carpenter ; time, opportunity.

सुनारी s. f. An awl, a bodkin.

सुतार्थी adj. Desirous of having a son. सुवन s. m. Trousers.

सुष्या ady. Neat, beautiful, elegant, adorned, excellent, well.

स्थराई s. f. Neatness, beauty, elegance, goodness.

सुषरासाही s. m. A follower of Suthrasa, a religious mendicant.

हरनी s.f. The female elephant of the north-west quarter.

सुर्भेन adj. Handsome, good-looking. s.m. The discus of Krishna; the roseapple (Eugenia jambu).

सुदो The light half of the lunar month.

सहरापार adj. Very wicked, abandoned, a profligate.

सुदुर्चभ adj. Difficult to be attained, unattainable. सुद्रकार adj. Very difficult.

egg adj. Solid, firm. adv. Very hard or firm.

सुष s. f. Memory, remembrance, sensation, consciousness, notice, care, intelligence. adj. Accurate, correct; pure, clean, unrolluted. Be-sudh, adj. Beside one's self. सुष्वध s. f. Correct knowledge, per-

ception, sense, care.

सुधतिना v. a. To take care of, accommodate, look after, inquire into.

guest v. n. To be correct, to be or seem right or good, to be mended, to avail, to succeed or answer.

Hui s. m. Nectar, the beverage of immortality and sustenance of the gods; the nectar or honey of flowers.
Hui adv. Together, with.

. নুধান) s. m. The moon, as being ধুখাকা) the supposed mine or repository of the bererage of the gods.
ধুখানা v. s. To put in mind, to cause

to remember. सुधारना v. a. To adorn, adjust, arrange.

rectify, mend. 평대 & m. A pandit, a learned man or teacher; an intelligent person.

स्न adj. Insensible, without sensation,

स्थाबर s. m. A kind of snake.

सुनवहरी s. f. A disease (Elephanticsis). सनसर s. m. An ornament,

सुनसान adj. Void, drenry, desolate and silent, still, lonely dismal.

सनकरा है adj. Golden.

सुनाना c. c. To cause to hear, to inform, to advise ; tell, bid, warn.

बुबापट s.f. Stillbess, dreatness. इनाम s.m. A mountain; part of the ranges of southern India. सुनार s. m. A goldsmith.

सुनारम् $\left. \begin{array}{c} s.f. & A \text{ goldsmith's wife.} \end{array} \right.$

सुनारी adj. Clever. s.f. The business of a goldsmith; a good handsome woman.

सुनावनी s, f. Tidings of any one having died abfoad.

सनिद्रा s. f. Sound sleep.

सुनीत adj. Well-behaved; politic. s. m. Good conduct; policy:

ৰণীৰ s. f. Propriety of behaviour, good manners.

सुनीलक s. m. The blue shrike; the emerald or sapphire.

सुन्दर adj. Beautiful, handsome, comely, seemly; good, virtuous.

सन्दरता है s. f. Beauty, handsome-

बुद्धी adj. Beautiful, handsome; a woman. s.f. Beauty, comliness; a small timber tree (Heritiera minor).

सन्धावट s. m. Smell, perfume, odour, scent, an earthy smell.

स्वा v. a. To hear, hearken, listen or attend to. s. m. Hearing; a cypher.

खुपन s. m. The leaf of the Laurus cassiss. सम्बद्ध s. m. A good road; good conduct.

जुव s. m. The party which has justice on its side; the fortunate half of the menth, i. e. from the new to the full moon.

बुवची s. m. An advocate of the just cause.

सुपान adj. Worthy, fit, creditable. s. m. An able or clever man; a vessel of earthenware, &c.

सपारा s. m. Glans penis.

चपारी s.f Betel-nut (Areca catechu) ;

- सप्त } s. m. An excellent, a tractable सप्त } or dutiful son.
- TH odj. Sleeping, asleep; senseless, numbed. s. m. Sleep, deep or sound sleep.
- सप्रतास adj. Manifect, apparent; public. सप्रतिष्ठा s. f. Consecration. erection.
- (as of a temple or i.lol).

 Butta adj. Well-pleased, favouring,
 favourable.
- शकल adj. Bearing good fruit (literally or figuratively) fruitful, profitable useful.
- स्पेन s. m. Cuttle-fish bone.
- स्वस adj. Well-secured, having a good binding.
- स्तास s. f. Sweet smell, fragrance, odour, perfume.
- wiff adj. Wise, clever, intelligent.
- ин adj. Good, pleasant, agreeable, happy, fortunate, anspicious.
- क्षमबा s.f. A woman beloved by her husband, a favourite wife; a respectable and auspicious mother.
- सुमद adj. Propitious, auspicious, for-
- guis s. m. Good disposition, nature, natural state, property, disposition. adj. Well-disposed, of good quality. guisting a compound. adj. Good and bad, and a compound of the compound of the
- स्भोता s. m. Opportunity, convenience, accommodation, time leisure.
- कुनक्क adj. Very fortunate or auspicious.
- सुमत adj. Friendly, well or kindly disposed.
- समित s. f., Friendship, kindness; benevolence; good conscience.
- समन ady. Handsome, beautiful. s. m. Wheat.
- सुमनीकर adj. Very agreeable, pleasing, beautiful.

- Have s. m. f. Remembrance (continual theme), mentioning. s. f. A small rosary, or string of beds.
- स प्रशा v. a. To remember, to keep in memory; to mention, Sumir, s. m. Remembrance.
- स्वेद s. m. The sacred mountain Meru allegorically represented as composed of gold and gems, and the residence of the gods; (in astronomy) the north-pole,
- स मेख adj. Suitable, affable, of pleasing manners.
- स ला s. m. A sponge-staff, a ramrod. सर s. m. A god, a deity; tone, voice, accent, note; a vowel. Sur, milana,
- To sing in tune, to tune.

 IN S. f. A mine; a hole cut in a wall
 to break into a house, &c.; a gallery,
 subterraneous passage, an adit. s. m.,
 Red colour. adj. Red-coloured, light
 bay or chesnut (horse).
- स रक्षभातु s. m. Red chalk.
- स्त s. f. Recollection, consideration, reflection, memory, attention, caution, accuracy; copulation, coition.
- स्ता वर्ता. Mindful, considerate, attentive, prudent, intelligent, accurate. स्रक्षीचा वर्ता, Considerate, prudent.
- सर्भ प s. m. Resin, turpentine.
- सुर भि adj. Fragrant, sweet-smelling.
- स्रस adj. Sweet ; well-flavoured, sapid, juicy.
- हरहराना v. n. To creep along as a snake, to make the noise a snake does when creeping.
- सुरवराष्ट्र ६. f. Creeping (sensation), titillation.
- ब्रव्ही s. f. Titillation; an insect bread in grain.
- e et s.f. Spiritnous liquor.

सुरक्ता v. a. To swallow by gulps.

सदप adj. Handsome. well-formed. beautiful.

स्रेन । १ s.f. A paramour, a mistress, सुरेशिन (a concubine.

सलगना v. n. To light, to be kindled, to be inflamed; to burn without smoke or flame. [kindle.

सुलगाना v. n. To light, to inflame, to सालका v. n. To be unravelled or disentangled.

सलभाग v. a. To unravel, to disentangle.

मुखम adj. Easy, feasible, attainable, of easy acquisition or attainment, not difficult to be obtained or effected.

सन्तरामा v. a. To cause to put to sleep. सुक्चण s. m. Good distinguishing mark or character, adj. Clearly or strongly distinguished by (marks, features.

or) character. सुलाना v. a. To cause or put to sleep, to repose; to kill, to murder. Sula

dena, To kill, to murder. सुलैमानी s. m. An onvx.

सनका adj. Eloquent.

स वचन s. m. Eloquence, speaking well or elegantly.

सुनर्ष alj. Of a good tribe or cast: · brilliant, bright; of a good colour. s. m. Gold ; a sort of Sandal-wood ; a kind of red chalk or ochre.

सुंबर्चगिचत s. m. (In arithmetic) Allegation medial.

स्याना v. a. To cause to sleep.

स्यास s. m. A pleasant or reputable · dwelling ; an agreeable perfume. संवित्रम s. m. Prowess, valour.

भृतिकार s. m. Deliberate or due consideration.

सविध adj. Of a good kind, in a good or

easy way, adv. Easily.

स्वेदी adj. Well-dressed, ornamented. decorated.

सन्या s. m. A sleeper.

स्योज adj. Well-disposed, of good temper or disposition.

सुगीलता s. f. Natural amiability, excellence of temper or disposition.

सुपन्न वर्ता.. Fast asleep.

सुविध s. f. Deep sleep, profound repose, entire insensibility.

स्यकारमा v. n. To sibilate, to hiss (as (a snake).

सम्ताना v. n. To rest.

स्यमय है. m. A season of plenty, a good season.

संबद } s.m. Father-in-law.

स्यगर । s. f. Father-in-law's house ध्याम or family.

मुख adj. Well, healthy.

सस्यता e. f. Health.

सृत्यिर adj. Firm, steady, stable : resolute, cool.

सुक्रमी o. n. To trail, to drag.

सुद्धान 8. m. Auspiciousness, good fortune; the affection of a husband.

सुष्टागन s. f. A woman beloved by her bushand, a favourite wife, a married woman whose husband is alive.

सहागिपदास s.m. A casket of iewela presented by the bridegroom to his

सञ्ज्य इ. f. A cool refreshing breeze. सुष्टाना s, m. Borax,

सुद्रामा ady. Agreeable, pleasant, charm-

सुराजा adj. Agreeable, pleasant, charming. v. n. To be agreeable, to please, to be liked or approved of. Helaf v. a. To trail, to drag.

सहाल s. m. } Bread (or cakes) fried सङाली s. f. \ in butter,

सहारण adj. Agreeable, pleasant, charming.

सुदावना adj. Agreeable, pleasant charming. v. n. To be agreeable, to please, to be liked or approved of,

सम्रह्म adı. Good-hearted.

सक्द s.m. A hog, Suar ka gost, Pork. स्परी s. f. A sow.

Tyr s. m. A parrot, paroquet; a needle with which gunny bags are sewed, a packing needle, an awn of corn.

Ht s. f. A needle. Sui ka sen bat, A bubble. Sui ke nake se khudai ko nikalna, Applied to express the performance of things apparently impossible. Suiya, adj. Pointed.

द'गरा s. m. A buffalo calf.

संगा s. m. Clitoris.

म च*s. f*. Smell.

संघन s. f. Any thing to smell to snuff, smelling.

संघना v. a. To smell.

सुंचनी s. f. Snuff.

स ट s. f. Silence, Sunt bharna, or marna, To be silent. Sunt mare jana, To depart in silence.

w s. f. Proboscis of an elephant.

et s. m. A weevil, or small insect in corn.

संस्थे s. m. A distiller and vender of spirituous liquors.

स्तना है v. a. To strip leaves off vegetables ; to draw (a sword.) संस s. m. A porpoise.

सकटा वर्ता. Lean, weak.

स्वना v. n. To dry, to become dry.

सकर s. m. A hog; a sort of deer (the hog-deer).

सुका a. m. A kind of vetch. सका adj. Dry.

II s. m. A quarter of a rupee क्किडी *8. f.* ∫ piece.

सकास s. m. Leisure.

स्वद्शी s. f. A consumption, atrophy... संखना To dry, dry up, evaporate, fall away, pine away, emaciate, shrivel, dwindle, wither.

सदा adj. Dry. s. m. Dry tobacco enten with betel leaf; a consumption, atrophy. Sukha dhan. Rice burnt up by the sun's rays.

सम्बंध s. f. Perfume, fragrance. adj. Fragrant, Sugandha-sana, Impregnated or mixed with perfume.

सुना s. m. A paroquet.

सुचक s.m. A teacher, an instructor ; a needle.

सचित adj. Thoughtless, at leisure, disengaged, at ease; careful, attentive ; occupied.

सभी s. f. A needle.

small : shrill.

सचीपव s. m. An index (to a work). सञ्च adj. Subtile, fine, slender, minute,

सक्षमता s. f. Subtileness, minutenes : shrillness.

सूतवा v. n. To swell, to rise.

सुना s. m. A borer, a gimlet, an auger, an awl.

सुत्री s. f. Meal, flour (ground coarse). सुनी s. m. A tailor. s. f. A needle.

सभा s. f. Sight.

सभाग v. n. To be visible, to be seen, to appear, to seem, to be able to be seen.

स द्वाज adj. Well-shaped, graceful.

eq s. m. Thread, yarn ; a silver thread; a stamen (in botany), a tendril; a charioteer, a carpenter. Sut-bunti, A kind of needle-work.

स्तद 8. m. Impurity from childbirth or miscarriage.

स्तना v. n. To sleep.

सृद्ध s. m. A division of the lower regions, the sixth in descent.

स्र

स्तरा s. m. Reins of a charriage; the little skin that rises backwards near the nails, at the end of the fingers.

मृतली s.f. String, twine.

स्तिका s. f. A woman recently delivered. सतो adj. Made of cotton-thread, threaden.

सुतीमास s. m. The fast month or preg-

ন্ত্ৰ s. m. A thread in general; a rule, a precept, in morals or science. স্বামন s.f. Drawers.

स्थनी s. f. Drawers; an edible root (Dioscorea fusciculata).

ৰ জ s. m. A person of the fourth or servile tribe among the *Hindus*. বুড়াবা s. f. A female of the Sudra cast.

स्था adj. Proper, true; straight;

स्पाई s.f. Simplicity, artlessness.

सून ady. Empty, vacant.

सना adj. Empty, desert, void. सनु s. m. A son.

nowing corn with.

स्पावेना s. m. A kind of bird, s swallow (Hirundo opus batassia).

स्वारा s. m. Glans penis.

सृपियारी s. f. Betel-nat.

स्वर adj. Impure, alloyed (silver). स्वरण s. m. Pure gold. adj. Golden.

स्वस s. m. A pleasant dwelling. स्वास s. m. A pleasant dwelling; a

pleasant smell, fragrance. सुभाव s. m. Good disposition, good

सुनाव s. m. Good disposition, good nature. ady. Well-disposed. सन s. m. A miser.

14 8. m. A miser.

स्र s. m. A hero ; the sun ; tenesmus. सरम s. m. The sun. स्रजगहन s. m. Eclipse of the sun.

ब्रम्सको s. f. Sun-flower (Helianthus annuus) ; a kind of fan or parasol.

स्ता s. f. Valour, heroism. Surta-

स्दास n. prop. A Hindi poet and singer who was blind; hence a blind man, among the Hindoos, is called Suradas.

सूरवीर s. m. A hero. स्रमलार s. m. A musical mode.

म्रमा adj. Bold ; brave.

स्रमापन s. m. Bravery, heroism.

स्रा s. m. A hero.

स्थें s. m. The sun. स्थेवहण s. m. Eclipse of the sun.

म्थेनखन s.m. The orb or disc of the sun. म्थानखो s. m. Sun-flower (Helianthus annus).

स्थितकान्ति s. f. The sun's entrance into a new sign.

स्यान s. m. Sunset.

सृर्थीदव s. m. Sunrisc.

चुंब s. m. f. Colick; a trident, pike, dart; the point of a spear; a thorn; compassion, tenderness. s. m. Situation, condition.

सुली s. f. An impaling stake. Suli] dens, or—charhans, To empale.

स्या s. m. A parrot, paroquet; a needle with which gunny bags are sewed, a packing needle, an awn of corn.

सुम 🕻 s. m. A porpoise (Del-सेनमार 🕻 phinus).

स्मंदेश s. m. Good tidings.

स्ती s. f. A kind of cloth.

सूडा adj. Red, crimson. s. m. A musical mode.

स्राजनसा adj. Red as the dye of safflower.

कुस बर्गु, Little, small ; minute, atomic ; fine, delicate ; ingenious, subtle. स्थाता . f. Fineness, subtlity. सक्तदशीं adj. Acute, quick, sharp-sight- | शेजवल s. m. A cord for fastening beded, intelligent.

सेख

इस्त्रहाँड adj. Sharp, shrewd, intelligent, acute, s. f. Mental acumen.

सत्रवा v. s. To create, produce, form. We adi Created, made.

wfe s. f. Creation, creating; the creation, the world; nature, natural property or disposition.

adv. From, of, out of, by, with, at, since, to, through, than.

चेंत s. m. Toasting, fomentation. séak sank karna, To toast or warm.

सक्ता v. a. To toast, parch, warm before, or with, anything hot, to foment, to incubate (eggs).

संकडा adj. Hundred.

चॅगरी s. f. A pod, siliqua (particularly the siliqua of the radish).

चेंडा s. m.) A kind of reed (of which चेंडी s.f. | morhas are made), reedgrass (Saccharum Sara).

स्ति adv. Gratis, free of cost.

सेंतना v. a. To adjust, to put to rights सें तमित adv. Gratis, free of cost.

सेंद s.f. A vegetable (Curumis Madraspotanus).

में इर s. m. Red-lead. minium.

ਚੌਖ s. m. A hole made in a wall by thieves.

में धना v. a. To mine.

सें था s. m. Rock-salt.

से पिया s. m. poison ; a house-breaker ; a Murhatta tribe (probably so called, as originating on the banks of the river Sindh). .

में भा s.f.' The juice of the wild date tree (Phenix sylvestris).

संह्र्या s. m. A tetter.

सेचन s. m. Sprinkling , aspersion.

सेत s. f. A bed, a couch.

ding to the bedstead.

सेंड s. m. A wholesale merchant, banker, रेडन s. f. A. whisk, a kind of brush.

सेन adj. White.

सेतदीप s. m. The white island or a minor division of the universe so called, and supposed by Wilford to be Britain.

मेत s. m. A bridge.

सेत्यम s. m. The ridge of rocks extending from the south extremity of the Coromandel coast towards the island of Ceylon, supposed to have been formed by Hanuman by command of Ram, as a bridge for the passage of his forces, when going against Ravan.

सेदना v. a. To stune, to foment.

सेन s. m. A. hawk. सेना s. f. An army.

सेनानी [s. m. A general, the com-सेनापति 🕻 mander of an army.

सेस s. m. The flat bean.

क्षेत्रज s. m. The silken or a coarse kind of cotton, or the tree producing it (Bombax hept sphyllum).

#₹ s. m. Name of a weight.

सेराना v. a. To set affoat ; to despatch ; to cool.

सेड्या s. m. The head and foot parts of a bed-frame.

सेल s. m. A spear.

सेका s. m. A kind of sheet constituting a part of dress, especially worn and given in presents in the Dakkhin; a royal tiger.

सैनिया s. m. Tabby, puss.

ance on.

बेखों s. f. A necklace (of threads) worn by mendicants, a sash, a belt.

सेंब s. m. A kind of sweetmeat ; an apple. s. f. Service, worship, attendरेवच s. m. A servant, a worshipper, a votary.

सेनकाई s. f. Service.

सेवड़ा s. m. A mendicant of the Jyn faith, Trophis aspers.

रीजती s. f. 'A white rose (Rosa gladulifers).

Ram s. m. Sewing, darning, stitching; service, verbal n. Serving, to serve.

सेवना v. a. To attend on, serve ; to brood, rear, sit, inculate, hatch.

चेतरा s. m. Half baked earthen-ware.

श्वा s. f. Service, servitude; worship, homage; addiction to attendance on. श्वारी s. f. Sugar that has been puri-

fied with siwar, the green vegetation at the bottom of rivers or other water.

सेवेई s. f. Vermicelli.

ψ u s, m. Remainder, end; the king of the serpent race, as a large thousandheaded snake, at once the couch and ennopy of Vithnu and the upholder of the world, which rests on one of its heads,

चें चनाग s.m. The king of the serpent race चें चर s.m. The gripe of a bow; name of a play at cards.

से हो s. m. A porcupine.

सं इष्ड s. m. A species of Euphorbia, or indeed a general name for plants of that kind; the milk-hedge plant Euphoroia antiquorum gc).

चै adj Hundred. s. f. Sucess.

चें कड़ा adj. Hundred.

में बर s. m. The bean of Sumee or mimosa Suma.

चैंतना v. a. To adjust, to put to rights. चैंताबोस adj. Forty-seven.

ซัสเร. m. Arrangement.

सें तीस adj. Thirty-seven.

संबद्ध adv. A hundred per cent.

स्तेतना v. s. To take care of, keep carefully, husband.

सँग s. m. Sleeping, repose. s. f. An army, forces; a wink, sign, token, hint, a signal. Syn karna. To beckon.

से नात नी s. f. Mutual tokens, signs, hint or signals.

सैसा adj Produced or born on Sindh. • t.m. A horse : rock-salt.

सेन्द s. f. An army.

सेंच s. m. A monntain.

में हरन s. f. Sufferance.

चे हरनी s. m. Sufferer.

सी pron. That, he, she, it ; so.

सीपर s. m. The chamber of a puerperal woman.

सीचा s. m. Fennel (Anethum sows). सीई pron, That very, he himself.

से postpos. From, with, through, than. सीटा s. m. A club, mace, pestle. Sonte bordar. A mace-bearer; a person in the retinue of the great, armed with a short-enred club generally covered with silver.

सींड s.f. Dry ginger; (met.) a misor South ki mas nah lena, To be very covetous. South ki si has le raha. To endure, to wait patiently; to suffer.

सीत्राय ady. Hard, miserly.

चोंदी s.f. The wash in which washermen steep their cloth.

श्रीवना v. a, To rub cloth in mud preparatory to washing; to mix, to smear.

सींपा s. m. A composition of fragrant substances used for washing the hair; smelling like that of a new earthen vessel when wetted or from parching of pulse.

सींधास्ट s. f. Fragrance; a smell like that of new earth. adj. Fragrant, smelling like new carth.

नीपना v. a. To deliver over, commit to charge, give, consign, resign, entrust, deposite.

सोंह s. f. An oath. .

सोंइधिकाना v. a. To adjure, to swear.

सींहडालना v. a. To conjure. .,

भी इदेना v. a. To adjure.

सीही adv. Face to face, opposite, before, in front.

सोध s. m. The holes in a bedstead through which the strings for bracing it pass; affliction, grief, lamentation, sorrow.

सीयना v. a. To soak up, dry up, absorb. सीव s. m. Affliction, grief, sorrow

क्षांच s. m. Affliction, grief, so frow lamentation, anguish.

सोगी adj. Afflicted, grievous.

सीच s. m. Consideration, reflection, thought, meditation.

सीचना v. a. To consider, think, meditate; advert, reflect, imagine, conceive.

स्रोज s. f. Swelling.

स्रोभ s. f. Straightness.

सीभा adi. Straight.

सीन s. m. A spring, a fountain, a सीता s. f. j jet d'eau, a stream, a rivulet, an arm (of the see).

स्रोता part pres. Asleep. s. m. Asleep,

सीय s. f. Swelling, intumescence.

सोदरा adj. Born of the same mother; an own brother.

सीध s.f. Discharge (of debt); correction, search, inquiry, collection.

ৰীখন v. a. To pay, to discharge (a debt), to liquidate; to collate; to refine metals.

দীৰ s.m. Name of a river; name of a flower (Bignenia indics).

सीनहरा है *ब्यों*. Golden.

सीनइसापानी s. m. Gilding.

श्रीना v. n. To sleep; (met.) to die. s. m. Gold. Sone-ka nawala, Au emensive banquet, a delicious morsel. श्रीनिया s. m. One who separates gold from ashes, &c. in the mint.

सोपान s. f. A ladder, a scale.

सोभगा v. n. To become, befit.

सोमा s. f. Beauty, splendour, show, ornament, dress, decoration.

स्रोभायमान adj. Beautiful, splendid, conspicuons, adorning.

सीभाव s. m. Nature, natural state, property or disposition, genius.

श्रोम s. m. Moon; a mountain or mountainous range, the mountains of the moon.

सोनतीर्थ s. m. A place of pilgrimage in the west of India.

सोनपत s.m. A sort of grass (Saccharum cylindricum).

सोमराज s. m. Black cumin seed (Serratula anthelmintics).

सीनराजी s. m. A medicinal plant (Serratula antheimintics). सोमबत adj, Lunar. adv. Like the moon.

मी मवार s, m. Monday.

सोरड s. f. Name of a musical mode. सोरडा s. m. A metre in Braj-blakha.

सोस adj. Sixteen. Solahwan, ady. Sixteenth.

सीच s.f. Ornament, dress, decoration. सीचन s.f. A file; a whetstone. s. m, f. A kind of sweetmeat. s. m. A lover, a friend. adj. Pleasing.

चीइना v. n. To become, to beseem. v. a. To weed.

सीषाना s.m. Borax.

चोडी adv. Before, face to face, opposite, in front. st adj. A hundred. Sod sir ka hona (ili. pocsessing a hundred heads; so that, if one or several be cut off others still remain.) Implies excessive persoverance, energy or obstinacy.

Tivel v. a. To deliver over, commit to charge, give consign, resign, entrust, deposite. [unisum).

चौंप s. f. Anise seed (Pimpinell a चौंचा s. m. Soot, or any thing of a black colour.

सौकर m. } adj. Hoggish, swinish.

सीवन adj. Fragrant. s. A Perfume, fragrance.

सौगयमना adj. Impregnated or mixed with perfume.

सीयना s. m. Odour, fragrance.

सीच s. m. Purification by ablution, &c.; ablution.

ধীসৰ s. m. Kindness, compassion; friendship; goodness.

सीत } s.f. Rival (wife), contempo-सीतन } rary wife. (One wife is sout to another).

बीत्व्यादाष s. f. Malice of a rival wife. धीतेषा adj. Belonging or relating to Sout, of one father by different mothers; as, Sostela bhai, Stepbrother; Soatti bahin, Step-sister. धीन्द्र्य s. m. Beauty, loveliness.

सीमान्य s. m. Auspiciousness, good fortune; the fourth of the astronomical yogs.

सीमान्यवान् adj. Auspicious, fortunate. सीमित्र adj. Lunar.

सीर adj. Solar. s. m. Name of a fish. सीमा s. m. Fragrance; saffron.

सीरमास s. m. A solar month.

section, a chapter; the trunk of a tree.

खन्न s. m. Stumbling, slipping, tripping; stumbling or falling from virtue.

सन s. m. The female bosom or breast.

सनमुख s.m. A nipple.

ভাষ *edj.* Stopped, blocked, or shut up. ভাষা s. m. A post, pillar, a column; hinderance, obstruction.

सम्बन s. m. Stopping, hindering, obstruction; a styptic, an astringent. स्वत s. m. Praise, culogium, panegyric.

सार s. m. Praise, culogium, panegyric. सारक s. m. A praiser, a panegyrist.

साति s.f. Praise, culogy.

स्तीव s. m. Praise, eulogium.

स्त्री s.f. A woman or female in general. स्त्रीजस s.m. A henpecked husband.

स्तीयमं s. m. Duty of woman; the menstrual excretion.

स्रोराज s. m. The kingdom of women, a country placed by some in the direction of Bhot.

स्तीचिक s. m. Feminine gender.

स्त्रीवश s. m. Subjection to women. स्त्रेष adj. Female, feminine. s. m. The nature of woman.

खन s.m. f. Place site, soil, dry or firm ground; part (of a book).

खन्त adj. Terrene, terrestrial, what is produced on land

खलसीमा s. m. A. boundary, a landmark.

सान s. m. Place, spot, site, situation; a house, a dwelling, an abode, a residence, a section, a chapter, a book; office, appointment; degree, station.

खानी adj. Having place or fixation, placed, abiding, permanent, &c.

खापन s. m. Placing, fixing, founding, erecting, causing to stand.

खापित part. pass. Established, placed, fixed, founded, erected.

सारी adj. Steady, firm, unchangeable, invariable.

खाबीभाव s. m. Fixed or permanent condition.

खायुक्त adj. Stationary ; steady, firm, खाली s.f. An earthen pot or boiler.

सार adj. Fixed, stationary, stable, immovable.

चित्रंत adj. Steady, firm, immovable; determined, resolved, decreed, established.

f আৰি s. f. Stay, staying, being fixed or stationary.

स्थिर adj. Firm, fixed, stable, steady, immovable; hard, solid; permaennt, durable, lasting; firm, steady (morally); cool, collected; constant, faithful; mild, tranquil; settled, steadfast. [constant. [constant. [artear adj. Firm, resolute, steady.

ख्यिता a.f. Stability, firmness; moral firmness, fortitude.

खिरम्ति adj. Steady, firm, deliberate. स्थिराचा adj. Firm, resolute, unmoved; stable, steady.

स्या s.f. The post or pillar of a house. स्या adj. Fat, corpulent, bulky ; large, great ; coarse.

ख्नता s. f. Coarseness, bulkiness.

कृत एकि adj. Stupid, dull. खेंच s.m. Firmness, stability; firmness of mind, resolution fortitude.

स्त्रीस्य s. m. Bulk, size, coarseness, largeness.

ৰান s. m. Bathing, ablution, purifications by bathing.

सानीय adj. Ablutionary.

संघ s. m. Affection, kindness, friendship, love; oil.

च इयान adj. Affectionate.

हो बि. dy. Kind, affectionate, friendly. s. m. f. Friend, lover, mistress, खर्ब s. f. Envy, emulation, rivalry.

चार्त adj. Envious, emulous.

स्पर्भे s. m. Touch, contact.

we adj. Evident, manifest, apparent; clear, easy, intelligible.

WEI s. f. Wish, desire. Spriki, adj. Desirous.

काटिक s. m. Crystal.

साटिकामय adj. Made of crystal.

खादी s. f. Alum.

स्कारिक adj. Crystalline, made &c. of crystal. s. m. Crystal.

sez adj. Blown, opened, expanded (as a flower); apparent, manifest, evident; known, understood.

स्कृति s. f. Throbbing, palpitating, shaking.

स्तीटक s. m. A boil, a tumour.

भारण s. m. Recollecting, remembering, memory, recollection.

सर्बोग adj. Fit or proper to be remembered.

सान adj. Remembering, recollecting, considering,

wifa s. f. Recollection, remembrance, memory; law, the body of law, a law book, a code of laws.

खानपन s. m. Cunning, art.

साना adj. Cunning, artful, shrewd, sly, knowing, sagacious, clever, prudent; mature (in understandiny), grown up.

Wits. m. A jackal.

को च s. m. A pun, a double meaning.

स्वार्थ s. m. Own business or duty. सनुद्रम s. m. Own family.

was s. m. Own family or race.

was adj. Done or made by one's self, self-performed.

adj. Pure, clean, clear, free from stain or soil; transparent, pellucid.

unt s. f. Purity, transparency, &c.

independant, self-willed; spontaneous; acting to one's own opinion or inclination.

खतन s. m. A distant kinsman.

खन्नाति s. f. Kindred, kin. s. m. A kinsman.

समल adj. Unrestrained, uncontrolled, self-willed; independent, free, absolute.

स्तवना s. f. Independance, absoluteness, wilfulness,

खदेश s. m. Native country, home.

खधमें s. m. Peculiar duty or occupation.

खनगर s. m. Own or native town.

www.m. Sleep, Dreaming, a dream.

खप्रदोष s. m. Nocturnal pollution.

আপুনিবাৰ s. m. Interpretation of dreams.
নামনিবাৰ s. m. An interpretor of dreams,

सभाव s. m. Nature, natural state, property or disposition.

खभूमि s f. Own land or estate; native country.

स्यंबर s.m. The public-choice of a husband by a princess, from a number of suitors assembled for the purpose.

खंगरा s.f. A girl choosing her husband.

खनभा s. m. Brahma; the self-existent. खर s. m. An accent; a vowel; a note in music; tone, voice.

nature. ad) Similar, like.

खते s.m. Heaven, the residence of deified mortals; the sky.

खनगमन s. m. Going to heaven.

स्रोति s. f. Going to heaven, future felicity death.

खर्गजांक s. m. Paradise.

खगांदोइस s. m. Ascending to heaven.

खर्गीय adj. Heavenly, divine, celestial. खर्ग adj. Heavenly, paradisiacal.

खर्च s, m. Gold.

खर्णक adj. Golden, of gold.

सर्पेदीशे s. f. A modicinal kind of moonplant, said to be brought from the Himalaya mountains.

खर्पनेदिन . m. A kind of ochre, golden ochre.

सर्गेष्ट्राs.m. The blue-jay.

खणेपुणी s. f. The Cassia fistula; a medicinal sort of moon-plant,

खर्जीक s. m. Heaven.

खन्त adj. Very small : very few.

खडाँच s.f. Own, or peculiar duty or occupation.

অধি adv. A particle of bendiction; an auspicious particle; a term of sanction or approbation, (so be it, amen.)

खिमान adj. Happy, auspicious.

অভিযামৰ s.m. A religious rite preparatory to any important observance, in which the Brahmans strew boiled rice on the ground, and invoke the blessings of the gods on the ceromony about to commence,

सात s.m. Mimickry, acting, imitation, disguise, sham. Swang lana, To imitate, &c.

खाँकी s.m. An actor, a mimick. खानस s.m. Welcome, salutation.

ন্তারি s.f. The star Arcturus, or fifteenth lunar asterism, consisting of but one star.

खाइ s. m. Taste, flavour, relish ; sweetness pleasure. Swadı, s. m. A'taster.

स्वाटक । adj. Delicious, relishing, of सादल | high flavour.

बाद a h. Sweet ; agreeable, designed grateful to the palate, dainty, delicate.

स्वाधिकार s.m. Own or peculiar office or station.

खाधियल इ. m. Supreme away, royalty, sovereignty.

चापीन adj. Independent, uncontrolled, being one's own, master; absolute, despotic.

साधीनता है s.f. Independance, liberty, साधीनी freedom.

खान s. m. A dog.

स्रामानिक adj. Natural, peculiar; inherent.

खानिल s.m. Ownership, mastership; sovereignty, &c.

বাদী adj, Owner, proprietor, lord, master or mistress. s.m. A master, a lord; a sovereign, a prince a monarch; husband, a lover; a spiritual preceptor; the Divine Being; one's master, treachery, perfidy.

खानीडोइ s.m. Injuring one's master, treachery, perfidy.

सराज s. m. Final felicity; heaven. सार्थ odj. Having one's own object. s. m. Mundane affairs, desire, object, end, aim, &c.; same meaning; own object or desire; self-interest, selfishness.

, सार्विक adj. Expressing its own or literal meaning; having one's own object answering its purpose or object, successful, useful, profitable. 報電 adj. Selfish.

खास } s. m. Breath, respiration, brea-सासा } thing ; life.

स्तीकार s. m. Promise; assent, agreement. *

क्षेका s. m. Wilfulness, following one's own purpose or inclination.

स्त adj. White,

संद s. m. Warmth, heat ; perspiration, sweat.

सेंद्र adj. Engendered by heat and damp, as insects and worms.

खैरण s. m. An adulterer.

केरिको s f. An unchaste wife, an adulteress : a wanton woman.

खेरी adj. Uncontrolled, self-willed.

8

The thirty-third consonant of the Nagri alphabet.

रंकाना v. a. To drive out or away.

sait s. m. Cry, outery, bawling, calling; driving,

इंकारना v. a. To bawl to, to call, to hallow after, to brave; to drive, to drive away, to excel.

इंकारी adj. Proud, self-conceited.

इंफीन adj. Short-winded.

হল s. m. A goose, a gander, a swan, a duck; Brahma, the supreme soul.

इंस्त्रमनी adj. Walking gracefully as the swan (a woman).

इंग्गामिनी s. f. A graceful woman.

इंसना v. n. To laugh, deride.

चंत्रसुख adj. Cheerful, merry, laughing, facetions, jocular, jolly, jovial, blithe, blithsome.

vuls. m. Langhing, laughter,

इंसाई 8. f. Ridicule.

इंसाना v. a. To cause to laugh, to tickle इंसिया s. m. A sickle.

इंसी s.f. Sport, fun, mirth, laughter, laugh, ridicule.

way s. m. A sickle.

the adj. Facetious, jocular, merry, cheerful, s. m. A wag.

स्ती खपन s.m. Facetiousness, jocularity. इन्दर्भामा v.n. To be confused or irresolute (when any thing is to be done), to be aghast, स्कला adj. Stuttering, stammering. स्कूलाना v. n. To stammer, stutter, falter.

इन्हाडा s. m. A stammerer.

स्कारना v. a. To drive oxen or other cattle in a circle, as when treading out grain.

इकावका adj. Confused (when any thing is to be done), aghast.

इयना v. n. To go to stool, to evacuate faces, to dung.

इननेदो s.f. A field or place to which people repair to ease themselves; podex.

हमस्ता v. n. To be polluted with excrement, to go to stool.

हमाना v. a. To cause to go to stool. हमास s.f. Inclination to go to stool, tenesinus, Huyas-battakh, A restless

हचकीला है s.m. A jolt, a shock.

fidgetting person.

इउरमधः s.m. Dispute, cavil, excuse. इट s.f. Obstinacy, perverseness, crossness, unpersuadableness, disobedience; teasing; allegation.

च्छ तथा v. n. To be repulsed, driven back, to retreat, move, stop, boggle. इट सांगा v a. To stop.

ष्टकाष्टकी s. f. Driving back, strug-

Train s. f. Shutting up all the shops in a market (on account of oppression, &c.).

इटमा v. n. To go or fall back, to be driven back, to retire, recede, move, budge, shrink, flinch, to be defeated.

स्टा s.m. A person employed in a market to measure rice, grain, &c. स्टार्स e.f. The office of a hatwa.

vigorous.

इटाना v. a. To repel, drive backwards, to back, to worst, to foil.

इटिया s. f. A market.

TE s. m. A market, a movable market, a fair.

TEITE adj. Stout and active, robust, vigorous.

इही s.f. A petty market or fair.

₹8 s. m. Violence; oppression; rapine. s. f. Obstinacy, perversencess, crossness, unpersundablences, disobedience; teasing; allegation. Hath karna, or Hath ki tekpar hona, To resist or disobey obstinately, to be perverse peavish.

इठधमी adj. Perverse, obstinate.

v. n. To be prevish, perverse or pettish.

ছঠা adj. Peevish, obstinate, perverse. ছঠাজা adj. Teasing(child), pettish, perverse, obstinate, peevish.

** s.f. A nut (Myrobulon); an ornament resembling that fruit. s. m. Bilboes, the stocks.

ष्टब्रह्म र s. m. Acanthas ilicifolious.

इड़गीला s. m. A bird, the gigantic crane (Ardea orgals).

इड़जीड़ा s. m. A medicinal plant (Cissus quadrangularis).

इडफ्टन s. m. Pains in the bones.

ভদ্ধভাৰা v. n. To be confused, to hurry. ভদ্ধভাৰ adj. Easily agitated ; irritable, hasty.

इष्ट्रवड्डी s.f.. Hurry, alarm, uproar, riot, disorder, hastiness, hubbub.

इक्टब्राग v. n. To shudder, to shiver ; to crash, to rattle.

इड्डइंडिट s. f. Crack, crash, sound. इडइडी s. f. The twang of a bow.

इंड्इंड. f. The twang of a bow. इंड्इंड. m. A sky rocket.

इंडाइड़ी s.f. The twang of a bow.

Hadde mothre nikalna, (lit.) To break out in spavins and cedematous swellings. (met.) To adopt an evil

will s. f. A bone : the hard part in the centre of a carrot or other similar root.

इन्द्रीया adj. Bony.

wr s. m. A caldron, an earthen pot or boiler. Hands phorns, v. s. (.lit. To break the pot), To disclose a secret, to let the cat out of the bag.

Tester v. a. To banish, expel, drive out of a city, disgrace (by public punishment); to move round.

इन्द्रिका है s. f. An earthen pot or इन्हों 🕻 boiler. sa s. m. Multiplication, interi. Begone! fy!

इतना v. a. To kill.

war s. f. Murder, slaughter, killing, slaying.

इत्यारा s. m. A. murderer, assassin, wretch, villain, adj. Inhuman, bloody. इत्यादी s. f. A. murderess, a female

murderer. चथ 8. m. Hand,

इयमरी s. f. Name of a cut with the sword, which is intended to take off or disable the adversary's hand.

इथकड़ी s. f. A handeuff, fetter, manacle. ¥चला s. m. Habit, custom, knack. स्थलपुषा s. m. Snack, share.

इयक्ट s. m. A beater. इयमोला s. m. A hand-barrow.

इयनाज s. f. A small cannon carried on

elephants, &c.

इयभी s. f. A female elephant. इयम्ब s. m. A kind of firework.

इयफेर s.m. Sleight of hand (in a

money-changer), changing a good for a bad rupee for the purpose of imposition ; borrowing. Hath pher leng, To borrow.

इयम्ती s. f. Strength of hand, force : dishonesty.

हचरन s. m. Amorous dalliance, toying ; self-pollution, onanism, *

इयरी s. f. A handle, a winch (of a spinning-weel).

ष्ट्रमुंदा s. m. A ceremony in marriage among Hindus. (The heads of the .. bride and bridegroom are joined palm to palm with some flour put between them).

इया s. m. A bandle ; a shovel, a baker's peel ; a sleeve.

इविया s. m. The 13th mansion of the moon, Corvus; the breaking up of the rains, Hathiya ki rah, The milkyway.

इधियाना v. a. To seize.

इथियार s. m. f. A tool, arms, weapon, implements, apparatus. इथियारबन्द adj. Armed.

इथियारवाधना v. a. To arm.

इयो s. f. A brush for rubbing down horses with, or rather a hair-glove; a rubber.

इयेला s. m. A thief, a robber.

इबेली s.f. The palm of the hand.

ष्ट्रणीडी s.f. Dexterity, art, skill, इंगीड़ा s. m. A sledge-hammer.

इथोडी s.f. A small hammer.

इयाई s. f. Murder, slaughter, violence. इदिवाना v. n. To hesitate; to be alarmed or apprehensive, to shrink.

इदियाहर s. f. Scrupulousness, sheepishness, shyness.

ष्टियाचा adj. Sheepish, shame-faced, timid, bashful, scrupulous.

इनन s. m. Killing, destroying ; injuring, hurting, striking ; (in arithmetic) multiplication.

want v. d. To kill, to give a blow, to smite.

चनुमान s. m. To monkey chief Hanuman, the friend, ally, and spy of Ramchandra, in his invasion of Linka.

हजा s. m. A murderer, a slayer.

wy s. m. Act of suddenly snatching with the mouth and swallowing. इपभाप adi. Quick, Hap-jhap khana, To

eat quickly and voraciously. चक्रमाना v.n. To pant, to be out of

breath.

इबडा adj. Ill-shaped, clumsy.

इमेव s. m. Vanity, egotism, arrogance, pride.

इय s. m. A horse ; the yak.

इयगन्धा s. f. A plant (Physalis flexuosa). इयथीव s. m. A prince of the Daitya, who during Brahma's sleep at the end of a Kalpa stole the Veds : in the recovery of them, he was slain by Vishnu, after his descent as the Matsua or fish Avatar.

ह्यात्रवा s. f. The gum Olibanum tree. Et s. m. (In arithmetic), A divisor; also division; a rogue, a wag; a plough; a name of Mahádéva, Harbhum ka ray. A country or place in which injustice prevails. Harabhog, s. m. Anarchy, confusion, uproar. 覧事 s. m. (In arithmetic), A divisor;

also division.

TTG s. m. Blowing, blooming : delight. joy, happiness, pleasure.

इरखना v.n. To blow (as a flower); to be delighted.

wifun adj. Pleased, delighted, rejoiced. इरम्पी ad;. Skilful, clever.

www.m. Theft, plunder, seizing, car-· rying off or away, taking away by force ; subtraction ; the hand ; semen verile; (in arithmetic) dividing, division. Haran-dukh, Taking away or dissipating grief or trouble.

इरवा s.m. A thief; a stealer, a talker awav.

इरवाल s. f. Orpiment.

चरन s. m. A deer or antelope, hart.

TITI S. m. A stag, a buck, a male antelope ; a pommel (of a saddle). v. a. To seize on, to take by force; to steal, spoil, plunder, take away.

इरनो s. f. A doe, a hind.

हरनीटा s. m. A fawn.

इरफारेकडी s. f. Name of a sour fruit (Averrhoa acida: Cicca disticha: Phyllanthus cheramela).

इरमुद्धा adj. Stout, robust, active. इरमुटी s. f. Robustness ; thick-headed-

ness. इर्तिगार s. m. The weeping Nyctanthes

(Nyctanthes arbor-tristis). er adj. Green, fresh, verdant.

EUR s. f. Greenness, freshness, verdure. Etill v. a. To win, overcome, beat (at cards), to foil, worst, weary, tire. will s. m. The advanced guard of an army, the vanguard.

इरिचन्दन s. m. A yellow and fragrant sort of Sandal-wood.

FICU s. m. A deer or antelope, hart. इंटिफी s. f. A doe, a hind; a woman. one of the four kinds, the same as

wfen adi. Green, of a green colour.

the Chitrini.

हरिताल 8. m. Yellow orpiment. इत्ताञ्जन s. m. Blue vitriol ; a turanoise : an emerald.

wites a. m. The asterism Bravana. witer s. f. Turmeric.

TREET s. m. The town of Haridwar, where the Ganges descends into the level land of Hindustan.

इत्यिषि s. m. An emerald,

हरिमत s. m. A worshipper of Vishau. हरिमजन s. m. Adoration of Vishau.

हरियल s. fn. A green pigeon (Columba hurriala).

हरियाचा adj. Verdant, green, grassy. इरियाची s. f. Greenness, freshness,

verdure; grass.

इरीनकी s. f. Yellow or chebulic myrobalan (Terminalia chebuls); seven varieties of this are distinguished.

इरीरा } adj. Verdant, green ; a coward, इरीला } arun-away.

इरीबा s. m. A kind of paroquet.

TT adj. Verdant. s. m. Vegetable,

इंगैटी 8. f. A cane, staff.

इड़ों s. m. An astringent nut, myrobalan (Terminalia chebula or citrina).

इनें s. m. A thief, stealer, a taker away. इनें s. m. Joy, mirth, pleasure, delight,

happiness. इपेना v. n. To blow (as a flower) : to

be delighted.

इपित adj. pleased, rejoiced, happy, delighted, gladdened, made glad or happy.

चर्षीद्य s. m. Appearance or occurence of happiness.

ve s. m. A plough ; the afterbirth. Hall jota, A tiller, a ploughman.

चन्छ। adj. Light (in weight or character) debased, mean, silly, easy, soft, cheap. Halka karna, To lighten, exonerate, ense, assrage, debase, abase, depreciate, affront. Hulka junna, To disdain, disesteem.

इल काई s. f. Lightness.

इलकाना v. a. To abet.

इलकापन s. m. Lightness, levity, vanity, despicableness.

इसकोर्न v. a. To gather, to collect ; to lillow, to wave,

vava s. f. Fright, perturbation, hubbub, tumult, anarchy.

च्छदिया s. m. A kind of poison; the jaundice; a class of merchants. adj. Yellow.

इनदो e. f. Turmeric (Curcuma longa).

इलपना v. n. To toss or tumble about, to shudder in a fever.

हजफल s. f. Affabillity; hurry, perturbation. [dandle.

इत्रावना v. n. To amuse, play with, इत्राहा s. m. A ploughman.

इत्रवाही s.f. Tillage, ploughing.

হলম্ব s. m. A mortal poison.

इल्ड्सा s. m. Poison.

इत्रहाट s. m. Trembling through fever or fear.

ছবছৰাৰা v. n. To shake (from the effect of an ague, gc.); to tremble, v. a. To shake, to cause to tremble, ছবছৰিয়া s. m. Poison.

इन्ह्ली s. f. Sickness, disease; an

इनाई s.f. Ploughing.

স্লাস্ৰ s. m. Poison.

इतिया s. m. A herd (of oxen), drove, flock (of cows).

Blagier v. n. To nauseate.

इलीरा s. m. A wave, billow, surge.

স্থান v. a. To collect, to gather.

337 s. m. Sacrifice, offering, oblation.

wa s. m. An offering to the gods.

wen adj. Laughing, smiling.

इसन s. m. Laughter, laughing.

इसाई s. f. Ridiculing.

इसामा v. c. To make (one) laugh, to cause to laugh.

इस s. m. The hand; the thirteenth lunar asterism, designated by a hand, and containing five stars; a cubit measured by the hand and arm or from the elbow to the tip of the mid- | with s.f. Laughter, laughing, joke. dle finger.

sfer s. m. An elephant. इंसिट्न s. m. Ivorv.

प्रतिनी s. f. A female elephant : a description of women, the worst of the four classes.

चित्रापुर s. m. Anoient Delhi, the capital of Yulhishthir and his brethren the remains of which still exist. about 57 miles north-east of the modern city, on the banks of the old channel of the Ganges.

ऋभिनद s. m. The juice that exudes from an elephant's temples when in rut.

इसी s. m. An elephant.

च्ही s. m. The collar-bone, clavicle ; a collar (of gold or silver &c.) worn round the neck as an ornament.

w adj. An interjection of weariness; of sorrow, pain; an exclamation of pleasure ; a term of reproach,

wi adv. Yes, ay, indeed, by the by, forsooth; here, hither, &c. Han kahna, To agree.

win s.f. Cry, call, bawling, calling to (loud); driving. Hank marna, To bawl after, to call to.

चाकना v. a. To drive ; to bawl to.

चांकपुकार s. f. Uproar, outery.

द्रांका द्रांच s. m. Driving.

चानी s. f. A vessel in which they make swewn or vermicelli : a sieve.

च्चानर s. m. A shark.

ছাত্ৰা v. n. To wander, to ramble,

ছাত্তী है s. f. A pot, a caldron.

कांपना (v. n. To pant, to be out of चांफना ∫ breath.

चांच s. m. A duck, a goose, a swan.

derision.

Tiel adv. Yes.

ਝਾਟ (8. f. A market, a movable चार ∫ market or fair, a shop.

₹ 8. m. A market-man. चाड 8. m. ▲ bone.

हाड़जीड़ा s. m. A plant (Cissus quadrangularis);

Tig s. m. The hand.

हाय s.m. The hand; a cubit; possession, power.

चाय चाना v. n. To come into one's possession or power, to be gained or obtained.

দ্বাঘ ভৱাৰা v. a. To leave off, refrain from, desist, abandon, relinquish, resign, cease ; to salute by raising the hand to the head; to beat; to give alms.

हाथ भीठ लीना v.a. To receive with both hands open and stretched out together.

चाण कमरपर रखना v. n. To be very feeble. च्चाय करना v.a. To subdue, to have possession.

च्हाय कानी पर रखना v. n. To be astonished; to deny vehemently.

ष्ट्राय खेंचना v. a. To refrain, desist, abs-

म्हाथ चाटना v. a. To relish any food exceedingly, to lick one's lips.

ञ्चाध चालाकी s.f. Expertness.

हाथ जीइना u. a. To supplicate, intreat earnestly.

স্থায় স্বান্তনা v. a. To give, bestow.

भाष भूटा भीना v. n. To have the hands defiled , to lose the power of the hands.

हाय डालमा v. a. To thurst or put the hand (in or on), to mdedle, to interfere (in); to encroach.

चाय देना v. a. To concern one's self in or about : to make a bargain by taking hold of the hand of the other party under a cloth. (A practice chiefly used in settling the price of horses and jewels).

चाय धीना v. s. To be disapptinted, to be · hopeless, to relinquish.

श्राय पकड़े लेजाना v.n. To hand a person. चाल पदना v. n. To come into one's possession.

चाय पत्थर सली दवना v. n. To be helpelss, to be unable to act.

चाय प्रसारना v. c. To ask, to beg.

च्चाय पांत्र मूल जाने v. u. To be distressed or confounded.

चाय पांत फोलाना v. o. To extend one's business or schemes.

श्राय पांत्र मारना v. a. To strive, endeayour, strain, toil, struggle. e. n. To be agitated; to sprawl.

স্থায় দুৱা s. m. A plant (Pothos).

द्वाध पेंद्रना v. a. To fence. हाथ फीरना v. a. To stroke, to caress, to डाथ बंदहीना v. n. To be much engaged

in business, to have no leisure; to be poor or indigent.

हाय बढाना v. a. To endeavour to get any thing; to gain possession of the property of others.

हाथ बोधना v. a. To join the hands in a suplicating posture.

हाय बैठना v. n. To acquire perfection in any art by practice.

द्वाच भरना v. n. To have the hands wearied or fatigued.

हाय भलना ७. . To regret, repent, lament.

काब सार्वा v. a. To promise; to acquire, to plunder; to wound with a sword. ष्टाच मिलाना v. n. To claim equality ; to

prepare, to wrestle.

हाय में रखना v. a. To possess, to hold in subjection.

हाय रोकना v. a.. To prevent.

हाय जगना v. n To come to the hand, to be got, obtained, acquired.

हाथ लगाना v. a. To put or thrust the hand (in , to meddle (in), to handle : to reprove, punish, torment: to be employed in any business.

हाथ समेटना v. a. To refrain from giving, चाया s. m. The hand ; possession, power. ष्ठायाजीकी s. f. A plant (Lucopodium imbricatum).

ष्टायाफची s.f. A sort of game,

हाकावां ही करना v. n. To scuffle or struggle together.

हायी s. m. An elephant; the 18th mansion of the moon.

डायीटत s. m. Elephant's tooth, ivory. ष्टायीवान s. m. An elephant-driver.

हाथी हाथ कर्ना v. a. To act in concord, to pull together.

हाथों हाथ adv. Out of hand, overhand. quickly, expeditiously. Hathon hath le-jana, to carry away quickly, to snatch away at once or suddenly.

हान) s. f. Loss, privation, deficiency. शांक harm, injur , slaughter. Hani, adj. Occasioning loss.

TITE 8. f. A seed-bed (or rather nursery) for sugarcane.

intery. Alas! ah | s, f. A sigh, Hae marna, To sigh, इायन s. m. A year ; a sort of rice.

EIT s. m. A string or garland or necklace of pearls &c. a wreath, a chaplet (of flowers, worn as a necklace); a flock (of cattle) pasture, s. f. Loss, forfeiture. discomfiture. part. act. Being overcome.

WIT s. m. (In arithmetic). A divisor, also the denominator of a fraction.

FICE s. m. A thief; a cheat, a rogue; a gambler; a tree (Trophis aspera); a plunderer, a ravisher, one who carries off any thing ; (in arithmetic), a divisor.

हारजीत s. m. Gambling, hazard. Harjit karna, To gamble.

within v. n. To be overcome, to be unsuccessful, to lose (at play), to be tired out. v. a. To lose.

चारमाद्या v. a. To give up a dispute, to give up in despair, to acknowledge all lost.

हारसिंगार s. m. The weeping Nyctanthes (Nyctanthes arbor-tristis).

WITT (In compos.) denotes the performer of any act, dealer in any article, as lakar hara, A woodman ; marne-hara, A striker.

TITI s. m. A necklace of pearls, &c. हार्चित s.m. A green pigeon (Columbs hurriala), adj. Of a green colour. WIE 8. m. A loser.

vie s. m. Affection, kindness.

ซเมื่ s. m. Beleric myrob stan.

हात adj. Quick. s. m. A Plough, हालना v. n. To shake. [liquor. ষাৰা s.f. Wine, vinous or spirituous

शासाकीचा s. m. Shaking, agitation : an earthquake.

हालाहन s. m. A sort of poison. डानाडलधर s. m. A small black and venemous snake.

हाआहली s.f. Wine, spirituous liquor. चालिम s. m. Cress, cresses (Lepidum sativum).

हाव s. m. Any feminine act of amorous pastime, or tending to excite amorous sensations, coquetry, blandishment. dalliance, airs.

चानभाग s. m. Dalliance, blandishment, charm, attraction, welcome.

हास s. m. Laughing, laughter,

कासकर adj. Causing laughter, merry, ridiculous.

हासिका s. f. Laughter, mirth.

हासी adj. Laughing, smiling.

कासिन adj. Elephantine, large, as big as an elephant.

क्वाधिनपुर & m. Ancient Delhi.

हास adj. Laughable, ridiculous, s. m. Laughter, laughing, mirth.

WINT S. m. Flattery, importunity, earnest request, supplication. Haha khana, To flatter, wheedle, intreat, beseech. adv. An interaction of surprise, or guief or pain, alas t

चाहाकार s.m. The noise or uproar of battle; lamentation, sound of grief or pity : consternation.

इंडीव s. m. A musical mode, sung in the morning of spring.

हिंडोजा s. m. A swing, a cradle ; a song describing the swing, and sung during that exercise.

स्मिक adj. Mischievous, malignant, ferocious, savage. s. m. A beast of prey : an enemy.

हिंसन s. m. Injuring, hurting.

fe er s. f. Injury, mischief, &c.; slaughter, killing, slaying.

हिंचान adj. Mischievous, hurtful.

हिस adj. Mischievous, hurtful, injurious; murderous; formidable, terrible ; fierce, savage,

free s. m. Beast of prev.

fer s.f. Hiccongh. fur s. m. Asafætida.

fer a s. m. Vermillion.

चित्रका v. n. To draw back from, to decline, to shrink, to waver, to boggle.

हिचकाना v. a! To jolt.

श्चिकचाना v. n. To doubt, hesitate, be in suspense, falter.

হিৰাজনী s. f. Hesitation. Hichkichi bandhna, To gnash the teeth.

freal s. f. The hiccough.

डिजल: s. m. An hermaphrodite, an eunuch.

डिखन s. m. Wandering, roaming. हिन्द्रीर s. m. Cuttle-fish bone, considered to be the indurated form of the sea : a tonic, a stomachic.

fen adj. Suitable, proper, fit, worthy, right; friendly, affectionate, kind; useful. s. m. A good, a tonefit ; love, friendship, affection, benevolence. दिनकर adj. Friendly, kind, favourable.

s. m. A benefactor.

हितकार s. m. A friend, benefactor. हितवारी

दिनकारी s.f. Friendship, love.

क्तिवान adj. Friendly, favourable, doing good to.

हित् s. m. f. A friend.

न्तिवेषो adi. Seeking another's welfare. ज्ञितीपदेश s. m. Friendly or proper advice. क्तिनिश्चनाना v. n. To neigh.

न्तिनीता s. f. Supplication, humility. िहनाज s.m. The marshy date tree (Phænix or Elate paludoss).

डिन्दी adj. Indian, relating to India. fre s. m. An Indian, a gentoo ; (met.) a mole or look (of a mistress).

श्चित्वान s. m. A water-melon.

ছিলীৰ s. m. A swing ; one of the musical modes.

क्षित s. m. Frost, snow ; cold.

िश्वनकर adj. Frigorific, cold.

िक्रमन्त् adj. Cold, freezing, chilly, falosty. क्रिमालव s. m. The Himaleya range, of

mountains, which bounds India on the north, and separates it from Tartary; the Imaus and Emodus of the ancients, giving rise to the Ganges and Indus, and many other

considerable rivers, and containing the highest elevations in the world.

श्विमानती s. f. A sort of moonplant. चिया s. m. Heart, breast, mind, soul, life.

ভিৰা

স্থিয়াৰ s. m. Courage, bravery.

चियो adv. The sound made when calling cattle.

चि वी s. m. Heart, breast, mind क्रिस्ट soul, life. हिरदा 📗

च्चित्रावस s. m. A defect in horses. (it is a feather or curling lock of hair on the breast, which is reckoned unlucky for the rider).

च्चिर ह. m. A deer or antelope, hart.

च्चिरनौटा s. m. A fawn,

चिराना v. a. To lose, to mislay, च्हिनकी s. f. Shift, contrivance.

क्रिनकना v.n. To writhe or suffer contortions (from affliction or pain ; chiefly applied to children).

च्चित्र रच्छना v. n. To cling to

चिलकोर s. f. Agitation, fluctuation ; a wave, a billow,

चित्रकीस s. m. A wave, a billow, a surge. wante v. a. To agitate, shake, disturb, perplex. v. n. To fluctuate, to wayer.

दिखनना v. n. To be hung on, to be entangled, to abhere, stick to; to be constant.

हिल्लाना v. a. To hang, suspend.

fewer v. n. To shake, be moved, be agitated, to move ; to be familiarized, be tamed.

द्विसम्बद्धानाण. s. To be mixed; to be intimate; to be jumbled together.

इनिमीकी s. f. A potherb (Hingtsha repens).

विकसा s.f. A fish (Clupea alosa).funt adj. Domesticated, tame, s. m.

Slime, mud.

दिखाना v. a. To move, shake, agitate ; to | इन्हार s. m. Uttering a menacing sound, familiarize, tame ; to cause to swim. डिचामिता adj. Amicable, attached. चित्रोरा s.m. A wave, billow, surge.

दिलोरी मानी o. a. To heave, to rise (as the see

freiff v. n. To billow, to wave. हिवान s. m. Courage.

हिसका 8. m. Imitation, copying ; contention, rivalry, emulation . Hiska karna, To copy, imitate, ape, vie (with).

द्विसाहिसकी ह. f. Mutual emulation.

en emphatic affix or adverb, Very, exactly, even, indeed, truly, only. होंग s. m. Asafætida. Hing hagna, To

void by stool involuntarily; (met.) to pine.

चींबना v. n. To neigh, to make a noise (as a horse when kicking).

डीक s. m. Sickness at the stomach. qualm ; disgust.

श्रीज्ञ s. m. A species of ennuch.

श्रीन adj. Deficient, defective, little, abated; left, abandoned, quitted; wasted, worn, decayed; void of, free from.

हीनजाति adj. Outcaste, vile, degraded. स्रोत्तवण adj. Of a lowcaste, outcaste, vile. Tt s. m. Essence ; pith, energy, vigour. adi. Essential, pure. n. prop. Hero, the celebrated mistress of Leader,

called by the Indians, Rangha. Fix } s. m. The diamond.

हीरामन s. m. A kind of paroquet (Psita-

हीरावल s. m. A kind of chequered blanket worn by mendicants.

s. m. Mud, slime, ooze.

sit adv. An interjection of surprisc. (ah, ha!) an interjection of laughter, (hi hi 1).

roaring, bellowing.

TEN s. m. Pining (particularly applied to children separated from parents).

इंडद्का ady. Turbulent. इडदङ्गी s. f. Turbulence.

इड्डी s. f. The twang of a bow.

इड़ क 8. . A kind of drum in form like. an hour-glass (generally played on by

heavers). इन्हों) s. f. A bill of exchange, Hundiwil, An exchange merchant.

इन्डाभाइ। s. m. Contract for transportation of goods, including the payment of duties.

westers, m. A wolf.

हुन्द्रावन । s.m. Exchange, or price paid sfergia for a bill of exchange.

हाड़ी s. f. A bill of exchange.

इस्ट्रीवाल s. m. An exchange merchant. va ady. Offered with fire, burnt as a n oblation. s. m. Oblation.

इर्ज्डा s. m. A sort of vegetable. इं(इं(s. m. A plant (Cleone viscosa).

इरवानी s.f. A dancing girl, a whore, a courtezan, a harlot.

Tit s.m. Dispersion (of an army, an assembly, &c.), general jail-delevery.

THÎ s. m. A stone on which sandalwood is ground. इसकानों v. a. To set on (as a dog on a

bull), to instigate, to halloo on. इल्सना v. n. To be rejoiced, pleased de-

lighted. इनुधाना v. o. To cheer, rejoice, deligt,

exhilarate, gladden.

इससा s. f. Snuff, s. m. Alacrity, joy, gladness.

इज्जर इ. m. Alarm, tumult, uproar, commotione bustle, disturbance, riot.

gi (I) am. adv. Too, also, yes, well, very, exactly.

But o, a. To make the sound hoon, in anger, from fear, or as an incantation, &c.

wit s m. Uproar.

was s. f. Pain, stitch, ache, shooting pain, twitch, Huk-huk-kar rona, To To weep with sobbing, or with repeated burstings forth.

west v. a. To miss, to err, to mistake.

s.f. Striving, wrangling.

इन s. m. A (Madras) coin, called also a pagoda.

Ko s. f. A thrust, stab, an attack. Hul dena, v. a. To goad, thrust, push, drive, impel, urge.

इतना v. a. To goad, thrust, push, drive (an elephant).

was s.m. Report, rumour, popular fame ; a storm; pageantry; ostentation. ₹₹ { 8. m. The heart; the mind. इदय } . the faculty or seat of thought

and feeling; knowledge. we adj. Pleased, glad, delighted; laugh-

and happy. ing, smiling. well-conditioned, well fed A vocative particle, O! a participle of calling out to, or challenging.

इंगा s. m. A harrow.

88 adv. Below, down, under.

Est adj. Indolent, pusillanimous, cowardly, low.

€डापन s. m. Cowardice.

हेत । s. m. Canse, origin, motive, eq meaning, object, intention, theme, reason, account.

क्रेम s. m. Gold.

इमक्ट s. m. Que of the ranges of mountains dividing the known continent into nine Varshas: this range is the second south of Ilavrita, or the central division, and is immediately to the north of the Himalaya, form- | दीवा जावा s. m. Coming and going.

ing with it the boundaries of the Kinnar Varsham. इसचीरी s. f. A medicinal sort of moon-इसतद s. m. The thorn-apple.

इनतार s. m. Blue vitriol.

इसल s. m. The cold season winter, the two months Agrahayana and Pousha. or about November-December.

देखा v. a. To look after, to observe. see; to search for, to hunt, chase, pursue, catch, stop.

हेन्त्रना v. n. To swim.

Bur s. f. Wanton dalliance, lascivions endearment ; disrespect, contempt. हैला मार्नो v. a. To shove, launch, dash through water.

हेंगा s. m. A harrow.

हैक s. m. A horse.

t A vocative, particle, Ho !

क्रीमाना v. n. To have gone to and returned.

क्षींकना v. n. To pant, to puff and blow.

चींठ s. m. The lip. चौड़ी हैं f. The bit of a bridle.

होने ade. Through, by. ,

होचकना v. n. To be finished. ही नाना v. n. To have happened, to become;

होड s. m. The lip.

wis s. f. A wager, an agreement, u bargain, a bet. Hor badna, To wager,, bet, &c. Hor bandhaa, To bargain, &c. Hor. lagana, v. a, To wager , to make an agreement. v. n. To be positive, obstinate, or perverse. Hor harna, To lose a wager, &c.

Ring s. m. Talc, mica.

होत s. f. Ability, means. . That s. m. Predestination, destiny. द्दीतव्यता s.f. Fate, destiny.

witt s. m. Wealth.

.v. In the being, during, in the presence.

Ė

होते होते ब्रेंग. Gradually.

fill v. n. To be, to exist, to become, to belong, have, serve, answer, accrue, come, do, stand; to die. s. m.
The being or becoming.

होन्हार adj. What is to happen; possible, feasible, hopeful.

ছীল্ s. m. Burnt-offering, the casting of clarified butter, &c. into the sacred fire, as an offering to the gods, accompanied with prayers or invocntions, according to the object of the sacrifice.

होमना v. a. To perform the sacrifice of the kom.

होनी s. m. The offerer of an oblation. होना s. m. The chickpea having been parched in the pod.

the approach of the vernal equinoz; the song which is sung during the festival.

हो सेना s. f. To be completed.

inst. Houns karna, To desire.

होता s. m. Cupidity, covetonsness,

होने adj: Gently, slowly.

होता s. m. A bugbear, a hongoblin. इद s. m. A deep lake, a large or deep piece of water.

es adj. Short, low in stature; short, as a vowel ...

न

The thirty-fourth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, and pronounced as ksh.

हर्र ोग s. m. Consumption.

v s. m. A measure of time equal to

four minutes; a moment or instant.

adv. For a moment. [ment.

चयनाव adv Momentary, but for a mo-चयान्तर alv. A minute afterwards, the next moment.

ঘণিক } adj. Momentary, transient.

चनो s. m. 'A man of the second or military and regal class.

चन adj. Able, adequate ; fit, appropriate, suitable, proper. s.m. Propriety, fitness.

चनना v. a. To pardon, to forgive.

चमा s.f. Patience, forbearance; pardon, forgiveness.

चमायुक्त } adj. Patient, enduring, for-चमारान् bearing.

an s.m. Loss, waste, destruction, removal, &c.; a destruction of the universe; consumption; sickness in general; decay, wasting away; (in algebra) negative quantity, minus.

चयकाल s. m. The end of all things, the period of destruction.

चयकास s. m. A consumptive or phthisical cough. [talis].

चयनाभिनी s.f. A plant (Celtis Orien-चयनाष्ट्र s.m. The wind that is to blow at the end of the world.

चयरीग s. m. Consumption.

चयरी निषी s. f. } Consumptive, hectic.

चयसपद s. f. Total loss, ruin, destruction. [tive.

चयी adj. .Wasting, decaying ; consump-चित्रा s.f. A kind of rice.

বাল adj. Patience, forbearance, endurance.

বাং s. m. Salt; ashes; berax, borate of soda; alkali, either soda or potash; caustic alkali; one species of cautery; a factitious or medicinal salt, commonly called black salt. ৰাবৰৰ s. m. Applying caustic alkali; (lapis infernalis) to proud flesh, &c. বাৰেবিৰা s. f. Saline soil, especially an

impure sulphate of sods.

चार सह s. m. A salt or alkaline flavour. चारवच s. m. Any tree yielding abundant potash, as the plantain, &c.

fulfa s. f. The earth, loss, destruction, wane; the period of the destruction of the universe.

चितिपाल s. m. A king, a prince.

বীৰ adj. Thin, emaciated, feeble, slender; wasted, diminished, worn away; destroyed, lost; poor, miserable.

খীৰা s.f. Slenderness, delicacy; thinness, emaciation; diminution, decay.

चौषदान adj. Wasted, decayed. चौषदाक adj. Week, feeble, impotent.

चीर s.m. Water; milk. चीर कुकीविका .f. A drng, and one of the eight principal medicaments, of the

Hindus: it is a root from the Himalaya.

THURETER S. m. A precious stone, described as a milky crystal (opal or

cat's eye?). चौरी ady. Milky, yielding milk; having

milk, s. m. A sort of Minasops. दोरोद s. m. The sca of milk, one of the seven acas surrounding as many

worlds.

3 adj. Small, little; mean, low; mean, niggardly, avaricious; poor, indigent.

ৰুষ্ণা s.f. Smallness, minuteness; inferiority, insignificance, meanness.

चुड़रीब s. m. A minor disease, one of the little importance.

Recd. on. 174.25 R. R. No. 5085 G. E. No. 14353 wu s. f. Hunger.

भित } adj. Hungry, hungered.

चर s. m.`A razor ; a horse's hoof. चरी s. f. A knife.

चैव s.m. A field; a wife; a pure क sacred spot, a place of pilgriniage, as Benares, &c.°; plane figure, geometry; a diagram.

বিষম adj. Clever, dexterous, skilful; a husbandman, &c. s. m. The soul, the emanation of the divinity residing in the body.

चेत्रसीमा s. m. The boundaries of a meadow or field, or holy place.

चेट s. m. Sorrowing, mouning.

चेप s. m. Throwing, casting (in arithmetic) additive quantity, addendum. चेपन s. m. Throwing, casting.

शेष adj. Happy, well, prosperous, right, &c. s. m. 'Happiness, well being; final emancipation or eternal happiness; the proper term of civil address to a Vysa.

चेनकर adj. Propitions, conferring happiness or good fortune.

चैनवान् adj. Happy, prosperous.

चौचि s. f. The earth; चौद्र s. m. Honey; a flower (Michelia

champaco). [in general start s. m. Shaving the head; shaving

चौरित s. m. A barbar. चौरी s. f. A razor.

THI s.f. The earth.

THE S. m. The surface of the earth.

WILL A king, a prince.

WILL A king, a prince.

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